muRata

Reference Specification

Type RA Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors for General Purpose

Product specifications in this catalog are as of Dec. 2017, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor within rated voltage containing these irregular voltage.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage(1)	Pulse Voltage(2)
Positional Measurement	∨о-р		Vp-p	Vp-p	Vp-p

2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the selfgenerated heat due to dielectric-loss. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ϕ 0.1mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability.(Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

3. TEST CONDITION FOR WITHSTANDING VOLTAGE

(1) TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60 Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or over load exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, the defective may be caused.

(2) VOLTAGE APPLIED METHOD

When the withstanding voltage is applied, capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the *zero cross. At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may arise, and therefore, the defective may be caused.

*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave pass 0V. - See the right figure -

0V voltage sine wave

4. FAIL-SAFE

When capacitor would be broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure would follow an electric shock, fire or fume.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip : 400 °C max.

Soldering iron wattage : 50W max.

Soldering time : 3.5s max.

7. BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment.

In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 $^{\circ}$ C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 $^{\circ}$ C and 15 to 85%.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

10. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- 7. Traffic signal equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- 9. Data-processing equipment exerting influence on public
- 10. Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

NOTICE

1. CLEANING (ULTRASONIC CLEANING)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity : Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time : 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

2. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

· Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you use for the strict time constant circuit.

· Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors like temperature characteristic B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need a detail information.

3. PERFORMANCE CHECK BY EQUIPMENT

Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications.

Generally speaking, CLASS 2 ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance. So, the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in a equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in a capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic.

Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.

1.Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.

2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this specification.

1. Application

This specification is applied to Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors Type RA used for General Electric equipment.

Type RA is Safety Standard Certified disc ceramic capacitor of Class X1,Y1.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids.

Approval standard and certified number

	Standard number	*Certified number	AC Rated volt. V(r.m.s.)	
UL	UL60384-14	E37921		
ENEC (VDE)	EN60384-14	40043033	X1:440 Y1:300	
CQC	IEC60384-14	CQC16001138225		
*Above Certified number may be changed on account of the revision of standards and the renewal of certification.				

2. Rating

2-1. Operating temperature range	-40 ~ +125°C
2-2. Rated Voltage	X1:AC440V(r.m.s.)
	Y1:AC300V(r.m.s.)

2-3. Part number configuration

ex.) <u>DE1</u>	B3	RA	471	K	A4	В	P01F
Product	Temperature	Туре	Capacitance	Capacitance	Lead	Packing	Individual
code	characteristic	name		tolerance	code	style code	specification

• Product code DE1 denotes X1,Y1 class .

• Temperature characteristic

Code	Temperature characteristic
1X	SL
B3	В
E3	E

Please confirm detailed specification on [Specification and test methods].

• Type name

This denotes safety certified type name Type RA.

Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures ; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 471.

• Capacitance tolerance Please refer to [Part number list].

Lead code

Code	Lead style					
A*	Vertical crimp long type					
J*	Vertical crimp short type					
N* Vertical crimp taping type						
* Diagon rof	Please refer to [Dert number list]					

* Please refer to [Part number list]

Packing style code

 g olylo oodo	
Code	Packing type
В	Bulk type
A	Ammo pack taping type

• Individual specification

In case part number cannot be identified without 'individual specification', it is added at the end of part number.

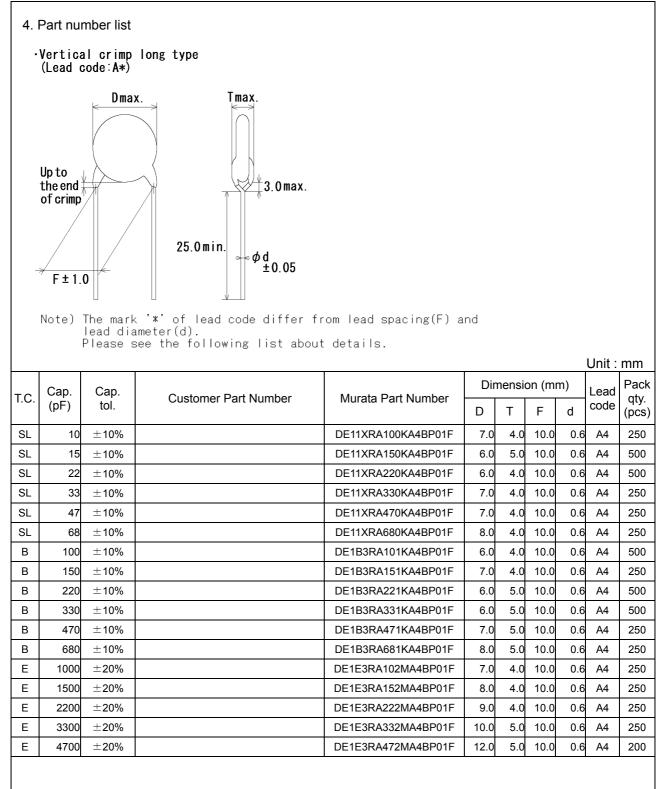
ond of parthambol.	
Code	Specification
	 Rated voltage : X1:AC440V(r.m.s.)
	Y1:AC300V(r.m.s.)
P01F	 Halogen free Br ≤ 900ppm, Cl ≤ 900ppm Br + Cl ≤ 1500ppm) CP wire

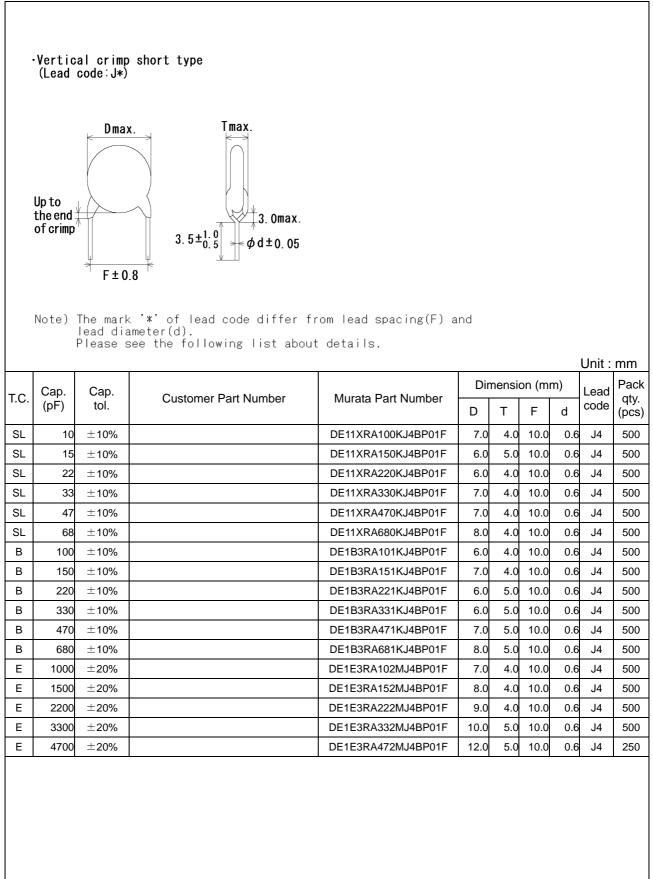
Note) Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name(RA) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

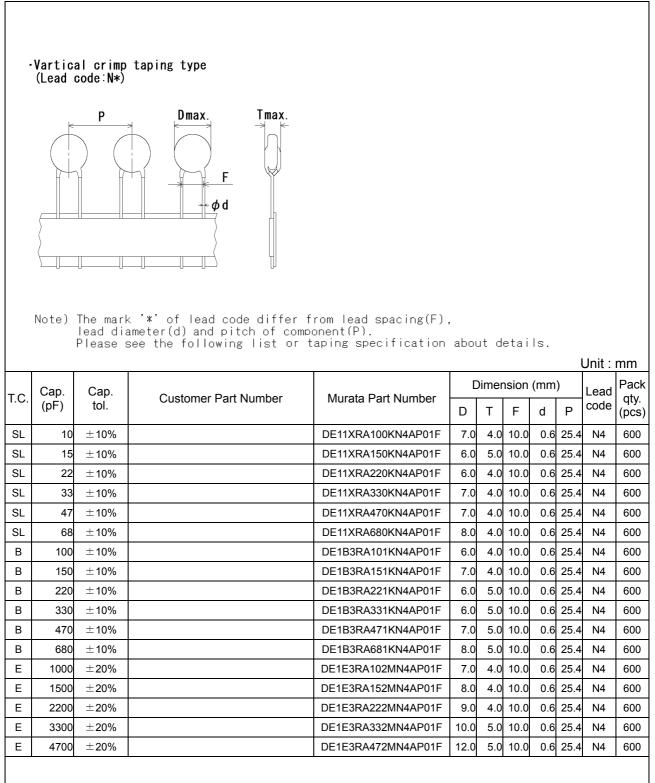
3. Marking

Type name	: RA	
Nominal capacitance	: Actual value(under 100pF)	
	3 digit system(100pF and over)	
Capacitance tolerance	: Code	
Class code and Rated voltage mark	: X1 440~	
	Y1 300~	
Manufacturing year	: Letter code(The last digit of A.D. year.)	
Manufacturing month	: Code	
	(Feb./Mar. $\rightarrow 2$ Aug./Sep. $\rightarrow 8$)	ľ
	Apr./May \rightarrow 4 Oct./Nov. \rightarrow O	
Company name code	: CM15 (Made in Thailand)	
	(Example)	
	RA 471K	
	$\langle \mathbf{X} 1 4 4 0 \sim \rangle$	

Y1 300∼ 5D € 15





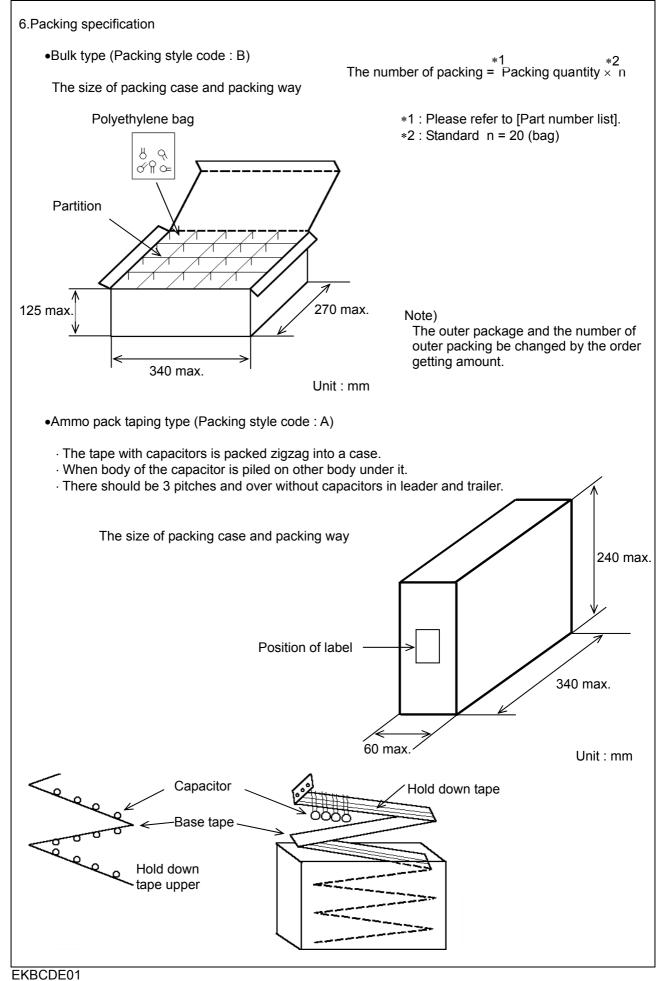


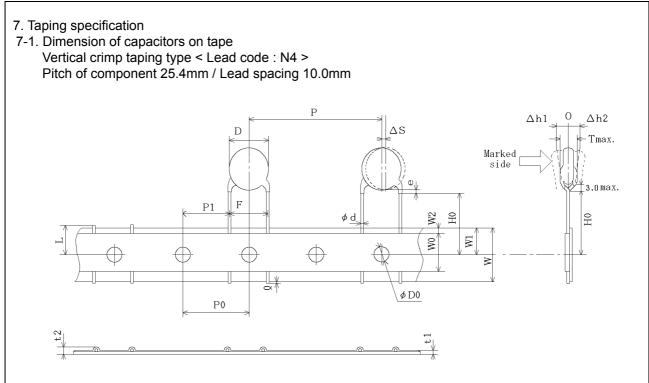
4 Insulation Resistance (I.R.) 10 000MΩ min. 10 000MΩ min. 10 000MΩ min. 10 000MΩ min. The isulation resist or out	be measured with slide calipers. Id be inspected by naked eyes. Id not be damaged when 50/60Hz> is applied between the of the capacitor should be thould be bound acitor Metal foil Should be inserted into a metal balls of about 1mm t.m.s.)<50/60Hz> is applied for apacitor lead wires and metal stance should be measured with 60±5 s of charging.
Image: Second strength form and dimensions. Please refer to [Part number list]. for visible evidence Dimensions should 3 Dielectric strength Between lead wires No failure. The capacitor shoul AC4 000V(rm.s.)<5 lead wires for 60 s. Body insulation Body insulation No failure. First, the terminals connected together Then, a metal foil st closely wrapped ar the body of the cap to the distance of about 3 to 6mm from each terminal. Then, the capacitor container filled with diameter. Finally, AC4000V (r 60 s between the ca balls. 4 Insulation Resistance (I.R.) 10000MΩ min. The insulation resis DC500±50V within The voltage should through a resistor of	of defect. be measured with slide calipers. Id be inspected by naked eyes. Id not be damaged when 50/60Hz> is applied between the of the capacitor should be bund acitor Metal foil fo
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1±0.1kHz and AC1=	hould be measured at 20°C with
	±0.2V(r.m.s.) max tor should be measured
	Hz and AC1±0.2V(r.m.s.) max
7 Temperature characteristic Char. SL : +350 to -1000 ppm/°C The capacitance me	easurement should be made at
(Temp. range : +20 to +85°C) each step specified	l in Table.
Char. B : Within ±10 % Char. E : Within +20/-55%	
(Temp. range : -25 to +85°C)	
Step 1 2	3 4 5
Temp.(°C) 20±2 -25±2 2	20±2 85±2 20±2
	uld be individually wrapped in at
	than two complete layers of capacitor should be subjected
to 20 discharges. T	he interval between successive
	be 5 s. The UAc should be n after the last discharge.
	╤╷╧┼╷┤╴╎
	$c_2 + c_3 + c_x + c_t + t_t$
	- 4
	Osciloscope
	, C3 : 0.033μF±5% 10kV
	0% 16A Rod core choke
	6, Ct : 3μF±5% 10kV UR : Rated voltage
Cx : Capacitor	under test
F Fuse, Rat	ted 10A
	pplied to Ct
Ux	-
561	/ []
	$\overline{\gamma}$
	time
	une
*2 ''C" expresses nominal capacitance value(pF)	

			Reference only	
No.	Item		Specification	Test method
9	Robustness of terminations Vibration resistance	Tensile Bending Appearance Capacitance D.F.	Lead wire should not cut off. Capacitor should not be broken. No marked defect. Within the specified tolerance. 2.5% max.	Fix the body of capacitor, a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 s. With the termination in its normal position, the capacitor is held by its body in such a manner that the axis of the termination is vertical; a mass applying a force of 5N is then suspended from the end of the termination. The body of the capacitor is then inclined, within a period of 2 to 3 s, through an angle of approximately 90° in the vertical plane and then returned to its initial position over the same period of time; this operation constitutes one bend. One bend immediately followed by a second bend in the opposite direction. The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead wire and vibration which is 10 to 55Hz in the vibration frequency range,1.5mm in
				total amplitude, and about 1min in the rate of vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz is applied for a total of 6 h; 2 h each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.
11	Solderability of lead	ls	Lead wire should be soldered With uniformly coated on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 s. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder : 245±5°C Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu)
12	Soldering effect (Non-preheat)	Appearance Capacitance change I.R. Dielectric strength	No marked defect. Within ±10% 1 000MΩ min. Per item 3	Solder temperature: 350±10°C or 260±5°C Immersion time : 3.5±0.5 s (In case of 260±5°C : 10±1 s) The depth of immersion is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed a * ¹ room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at * ¹ room condition.
13	Soldering effect (On-preheat)	Appearance Capacitance change I.R. Dielectric strength	No marked defect. Within ±10% 1 000MΩ min. Per item 3	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 s. Then, as in figure, the lead wires should be immersed solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 s.
*1 !!				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed a * ¹ room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at * ¹ room condition.

14 Flame test The capacitor flame discontinue as follows. The capacitor should be subjected to applied flame for 15 s. and then removed for 15 s. until 5 cycle. 15 Passive flammability The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite. The capacitor under test should be held in the flam in the position which best promotes burning. The tissue paper should not ignite. 16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance Char, SL: Within ±15% Char, B. E: 5.0% max. Char, SL: 2.5% max. Char, SL: 2.5% max. Char, SL: 2.5% max. Char, SL: Within ±15% Char, B. E: 5.0% max. Char, SL: Within ±15% Char, SL: Withi				Reference only	
15 Passive flammability The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The capacitor under test should be held in the flam in the position which bears promotes burning. Time of exposure to flame : 12:11mm Gas burning. The flame : 12:11mm Gas burner : Capacitor should be stored at 12:2:2:C for 1 h, and apply the Char. SL : 2:5% max. The char. SL : Within ±15% Char. B. E : 5:0% max. The char. B. E : 5:	No.				
15 Passive flammability The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite. The capacitor under test should be held in the flam in the position which test promotes burning. The tissue paper should not ignite. 15 Passive flammability The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite. The capacitor under test should be held in the flam in the position which test promotes burning. Time of exposure to flame is for 30 s. Using bia. 0.5±0. Tmm Outside Dia. 0.5±0. Tmm O	14	Flame test			The capacitor should be subjected to applied flame for 15 s. and then removed for 15 s until 5 cycle.
Image: https://www.construction Appearance No marked defect. Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 16 Humidity Appearance No marked defect. Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 16 Humidity Appearance No marked defect. Set the capacitor should be stored at 10m mink to 200 (mm, 200 mm,				Cycle Time	
15 Fassive flammability The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite. The capacitor under test should be held in the flam texceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite. 15 Passive flammability The burning time should not ignite. The capacitor under test should be held in the flam texceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite. 16 Humidity Appearance No marked defect. 16 Humidity Capacitance Char. SL: Within ±15% 0.F. Char. SL: Within ±15% Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. 18 3000MQ1min. Dielectric Stifthin ±15% 19 O.F. Char. S. L: Within ±15% Not for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC4400(rm.s.) 60s then placed "'room condition of 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL): Within ±15% D.F. Char. SL : Within ±15% 17 Humidity loading					, Frame
15 Passive flammability The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The issue paper should not ignite. The burning time should not ignite. The capacitor under test should be held in the flam in the position which best promotes burning. Time of exposure to flame is for 30 s. Length of flame : 12±1nm Gas burner : Length 35mm min. Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Gas burner - Length 35mm min. Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia.0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm					
16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance Change LR 3000MΩ min. No marked defect. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. SL : 2.5% max. LR Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. SL : 5.0% max. Set the capacitor should be stored at 1252°C for 1 h, and apply the Ac4000V(rm.s.) 605 then placed *1*room condition. 17 Humidity loading LR Capacitance Char. B. : 5.0% max. LR Char. B. : 5.0% max. Char. B. : 5.0% max.					Gas Burner
16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance No marked defect. Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance No marked defect. Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance No marked defect. Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(rm.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL): 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. B. I: Within ±10% Char. B. I: Within ±10% Char. B. I: 2.5% max. Char. B. I: S0% max. Apply AC440V(rm.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. B. I: 2.5% max. Char. B. I: 2.5% max. Li.R. Apply AC440V(rm.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 18 I.R. 3000MΩ min. Dielectric Strength Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(rm.s.) 60 shen placed *1 room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not app	15	Passive flammabilit	у	exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not	
16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance Capacitance change No marked defect. Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance Capacitance change No marked defect. Char. B : Within ±15% Char. B : 5.0% max. Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±15% Dielectric strength Appearance Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±15% Dielectric strength Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. SL : Within ±15% Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. SL : 2.5% max. C				ignite.	Gas burner : Length 35mm min. Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.9mm max.
16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance Capacitance char. B. : Within ±5% Char. B. : Within ±10% Char. B. : Strength Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance Capacitance char. B. : Within ±15% Char. B. : Strength Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance LR. No marked defect. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±16% Char. B : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±15% Char. B : E 5.0% max. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC44000V(r.m.s.) 60 sthen placed *'room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 18 3000MΩ min. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 t 2 h at *'room condition. 19 D.F. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 t 2 h at *'room con					↓ Capacitor
Image: No marked defect. Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 16 Humidity (Under steady state) Appearance Char. SL : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±15% Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 16 Humidity (Under steady state) D.F. Char. SL : Within ±15% Pertreatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *'room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B : Within ±10% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *'room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 18. D.F. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.)					200+5mm
(Under steady state) Capacitance change Char. SL : Within ±15% 95% relative humidity. 95% relative humidity. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1 room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. B : Within ±15% Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 18 Within ±15% D.F. Char. S L : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1 room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL)					\wedge
state) change Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. B : Within ±15% Strength Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 17 Humidity loading Appearance Capacitance change No marked defect. Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. B : S.0% max. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. B : S.0% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 18 I.R. 3000MΩ min. Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 t 2 h at *1room condition. *1 "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa	16				
17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±15% Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *1room condition. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B : 12.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Apply accelerative humidity. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the Ac4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1 room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 18 Ultra 10 ± 10% Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *1 room condition. *1 "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa					95% relative humidity.
D.F. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. 17 Capacitance change Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Char. B : Within ±15% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Char. B : Within ±15% Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) 18. 3000MΩ min. Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 t 2 h at *1room condition. *1 "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa		siale)	change		Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at
I.R. 3 000MΩ min. Dielectric strength Per item 3 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Capacitance change Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% D.F. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. I.R. 3 000MΩ min. Dielectric strength Per item 3			D.F.		125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the
1/N. 3000M021mm. Dielectric strength Per item 3 17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Capacitance change Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% D.F. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. I.R. 3000MΩ min. Dielectric strength Per item 3 I.R. 3000MΩ min. Dielectric strength Per item 3 Vi* "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa					AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at
17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 2 h at *1room condition. 17 Humidity loading Appearance Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. D.F. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC400V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) Dielectric strength Per item 3 Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 t 2 h at *1room condition. *1 "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa					
17 Humidity loading Appearance No marked defect. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. 17 Capacitance change Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10% Char. E : Within ±15% 90 to 95% relative humidity. D.F. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1 room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) Dielectric strength Per item 3 Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 t 2 h at *1 room condition. *1 "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity.				Per item 3	(Do not apply to Char. SL) Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
D.F. Char. SL : 2.5% max. Char. B, E : 5.0% max. 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) D.F. Char. SL : 2.5% max. 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) Dielectric strength Per item 3 Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 t 2 h at *1room condition.	17	Humidity loading	Capacitance	Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10%	Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity.
I.R. 3 000MΩ min. before initial measurements. Dielectric strength Per item 3 (Do not apply to Char. SL) Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 t 2 h at *1room condition.			D.F.	Char. SL : 2.5% max.	125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at
^{*1} "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa			Dielectric		before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL)
¹¹ "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa ¹² "C" expresses nominal capacitance value(pF)					2 h at *1room condition.
	* ¹ "roo * ² "C"	om condition" Temper ' expresses nominal c	rature: 15 to 35°(capacitance valu	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atm e(pF)	

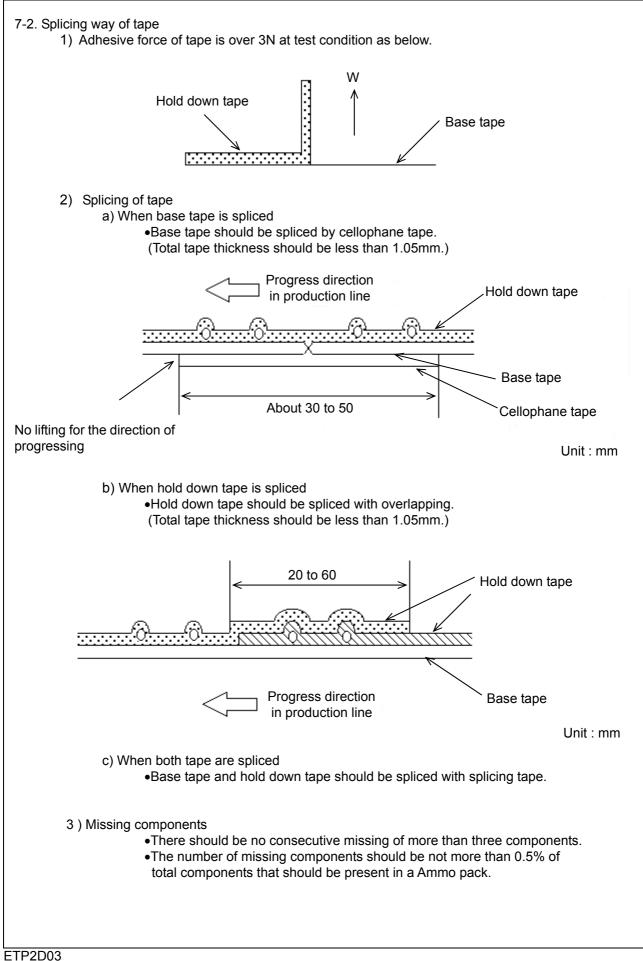
			Reference only	T					
No.	Item	Anno 277777	Specification	los a de	- مامار		nethod		
18	Life	Appearance Capacitance change	No marked defect. Within ±20% 3000MΩ min. Per item 3	Impulse voltage Each individual capacitor should be subjected to a 8kV impulses for three times. Then the capacitors					
		cnange I.R.		are applied to life test.					
		Dielectric strength		Front time (T1) = 1.2μ s=1.67T Time to half-value (T2) = 50μ s $0 \frac{T}{T1}$					
				for a po The air of 125- Throug to a AC of mair the vol Pre-tre	pacitors ariod of in the -2/-0 °C hout th 550V(r as frequ tage is atment	1000 h. oven is main C, and relativ e test, the ca .m.s.)<50/60 ency, except increased to : Capacito 125±2°C AC4000 *1room c before in (Do not t : Capacito	tained at a e humidity apacitors ar Hz> alterna t that once AC1 000V(r should be for 1 h, an /(r.m.s.) 60 ondition for itial measu apply to Ch r should be	ating voltage each hour r.m.s.) for 0.1 s. e stored at d apply the s then placed at 24 ± 2 h rements. iar. SL) e stored for 1 to	
							oom condit		
19	Temperature and immersion cycle	Appearance Capacitance change	No marked defect. Char. SL : Within ±5% Char. B : Within ±10%			should be su onsecutively		5 temperature sion cycles.	
			Char. E : Within ±20%	<temperature cycle=""></temperature>					
		D.F.	Char. SL : 2.5% max.		Step	Tempera	ture(°C)	Time	
			Char. B, E : 5.0% max.		1	-40+		30 min	
					2	Room		3 min	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.		3 4	+125		30 min	
		Dielectric	Per item 3		4	Room		3 min	
		strength		<imme< td=""><td>rsion cy</td><td>Cycle tim</td><td>e:5 cycles</td></imme<>	rsion cy	Cycle tim	e:5 cycles		
				Step	Temp	perature(°C)	Time	Immersion water	
				1	+6	65+5/-0	15 min	Clean water	
				2		0 <u>±</u> 3	15 min	Salt water	
				Cycle time:2 cycles					
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed a *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 h at *1room condition.					
*1 "roc * ² "C"	om condition" Temper expresses nominal c	ature: 15 to 35°C apacitance value	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atm e(pF)	iospheric	pressu	re: 86 to 106	kPa		





Unit : mm

	+				
Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks		
Pitch of component	Р	25.4±2.0			
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7±0.3			
Lead spacing	F	10.0±1.0			
Length from hole center to lead	P1	7.7±1.5			
Body diameter	D	Please refer to [Part number list].			
Deviation along tape, left or right	ΔS	0±2.0	They include deviation by lead bend .		
Carrier tape width	W	18.0±0.5			
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0±0.5	Deviation of tape width direction		
Lead distance between reference and bottom planes	H0	18.0± ^{2.0} ₀			
Protrusion length	Q	+0.5~-1.0			
Diameter of sprocket hole	φD0	4.0±0.1			
Lead diameter	φd	0.60±0.05			
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6±0.3			
Total thickness, tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	They include hold down tape thickness.		
Deviation across tape, front	∆h1				
Deviation across tape, rear	∆h2	2.0 max.			
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	0 11.0± _{1.0}			
Hold down tape width	W0	11.5 min.			
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5±1.5			
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of crimp			
Body thickness 7		Please refer to [Part number list].			



EU RoHS and Halogen Free

This products of the following crresponds to EU RoHS and Halogen Free

(1) RoHS

EU RoHs 2011/65/EC compliance

maximum concentration values tolerated by weight in homogeneous materials •1000 ppm maximum Lead

- •1000 ppm maximum Mercury
- •100 ppm maximum Cadmium
- •1000 ppm maximum Hexavalent chromium
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)

(2) Halogen-Free

The International Electrochemical Commission's (IEC) Definition of Halogen-Free (IEC 61249-2-21) compliance

- •900 ppm maximum chlorine
- •900 ppm maximum bromine
- •1500 ppm maximum total chlorine and bromine

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Click to view products by Murata manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

009377XM 5AS560JCFCA 5AU100JCECA 5AU470JCJCA DEF2CLH020CA3B HSE102MAQBF0KR 432202101621 432202282431 DEF2CLH030CJ3B W1X223MCVCF0KR 564RC0GBA302EJ470K 5AS270JCDCA 5AS330JCDCA 5AU330JCGCA DE1E3KX2222MJ4BN01F 440LT68AP-R JN222MQ47FAAAAKPLP H8000090-245 H8000090-225RY H8000090-309RY H8000090-291RY F471K39S3NR63K7R DEF2CLH040CN3A DEF2CLH080DA3B 564R3DF0T22 CC2150KY5P1KVB5LS-LF CC2180KY5P1KVB5LS-LF CC2470KY5P1KVB5LS-LF CC2820KY5P1KVB5LS-LF 0838-040-X7R0-220K JN102MQ35FAAAAKPLP 0841-040-X5U0-103M CCH-6K8-5/1000V 140-50N2-101J-TB-RC ECK-DGL102ME 562R5GAD47RR S103K75Y5PN8BT0R 615R100GAD10 615R150GAD10 NCD100K1KVSLF NCD682M1KVZ5UF CCK-100N CCK-100P CCK-22N CCK-2N2 CCK-47N CCK-47P CCK-4N7 CCK-4P7 CK45-B3FD681KYNNA