



Type RA Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors for General Purpose

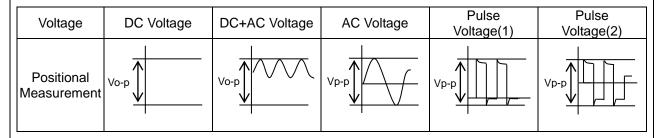
Product specifications in this catalog are as of Jun. 2019, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

⚠ CAUTION

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor within rated voltage containing these irregular voltage.



2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of φ0.1mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability.(Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

3. TEST CONDITION FOR WITHSTANDING VOLTAGE

(1) TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60 Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or over load exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, the defective may be caused.

(2) VOLTAGE APPLIED METHOD

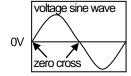
When the withstanding voltage is applied, capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the *zero cross. At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may arise, and therefore, the defective may be caused.

*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave pass 0V.

- See the right figure -



4. FAIL-SAFE

When capacitor would be broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure would follow an electric shock, fire or fume.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 °C max. Soldering iron wattage: 50W max. Soldering time: 3.5s max.

7. BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment.

In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 °C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 °C and 15 to 85%.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

10. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- 7. Traffic signal equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- 9. Data-processing equipment exerting influence on public
- 10. Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

NOTICE

1. CLEANING (ULTRASONIC CLEANING)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

2. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

· Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you use for the strict time constant circuit.

· Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors like temperature characteristic B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

3. PERFORMANCE CHECK BY EQUIPMENT

Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications.

Generally speaking, CLASS 2 ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance. So, the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in a equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in a capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic.

Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.

\triangle NOTE

- 1.Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this specification.

EGD08E

1. Application

This specification is applied to Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors Type RA used for General Electric equipment.

Type RA is Safety Standard Certified capacitors of Class X1,Y1.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids.

Approval standard and certified number

	Standard number	*Certified number	AC Rated volt. V(r.m.s.)
UL/cUL	UL60384-14	E37921	
ENEC (VDE)	EN60384-14	40043033	X1:440 Y1:300
CQC	IEC60384-14	CQC16001138225	

^{*}Above Certified number may be changed on account of the revision of standards and the renewal of certification.

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2-1. Operating temperature range -40 ~ +125°C

2-2. Rated Voltage X1:AC440V(r.m.s.) Y1:AC300V(r.m.s.)

2-3. Part number configuration

ex.) DE1 B3 RA 471 K A4 B P01F
Product Temperature Type Capacitance Capacitance Lead Packing Individual tolerance code style code specification

Product code

DE1 denotes X1,Y1 class.

• Temperature characteristic

Code	Temperature characteristic
1X	SL
B3	В
E3	E

Please confirm detailed specification on [Specification and test methods].

• Type name

This denotes safety certified type name Type RA.

• Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 471.

$$47 \times 10^1 = 470 pF$$

• Capacitance tolerance

Please refer to [Part number list].

• Lead code

Code	Lead style		
A*	Vertical crimp long type		
J*	Vertical crimp short type		
N*	Vertical crimp taping type		

^{*} Please refer to [Part number list]

• Packing style code

Code Packing type				
В	Bulk type			
Α	Ammo pack taping type			

• Individual specification

In case part number cannot be identified without 'individual specification', it is added at the end of part number.

Code	Specification
	→ Rated voltage : X1:AC440V(r.m.s.)
	Y1:AC300V(r.m.s.)
P01F	→ Halogen free
1011	(Br ≤ 900ppm, Cl ≤ 900ppm)
	Br + Cl ≤ 1500ppm
	→ CP wire

Note) Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name(RA) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

3. Marking

Type name : RA

Nominal capacitance : Actual value(under 100pF)

3 digit system(100pF and over)

Capacitance tolerance : Code Class code and Rated voltage mark : **X1 440~**

Y1 300~

Manufacturing year : Letter code(The last digit of A.D. year.)

Manufacturing month : Code

Feb./Mar. \rightarrow 2Aug./Sep. \rightarrow 8Apr./May \rightarrow 4Oct./Nov. \rightarrow OJun./Jul. \rightarrow 6Dec./Jan. \rightarrow D

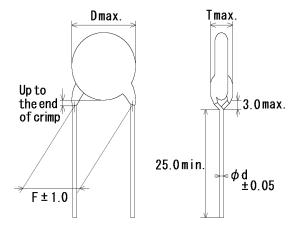
Company name code : (Made in Thailand)

(Example)

RA 471K X1 440~ Y1 300~ 5D (M15

4. Part number list

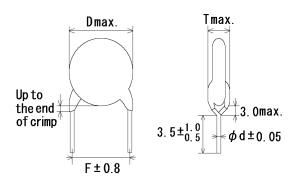
·Vertical crimp long type (Lead code:A*)



Note) The mark '*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

				1	1				OTIL .	
T.C.	Сар.	Cap.). Customer Part Number Murata Part Number		Customer Part Number Murata Part Number		imension (mm)		Lead	Pack
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Oustomer Fart Number	Mulata i alt Nullibei	D	Т	F	d	code	qty. (pcs)
SL	10	±10%		DE11XRA100KA4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
SL	15	±10%		DE11XRA150KA4BP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
SL	22	±10%		DE11XRA220KA4BP01F	6.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
SL	33	±10%		DE11XRA330KA4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
SL	47	±10%		DE11XRA470KA4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
SL	68	±10%		DE11XRA680KA4BP01F	8.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
В	100	±10%		DE1B3RA101KA4BP01F	6.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
В	150	±10%		DE1B3RA151KA4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
В	220	±10%		DE1B3RA221KA4BP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
В	330	±10%		DE1B3RA331KA4BP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
В	470	±10%		DE1B3RA471KA4BP01F	7.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
В	680	±10%		DE1B3RA681KA4BP01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	1000	±20%		DE1E3RA102MA4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	1500	±20%		DE1E3RA152MA4BP01F	8.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	2200	±20%		DE1E3RA222MA4BP01F	9.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	3300	±20%		DE1E3RA332MA4BP01F	10.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	4700	±20%		DE1E3RA472MA4BP01F	12.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	200

·Vertical crimp short type
(Lead code:J*)

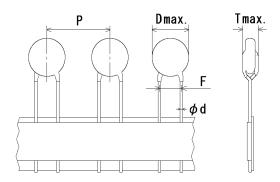


Note) The mark '*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

se see the forfowing fist about details.

									Unit :	mm
	Cap. Cap.		Overteen en Deut Norsk en	Manada Dant Namahan	Dir	nensi	Lead	Pack		
T.C.	(pF)	tol.	Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	D	Т	F	d	code	qty. (pcs)
SL	10	±10%		DE11XRA100KJ4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	15	±10%		DE11XRA150KJ4BP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	22	±10%		DE11XRA220KJ4BP01F	6.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	33	\pm 10%		DE11XRA330KJ4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	47	\pm 10%		DE11XRA470KJ4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	68	$\pm 10\%$		DE11XRA680KJ4BP01F	8.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	100	$\pm 10\%$		DE1B3RA101KJ4BP01F	6.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	150	$\pm 10\%$		DE1B3RA151KJ4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	220	$\pm 10\%$		DE1B3RA221KJ4BP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	330	$\pm 10\%$		DE1B3RA331KJ4BP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	470	$\pm 10\%$		DE1B3RA471KJ4BP01F	7.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	680	$\pm 10\%$		DE1B3RA681KJ4BP01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	1000	$\pm 20\%$		DE1E3RA102MJ4BP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	1500	$\pm 20\%$		DE1E3RA152MJ4BP01F	8.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	2200	±20%		DE1E3RA222MJ4BP01F	9.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	3300	±20%		DE1E3RA332MJ4BP01F	10.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	4700	±20%		DE1E3RA472MJ4BP01F	12.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	250

·Vartical crimp taping type (Lead code:N*)



Note) The mark '*' of lead code differ from lead spacing(F), lead diameter(d) and pitch of component(P). Please see the following list or taping specification about details.

	Offit . Till								111111		
T.C.	Cap.	Сар.	Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number		Dimension (mm)				Lead	Pack
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Customer Fart Number	IVIUIAIA FAIT INUIIIDEI	D	Т	F	d	Р	code	qty. (pcs)
SL	10	±10%		DE11XRA100KN4AP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
SL	15	±10%		DE11XRA150KN4AP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
SL	22	±10%		DE11XRA220KN4AP01F	6.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
SL	33	±10%		DE11XRA330KN4AP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
SL	47	±10%		DE11XRA470KN4AP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
SL	68	±10%		DE11XRA680KN4AP01F	8.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
В	100	±10%		DE1B3RA101KN4AP01F	6.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
В	150	±10%		DE1B3RA151KN4AP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
В	220	±10%		DE1B3RA221KN4AP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
В	330	±10%		DE1B3RA331KN4AP01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
В	470	±10%		DE1B3RA471KN4AP01F	7.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
В	680	±10%		DE1B3RA681KN4AP01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
Е	1000	±20%		DE1E3RA102MN4AP01F	7.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
Е	1500	±20%		DE1E3RA152MN4AP01F	8.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
Е	2200	±20%		DE1E3RA222MN4AP01F	9.0	4.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
Е	3300	±20%		DE1E3RA332MN4AP01F	10.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
Е	4700	±20%		DE1E3RA472MN4AP01F	12.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	600
E	4700	±20%		DE1E3RA472MN4AP01F	12.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	(

				eference on	ıy					
	pecification and					T				
No.	Ite:			cification fect on appearand		Test method				
1	Appearance and c	aimensions	form and dime		Се	The capacitor should be inspected by naked eyes for visible evidence of defect.	•			
		Please refer to [Part number I			tl.	Dimensions should be measured with slide calipe	ers.			
2	Marking		To be easily legible.			The capacitor should be inspected by naked eyes				
3	Dielectric	Between lead	No failure.			The capacitor should not be damaged when				
	strength	wires				AC4000V(r.m.s.)<50/60Hz> is applied between the	he			
		D. d.	NI - C-Thomas			lead wires for 60 s.				
		Body insulation	No failure.			First, the terminals of the capacitor should be connected together.				
		Ilisulation				Then, a metal foil should be				
						closely wrapped around				
						the body of the capacitor Metal About	ıt			
						to the distance of about 3 to 6mm				
						about 3 to 6mm	al			
						Then, the capacitor should be inserted into a	•			
						container filled with metal balls of about 1mm				
						diameter.				
						Finally, AC4000V (r.m.s.)<50/60Hz> is applied for	r			
						60 s between the capacitor lead wires and metal balls.				
4	Insulation Resista	nce (I.R.)	10 000MΩ min		\dashv	The insulation resistance should be measured wit	th			
•		(10 00014122 111111	•		DC500±50V within 60±5 s of charging.				
						The voltage should be applied to the capacitor				
						through a resistor of $1M\Omega$.				
5	Capacitance		Within specifie	d tolerance.		The capacitance should be measured at 20°C wit	:h			
	Dingingtion Foot	· (D.F.)	0.50/			1±0.1kHz and AC1±0.2V(r.m.s.) max				
6	Dissipation Factor	(D.F.)	2.5% max.			The dissipation factor should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC1±0.2V(r.m.s.) max	,			
						at 20 0 with 1±0.1M12 and AC1±0.2V(1.111.8.) Illax	٠			
7	Temperature chara	acteristic	Char. SL: +350 to -1000 ppm/°C			The capacitance measurement should be made a	at			
			(Temp. range : +20 to +85°C)			each step specified in Table.				
			Char. B: Within ±10 %							
			Char. E: Within +20/-55%							
			(Temp. range : -25 to +85°C)			J				
			Step Temp.(°C) 2			1 2 3 4 5				
						20±2 -25±2 20±2 85±2 20±2				
	A - Constitution of the Co		Th	- 11 1 1-1 1		T The company of the state of t				
8	Active flammability	у	on fire.	oth should not be		The capacitors should be individually wrapped in least one but more than two complete layers of	at			
			orr me.			cheese-cloth. The capacitor should be subjected				
						to 20 discharges. The interval between successiv	e			
						discharges should be 5 s. The UAc should be				
						maintained for 2min after the last discharge.				
						S1 F L1 L2 R				
						$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
						4				
						Osciloscope				
						C1,2 : 1μF±10%, C3 : 0.033μF±5% 10kV				
						L1 to L4: 1.5mH±20% 16A Rod core choke				
						R : 100Ω±2%, Ct : 3μ F±5% 10kV				
						UAc : UR ±5% UR : Rated voltage Cx : Capacitor under test				
						Cx : Capacitor under test F : Fuse, Rated 10A				
						Ut : Voltage applied to Ct				
						Ux				
						 1				
						5kV J				
						time				

			Reference only	
No.	Iten	<u>n</u>	Specification	Test method
9	Robustness of	Tensile	Lead wire should not cut off.	Fix the body of capacitor, a tensile weight
	terminations		Capacitor should not be broken.	gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of
				capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 s.
		Bending	1	With the termination in its normal position, the
		Dending		capacitor is held by its body in such a manner that
				the axis of the termination is vertical; a mass
				applying a force of 5N is then suspended from the
				end of the termination.
				The body of the capacitor is then inclined,
				within a period of 2 to 3 s, through an angle of
				approximately 90° in the vertical plane and then
				returned to its initial position over the same period
				of time; this operation constitutes one bend.
				One bend immediately followed by a second bend
				in the opposite direction.
10	Vibration	Appearance	No marked defect.	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the
	resistance	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	supporting lead wire and vibration which is 10 to
	roolotarioo	D.F.	2.5% max.	55Hz in the vibration frequency range,1.5mm in
		D.F.	2.5 /6 IIIax.	total amplitude, and about 1min in the rate of
				vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to
				10Hz is applied for a total of 6 h; 2 h each in
				3 mutually perpendicular directions.
11	Solderability of lead	ds	Lead wire should be soldered	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a
			With uniformly coated on the	ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into
			axial direction over 3/4 of the	molten solder for 2±0.5 s. In both cases the depth of
			circumferential direction.	dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of
				lead wires.
				Temp. of solder:
40	0.11 : " .		N	245±5°C Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu)
12	Soldering effect	Appearance	No marked defect.	Solder temperature: 350±10°C or 260±5°C
	(Non-preheat)	Capacitance	Within ±10%	Immersion time : 3.5±0.5 s
		change		(In case of 260±5°C : 10±1 s)
		I.R.	1000M $Ω$ min.	The depth of immersion is up to about
		Dielectric	Per item 3	1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.
		strength		
		ollorigat		Thermal
				insulating ()
				1.5
				1 to 2.0mm
				[
				solder
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at
				125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the
				AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed
				*1room condition for 24±2 h
				before initial measurements.
				(Do not apply to Char. SL)
				Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
				2 h at *1room condition.
13	Soldering effect	Appoorance	No marked defect.	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C
13		Appearance		for 60+0/-5 s.
	(On-preheat)	Capacitance	Within ±10%	
		change		Then, as in figure, the lead wires should be
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	immersed solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm
		Dielectric	Per item 3	from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 s.
		strength		
		3		Thermal
				insulating ()
				1.5 to 2.0mm
				Molten solder
				solder
				Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at
				125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the
				AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed
				*¹room condition for 24±2 h
				before initial measurements.
				(Do not apply to Char. SL)
				Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
				2 h at *1room condition.
*1 "ro	om condition" Tempe	erature: 15 to 35°	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atm	
	coa.don 10111pc		_,	

			Reference only	
No.	Item	1	Specification	Test method
14	Flame test		The capacitor flame discontinue as follows. Cycle Time 1 to 4 30 s max. 5 60 s max.	The capacitor should be subjected to applied flame for 15 s. and then removed for 15 s until 5 cycle.
15	Passive flammabilit	ry	The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite.	The capacitor under test should be held in the flame in the position which best promotes burning. Time of exposure to flame is for 30 s. Length of flame: 12±1mm Gas burner: Length 35mm min. Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.9mm max. Gas: Butane gas Purity 95% min. About 8mm Gas burner About 8mm About 10mm thick board
16	Humidity (Under steady state)	Appearance Capacitance change D.F. I.R. Dielectric strength	No marked defect. Char. SL: Within $\pm 5\%$ Char. B: Within $\pm 10\%$ Char. E: Within $\pm 15\%$ Char. SL: 2.5% max. Char. B, E: 5.0% max. $3000M\Omega$ min. Per item 3	Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
17	Humidity loading	Appearance Capacitance change D.F. I.R. Dielectric strength	No marked defect. Char. SL: Within ±5% Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±15% Char. SL: 2.5% max. Char. B, E: 5.0% max. 3 000MΩ min. Per item 3 C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atm	2 h at *1room condition. Apply AC440V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *1room condition.

No.	Item	<u> </u>	Reference onl Specification	· y		Test n	nethod								
18	Life	Appearance	No marked defect.	Impu	se volt		Juliou								
•		Capacitance	Within ±20%	Each	Each individual capacitor should be subjected to										
		change		8kV impulses for three times. Then the capacitors are applied to life test.											
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.												
		Dielectric	Per item 3	100 (%) Front time (T1) = 1.7 μ s=1.67T											
		strength		Front time (T1) = 1.7μ s= $1.67T$ Time to half-value (T2) = 50μ s The capacitors are placed in a circulating air oven for a period of 1000 h. The air in the oven is maintained at a temperature of $125+2/-0$ °C, and relative humidity of 50% max Throughout the test, the capacitors are subjected to a AC550V(r.m.s.)<50/60Hz> alternating voltage of mains frequency, except that once each hour the voltage is increased to AC1000V(r.m.s.) for 0.1 s											
										Pre-ti	Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at				
										125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed a					
											*1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL)				
										Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for					
							24±2 h a	t *1room co	ndition.						
19				Temperature and	Appearance	No marked defect.			or should be si	ubjected to	5 temperature				
				immersion cycle	Capacitance change D.F.	Char. SL: Within ±5%	cycles, then consecutively to 2 immersion cycles.								
						Char. B : Within ±10%	<tem< td=""><td>neratui</td><td>e cycle></td><td></td><td></td></tem<>	neratui	e cycle>						
						Char. E: Within $\pm 20\%$ Char. SL: 2.5% max. Char. B, E: 5.0% max. $3000M\Omega$ min.	- 1011	Step	Tempera	turo(°C)	Time				
								1		-0/-3	30 min				
							2	Room		3 min					
		Dielectric	Per item 3		3	+125		30 min							
		strength			4	Room	temp.	3 min							
				Cycle time:5 cycles											
				<111111	iersion	cycle>	1	Lanca and the							
				Ste	p Ten	nperature(°C)	Time	Immersion water							
								Clean							
				1		+65+5/-0	15 min	water							
				2		0 <u>±</u> 3	15 min	Salt							
						0_0		water							
							Cycle tim	e:2 cycles							
				Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL)											
				Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 h at *1 room condition.											
*1 "ro	om condition" Tempe	rature: 15 to 35°	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, A	tmospheri	c press	ure: 86 to 106	ikPa								

6.Packing specification

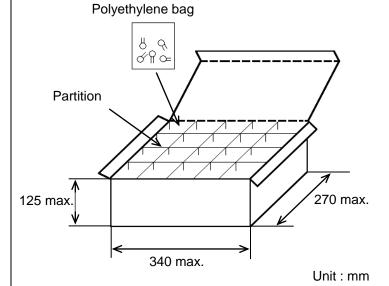
•Bulk type (Packing style code : B)

*1 *2 The number of packing = Packing quantity × n

The size of packing case and packing way

*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

*2 : Standard n = 20 (bag)

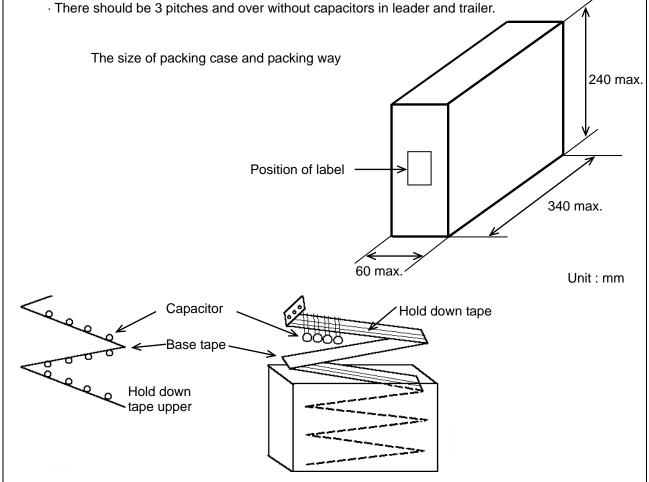


Note)

The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

•Ammo pack taping type (Packing style code : A)

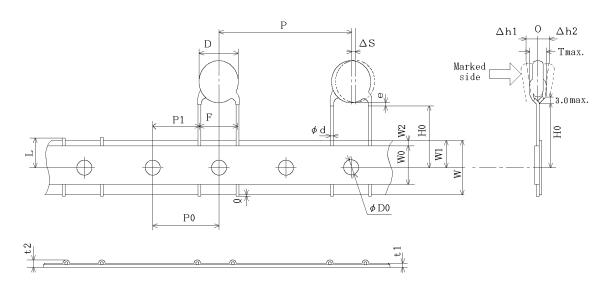
- · The tape with capacitors is packed zigzag into a case.
- \cdot When body of the capacitor is piled on other body under it.



7. Taping specification

7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape

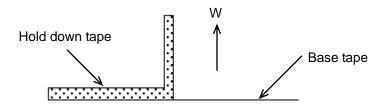
Vertical crimp taping type < Lead code : N4 > Pitch of component 25.4mm / Lead spacing 10.0mm



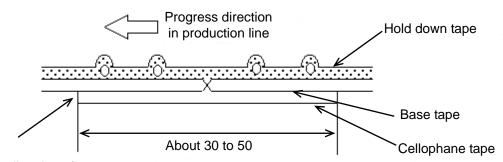
Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks		
Pitch of component	Р	25.4±2.0			
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7±0.3			
Lead spacing	F	10.0±1.0			
Length from hole center to lead	P1	7.7±1.5			
Body diameter	D	Please refer to [Part number list].			
Deviation along tape, left or right	ΔS	0±2.0	They include deviation by lead bend .		
Carrier tape width	W	18.0±0.5			
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0±0.5	Deviation of tape width direction		
Lead distance between reference and	Н0	18.0± ₀ ^{2.0}			
bottom planes		18.0±0			
Protrusion length	Q	+0.5~-1.0			
Diameter of sprocket hole	φD0	4.0±0.1			
Lead diameter	φd	0.60±0.05			
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6±0.3	They include held down tone thickness		
Total thickness, tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	They include hold down tape thickness.		
Deviation across tape, front	∆h1	2.0 max.			
Deviation across tape, rear	∆h2	2.0 max.			
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0± _{1.0}			
Hold down tape width	WO	11.5 min.			
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5±1.5			
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of crimp			
Body thickness	Т	Please refer to [Part number list].			

7-2. Splicing way of tape

1) Adhesive force of tape is over 3N at test condition as below.



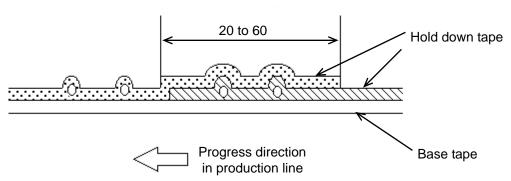
- 2) Splicing of tape
 - a) When base tape is spliced
 - •Base tape should be spliced by cellophane tape. (Total tape thickness should be less than 1.05mm.)



No lifting for the direction of progressing

Unit: mm

- b) When hold down tape is spliced
 - •Hold down tape should be spliced with overlapping. (Total tape thickness should be less than 1.05mm.)



- c) When both tape are spliced
 - •Base tape and hold down tape should be spliced with splicing tape.
- 3) Missing components
 - •There should be no consecutive missing of more than three components.
 - •The number of missing components should be not more than 0.5% of total components that should be present in a Ammo pack.

EU RoHS and Halogen Free

This products of the following crresponds to EU RoHS and Halogen Free

(1) RoHS

EU RoHs 2011/65/EC compliance

maximum concentration values tolerated by weight in homogeneous materials

- •1000 ppm maximum Lead
- •1000 ppm maximum Mercury
- •100 ppm maximum Cadmium
- •1000 ppm maximum Hexavalent chromium
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)

(2) Halogen-Free

The International Electrochemical Commission's (IEC) Definition of Halogen-Free (IEC 61249-2-21) compliance

- •900 ppm maximum chlorine
- •900 ppm maximum bromine
- •1500 ppm maximum total chlorine and bromine

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463I333000M1K 46KF2470JBN0M 46KF268000M1M 46KI22205001M 46KI24705201K 46KI2470CK01M 46KI2470ND01K

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YV500103Z060B20X5P MKPX2R-1/400/10P27 YU0AH222M090DAMD0B LS1808N102K302NX080TM R463F210000N0K

R463I26800001K R463I315000M2K F861AO224K310A F861KJ223K310A DE21XSA470KA3BT02F