muRata

Reference Specification

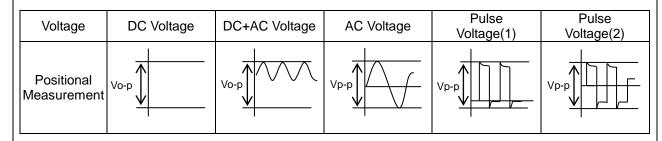
Type KH Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors for General Purpose

Product specifications in this catalog are as of Aug. 2019, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor within rated voltage containing these irregular voltage.



2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the selfgenerated heat due to dielectric-loss. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ϕ 0.1mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability.(Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

3. TEST CONDITION FOR WITHSTANDING VOLTAGE

(1) TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60 Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or over load exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, the defective may be caused.

(2) VOLTAGE APPLIED METHOD

When the withstanding voltage is applied, capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the *zero cross. At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may arise, and therefore, the defective may be caused.

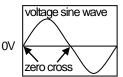
*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave pass 0V. - See the right figure -

4. FAIL-SAFE

When capacitor would be broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure would follow an electric shock, fire or fume.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.



6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip : 400 °C max.

Soldering iron wattage : 50W max.

Soldering time : 3.5s max.

7. BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment.

In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 $^{\circ}$ C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 °C and 15 to 85%.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

10. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- 7. Traffic signal equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- 9. Data-processing equipment exerting influence on public
- 10. Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

NOTICE

1. CLEANING (ULTRASONIC CLEANING)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity : Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time : 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

2. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

· Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you use for the strict time constant circuit.

· Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors like temperature characteristic B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need a detail information.

3. PERFORMANCE CHECK BY EQUIPMENT

Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications.

Generally speaking, CLASS 2 ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance. So, the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in a equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in a capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic.

Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.

\land ΝΟΤΕ

1.Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.

2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this specification.

1. Application

This specification is applied to Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors Type KH used for General Electric equipment.

Type KH is Safety Standard Certified capacitors of Class X1,Y2.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids.

Approval standard and certified number

	Standard number	*Certified number	AC Rated volt. V(r.m.s.)
UL	UL60384-14	E37921	
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1343805	
VDE	IEC60384-14, EN60384-14	40002796	
BSI	EN60065(8.8,14.3), IEC60384-14, EN60384-14	KM 37901	X1:440
SEMKO		1905544	Y2:250
DEMKO	1500000 / /	D-07249	
FIMKO	IEC60384-4, EN60384-14	FI 40128	
NEMKO	E1100304-14	P19223460	
ESTI		19.0183	
NSW	IEC60384-14, AS3250	6529	

*Above Certified number may be changed on account of the revision of standards and the renewal of certification.

2. Rating

2-1. Operating temperature range

-40 ~ +125°C

2-2. Part number configuration

ex.)	DE2	E3	KH	472	Μ	A3	В	
	Product	Temperature	Туре	Capacitance	Capacitance	Lead	Packing	Individual
	code	characteristic	name		tolerance	code	style code	specification

 Product code DE2 denotes class X1,Y2.

• Temperature characteristic

-	Code	Temperature characteristic
	B3	В
	E3	E
	F3	F

Please confirm detailed specification on [Specification and test methods].

• Type name

This denotes safety certified type name Type KH.

Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures ; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 472.

$$47 \times 10^2 = 4700 \text{pF}$$

• Capacitance tolerance Please refer to [Part number list].

• Lead code

Code	Lead style
A*	Vertical crimp long type
B*	Vertical crimp short type
N*	Vertical crimp taping type
Discourse fronte E Deathers when	a P = 0.2

* Please refer to [Part number list].

Solder coated copper wire is applied for termination.

• Packing style code

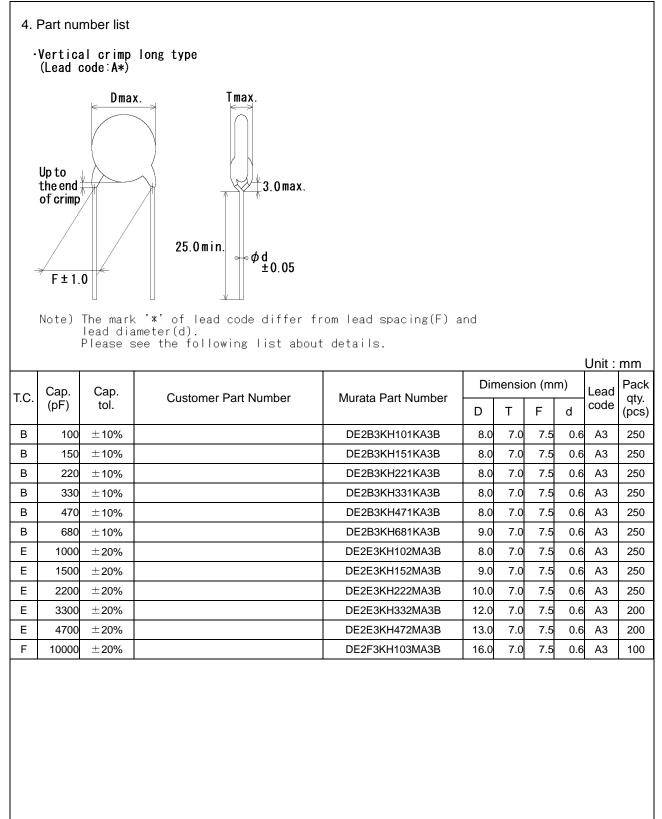
Code	Packing type
В	Bulk type
A	Ammo pack taping type

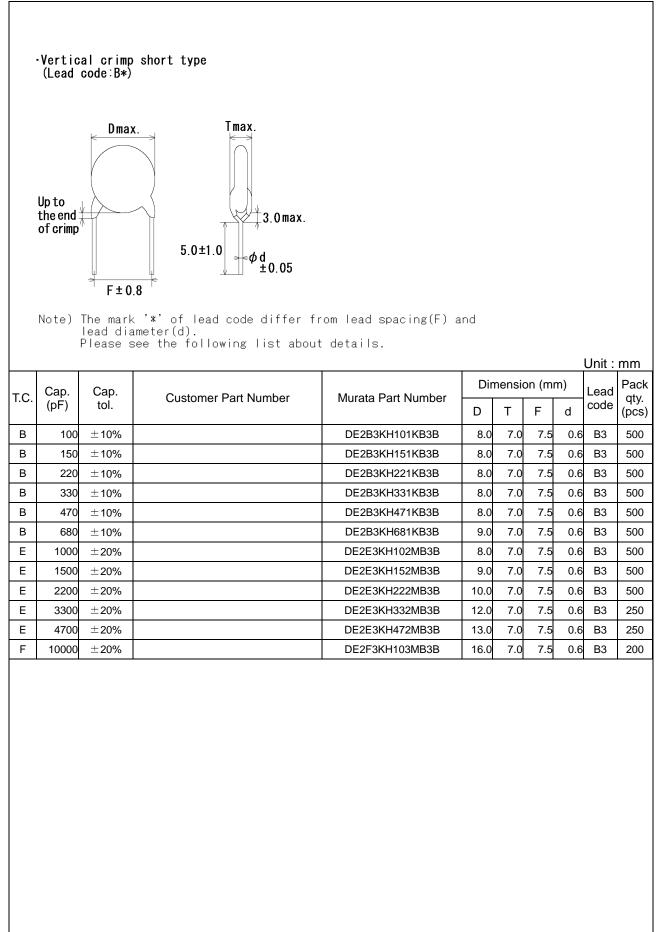
• Individual specification

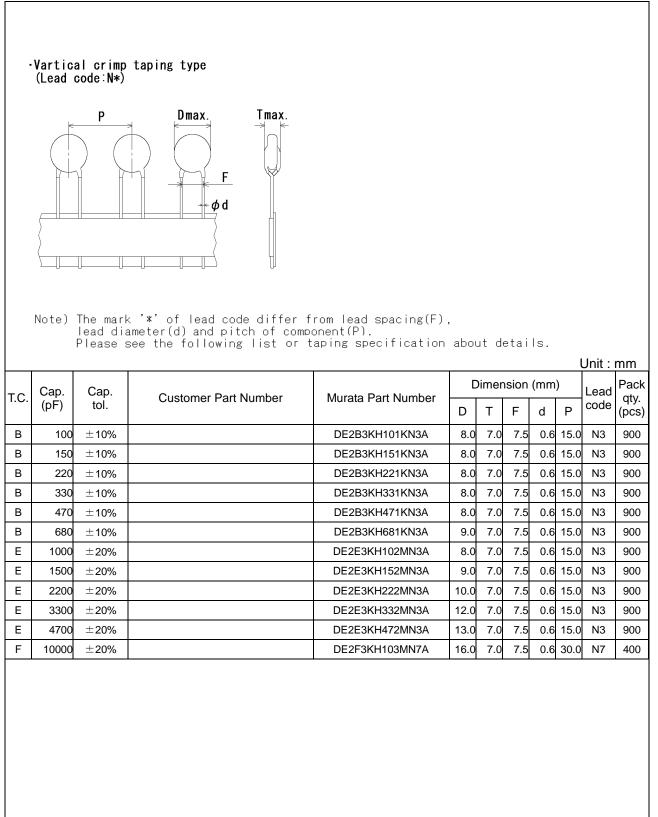
In case part number cannot be identified without 'individual specification', it is added at the end of part number.

Note) Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name(KH) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

3. Marking	
Type name Nominal capacitance Capacitance tolerance Company name code Manufacturing year Manufacturing month	: Code
UL Approval mark	. 9
CSA Approval mark	: Sh
VDE Approval mark	: DE (Example)
BSI Approval mark	: BSI
SEMKO Approval mark	S KH472MA
DEMKO Approval mark	
FIMKO Approval mark	
NEMKO Approval mark	
ESTI Approval mark	: () () () () () () () () () () () () ()
Class code	MJ502 : X1Y2
Rated voltage mark	: 250~





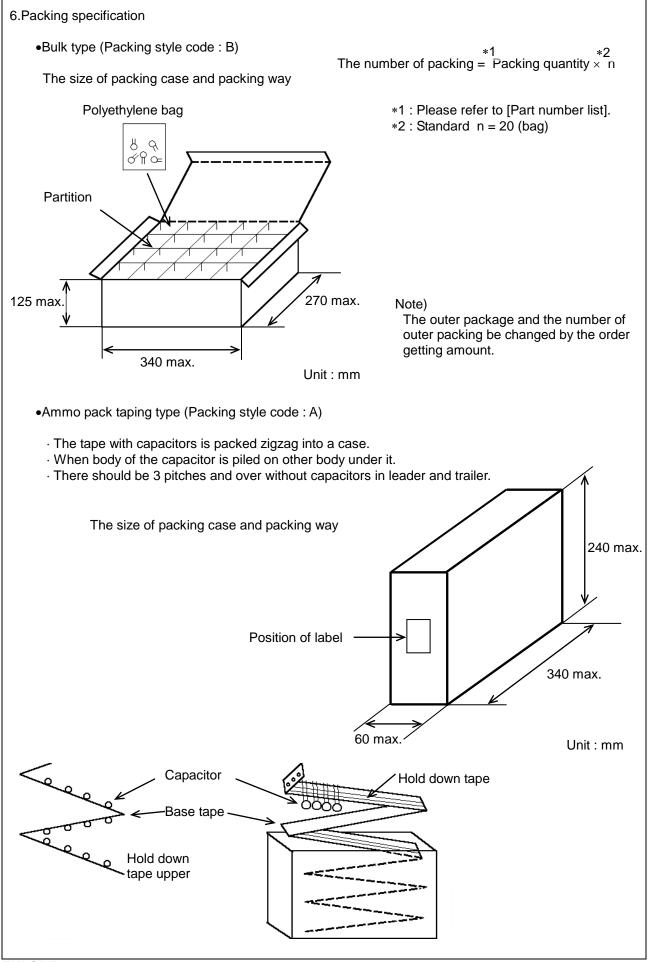


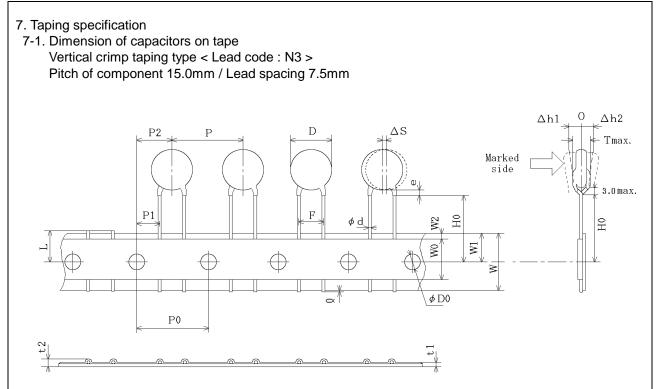
5 5	pecification and	i tast mathods							
No.	Ite		Specif	ication	1		Test me	thod	
1	Appearance and dimensions					Test method The capacitor should be inspected by naked eyes for visible evidence of defect.			
	Appearance and dimensions		form and dimensions. Please refer to [Part number list].		for visit	for visible evidence of defect.			
					Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers				
2	Marking		To be easily legit	ble.		The capacitor should be inspected by naked eyes.			
3	Dielectric strength	Between lead wires	No failure.		The capacitor should not be damaged when AC2600V(r.m.s.)<50/60Hz> is applied between lead wires for 60 s.				
		Body insulation	No failure.		connec Then, a closely the bod to the d about 3 from ea Then, ti contain diamete Finally, 60 s be balls.	ted togeth a metal foil wrapped a ly of the ca listance of a to 4mm ach termina he capacit er filled wir er. AC2600V tween the	er. should be around apacitor al. or should b th metal ba (r.m.s.)<50 capacitor l	Metal foil	Abou 3 to 3 to 3 to 3 to 5 co balls into a t 1mm applied fo and metal
4 Insulation Resistance (I.R.)			10 000ΜΩ min.		DC500 The vol through	±50V withi tage shou a resistor	n 60±5 s o ld be applie r of 1ΜΩ.	ed to the ca	apacitor
5	Capacitance		Within specified				should be i 5V(r.m.s.)	measured a max	at 20°C wi
6	Dissipation Facto	r (D.F.)	Char. B, E : 2.5% Char. F : 5.0%		The dis with 1±	sipation fa 0.1kHz an	ctor should d AC5V(r.n	d be meası n.s.) max	
7	Temperature char	emperature characteristic Char. B : Within ±10 % Char. E : Within +20/-55% Char. F : Within +30/-80%					measurem ed in Table	ent should	be made
				Step Temp.(°C)	1 20±2	2 -25±2	3 20±2	4 85±2	5 20±2
8	8 Active flammability		The cheese-cloth on fire.	n should not be	least or cheese to 20 di dischar	e but more- cloth. The scharges. ges should	e than two capacitor The interva be 5 s. Th	dividually w complete la should be al between he UAc sho a last discha	ayers of subjected successiv
					\$1 ~		$\begin{array}{c c} L1 \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $		
					C1,2 L1 to L4 R UAc Cx F Ut	4 : 1.5mH± : 100Ω±2 : UR ±5% : Capacite : Fuse, R	:20% 16A Ι !%, Ct : 3μ ሬ UR : R or under te		noke /
						Ux 51	KV I	time	

	ltom)	Specification	Test method
No. 9	Item Robustness of	Tensile	Specification Lead wire should not cut off.	Test method Fix the body of capacitor, apply a tensile weight
9	terminations	Tensie	Capacitor should not be broken.	gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 s.
		Bending		With the termination in its normal position, the capacitor is held by its body in such a manner that the axis of the termination is vertical; a mass applying a force of 5N is then suspended from the
				end of the termination. The body of the capacitor is then inclined, within a period of 2 to 3 s, through an angle of
				approximately 90° in the vertical plane and then returned to its initial position over the same period of time; this operation constitutes one bend. One bend immediately followed by a second bend
				in the opposite direction.
0	Vibration	Appearance	No marked defect.	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the
	resistance	Capacitance D.F.	Within the specified tolerance. Char. B, E : 2.5% max. Char. F : 5.0% max.	supporting lead wire and vibration which is 10 to 55Hz in the vibration frequency range,1.5mm in total amplitude, and about 1min in the rate of
				vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz is applied for a total of 6 h; 2 h each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.
1	Solderability of lead	ls	Lead wire should be soldered with uniformly coated on the	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into
			axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	molten solder for 2 ± 0.5 s. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.
				Temp. of solder : 245±5°C Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu)
12	Soldering effect	Appearance	No marked defect.	235±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder Solder temperature: 350±10°C or 260±5°C
2	(Non-preheat)	Capacitance change	Within ±10%	Immersion time $: 3.5\pm0.5 \text{ s}$ (In case of $260\pm5^{\circ}\text{C} : 10\pm1 \text{ s}$)
		I.R. Dielectric	1000MΩ min. Per item 3	The depth of immersion is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.
		strength	Per item 5	Thermal Capacitor
				1.5 to 2.0mm
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 h, then placed at * room condition for 24±2 h
				before initial measurements. Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at * room condition.
13	Soldering effect	Appearance	No marked defect.	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C
	(On-preheat)	Capacitance change	Within ±10%	for 60+0/-5 s. Then, as in figure, the lead wires should be
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	immersed solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm
		Dielectric	Per item 3	from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 s.
		strength		Thermal insulating to 2.0mm
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 h, then placed at * room condition for 24±2 h
				before initial measurements. Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 2 h at * room condition.
14	Flame test		The capacitor flame discontinue as follows.	The capacitor should be subjected to applied flame for 15s. and then removed for 15 s until 5 cycle.
			Cycle Time 1 to 4 30 s max.	Capacitor Flame
			5 60 s max.	
				Gas Burner

			Reference only	
No.	Item		Specification	Test method
15	Passive flammabilit		The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite.	The capacitor under test should be held in the flame in the position which best promotes burning. Time of exposure to flame is for 30 s. Length of flame : 12±1mm Gas burner : Length 35mm min. Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.9mm max. Gas : Butane gas Purity 95% min.
				About 10mm thick board
46	Humidite	App20101-1-1	No marked defect	Pot the consolitor for 500140 h at 401000 is 00 t
16	Humidity (Under steady	Appearance Capacitance	No marked defect. Char. B : Within ±10%	Set the capacitor for 500 ± 12 h at 40 ± 2 °C in 90 to 95% relative humidity.
	state)	change	Char. E, F : Within $\pm 10\%$	5570 relative numbulty.
	·,	D.F.	Char. B, E : 5.0% max.	Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
			Char. F : 7.5% max.	2 h at * room condition.
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	1
		Dielectric	Per item 3	1
		strength		
17	Humidity loading	Appearance	No marked defect.	Apply the rated voltage for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in
		Capacitance	Char. B : Within ±10%	90 to 95% relative humidity.
		change D.F.	Char. E, F : Within ±15% Char. B, E : 5.0% max.	Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
		D.F.	Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Char. F : 7.5% max.	2 h at * room condition.
		I.R.	$3\ 000M\Omega$ min.	1
		Dielectric	Per item 3	1
		strength		
18	Life	Appearance	No marked defect.	Impulse voltage
		Capacitance	Within ±20%	Each individual capacitor should be subjected to a
		change		5kV impulses for three times. Then the capacitors
		I.R.	<u>3000MΩ min.</u>	are applied to life test.
* "roo	om condition" Temper	Dielectric strength	Per item 3 C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atm	Front time $(T1) = 1.2 \mu s = 1.67T$ Time to half-value $(T2) = 50 \mu s$ 30 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

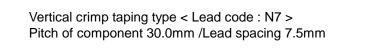
No.	1			ly					
	Item		Specification			Test n	nethod		
19	Temperature and	Appearance	No marked defect.					to 5 tempera	
	immersion cycle	Capacitance	Char. B : Within ±10%	cycles	, then co	onsecutively	to 2 imm	ersion cycle	5.
		change D.F.	Char. E, F : Within ±20%	<temr< th=""><th>erature</th><th>cvcle></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></temr<>	erature	cvcle>			
		U.F.	Char. B, E : 5.0% max. Char. F : 7.5% max.	10114			(0 C)	Time	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.		Step	Temperatu -40+3/	lre(°C)	Time 30 min	
		Dielectric	Per item 3		1 2	Room te		3 min	
		strength			3	+125+3	3/-0	30 min	
		•			4	Room te		3 min	
								ycle time : 5	cycle
				<imme< td=""><td>ersion cy</td><td>ycle></td><td>U,</td><td></td><td>cycic</td></imme<>	ersion cy	ycle>	U,		cycic
				Step	Temp	erature(°C)	Time	Immersio water	on
				1	+6	65+5/-0	15 min	water	
				2		0±3	15 min	water	
						85±2°C f * room c	or should for 1 h, th ondition f	ycle time : 2 be stored at en placed at or 24 ± 2 h.	
						24 h at *	room co	be stored for ndition.	4 to
* "ro	om condition" Tempe	rature: 15 to 35°	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%,	Atmospheric	c pressu	ure: 86 to 10	6kPa		

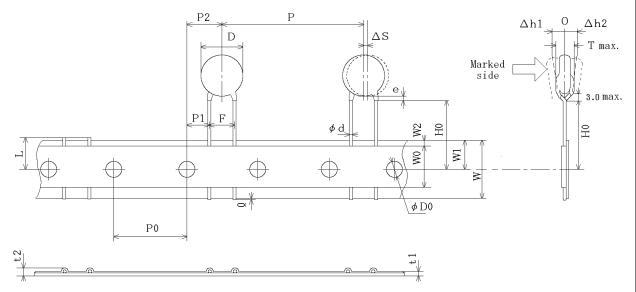




Unit : mm

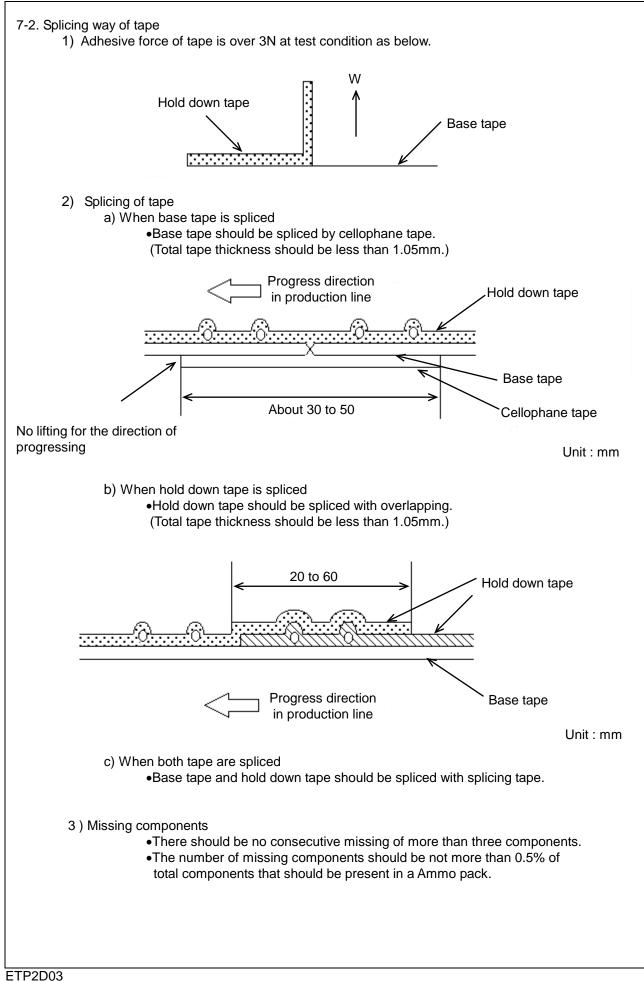
	1		
Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks
Pitch of component	Р	15.0±2.0	
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	15.0±0.3	
Lead spacing	F	7.5±1.0	
Length from hole center to component center	P2	7.5±1.5	
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.75±1.0	Deviation of progress direction
Body diameter	D	Please refer to [Part number list].
Deviation along tape, left or right	ΔS	0±2.0	They include deviation by lead bend .
Carrier tape width	W	18.0±0.5	
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0±0.5	Deviation of tape width direction
Lead distance between reference and bottom planes	H0	18.0± ^{2.0}	
Protrusion length	Q	+0.5~-1.0	
Diameter of sprocket hole	φD0	4.0±0.1	
Lead diameter	φd	0.60±0.05	
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6±0.3	
Total thickness, tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	They include hold down tape thickness.
Deviation across tape, front	∆h1		
Deviation across tape, rear	∆h2	2.0 max.	
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	$11.0\pm^{0}_{1.0}$	
Hold down tape width	W0	11.5 min.	
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5±1.5	
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of	crimp
Body thickness	Т	Please refer to [Part number list].





			Unit : mm
Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks
Pitch of component	Р	30.0±2.0	
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	15.0±0.3	
Lead spacing	F	7.5±1.0	
Length from hole center to component center	P2	7.5±1.5	
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.75±1.0	Deviation of progress direction
Body diameter	D	Please refer to [Part number list].
Deviation along tape, left or right	ΔS	0±2.0	They include deviation by lead bend.
Carrier tape width	W	18.0±0.5	
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0±0.5	Deviation of tape width direction
Lead distance between reference and bottom planes	HO	18.0± ^{2.0} ₀	
Protrusion length	Q	+0.5~-1.0	
Diameter of sprocket hole	φD0	4.0±0.1	
Lead diameter	φd	0.60±0.05	
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6±0.3	
Total thickness, tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	They include hold down tape thickness.
Deviation across tape, front	∆h1	0.0	
Deviation across tape, rear	∆h2	2.0 max.	
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0± ⁰ _{1.0}	
Hold down tape width	W0	11.5 min.	
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5±1.5	
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of	crimp
Body thickness	Т	Please refer to [Part number list].

ETP1N701A



EU RoHS

This products of the following crresponds to EU RoHS.

RoHS

maximum concentration values tolerated by weight in homogeneous materials

- •1000 ppm maximum Lead
- •1000 ppm maximum Mercury
- •100 ppm maximum Cadmium
- •1000 ppm maximum Hexavalent chromium
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
- •1000 ppm maximum Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)

X-ON Electronics

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 46KN333000M1M
 46KN347000M1M
 B32922D3334K189
 B32924C3824K189
 46KI3100DQM1M
 HUB2200-S
 HUB820-P
 BFC2

 33910103
 YV101103Z060HAND5P
 46KN3330JBM1K
 413N32200000M
 4631333000M1K
 46KF2470JBN0M
 46KF268000M1M

 46KF310000M1M
 46KI22205001M
 46KI24705201K
 46KI2470CK01M
 46KI2470ND01K
 46KI315000M2K

 46KI315000M2M
 46KI3150CKM2K
 46KI3150CKM2M
 46KI3150NDM2M
 46KI3220JLM1M
 46KN3150JH01K

 46KN34705001K
 46KN347050N0K
 46KN3470JHP0M
 46KN410040H1M
 46KW510050M1K
 474I24700003K
 PHE840MD6220MD13R30

 PHE840MY6470MD14R06
 PHE845VD5470MR06
 YV500103Z060B20X5P
 MKPX2R-1/400/10P27
 YP102271K050B20C6P

 YP102391K050BAND5P
 YP501101K040BAND5P
 YP102681K060B20C6P
 YP501121K040B20C6P
 YP102271K050B20C6P