

- Ideal for European 433.92 MHz Transmitters
- Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Surface-Mount Ceramic Case
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)



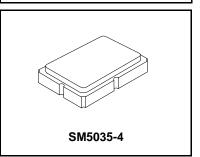
The RO3101A-1 is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount, ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 433.92 MHz. This SAW is designed specifically for remote-control and wireless security transmitters operating in Europe under ETSI I-ETS 300 220 and in Germany under FTZ 17 TR 2100.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum rutings						
Rating	Value	Units				
CW RF Power Dissipation (See: Typical Test Circuit)	+0	dBm				
DC voltage Between Terminals (Observe ESD Precautions)	±30	VDC				
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C				
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles max.)	260	°C				

RO3101A-1

433.92 MHz SAW Resonator



Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency (+25 °C)	Absolute Frequency	f _C	2,3,4,5	433.870		433.970	MHz
	Tolerance from 433.920 MHz	Δf_{C}	2,3,4,3			±50	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2,5,6		1.5	2.2	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q _U	5,6,7		9000		
	$50~\Omega$ Loaded Q	Q_L			1458		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T _O	6,7,8	10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O			f _C		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f _A	1		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance bet	ween Any Two Terminals		5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_{M}	5, 7, 9		19.4		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M			63.8		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C _M			2.11		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co	5, 6, 9		2.4		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L _{TEST}	2, 7		55.1		nH
Lid Symbolization (in addition	to Lot and/or Date Codes)	745 // YWWS					

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling. Notes:

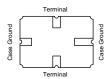
- Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.

 The center frequency, f_C, is measured at the minimum insertion loss point,
- IL_{MIN}, with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR \leq 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST}, is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C. Typically, f_{OSCILLATOR} or f_{TRANSMITTER} is approximately equal to the resonator f_C.
- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 5. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25$ °C±2°C.
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.

- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly 7.
- measured parameters: f_C , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C , and C_O . Turnover temperature, T_O , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: $f = f_O [1 - FTC (T_O - T_C)^2]$. Typically oscillator T_O is approximately equal to the specified resonator T_O.
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance Co is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as: $C_P \approx C_O - 0.05$ pF.
- Tape and Reel standard per ANSI / EIA 481.

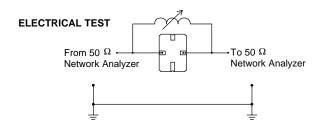
Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

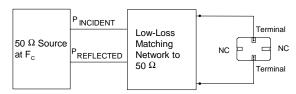


Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_{O} , at F_{C} .



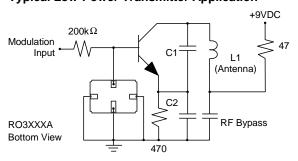
POWER TEST



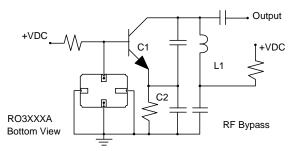
CW RF Power Dissipation = PINCIDENT - P REFLECTED

Typical Application Circuits

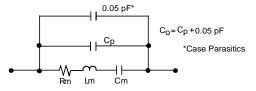
Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application



Typical Local Oscillator Applications

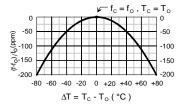


Equivalent LC Model



Temperature Characteristics

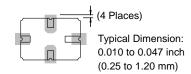
The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



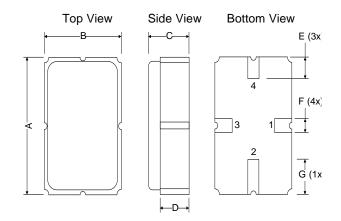
Typical Circuit Board Land Pattern

The circuit board land pattern shown below is one possible

design. The optimum land pattern is dependent on the circuit board assembly process which varies by manufacturer. The distance between adjacent land edges should be at a maximum to minimize parasitic capacitance. Trace lengths from terminal lands to other components should be short and wide to minimize parasitic series inductances.



Case Design



Dimension	Millimeters			Inches		
s	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
Α	4.87	5.0	5.13	.191	.196	.201
В	3.37	3.5	3.63	.132	.137	.142
С	1.45	1.53	1.60	.057	.060	.062
D	1.35	1.43	1.50	.040	.057	.059
Е	.67	.80	.93	.026	.031	.036
F	.37	.50	.63	.014	.019	.024
G	1.07	1.20	1.33	.042	.047	.052

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Resonators category:

Click to view products by Murata manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

B39431R820H210 CSAC2.00MGCM-TC ECS-HFR-40.00-B-TR CSTLS4M00G53Z-A0 ECS-CR2-16.00-A-TR ECS-HFR-20.00-B-TR ECS-CR2-20.00-A-TR RO3164E-3 CSTNE14M7V510000R0 7D038400I01 7B009843R01 NX2012SA 32.768KHZ STD-MUB-1 NX3215SA 32.768KHZ STD-MUS-2 7B009843M01 OZ26030001 Q22FA12800519 CSTCR4M00G55E-R0 XC32M4-37.400-F16NLDT CSTLS24M0X53-B0 AWSCR-10.00CELB-C10-T3 AWSCR-12.00CELA-C33-T3 AWSCR-2.00CPLB-C15-T4 AWSCR-3.58CPLA-C30-T4 AWSCR-3.58CPLB-C30-T4 AWSCR-4.00CPLA-C33-T4 AWSCR-4.00CPLB-C10-T4 AWSCR-4.00CRLA-C39-T3 AWSCR-4.19CPLA-C30-T4 AWSCR-4.19CRLA-C15-T3 AWSCR-4.19CRLB-C15-T3 AWSCR-4.91CRLB-C15-T3 AWSCR-5.00CPLA-C30-T4 AWSCR-5.00CPLA-C30-T4 AWSCR-5.00CPLA-C30-T4 AWSCR-7.37CPLB-C30-T4 AWSCR-5.00CRLA-C15-T3 AWSCR-5.00CRLB-C15-T3 AWSCR-7.37CPLA-C30-T4 AWSCR-7.37CPLB-C30-T4 AWSCR-7.37CPLB-C30-T4 9AC04194152080D2JB CSTCR4M91G55B-R0 CSTLS3M68G56-B0 FC-12M32.768KHZ9PF20PPM ASR433.42E-T ZTTCS8.00MT X1A000091000500 X1A0000910001 ECS-SR1-4.19-B-TR 7C024000HW1 7C012000IW1 7C012000IMV1