# 74LVC4T3144-Q100 4-bit dual supply buffer/line driver; 3-state Rev. 1 — 14 August 2017

**Product data sheet** 

#### **General description** 1

The 74LVC4T3144-Q100 is a 4-bit, dual-supply level translating buffer with 3-state outputs. It features four data inputs (An and B4), four data outputs (YBn and YA4), and an output enable input (OE). The device is configured to translate three inputs from  $V_{CC(A)}$  to  $V_{CC(B)}$  and one input from  $V_{CC(B)}$  to  $V_{CC(A)}$ .  $\overline{OE}$ , An and YA4 are referenced to  $V_{CC(A)}$  and YBn and B4 are referenced to  $V_{CC(B)}$ . A HIGH on  $\overline{OE}$  causes the outputs to assume a high-impedance OFF-state.

The device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I<sub>OFF</sub>. The I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry disables outputs, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In suspend mode when either  $V_{CC(A)}$  or  $V_{CC(B)}$  are at GND level, all outputs are in the high-impedance OFF-state.

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

#### **Features and benefits**

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
  - Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide supply voltage range:
  - V<sub>CC(A)</sub>: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
  - V<sub>CC(B)</sub>: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
- · High noise immunity
- · Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-11A (1.4 V to 1.6 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.65 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (2.3 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8C (3.0 V to 3.6 V)
  - JESD12-6 (4.5 V to 5.5 V)
- ESD protection:
  - MIL-STD-883, method 3015 exceeds 2000 V
  - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 4000 V
  - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- · Maximum data rates:
  - 200 Mbps (3.3 V to 5.0 V translation)
  - 140 Mbps (translate to 3.3 V))
  - 100 Mbps (translate to 2.5 V)
  - 75 Mbps (translate to 1.8 V)
  - 60 Mbps (translate to 1.5 V)
- Suspend mode



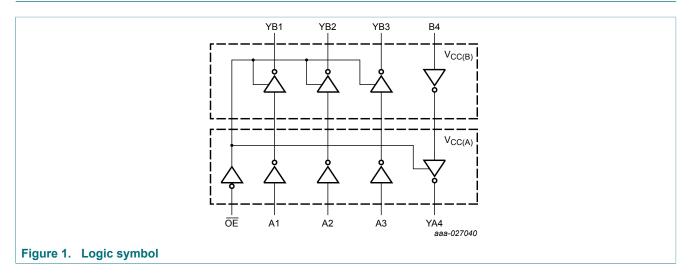
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78B Class II
- ±24 mA output drive (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V)
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- Low power consumption: 30 μA maximum I<sub>CC</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation

# 3 Ordering information

**Table 1. Ordering information** 

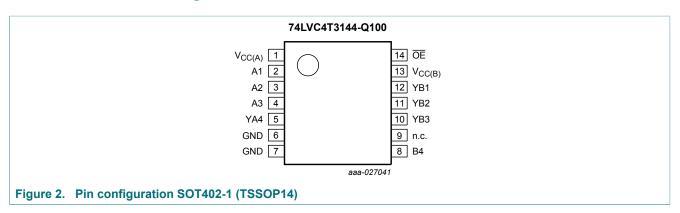
Type number	Package	Package					
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version			
74LVC4T3144PW-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP14	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 14 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT402-1			

# 4 Functional diagram



# **Pinning information**

## **Pinning**



## 5.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	1	supply voltage A (An inputs, YA4 output and $\overline{\text{OE}}$ input are referenced to $V_{\text{CC(A)}}$ )
A1, A2, A3	2, 3, 4	data input
YA4	5	data output
GND	6, 7	ground (0 V)
B4	8	data input
n.c.	9	not connected
YB3, YB2, YB1	10, 11, 12	data output
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	13	supply voltage B (YBn outputs and B4 input are referenced to V <sub>CC(B)</sub> )
ŌĒ	14	output enable input (active LOW)

# **Functional description**

Table 3. Function table [1]

Supply voltage	Control	Input	Output
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	OE <sup>[2]</sup>	An, B4 <sup>[2]</sup>	YBn, YA4 <sup>[2]</sup>
1.2 V to 5.5 V	L	L	L
1.2 V to 5.5 V	L	Н	Н
1.2 V to 5.5 V	Н	X	Z
GND <sup>[3]</sup>	X	X	Z

- H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.
- The An inputs, YA4 output and  $\overline{OE}$  input are referenced to  $V_{CC(A)}$ ; The YBn outputs and B4 input are referenced to  $V_{CC(B)}$ . If at least one of  $V_{CC(A)}$  or  $V_{CC(B)}$  is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode.

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# 7 Limiting values

#### Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	supply voltage A			-0.5	+6.5	V
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	supply voltage B			-0.5	+6.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V		-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage		[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V		-50	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	1] [2] [3]	-0.5	V <sub>CCO</sub> + 0.5	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	$V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CCO}$	[2]	-	±50	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	I <sub>CC(A)</sub> or I <sub>CC(B)</sub> ; per V <sub>CC</sub> pin		-	100	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current	per GND pin		-100	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C	[4]	-	500	mW

<sup>[1]</sup> The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

# 8 Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	supply voltage A		1.2	5.5	V
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	supply voltage B		1.2	5.5	V
VI	input voltage		0	5.5	V
V <sub>O</sub>	output voltage	Active mode [1]	0	V <sub>CCO</sub>	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	0	5.5	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V [2]	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	-	10	ns/V
l		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	5	ns/V

<sup>[1]</sup> V<sub>CCO</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

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<sup>[2]</sup>  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

<sup>[3]</sup>  $V_{CCO} + 0.5 \text{ V}$  should not exceed 6.5 V.

<sup>[4]</sup> For TSSOP14 package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly at 7.0 mW/K above 75 °C.

<sup>2]</sup> V<sub>CCI</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

# Static characteristics

#### Table 6. Typical static characteristics at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	YBn, YA4; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	[1]				
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.2 V		-	1.09	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	YBn, YA4; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>					
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.2 V	[1]	-	0.07	-	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	An, B4 and $\overline{OE}$ input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	[2]	-	-	±1	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	YBn, YA4; $V_O = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	-	±1	μΑ
		YBn, YA4; suspend mode; $V_O = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 5.5 \text{ V; } V_{CC(B)} = 0 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	-	±1	μΑ
		YBn, YA4; suspend mode; $V_O = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0 \text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC(B)} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	-	±1	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	A port; $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V		-	-	±1	μΑ
		B port; $V_I$ or $V_O$ = 0 V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	-	±1	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance	An, B4 and $\overline{OE}$ input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or 3.3 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 3.3 V		-	3	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	YBn, YA4 output; $V_O = 0 \text{ V or } 3.3 \text{ V};$ $\overline{\text{OE}}$ input = 3.3 V; $V_{\text{CC(A)}} = 3.3 \text{ V};$ $V_{\text{CC(B)}} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		-	6.5	-	pF

 $V_{\text{CCO}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.  $V_{\text{CCI}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

**Table 7. Static characteristics** 

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level	data input [1]					
	input voltage	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V	0.8V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.8V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.65V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.7V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	V
		OE input					
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V	0.8V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.8V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.65V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.7V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level	data input [1]					
	input voltage	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V	-	0.2V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.2V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		OE input					
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V	-	0.2V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.2V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.35V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.3V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level	$V_I = V_{IH}$					
	output voltage	$I_O = -100 \mu A;$ $V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}$	V <sub>CCO</sub> - 0.1	-	V <sub>CCO</sub> - 0.1	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -6 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.4 V	1.0	-	1.0	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -8 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.65 V	1.2	-	1.2	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -12 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 2.3 V	1.9	-	1.9	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -24 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.0 V	2.4	-	2.4	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -24 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	3.85	-	3.85	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -32 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	3.8	-	3.8	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level	$V_I = V_{IL}$	2]				
	output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.2 V to 4.5 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.4 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 12 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 2.3 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 24 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.0 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 24 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	-	0.50	-	0.50	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 32 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	$V_{O} = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCO};$ $V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	2] _	±2	-	±10	μА
		suspend mode; $V_O = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 5.5 \text{ V; } V_{CC(B)} = 0 \text{ V}$	2] _	±2	-	±10	μΑ
		suspend mode; $V_O = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0 \text{ V; } V_{CC(B)} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	2] _	±2	-	±10	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage	A port; $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	μΑ
	current	B port; $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(B)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	μА

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	o +125 °C	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	A port; $V_1 = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCI}$ ; $I_0 = 0 \text{ A}$ [1]					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	15	-	20	μΑ
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V	-	15	-	20	μΑ
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 5.5 V	-2	-	-4	-	μΑ
		B port; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CCI</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	15	-	20	μA
		V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.5 V	-2	-	-4	-	μA
		V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V	-	15	-	20	μA
		A plus B port ( $I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$ ); $I_O = 0$ A; $V_I = 0$ V or $V_{CCI}$					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	25	-	30	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 3.0 V to 5.5 V					
		OE input; OE input at V <sub>CC(A)</sub> - 0.6 V; A port at V <sub>CC(A)</sub> or GND; B port = open	-	50	-	75	μА
		A port; A port at V <sub>CC(A)</sub> - 0.6 V; B port = open	-	50	-	75	μA
		B port; B port at V <sub>CC(B)</sub> - 0.6 V; A port = open	-	50	-	75	μA

 $V_{\text{CCI}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the input port.  $V_{\text{CCO}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

# 10 Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Typical dynamic characteristics at  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 1.2 V and  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C <sup>[1]</sup>

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 5; for waveforms see Figure 3 and Figure 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$						
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	An to YBn	15.6	11.6	9.8	7.8	6.9	6.3	ns
		B4 to YA4	15.6	14.5	14.0	13.5	13.3	13.8	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	ns
		OE to YBn	11.9	9.2	8.7	7.4	7.7	6.8	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	ns
		OE to YBn	18.3	13.6	11.5	9.5	8.8	8.5	ns

<sup>[1]</sup>  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

Table 9. Typical dynamic characteristics at  $V_{CC(B)}$  = 1.2 V and  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C [1]

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 5; for waveforms see Figure 3 and Figure 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		$V_{CC(A)}$					
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	An to YBn	15.6	14.5	14.0	13.5	13.3	13.1	ns
		B4 to YA4	15.6	11.6	9.8	7.8	6.9	6.3	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	8.7	6.1	5.5	3.9	4.1	2.9	ns
		OE to YBn	11.9	10.5	9.9	9.2	8.9	8.4	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	17.5	11.6	9.0	5.7	4.6	3.8	ns
		OE to YBn	18.3	17.0	16.4	15.8	15.6	15.4	ns

<sup>[1]</sup>  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

Table 10. Typical power dissipation capacitance at  $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$  and  $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C^{[1][2]}$ 

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$						
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
	power dissipation capacitance	inputs An, B4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.3	pF
		outputs YBn, YA4	12	12	12	12	12	12	pF

[1]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ ).

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = load capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0)$  = sum of the outputs.  $f_1$  = 10 MHz;  $V_1$  = GND to  $V_{CC}$ ;  $t_r$  =  $t_f$  = 1 ns;  $C_L$  = 0 pF;  $R_L$  =  $\infty \Omega$ .

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Table 11. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C [1]

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 5; for waveforms see Figure 3 and Figure 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Vcc	(B)					Unit
			1.5 V:	±0.1 V	1.8 V±	0.15 V	2.5 V	±0.2 V	3.3 V:	±0.3 V	5.0 V:	±0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{CC(A)} = 1$	1.5 V ± 0.1 V												
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.7	20.7	1.6	17.1	1.3	12.9	1.1	11.1	1.0	9.5	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.7	20.7	1.6	19.8	1.6	19.0	1.5	18.5	1.5	18.3	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	1.3	11.6	1.3	11.6	1.3	11.6	1.3	11.6	1.3	11.6	ns
		OE to YBn	1.5	14.4	1.6	13.2	1.3	10.4	1.5	10.7	1.2	9.4	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	2.1	21.8	2.1	21.8	2.1	21.8	2.1	21.8	2.1	21.8	ns
		OE to YBn	2.1	22.2	1.8	18.4	1.5	14.2	1.3	12.5	1.2	11.4	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = $	1.8 V ± 0.15 V												
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.6	19.8	1.4	16.2	1.2	11.9	1.0	10.2	0.9	8.5	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.6	17.1	1.4	16.2	1.3	15.3	1.2	14.9	1.2	14.5	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	1.4	10.1	1.4	10.1	1.4	10.1	1.4	10.1	1.4	10.1	ns
		OE to YBn	1.4	13.7	1.5	12.3	1.2	9.5	1.4	9.7	1.1	8.2	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	1.8	17.2	1.8	17.2	1.8	17.2	1.8	17.2	1.8	17.2	ns
		OE to YBn	2.0	21.4	1.7	17.4	1.4	12.9	1.2	11.1	1.1	9.8	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 2$	2.5 V ± 0.2 V												
$t_{pd}$	propagation	An to YBn	1.6	19.0	1.3	15.3	1.0	11.0	0.9	9.1	0.7	7.2	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.3	12.9	1.2	11.9	1.0	11.0	0.9	10.6	0.9	10.2	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	0.9	7.2	0.9	7.2	0.9	7.2	0.9	7.2	0.9	7.2	ns
		OE to YBn	1.3	12.8	1.4	11.3	1.1	8.4	1.3	8.5	1.0	6.9	ns
$t_{en}$	enable time	OE to YA4	1.4	11.7	1.4	11.7	1.4	11.7	1.4	11.7	1.4	11.7	ns
		OE to YBn	2.0	20.8	1.6	16.6	1.3	11.9	1.2	9.9	1.0	8.2	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 3$	3.3 V ± 0.3 V												
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.5	18.5	1.2	14.9	0.9	10.6	8.0	8.5	0.7	6.6	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.1	11.1	1.0	10.2	0.9	9.1	0.8	8.5	0.7	8.1	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	1.1	7.2	1.1	7.2	1.1	7.2	1.1	7.2	1.1	7.2	ns
		OE to YBn	1.2	12.3	1.3	10.9	1.0	8.0	1.2	8.0	0.9	6.3	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	1.2	9.3	1.2	9.3	1.2	9.3	1.2	9.3	1.2	9.3	ns
		OE to YBn	2.0	20.4	1.7	16.5	1.4	11.5	1.2	9.4	1.0	7.5	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		V <sub>CC(B)</sub>					Unit				
			1.5 V:	t0.1 V	1.8 V±	0.15 V	2.5 V:	±0.2 V	3.3 V	±0.3 V	5.0 V	±0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{CC(A)} = 5$	5.0 V ± 0.5 V	<u>'</u>				-			1	-	1		
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.5	18.3	1.2	14.5	0.9	10.2	0.7	8.1	0.6	6.3	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.0	9.5	0.9	8.5	0.7	7.2	0.7	6.6	0.6	6.3	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	0.7	5.3	0.7	5.3	0.7	5.3	0.7	5.3	0.7	5.3	ns
		OE to YBn	1.2	12.0	1.3	10.5	0.9	7.6	1.2	7.6	0.8	5.8	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	1.1	7.0	1.1	7.0	1.1	7.0	1.1	7.0	1.1	7.0	ns
		OE to YBn	2.0	20.5	1.7	16.4	1.4	11.4	1.2	9.2	1.0	7.2	ns

 $<sup>[1] \</sup>hspace{0.5cm} t_{pd} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{is the same as } t_{PLH} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{and} \hspace{0.1cm} t_{PHL}; \hspace{0.1cm} t_{dis} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{is the same as } t_{PLZ} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{and} \hspace{0.1cm} t_{PHZ}; \hspace{0.1cm} t_{en} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{is the same as } t_{PZL} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{and} \hspace{0.1cm} t_{PZH}.$ 

Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C  $^{[1]}$ 

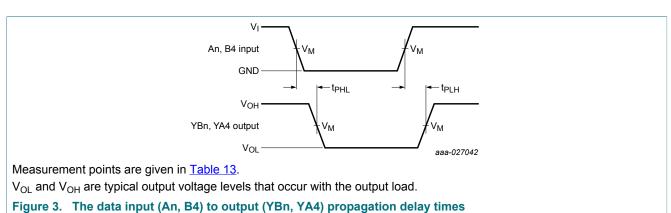
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 5; for waveforms see Figure 3 and Figure 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Vcc	(B)					Unit
			1.5 V:	1.5 V±0.1 V 1.8 V±0.15 V 2.5 V±0.2 V				3.3 V±0.3 V 5.0 V±0.5 V					
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{CC(A)} = 1$	1.5 V ± 0.1 V							1		1		-	•
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.7	22.0	1.6	18.3	1.3	14.0	1.1	12.2	1.0	10.5	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.7	22.0	1.6	21.0	1.6	20.1	1.5	19.5	1.5	19.4	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	1.3	12.8	1.3	12.8	1.3	12.8	1.3	12.8	1.3	12.8	ns
		OE to YBn	1.5	15.8	1.6	14.5	1.3	11.5	1.5	11.1	1.2	9.7	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	2.1	23.2	2.1	23.2	2.1	23.2	2.1	23.2	2.1	23.2	ns
		OE to YBn	2.1	23.6	1.8	19.6	1.5	15.4	1.3	13.7	1.2	12.6	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 1$	I.8 V ± 0.15 V												
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.6	21.0	1.4	17.4	1.2	13.0	1.0	11.2	0.9	9.3	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.6	18.3	1.4	17.4	1.3	16.4	1.2	16.0	1.2	15.6	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	1.4	11.2	1.4	11.2	1.4	11.2	1.4	11.2	1.4	11.2	ns
		OE to YBn	1.4	15.2	1.5	13.5	1.2	10.5	1.4	10.0	1.1	8.5	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	1.8	18.4	1.8	18.4	1.8	18.4	1.8	18.4	1.8	18.4	ns
		OE to YBn	2.0	22.7	1.7	18.7	1.4	14.1	1.2	12.2	1.1	10.8	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Vcc	(B)					Unit
			1.5 V:	£0.1 V	1.8 V±	0.15 V	2.5 V	±0.2 V	3.3 V:	±0.3 V	5.0 V	±0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	-
$V_{CC(A)} = 2$	2.5 V ± 0.2 V												
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.6	20.1	1.3	16.4	1.0	11.9	0.9	9.9	0.7	7.9	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.3	14.0	1.2	13.0	1.0	11.9	0.9	11.5	0.9	11.1	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	0.9	8.0	0.9	8.0	0.9	8.0	0.9	8.0	0.9	8.0	ns
		OE to YBn	1.3	14.0	1.4	12.5	1.1	9.3	1.3	9.3	1.0	7.5	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	1.4	12.7	1.4	12.7	1.4	12.7	1.4	12.7	1.4	12.7	ns
		OE to YBn	2.0	22.0	1.6	17.9	1.3	13.0	1.2	10.8	1.0	9.0	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 3$	3.3 V ± 0.3 V												
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.5	19.5	1.2	16.0	0.9	11.5	0.8	9.3	0.7	7.3	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.1	12.2	1.0	11.2	0.9	9.9	0.8	9.3	0.7	8.8	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	1.1	7.8	1.1	7.8	1.1	7.8	1.1	7.8	1.1	7.8	ns
		OE to YBn	1.2	13.6	1.3	12.1	1.0	8.8	1.2	8.3	0.9	6.5	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	1.2	10.1	1.2	10.1	1.2	10.1	1.2	10.1	1.2	10.1	ns
		OE to YBn	2.0	21.6	1.7	17.5	1.4	12.6	1.2	10.3	1.0	8.3	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	5.0 V ± 0.5 V	·											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to YBn	1.5	19.4	1.2	15.6	0.9	11.1	0.7	8.8	0.6	6.8	ns
	delay	B4 to YA4	1.0	10.5	0.9	9.3	0.7	7.9	0.7	7.3	0.6	6.8	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to YA4	0.7	5.7	0.7	5.7	0.7	5.7	0.7	5.7	0.7	5.7	ns
		OE to YBn	1.2	13.3	1.3	11.7	0.9	8.4	1.2	7.9	0.8	6.0	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to YA4	1.1	7.7	1.1	7.7	1.1	7.7	1.1	7.7	1.1	7.7	ns
		OE to YBn	2.0	21.7	1.7	17.4	1.4	12.5	1.2	10.1	1.0	7.9	ns

<sup>[1]</sup>  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

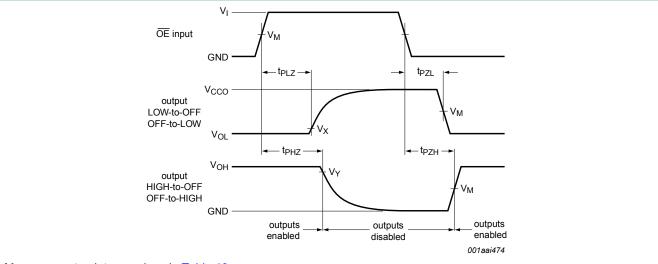
#### 10.1 Waveforms and test circuit



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Measurement points are given in Table 13.

 $V_{\text{OL}}$  and  $V_{\text{OH}}$  are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

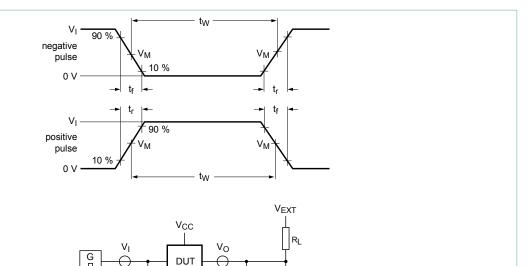
Figure 4. Enable and disable times

Table 13. Measurement points

rabio ioi moacaromoi								
Supply voltage	Input <sup>[1]</sup>	Output [2]	Output [2]					
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>Y</sub>				
1.2 V to 1.6 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.1 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.1 V				
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.15 V				
3.0 V to 5.5 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.3 V				

<sup>[1]</sup> V<sub>CCI</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

<sup>[2]</sup>  $V_{\text{CCO}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.



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Test data is given in Table 14.

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance.

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance.

V<sub>EXT</sub> = External voltage for measuring switching times.

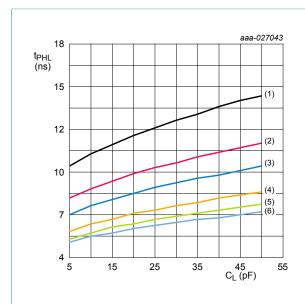
Figure 5. Test circuit for measuring switching times

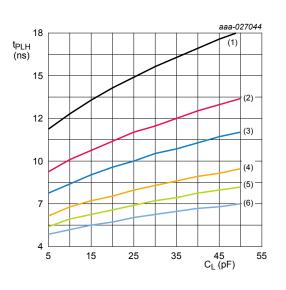
Table 14. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load		V <sub>EXT</sub>			
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V <sub>I</sub> <sup>[1]</sup>	Δt/ΔV <sup>[2]</sup>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub> [3]	
1.2 V to 5.5 V	V <sub>CCI</sub>	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	2 x V <sub>CCO</sub>	

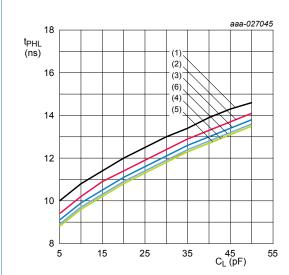
- $\ensuremath{\text{V}_{\text{CCI}}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the input port.
- [2] [3]  $dV/dt \ge 1.0 V/ns$ .
- $\ensuremath{V_{\text{CCO}}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

# 10.2 Typical propagation delay characteristics

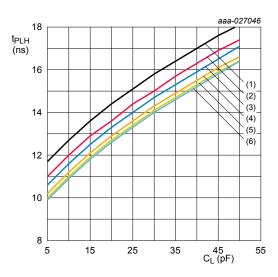




a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (An to YBn)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (An to YBn)



d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B4 to YA4)

c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B4 to YA4)

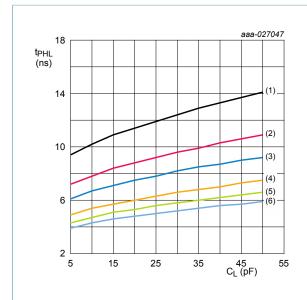
- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

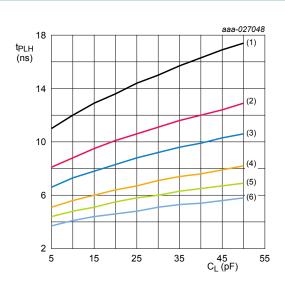
Figure 6. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 1.2 V

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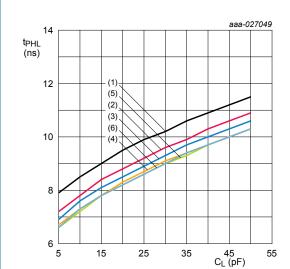
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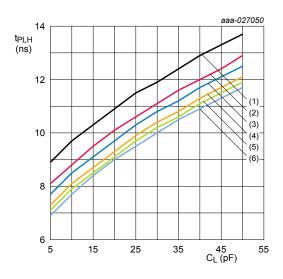




a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (An to YBn)



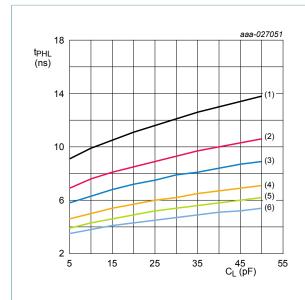
b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (An to YBn)

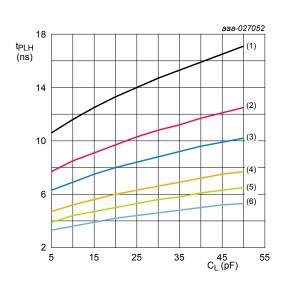


d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B4 to YA4)

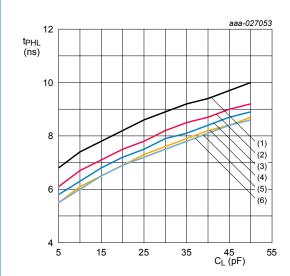
- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

Figure 7. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 1.5 V

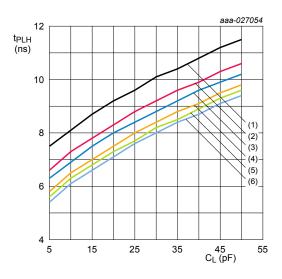




a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (An to YBn)



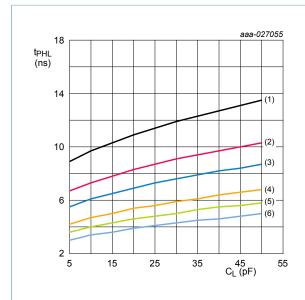
b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (An to YBn)

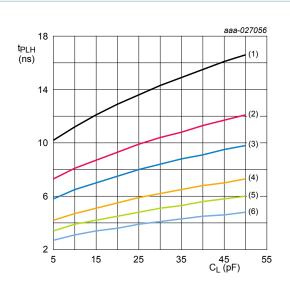


d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B4 to YA4)

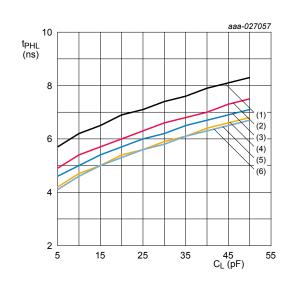
- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

Figure 8. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 1.8 V

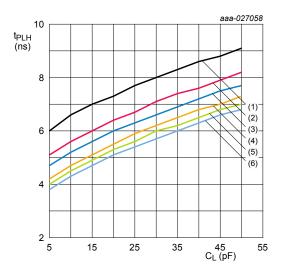




a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (An to YBn)



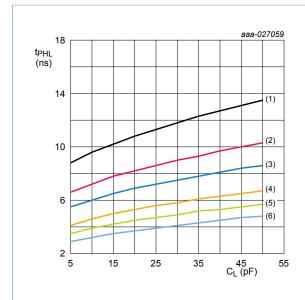
b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (An to YBn)

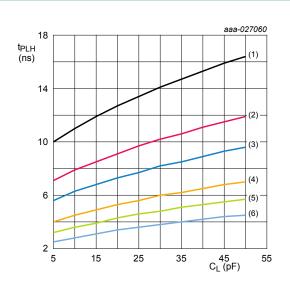


d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B4 to YA4)

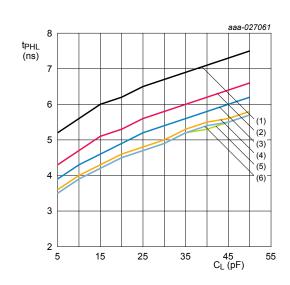
- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

Figure 9. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 2.5 V

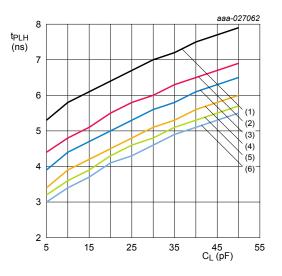




a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (An to YBn)



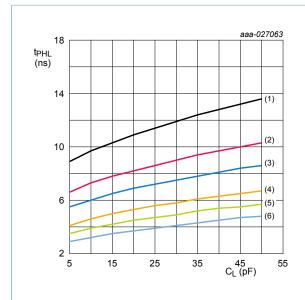
b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (An to YBn)

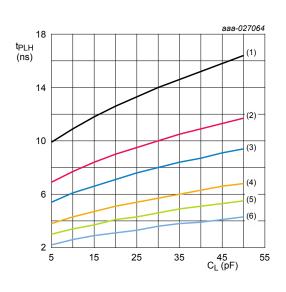


d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B4 to YA4)

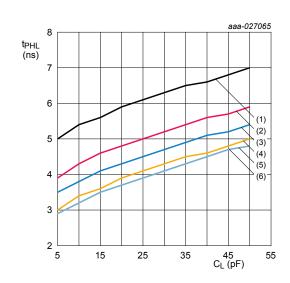
- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

Figure 10. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C; V<sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V

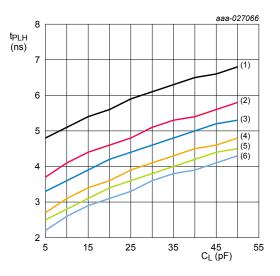




a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (An to YBn)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (An to YBn)



d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B4 to YA4)

- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

Figure 11. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 5 V

# 11 Application information

# 11.1 Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

The circuit given in <u>Figure 12</u> is an example of the 74LVC4T3144-Q100 being used in an unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

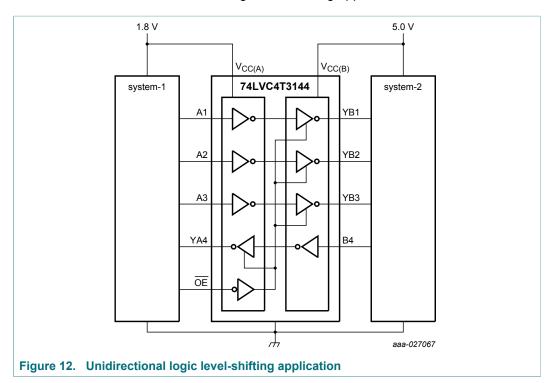


Table 15. Description unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Name	Description
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage of system-1 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage of system-2 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
A1, A2, A3	input level depends on V <sub>CC(A)</sub> voltage
YA4	output level depends on V <sub>CC(A)</sub> voltage
YB1, YB2, YB3	output level depends on V <sub>CC(B)</sub> voltage
B4	input level depends on V <sub>CC(B)</sub> voltage
ŌĒ	input level depends on V <sub>CC(A)</sub> voltage
GND	device GND

# 11.2 Power-up considerations

The device is designed such that no special power-up sequence is required other than GND being applied first.

Table 16. Typical total supply current  $(I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)})$ 

V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>		,	, ,				Unit
	0 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
0 V	0	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μΑ
1.2 V	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	1	μΑ
1.5 V	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μΑ
1.8 V	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μΑ
2.5 V	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μΑ
3.3 V	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μΑ
5.0 V	< 1	1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μΑ

# 12 Package outline

# TSSOP14: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 14 leads; body width 4.4 mm SOT402-1 = v M A Q pin 1 index detail X - ( w (M) е 5 mm **DIMENSIONS** (mm are the original dimensions) UNIT $D^{(1)}$ $E^{(2)}$ $H_{\mathsf{E}}$ Q $Z^{(1)}$ θ L С е у max. 1.1 0.65 0.2 0.1 0.13 mm 0.25 0.80 0.19

- Notes
  1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	ENCES	EUROPEAN ISSUE DA			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA	PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE		
SOT402-1		MO-153			<del>99-12-27</del> 03-02-18		

Figure 13. Package outline SOT402-1 (TSSOP14)

74LVC4T3144\_Q100

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# 13 Abbreviations

#### Table 17. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model

# 14 Revision history

#### Table 18. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LVC4T3144_Q100 v.1	20170814	Product data sheet	-	-

# 15 Legal information

#### 15.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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# 74LVC4T3144-Q100

4-bit dual supply buffer/line driver; 3-state

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