

74LVC8T245; 74LVCH8T245

8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Rev. 5 — 29 April 2021

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74LVC8T245; 74LVCH8T245 are 8-bit dual supply translating transceivers with 3-state outputs that enable bidirectional level translation. They feature two data input-output ports (pins An and Bn), a direction control input (DIR), an output enable input (\overline{OE}) and dual supply pins ($V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$). Both $V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$ can be supplied at any voltage between 1.2 V and 5.5 V making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5.0 V). Pins An, \overline{OE} and DIR are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ and pins Bn are referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$. A HIGH on DIR allows transmission from An to Bn and a LOW on DIR allows transmission from Bn to An. The output enable input (\overline{OE}) can be used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated.

The devices are fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF} . The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In suspend mode when either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ are at GND level, both A port and B port are in the high-impedance OFF-state.

Active bus hold circuitry in the 74LVCH8T245 holds unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range:
 - $V_{CC(A)}$: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
 - $V_{CC(B)}$: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
 - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
 - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
 - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
 - JESD36 (4.5 V to 5.5 V)
- ESD protection:
 - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 4000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-B exceeds 200 V
 - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Maximum data rates:
 - 420 Mbps (3.3 V to 5.0 V translation)
 - 210 Mbps (translate to 3.3 V)
 - 140 Mbps (translate to 2.5 V)
 - 75 Mbps (translate to 1.8 V)
 - 60 Mbps (translate to 1.5 V)
- Suspend mode
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78B Class II
- ± 24 mA output drive ($V_{CC} = 3.0$ V)
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- Low power consumption: 30 μ A maximum I_{CC}
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LVC8T245PW	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP24	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 24 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT355-1
74LVCH8T245PW				
74LVC8T245BQ	-40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN24	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 24 terminals; body 3.5 × 5.5 × 0.85 mm	SOT815-1
74LVCH8T245BQ				
74LVC8T245BZ	-40 °C to +125 °C	DHXQFN24	plastic, leadless dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced extreme thin quad flat package; no leads; 24 terminals; 0.4 mm pitch; body 2 mm × 4 mm × 0.48 mm	SOT8024-1

4. Functional diagram

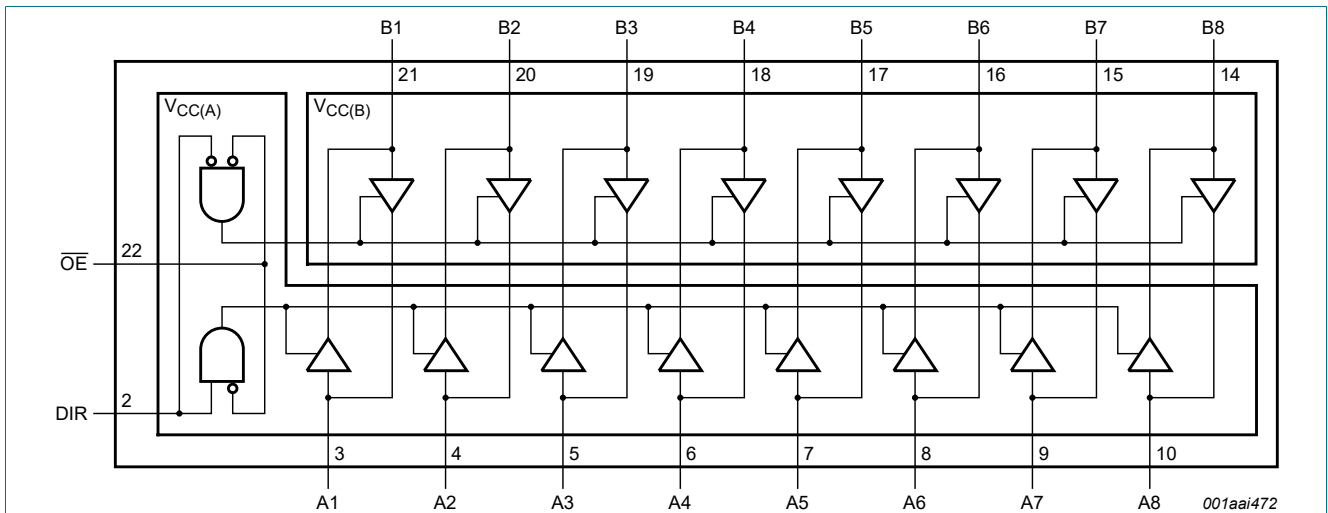


Fig. 1. Logic symbol

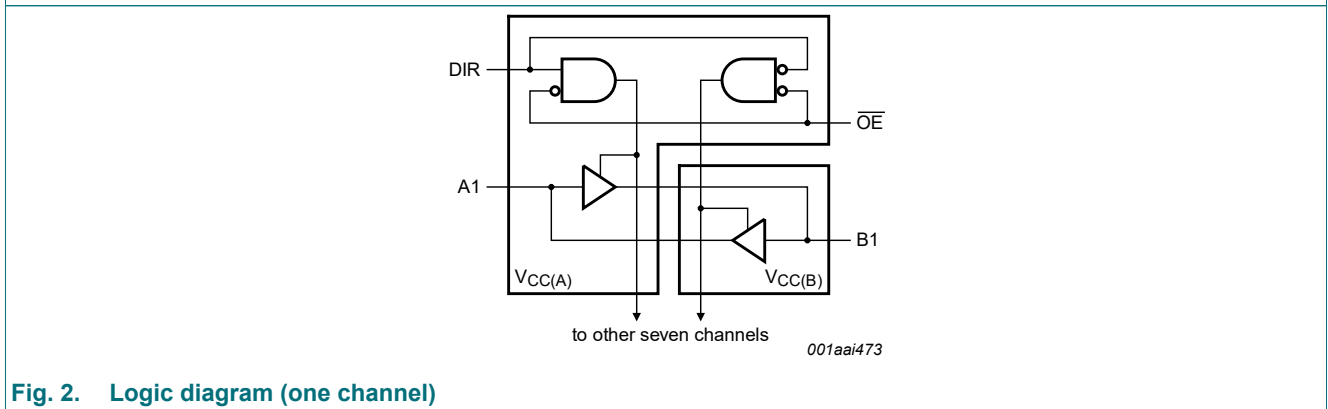
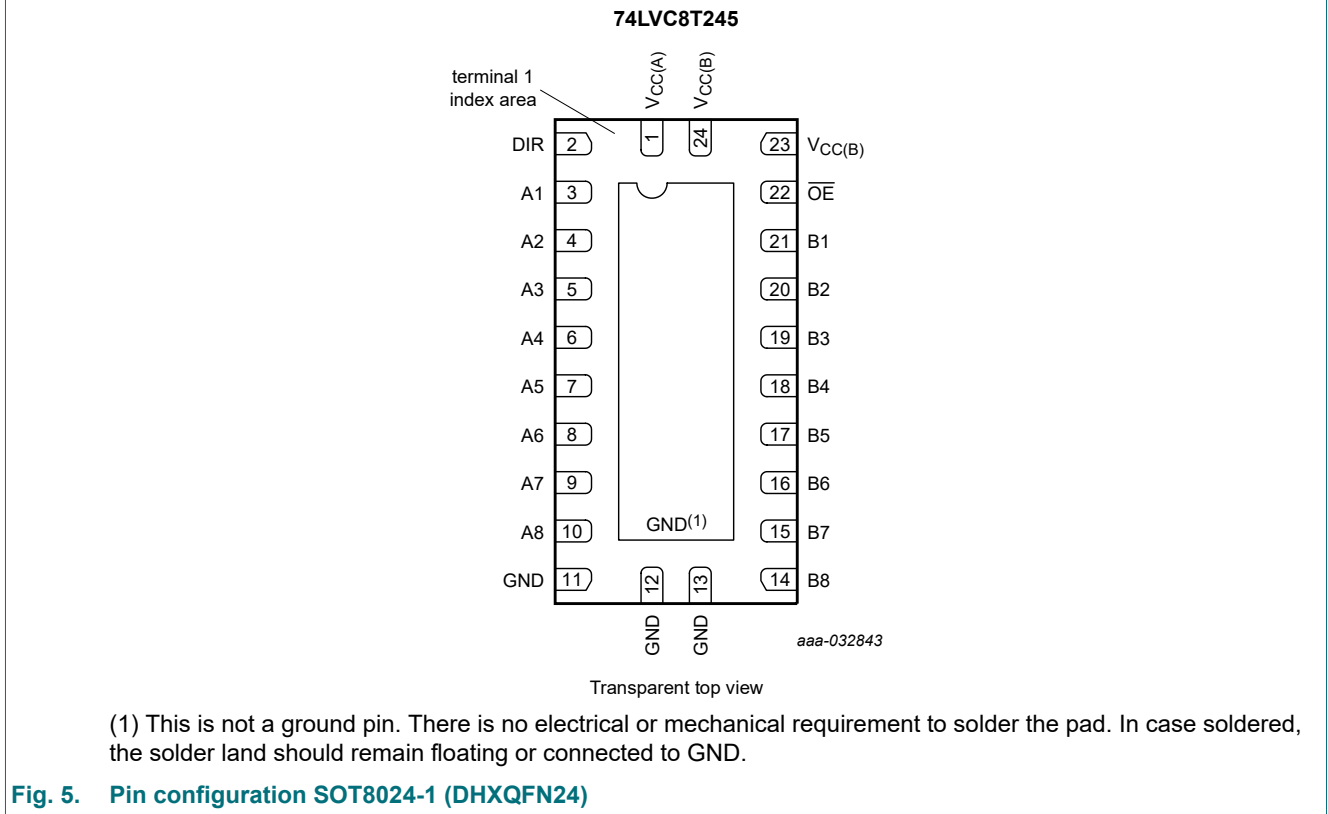
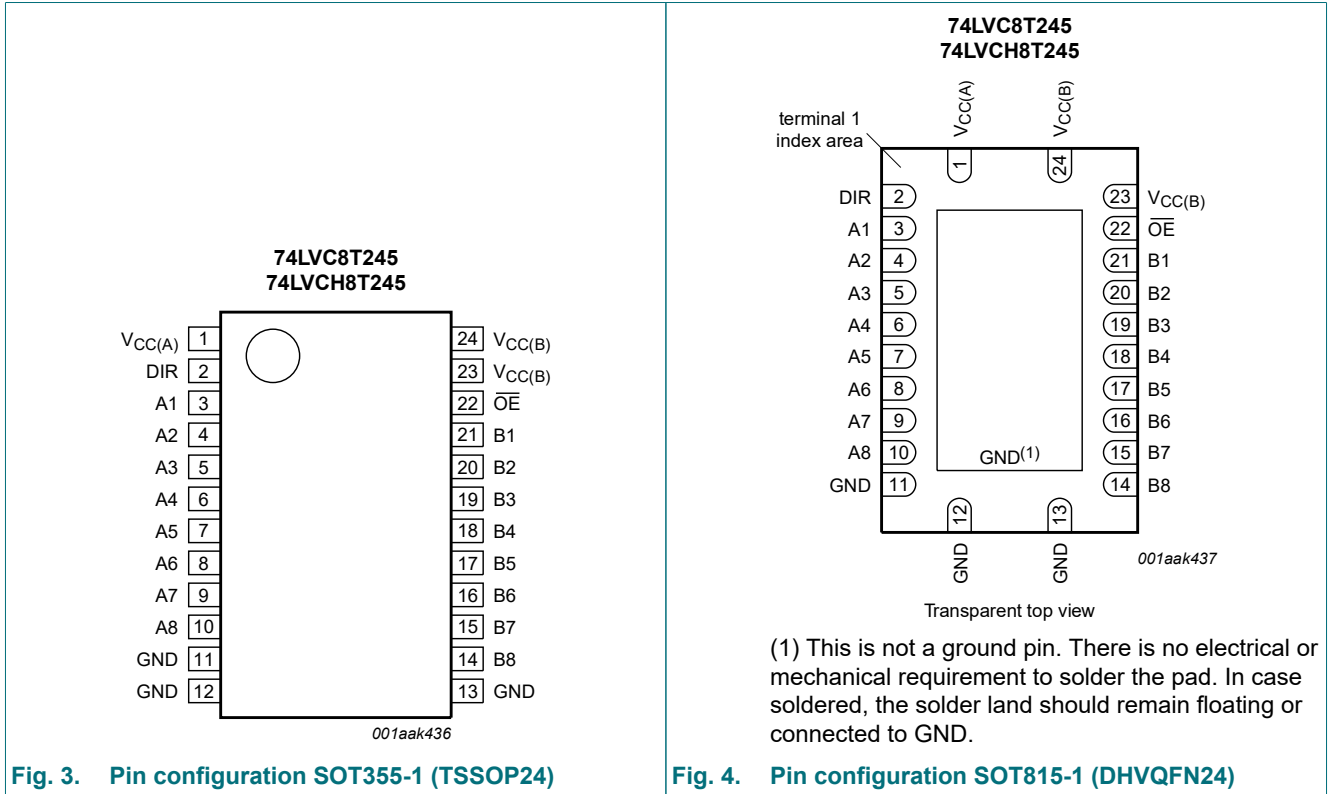


Fig. 2. Logic diagram (one channel)

5. Pinning information

5.1. Pinning



5.2. Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
$V_{CC(A)}$	1	supply voltage A (An inputs/outputs, \overline{OE} and DIR inputs are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
DIR	2	direction control
A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A8	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	data input or output
GND [1]	11, 12, 13	ground (0 V)
B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8	21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14	data input or output
\overline{OE}	22	output enable input (active LOW)
$V_{CC(B)}$	23, 24	supply voltage B (Bn inputs/outputs are referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)

[1] All GND pins must be connected to ground (0 V).

6. Functional description

Table 3. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Supply voltage	Input		Input/output [1]	
	\overline{OE} [2]	DIR [2]	An [2]	Bn [2]
1.2 V to 5.5 V	L	L	An = Bn	input
1.2 V to 5.5 V	L	H	input	Bn = An
1.2 V to 5.5 V	H	X	Z	Z
GND [1]	X	X	Z	Z

[1] If at least one of $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode.

[2] The An inputs/outputs, DIR and \overline{OE} input circuit is referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$; The Bn inputs/outputs circuit is referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$.

7. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		-0.5	+6.5	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B		-0.5	+6.5	V
I_{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
V_I	input voltage	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I_{OK}	output clamping current	$V_O < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
V_O	output voltage	Active mode [1] [2] [3]	-0.5	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode [1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I_O	output current	$V_O = 0$ V to V_{CCO} [2]	-	± 50	mA
I_{CC}	supply current	$I_{CC(A)}$ or $I_{CC(B)}$; per V_{CC} pin	-	100	mA
I_{GND}	ground current	per GND pin	-100	-	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to $+125$ °C			
		SOT355-1; SOT815-1 [4]	-	500	mW
		SOT8024-1	-	250	mW

[1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3] $V_{CCO} + 0.5$ V should not exceed 6.5 V.

[4] For SOT355-1 (TSSOP24) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 12.4 mW/K above 110 °C.
For SOT815-1 (DHVQFN24) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 15.0 mW/K above 117 °C.

8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		1.2	5.5	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B		1.2	5.5	V
V_I	input voltage		0	5.5	V
V_O	output voltage	Active mode [1]	0	V_{CCO}	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	0	5.5	V
T_{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V [2]	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 1.4$ V to 1.95 V	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 3$ V to 3.6 V	-	10	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	-	5	ns/V

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

9. Static characteristics

Table 6. Typical static characteristics at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} [1]				
		$I_O = -3\text{ mA}$; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$	-	1.09	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}				
		$I_O = 3\text{ mA}$; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [1]	-	0.07	-	V
I_I	input leakage current	DIR, \overline{OE} input; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V ; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V [2]	-	-	± 1	μA
I_{BHL}	bus hold LOW current	A or B port; $V_I = 0.42\text{ V}$; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [2]	-	19	-	μA
I_{BHH}	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port; $V_I = 0.78\text{ V}$; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [2]	-	-19	-	μA
I_{BHLO}	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [2] [3]	-	19	-	μA
I_{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [2] [3]	-	-19	-	μA
I_{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V [1]	-	-	± 1	μA
		suspend mode A port; $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = 5.5\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0\text{ V}$ [1]	-	-	± 1	μA
		suspend mode B port; $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 5.5\text{ V}$ [1]	-	-	± 1	μA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V_I or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	-	-	± 1	μA
		B port; V_I or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V ; $V_{CC(B)} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	-	-	± 1	μA
C_I	input capacitance	DIR, \overline{OE} input; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ or 3.3 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	3	-	pF
$C_{I/O}$	input/output capacitance	A and B port; $V_O = 3.3\text{ V}$ or 0 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	6.5	-	pF

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I_{BHLO} / I_{BHHO} when the input is in the range V_{IL} to V_{IH} .

Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	data input [1]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	0.8V _{CCI}	-	0.8V _{CCI}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V _{CCI}	-	0.65V _{CCI}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V _{CCI}	-	0.7V _{CCI}	-	V
		DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ input					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	0.8V _{CC(A)}	-	0.8V _{CC(A)}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V _{CC(A)}	-	0.7V _{CC(A)}	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	data input [1]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	-	0.2V _{CCI}	-	0.2V _{CCI}	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V _{CCI}	-	0.35V _{CCI}	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V _{CCI}	-	0.3V _{CCI}	V
		DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ input					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	-	0.2V _{CC(A)}	-	0.2V _{CC(A)}	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V _{CC(A)}	-	0.35V _{CC(A)}	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V _{CC(A)}	-	0.3V _{CC(A)}	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH}					
		I _O = -100 μ A; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 4.5 V [2]	V _{CCO} - 0.1	-	V _{CCO} - 0.1	-	V
		I _O = -6 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	1.0	-	1.0	-	V
		I _O = -8 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	1.2	-	1.2	-	V
		I _O = -12 mA; V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	1.9	-	1.9	-	V
		I _O = -24 mA; V _{CCO} = 3.0 V	2.4	-	2.4	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} [2]					
		I _O = 100 μ A; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 4.5 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 6 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I _O = 8 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I _O = 12 mA; V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I _O = 24 mA; V _{CCO} = 3.0 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
I _I	input leakage current	DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ input; V _I = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	± 2	-	± 10	μ A

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{BHL}	bus hold LOW current	A or B port [1]					
		V _I = 0.49 V; V _{CCI} = 1.4 V	15	-	10	-	μA
		V _I = 0.58 V; V _{CCI} = 1.65 V	25	-	20	-	μA
		V _I = 0.70 V; V _{CCI} = 2.3 V	45	-	45	-	μA
		V _I = 0.80 V; V _{CCI} = 3.0 V	100	-	80	-	μA
	V _I = 1.35 V; V _{CCI} = 4.5 V	100	-	100	-	μA	
I _{BHH}	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port [1]					
		V _I = 0.91 V; V _{CCI} = 1.4 V	-15	-	-10	-	μA
		V _I = 1.07 V; V _{CCI} = 1.65 V	-25	-	-20	-	μA
		V _I = 1.70 V; V _{CCI} = 2.3 V	-45	-	-45	-	μA
		V _I = 2.00 V; V _{CCI} = 3.0 V	-100	-	-80	-	μA
	V _I = 3.15 V; V _{CCI} = 4.5 V	-100	-	-100	-	μA	
I _{BHLO}	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port [1] [3]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.6 V	125	-	125	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 1.95 V	200	-	200	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 2.7 V	300	-	300	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 3.6 V	500	-	500	-	μA
	V _{CCI} = 5.5 V	900	-	900	-	μA	
I _{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port [1] [3]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.6 V	-125	-	-125	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 1.95 V	-200	-	-200	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 2.7 V	-300	-	-300	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 3.6 V	-500	-	-500	-	μA
	V _{CCI} = 5.5 V	-900	-	-900	-	μA	
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V [2]	-	±2	-	±10	μA
		suspend mode A port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CC(A)} = 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V [2]	-	±2	-	±10	μA
		suspend mode B port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V [2]	-	±2	-	±10	μA
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	μA
		B port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{CC}	supply current	A port; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; I _O = 0 A [1]					
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	15	-	20	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V	-	15	-	20	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V	-2	-	-4	-	μA
		B port; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; I _O = 0 A					
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	15	-	20	μA
		V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 5.5 V	-2	-	-4	-	μA
		V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V	-	15	-	20	μA
ΔI _{CC}	additional supply current	A plus B port (I _{CC(A)} + I _{CC(B)}); I _O = 0 A; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI}					
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	25	-	30	μA
		per input; V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V					
		DIR and OE input; DIR or OE input at V _{CC(A)} - 0.6 V; A port at V _{CC(A)} or GND; B port = open	-	50	-	75	μA
		A port; A port at V _{CC(A)} - 0.6 V; DIR at V _{CC(A)} ; B port = open [4]	-	50	-	75	μA
		B port; B port at V _{CC(B)} - 0.6 V; DIR at GND; A port = open [4]	-	50	-	75	μA

- [1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
- [2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
- [3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I_{BHLO} / I_{BHHO} when the input is in the range V_{IL} to V_{IH}.
- [4] For non bus hold parts only (74LVC8T245).

10. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Typical dynamic characteristics at V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for wave forms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}						Unit
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t _{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	11.0	8.5	7.4	6.2	5.7	5.4	ns
		Bn to An	11.0	10.0	9.5	9.1	8.9	8.9	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to An	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	ns
		OE to Bn	10.2	8.2	7.8	6.7	7.3	6.4	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to An	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	ns
		OE to Bn	13.6	10.3	8.9	7.5	7.1	7.0	ns

- [1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ}; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH}.

Table 9. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for wave forms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$					Unit	
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V		5.0 V
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	11.0	10.0	9.5	9.1	8.9	8.8	ns
		Bn to An	11.0	8.5	7.3	6.2	5.7	5.4	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	9.5	6.8	5.4	3.8	4.1	3.1	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	10.2	9.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.8	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	13.5	9.0	6.9	4.8	3.8	3.2	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	13.6	12.5	12.0	11.5	11.4	11.4	ns

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

Table 10. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). [1] [2]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$				Unit
			1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	A port: (direction A to B); B port: (direction B to A)	1	1	1	2	pF
		A port: (direction B to A); B port: (direction A to B)	13	13	13	13	pF

[1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

C_L = load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

$\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

[2] $f_i = 10\text{ MHz}$; $V_i = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; $t_r = t_f = 1\text{ ns}$; $C_L = 0\text{ pF}$; $R_L = \infty\ \Omega$.

Table 11. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{CC(A)} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.7	27	1.7	23	1.3	18	1.0	15	0.8	13	ns
		Bn to An	0.9	27	0.9	25	0.8	23	0.7	23	0.7	22	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.5	30	1.5	30	1.5	30	1.5	30	1.4	30	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.4	34	2.4	33	1.9	15	1.7	14	1.3	12	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.4	34	0.4	34	0.4	34	0.4	34	0.4	34	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.8	36	1.8	34	1.5	18	1.2	15	0.9	13	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.7	25	1.7	21.9	1.3	9.2	1.0	7.4	0.8	7.1	ns
		Bn to An	0.9	23	0.9	23.8	0.8	23.6	0.7	23.4	0.7	23.4	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.5	30	1.5	29.6	1.5	29.4	1.5	29.3	1.4	29.2	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.4	33	2.4	32.2	1.9	13.1	1.7	12.0	1.3	10.3	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.4	24	0.4	24.0	0.4	23.8	0.4	23.7	0.4	23.7	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.8	34	1.8	32.0	1.5	16.0	1.2	12.6	0.9	10.8	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.5	23	1.5	21.4	1.2	9.0	0.8	6.2	0.6	4.8	ns
		Bn to An	1.2	18	1.2	9.3	1.0	9.1	1.0	8.9	0.9	8.8	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.4	9.0	1.4	9.0	1.4	9.0	1.4	9.0	1.4	9.0	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.3	31	2.3	29.6	1.8	11.0	1.7	9.3	0.9	6.9	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.0	10.9	1.0	10.9	1.0	10.9	1.0	10.9	1.0	10.9	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.7	32	1.7	28.2	1.5	12.9	1.2	9.4	1.0	6.9	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.5	23	1.5	21.2	1.1	8.8	0.8	6.3	0.5	4.4	ns
		Bn to An	0.8	15	0.8	7.2	0.8	6.2	0.7	6.1	0.6	6.0	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.6	8.2	1.6	8.2	1.6	8.2	1.6	8.2	1.6	8.2	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.1	30	2.1	29.0	1.7	10.3	1.5	8.6	0.8	6.3	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.8	8.1	0.8	8.1	0.8	8.1	0.8	8.1	0.8	8.1	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.8	31	1.8	27.7	1.4	12.4	1.1	8.5	0.9	6.4	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.5	22	1.5	21.4	1.0	8.8	0.7	6.0	0.4	4.2	ns
		Bn to An	0.7	13	0.7	7.0	0.4	4.8	0.3	4.5	0.3	4.3	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.3	5.4	0.3	5.4	0.3	5.4	0.3	5.4	0.3	5.4	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.0	30	2.0	28.7	1.6	9.7	1.4	8.0	0.7	5.7	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.7	6.4	0.7	6.4	0.7	6.4	0.7	6.4	0.7	6.4	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.5	31	1.5	27.6	1.3	11.4	1.0	8.1	0.9	6.0	ns

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

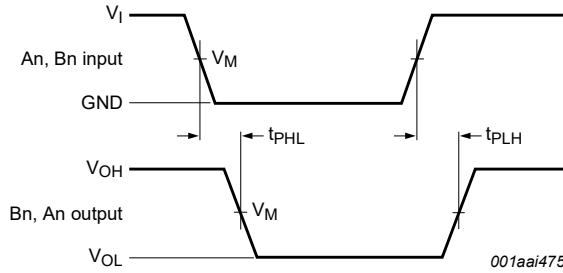
Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{CC(A)} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.7	32	1.7	27	1.3	21	1.0	18	0.8	16	ns
		Bn to An	0.9	32	0.9	30	0.8	28	0.7	28	0.7	26	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.5	34	1.5	34	1.5	34	1.5	34	1.4	34	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.4	41	2.4	40	1.9	18	1.7	17	1.3	15	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.4	40	0.4	40	0.4	40	0.4	40	0.4	40	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.8	43	1.8	41	1.5	22	1.2	18	0.9	16	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.7	30	1.7	25.9	1.3	13.2	1.0	11.4	0.8	11.1	ns
		Bn to An	0.9	27	0.9	28.8	0.8	27.6	0.7	27.4	0.7	27.4	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.5	34	1.5	33.6	1.5	33.4	1.5	33.3	1.4	33.2	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.4	40	2.4	36.2	1.9	17.1	1.7	16.0	1.3	14.3	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.4	28	0.4	28	0.4	27.8	0.4	27.7	0.4	27.7	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.8	41	1.8	40	1.5	20	1.2	16.6	0.9	14.8	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.5	28	1.5	25.4	1.2	13	0.8	10.2	0.6	8.8	ns
		Bn to An	1.2	23	1.2	13.3	1.0	13.1	1.0	12.9	0.9	12.8	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.4	13	1.4	13	1.4	13	1.4	13	1.4	13	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.3	37	2.3	33.6	1.8	15	1.7	14.3	0.9	10.9	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.0	17.2	1.0	17.2	1.0	17.3	1.0	17.2	1.0	17.3	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.7	38	1.7	32.2	1.5	18.1	1.2	14.1	1.0	11.2	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.5	28	1.5	25.2	1.1	12.8	0.8	10.3	0.5	10.4	ns
		Bn to An	0.8	18	0.8	11.2	0.8	10.2	0.7	10.1	0.6	10	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	1.6	12.2	1.6	12.2	1.6	12.2	1.6	12.2	1.6	12.2	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.1	36	2.1	33	1.7	14.3	1.5	12.6	0.8	10.3	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.8	14.1	0.8	14.1	0.8	13.6	0.8	13.2	0.8	13.6	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.8	37	1.8	31.7	1.4	18.4	1.1	12.9	0.9	10.9	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$													
t_{pd}	propagation delay	An to Bn	1.5	26	1.5	25.4	1.0	12.8	0.7	10	0.4	8.2	ns
		Bn to An	0.7	16	0.7	11	0.4	8.8	0.3	8.5	0.3	8.3	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.3	9.4	0.3	9.4	0.3	9.4	0.3	9.4	0.3	9.4	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	2.0	36	2.0	32.7	1.6	13.7	1.4	12	0.7	9.7	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{OE} to An	0.7	10.9	0.7	10.9	0.7	10.9	0.7	10.9	0.7	10.9	ns
		\overline{OE} to Bn	1.5	37	1.5	31.6	1.3	18.4	1.0	13.7	0.9	10.7	ns

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

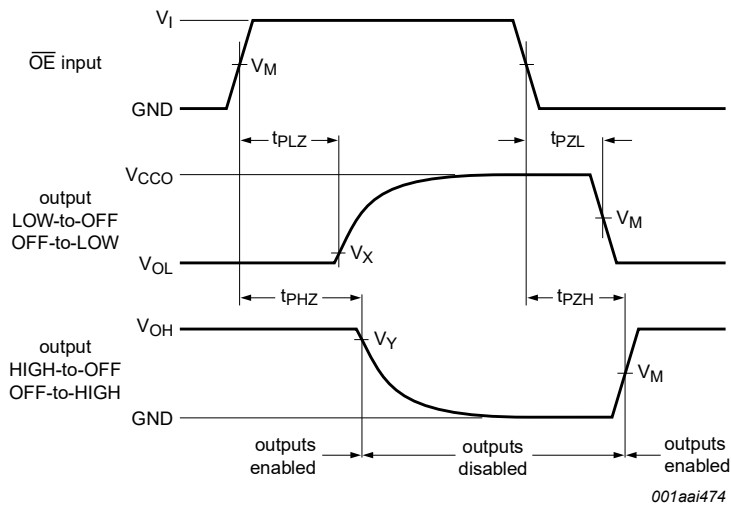
10.1. Waveforms and test circuit



Measurement points are given in Table 13.

V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 6. The data input (An, Bn) to output (Bn, An) propagation delay times



Measurement points are given in Table 13.

V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

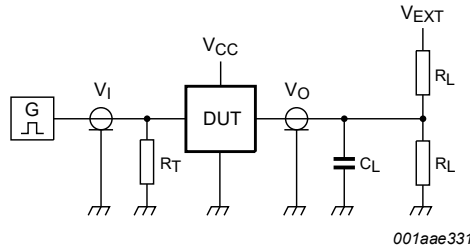
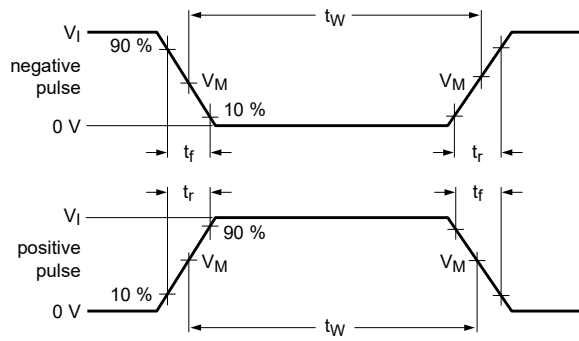
Fig. 7. Enable and disable times

Table 13. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input [1]	Output [2]		
	V _M	V _M	V _X	V _Y
1.2 V to 1.6 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.1 V	V _{OH} - 0.1 V
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.15 V	V _{OH} - 0.15 V
3.0 V to 5.5 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OH} - 0.3 V

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.



Test data is given in [Table 14](#).

R_L = Load resistance.

C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R_T = Termination resistance.

V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig. 8. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 14. Test data

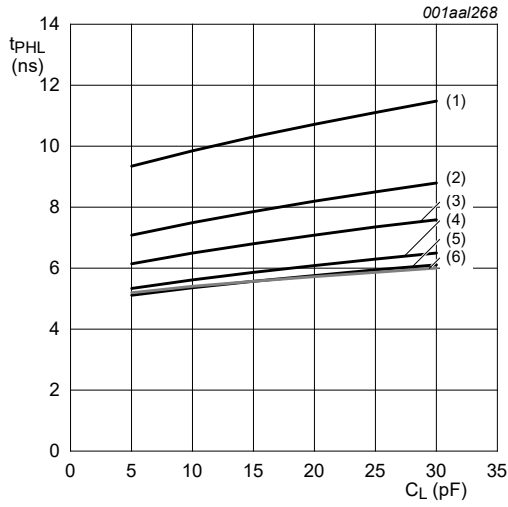
Supply voltage	Input		Load		V_{EXT}		
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V_I [1]	$\Delta t/\Delta V$ [2]	C_L	R_L	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}	t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} [3]
1.2 V to 5.5 V	V_{CCI}	$\leq 1.0 \text{ ns/V}$	15 pF	2 k Ω	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

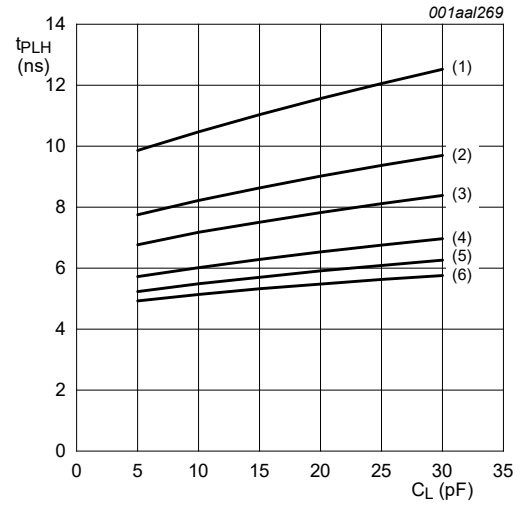
[2] $dV/dt \geq 1.0 \text{ V/ns}$.

[3] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

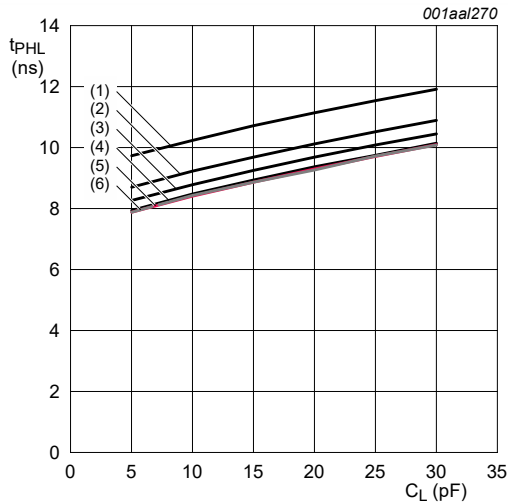
11. Typical propagation delay characteristics



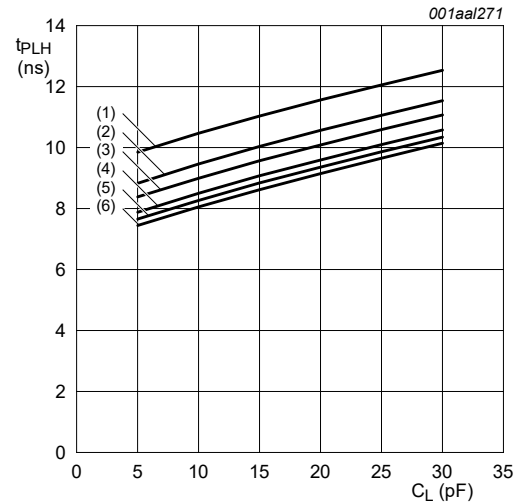
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



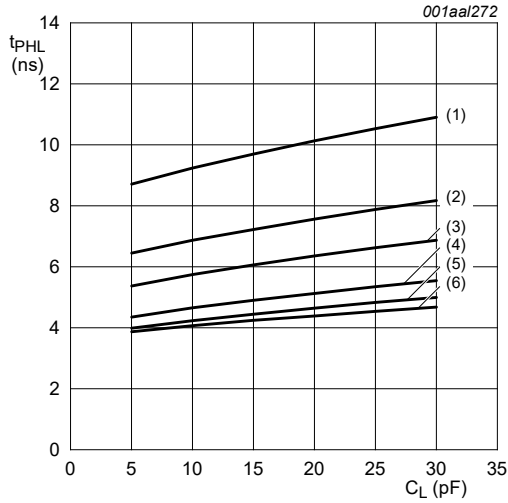
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



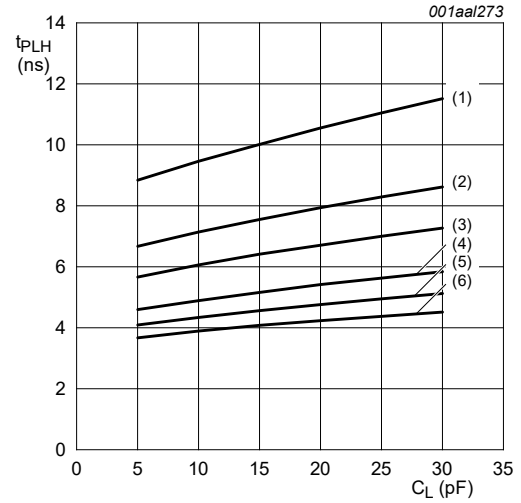
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5\text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8\text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5\text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0\text{ V}$.

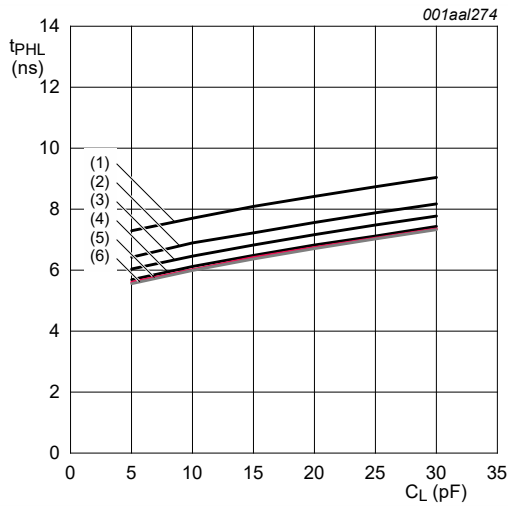
Fig. 9. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2\text{ V}$



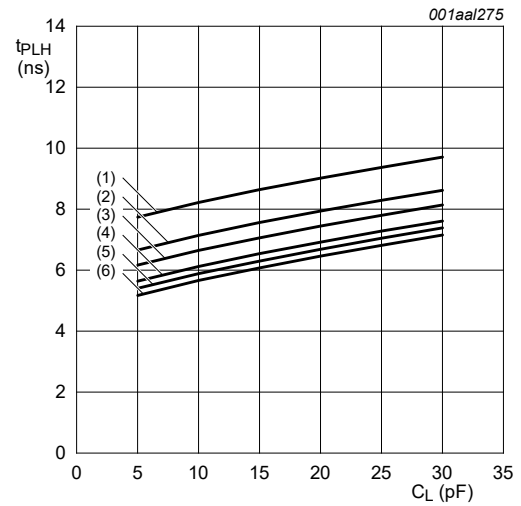
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



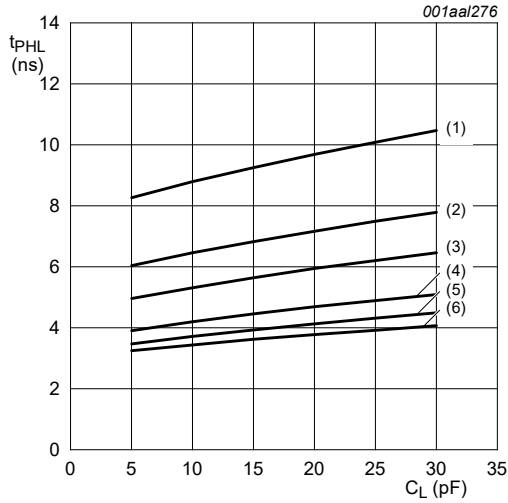
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



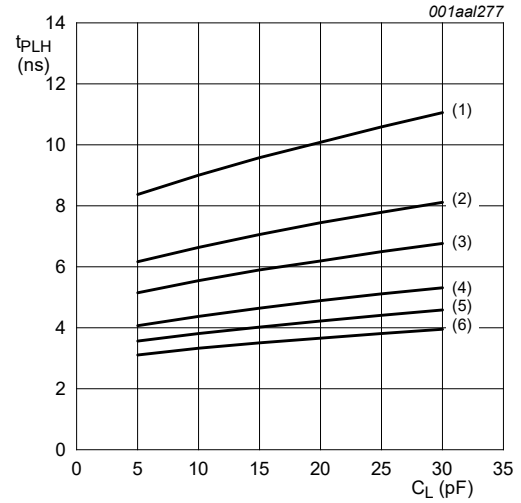
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5\text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8\text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5\text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0\text{ V}$.

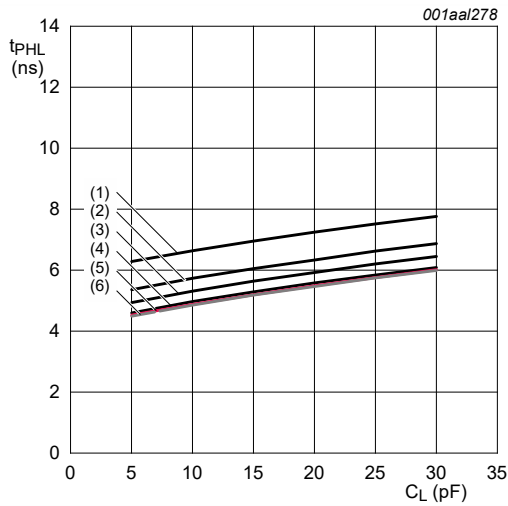
Fig. 10. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5\text{ V}$



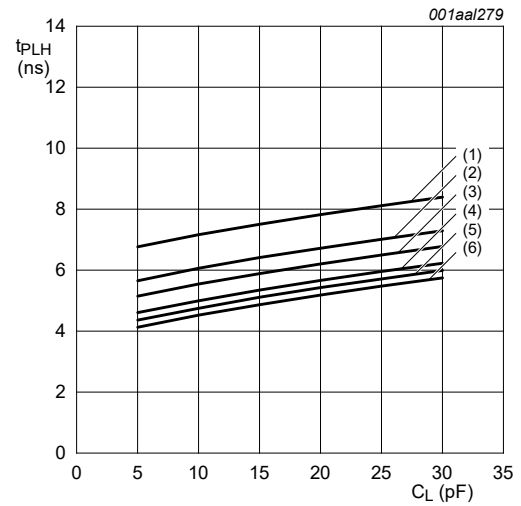
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



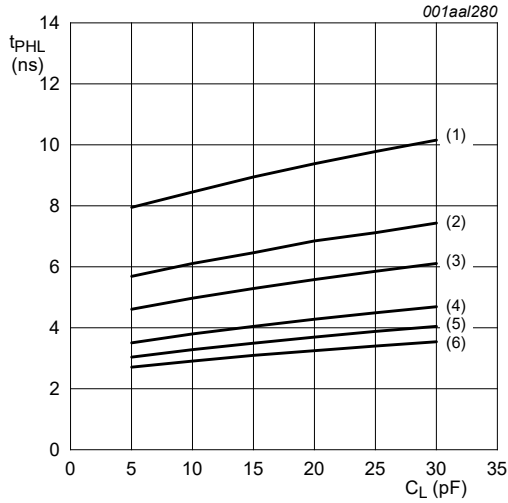
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



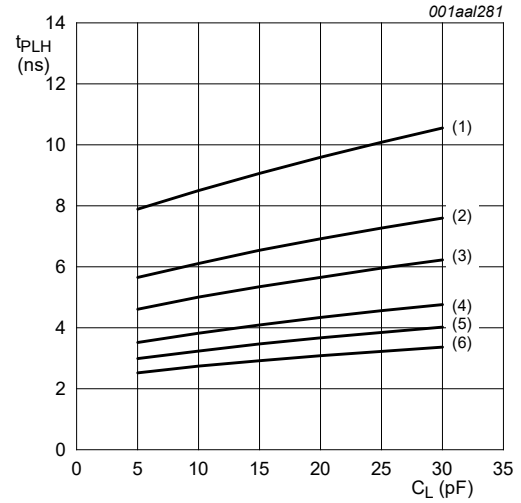
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$.

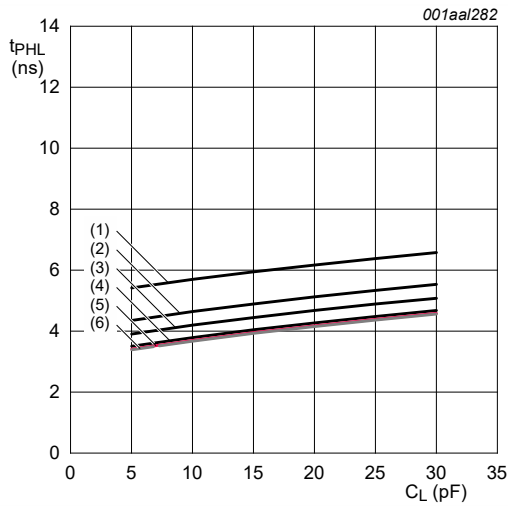
Fig. 11. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$



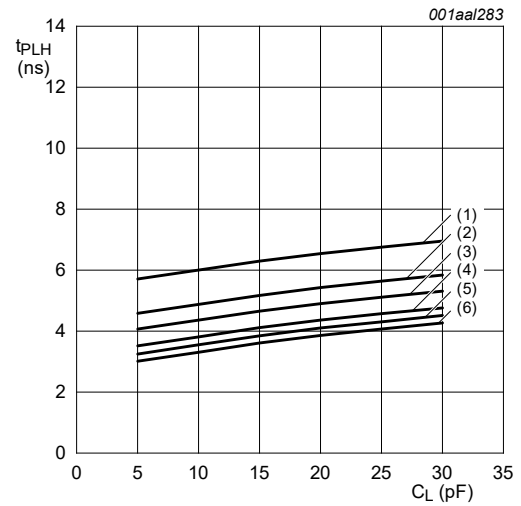
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



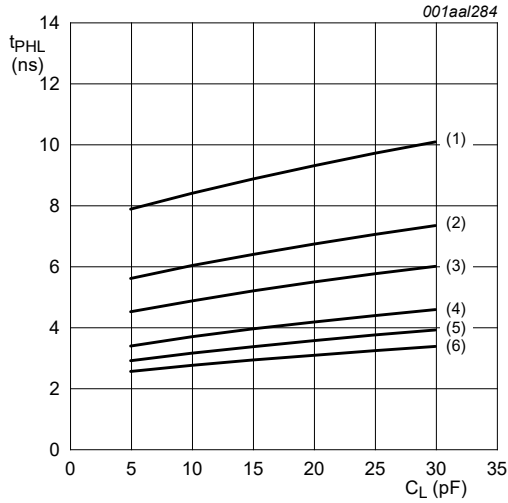
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



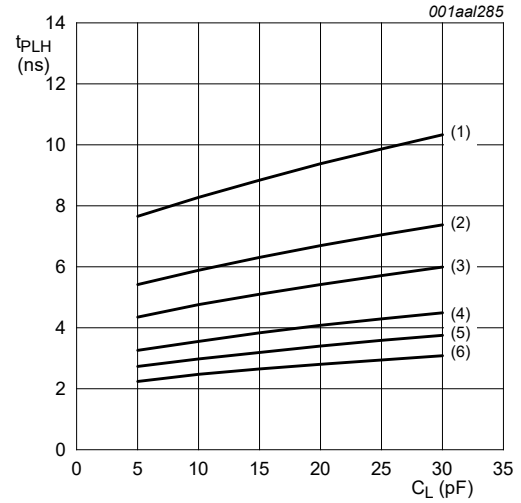
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5\text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8\text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5\text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0\text{ V}$.

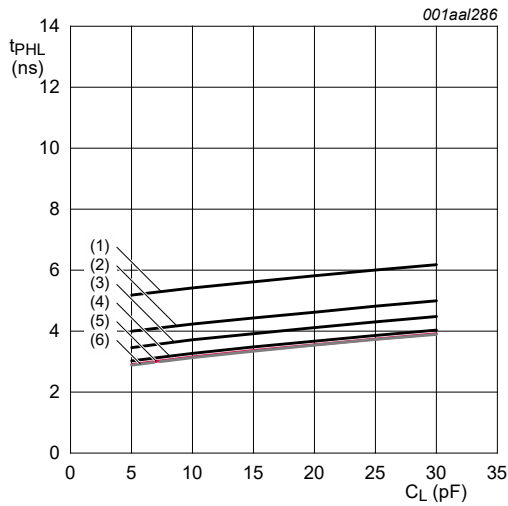
Fig. 12. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 2.5\text{ V}$



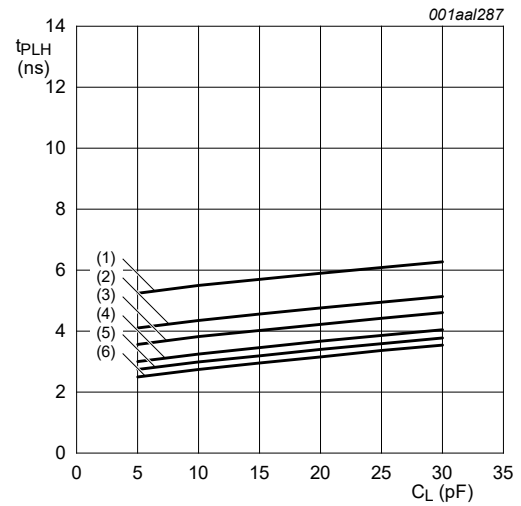
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



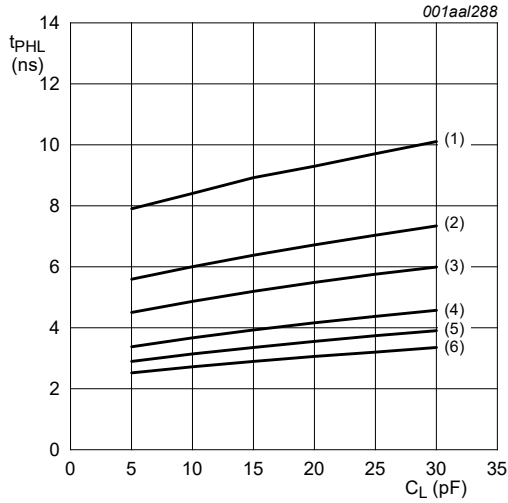
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



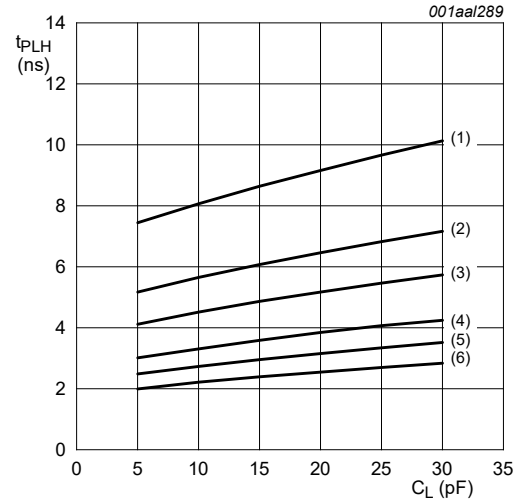
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5\text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8\text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5\text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0\text{ V}$.

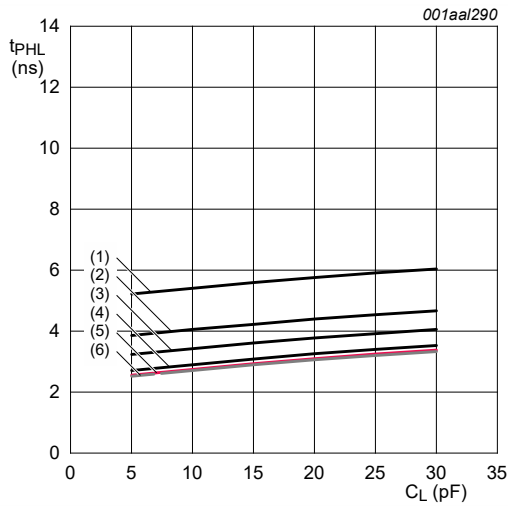
Fig. 13. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 3.3\text{ V}$



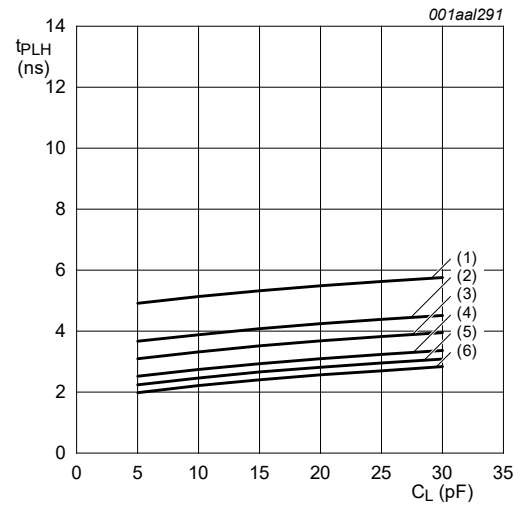
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5\text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8\text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5\text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0\text{ V}$.

Fig. 14. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 5\text{ V}$

12. Application information

12.1. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

The circuit given in Fig. 15 is an example of the 74LVC8T245; 74LVCH8T245 being used in an unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

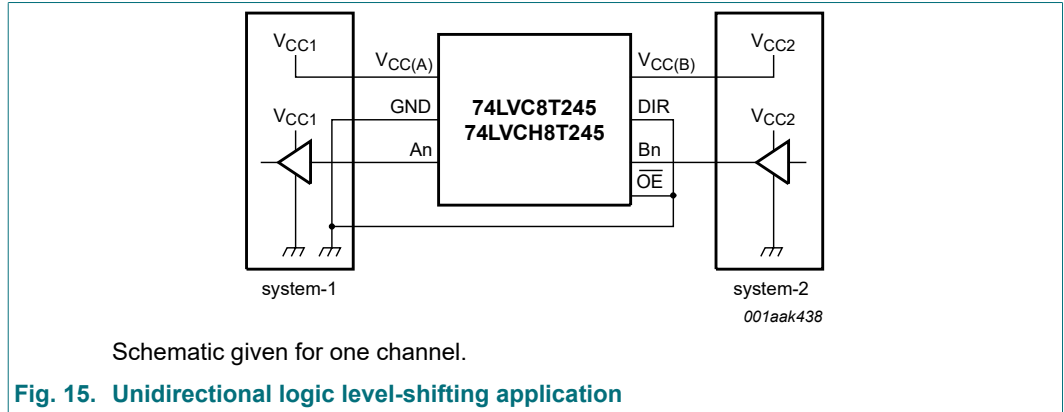


Fig. 15. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Table 15. Description unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Name	Function	Description
V _{CC(A)}	V _{CC1}	supply voltage of system-1 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
GND	GND	device GND
A	OUT	output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage
B	IN	input threshold value depends on V _{CC2} voltage
DIR	DIR	the GND (LOW level) determines B port to A port direction
V _{CC(B)}	V _{CC2}	supply voltage of system-2 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
\overline{OE}	\overline{OE}	The GND (LOW level) enables the output ports

12.2. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

Fig. 16 shows the 74LVC8T245; 74LVCH8T245 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application.

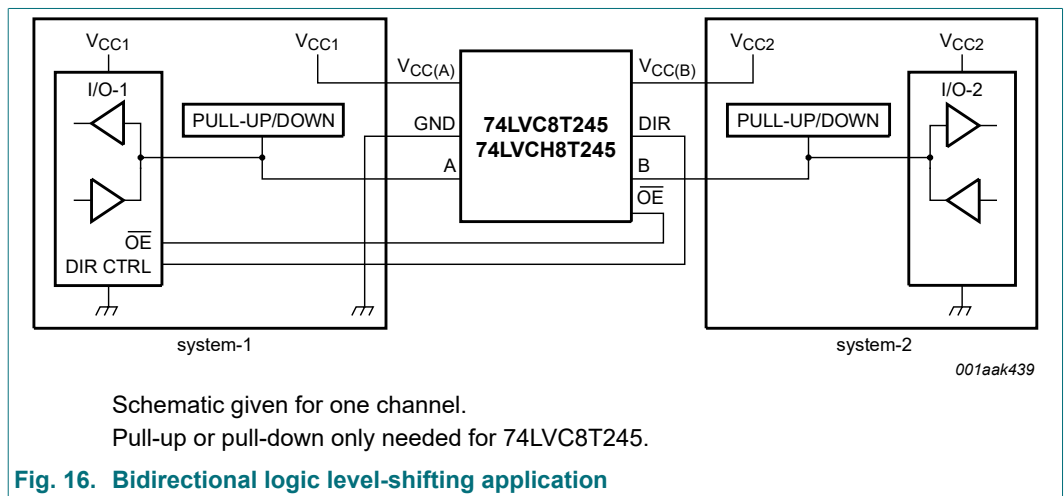


Fig. 16. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

Table 16 gives a sequence that will illustrate data transmission from system-1 to system-2 and then from system-2 to system-1.

Table 16. Description bidirectional logic level-shifting application

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

State	DIR CTRL	\overline{OE}	I/O-1	I/O-2	Description
1	H	L	output	input	system-1 data to system-2
2	H	H	Z	Z	system-2 is getting ready to send data to system-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold.
3	L	H	Z	Z	DIR bit is set LOW. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold.
4	L	L	input	output	system-2 data to system-1

12.3. Power-up considerations

The device is designed such that no special power-up sequence is required other than GND being applied first.

Table 17. Typical total supply current ($I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$)

$V_{CC(A)}$	$V_{CC(B)}$					Unit
	0 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
0 V	0	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μA
1.8 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	2	μA
2.5 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
3.3 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
5.0 V	< 1	2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA

13. Package outline

TSSOP24: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 24 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT355-1

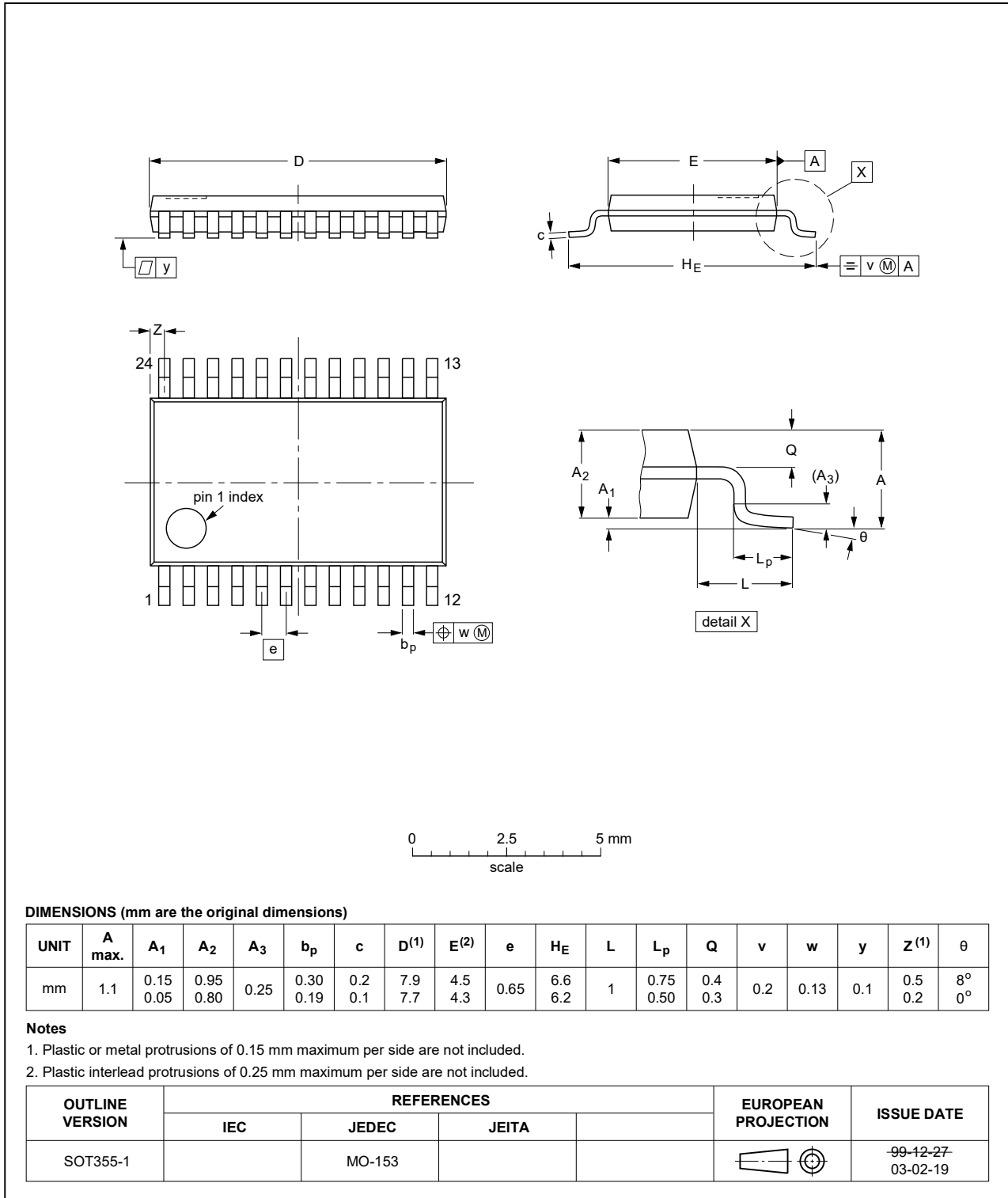


Fig. 17. Package outline SOT355-1 (TSSOP24)

DHVQFN24: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package;
no leads; 24 terminals; body 3.5 x 5.5 x 0.85 mm

SOT815-1

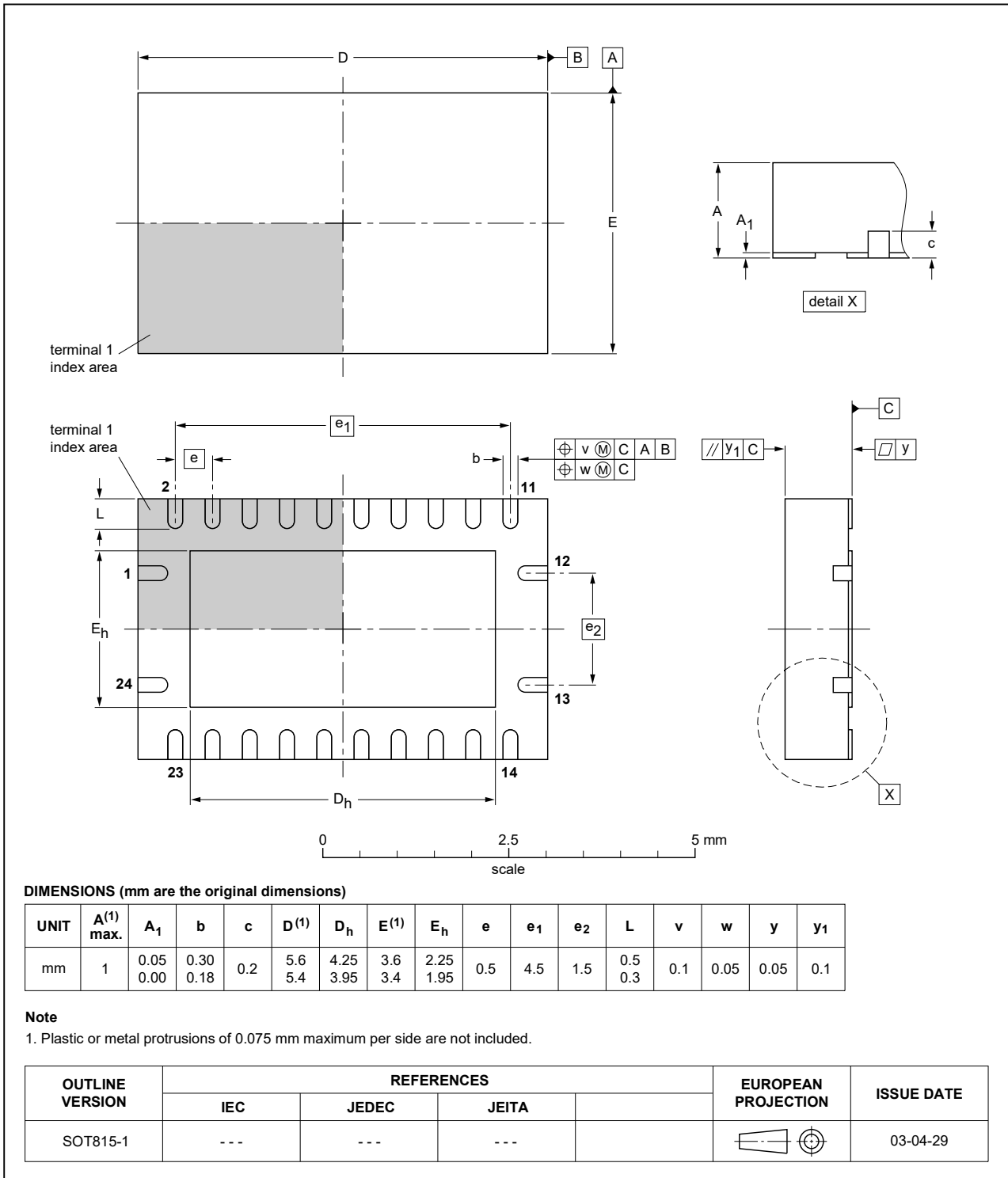


Fig. 18. Package outline SOT815-1 (DHVQFN24)

DHXQFN24: plastic, leadless dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced extreme thin quad flat package; no leads; 24 terminals; 0.4 mm pitch; body 2 mm x 4 mm x 0.48 mm

SOT8024-1

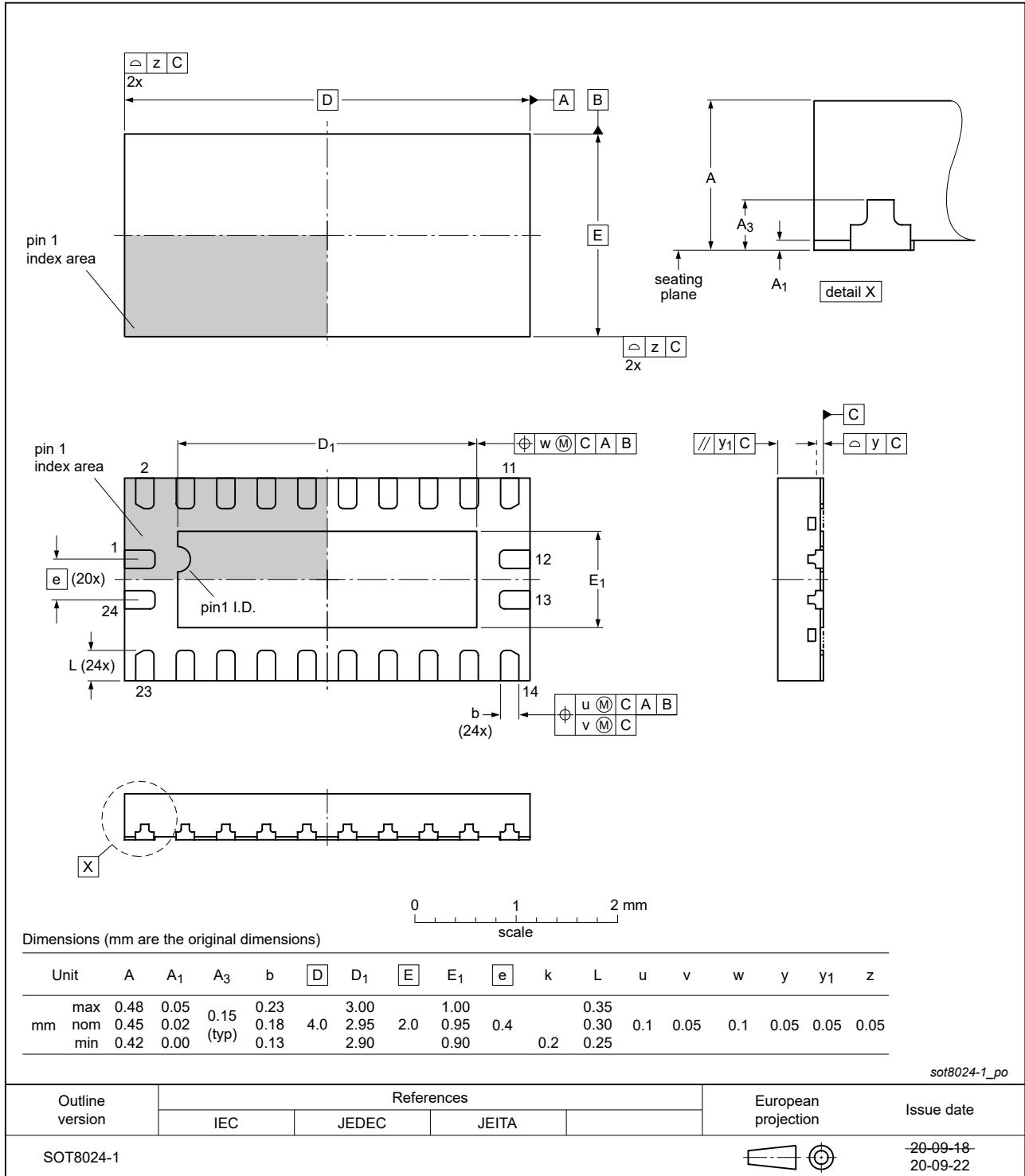


Fig. 19. Package outline SOT8024-1 (DHXQFN24)

14. Abbreviations

Table 18. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

15. Revision history

Table 19. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.5	20210429	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.4
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type number 74LVC8T245BZ (SOT8024-1 / DHXQFN24) added. 			
74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.4	20200922	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.3
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. Table 4: Derating values for P_{tot} total power dissipation updated. 			
74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.3	20111212	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.2
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legal pages updated. 			
74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.2	20110211	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.1
74LVC_LVCH8T245 v.1	20100111	Product data sheet	-	-

16. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at <https://www.nexperia.com>.

Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the Terms and conditions of commercial sale of Nexperia.

Right to make changes — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — Nexperia products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal

injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Quick reference data — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at <http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms>, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific Nexperia product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. Nexperia accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without Nexperia's warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies Nexperia for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's standard warranty and Nexperia's product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Contents

1. General description	1
2. Features and benefits	1
3. Ordering information	2
4. Functional diagram	2
5. Pinning information	3
5.1. Pinning.....	3
5.2. Pin description.....	4
6. Functional description	4
7. Limiting values	5
8. Recommended operating conditions	5
9. Static characteristics	6
10. Dynamic characteristics	9
10.1. Waveforms and test circuit.....	13
11. Typical propagation delay characteristics	15
12. Application information	21
12.1. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application.....	21
12.2. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application.....	21
12.3. Power-up considerations.....	22
13. Package outline	23
14. Abbreviations	26
15. Revision history	26
16. Legal information	27

© Nexperia B.V. 2021. All rights reserved

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nexperia.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nexperia.com

Date of release: 29 April 2021

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for [Translation - Voltage Levels](#) category:

Click to view products by [Nexperia](#) manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

[NLSX4373DMR2G](#) [NLSX5012MUTAG](#) [NLSX0102FCT2G](#) [NLSX4302EBMUTCG](#) [PCA9306FMUTAG](#) [MC100EPT622MNG](#)
[NLSX3014MUTAG](#) [NLSV4T244EMUTAG](#) [NLSX5011MUTCG](#) [NLV9306USG](#) [NLVSV4014MUTAG](#) [NLSV4T3144MUTAG](#)
[NLVSV4373MUTAG](#) [MAX3371ELT+T](#) [NLSX3013BFCT1G](#) [NLV7WBD3125USG](#) [NLSX3012DMR2G](#) [74AVCH1T45FZ4-7](#)
[NLVSV1T244MUTBG](#) [74AVC1T45GS-Q100H](#) [CLVC16T245MDGGREP](#) [MC10H124FNG](#) [CAVCB164245MDGGREP](#) [CD40109BPWR](#)
[MC10H350FNG](#) [MC10H125FNG](#) [MC100EPT21MNR4G](#) [MC100EP91DWG](#) [NLSV2T244MUTAG](#) [NLSX3013FCT1G](#)
[NLSX5011AMX1TCG](#) [PCA9306USG](#) [SN74AVCA406LZQSR](#) [NLSX4014DTR2G](#) [NLSX3018DTR2G](#) [LTC1045CSW#PBF](#)
[LTC1045CN#PBF](#) [SY100EL92ZG](#) [74AXP1T34GMH](#) [74AXP1T34GNH](#) [PI4ULS3V204LE](#) [ADG3245BRUZ-REEL7](#) [ADG3123BRUZ](#)
[ADG3245BRUZ](#) [ADG3246BCPZ](#) [ADG3308BCPZ-REEL](#) [ADG3233BRJZ-REEL7](#) [ADG3233BRMZ](#) [ADG3241BKSZ-500RL7](#)
[ADG3242BRJZ-REEL7](#)