24-stage frequency divider and oscillator
Rev. 8 - 3 December 2021
Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The HEF4521B consists of a chain of 24 toggle flip-flops with an overriding asynchronous master reset input (MR), and an input circuit that allows three modes of operation. The single inverting stage (A2 to Y2) functions as: a crystal oscillator, an input buffer for an external oscillator or in combination with A1 as an RC oscillator. The crystal oscillator operates in Low-power mode when pins $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS} 1}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD} 1}$ are supplied via external resistors.

Each flip-flop divides the frequency of the previous flip-flop by two, consequently the HEF4521B counts up to $2^{24}=16777216$. The counting advances on the HIGH-to-LOW transition of the clock (A2). The outputs from each of the last seven stages $\left(2^{18}\right.$ to $\left.2^{24}\right)$ are available for additional flexibility.

It operates over a recommended $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ power supply range of 3 V to 15 V referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ (usually ground). Unused inputs must be connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$, or another input

## 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 3.0 V to 15.0 V
- CMOS low power dissipation
- High noise immunity
- Low power crystal oscillator operation
- Fully static operation
- $5 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$, and 15 V parametric ratings
- Standardized symmetrical output characteristics
- Complies with JEDEC standard JESD 13-B
- ESD protection:
- HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
- MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
- Specified from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number |  |  |  |  | Package |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Temperature range | Name | Description | Version |  |
| HEF4521BT | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SO16 | plastic small outline package; 16 leads; <br> body width 3.9 mm | SOT109-1 |  |

## 4. Functional diagram



Fig. 1. Functional diagram


Fig. 2. Schematic diagram of clock input circuitry

## Nexperia



Fig. 3. Logic diagram

## 5. Pinning information

### 5.1. Pinning



Fig. 4. Pin configuration for SOT109-1 (SO16)

### 5.2. Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MR | 2 | master reset input |
| V SS1 | 3 | ground supply voltage 1 |
| VDD1 | 5 | supply voltage 1 |
| Y1, Y2 | 7,4 | external oscillator connection |
| V $_{\text {SS }}$ | 8 | ground supply voltage |
| A1, A2 | 9,6 | external oscillator connection |
| Q18, Q19, Q20, Q21, Q22, Q23, Q24 | $10,11,12,13,14,15,1$ | output |
| VDD | 16 | supply voltage |

## 6. Count capacity

Table 3. Count capacity

| Output | Count capacity |
| :--- | :--- |
| Q18 | $2^{18}=262144$ |
| Q19 | $2^{19}=524288$ |
| Q20 | $2^{20}=1048576$ |
| Q21 | $2^{21}=2097152$ |
| Q22 | $2^{22}=4194304$ |
| Q23 | $2^{23}=8388608$ |
| Q24 | $2^{24}=16777216$ |

## 7. Functional test

A test function has been included to reduce the test time required to test all 24 counter stages. This test function divides the counter into three 8-stage sections by connecting $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS} 1}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD} 1}$ to $V_{\text {Ss. }} 255$ counts are loaded into each of the 8 -stage sections in parallel via A2 (connected to Y2). All flip-flops are now at a HIGH level. The counter is now returned to the normal 24-stage in series configuration by connecting $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS} 1}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD} 1}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$. Entering one more pulse into input A 2 causes the counter to ripple from an all HIGH state to an all LOW state.

Table 4. Functional test sequence
$H=$ HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; $\downarrow=$ HIGH to LOW transition.

| Inputs |  | Control terminals |  |  | OutputsQ18 to Q24 | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MR | A2 | Y2 | $\mathbf{V}_{\text {SS } 1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD} 1}$ |  |  |
| H | L | L | $V_{D D}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | L | Counter is in three 8-stage sections in parallel mode; A2 and Y2 are interconnected ( Y 2 is now input); counter is reset by MR. |
| L | [1] | [1] | $V_{\text {DD }}$ | $V_{S S}$ | H |  |
| L | L | L | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | H | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS} 1}$ is connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$. |
| L | H | L | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | H | The input A2 is made HIGH. |
| L | H | L | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {S }}$ | $V_{D D}$ | H | $V_{D D 1}$ is connected to $V_{D D} ; Y 2$ is now made floating and becomes an output; the device is now in the $2^{24}$ mode. |
| L | $\downarrow$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | L | Counter ripples from an all HIGH state to an all LOW state. |

[1] 255 pulses are clocked into A2, Y2. The counter advances on the LOW to HIGH transition.

## 8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values
In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | supply voltage |  | -0.5 | +18 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}$ | input clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | $\pm 10$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | input voltage |  | -0.5 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OK}}$ | output clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | $\pm 10$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}}$ | input/output current |  | - | $\pm 10$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | supply current | to any supply terminal | - | $\pm 100$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {stg }}$ | storage temperature |  | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | ambient temperature |  | -40 | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | total power dissipation | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 500 | mW |
| P | power dissipation | per output | - | 100 | mW |

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $V_{\text {DD }}$ | supply voltage |  | 3 | - | 15 | V |
| $V_{1}$ | input voltage |  | 0 | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DD }}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | ambient temperature | in free air | -40 | - | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{t} / \Delta \mathrm{V}$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DD }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 3.75 | $\mu \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.5 | $\mu \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=15 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.08 | $\mu \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{V}$ |

## 10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics
$V_{S S}=0 V ; V_{I}=V_{S S}$ or $V_{D D}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mid \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}} \mathrm{l}<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | 3.5 | - | 3.5 | - | 3.5 | - | V |
|  |  |  | 10 V | 7.0 | - | 7.0 | - | 7.0 | - | V |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 11.0 | - | 11.0 | - | 11.0 | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mid \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}} \mathrm{l}<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | - | 1.5 | - | 1.5 | - | 1.5 | V |
|  |  |  | 10 V | - | 3.0 | - | 3.0 | - | 3.0 | V |
|  |  |  | 15 V | - | 4.0 | - | 4.0 | - | 4.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | HIGH-level output voltage | $\mid \mathrm{lol}<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | 4.95 | - | 4.95 | - | 4.95 | - | V |
|  |  |  | 10 V | 9.95 | - | 9.95 | - | 9.95 | - | V |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 14.95 | - | 14.95 | - | 14.95 | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | LOW-level output voltage | $\mid \mathrm{lol}$ < $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | V |
|  |  |  | 10 V | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | V |
|  |  |  | 15 V | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | V |
| IOH | HIGH-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 V | - | -1.7 | - | -1.4 | - | -1.1 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=4.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 V | - | -0.52 | - | -0.44 | - | -0.36 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=9.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10 V | - | -1.3 | - | -1.1 | - | -0.9 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 15 V | - | -3.6 | - | -3.0 | - | -2.4 | mA |
| loL | LOW-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 V | 0.52 | - | 0.44 | - | 0.36 | - | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10 V | 1.3 | - | 1.1 | - | 0.9 | - | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 15 V | 3.6 | - | 3.0 | - | 2.4 | - | mA |
| 1 | input leakage current |  | 15 V | - | $\pm 0.3$ | - | $\pm 0.3$ | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | supply current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | - | 20 | - | 20 | - | 150 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | 10 V | - | 40 | - | 40 | - | 300 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | 15 V | - | 80 | - | 80 | - | 600 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{Cl}_{1}$ | input capacitance |  | - | - | - | - | 7.5 | - | - | pF |

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics
$V_{S S}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; T_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified; for test circuit see Fig. 6.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Extrapolation formula[1] | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | HIGH to LOW propagation delay | A2 to Q18; see Fig. 5 | 5 V | $923 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 950 | 1900 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V | $339 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 350 | 700 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V | $212 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 220 | 440 | ns |
|  |  | Qn to $\mathrm{Qn}+1$; see Fig. 5 | 5 V | $13 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 40 | 80 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V | $4 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 15 | 30 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V | $2 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 10 | 20 | ns |
|  |  | MR to Qn | 5 V | $93 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 120 | 240 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V | $44 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 55 | 110 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V | $32 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 40 | 80 | ns |
|  |  | A1 to Y1; see Fig. 5 | 5 V | $63 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 90 | 180 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V | $24 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 35 | 70 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V | $17 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 25 | 50 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ | LOW to HIGH propagation delay | A2 to Q18; see Fig. 5 | 5 V | $923 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 950 | 1900 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V | $339 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 350 | 700 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V | $212 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 220 | 440 | ns |
|  |  | Qn to $\mathrm{Qn}+1$; see Fig. 5 | 5 V | $13 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 40 | 80 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V | $4 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 15 | 30 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V | $2 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 10 | 20 | ns |
|  |  | A1 to Y1; see Fig. 5 | 5 V | $33 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 60 | 120 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V | $19 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 30 | 60 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V | $12 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 20 | 40 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | transition time | Qn; see Fig. 5 | 5 V | $10 \mathrm{~ns}+(1.00 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 60 | 120 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V | $9 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.42 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 30 | 60 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V | $6 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.28 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 20 | 40 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w}}$ | pulse width | A2 HIGH; minimum width; see Fig. 5 | 5 V |  | 80 | 40 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | 40 | 20 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | 30 | 15 | - | ns |
|  |  | MR HIGH; minimum width; see Fig. 5 | 5 V |  | 70 | 35 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | 40 | 20 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | 30 | 15 | - | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {rec }}$ | recovery time | MR; see Fig. 5 | 5 V |  | +20 | -10 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | +15 | -5 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | 15 | 0 | - | ns |
| $f_{\max }$ | maximum frequency | A1; see Fig. 5 | 5 V |  | 6 | 12 | - | MHz |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | 12 | 25 | - | MHz |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | 17 | 35 | - | MHz |

[1] The typical values of the propagation delay and transition times are calculated from the extrapolation formulas shown ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ in pF ).

Table 9. Dynamic power dissipation $P_{D}$
$P_{D}$ can be calculated from the formulas shown. $V_{S S}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; t_{r}=t_{f} \leq 20 \mathrm{~ns} ; T_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Symbol | Parameter | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Typical formula for $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}(\mu \mathrm{W})$ | where: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | dynamic power dissipation | 5 V | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}=1200 \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}+\Sigma\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}} \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}\right) \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}{ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}=$ input frequency in MHz , <br> $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}=$ output frequency in MHz , <br> $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=$ output load capacitance in pF , <br> $V_{D D}=$ supply voltage in V , <br> $\Sigma\left(C_{L} \times f_{0}\right)=$ sum of the outputs. |
|  |  | 10 V | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}=5100 \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}+\Sigma\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}} \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}\right) \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}{ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | 15 V | $P_{D}=13050 \times f_{i}+\sum\left(f_{0} \times C_{L}\right) \times V_{D D}{ }^{2}$ |  |

### 11.1. Waveforms and test circuit


a. Pulse widths, maximum frequency, recovery and transition times, and A2 to Qn propagation delays

b. A1 to $\mathrm{Y} 1, \mathrm{MR}$ to Qn , and Qn to $\mathrm{Qn}+1$ propagation delays

Measurement points are given in Table 10.
The logic levels $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.
Fig. 5. Waveforms showing measurement of dynamic characteristics
Table 10. Measurement points

| Supply voltage | Input | Output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ |
| 5 V to 15 V | $0.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | $0.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ |


a. Input waveforms

b. Test circuit

Test data is given in Table 11.
Definitions for test circuit:
$C_{L}=$ Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance;
$R_{T}=$ Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance $Z_{o}$ of the pulse generator.
Fig. 6. Test circuit for measuring switching times
Table 11. Test data

| Supply | Input | Load |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{I}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{r}}, \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{f}}$ | $\mathbf{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ |
| 5 V to 15 V | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | $\leq 20 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 50 pF |

## 12. Application information


(1) Optional for low power operation.

For typical characteristics of this crystal oscillator, see Table 12.
Fig. 7. Crystal oscillator circuit

24-stage frequency divider and oscillator
Table 12. Typical characteristics for crystal oscillator

| Parameter | $\mathbf{5 0 0} \mathbf{~ k H z}$ circuit | $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{k H z}$ circuit | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Crystal characteristics | 500 | 50 | kHz |
| Resonance frequency | S | N | - |
| Crystal cut | 1 | 6.2 | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Equivalent resistance; $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | 47 | 750 | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| External resistor/capacitor values | 82 | pF |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | 20 | 82 | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}$ | 20 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}}$ |  |  |  |


$f \approx \frac{1}{2.3 \times R_{\mathrm{TC}} \times \mathrm{C}} ; R_{\mathrm{S}} \geq 2 \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{TC}}$, where:
$f$ is in $H z, R$ is in $\Omega$, and $C$ is in $F$.
$R_{S}+R_{\mathrm{TC}}<\frac{V_{\mathrm{IL}(\max )}}{l_{I}}$, where:
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}(\max )}=$ maximum input voltage LOW;
$I_{1}=$ input leakage current.
Fig. 8. RC oscillator circuit

$V_{D D}=10 \mathrm{~V}$; The test circuit is shown in Fig. 8.
(1) $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{TC}} ; \mathrm{C}=1 \mathrm{nF} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}$ » $2 \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{TC}}$.
(2) $\mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{TC}}=56 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}=120 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

Fig. 9. Oscillator frequency as a function of $R_{T C}$ and $C$

$g_{\mathrm{fs}}=\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{io}} / \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{vi}}$ with $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{o}}$ constant (see Fig. 11).

Fig. 10. Test setup for measuring forward transconductance


For test setup, see Fig. 14.
Fig. 12. Voltage gain $V_{0} / V_{I}$ as a function of supply voltage

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$\mathrm{s}=$ observed standard deviation.
(1) Average +2 s
(2) Average
(3) Average -2s

Fig. 11. Typical forward transconductance $g_{\mathrm{fs}}$ as a function of the supply voltage


For test setup, see Fig. 14.
Fig. 13. Supply current as a function of supply voltage


Fig. 14. Test setup for measuring the voltage gain and supply current graphs

## 13. Package outline



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{A} \\ \max . \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | c | $\mathrm{D}^{(1)}$ | $E^{(1)}$ | e | $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | L | $L_{p}$ | Q | v | w | y | $Z^{(1)}$ | $\theta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 1.75 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 0.10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.45 \\ & 1.25 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.49 \\ & 0.36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 0.19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10.0 \\ 9.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 3.8 \end{aligned}$ | 1.27 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.2 \\ & 5.8 \end{aligned}$ | 1.05 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $8^{\circ}$ |
| inches | 0.069 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 0.010 \\ 0.004 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.057 \\ & 0.049 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.019 \\ & 0.014 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.0100 \\ 0.0075 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.39 \\ & 0.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.16 \\ & 0.15 \end{aligned}$ | 0.05 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.244 \\ & 0.228 \end{aligned}$ | 0.041 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.039 \\ & 0.016 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.028 \\ & 0.020 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.028 \\ & 0.012 \end{aligned}$ | $0^{\circ}$ |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm ( 0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE <br> VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  |  | EUROPEAN |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |
| SOT109-1 | $076 E 07$ | MS-012 |  | $-99-12-27$ |  |

Fig. 15. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

## 14. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| CMOS | Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor |
| DUT | Device Under Test |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| HBM | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |

## 15. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HEF4521B v. 8 | 20211203 | Product data sheet | - | HEF4521B v. 7 |
| Modifications: | - The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. <br> - Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. <br> - Section 2 updated. <br> - Section 14 added. |  |  |  |
| HEF4521B v. 7 | 20160330 | Product data sheet | - | HEF4521B v. 6 |
| Modifications: | - Type number HEF4521BP (SOT38-4) removed. |  |  |  |
| HEF4521B v. 6 | 20111121 | Product data sheet | - | HEF4521B v. 5 |
| Modifications: | - Section Applications removed <br> - Table 4: added references to Table note [1] and [2] <br> - Table 7: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ minimum values changed to maximum <br> - Fig. 11: space between "2" and "s" removed in figure notes [1] and [3] |  |  |  |
| HEF4521B v. 5 | 20091105 | Product data sheet | - | HEF4521B v. 4 |
| HEF4521B v. 4 | 20090421 | Product data sheet | - | HEF4521B_CNV v. 3 |
| HEF4521B_CNV v. 3 | 19950101 | Product specification | - | HEF4521B_CNV v. 2 |
| HEF4521B_CNV v. 2 | 19950101 | Product specification | - | - |

## 16. Legal information

## Data sheet status

| Document status <br> [1][2] | Product <br> status [3] | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Objective [short] <br> data sheet | Development | This document contains data from <br> the objective specification for <br> product development. |
| Preliminary [short] <br> data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from <br> the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] <br> data sheet | Production | This document contains the product <br> specification. |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at https://www.nexperia.com.

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Contents

1. General description ..... 1
2. Features and benefits ..... 1
3. Ordering information .....  .1
4. Functional diagram .....  2
5. Pinning information ..... 4
5.1. Pinning ..... 4
5.2. Pin description ..... 4
6. Count capacity ..... 4
7. Functional test ..... 5
8. Limiting values ..... 5
9. Recommended operating conditions. ..... 6
10. Static characteristics .....  6
11. Dynamic characteristics .....  7
11.1. Waveforms and test circuit ..... 8
12. Application information ..... 9
13. Package outline ..... 12
14. Abbreviations ..... 13
15. Revision history ..... 13
16. Legal information ..... 14
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