



PBSS4160PANPS

60 V, 1 A NPN/NPN low V_{CEsat} (BISS) transistor

11 February 2015

Product data sheet

1. General description

NPN/PNP low V_{CEsat} Breakthrough In Small Signal (BISS) transistor in a leadless medium power DFN2020D-6 (SOT1118D) Surface-Mounted Device (SMD) plastic package with visible and solderable side pads.

NPN/NPN complement: PBSS4160PANS. PNP/PNP complement: PBSS5160PAPS.

2. Features and benefits

- Very low collector-emitter saturation voltage V_{CEsat}
- High collector current capability I_C and I_{CM}
- High collector current gain h_{FE} at high I_C
- Reduced Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) requirements
- Exposed heat sink for excellent thermal and electrical conductivity
- High energy efficiency due to less heat generation
- Suitable for Automatic Optical Inspection (AOI) of solder joints
- AEC-Q101 qualified

3. Applications

- Load switch
- Battery-driven devices
- Power management
- Charging circuits
- LED lighting
- Power switches (e.g. motors, fans)

4. Quick reference data

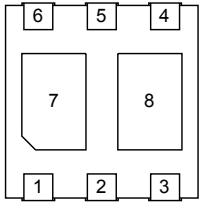
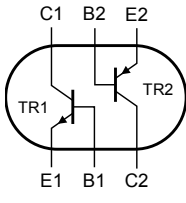
Table 1. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Per transistor; for the PNP transistor with negative polarity						
V_{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	60	V
I_C	collector current		-	-	1	A
I_{CM}	peak collector current	single pulse; $t_p \leq 1$ ms	-	-	1.5	A

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
TR1 (NPN)						
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I _C = 0.5 A; I _B = 50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	240	mΩ
TR2 (PNP)						
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I _C = -0.5 A; I _B = -50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	360	mΩ

5. Pinning information

Table 2. Pinning information

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	E1	emitter TR1	 <p>Transparent top view DFN2020D-6 (SOT1118D)</p>	 <p><i>sym139</i></p>
2	B1	base TR1		
3	C2	collector TR2		
4	E2	emitter TR2		
5	B2	base TR2		
6	C1	collector TR1		
7	C1	collector TR1		
8	C2	collector TR2		

6. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering information

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
PBSS4160PANPS	DFN2020D-6	DFN2020D-6: plastic, thermally enhanced ultra thin and small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 2 x 2 x 0.65 mm	SOT1118D

7. Marking

Table 4. Marking codes

Type number	Marking code
PBSS4160PANPS	3G

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
Per transistor; for the PNP transistor with negative polarity						
V _{CBO}	collector-base voltage	open emitter		-	60	V
V _{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base		-	60	V
V _{EBO}	emitter-base voltage	open collector		-	7	V
I _C	collector current			-	1	A
I _{CM}	peak collector current	single pulse; t _p ≤ 1 ms		-	1.5	A
I _B	base current			-	0.3	A
I _{BM}	peak base current	single pulse; t _p ≤ 1 ms		-	1	A
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} ≤ 25 °C	[1]	-	370	mW
			[2]	-	570	mW
			[3]	-	530	mW
			[4]	-	700	mW
			[5]	-	450	mW
			[6]	-	760	mW
			[7]	-	700	mW
			[8]	-	1450	mW
Per device						
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} ≤ 25 °C	[1]	-	510	mW
			[2]	-	780	mW
			[3]	-	730	mW
			[4]	-	960	mW
			[5]	-	620	mW
			[6]	-	1040	mW
			[7]	-	960	mW
			[8]	-	2000	mW
T _j	junction temperature			-	150	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature			-55	150	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-65	150	°C

[1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.

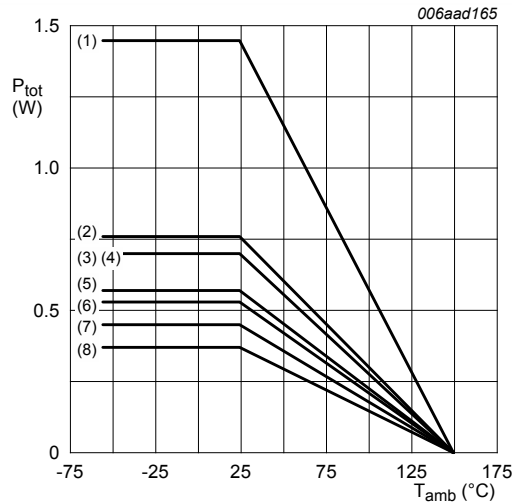
[2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².

[3] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.

[4] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².

[5] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.

- [6] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².
- [7] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [8] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².



- (1) 4-layer PCB 70 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²
- (2) FR4 PCB 70 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²
- (3) 4-layer PCB 70 μm, standard footprint
- (4) 4-layer PCB 35 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²
- (5) FR4 PCB 35 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²
- (6) 4-layer PCB 35 μm, standard footprint
- (7) FR4 PCB 70 μm, standard footprint
- (8) FR4 PCB 35 μm, standard footprint

Fig. 1. Per transistor: power derating curves

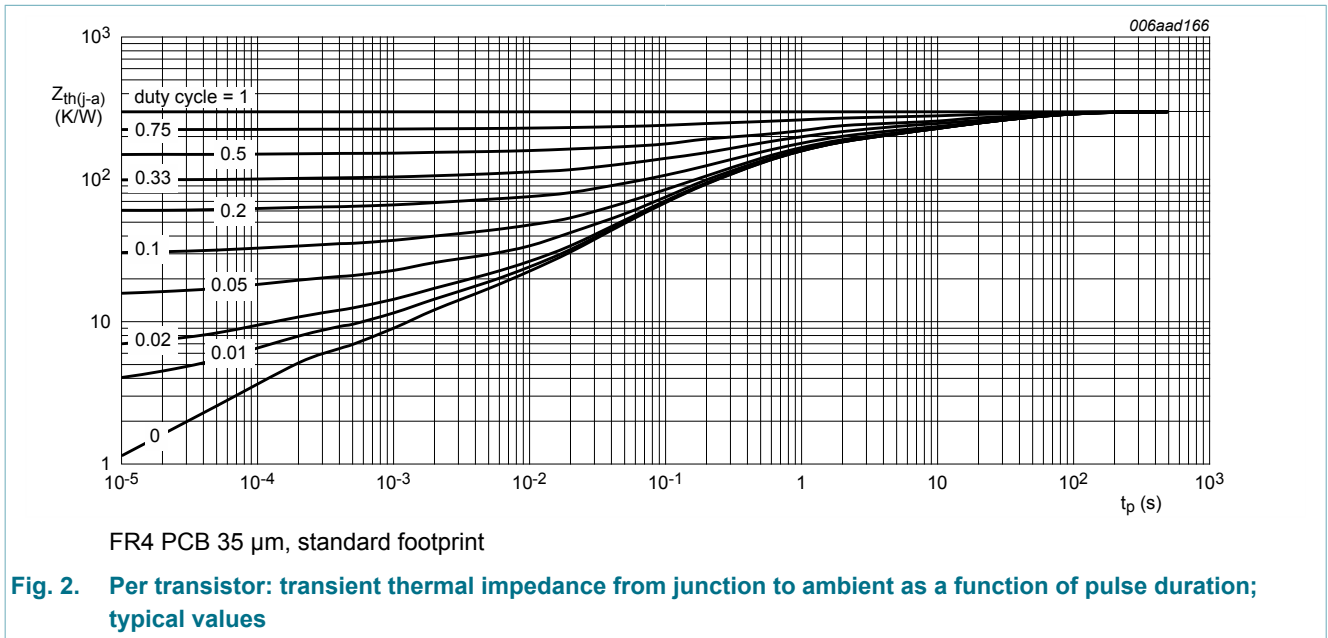
9. Thermal characteristics

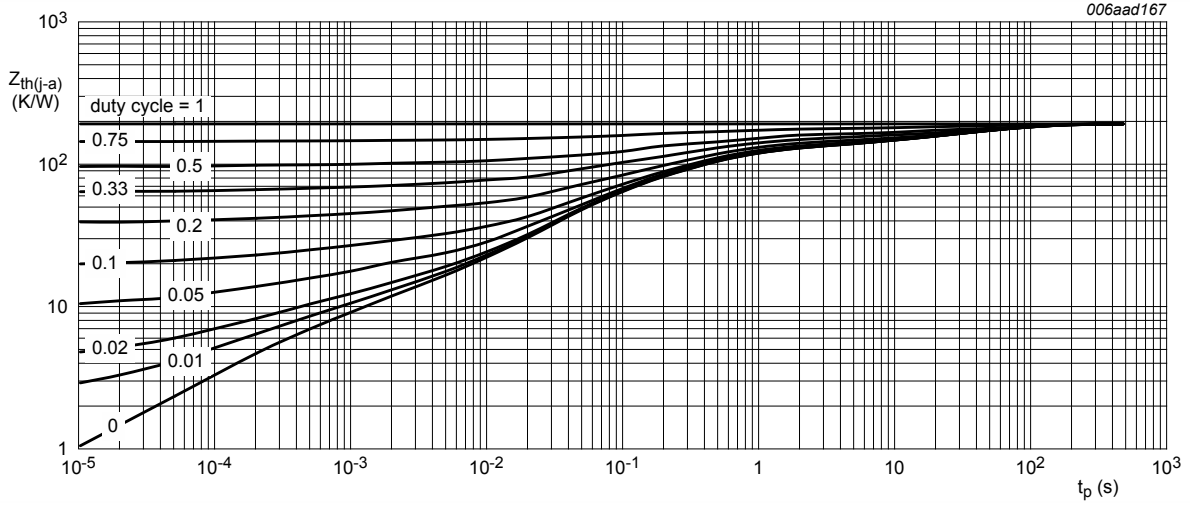
Table 6. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Per transistor							
R _{th(j-a)}	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	[1]	-	-	338	K/W
			[2]	-	-	219	K/W
			[3]	-	-	236	K/W
			[4]	-	-	179	K/W
			[5]	-	-	278	K/W
			[6]	-	-	164	K/W
			[7]	-	-	179	K/W
			[8]	-	-	86	K/W

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$R_{th(j-sp)}$	thermal resistance from junction to solder point			-	-	30	K/W
Per device							
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	[1]	-	-	245	K/W
			[2]	-	-	160	K/W
			[3]	-	-	171	K/W
			[4]	-	-	130	K/W
			[5]	-	-	202	K/W
			[6]	-	-	120	K/W
			[7]	-	-	130	K/W
			[8]	-	-	63	K/W

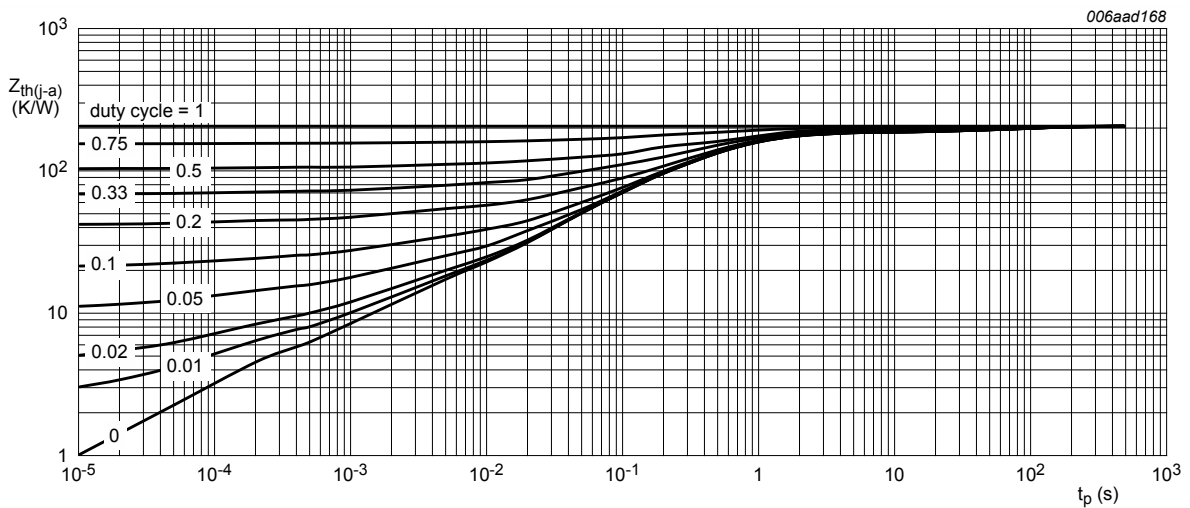
- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 μm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm^2 .
- [3] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 μm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [4] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm^2 .
- [5] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [6] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm^2 .
- [7] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [8] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm^2 .





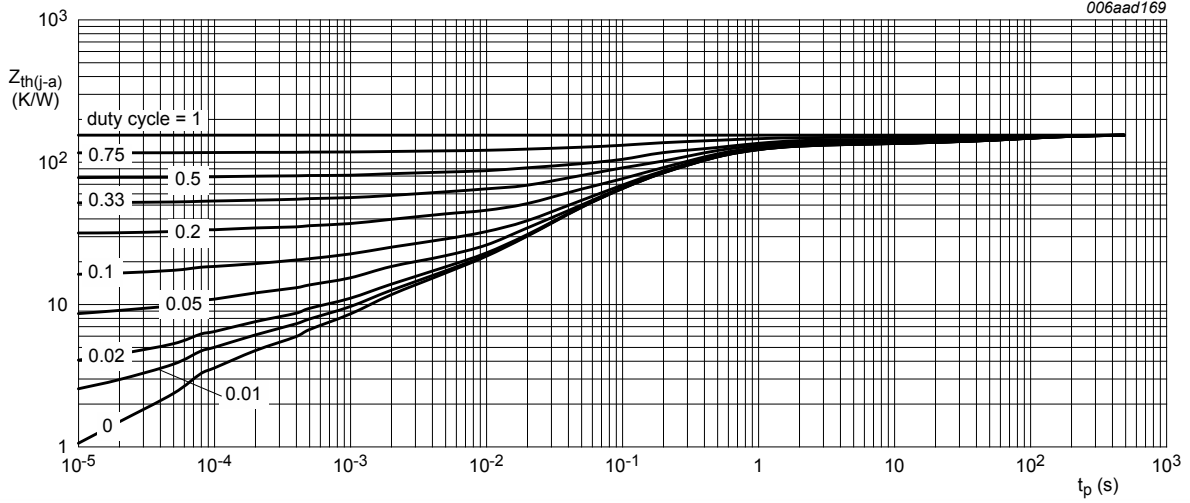
FR4 PCB 35 μm , mounting pad for collector 1 cm^2

Fig. 3. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



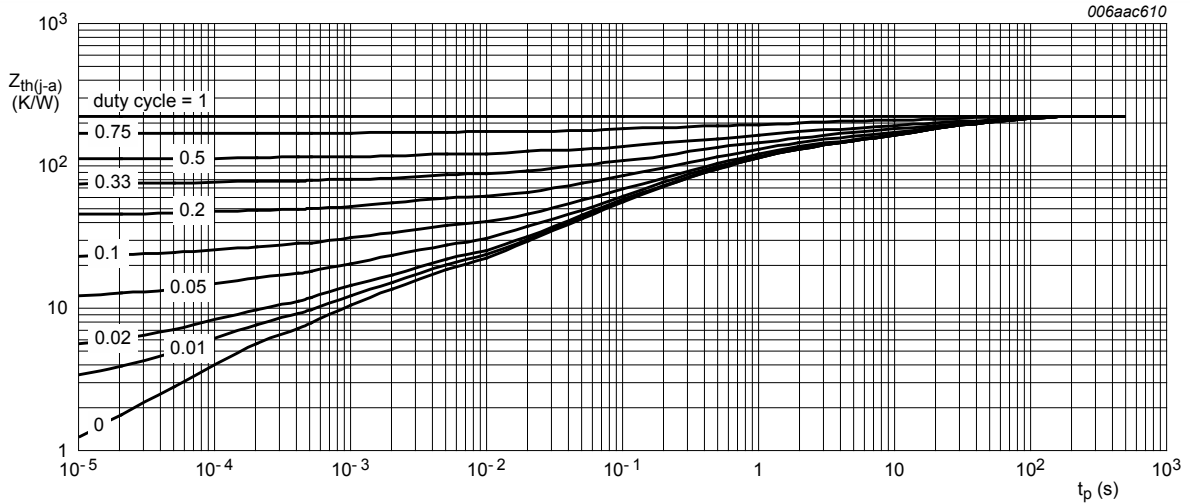
4-layer PCB 35 μm , standard footprint

Fig. 4. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



4-layer PCB 35 μ m, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²

Fig. 5. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



FR4 PCB 70 μ m, standard footprint

Fig. 6. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

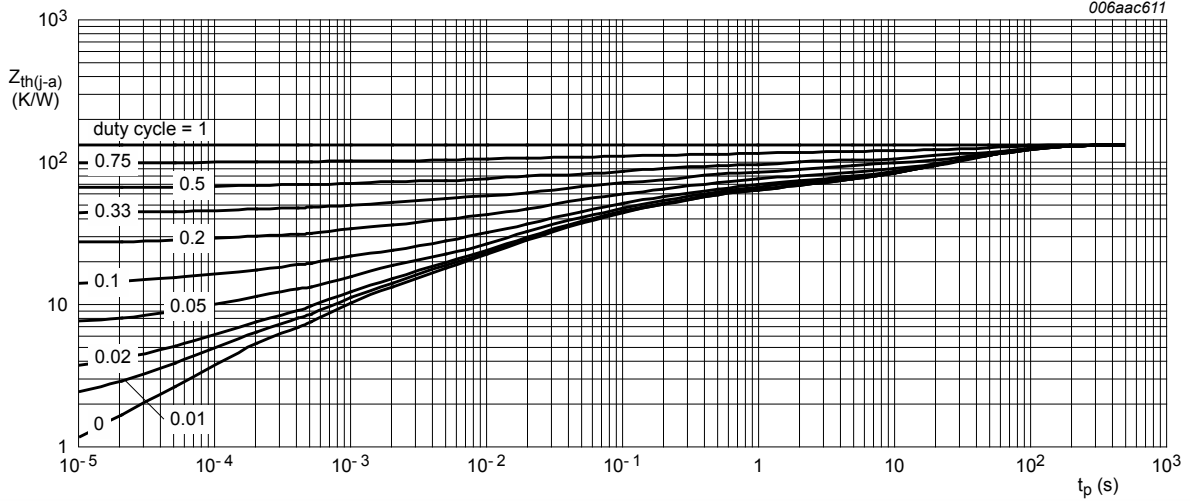


Fig. 7. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

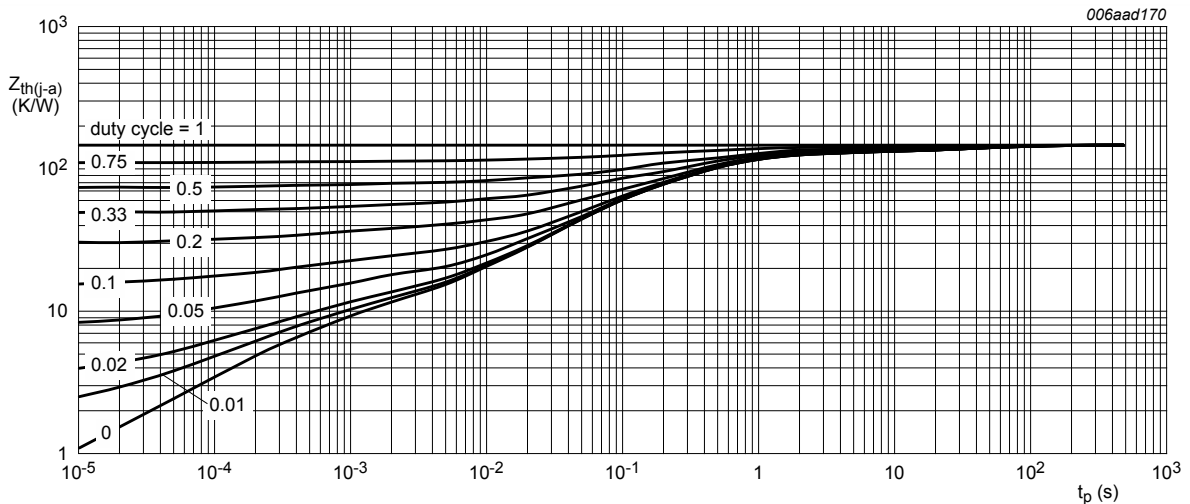
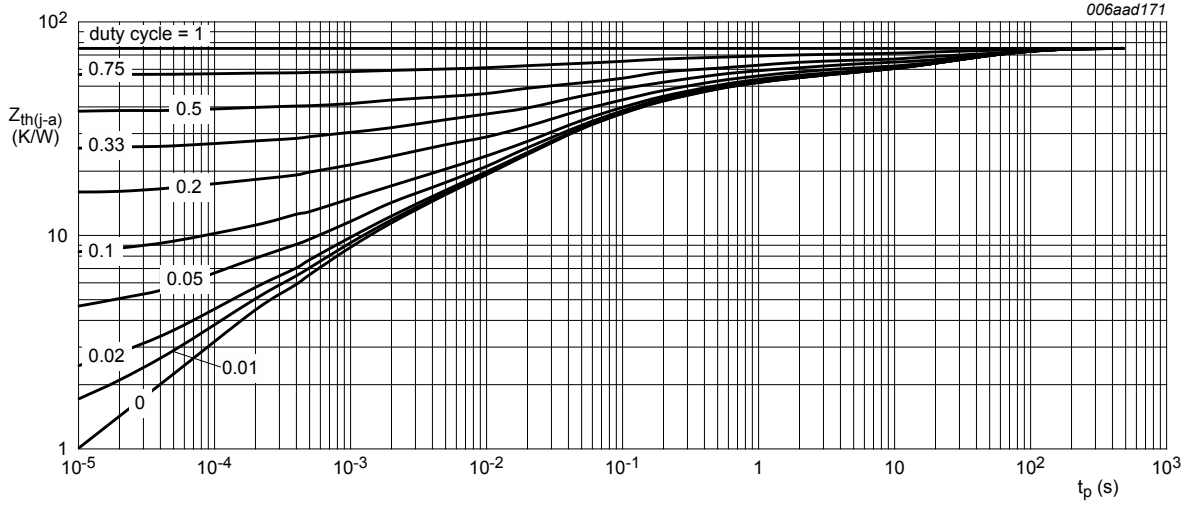


Fig. 8. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



4-layer PCB 70 μm , mounting pad for collector 1 cm^2

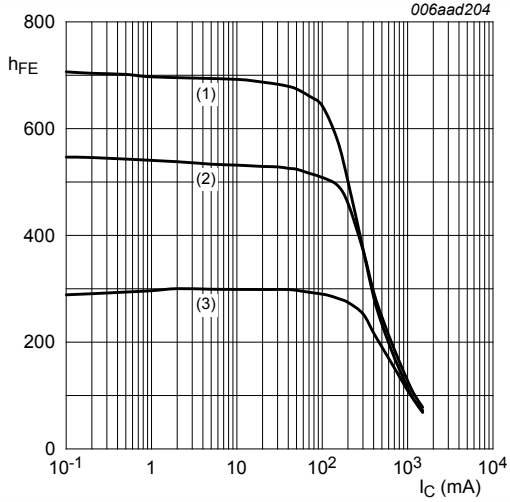
Fig. 9. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

10. Characteristics

Table 7. Characteristics

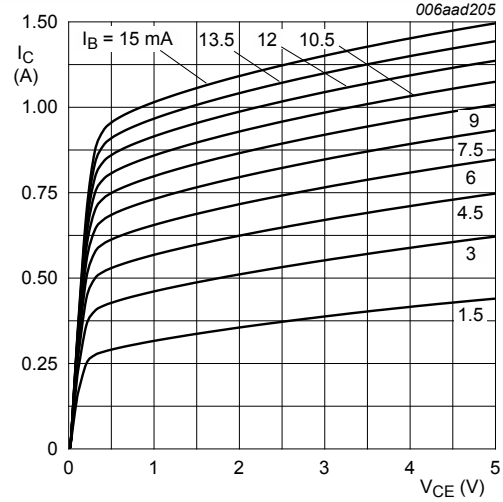
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
TR1 (NPN)						
I _{CBO}	collector-base cut-off current	V _{CB} = 48 V; I _E = 0 A; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	100	nA
		V _{CB} = 48 V; I _E = 0 A; T _j = 150 °C	-	-	50	μA
I _{EBO}	emitter-base cut-off current	V _{EB} = 5 V; I _C = 0 A; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	100	nA
h _{FE}	DC current gain	V _{CE} = 2 V; I _C = 100 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	290	430	-	
		V _{CE} = 2 V; I _C = 500 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	150	220	-	
		V _{CE} = 2 V; I _C = 1 A; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	70	110	-	
V _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation voltage	I _C = 500 mA; I _B = 50 mA; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	90	120	mV
		I _C = 1 A; I _B = 50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	185	240	mV
		I _C = 1 A; I _B = 100 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	175	220	mV
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I _C = 0.5 A; I _B = 50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	240	mΩ
V _{BEsat}	base-emitter saturation voltage	I _C = 500 mA; I _B = 50 mA; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	1	V
		I _C = 1 A; I _B = 50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	1.1	V
		I _C = 1 A; I _B = 100 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	1.1	V
V _{BEon}	base-emitter turn-on voltage	V _{CE} = 2 V; I _C = 0.5 A; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	0.9	V
t _d	delay time	V _{CC} = 10 V; I _C = 0.5 A; I _{Bon} = 25 mA; I _{Boff} = -25 mA; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	15	-	ns
t _r	rise time		-	90	-	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time		-	105	-	ns
t _s	storage time		-	410	-	ns
t _f	fall time		-	130	-	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time		-	540	-	ns
f _T	transition frequency		V _{CE} = 10 V; I _C = 50 mA; f = 100 MHz; T _{amb} = 25 °C	90	175	-
C _c	collector capacitance	V _{CB} = 10 V; I _E = 0 A; i _e = 0 A; f = 1 MHz; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	4	6	pF

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
TR2 (PNP)						
I _{CBO}	collector-base cut-off current	V _{CB} = -48 V; I _E = 0 A	-	-	-100	nA
		V _{CB} = -48 V; I _E = 0 A; T _j = 150 °C	-	-	-50	μA
I _{EBO}	emitter-base cut-off current	V _{EB} = -5 V; I _C = 0 A	-	-	-100	nA
h _{FE}	DC current gain	V _{CE} = -2 V; I _C = -100 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	170	245	-	
		V _{CE} = -2 V; I _C = -500 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	120	170	-	
		V _{CE} = -2 V; I _C = -1 A; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	70	100	-	
V _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation voltage	I _C = -500 mA; I _B = -50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-125	-180	mV
		I _C = -1 A; I _B = -50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-390	-550	mV
		I _C = -1 A; I _B = -100 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-240	-340	mV
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I _C = -0.5 A; I _B = -50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	360	mΩ
V _{BEsat}	base-emitter saturation voltage	I _C = -500 mA; I _B = -50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	-1	V
		I _C = -1 A; I _B = -50 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	-1	V
		I _C = -1 A; I _B = -100 mA; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	-1.1	V
V _{BEon}	base-emitter turn-on voltage	V _{CE} = -2 V; I _C = -0.5 A; pulsed; t _p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	-0.9	V
t _d	delay time	V _{CC} = -10 V; I _C = -0.5 A; I _{Bon} = -25 mA; I _{Boff} = 25 mA; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	15	-	ns
t _r	rise time		-	40	-	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time		-	55	-	ns
t _s	storage time		-	95	-	ns
t _f	fall time		-	40	-	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time		-	135	-	ns
f _T	transition frequency		V _{CE} = -10 V; I _C = -50 mA; f = 100 MHz; T _{amb} = 25 °C	65	125	-
C _c	collector capacitance	V _{CB} = -10 V; I _E = 0 A; i _e = 0 A; f = 1 MHz; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	9.5	13	pF



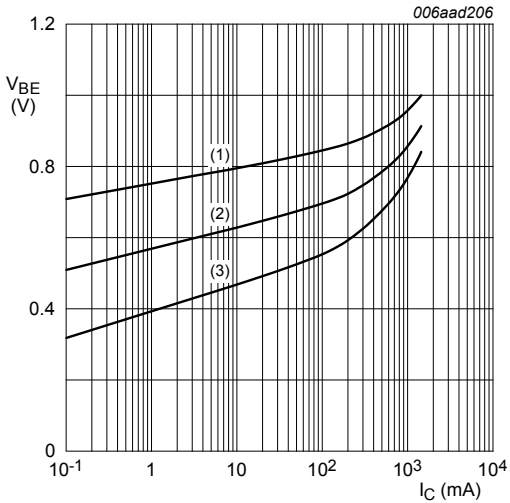
$V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$
 (1) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Fig. 10. TR1 (NPN): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



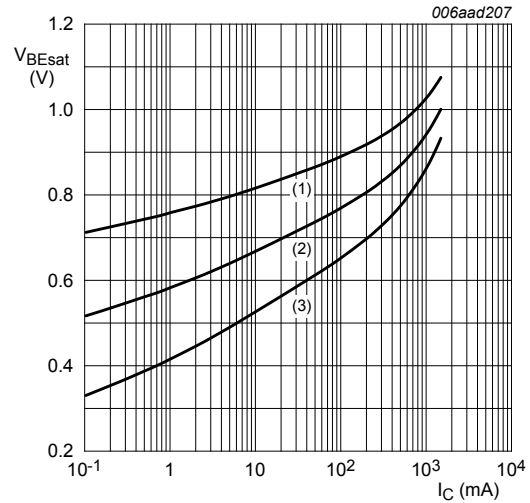
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Fig. 11. TR1 (NPN): Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



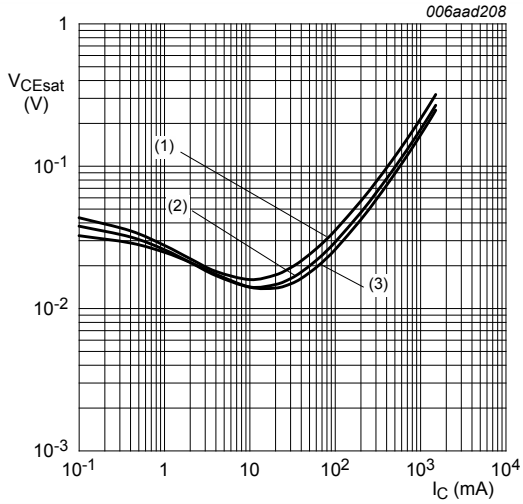
$V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$
 (1) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Fig. 12. TR1 (NPN): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



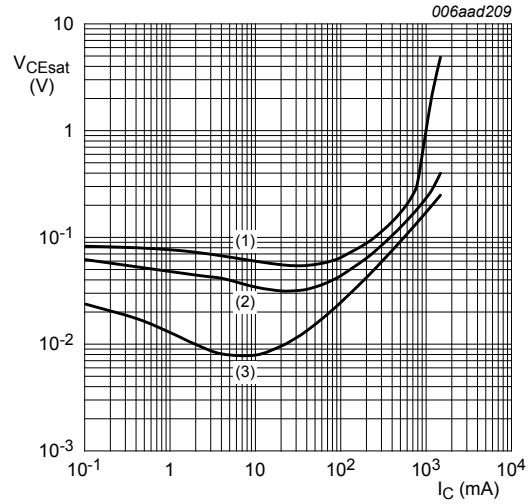
$I_C/I_B = 20$
 (1) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Fig. 13. TR1 (NPN): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



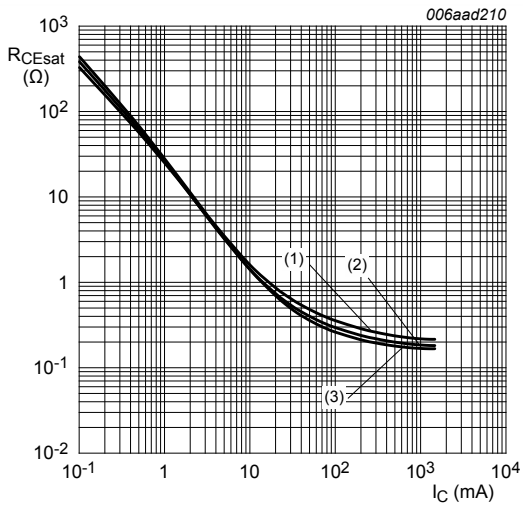
$I_C/I_B = 20$
 (1) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

Fig. 14. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



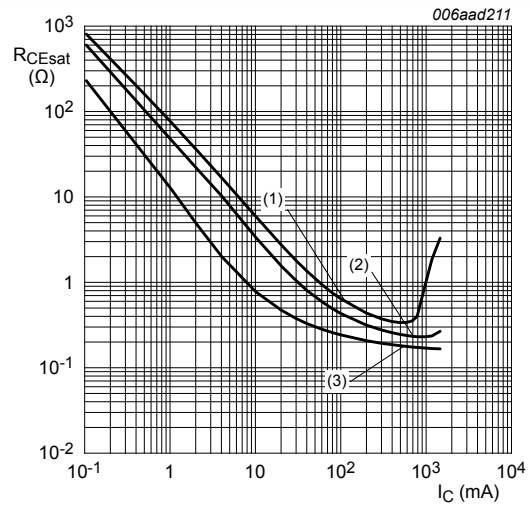
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (1) $I_C/I_B = 100$
 (2) $I_C/I_B = 50$
 (3) $I_C/I_B = 10$

Fig. 15. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



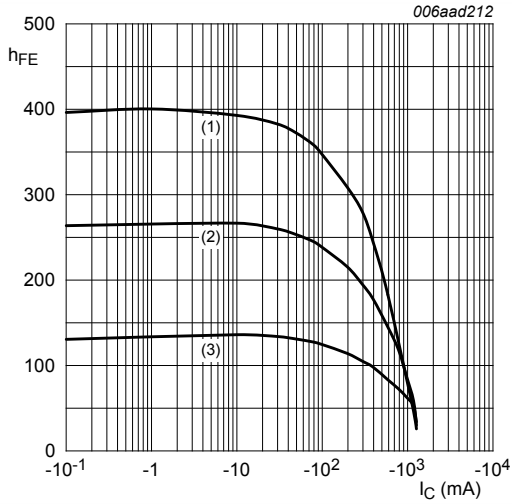
$I_C/I_B = 20$
 (1) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

Fig. 16. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



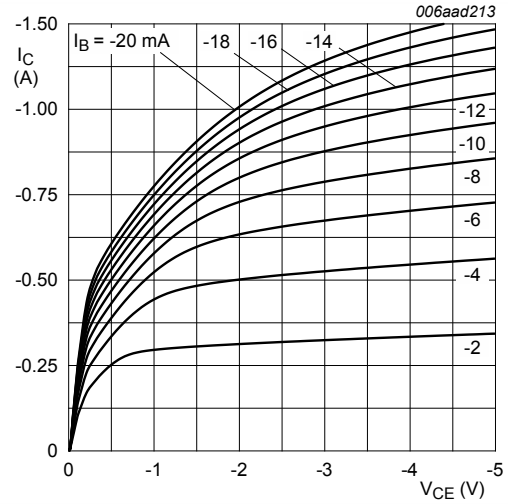
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (1) $I_C/I_B = 100$
 (2) $I_C/I_B = 50$
 (3) $I_C/I_B = 10$

Fig. 17. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



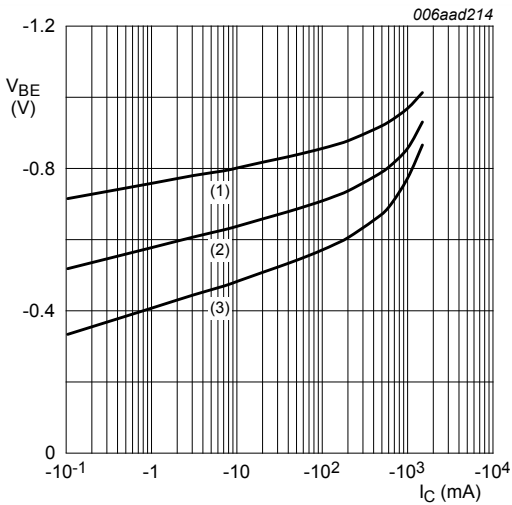
$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$
 (1) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

Fig. 18. TR2 (PNP): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



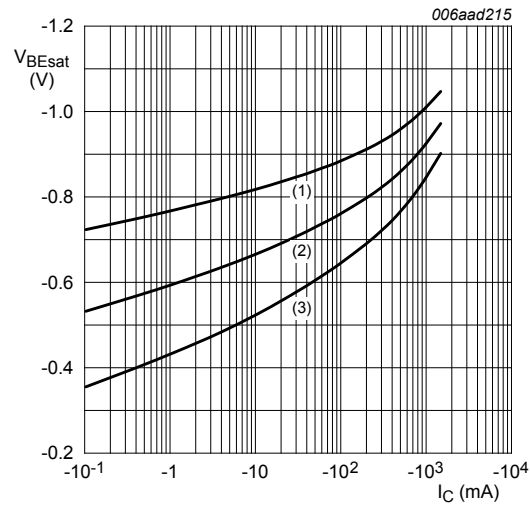
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

Fig. 19. TR2 (PNP): Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



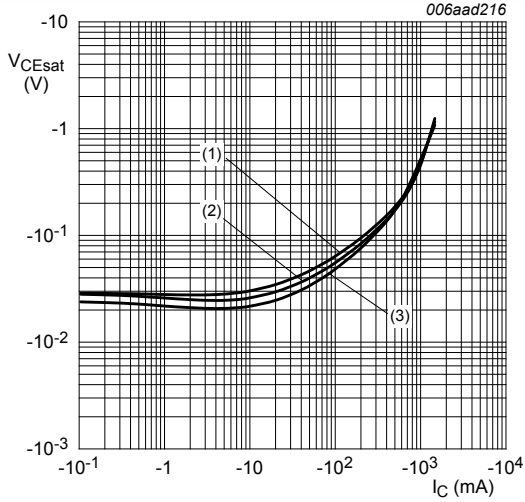
$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$
 (1) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$

Fig. 20. TR2 (PNP): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



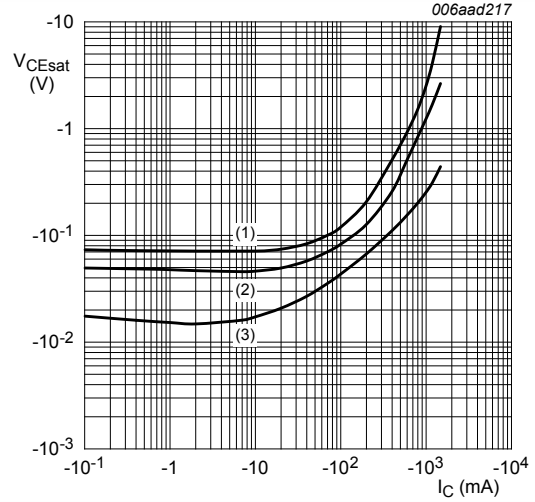
$I_C/I_B = 20$
 (1) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$

Fig. 21. TR2 (PNP): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



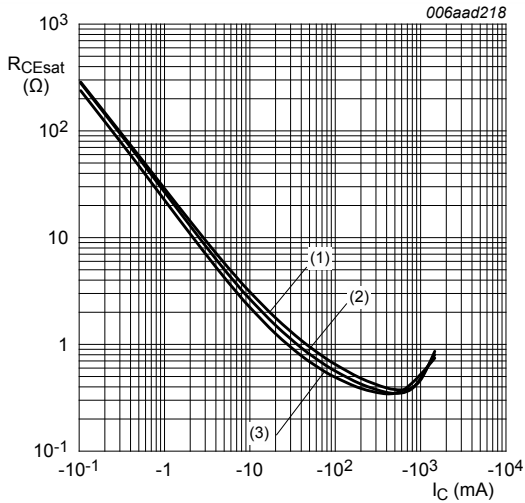
$I_C/I_B = 20$
 (1) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

Fig. 22. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



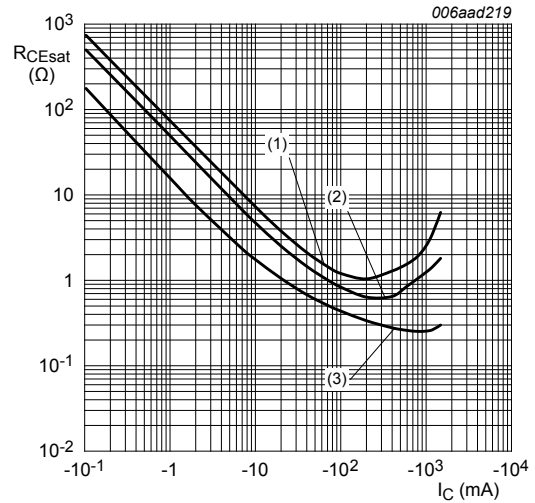
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (1) $I_C/I_B = 100$
 (2) $I_C/I_B = 50$
 (3) $I_C/I_B = 10$

Fig. 23. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



$I_C/I_B = 20$
 (1) $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
 (2) $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (3) $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

Fig. 24. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
 (1) $I_C/I_B = 100$
 (2) $I_C/I_B = 50$
 (3) $I_C/I_B = 10$

Fig. 25. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values

11. Test information

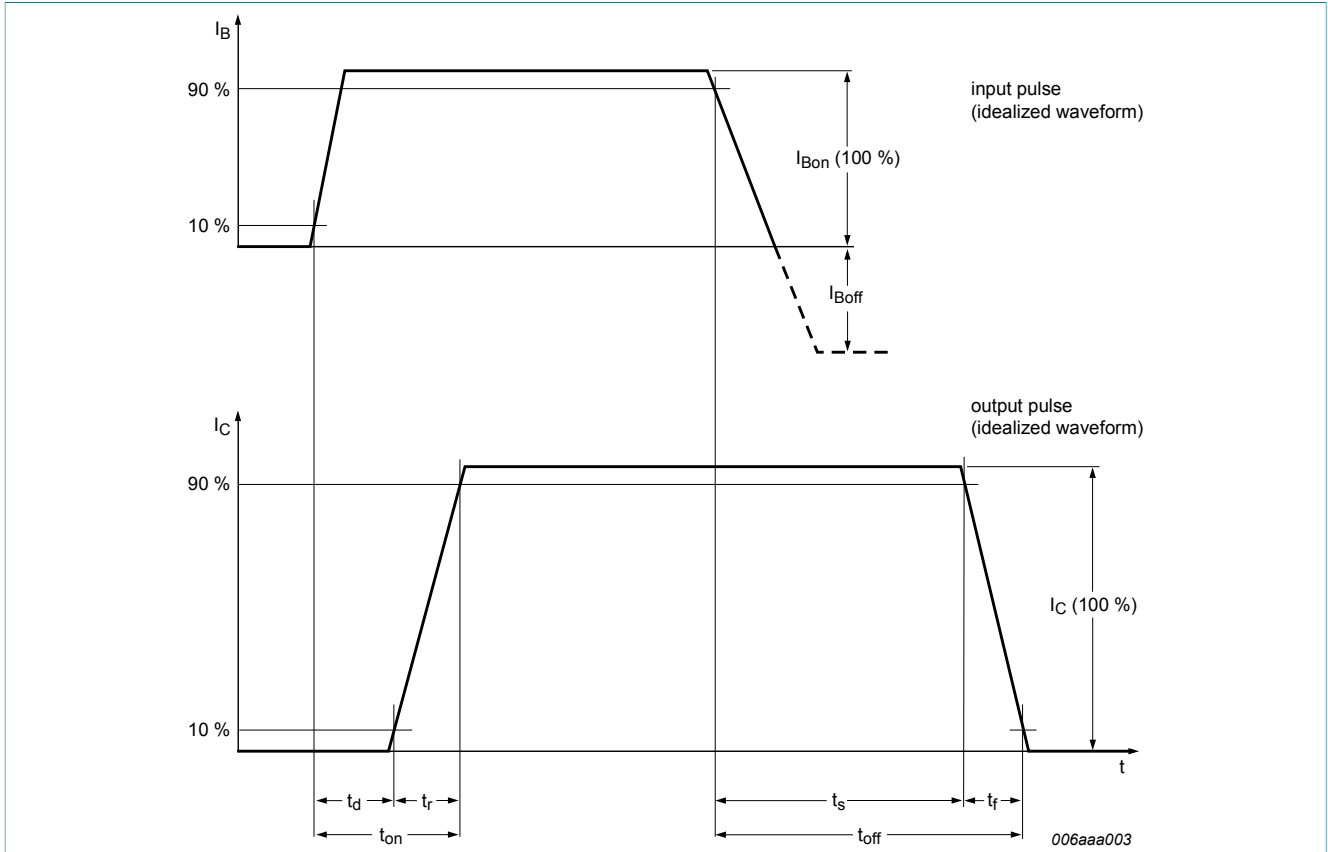


Fig. 26. TR1 (NPN): BISS transistor switching time definition

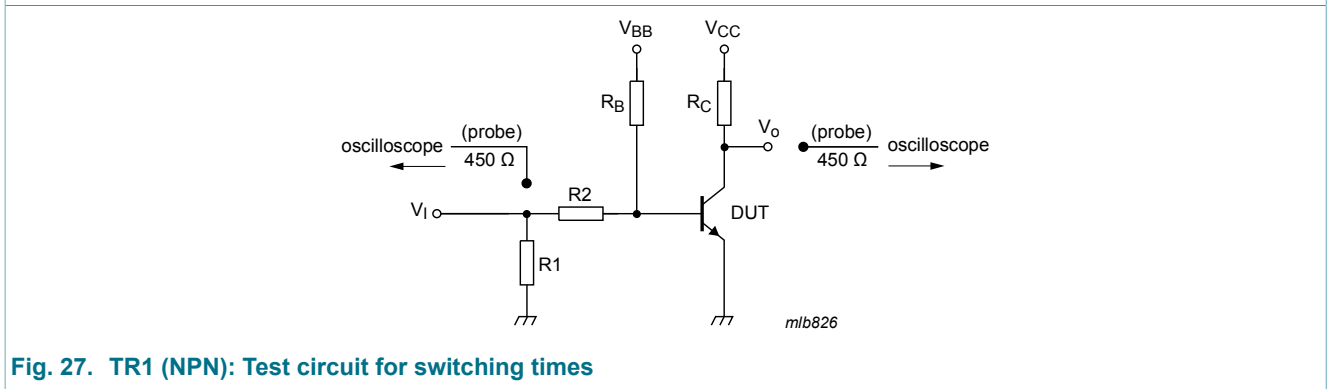


Fig. 27. TR1 (NPN): Test circuit for switching times

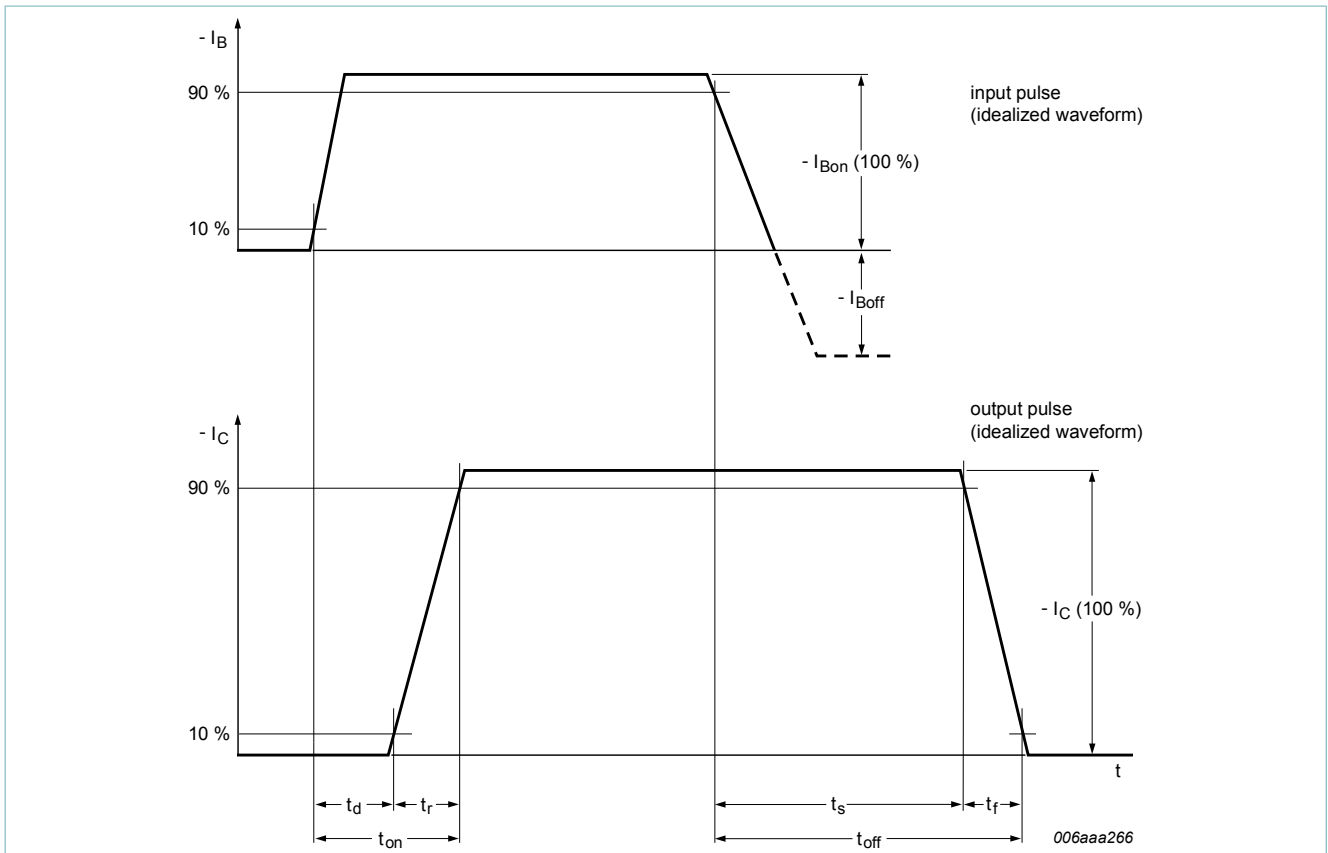


Fig. 28. TR2 (PNP): BISS transistor switching time definition

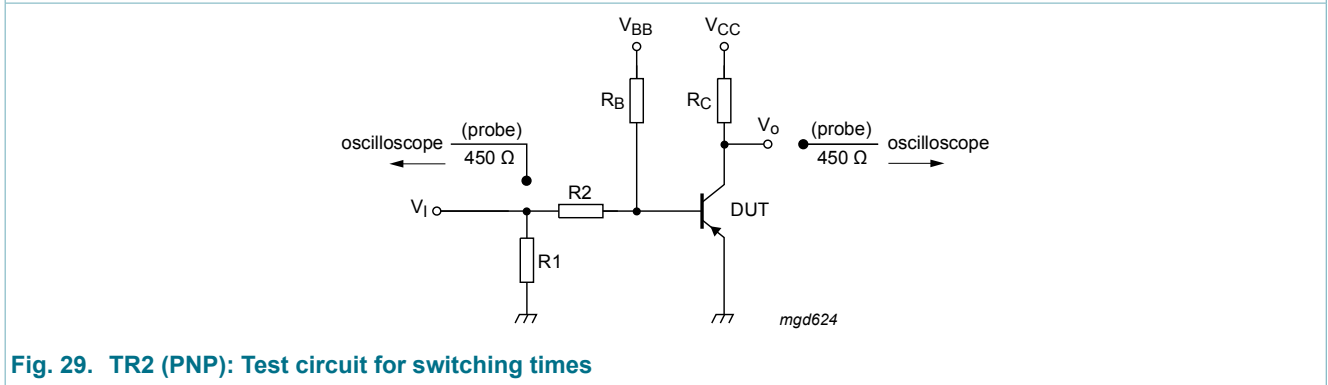


Fig. 29. TR2 (PNP): Test circuit for switching times

11.1 Quality information

This product has been qualified in accordance with the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q101 - *Stress test qualification for discrete semiconductors*, and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

12. Package outline

DFN2020D-6: plastic, thermally enhanced ultra thin and small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 2 x 2 x 0.65 mm

SOT1118D

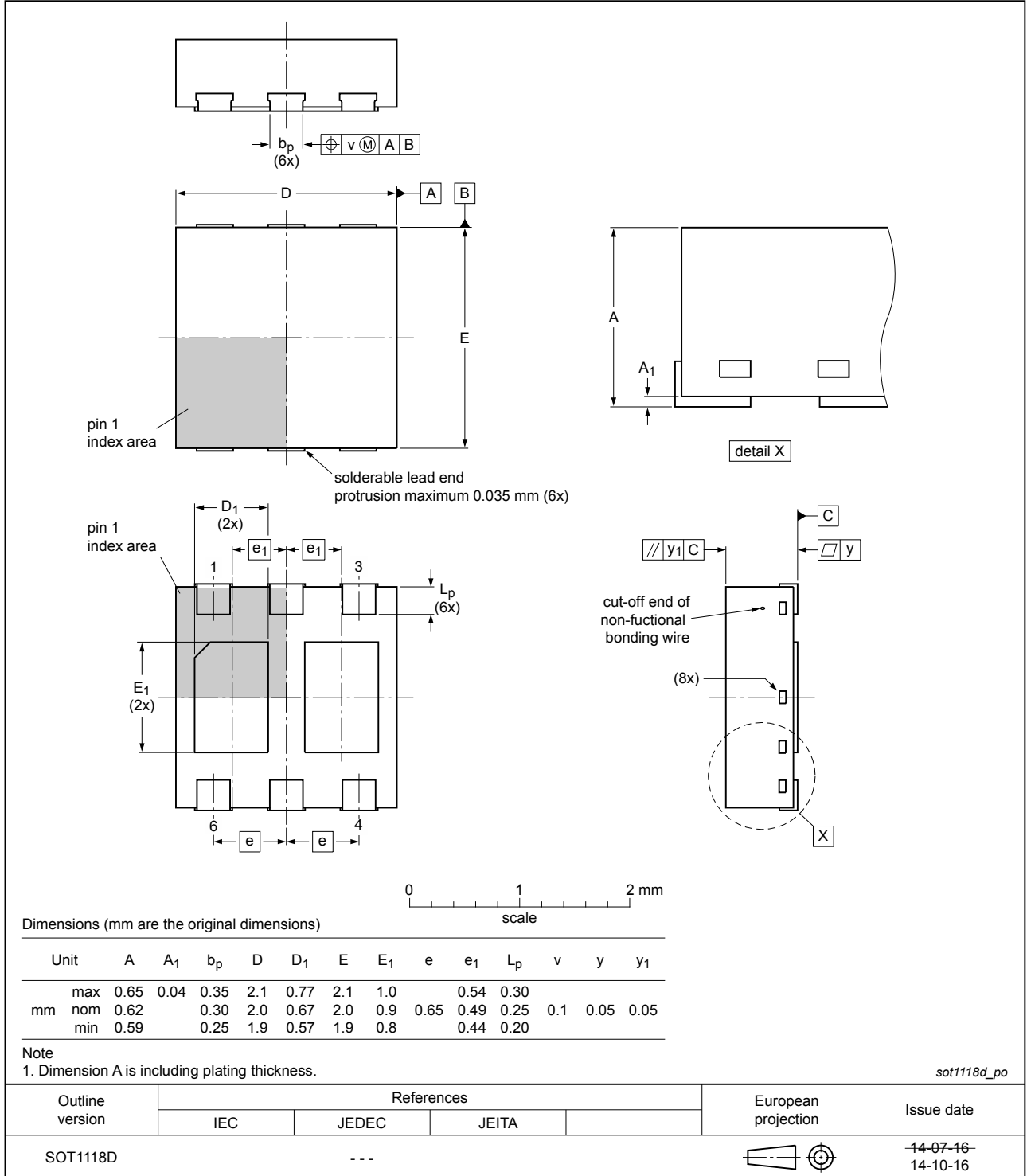


Fig. 30. Package outline DFN2020D-6 (SOT1118D)

13. Soldering

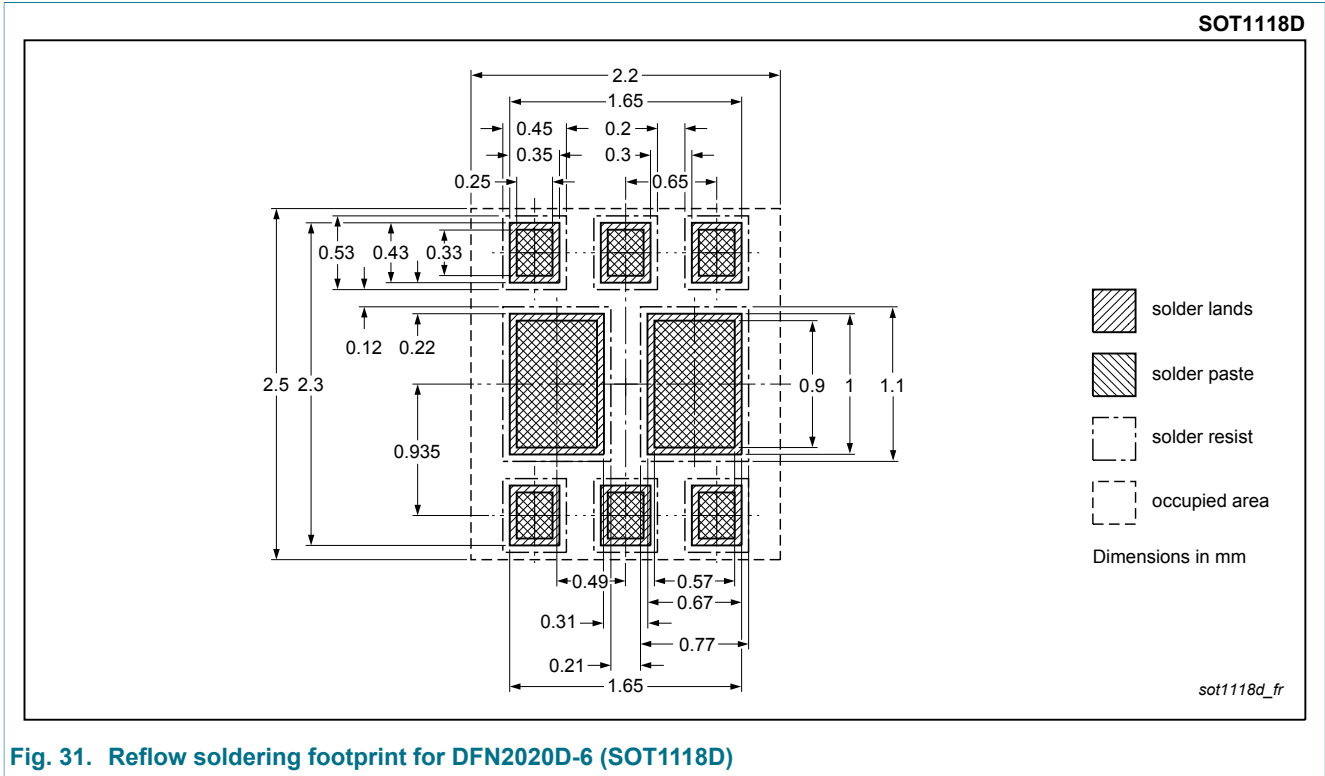


Fig. 31. Reflow soldering footprint for DFN2020D-6 (SOT1118D)

14. Revision history

Table 8. Revision history

Data sheet ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
PBSS4160PANPS v.1	20150211	Product data sheet	-	-

15. Legal information

15.1 Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nexperia.com>.

15.2 Definitions

Preview — The document is a preview version only. The document is still subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

15.3 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of Nexperia.

Right to make changes — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use in automotive applications — This Nexperia product has been qualified for use in automotive applications. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the product is not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of a Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Quick reference data — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at <http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms>, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

15.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

16. Contents

1	General description	1
2	Features and benefits	1
3	Applications	1
4	Quick reference data	1
5	Pinning information	2
6	Ordering information	2
7	Marking	2
8	Limiting values	3
9	Thermal characteristics	4
10	Characteristics	10
11	Test information	16
11.1	Quality information	17
12	Package outline	18
13	Soldering	19
14	Revision history	20
15	Legal information	21
15.1	Data sheet status	21
15.2	Definitions	21
15.3	Disclaimers	21
15.4	Trademarks	22

© Nexperia B.V. 2017. All rights reserved

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nexperia.com>
For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nexperia.com
Date of release: 11 February 2015

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for [Bipolar Transistors - BJT category](#):

Click to view products by [Nexperia manufacturer](#):

Other Similar products are found below :

[619691C](#) [MCH4017-TL-H](#) [BC546/116](#) [BC557/116](#) [BSW67A](#) [NTE158](#) [NTE187A](#) [NTE195A](#) [NTE2302](#) [NTE2330](#) [NTE63](#) [C4460](#)
[2SA1419T-TD-H](#) [2SA1721-O\(TE85L,F\)](#) [2SA2126-E](#) [2SB1204S-TL-E](#) [2SD2150T100R](#) [SP000011176](#) [FMMTA92QTA](#) [2N2369ADCSM](#)
[2N5769](#) [2SC2412KT146S](#) [2SC5490A-TL-H](#) [2SD1816S-TL-E](#) [2SD1816T-TL-E](#) [CMXT2207 TR](#) [CPH6501-TL-E](#) [MCH4021-TL-E](#)
[US6T6TR](#) [NJL0281DG](#) [732314D](#) [CMXT3906 TR](#) [CPH3121-TL-E](#) [CPH6021-TL-H](#) [873787E](#) [IMZ2AT108](#) [UMX21NTR](#) [MCH6102-TL-E](#)
[NJL0302DG](#) [2N3583](#) [2SA1434-TB-E](#) [2SC3143-4-TB-E](#) [2SD1621S-TD-E](#) [NTE103](#) [30A02MH-TL-E](#) [NSV40301MZ4T1G](#) [NTE101](#) [NTE13](#)
[NTE15](#) [NTE16001](#)