

LOW DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATOR

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2865/66 is a 100mA output low dropout voltage regulator with ON/OFF control.

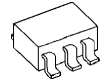
Advanced Bipolar technology achieves low noise, high ripple rejection and low quiescent current.

Small packaging, 1 μ F small decoupling capacitor, built-in noise bypass capacitor make the NJM2865/66 suitable for space conscious applications.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM2865F3

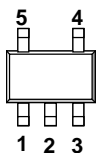


NJM2865F/66F

■ FEATURES

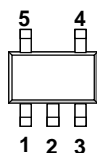
- High Ripple Rejection 75dB typ. (f=1kHz Vo=3V Version)
- Output Noise Voltage Vno=45 μ Vrms typ.
- Output capacitor with 1.0 μ F ceramic capacitor (Vo \geq 2.7V)
- Output Current Io(max.)=100mA
- High Precision Output Vo \pm 1.0%
- Low Dropout Voltage 0.10V typ. (Io=60mA)
- Input Voltage Range +2.3V ~ +14V (Vo \leq 2.0 Version)
- ON/OFF Control (Active High)
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline SC88A (NJM2865F3), SOT-23-5 (NJM2865F/66F)

■ PIN CONFIGURATION



1. CONTROL
2. GND
3. NC
4. V_{OUT}
5. V_{IN}

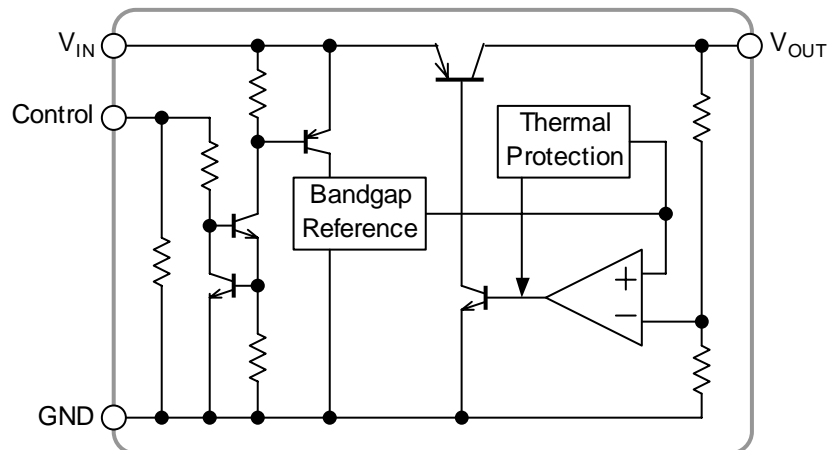
NJM2865F3 / NJM2865F



1. V_{IN}
2. GND
3. CONTROL
4. NC
5. V_{OUT}

NJM2866F

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



NJM2865/66

■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

| Device Name | V _{OUT} | Device Name | V _{OUT} | Device Name | V _{OUT} |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| NJM2865F3-/F15 | 1.5V | NJM2865F3-/F29 | 2.9V | NJM2865F3-/F38 | 3.8V |
| NJM2865F3-/F18 | 1.8V | NJM2865F3-/F03 | 3.0V | NJM2865F3-/F04 | 4.0V |
| NJM2865F3-/F21 | 2.1V | NJM2865F3-/F31 | 3.1V | NJM2865F3-/F445 | 4.45V |
| NJM2865F3-/F24 | 2.4V | NJM2865F3-/F32 | 3.2V | NJM2865F3-/F46 | 4.6V |
| NJM2865F3-/F25 | 2.5V | NJM2865F3-/F33 | 3.3V | NJM2865F3-/F48 | 4.8V |
| NJM2865F3-/F26 | 2.6V | NJM2865F3-/F34 | 3.4V | NJM2865F3-/F05 | 5.0V |
| NJM2865F3-/F27 | 2.7V | NJM2865F3-/F35 | 3.5V | | |
| NJM2865F3-/F28 | 2.8V | NJM2865F3-/F36 | 3.6V | | |

| Device Name | V _{OUT} | Device Name | V _{OUT} | Device Name | V _{OUT} |
|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|
| NJM2866F15 | 1.5V | NJM2866F29 | 2.9V | NJM2866F38 | 3.8V |
| NJM2866F18 | 1.8V | NJM2866F03 | 3.0V | NJM2866F04 | 4.0V |
| NJM2866F21 | 2.1V | NJM2866F31 | 3.1V | NJM2866F445 | 4.45V |
| NJM2866F24 | 2.4V | NJM2866F32 | 3.2V | NJM2866F46 | 4.6V |
| NJM2866F25 | 2.5V | NJM2866F33 | 3.3V | NJM2866F48 | 4.8V |
| NJM2866F26 | 2.6V | NJM2866F34 | 3.4V | NJM2866F05 | 5.0V |
| NJM2866F27 | 2.7V | NJM2866F35 | 3.5V | | |
| NJM2866F28 | 2.8V | NJM2866F36 | 3.6V | | |

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | RATINGS | | UNIT |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|------|
| Input Voltage | V _{IN} | +14 | | V |
| Control Voltage | V _{CONT} | +14(*1) | | V |
| Power Dissipation | P _D | SC88A | 250(*2) | mW |
| | | SOT-23-5 | 200(*3) | |
| | | | 350(*2) | |
| Operating Temperature | T _{opr} | -40~+85 | | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -40~+125 | | °C |

(*1): When input voltage is less than +14V, the absolute maximum control voltage is equal to the input voltage.

(*2): Mounted on glass epoxy board based on EIA/JEDEC. (114.3x76.2x1.6mm: 2Layers)

(*3): Device itself.

■ Operating voltage

V_{IN}=+2.3V ~ +14.0V (In case of Vo<2.1V)

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_o \geq 2.0V$ version: $V_{IN} = V_o + 1V$, $C_{IN} = 0.1\mu F$, $C_o = 1.0\mu F$; $V_o \geq 2.7V$ ($C_o = 2.2\mu F$; $V_o \leq 2.6V$), $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---|------------------------------|---|-------|----------|-------|-----------------|
| Output Voltage | V_o | $I_o = 30mA$ | -1.0% | – | +1.0% | V |
| Quiescent Current | I_Q | $I_o = 0mA$, expect I_{cont} | – | 120 | 180 | μA |
| Quiescent Current at Control OFF | $I_{Q(OFF)}$ | $V_{CONT} = 0V$ | – | – | 100 | nA |
| Output Current | I_o | $V_o = 0.3V$ | 100 | 130 | – | mA |
| Line Regulation | $\Delta V_o / \Delta V_{IN}$ | $V_{IN} = V_o + 1V \sim V_o + 6V$, $I_o = 30mA$ | – | – | 0.10 | %/V |
| Load Regulation | $\Delta V_o / \Delta I_o$ | $I_o = 0 \sim 60mA$ | – | – | 0.03 | %/mA |
| Dropout Voltage | $\Delta V_{L.O}$ | $I_o = 60mA$ | – | 0.10 | 0.18 | V |
| Ripple Rejection | RR | $e_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$, $f = 1kHz$, $I_o = 10mA$, $V_o = 3V$ Version | – | 75 | – | dB |
| Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage | $\Delta V_o / \Delta T_a$ | $T_a = 0 \sim 85^\circ C$, $I_o = 10mA$ | – | ± 50 | – | ppm/ $^\circ C$ |
| Output Noise Voltage | V_{NO} | $f = 10Hz \sim 80kHz$, $I_o = 10mA$, $V_o = 3V$ Version | – | 45 | – | μV_{rms} |
| Control Current | I_{CONT} | $V_{CONT} = 1.6V$, $I_o = 0mA$ | – | – | 12 | μA |
| Control Voltage for ON-state | $V_{CONT(ON)}$ | | 1.6 | – | – | V |
| Control Voltage for OFF-state | $V_{CONT(OFF)}$ | | – | – | 0.6 | V |

($V_o \leq 2.0V$ version: $V_{IN} = V_o + 1V$, $C_{IN} = 0.1\mu F$, $C_o = 2.2\mu F$ ($C_o = 4.7\mu F$; $V_o \leq 1.6V$), $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

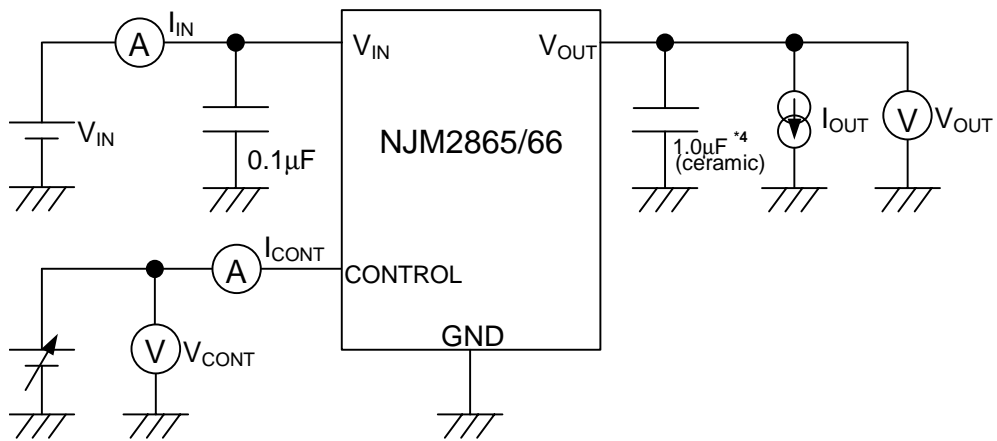
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---|------------------------------|---|-------|----------|-------|-----------------|
| Output Voltage | V_o | $I_o = 30mA$ | -1.0% | – | +1.0% | V |
| Quiescent Current | I_Q | $I_o = 0mA$, expect I_{cont} | – | 120 | 180 | μA |
| Quiescent Current at Control OFF | $I_{Q(OFF)}$ | $V_{CONT} = 0V$ | – | – | 100 | nA |
| Output Current | I_o | $V_o = 0.3V$ | 100 | 130 | – | mA |
| Line Regulation | $\Delta V_o / \Delta V_{IN}$ | $V_{IN} = V_o + 1V \sim V_o + 6V$, $I_o = 30mA$ | – | – | 0.10 | %/V |
| Load Regulation | $\Delta V_o / \Delta I_o$ | $I_o = 0 \sim 60mA$ | – | – | 0.03 | %/mA |
| Ripple Rejection | RR | $e_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$, $f = 1kHz$, $I_o = 10mA$, $V_o = 1.8V$ Version | – | 80 | – | dB |
| Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage | $\Delta V_o / \Delta T_a$ | $T_a = 0 \sim 85^\circ C$, $I_o = 10mA$ | – | ± 50 | – | ppm/ $^\circ C$ |
| Output Noise Voltage | V_{NO} | $f = 10Hz \sim 80kHz$, $I_o = 10mA$, $V_o = 1.8V$ Version | – | 27 | – | μV_{rms} |
| Control Current | I_{CONT} | $V_{CONT} = 1.6V$, $I_o = 0mA$ | – | – | 12 | μA |
| Control Voltage for ON-state | $V_{CONT(ON)}$ | | 1.6 | – | – | V |
| Control Voltage for OFF-state | $V_{CONT(OFF)}$ | | – | – | 0.6 | V |

The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

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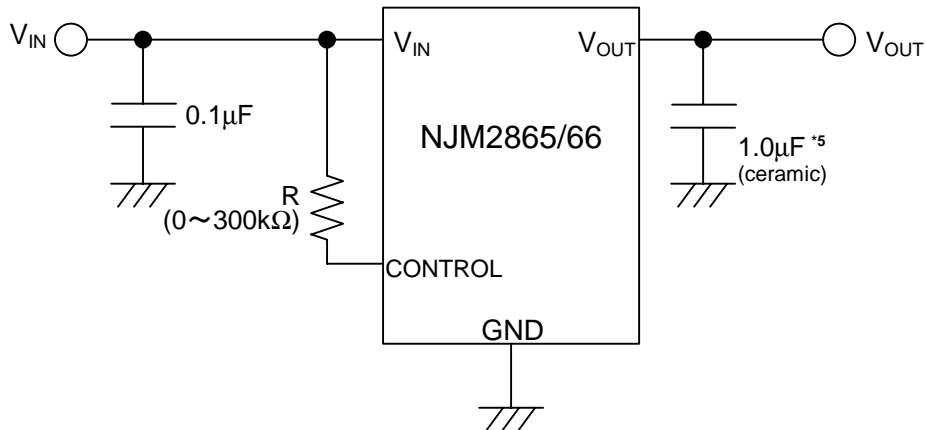
■ TEST CIRCUIT



*4 1.6V < V_o ≤ 2.6V version: $C_o = 2.2\mu\text{F}$ (ceramic)
 $V_o \leq 1.6\text{V}$ version: $4.7\mu\text{F}$ (ceramic)

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

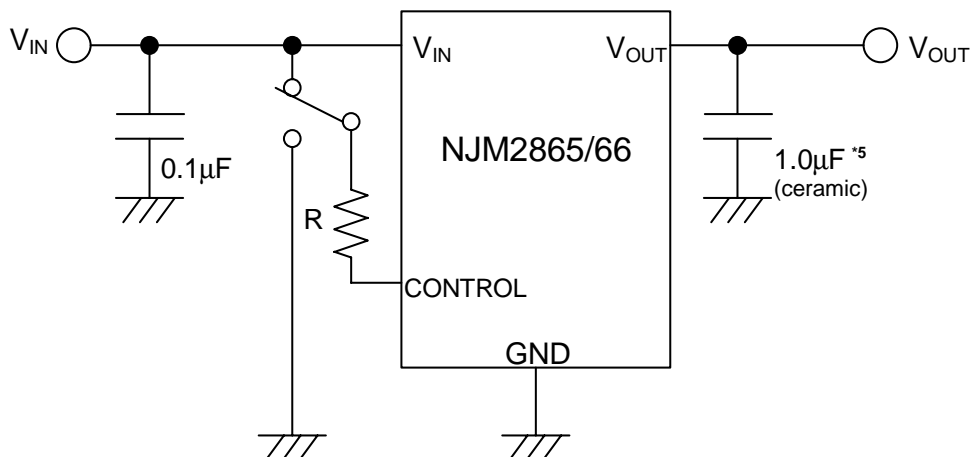
① In the case where ON/OFF Control is not required:



*5 1.6V < V_{O} ≤ 2.6V version: C_o = 2.2µF (ceramic)
 V_{O} ≤ 1.6V version: 4.7µF (ceramic)

Connect control terminal to V_{IN} terminal

② In use of ON/OFF CONTROL:



*5 1.6V < V_{O} ≤ 2.6V version: C_o = 2.2µF (ceramic)
 V_{O} ≤ 1.6V version: 4.7µF (ceramic)

State of control terminal:

- "H" → output is enabled.
- "L" or "open" → output is disabled.

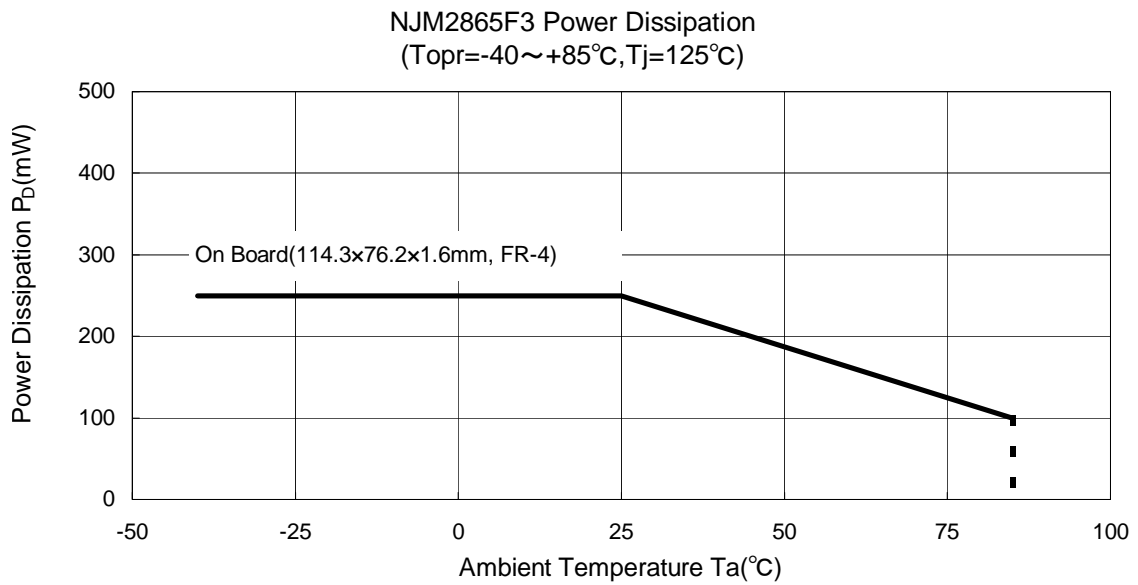
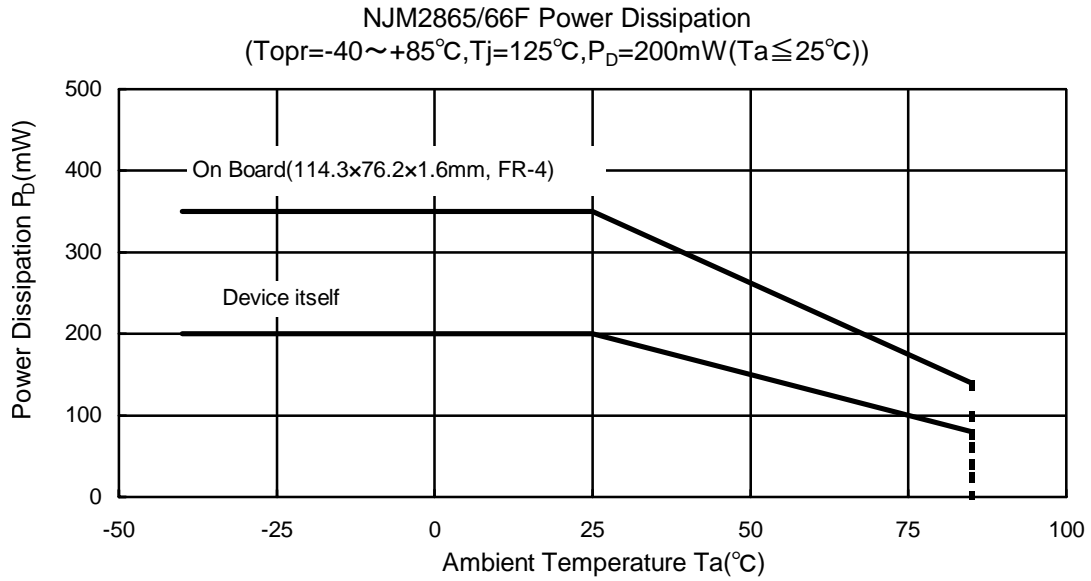
* In the case of using a resistance "R" between V_{IN} and control.

The current flow into the control terminal while the IC is ON state (I_{CONT}) can be reduced when a pull up resistance "R" is inserted between V_{IN} and the control terminal.

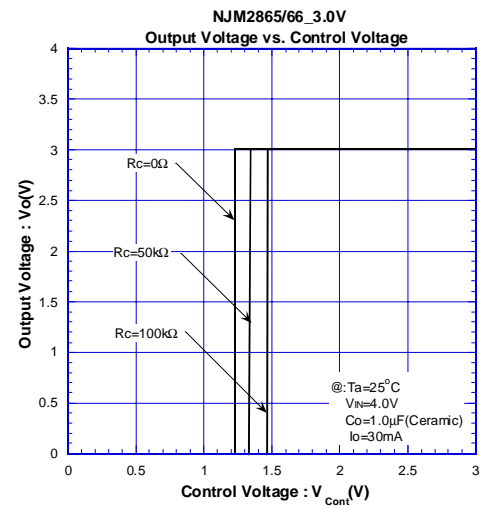
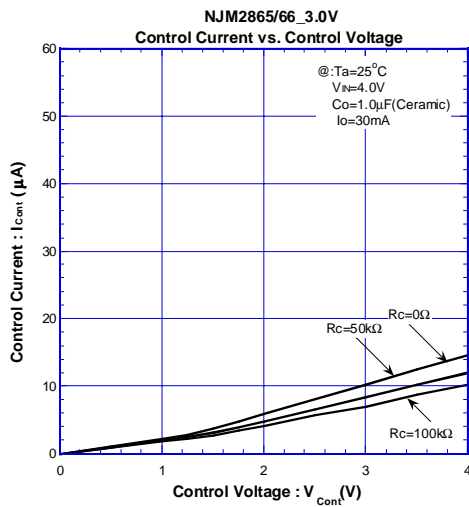
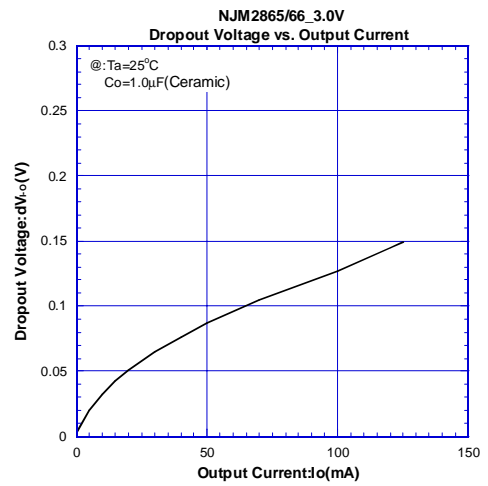
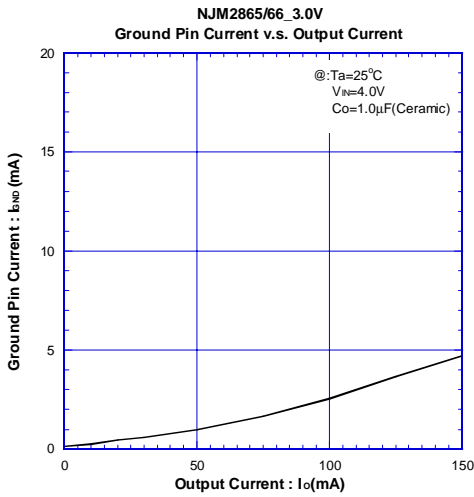
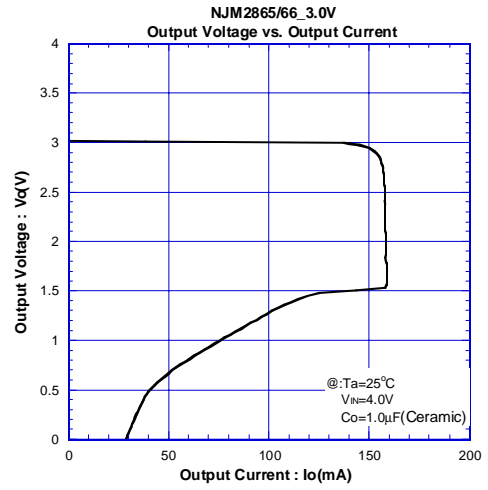
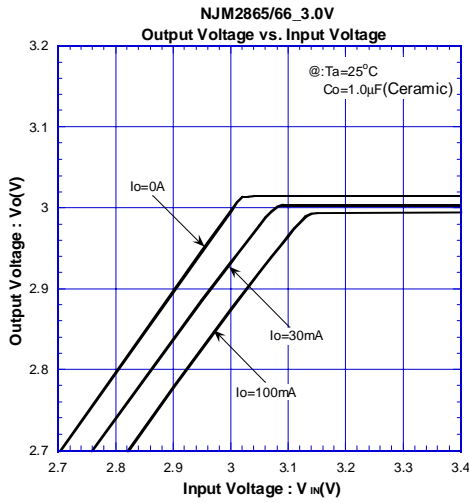
The minimum control voltage for ON state ($V_{CONT(ON)}$) is increased due to the voltage drop caused by I_{CONT} and the resistance "R". The I_{CONT} is temperature dependence as shown in the "Control Current vs. Temperature" characteristics. Therefore, the resistance "R" should be carefully selected to ensure the control voltage exceeds the $V_{CONT(ON)}$ over the required temperature range.

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POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

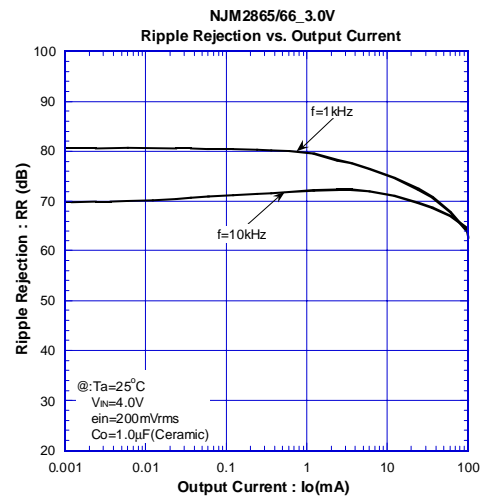
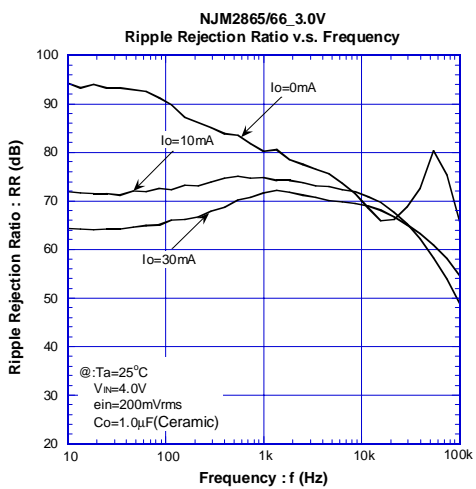
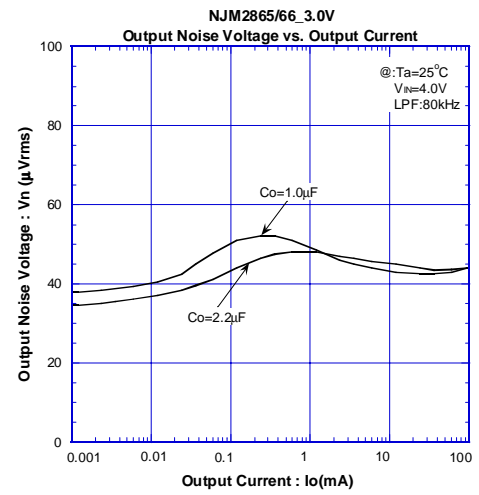
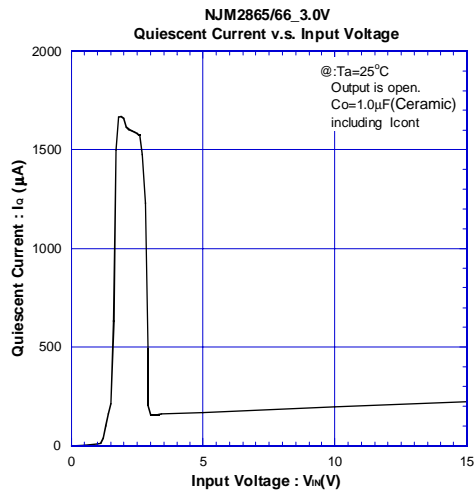
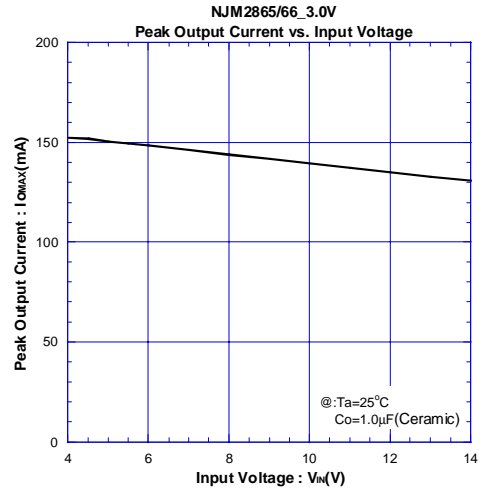
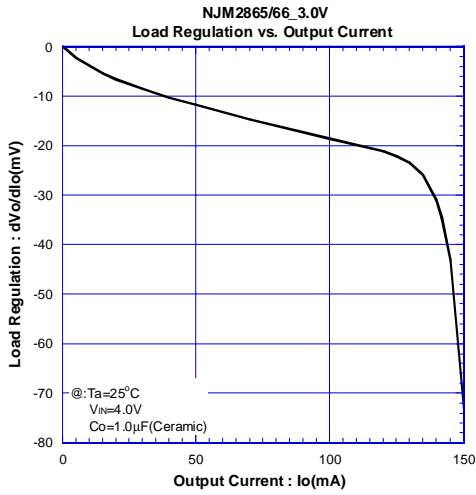


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

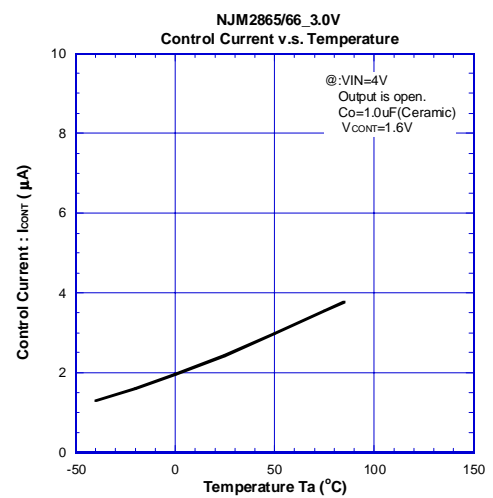
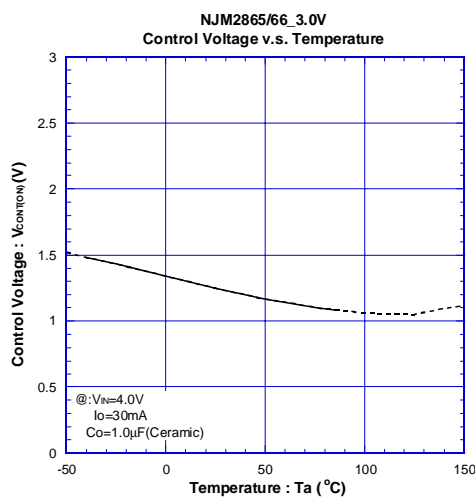
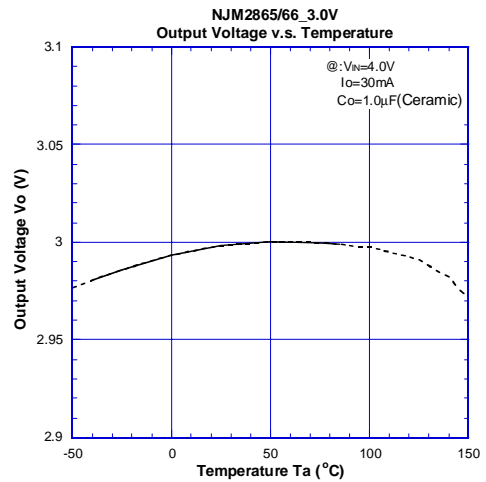
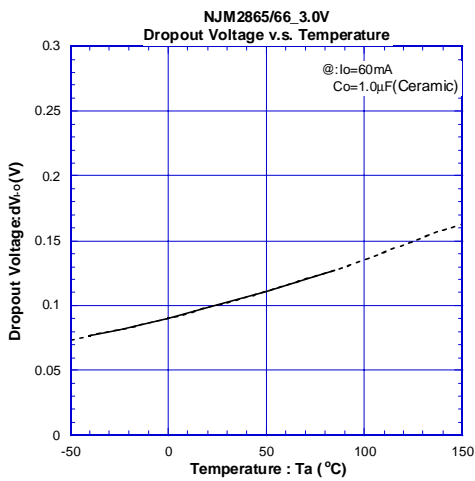
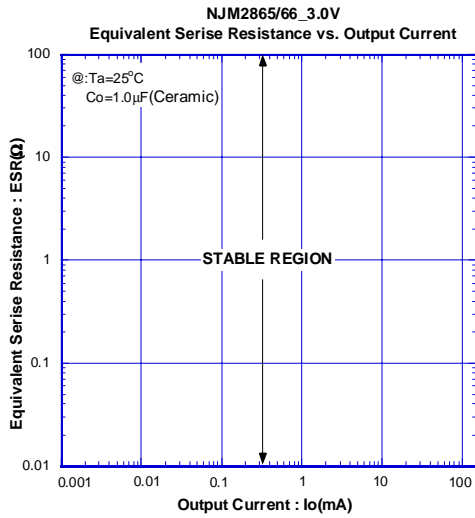


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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

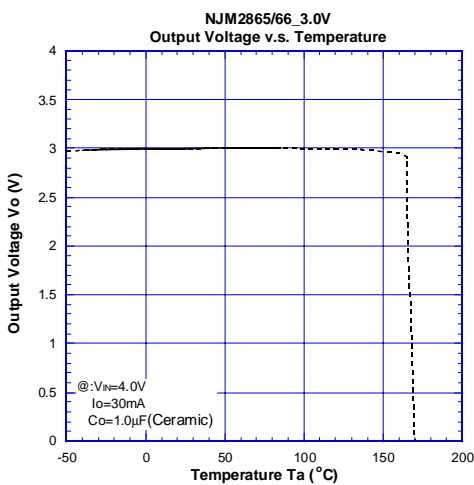
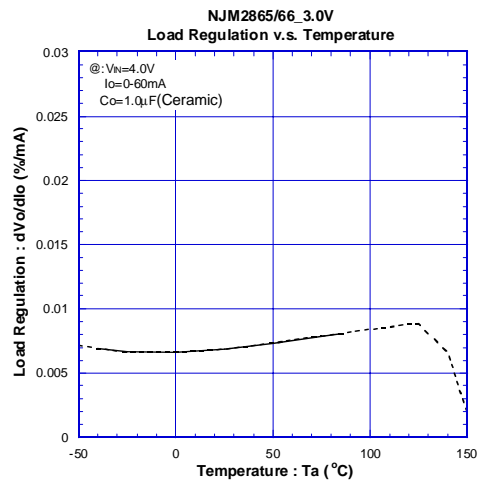
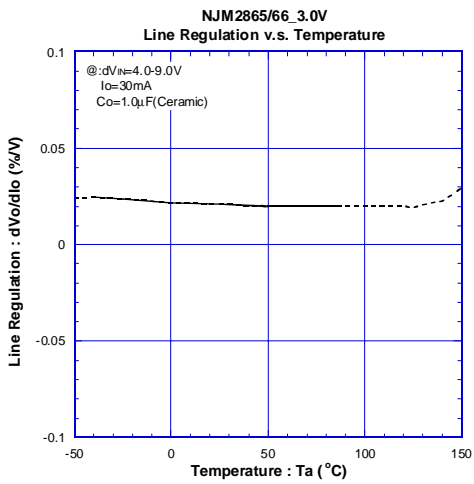
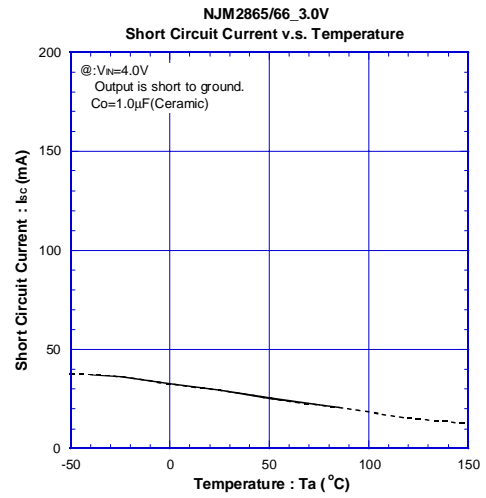
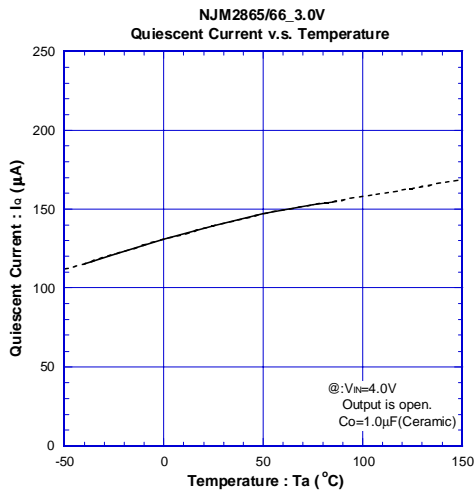


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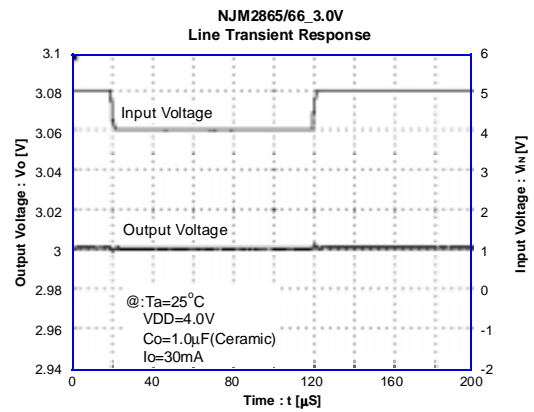
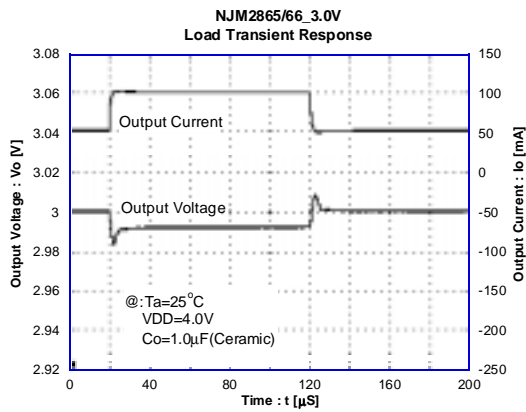
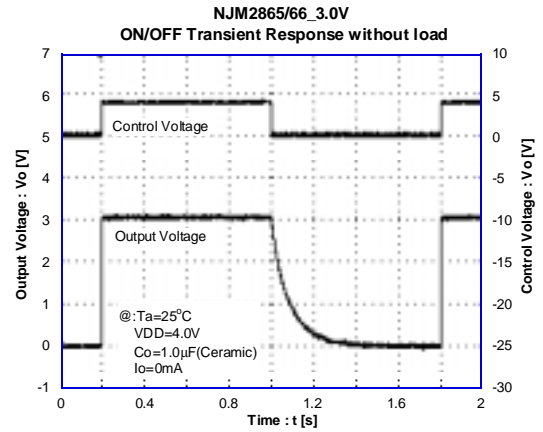
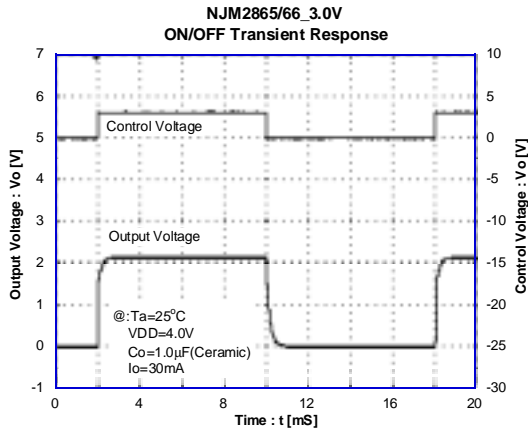


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■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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