R1240x Series

1.2 A, 30 V Step-Down DC/DC Converter

NO.EA-190-170609

OUTLINE

The R1240x is a CMOS-based Step-down DC/DC converter with internal Nch high side Tr. (0.35Ω) , which can provide the maximum 1.2 A output current. The ICs consists of an Oscillator, a PWM control circuit, a Reference Voltage unit, an Error amplifier, phase compensation circuits, a slope circuit, a soft-start circuit, protection circuits, internal voltage regulators, and a switch for boot strap circuit. The ICs can make up a Step-Down DC/DC Converter with the following external components: an inductor, resistors, a diode, and capacitors. The R1240x is a current mode operating type DC/DC converter which does not require external current sense resistor, and it works high speed response time, high efficiency and compatible with ceramic capacitors. Oscillator frequency is internally set at 1.25 MHz.

As a protection function, it has cycle by cycle peak current limit function, short protection function, thermal shutdown function and UVLO.

There are two types for short protection, A version has latch protection function with 2 ms delay time, and B version has fold-back protection function that keep operating at short condition with lower operating frequency and limiting the Lx current.

FEATURES

•	Operating Voltage ·················4.5 V to 30 V	
•	Internal Nch MOSFET Driver ·······Typ. Ron = 0.35Ω	
•	Adjustable Output Voltage with External Resistor ··· 0.8 V to 15 V	
•	Feedback Voltage······0.8 V ±1.5%	
•	Peak Current Limit Function ······Typ. 2.0 A	
•	UVLO Function	
•	Operating Frequency ······················1.25 MHz (Ver. B: 310 kHz, Fold-back Cond	dition)
•	Short Protection for Output ············Ver. A: Latch with 2 ms delay or Ver. B: Fold	d-back
•	Ceramic Capacitor Compatible	
•	Stand-by Function ······Typ. 0 μΑ	
•	Package · · · · · SOT-23-6W, DFN(PLP)2527-10	

APPLICATIONS

- Digital Home Appliances: Digital TVs, DVD Players
- OA Equipment: Printers, Fax
- Hand-held Communication Equipment, Cameras, VCRs, Camcorders
- **Battery-powered Equipment**

SELECTION GUIDE

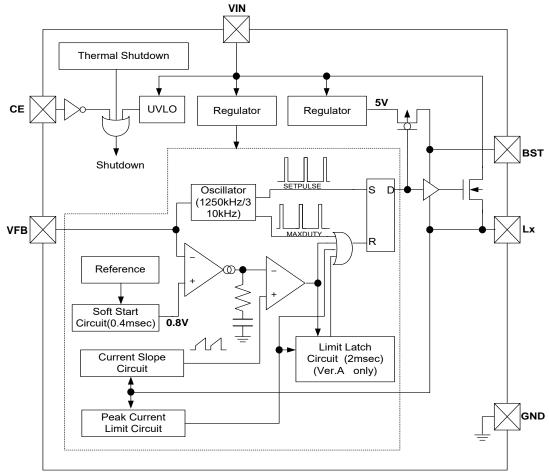
In the R1240x, the Package, type of short protection (Latch or Fold-back) can be selected at the user's request.

Selection Guide

Product Name Package		Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R1240K003*-TR	DFN(PLP)2527-10	5,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R1240N001*-TR-FE	SOT-23-6W	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

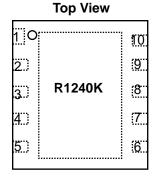
- *: Designation of Optional Function at off state are options as follows.
 - (A) Latch Type protection
 - (B) Fold-back Type protection

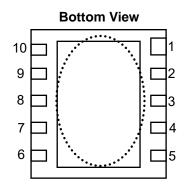
BLOCK DIAGRAM

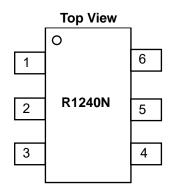


R1240x Block Diagram

PIN DESCRIPTIONS







DFN(PLP)2527-10 Pin Configuration

SOT-23-6W Pin Configuration

R1240N001x Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description		
1	CE	Chip Enable Pin, Active with "H"		
2	VIN	ower Supply Pin		
3	Lx	Lx Switching Pin		
4	BST	Bootstrap Pin		
5	GND	Ground Pin		
6	VFB	Feedback Pin		

R1240K003x Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description		
1	Lx	Lx Switching Pin		
2	VIN	Power Supply Pin		
3	VIN	Power Supply Pin		
4	CE	Chip Enable Pin, Active with "H"		
5	TEST	Test Pin (Open, do not connect to any line.)		
6	GND	Ground Pin		
7	NC	No Connection		
8	VFB	Feedback Pin		
9	NC	No Connection		
10	BST	Bootstrap Pin		

Tab is GND level. (They are connected to the reverse side of this IC.) The tab is better to be connected to the GND, but leaving it open is also acceptable.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(GND = 0 V)

Symbol	Item		Rating		Unit
Vin	Input Voltage		-0.3 to 32		V
V _{BST}	BST Pin Voltage		V_{LX} -0.3 to V_{LX}	+6	V
V_{LX}	Lx Pin Voltage		-0.3 to V _{IN} +0.	3	V
I _{LX}	Lx Pin Current		2		Α
V_{CE}	CE Pin input Voltage		-0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3		V
V_{FB}	VFB Pin Voltage		-0.3 to 4		V
		SOT-23-6W	Standard Land Pattern	430	
P_D	Power Dissipation*		Standard Land Pattern	910	mW
	DFN(PLP)25		High Wattage Land Pattern	1400	
Tj	Junction Temperature Ran	ge	-40 to 125		°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature Rang	је	−55 to 125		°C

^{*} Refer to Power Dissipation for detailed information.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
Vin	Operating Input Voltage	4.5 to 30	V
Та	Operating Temperature Range	−40 to 85	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Characteristics

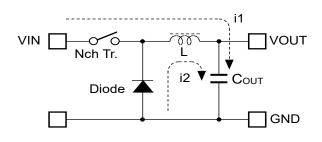
(Otherwise notified, V_{IN} = 12 V, Ta = 25°C)

Electrical Characteristics (Otherwise notified, $V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}$, $Ia = 25 \text{ C}$						= 25°C)
Symbol	ltem	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{IN}	VIN Consumption Current	V _{IN} = 30 V, V _{FB} = 1.0 V		0.5	1.0	mA
V _{UVLO1}	UVLO Detect Voltage	Falling	3.6	3.8	4.0	V
V _{UVLO2}	UVLO Released Voltage	Rising		Vuvlo1 +0.2	4.2	٧
V_{FB}	VFB Voltage Tolerance		0.788	0.800	0.812	٧
ΔV _{FB} /ΔTa	VFB Voltage Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C		±150		ppm/ºC
fosc	Oscillator Frequency		1000	1250	1500	kHz
V_{FLB}	Fold-back Frequency (Ver. B)	V _{FB} < 0.56 V		310		kHz
Maxduty	Oscillator Max. Duty Cycle		75	85	90	%
tmin	Minimum On Time			100		nsec
tss	Soft-start Time	V _{FB} = 0.72 V	0.2	0.4	0.6	ms
tdly	Delay Time for Latch Protection (Ver. A)		1	2	4	ms
RLXH	Lx High Side Switch ON Resistance			0.35		Ω
ILXHOFF	Lx High Side Switch Leakage Current			0	5	μA
ILIMLXH	Lx High Side Switch Limited Current			2.0		Α
Vcel	CE "L" Input Voltage				0.3	V
V _{CEH}	CE "H" Input Voltage		1.6			\
I _{FB}	VFB Input Current		-1.0		1.0	μA
ICEL	CE "L" Input Current		-1.0		1.0	μA
I _{CEH}	CE "H" Input Current		-1.0		1.0	μA
T _{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Detect Temperature	Hysteresis 30°C		160		°C
Istandby	Standby Current	V _{IN} = 30 V		0	5	μΑ

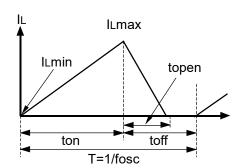
OPERATING DESCRIPTIONS

OPERATION OF STEP-DOWN DC/DC CONVERTER AND OUTPUT CURRENT

The step-down DC/DC converter charges energy in the inductor (L) when the LX transistor turns on, and discharges the energy from the inductor when LX transistor turns off and controls with less energy loss, so that a lower output voltage (V_{OUT}) than the input voltage (V_{IN}) can be obtained. The operation of the step-down DC/DC converter is explained in the following figures.



Basic Circuit



Inductor Current flowing through Inductor

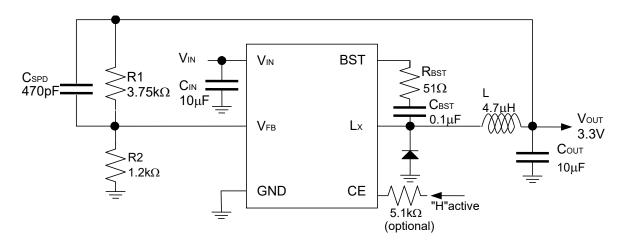
- **Step1.** The Nch transistor turns on and the inductor current (i1) flows, L is charged with energy. At this moment, i1 increases from the minimum inductor current (ILmin), which is 0 A, and reaches the maximum inductor current (ILmax) in proportion to the on-time period (ton) of the Nch transistor.
- **Step2.** When the Nch transistor turns off, L tries to maintain IL at ILmax, so L turns the diode on and the inductor current (i2) flows into L.
- Step3. i2 decreases gradually and reaches ILmin after the open-time period (topen) of the Nch transistor, and then the diode turns off. This is called discontinuous current mode.

 As the output current (I_{OUT}) increases, the off-time period (toff) of the Nch transistor runs out before IL reaches ILmin. The next cycle starts, and the Nch transistor turns on and the diode turns off, which means IL starts increasing from ILmin. This is called continuous current mode.

In the case of PWM mode, V_{OUT} is maintained by controlling ton. During PWM mode, the oscillator frequency (fosc) is being maintained constant.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



R1240x Typical Application Circuit

External Parts

C _{IN} 10 μF, KTS500B106M55N0T00 (Nippon Chemi-Con)			
Coυτ 10 μF, GRM31CR71E106K (Murata)			
C _{BST} 0.1 μF, GRM21BB11H104KA01L (Murata)			
L	4.7 μH, SLF7045T-4R7M2R0-PF (TDK)		
D	CMS11 (Toshiba)		

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OUTPUT CURRENT AND SELECTION OF EXTERNAL COMPONENTS

The following equations explain the relationship between output current and peripheral components.

Ripple Current P-P value is described as I_{RP} , ON resistance of switch is described as R_{ONP} , forward drop voltage is described as V_F , and DC resistance of inductor is described as R_L .

First, when the switch is turned on, the following equation is satisfied.

$$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + (R_{ONH} + R_L) \times I_{OUT} + L \times I_{RP} / ton$$
 Equation 1

Second, when the switch is turned off, the diode is turned on, the following equation is satisfied.

Put Equation 2 into Equation 1 to solve the ON duty of the switch (DoN = ton / (toff + ton)):

$$D_{ON} = (V_{OUT} + V_F + R_L \times I_{OUT}) / (V_{IN} + V_F - R_{ONH} \times I_{OUT}) \cdots Equation 3$$

Ripple Current is described as follows:

$$I_{RP} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT} - R_{ONH} \times I_{OUT} - R_{L} \times I_{OUT}) \times D_{ON} / fosc / L \cdots Equation 4$$

Peak current that flows through L and the switch is described as follows:

Notes: Please consider ILmax when setting conditions of input and output, as well as selecting the external components. The above calculation formulas are based on the ideal operation of the ICs in continuous mode.

TECHNICAL NOTES

The performance of a power source circuit using this device is highly dependent on a peripheral circuit. A peripheral component or the device mounted on PCB should not exceed its voltage, current or power ratings. When designing a peripheral circuit, please be fully aware of the following points. (Refer to our PCB layout for detailed information).

- External components must be connected as close as possible to the ICs and make wiring as short as possible. Especially, the capacitor connected in between VIN and GND pin must be wiring the shortest. The operating may be unstable due to the change of the electric potential of internal ICs by the switching current when the impedance of the power supply line and GND line is high. Make the power supply and GND lines sufficient. It is also necessary to give careful consideration to design the wiring of the power supply, GND, Lx, VOUT and the inductor because of the large current by the function of switching is flowing into them. Besides, the wiring between the resistance (R1), which set the output voltage, and the wiring of the inductor must separate from the load wiring.
- The ceramic capacitors have low ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) type are recommended for the ICs. The recommendation of C_{IN} capacitor between VIN and GND is more than 10 μ F, and C_{OUT} capacitor is more than 10 μ F in the case $V_{OUT} \ge 1.8$ V or more than 20 μ F in the case 1.8 V > V_{OUT} . Please check the bias dependence and the temperature variations of the ceramic capacitors.
- Normally, please select the inductor value in the range between 4.7 μH and 10μH in the case of V_{OUT} ≥ 5 V, 4.7 μH in the case of 5 V > V_{OUT} ≥ 1.8 V and 2.2 μH in the case of 1.8 V > V_{OUT}. The internal phase compensation of this IC is designed with the above-mentioned inductor value and C_{OUT} ceramic capacitor value. When the inductor value is small, there is a possibility to trigger the over-current protection circuit by the peak switching current. As the peak switching current might reach to the limited value when the load current increase a lot.
- Please note; the over-current protection circuit is influenced by the temperature shift caused by operation of the IC.
- For the diode, please use the Schottky diode, which parasitic capacitance is small as possible, as, there is a possibility that the operating of IC becomes unstable by the large switching current.
- Output voltage is set by $V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times (R1 + R2) / R2$. If the values of R1 and R2 are large, the impedance of VFB pin increases, and pickup the noise may result. The recommendation value range of R2 is approximately between 1.2 k Ω to 16 k Ω . If the operation may be unstable, reduce the impedance of VFB pin.

Recommended Value for Each Output Voltage

V _{OUT} (V)	0.8	1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8~6	6~15
R1 (kΩ)	0		= (V _{OUT} / 0.8 - 1) × 1.2				
R2 (kΩ)	open	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
C _{SPD} (pF)	open	3300	2200	1500	470	470	330
C _{OUT} (μF)	22 × 2	10 × 2	10 × 2	10 × 2	10 × 2	10	10
L (μH)	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	4.7	10.0 (4.7)

Recommended External Components

Symbol	Condition	Value	Parts Name	MFR			
C _{IN}		10 μF/ 50 V	UMK325BJ106MM-P	TAIYO YUDEN			
		10 μF/ 50 V	CGA6P3X7S1H106K	TDK			
		10 μF/ 50 V	KTS500B106M55N0T00	Nippon Chemi-Con			
Соит	V _{OUT} > 10 V	10 μF/ 50 V	UMK325BJ106MM-P	TAIYO YUDEN			
		10 μF/ 50 V	CGA6P3X7S1H106K	TDK			
		10 μF/ 50 V	KTS500B106M55N0T00	Nippon Chemi-Con			
	10 V > V _{OUT} > 1.8 V	10 μF/ 25 V	GRM31CR71E106K	Murata			
	V _{OUT} < 1.8 V	22 μF/ 10 V	GRM31CR71A226M	Murata			
			NOTE: The value of C _{OUT}				
			depends on the setting output voltage.				
Свят		0.1 μF/ 50 V	GRM21BB11H104KA01L	Murata			
R _{BST}		51.0 Ω					
L	L 40 V/ 2.0 A 10 μH SLF6045T-100M1R6-3PF TDK		TDK				
			SLF7045T-4R7M2R0-PF	TDK			
		2.2 μH VLCF4020T-2R2N1R7		TDK			
D	30 V/ 2.0 A	0.32 V	CMS06	TOSHIBA			
	40 V/ 2.0 A	0.49 V	CMS11	TOSHIBA			
			NOTE: Diode depends on the				
			input voltage and output				
	The diada is series - t-	Current.					
RCE	The diode is connected between the CE pin and the VIN pin as the ESD protection element. If there is the possibility that the voltage of the CE pin becomes higher than the voltage of the						
	VIN pin, it is recommended to connect the 5 k Ω resistance with the CE pin for preventing a						
	large current flows into						

THE NOTE OF LAYOUT PATTERN

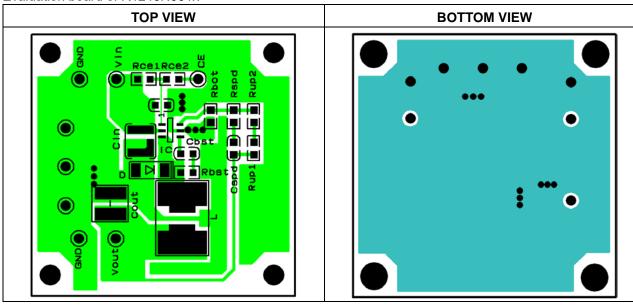
- 1. The wire of Power line (V_{IN} , GND) should be broad to minimize the parasitic inductance. The Bypass capacitor must be connected as close as possible in between V_{IN} GND
- 2. The wire between Lx pin and the inductor as short as possible to minimize the parasitic inductance (This Evaluation Board is designed for the product evaluation board. Therefore large inductors or diodes can be set and the large space of Lx area has been secured.)
- 3. The ripple current flows through the output capacitor. If the GND side of the output capacitor is connected very close to GND pin of the IC, the noise might have a bad impact on the IC. Therefore, the GND side of the output capacitor is better to connect to the outside of the GND of the C_{IN}, or connect to the GND plain layer.
- 4. R1, R2, Cspd and Rspd should be mounted on the position as close as possible to the FB pin, and away from the inductor and BST pin.
- 5. The feed-back must be made as close as possible from the Output capacitor (Cout)

R1240x

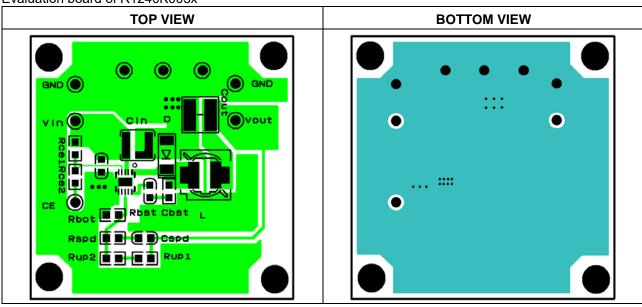
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PCB LAYOUT

Evaluation board of R1240N001x

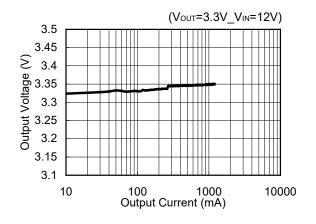


Evaluation board of R1240K003x

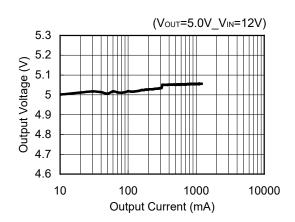


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

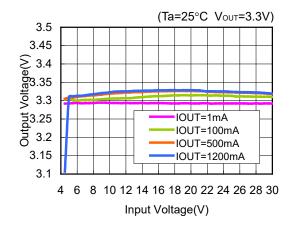
1) Output Voltage VS. Output Current R1240x00Xx



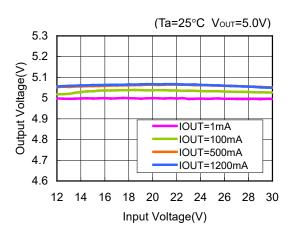
R1240x00Xx



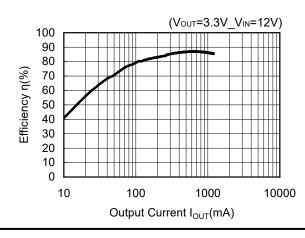
2) Output Voltage VS. Input Voltage R1240x00Xx



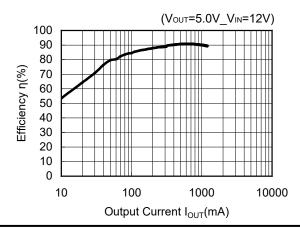
R1240x00Xx



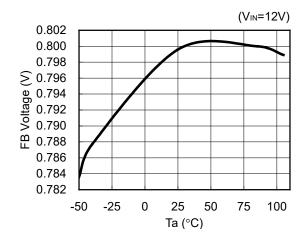
3) Efficiency VS. output Current R1240x00Xx



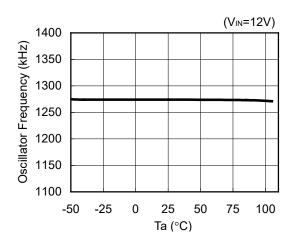
R1240x00Xx



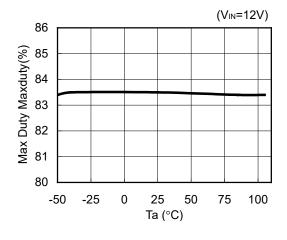
4) FB Voltage VS. Temperature R1240x00Xx



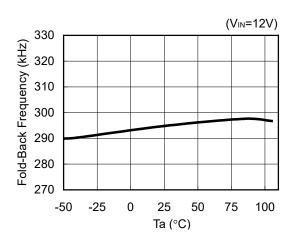
5) Oscillator Frequency VS. Temperature R1240x00Xx



6) Maxduty VS. Temperature R1240x00Xx



7) Fold-Back Frequency VS. Temperature R1240x00XB



Ver A

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following conditions are used in this measurement.

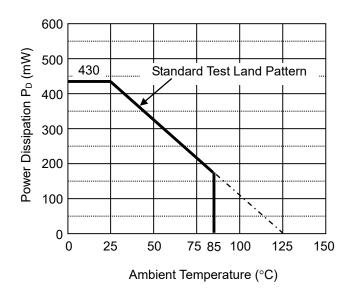
Measurement Conditions

	Standard Test Land Pattern
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Double-Sided Board)
Board Dimensions	40 mm × 40 mm × 1.6 mm
Copper Ratio	Top Side: Approx. 50%
Соррег Капо	Bottom Side: Approx. 50%
Through-holes	φ 0.5 mm × 44 pcs

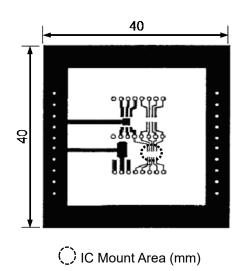
Measurement Result

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C, Tjmax = 125^{\circ}C)$

-	Standard Test Land Pattern
Power Dissipation	430 mW
Thermal Resistance	θja = (125 - 25°C) / 0.43 W = 233°C/W

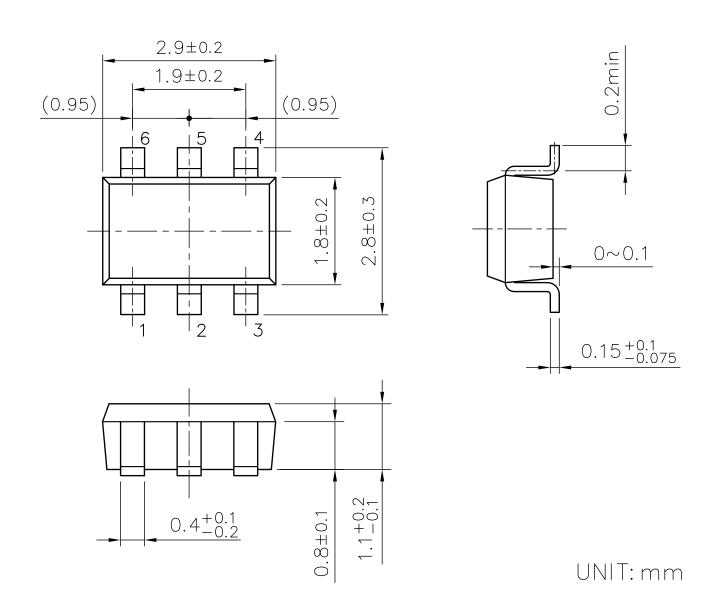


Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Measurement Board Pattern

Ver. A



SOT-23-6W Package Dimensions (Unit: mm)

RICOH

Ver. A

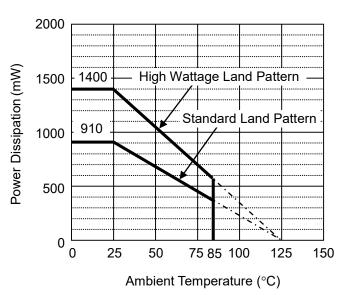
The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following conditions are used in this measurement.

Measurement Conditions

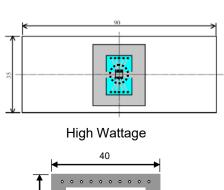
	High Wattage Land Pattern	Standard Land Pattern	
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)	
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Double-Sided Board)	
Board Dimensions	35 mm × 90 mm × 0.8 mm	40 mm × 40 mm × 1.6 mm	
Copper Ratio	Outer Layers (First and Fourth Layers): Approx.15% Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx.15%	Top Side: Approx. 50% Bottom Side: Approx. 50%	
Copper Foil Thickness	Outer Layers (First and Fourth Layers): Approx. 35 µm Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 18 µm	Top Side: Approx. 35 μm Bottom Side: Approx. 35 μm	
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 9 holes (connecting outer and inner layers to a package tab) φ 0.5 mm × 10 holes (connecting pins)	φ 0.54 mm × 30 holes	

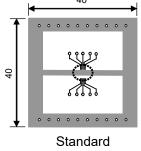
Measurement Result (Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 125°C)

	High Wattage Land Pattern	Standard Land Pattern	
Power Dissipation	1400 mW (Tjmax = 125°C)	910 mW (Tjmax = 125°C)	
Thermal Resistance	θja = (125 - 25°C) / 1.4 W = 71°C/W	θjc = (125 - 25°C) / 0.91 W = 110°C/W	



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

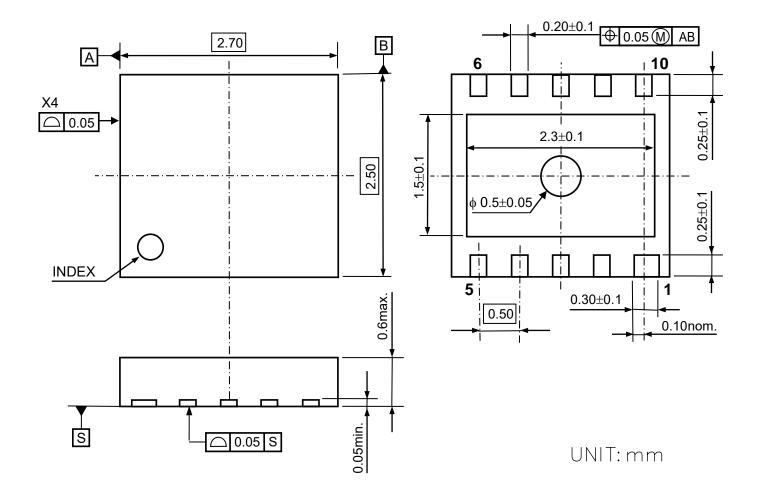




() IC Mount Area (mm)

Measurement Board Pattern

Ver. A



DFN(PLP)2527-10 Package Dimensions

i

^{*} The tab on the bottom of the package is substrate level (GND). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board, or otherwise be left floating.



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