## 3 A, 34 V Input PWM/VFM Step Down DC/DC Converter with PLL Synchronization Evaluation Board

No. EEV-299-0500300-191111

## R1270S001A050-0300EV is the evaluation board for R1270 which has the below features, benefits and specifications.

## OUTLINE

The R1270S is CMOS-based Step-down DC/DC converter with internal N-channel high side Tr. The ON resistance of the built-in high-side transistor is $0.10 \Omega$ and the R1270S can provide the maximum 3 A output current. Each of the ICs consists of an oscillator, a PWM control circuit, a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a phase compensation circuit, a slope compensation circuit, a soft-start circuit, protection circuits, an internal voltage regulator, and a switch for bootstrap circuit. The ICs can make up a step-down DC/DC converter with adding an inductor, resistors, a diode, and capacitors externally.
The R1270S is current mode operating type DC/DC converters without an external current sense resistor, and realizes fast response and high efficiency. As an output capacitor, a ceramic type capacitor is usable. The internal oscillator frequency is adjustable over a range of 300 kHz to 2400 kHz by an external resistor, and also can be synchronized externally by PLL.

The phase compensation is adjustable by using external resistor and capacitor. Thereby optimizations for the inductor and the capacitor can be done.

To improve performance under light load conditions, the R1270S can select automatically between two modes: the VFM mode when the inductor current is discontinuous and the PWM mode when the inductor current is continuous. The ripple voltage at VFM mode is 40 mV (Typ.).
As for protection, the R1270S has a current limit function to control an inductor peak current every a cycle, a fold-back function to reduce the oscillator frequency under the short circuit, a thermal shutdown function, an under voltage lockout (UVLO) function, and an over voltage lockout (OVLO) function. Furthermore, the R1270S can include a latch protection function to cut off the output when the output current reaches the set current limit for a certain time. That is, the R1270S supports two types of the presence (R1270S001A) or the absence (R1270S001B) of the latch protection function.
The current limit, which is fixed at 4.5 A (Typ.), is adjustable by an external resistor. And, the soft start time is fixed at 0.4 ms (Typ.) internally, but is adjustable by an external resistor.
The R1270S has the FLG pin to monitor the overvoltage of the FB pin voltage and the 6 V rated pin. When detecting an abnormal voltage, the R1270S outputs a flag.
The R1270S is available in HSOP-18 package.

## FEATURES




- Stand-by Current $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots$................................... $0 \mu \mathrm{~A}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=34 \mathrm{~V}\right.$, CE $\left.=0 \mathrm{~V}\right)$
 (Max. step down ratio $160 \mathrm{~ns} \times \mathrm{fosc}$ )



- Minimum Off Time .......................................................... 120 ns

- UVLO Function Detection Voltage ....................... Typ. 2.6 V

 Externally-adjustable by using capacitor
- High-side Switch Current Limit Typ. 4.5 A, as a upper limit, Externally-adjustable by using resistor
- Thermal Shutdown Function ............................... Typ. $160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

- Latch Protection Delay Time ............................... Typ. 2 ms (R1270S001A)

- $\quad \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}}$ Voltage Temperature Tolerance $\left(\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}} / \Delta \mathrm{Ta}\right) \cdots \cdot \mathrm{Typ} . \pm 100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{Ta} \leq 105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Package HSOP-18
- For more details on R1270 IC, please refer to https://www.e-devices.ricoh.co.jp/en/products/power/dcdc/r1270/r1270-ea.pdf.


## Part Number Information

| Product Name | Package |
| :---: | :---: |
| R1270S001A050-0300 | HSOP-18 |

001A: with Latch type protection function
050: 5.0 V, Output voltage
0300: 300 kHz, Operating Frequency
(1) The output current depends on external components and conditions.

## PCB LAYOUT



## PIN DESCRIPTION



Pin Description

| Pin No. | Symbol | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1,2 | Lx | Lx Switching Pin |
| 3 | NC | No connection |
| 4 | GND | Ground Pin |
| 5 | INT | Internal Bias Pin |
| 6 | FB | Feedback Pin |
| 7 | ER | Phase Compensation Pin for External Resistor |
| 8 | EC | Phase Compensation Pin for External Capacitor |
| 9 | LMT | Current Limit adjustment Pin |
| 10 | PLREF | PLL Synchronization Pin |
| 11 | RT | Oscillation adjustment Pin |
| 12 | FLG | Flag Output Pin |
| 13 | CE | Chip Enable Pin (Active "H") |
| 14 | SS | Soft-start Pin |
| 15 | BST | Bootstrap Pin |
| 16 | VIN | Power Supply Pin |
| 17,18 |  |  |

* The tab on the bottom of the package must be electrically connected to GND (substrate level) when mounted on the board.


## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Absolute Maximum Ratings |  | $(\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V})$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Symbol | Item | Rating | Unit |
| VIN | Input Voltage | -0.3 to 36 | V |
| $V_{\text {bSt }}$ | BST Pin Voltage ${ }^{(1)}$ | VLx-0.3 to VLX +6 | V |
| VLX | Lx Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 36 | V |
| $V_{\text {CE }}$ | CE Pin Input Voltage | -0.3 to 36 | V |
| VINT | INT Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 36 | V |
| Vss | Soft-start Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| VER | ER Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| $V_{\text {EC }}$ | EC Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {FB }}$ | Feedback Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| Vflg | Flag Pin Voltage ${ }^{(1)}$ | -0.3 to 24 | V |
| Vpllefe | External Oscillation Synchronization Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 36 | V |
| $V_{\text {PLLFLTR }}$ | PLL Filter Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| $V_{\text {RT }}$ | Oscillation adjustment Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| VLMT | Current Limit adjustment Pin Voltage | -0.3 to 6 | V |
| Pd | Power Dissipation ${ }^{(2)}$ <br> (HSOP-18, JEDEC STD.51-7 Test Land Pattern) | 3100 | mW |
| Tj | Junction Temperature Range | -40 to 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Tstg | Storage Temperature Range | -55 to 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings are not assured.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Item | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Input Voltage | 3.6 to 34 | V |
| Ta | Operating Temperature | -40 to 105 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

[^0]
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified.
The specifications surrounded by $\qquad$ are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{Ta} \leq 105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

R1270S001A Electrical Characteristics
( $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| lin1 | VIN Consumption current 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=34 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {INT }}=\text { Open, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\text {PLLREF }}=34 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {FB }}=1.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 0.7 | 1 | 1.3 | mA |
| lıN2 | VIN Consumption current 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=34 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {INT }}=0 \mathrm{Open}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PLLREF }}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{FB}}=0.84 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 13 | 18 | 30 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Vuvloz | UVLO Released Voltage | Vin Rising | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | V |
| Vuvlo1 | UVLO Detect Voltage | VIN Falling | VUVLO2 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { VUVLO2 } \\ -0.15 \end{array}$ | $\frac{\text { VUVLO2 }}{-0.11}$ | V |
| Vovlo2 | OVLO Released Voltage | VIN Falling | 34 |  |  | V |
| Vovlo1 | OVLO Detect Voltage | Vin Rising |  | 38 |  | V |
| $V_{\text {Fb }}$ | VFb Voltage Tolerance | $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.792 | 0.800 | 0.808 | V |
|  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{Ta} \leq 105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.784 |  | 0.816 | V |
| Vvfm | FB High Detection at VFM mode |  |  |  | 0.831 | V |
| fosc0 | Oscillation Frequency 0 | RT = Open | 270 | 300 | 330 | kHz |
| fosc1 | Oscillation Frequency 1 | $\mathrm{RT}=62 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 900 | 1010 | 1120 | kHz |
| fosc2 | Oscillation Frequency 2 | $\mathrm{RT}=\mathrm{GND}$ | 2160 | 2400 | 2640 | kHz |
| toff | Minimum Off Time |  |  | 120 |  | ns |
| Dmaxo | Maximum Duty Cycle 0 | RT = Open | 93 |  |  | \% |
| Dmaxo | Maximum Duty Cycle 1 | $\mathrm{RT}=62 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 83 |  |  | \% |
| Dmax2 | Maximum Duty Cycle 2 | RT = GND | 67 |  |  | \% |
| fsync | Oscillation Synchronized Frequency | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {PLLREF }}=1000 \mathrm{kHz}$ | fosc/2 |  | foscx2 | kHz |
| tss1 | Soft-start Time 1 | $\mathrm{SS}=$ Open, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}}=0.72 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.3 |  | 0.55 | ms |
| tss2 | Soft-start Time 2 | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {SS }}=0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{FB}}=0.72 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.1 |  | 4.5 | ms |
| Itss | Soft-start charge current | SS $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.35 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| tdelay | Delay Time for Latch Protection | for R1270S001A | 1.4 | 2 | 2.8 | ms |
| R Lxh | Lx High Side Switch ON Resistance | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BSt }}-\mathrm{V}_{\text {LX }}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{ILX}=0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 0.1 | 0.15 | $\Omega$ |
| ILXhoff | Lx High Side Switch Leakage Current |  |  | 0 | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Ilimlxh 1 | Lx High Side Switch Limited Current 1 | LMT $=220 \mathrm{k} \Omega, ~$ DC Current | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.3 | A |
| lıimlxh2 | Lx High Side Switch Limited Current 2 | LMT $=39 \mathrm{k} \Omega, ~$ DC Current | 1.25 | 1.6 | 2.4 | A |

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition $\left(\mathrm{Tj} \approx \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified.
The specifications surrounded by $\square$ are guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{Ta} \leq 105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

R1270S001A Electrical Characteristics
( $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vcen | CE "H" Input Voltage |  | 1.15 |  |  | V |
| Vcel | CE "L" Input Voltage |  |  |  | 0.85 | V |
| Icen | CE "H" Input Current |  | -1.0 | 0 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Icel | CE "L" Input Current |  | -1.0 | 0 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{IFBH}^{\text {fin }}$ | FB "H" Input Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | -0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {FbL }}$ | FB "L" Input Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| VplLh | PLLREF "H" Input Voltage |  | 0.95 |  |  | V |
| VplLL | PLLREF "L" Input Voltage |  |  |  | 0.67 | V |
| Ipllh | PLLREF"H" Input Current |  | -1.0 | 0 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| IPLLL | PLLREF"L" Input Current |  | -1.0 | 0 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| TTSD | Thermal Shutdown Detect Temperature |  |  | 160 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| TTSR | Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature |  |  | 130 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Istandby | Standby Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=34 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {CE }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0 | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Vflgl | FLAG "L" Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {FLG }}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  | 0.25 | V |
| Iflgoff | FLAG "Off" Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {FLG }}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.0 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Vovp | FB Pin OVP Detect Voltage |  | 0.91 | 0.98 | 1.04 | V |
| Vuvd | FB Pin UVD Detect Voltage |  | 0.59 | 0.64 | 0.69 | V |
| Vflb | Fold Back Detect Voltage |  | 0.59 |  | 0.69 | V |
| Vpovd | 6V-rated Pin OVP Detect Voltage | Ver, Vpllfltr, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Ss }}$ |  | 4.0 |  | V |
| Vvoso | INT Pin Operation Voltage |  | 2.75 |  | 3.1 | V |
| Vvos1 | INT Pin Disable Voltage |  | 2.68 |  | 2.8 | V |

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition $\left(\mathrm{Tj} \approx \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION


${ }^{* 1}$ PLLREF pin must not be "OPEN". When using the Ricoh's evaluation board, a pull-down resistor (RPLLREF2 : 100k $\Omega$ ) is contained on the evaluation board.

R1270S001A050-0300 Typical Application Circuit

R1270S001A050-0300 Recommended External Components*2

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}} \\ & {[\mu \mathrm{~F}]} \end{aligned}$ | Cout [ $\mu \mathrm{F}$ ] | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {BSt }}$ <br> [ $\mu \mathrm{F}$ ] | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{D} \\ {[\mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{A}]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{L} \\ {[\mu \mathrm{H}]} \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {вот }}$ [k $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{FB}} \\ & {[\mathrm{k} \Omega]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{R}_{\text {TOP }} \\ & {[\mathrm{k} \Omega]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C}_{\text {SPD }} \\ {[\mathrm{pF}]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ER}} \\ {[\mathrm{k} \Omega]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{EC}} \\ & {[\mathrm{pF}]} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {Lmt }}$ | Rplleef [ $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | $\begin{gathered} 22 * 2 \\ 220 \end{gathered}$ | 0.47 | 40 / 3 | 10 | 160 | 1 | $\begin{gathered} 840 \\ (820+20) \end{gathered}$ | 1000 | 220 | 1000 | OPEN | 1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { RpLLREF2 } \\ {[\mathbf{k} \Omega]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\mathbf{R}_{\text {PLL }}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PLL }}$ | Rrt | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RFLG } \\ & {[\mathrm{k} \Omega]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{RcE} \\ & {[\mathrm{k} \Omega]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{ss}} \\ & {[\mu \mathrm{~F}]} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {INT }}$ $[\mu \mathrm{F}]$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 | OPEN | OPEN | OPEN | 100 | 1 | 0.01 | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |  |

*2 The bill of materials will be attached on the shipment of each purchased evaluation board.

## TECHNICAL NOTES

The performance of a power source circuit using this device is highly dependent on a peripheral circuit. A peripheral component or the device mounted on PCB should not exceed its rated voltage, rated current or rated power. When designing a peripheral circuit, please be fully aware of the following points. (Refer to PCB Layout on page 3.)

- The backside thermal pad of the HSOP-18 package must be connected to GND. To improve the thermal dissipation on multi-layered boards, the thermal must be dissipated to another layer by putting some thermal vias on the thermal pad in the land pattern.
- NC pin must be set to "OPEN".
- Switching regulator is required some caution. Because, a large current variation occurs by the following different current loops in every switching, and a high-frequency noise occurs by parasitic current.
- The current loop when the switch is "ON", Input Capacitor (CIN) $\rightarrow$ Hi-side Switch $\rightarrow$ Inductor $\rightarrow$ Output Capacitor (Cout) $\rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$
- The current loop when the switch is "OFF", Rectifier Diode ( D ) $\rightarrow$ Inductor $\rightarrow$ Cout $\rightarrow \mathrm{D}$
- The current loop via Diode Parasitic Capacitor when the switch is "ON", $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}} \rightarrow \mathrm{Hi}$-side Switch $\rightarrow$ Parasitic Capacitor of $\mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$
A large EMI noise source is caused in this loop. Therefore, extreme caution is required. These loops have to design as short as possible, and design not to cross lines in the subsequent load side to Cout in order to avoid the influence of switching noise.
- On this evaluation board, the land for the Lx pin is wide to connect with large inductor and diode.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ The pin voltage except $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BSt }}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Flg }}$ must be prevented from exceeding $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Refer to POWER DISSIPATION for detailed information.

