

# 42 V Input Power Management IC with Window Voltage Detector for Automotive Applications

No.EC-500-210219

## OVERVIEW

The R5116x is a Power Management IC designed for automotive applications, featuring input voltage range from 3.5 V to 42 V. The IC contains combined 500 mA Voltage Regulator and Window Voltage Detector in a single chip

## KEY BENEFITS

- Reducing components and improving functional safety
- High accuracy of the output voltage and the detector threshold: -1.25 % to 0.75 %
- Preventing the false detection of transient characteristic fluctuations by high-speed response Voltage Regulator

## KEY SPECIFICATIONS

- Input Voltage Range (Max. Rating):  
3.5 V to 42.0 V (50.0 V)
- Supply Current: Typ. 25  $\mu$ A

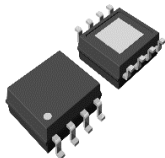
### Voltage Regulator (VR)

- Output Voltage Range: 3.3 V to 5.0 V
- Output Voltage Accuracy: -1.25 % to 0.75 %  
( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Output Current: 500 mA
- Protection:  
Thermal shutdown (Detection Temp. Typ.175  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )  
Output current (Typ.750 mA)  
Output short-circuit (Typ.105 mA)

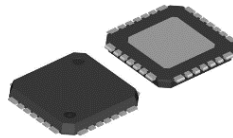
### Voltage Detector (VD)

- Overvoltage (OV) Detector Threshold :  
3.3 V to 5.5 V (in 0.01V step)
- Undervoltage (UV) Detector Threshold :  
2.5 V to 5.0 V (in 0.01V step)
- Detector Threshold Accuracy:  
-1.25% to 0.75% ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Release hysteresis: max 0.7%

## PACKAGES

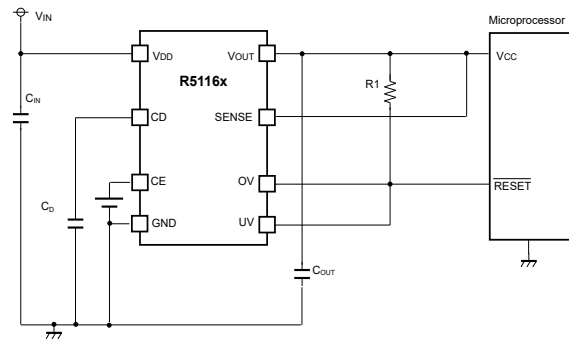


**HSOP-8E**  
5.20 x 6.20 x 1.45 (mm)



**HQFN0808-28**  
8.8 x 8.8 x 0.95 (mm)

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



- $C_{IN}$ : 1.0 $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$ : 10 $\mu$ F, Ceramic capacitors
- $C_D$ : Ceramic capacitors for setting detection delay time

## SELECTION GUIDE

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel
R5116SxxxA-E2-#E	HSOP-8E	1,000 pcs
R5116LxxxA-TR-#E	HQFN0808-28	2,000pcs

xxx: Specify the set output voltage for VR ( $V_{VRSET}$ ), the set OV detector threshold ( $V_{OVSET}$ ) and the set UV detector threshold ( $V_{UVSET}$ ) by using serial numbers starting from 001

Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS for detail information.

## APPLICATIONS

- Power supply system with microprocessor devices for In-Vehicle electrical equipment
- Power supply system for electronic control units such as EV inverter and battery charge control unit

## SELECTION GUIDE

The set output voltages and the quality class are user-selectable options.

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R5116SxxxA-E2-#E	HSOP-8E	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R5116LxxxA-TR-#E	HQFN0808-28	2,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

xxx: Specify the set output voltage for VR ( $V_{VRSET}$ ), the set OV detector threshold ( $V_{OVSET}$ ) and the UV detector threshold ( $V_{UVSET}$ ) by using serial numbers starting from 001<sup>(1)</sup>  
Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS for detail information

#: Select the quality class

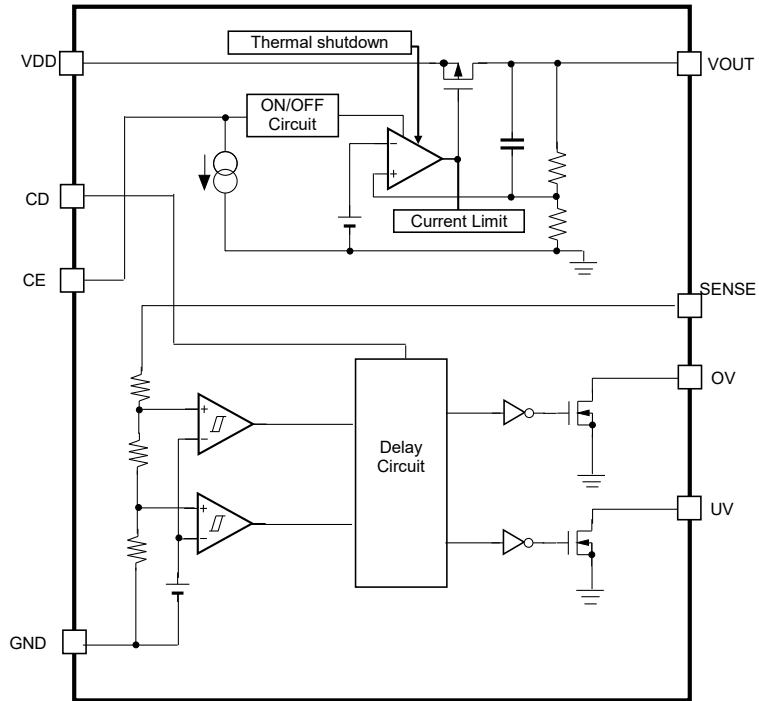
	Operating Temperature Range	Test Temperature
<b>A</b>	-40°C to 125°C	25°C, High
<b>K</b>	-40°C to 125°C	Low, 25°C, High

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<sup>(1)</sup> The combinations of  $V_{VRSET}$ ,  $V_{OVSET}$  and  $V_{UVSET}$  are following conditions;

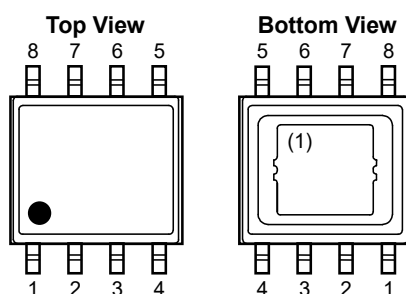
- $V_{VRSET}$  = 3.3 V to 5.0 V
- $V_{OVSET}$  = 3.3 V to 5.5 V
- $V_{UVSET}$  = 2.5 V to 5.0 V

**BLOCK DIAGRAM**



**R5116xxx Block Diagram**

## PIN DESCRIPTIONS

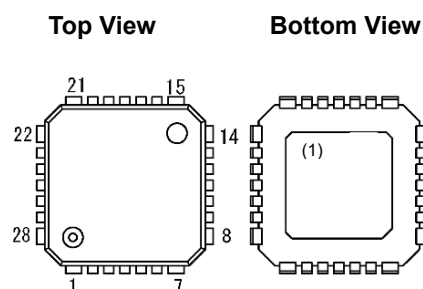


R5116S (HSOP-8E) Pin Configuration

### R5116S (HSOP-8E)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VDD	Supply Voltage Pin
2	CD	Pin for setting VD Release Output Delay Time (power-on reset time)
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin (Active-high)
4	GND	Ground Pin
5	UV	UV Detection Output Pin ("Low" at detection)
6	OV	OV Detection Output Pin ("Low" at detection)
7	SENSE	SENSE Pin
8	VOUT	Regulator Output Pin

<sup>(1)</sup> The tab on the bottom of the package is substrate level (GND). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board.



R5116L(HQFN0808-28) Pin Configuration

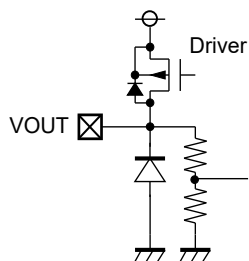
## R5116L(HQFN0808-28)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	Tab (GND)	Tab ※Internally shorted to the GND
2	NC	No Connection
3	VDD	Power Supply Pin ※Internally shorted to the 4Pin
4	VDD	Power Supply Pin ※Internally shorted to the 3Pin
5	NC	No Connection
6	CD	Voltage Detector Reset Delay Time (Power-on Reset Time) Setting Pin
7	Tab (GND)	Tab ※Internally shorted to the GND
8	Tab (GND)	Tab ※Internally shorted to the GND
9	CE	Chip Enable Pin, Active-high
10	NC	No Connection
11	GND	Ground Pin ※Internally shorted to the 12Pin
12	GND	Ground Pin ※Internally shorted to the 11Pin
13	NC	No Connection
14	Tab (GND)	Tab ※Internally shorted to the GND
15	Tab (GND)	Tab ※Internally shorted to the GND
16	UV	UV Detection Output Pin ("Low" at detection)
17	OV	OV Detection Output Pin ("Low" at detection)
18	NC	No Connection
19	SENSE	SENSE Pin
20	VOUT	Voltage Regulator Output Pin
21	Tab (GND)	Tab ※Internally shorted to the GND
22	Tab (GND)	Tab ※Internally shorted to the GND
23	NC	No Connection
24	NC	No Connection
25	NC	No Connection
26	NC	No Connection
27	NC	No Connection
28	Tab (GND)	Tab ※Internally shorted to the GND

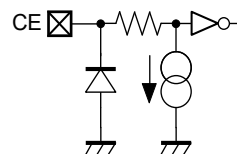
<sup>(1)</sup>The tab on the bottom of the package is substrate level (GND). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board.

PIN EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

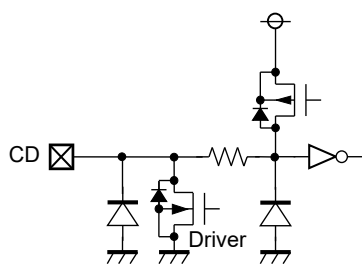
< VOUT Pin >



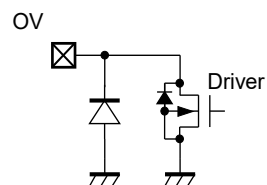
< CE Pin >



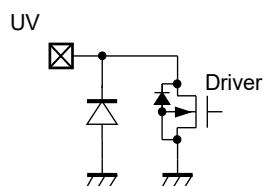
< CD Pin >



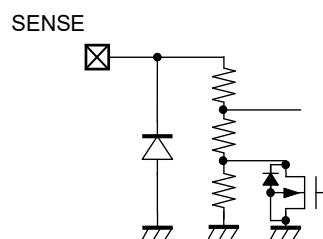
< OV Pin >



< UV Pin >



< SENSE Pin >



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 50	V
	Peak Input Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	60	V
V <sub>CE</sub>	CE Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 50	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	-0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3 ≤ 50	V
V <sub>SENSE</sub>	SENSE Pin Voltage	-0.3 to 50	V
V <sub>CD</sub>	CD Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to 50	V
V <sub>OVOUT</sub>	OV Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
V <sub>UVOUT</sub>	UV Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0	V
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation	Refer to Appendix "Power Dissipation"	
T <sub>j</sub>	Junction Temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage and may degrade the lifetime and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings are not assured.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	3.5 to 42	V
V <sub>CE</sub>	CE Pin Input Voltage	0 to 42	V
V <sub>SENSE</sub>	SENSE Pin Input Voltage	0 to 6.0	V
V <sub>OVOUT</sub>	OV Pin Output Voltage	0 to 6.0	V
V <sub>UVOUT</sub>	UV Pin Output Voltage	0 to 6.0	V
T <sub>a</sub>	Operating Temperature	-40 to 125	°C

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

<sup>(1)</sup> Duration time: 200 ms

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by   are guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ .

### R5116xxxx-AE

#### For All

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{SS}$	Supply Current	$I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$		25	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">50</span>	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{STANDBY}$	Standby Current	$V_{IN} = 42 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$		1.5	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">5.0</span>	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{PD}$	CE Pull-down Current			0.2	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.6</span>	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEH}$	CE Input Voltage, high		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">2.0</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">42</span>	V
$V_{CEL}$	CE Input Voltage, low		0		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">1.0</span>	V

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition ( $T_j \approx T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ).

#### VR Section

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\times 0.995$		$\times 1.005$	V
			$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\times 0.9875</math></span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\times 1.0075</math></span>	
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{SET} + 3.0 \text{ V}$	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300 \text{ mA}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">-10</span>	0	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">10</span>	mV
			$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500 \text{ mA}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">-15</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">15</span>	
$V_{DIF}$	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{SET} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		1.1	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">1.7</span>	V
			$V_{SET} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.9	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">1.5</span>	
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$8.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 16 \text{ V}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">-10</span>	0	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">10</span>	mV
			$6.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 32 \text{ V}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">-25</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">25</span>	
$I_{LIM}$	Output Current Limit	$V_{IN} = 8.0 \text{ V}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">500</span>	750		mA	
$I_{SC}$	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">70</span>	105	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">150</span>	mA	
$T_{TSD}$	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">165</span>	175		$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{TSR}$	Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	Junction Temperature	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">125</span>	145		$^\circ\text{C}$	

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition ( $T_j \approx T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ).



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by   are guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ .

### VD Section

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{OVDET}$	OV Detector Threshold	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\times 0.995$		$\times 1.005$	V
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\times 0.9875</math></span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\times 1.0075</math></span>	
$V_{UVDET}$	UV Detector Threshold	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\times 0.995$		$\times 1.005$	V
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\times 0.9875</math></span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\times 1.0075</math></span>	
$V_{OVHYS}$	OV Detector Threshold Hysteresis		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\frac{V_{OVDET}}{\times 0.003}</math></span>	$V_{OVDET} \times 0.005$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\frac{V_{OVDET}}{\times 0.007}</math></span>	V
$V_{UVHYS}$	UV Detector Threshold Hysteresis		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\frac{V_{UVDET}}{\times 0.003}</math></span>	$V_{UVDET} \times 0.005$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\frac{V_{UVDET}}{\times 0.007}</math></span>	V
$t_{DELAY}$	Release Output Delay Time (Power-on Reset)	$C_D = 10 \text{ nF}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">2</span>	4	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">8</span>	ms
$V_{UVLO}$	UVLO Detector Threshold			1.8	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">2.8</span>	V
$V_{UVLOHYS}$	UVLO Detector Threshold Hysteresis			0.1	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.2</span>	V
$V_{OVOUT}$	OV Pull-up Current				<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">6.0</span>	V
$V_{UVOUT}$	UV Pull-up Current				<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">6.0</span>	V
$I_{OUTOV}$	Nch Output Current (OV Output Pin)	$V_{IN} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.8</span>	2.0		mA
$I_{OUTUV}$	Nch Output Current (UV Output Pin)	$V_{IN} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.8</span>	2.0		mA
$I_{LEAKOV}$	Nch Leakage Current (OV Output Pin)	$V_{OVOUT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.3</span>	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{LEAKUV}$	Nch Leakage Current (UV Output Pin)	$V_{UVOUT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.3</span>	$\mu\text{A}$
$R_{LCD}$	$C_D$ Pin Discharge Nch Tr.ON Resistance	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{ V}$		1.2	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">3.0</span>	k $\Omega$

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition ( $T_j \approx T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ).

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

### R5116xxxx-KE

#### For All

( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{SS}$	Supply Current	$I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$		25	50	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{STANDBY}$	Standby Current	$V_{IN} = 42 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$		1.5	5.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{PD}$	CE Pull-down Current			0.2	0.6	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEH}$	CE Input Voltage,high		2.0		42	V
$V_{CEL}$	CE Input Voltage,low		0		1.0	V

#### VR Section

( $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\times 0.995$		$\times 1.005$	V
			$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\times 0.9875$		$\times 1.0075$	
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{SET} + 3.0 \text{ V}$	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300 \text{ mA}$	-10	0	10	mV
			$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500 \text{ mA}$	-15		15	
$V_{DIF}$	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{SET} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		1.1	1.7	V
			$V_{SET} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.9	1.5	
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$8.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 16 \text{ V}$	-10	0	10	mV
			$6.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 32 \text{ V}$	-25		25	
$I_{LIM}$	Output Current Limit	$V_{IN} = 8.0 \text{ V}$	500	750		mA	
$I_{SC}$	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$	70	105	150	mA	
$T_{TSD}$	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature	165	175		$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
$T_{TSR}$	Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	Junction Temperature	125	145		$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ 、 $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{F}$ 、 $V_{IN} = 14 \text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

### VD Section

( $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{OVDET}$	OV Detector Threshold	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\times 0.995$		$\times 1.005$	V
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\times 0.9875$		$\times 1.0075$	
$V_{UVDET}$	UV Detector Threshold	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\times 0.995$		$\times 1.005$	V
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	$\times 0.9875$		$\times 1.0075$	
$V_{OVHYS}$	OV Detector Threshold Hysteresis		$V_{OVDET} \times 0.003$	$V_{OVDET} \times 0.005$	$V_{OVDET} \times 0.007$	V
$V_{UVHYS}$	UV Detector Threshold Hysteresis		$V_{UVDET} \times 0.003$	$V_{UVDET} \times 0.005$	$V_{UVDET} \times 0.007$	V
$t_{DELAY}$	Release Output Delay Time (Power-on Reset)	$C_D = 10 \text{ nF}$	2	4	8	ms
$V_{UVLO}$	UVLO Detector Threshold			1.8	2.8	V
$V_{UVLOHYS}$	UVLO Detector Threshold Hysteresis			0.1	0.2	V
$V_{OVOUT}$	OV Pull-up Voltage				6.0	V
$V_{UVOUT}$	UV Pull-up Voltage				6.0	V
$I_{OUTOV}$	Nch Output Current (OV Output Pin)	$V_{IN} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	0.8	2.0		mA
$I_{OUTUV}$	Nch Output Current (UV Output Pin)	$V_{IN} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0.1 \text{ V}$	0.8	2.0		mA
$I_{LEAKOV}$	Nch Leakage Current (OV Output Pin)	$V_{OVOUT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			0.3	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{LEAKUV}$	Nch Leakage Current (UV Output Pin)	$V_{UVOUT} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			0.3	$\mu\text{A}$
$R_{LCD}$	CD Pin Discharge Nch Tr.ON Resistance	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{ V}$		1.2	3.0	k $\Omega$

## R5116x (-AE) Product-specific Electrical Characteristics

The specifications surrounded by   are guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$

Product Name	V <sub>OUT</sub>			V <sub>OUT</sub>		
	Ta=25°C			-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R5116x001A	4.975	5.000	5.025	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">4.938</span>	5.000	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">5.037</span>
R5116x002A	3.284	3.300	3.316	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">3.259</span>	3.300	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">3.324</span>
R5116x003A	4.975	5.000	5.025	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">4.938</span>	5.000	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">5.037</span>

Product Name	V <sub>OVD</sub>			V <sub>OVD</sub>			V <sub>OVHYS</sub>		
	Ta=25°C			-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C			Ta=25°C		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R5116x001A	5.274	5.300	5.326	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">5.234</span>	5.300	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">5.339</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.01590</span>	0.02650	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.03710</span>
R5116x002A	3.523	3.540	3.557	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">3.496</span>	3.540	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">3.566</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.01062</span>	0.01770	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.02478</span>
R5116x003A	5.234	5.260	5.286	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">5.195</span>	5.260	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">5.299</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.01578</span>	0.02630	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.03682</span>

Product Name	V <sub>UVD</sub>			V <sub>UVD</sub>			V <sub>UVHYS</sub>		
	Ta=25°C			-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C			Ta=25°C		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R5116x001A	4.677	4.700	4.723	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">4.642</span>	4.700	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">4.735</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.01410</span>	0.02350	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.03290</span>
R5116x002A	3.035	3.050	3.065	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">3.012</span>	3.050	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">3.072</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.00915</span>	0.01525	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.02135</span>
R5116x003A	2.488	2.500	2.512	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">2.469</span>	2.500	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">2.518</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.00750</span>	0.01250	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.01750</span>

## R5116x (-KE) Product-specific Electrical Characteristics

Product Name	V <sub>OUT</sub>			V <sub>OUT</sub>		
	Ta=25°C			-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R5116x001A	4.975	5.000	5.025	4.938	5.000	5.037
R5116x002A	3.284	3.300	3.316	3.259	3.300	3.324
R5116x003A	4.975	5.000	5.025	4.938	5.000	5.037

Product Name	V <sub>OVDET</sub>			V <sub>OVDET</sub>			V <sub>OVHYS</sub>		
	Ta=25°C			-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C			Ta=25°C		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R5116x001A	5.274	5.300	5.326	5.234	5.300	5.339	0.01590	0.02650	0.03710
R5116x002A	3.523	3.540	3.557	3.496	3.540	3.566	0.01062	0.01770	0.02478
R5116x003A	5.234	5.260	5.286	5.195	5.260	5.299	0.01578	0.02630	0.03682

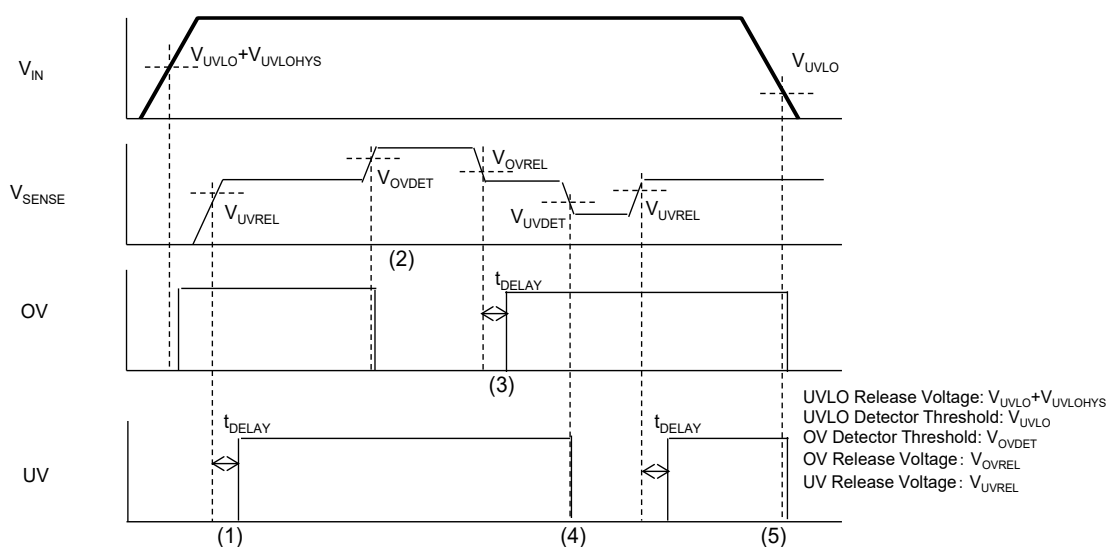
Product Name	V <sub>UVDET</sub>			V <sub>UVDET</sub>			V <sub>UVHYS</sub>		
	Ta=25°C			-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C			Ta=25°C		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
R5116x001A	4.677	4.700	4.723	4.642	4.700	4.735	0.01410	0.02350	0.03290
R5116x002A	3.035	3.050	3.065	3.012	3.050	3.072	0.00915	0.01525	0.02135
R5116x003A	2.488	2.500	2.512	2.469	2.500	2.518	0.00750	0.01250	0.01750

## THEORY OF OPERATION

### Thermal Shutdown

When the junction temperature of this device exceeds 175°C (Typ.), the built-in thermal shutdown circuit stops the regulator operation. After that, when the temperature drops to 145°C (Typ.) or lower, the regulator restarts the operation. Unless eliminating the overheating problem, the regulator turns on and off repeatedly and a pulse shaped output voltage occurs as result.

### R5116xxx Voltage Detector



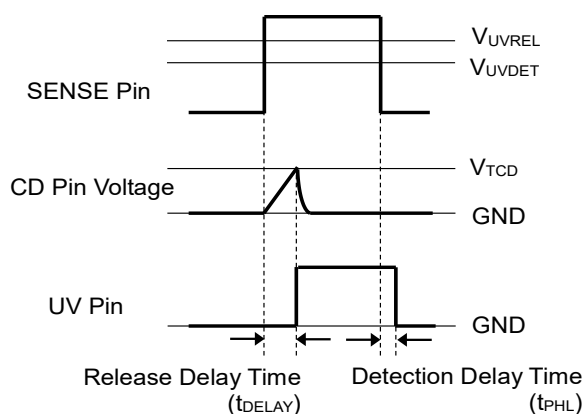
**R5116xxx Voltage Detector Timing Chart**

- (1) When the SENSE pin voltage ( $V_{SENSE}$ ) exceed the UV release voltage ( $V_{UVREL}$ ), the UV pin output becomes "High" after the release delay time ( $t_{DELAY}$ ).
- (2) When  $V_{SENSE}$  exceed the OV detector threshold ( $V_{OVDet}$ ) by increasing in voltage, the OV pin output becomes "Low" after the detection delay time (Typ.100  $\mu$ s) and enters the OV detecting state.
- (3) When  $V_{SENSE}$  decreases less than the OV release voltage ( $V_{OVREL}$ ), the OV pin output becomes "High" after the release delay time ( $t_{DELAY}$ ).
- (4) When  $V_{SENSE}$  decreases less than the UV detector threshold ( $V_{UVDET}$ ), the UV pin output becomes "Low" after the detection delay time (Typ.100  $\mu$ s) and enters the UV detecting state.
- (5) When the input pin voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) decreases less than the UVLO detector threshold ( $V_{UVLO}$ ), the OV and UV pins output become "Low".

## VD Delay Operation and Release Delay Time ( $t_{\text{DELAY}}$ )

### At Undervoltage Detection

When supplying a voltage higher than the UV release voltage ( $V_{\text{UVREL}}$ ) to the SENSE pin, a charging to an external capacitor starts and the CD pin voltage ( $V_{\text{CD}}$ ) increases. The UV pin voltage ( $V_{\text{UV}}$ ) maintains “Low” until  $V_{\text{CD}}$  reaches the CD pin threshold voltage ( $V_{\text{TCD}}$ ). When  $V_{\text{CD}}$  exceeds  $V_{\text{TCD}}$ ,  $V_{\text{UV}}$  is inverted from “Low” to “High”. The release delay time ( $t_{\text{DELAY}}$ ) is the period from the time the SENSE pin voltage ( $V_{\text{SENSE}}$ ) exceeds  $V_{\text{UVREL}}$  to a rising edge of  $V_{\text{UV}}$ . When the output voltage turns from “Low” to “High”, a charge carrier of the external capacitor starts discharging. When supplying a voltage lower than the UV detector threshold ( $V_{\text{UVDET}}$ ) to the SENSE pin, the detection delay time ( $t_{\text{PHL}}$ ) remains constant independently of the external capacitor.  $t_{\text{PHL}}$  is the time  $V_{\text{UV}}$  is inverted from “High” to “Low”.



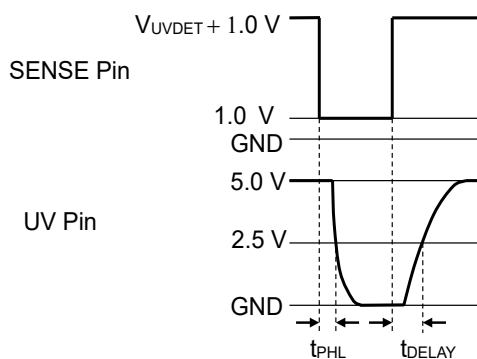
Undervoltage Release Delay Timing Diagram

### Calculation of Undervoltage Release Delay Time

The following equation can calculate a typical value of the release delay time ( $t_{\text{DELAY}}$ ) with using the external capacitor ( $C_{\text{D}}$ ).

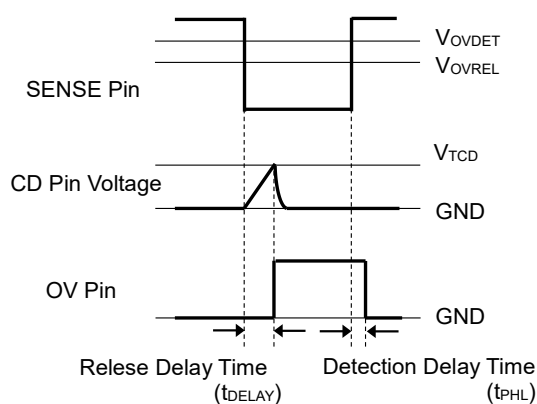
$$t_{\text{DELAY}} (\text{s}) = 0.72 \times C_{\text{D}} (\text{F}) / (1.8 \times 10^{-6})$$

$t_{\text{DELAY}}$  is the period from supplying a pulse voltage of 1.0 V to ( $V_{\text{UVDET}} + 1.0 \text{ V}$ ) to the SENSE pin to the UV pin reached 2.5 V after the UV pin is pulled up to 5V by connecting with a resistor of 100k $\Omega$ .



### At Overvoltage Detection

When supplying a voltage lower than the OV release voltage ( $V_{OVREL}$ ) to the SENSE pin, a charging to an external capacitor starts and the CD pin voltage ( $V_{CD}$ ) increases. The OV pin voltage ( $V_{OV}$ ) maintains “Low” until  $V_{CD}$  reaches the CD pin threshold voltage ( $V_{TCD}$ ). When  $V_{CD}$  exceeds  $V_{TCD}$ ,  $V_{OV}$  is inverted from “Low” to “High”. The release delay time ( $t_{DELAY}$ ) is the period from the time the SENSE pin voltage ( $V_{SENSE}$ ) falls below  $V_{OVREL}$  to a rising edge of  $V_{OV}$ . When the output voltage turns from “Low” to “High”, a charge carrier of the external capacitor starts discharging. When the voltage higher than OV detector threshold ( $V_{OVDED}$ ) is supplied to the SENSE pin, the detection delay time ( $t_{PHL}$ ) remains constant independently of the external capacitor.  $t_{PHL}$  is the period that  $V_{OV}$  is inverted from “High” to “Low”.



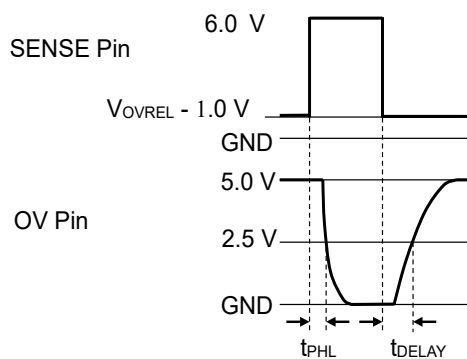
**Overvoltage Release Delay Timing Diagram**

### Calculation of Overvoltage Release Delay Time

The following equation can calculate a typical value of the release delay time ( $t_{DELAY}$ ) with using the external capacitor ( $C_D$ ).

$$t_{DELAY} (s) = 0.72 \times C_D (F) / (1.8 \times 10^{-6})$$

$t_{DELAY}$  is the period from supplying a pulse voltage of 6.0 V to ( $V_{OVREL}$ ) - 1.0 V to the SENSE pin to the OV pin reached 2.5 V after the OV pin is pulled up to 5V by connecting with a resistor of 100k $\Omega$ .





### Voltage Setting of Voltage Regulator

The Window Voltage Detector (Window VD) detects the drop and rise of the Voltage Regulator (VR). When the UV release voltage ( $V_{UVREL}$ ) is set to a voltage above the VR output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ), the reset signal of Window VD is not released even if Window VD monitors the VR output voltage returns to the normal value after detecting the drop of VR. When the OV release voltage ( $V_{OVREL}$ ) is set to a voltage under the VR output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ), the reset signal of Window VD is not released even if Window VD monitors the VR output voltage returns to the normal value after detecting the rise of VR.

To prevent this issue, the following conditions are required between  $V_{OUT}$  and  $V_{UVREL}$ , and between  $V_{OUT}$  and  $V_{OVREL}$ .

$$(VR \text{ Set Output Voltage}) \times 0.9875 - 15 \text{ mV}^* > (UV \text{ Set Detector Threshold}) \times 1.0075 \times 1.007$$

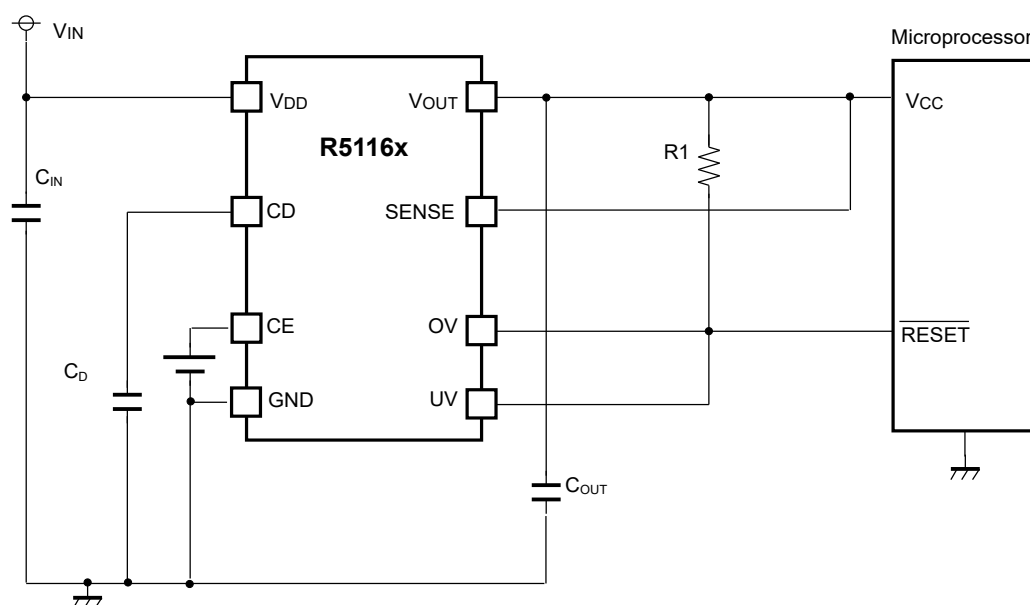
$$(OV \text{ Set Detector Threshold}) \times 0.9875 \times 0.993 > (VR \text{ Set Output Voltage}) \times 1.0075 + 15 \text{ mV}^*$$

\* 15mV is the worst value of load regulation

When using a device without the above conditions of  $V_{OUT}$  and  $V_{DET}$ , careful consideration must be given to the system operation before use.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

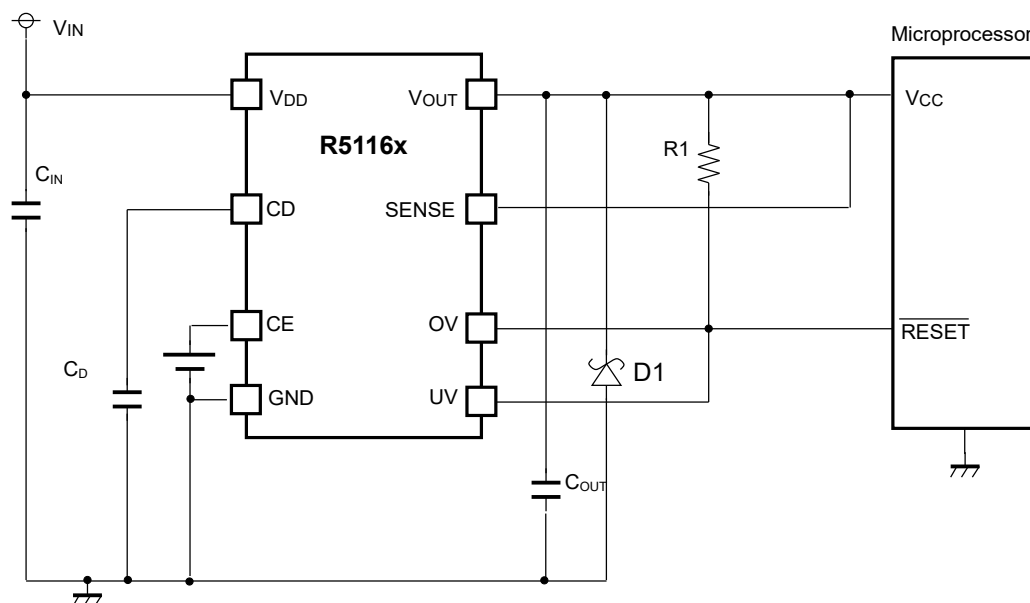


R5116xxx TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

#### Recommended Components

Symbol	Description
$C_{IN}$	Ceramic Capacitor, 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$ or more, 50V Rated Voltage, CGA4J2X7R1H104K, TDK
$C_{OUT}$	Ceramic Capacitor, 10 $\mu\text{F}$ or more, 50V Rated Voltage, CGA4J1X7R0J106K, TDK
$C_D$	A capacitor corresponding to setting of Release Output Delay Time
$R_1$	A resistor covering the output current at Nch. driver ON and the leakage current at Nch. driver OFF. Refer to "Electrical Characteristic" providing the evaluation result with using a resistor of 100k $\Omega$ .

## TYPICAL APPLICATION FOR IC CHIP BREAKDOWN PREVENTION



R5116xxx Typical Application for IC Chip Breakdown Prevention

When a sudden surge of electrical current travels along the VOUT pin and GND due to a short-circuit, electrical resonance of a circuit involving an output capacitor ( $C_{OUT}$ ) and a short circuit inductor generates a negative voltage and may damage the device or the load devices. Connecting a schottky diode (D1) between the VOUT pin and GND has the effect of preventing damage to them.

## TECHNICAL NOTES

The performance of a power source circuit using this device is highly dependent on a peripheral circuit. A peripheral component or the device mounted on PCB should not exceed a rated voltage, a rated current or a rated power. When designing a peripheral circuit, please be fully aware of the following points.

### Phase Compensation

Phase compensation is provided to secure stable operation even when the load current is varied by utilizing capacity of the output ceramic capacitor and Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR). For this purpose, be sure to use a capacitor with 10  $\mu\text{F}$  or more ( $C_{\text{OUT}}$ ) and wire it to the pin as short as possible.

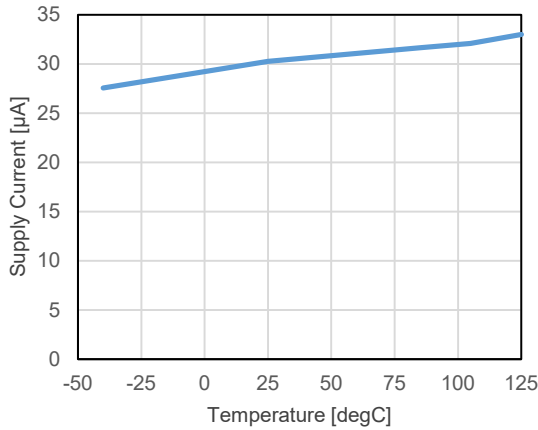
Evaluate the circuit with consideration of temperature and frequency characteristics, in case ESR value of the capacitor is large and the output is unstable. The capacitor with 1.0  $\mu\text{F}$  or more ( $C_{\text{IN}}$ ) connected in between VDD pin and GND pin must be wired the shortest.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

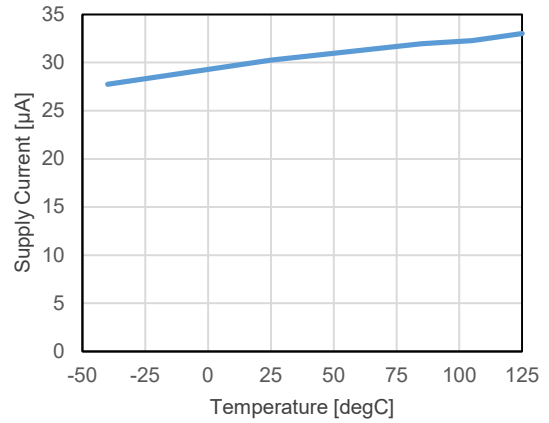
Note: Typical Characteristics are intended to be used as reference data; they are not guaranteed.

### 1) Supply Current vs. Temperature ( $V_{IN} = 14V$ )

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{UVSET} = 3.18V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$

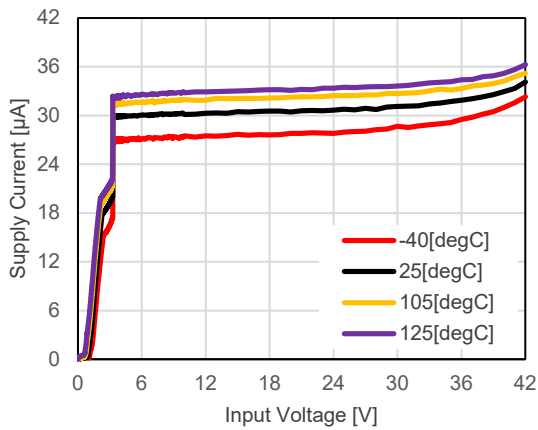


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

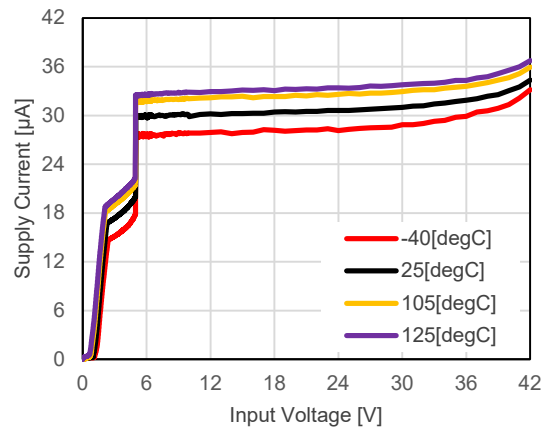


### 2) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{UVSET} = 3.18V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$

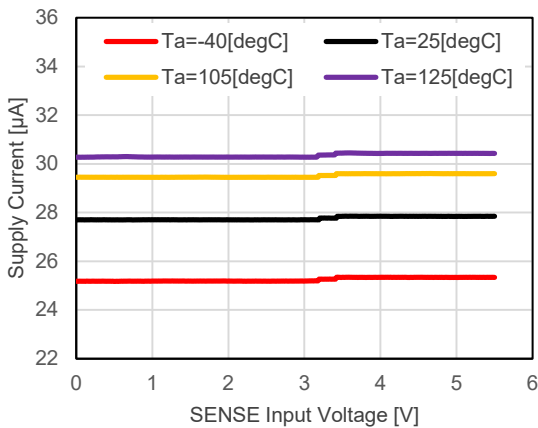


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

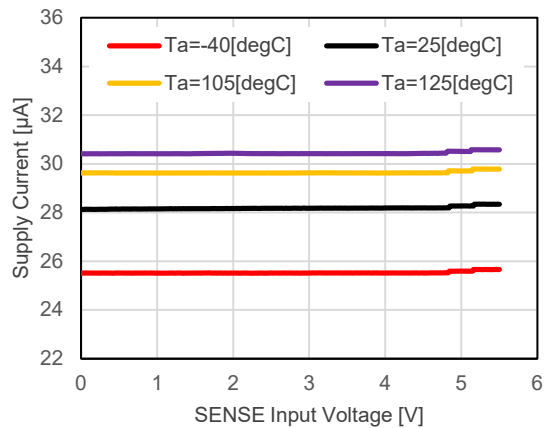


### 3) Supply Current vs. SENSE Voltage

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{UVSET} = 3.18V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$

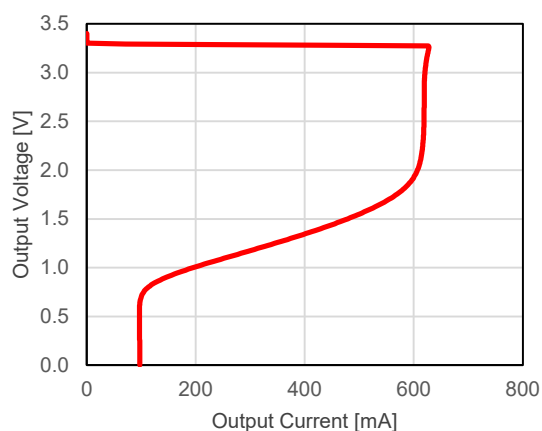


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

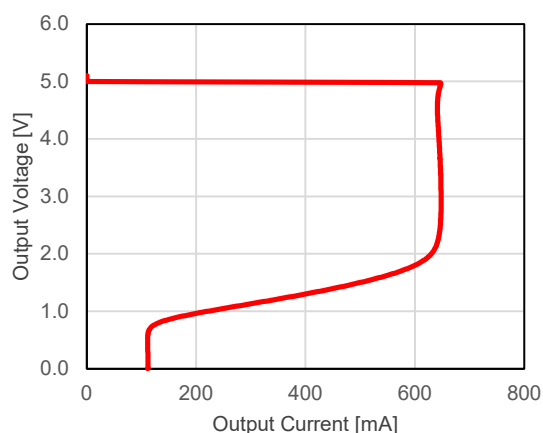


**4) Output Voltage vs. Output Current ( $V_{IN} = V_{VRSET} + 3.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3\text{V}$

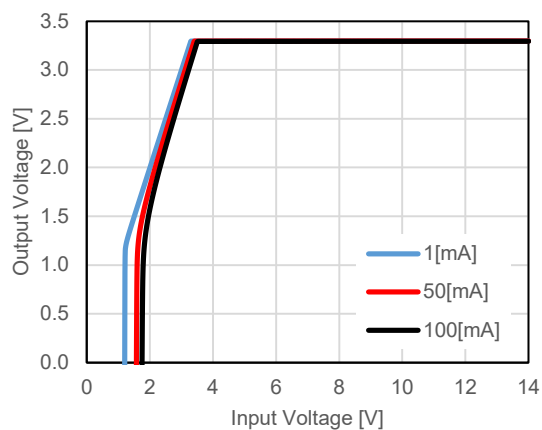


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0\text{V}$

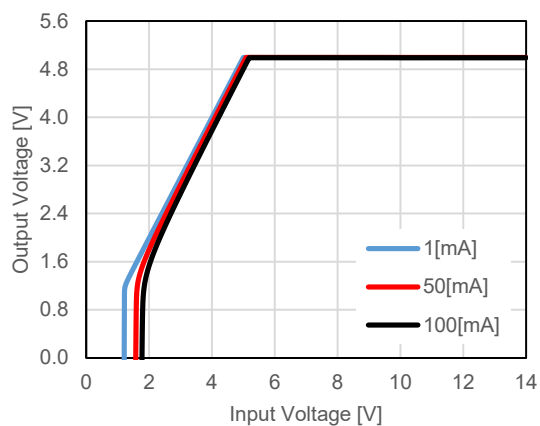


**5) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage ( $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3\text{V}$

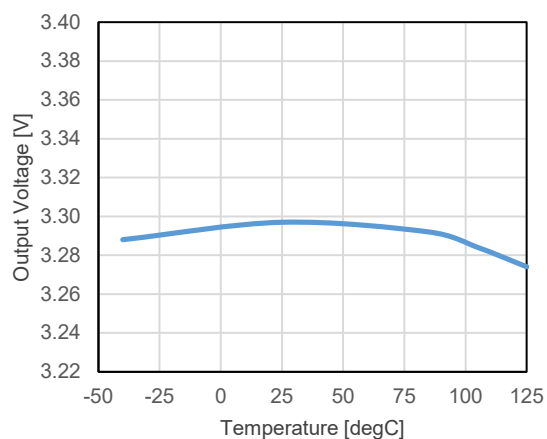


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0\text{V}$

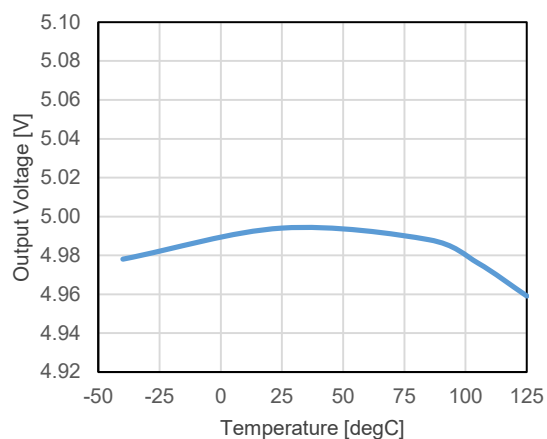


**6) Output Voltage vs. Temperature ( $V_{IN} = 14\text{V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3\text{V}$

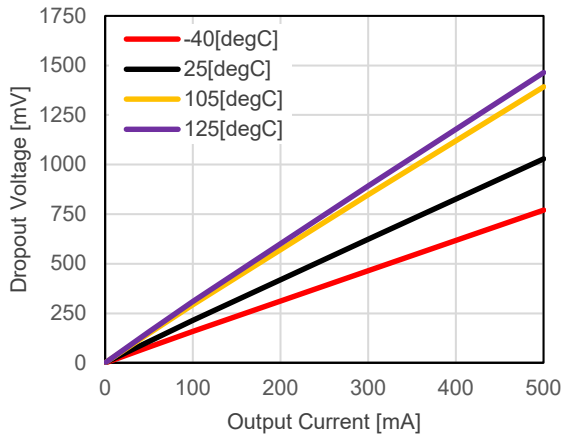


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0\text{V}$

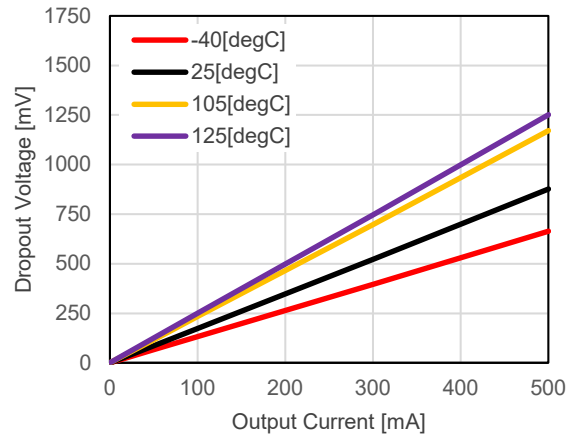


**7) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3V$

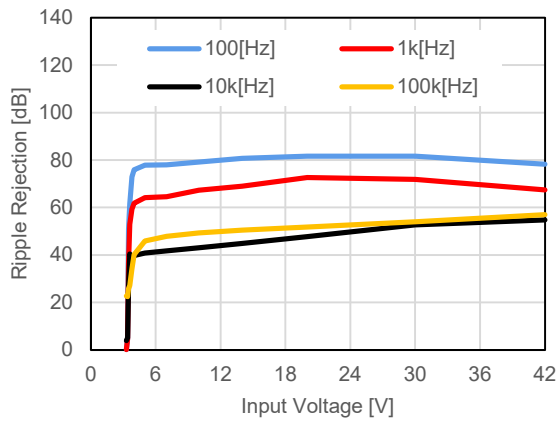


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$

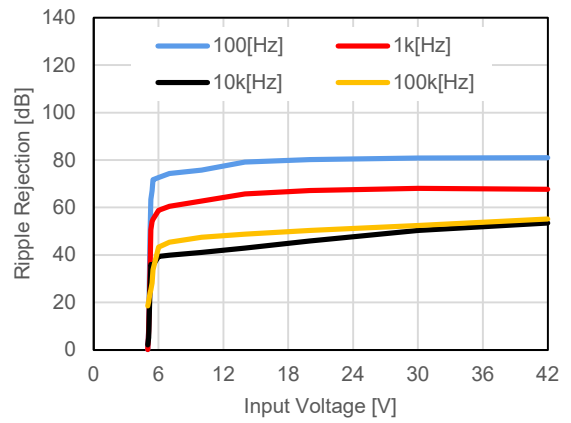


**8) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Voltage ( $T_a=25^\circ C$ ,  $V_{ripple} = \pm 0.2V$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3V$

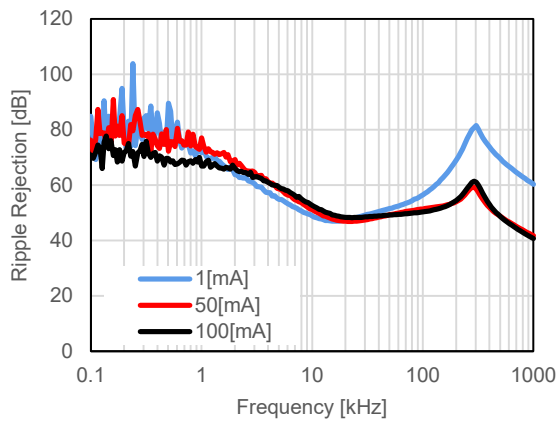


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$

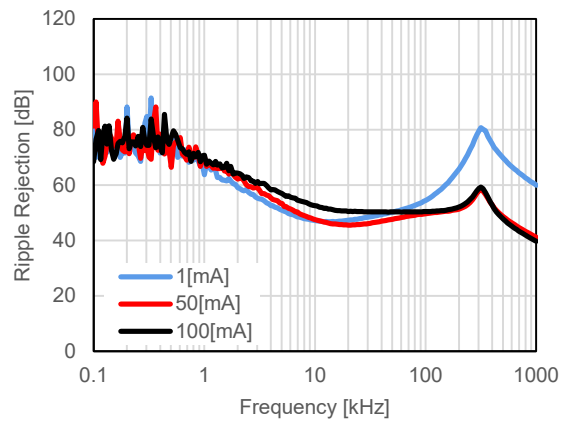


**9) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency ( $T_a=25^\circ C$ ,  $V_{IN} = 14V \pm 0.2V_{ripple}$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3V$



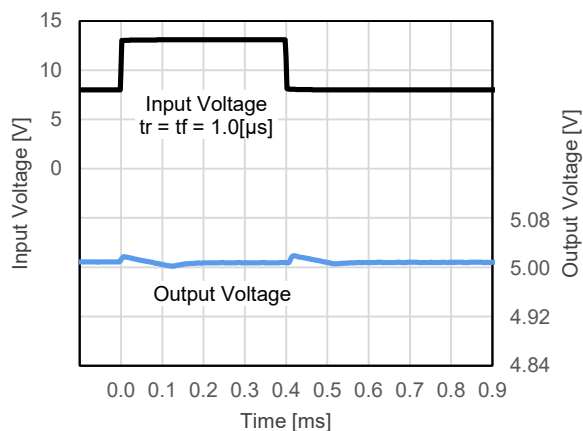
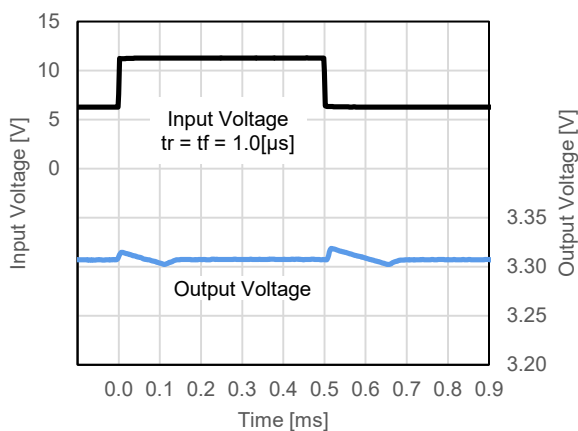
$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$



**10) Input Transient Response ( $T_a=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  ,  $V_{IN} = V_{VRSET} + 3.0\text{ V} \Leftrightarrow V_{VRSET} + 8.0\text{ V}$  ,  $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3\text{V}$

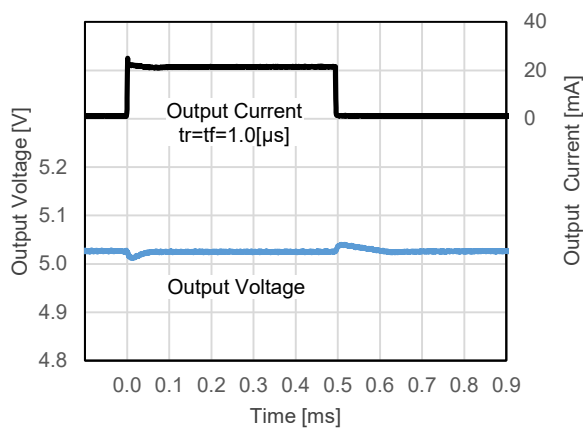
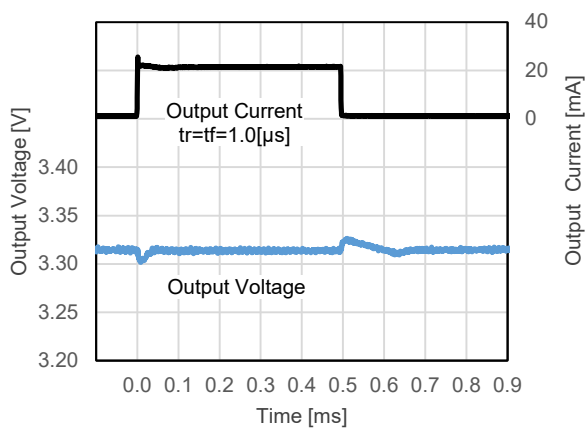
$V_{VRSET} = 5.0\text{V}$



**11) Load Transient Response ( $T_a=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  ,  $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\Leftrightarrow\text{ }20\text{ mA}$  ,  $V_{IN} = 14\text{V}$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3\text{V}$

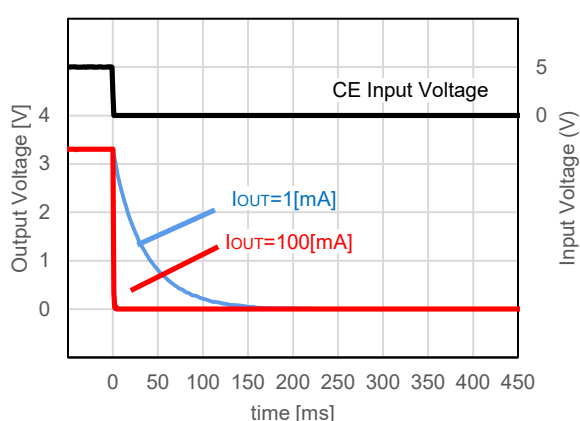
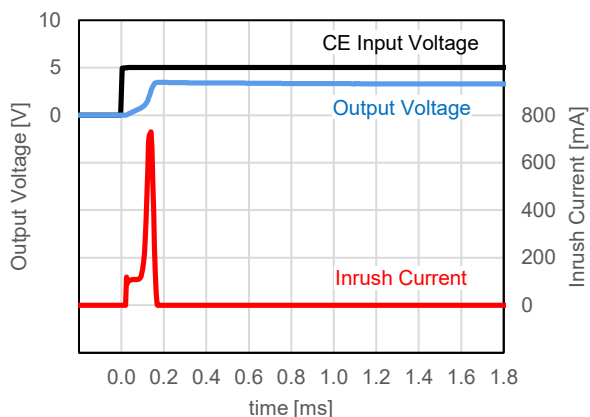
$V_{VRSET} = 5.0\text{V}$



**12) CE Transient Response ( $T_a=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  ,  $V_{IN} = 14\text{V}$  ,  $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$ )**

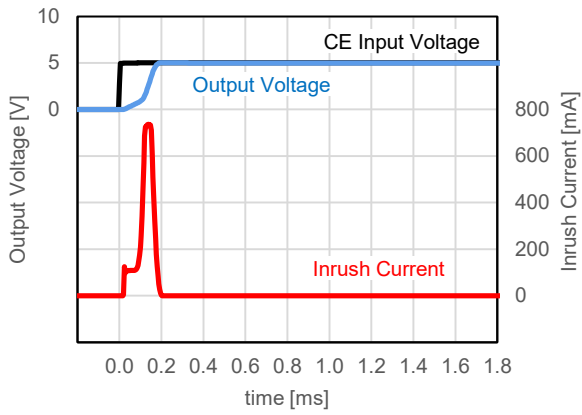
$V_{VRSET} = 3.3\text{V}$

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3\text{V}$

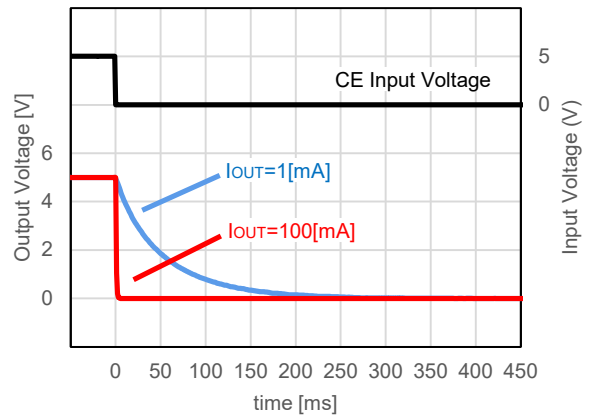




$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$

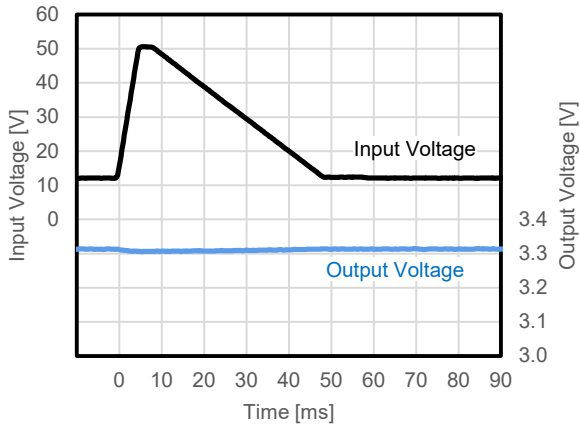


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$

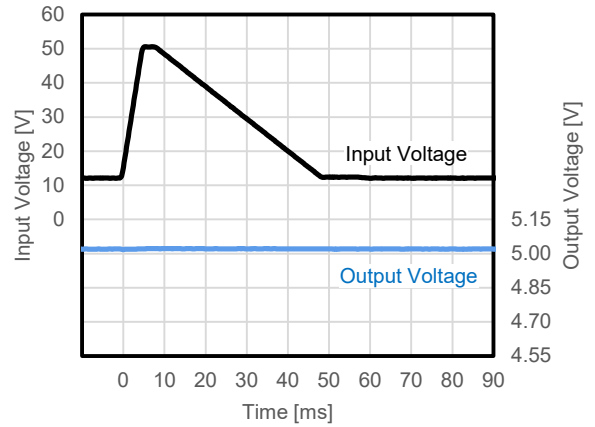


**13) Load Dump ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 1 mA$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3V$

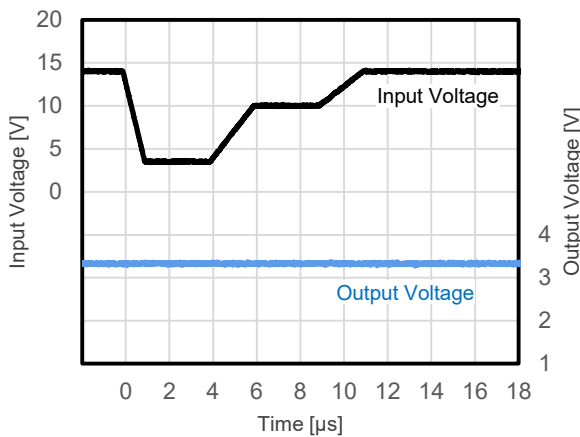


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$

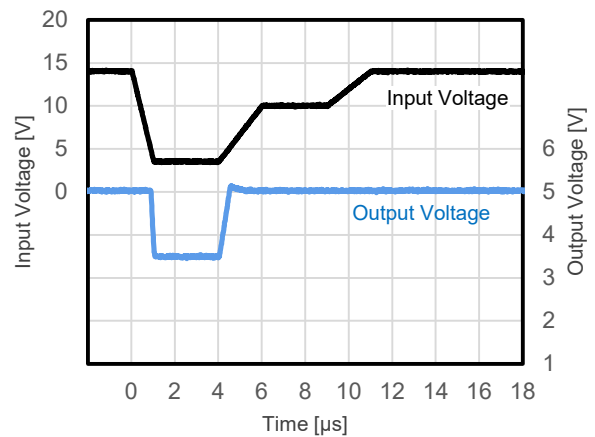


**14) Cranking ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 1 mA$ )**

$V_{VRSET} = 3.3V$

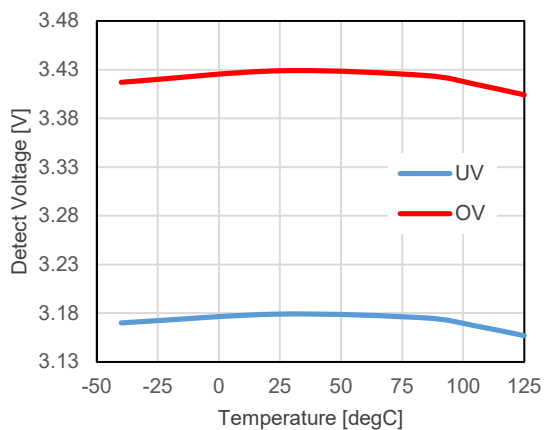


$V_{VRSET} = 5.0V$

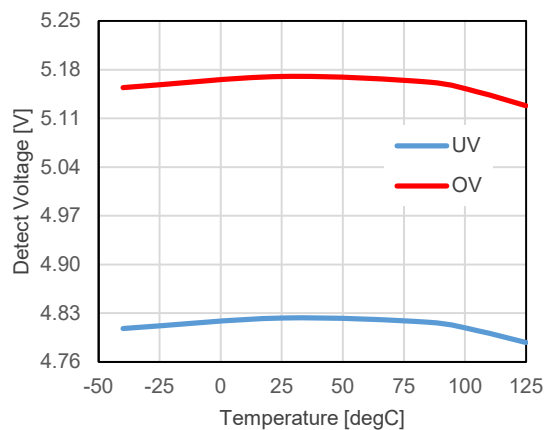


**15) UV/OV Detection Voltage vs. Temperature**

$V_{UVSET} = 3.18V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$

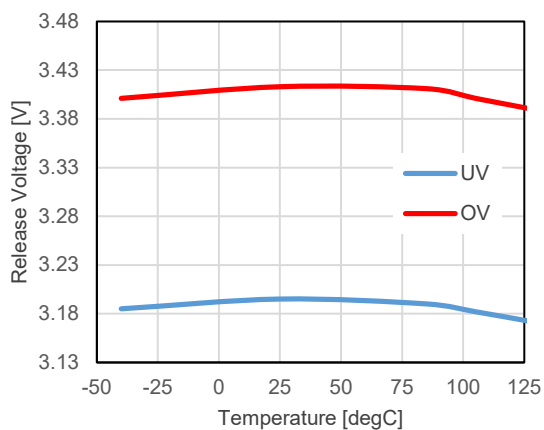


$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

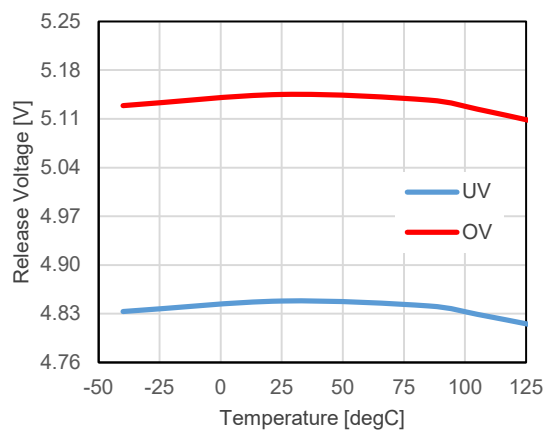


**16) UV/OV Release Voltage vs. Temperature**

$V_{UVSET} = 3.18V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$

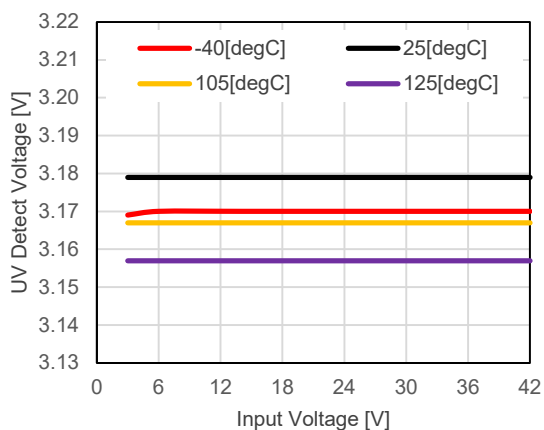


$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

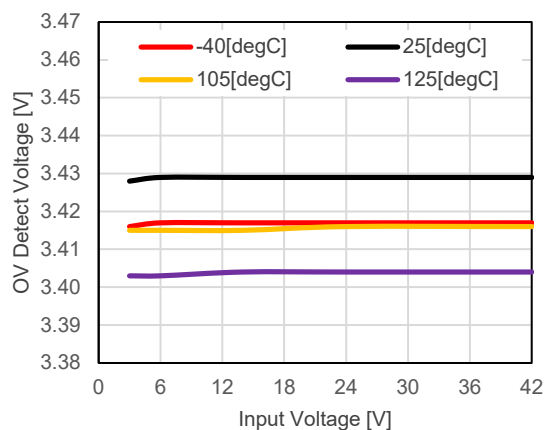


**17) UV/OV Detection Voltage vs. Input Voltage**

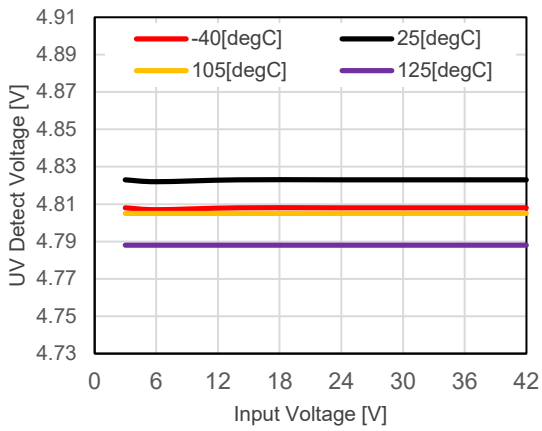
$V_{UVSET} = 3.18V$



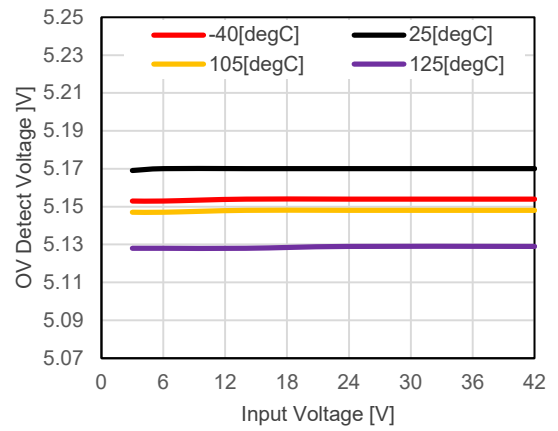
$V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$



$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$

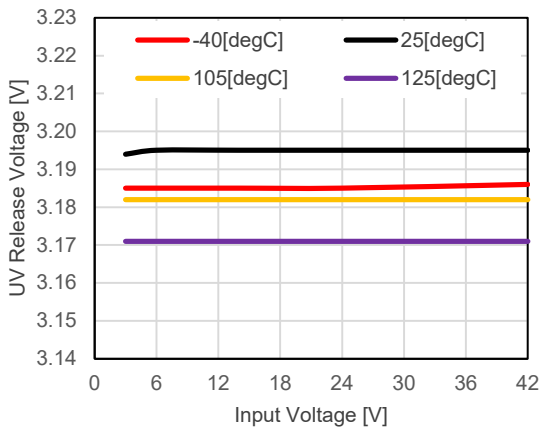


$V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

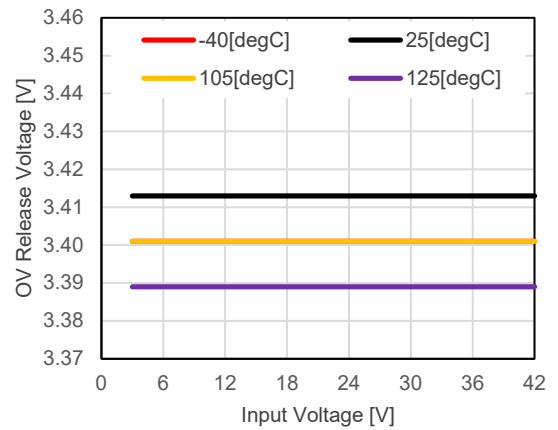


**18) UV/OV Release Voltage vs. Input Voltage**

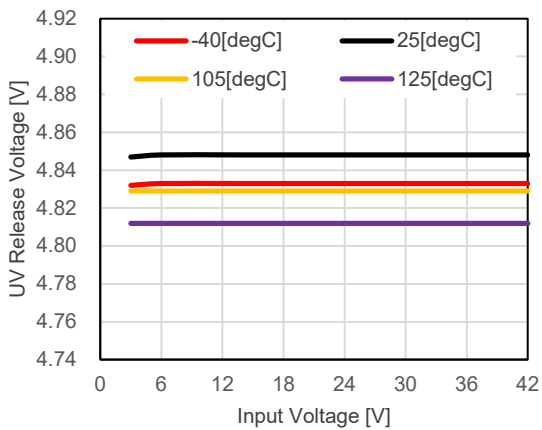
$V_{UVSET} = 3.18V$



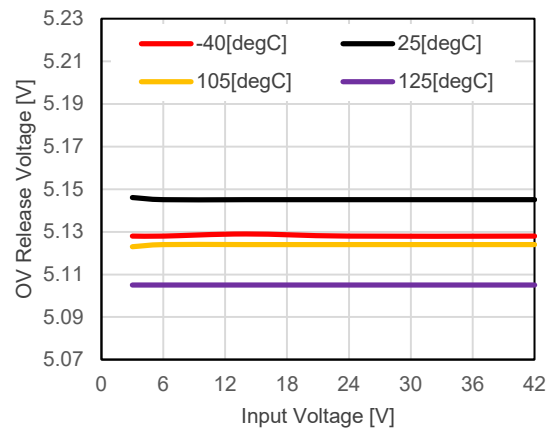
$V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$



$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$

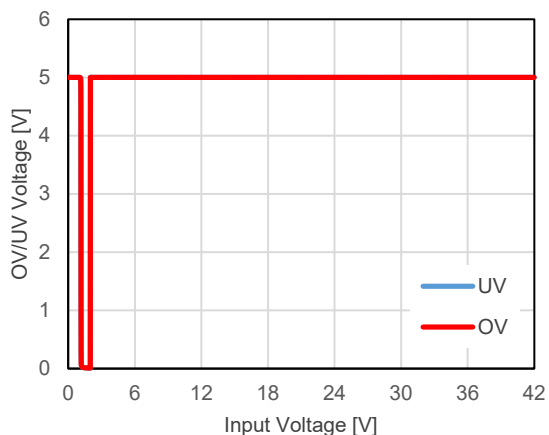


$V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

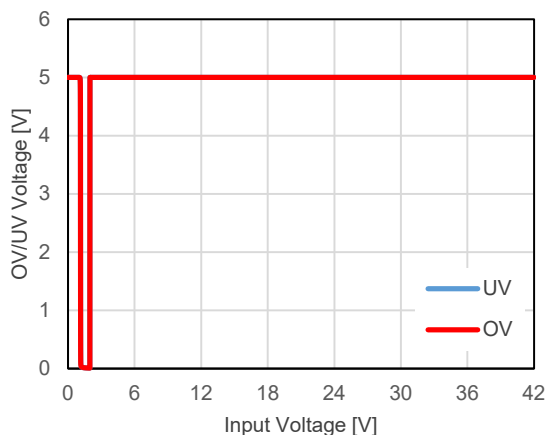


**19) UV/OV Voltage vs. Input Voltage (Ta =25 °C) Pull-up Voltage 5.0 V**

$V_{UVSET} = 3.18V, V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$

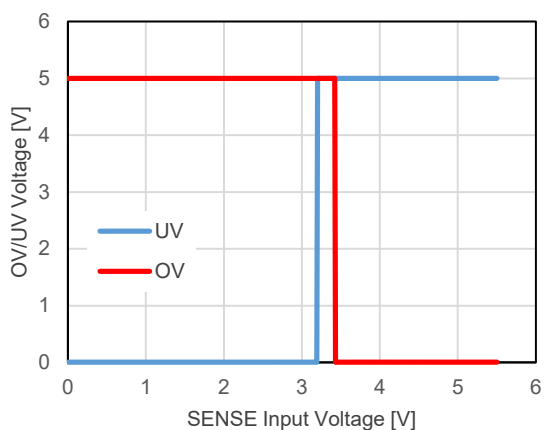


$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V, V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

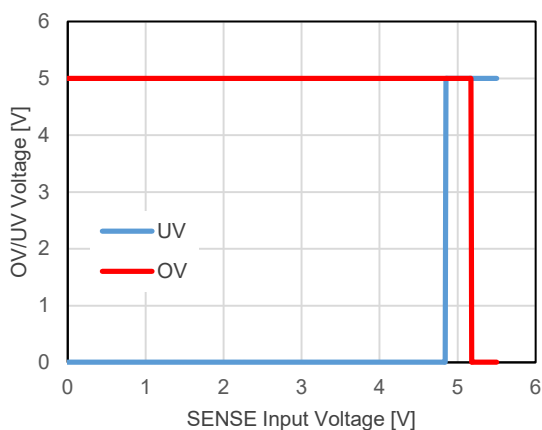


**20) UV/OV Voltage vs. SENSE Voltage (Ta =25 °C) Pull-up Voltage 5.0 V**

$V_{UVSET} = 3.18V, V_{OVSET} = 3.43V$

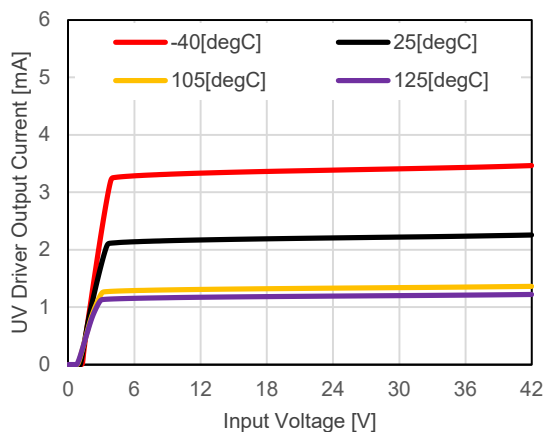


$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V, V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

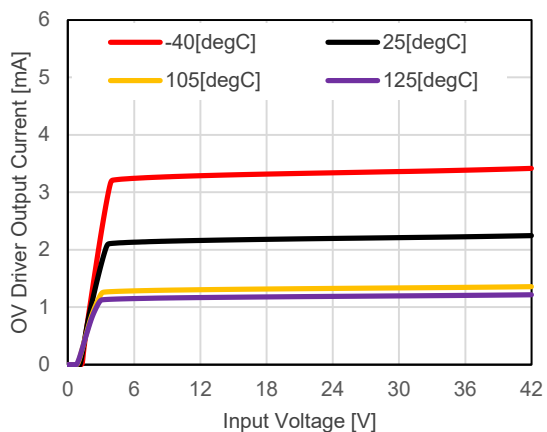


**21) UV/OV Driver Output Current vs. Input Voltage**

$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$

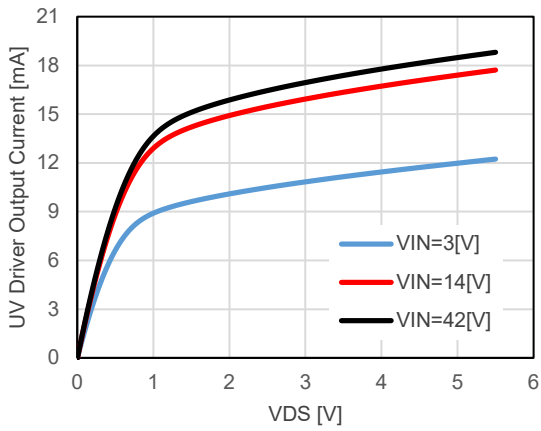


$V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$

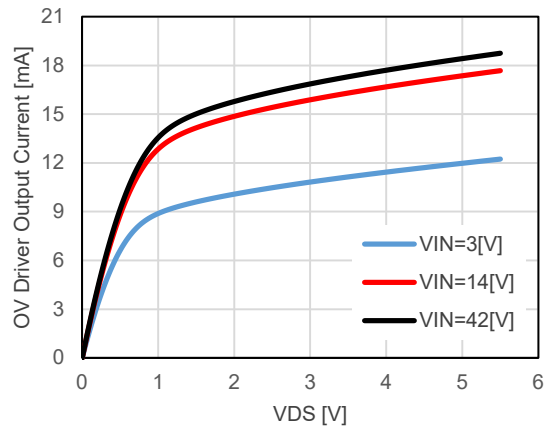


**22) UV/OV Driver Output Current vs.  $V_{DS}$  ( $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )**

$V_{UVSET} = 4.83\text{V}$

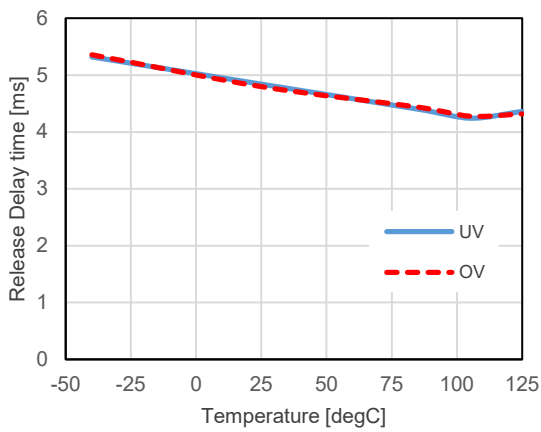


$V_{OVSET} = 5.17\text{V}$



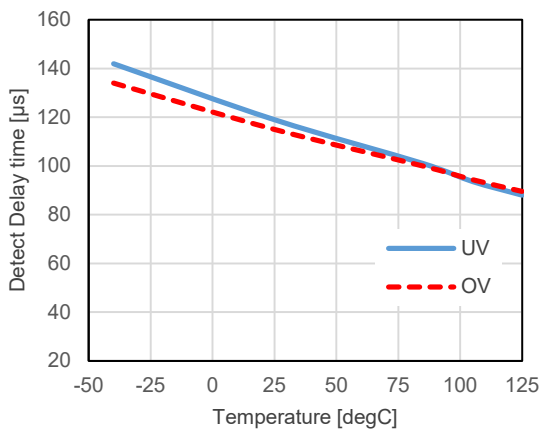
**23) Release Delay Time vs. Temperature**

$V_{UVSET} = 4.83\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 5.17\text{V}$



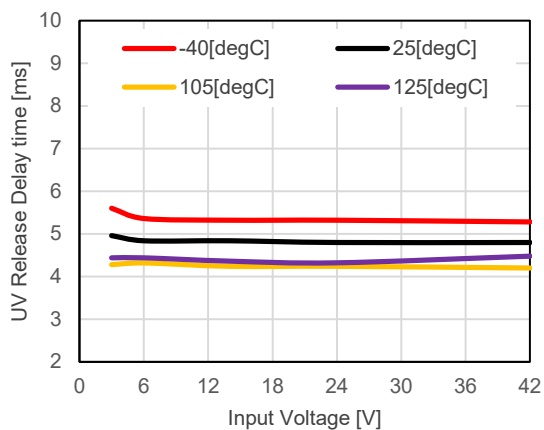
**24) Detection Delay Time vs. Temperature**

$V_{UVSET} = 4.83\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OVSET} = 5.17\text{V}$

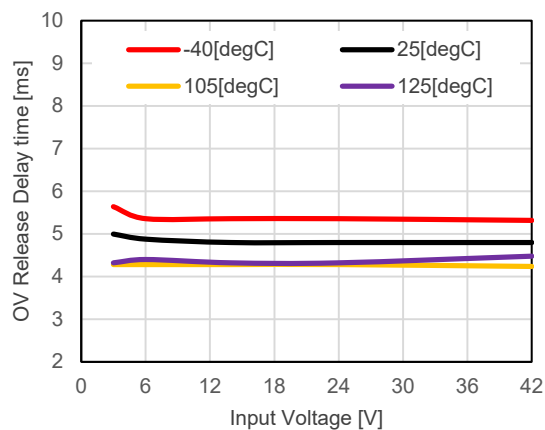


**25) Release Delay Time vs. Input Voltage**

$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V$

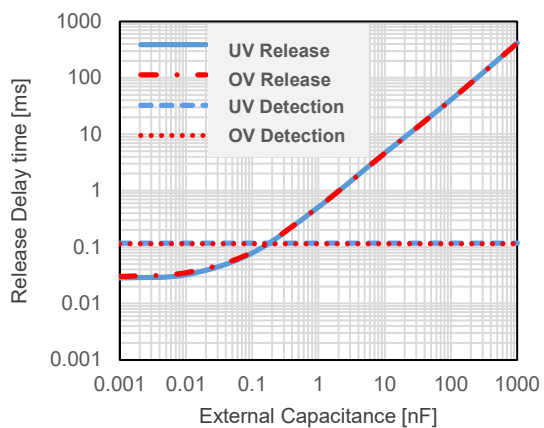


$V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$



**26) Detection/Release Delay Time vs. External Capacitance for CD Pin ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )**

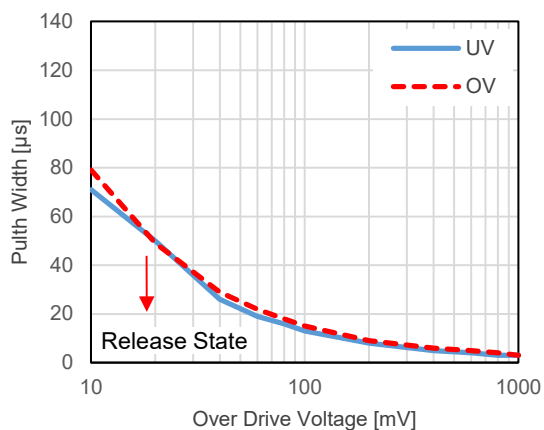
$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V, V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$



**27) SENSE Pulse Width vs. SENSE Overdrive Voltage ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )**

Limit Pulse of Release State

$V_{UVSET} = 4.83V, V_{OVSET} = 5.17V$



The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

**Measurement Conditions**

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 21 pcs

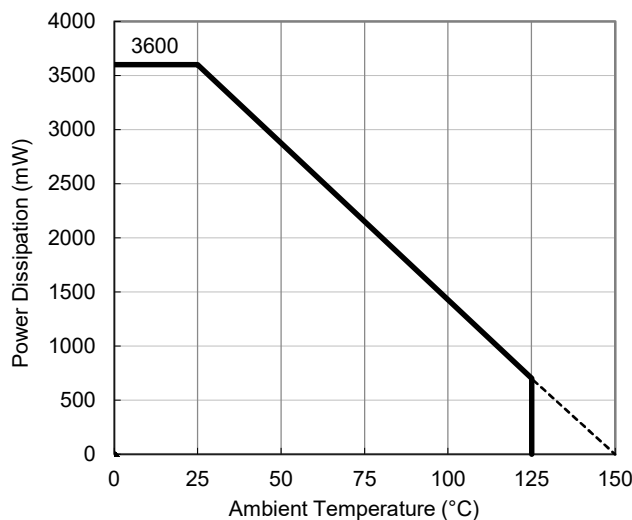
**Measurement Result**

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

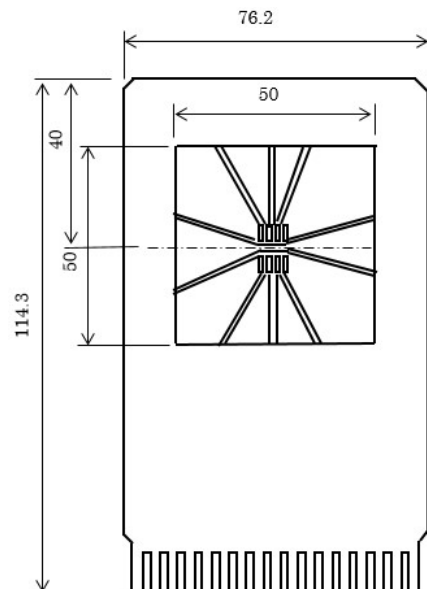
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	3600 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 34.5°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 10°C/W

θja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

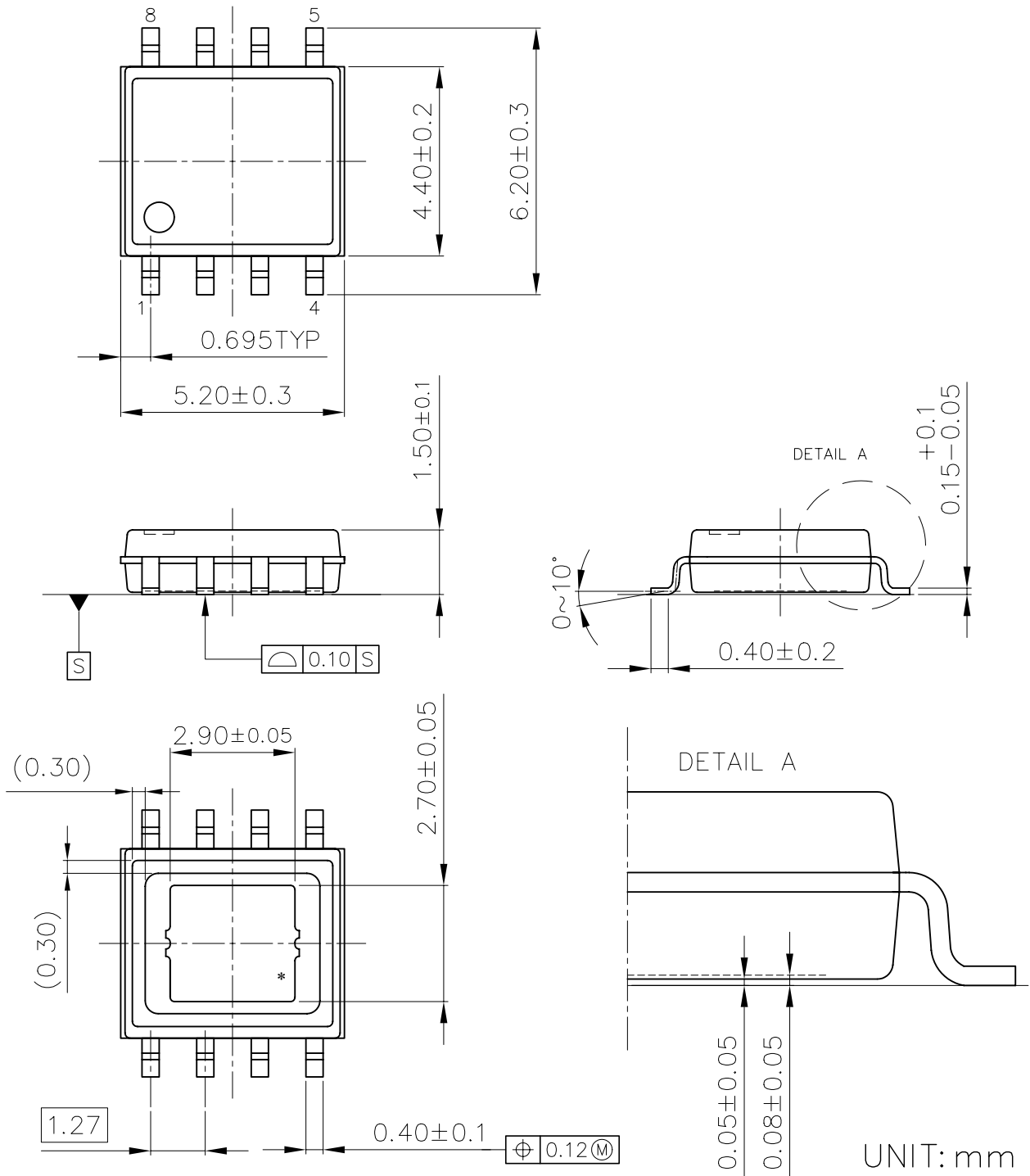
ψjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



**Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Measurement Board Pattern**



HSOP-8E Package Dimensions

\* The tab on the bottom of the package shown by blue circle is substrate potential (GND). It is recommended that this tab be connected to the ground plane on the board but it is possible to leave the tab floating.



The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

**Measurement Conditions**

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 72 pcs

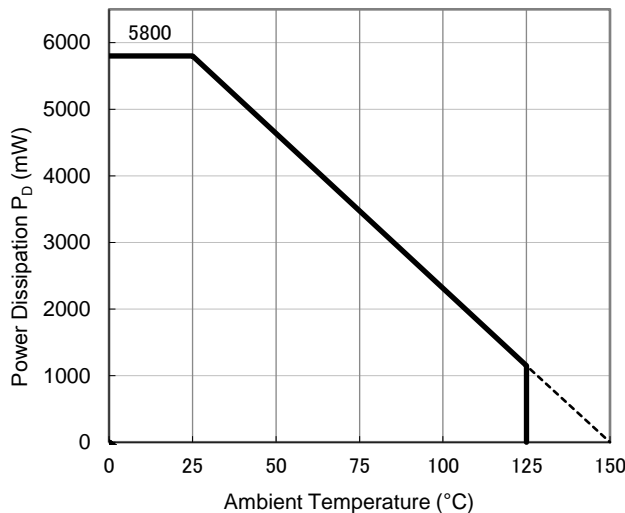
**Measurement Result**

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

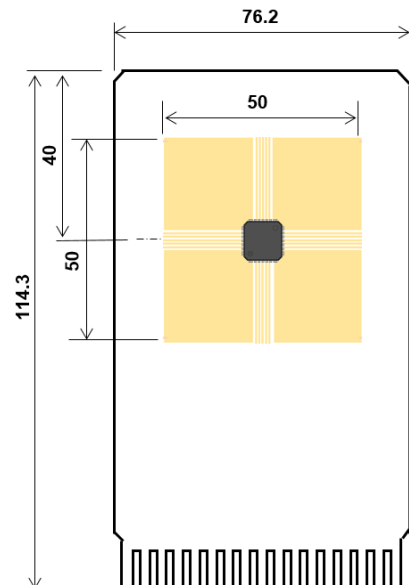
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	5800 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 21.5°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 5°C/W

θja: Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

ψjt: Junction-to-top of package thermal characterization parameter



**Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**

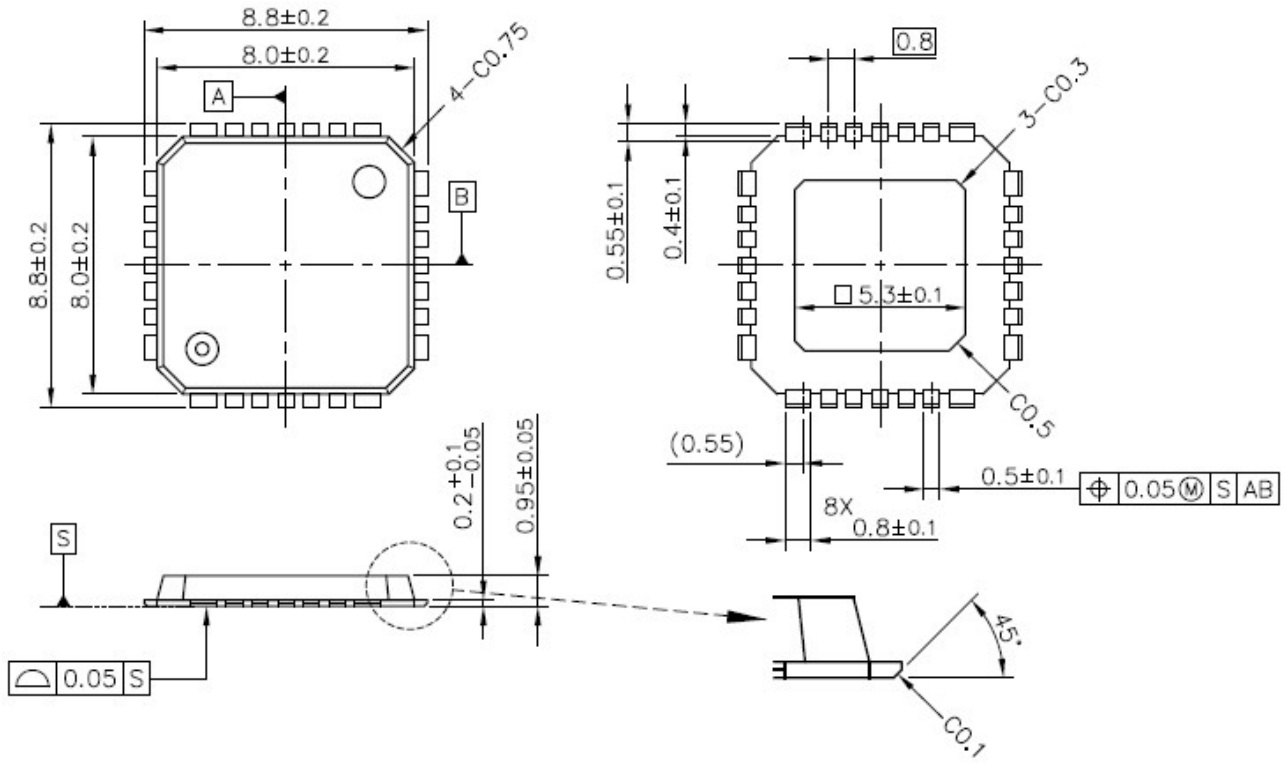


**Measurement Board Pattern**

# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

# HQFN0808-28

DM-HQFN0808-28-JE-A



UNIT: mm

HQFN0808-28 Package Dimensions



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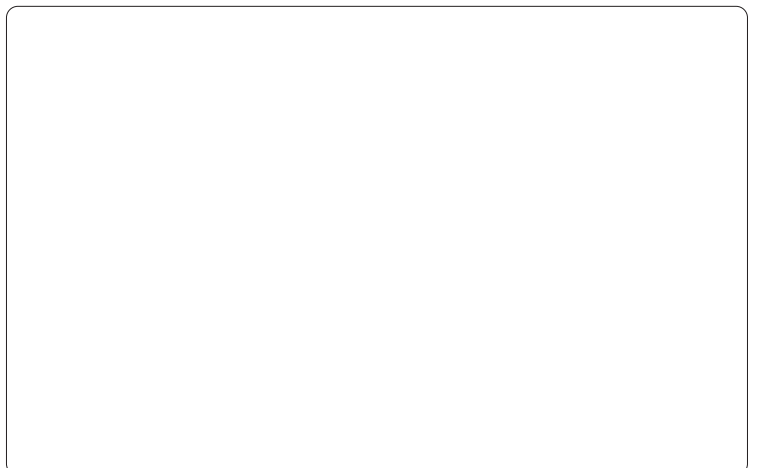
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