74HC4051; 74HCT4051 8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer Rev. 8 — 5 February 2016

Product data sheet

General description

The 74HC4051; 74HCT4051 is a single-pole octal-throw analog switch (SP8T) suitable for use in analog or digital 8:1 multiplexer/demultiplexer applications. The switch features three digital select inputs (S0, S1 and S2), eight independent inputs/outputs (Yn), a common input/output (Z) and a digital enable input (E). When E is HIGH, the switches are turned off. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of V_{CC} .

Features and benefits

- Wide analog input voltage range from –5 V to +5 V
- Complies with JEDEC standard no. 7A
- Low ON resistance:
 - 80 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} V_{EE} = 4.5 \text{ V}$
 - ♦ 70 Ω (typical) at V_{CC} V_{EE} = 6.0 V
 - 60 Ω (typical) at V_{CC} V_{EE} = 9.0 V
- Logic level translation: to enable 5 V logic to communicate with ±5 V analog signals
- Typical 'break before make' built-in
- ESD protection:
 - HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
 - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

3. Applications

- Analog multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Signal gating

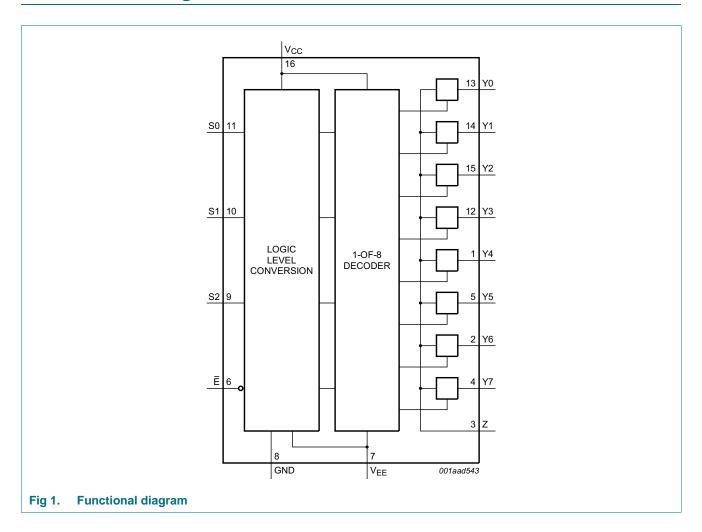


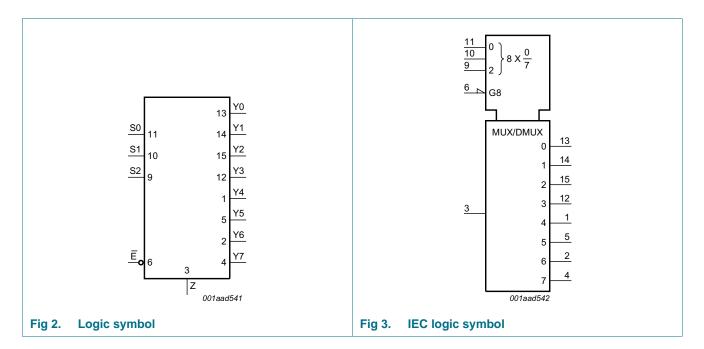
4. Ordering information

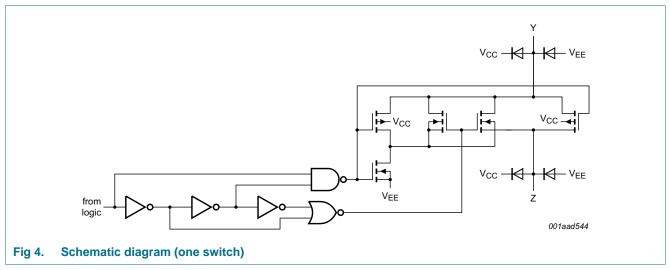
Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package				
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version	
74HC4051D	-40 °C to +125 °C	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads;	SOT109-1	
74HCT4051D			body width 3.9 mm		
74HC4051DB	−40 °C to +125 °C	SSOP16	plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads;	SOT338-1	
74HCT4051DB			body width 5.3 mm		
74HC4051PW	−40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP16	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads;	SOT403-1	
74HCT4051PW			body width 4.4 mm		
74HC4051BQ	−40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN16	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very	SOT763-1	
74HCT4051BQ			thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body $2.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.85$ mm		

5. Functional diagram



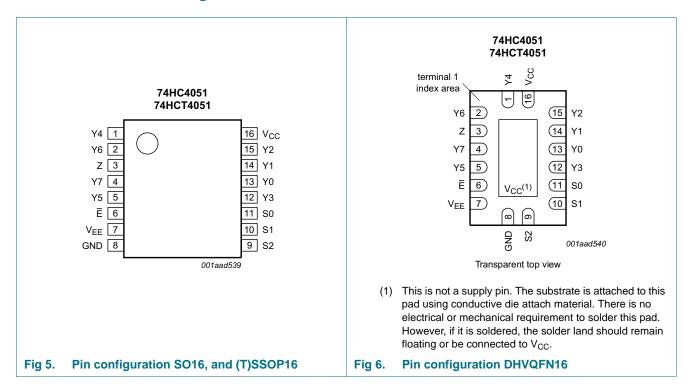




3 of 31

6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
Ē	6	enable input (active LOW)
V _{EE}	7	supply voltage
GND	8	ground supply voltage
S0, S1, S2	11, 10, 9	select input
Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7	13, 14, 15, 12, 1, 5, 2, 4	independent input or output
Z	3	common output or input
V _{CC}	16	supply voltage

7. Functional description

7.1 Function table

Table 3. Function table[1]

Input				Channel ON
E	S2	S1	S0	
L	L	L	L	Y0 to Z
L	L	L	Н	Y1 to Z
L	L	Н	L	Y2 to Z
L	L	Н	Н	Y3 to Z
L	Н	L	L	Y4 to Z
L	Н	L	Н	Y5 to Z
L	Н	Н	L	Y6 to Z
L	Н	Н	Н	Y7 to Z
Н	X	Х	X	switches off

^[1] H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level;

X = don't care.

8. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ (ground).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	supply voltage	[1]	-0.5	+11.0	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	$V_{I} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{I} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±20	mA
I _{SK}	switch clamping current	$V_{SW} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{SW} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±20	mA
I _{SW}	switch current	$-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{SW}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±25	mA
I _{EE}	supply current		-	±20	mA
I _{CC}	supply current		-	50	mA
I_{GND}	ground current		-	-50	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	SO16, (T)SSOP16, and DHVQFN16 package	-	500	mW
Р	power dissipation	per switch	-	100	mW

^[1] To avoid drawing V_{CC} current out of terminal Z, when switch current flows into terminals Yn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal Z, no V_{CC} current will flow out of terminals Yn, and in this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at Yn and Z may not exceed V_{CC} or V_{EE} .

For DHVQFN16 packages: above 60 °C the value of Ptot derates linearly with 4.5 mW/K.

^[2] For SO16 packages: above 70 °C the value of Ptot derates linearly with 8 mW/K.
For SSOP16 and TSSOP16 packages: above 60 °C the value of Ptot derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	7	'4HC40	51	74	4HCT40	51	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
V _{CC}	supply voltage	see Figure 7 and Figure 8							
		V _{CC} – GND	2.0	5.0	10.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
		V _{CC} – V _{EE}	2.0	5.0	10.0	2.0	5.0	10.0	V
VI	input voltage		GND	-	V _{CC}	GND	-	V _{CC}	V
V _{SW}	switch voltage		V _{EE}	-	V _{CC}	V _{EE}	-	V _{CC}	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+25	+125	-40	+25	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	625	-	-	-	ns/V
	rate	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	1.67	139	-	1.67	139	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	83	-	-	-	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	31	-	-	-	ns/V

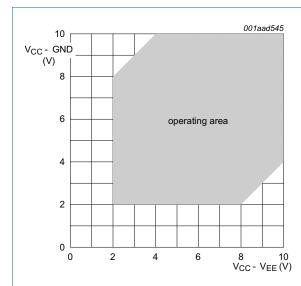


Fig 7. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HC4051

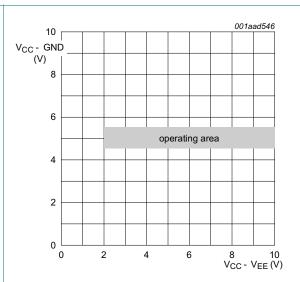


Fig 8. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HCT4051

10. Static characteristics

Table 6. R_{ON} resistance per switch for 74HC4051 and 74HCT4051

 $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see Figure 9.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or \overline{Z} terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Vos is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

For 74HC4051: V_{CC} – GND or V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

For 74HCT4051: V_{CC} – GND = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	o°C	'					
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance (peak)	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}					
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u>	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	100	180	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	90	160	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	70	130	Ω
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	$V_{is} = V_{EE}$					
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u>	-	150	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	80	140	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	70	120	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	60	105	Ω
		$V_{is} = V_{CC}$					
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u>	-	150	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	90	160	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	80	140	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	65	120	Ω
ΔR _{ON}	ON resistance mismatch	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}					
	between channels	V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	<u>[1]</u>	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V		-	9	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V		-	8	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$		-	6	-	Ω
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +85 °C	,					
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance (peak)	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}					
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	<u>[1]</u>	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	225	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	200	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	165	Ω

R_{ON} resistance per switch for 74HC4051 and 74HCT4051 ...continued

 $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; for test circuit see <u>Figure 9</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or \overline{Z} terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

For 74HC4051: V_{CC} – GND or V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V. For 74HCT4051: V_{CC} – GND = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	$V_{is} = V_{EE}$					
		V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA	[1]	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	175	Ω
		V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA		-	-	150	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	130	Ω
		$V_{is} = V_{CC}$					
		V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μ A	[1]	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	200	Ω
		V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA		-	-	175	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = -4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA		-	-	150	Ω
$T_{amb} = -4$	0 °C to +125 °C	,					
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance (peak)	$V_{is} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}					
		V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μ A	[1]	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	270	Ω
		V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA		-	-	240	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = -4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA		-	-	195	Ω
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	$V_{is} = V_{EE}$					
		V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μ A	[1]	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	210	Ω
		V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA		-	-	180	Ω
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V; V_{EE} = -4.5 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA		-	-	160	Ω
		$V_{is} = V_{CC}$					
		V_{CC} = 2.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 100 μA	[1]	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	240	Ω
		V_{CC} = 6.0 V; V_{EE} = 0 V; I_{SW} = 1000 μA		-	-	210	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}; I_{SW} = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		-	-	180	Ω

^[1] When supply voltages (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) near 2.0 V the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. When using a supply of 2 V, it is recommended to use these devices only for transmitting digital signals.

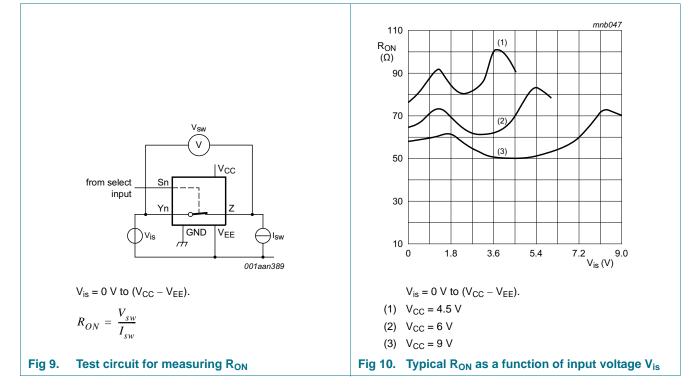


Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	°C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.5	1.2	-	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.15	2.4	-	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	4.2	3.2	-	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	6.3	4.7	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	0.8	0.5	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	2.1	1.35	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	2.8	1.8	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	-	4.3	2.7	V
l _l	input leakage current	$V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	±0.2	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{ see } Figure 11$				
		per channel	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±0.4	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE};$ $V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Figure } 12}{\text{Figure } 12}$	-	-	±0.4	μΑ

Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Y_{os} , whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Icc	supply current	V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	8.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	16.0	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
C _{sw}	switch capacitance	independent pins Yn	-	5	-	pF
		common pins Z	-	25	-	pF
$\Gamma_{amb} = -40$) °C to +85 °C					
/ _{IH}	HIGH-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.5	-	-	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.15	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	4.2	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	6.3	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.5	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	1.35	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	1.8	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	-	-	2.7	V
l _l	input leakage current	$V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	±2.0	μΑ
S(OFF)	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{ see } Figure 11$				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
S(ON)	ON-state leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC} = 10.0$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V; see Figure 12	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
СС	supply current	V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	80.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	160.0	μΑ
$\Gamma_{\rm amb} = -40$) °C to +125 °C					
/ _{IH}	HIGH-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.5	-	-	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.15	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	4.2	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	6.3	-	-	V
/ _{IL}	LOW-level input	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.5	V
	voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	1.35	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	1.8	V
		V _{CC} = 9.0 V	-	-	2.7	V

Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4051 ... continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Y_{os} , whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
l _l i	input leakage current	V _{EE} = 0 V; V _I = V _{CC} or GND				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	±2.0	μΑ
0(0)	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{see } Figure 11$				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$; $V_{CC} = 10.0$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V; see Figure 12	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	V_{EE} = 0 V; V_{I} = V_{CC} or GND; V_{is} = V_{EE} or V_{CC} ; V_{os} = V_{CC} or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	160.0	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 10.0 V	-	-	320.0	μΑ

Table 8. Static characteristics for 74HCT4051

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

Vos is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	°C		_		ı	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.0	1.6	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	1.2	0.8	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{see } \frac{\text{Figure } 11}{\text{Figure } 11}$				
		per channel	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±0.4	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Figure } 12}{\text{Figure } 12}$	-	-	±0.4	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}				
		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	8.0	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	16.0	μΑ
Δl _{CC}	additional supply current	per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	50	180	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
C _{sw}	switch capacitance	independent pins Yn	-	5	-	pF
		common pins Z	-	25	-	pF

Table 8. Static characteristics for 74HCT4051 ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

 V_{is} is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at pins Z or Y_{os} , whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = -40	0 °C to +85 °C					
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.0	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.8	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Figure } 11}{\text{Figure } 11}$				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Figure } 12}{\text{Figure } 12}$	-	-	±4.0	μА
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	80.0	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	160.0	μΑ
Δl _{CC}	additional supply current	per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	225	μΑ
T _{amb} = -40	0 °C to +125 °C					
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.0	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.8	V
l _l	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5$ V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{ see } Figure 11$				
		per channel	-	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC} = 10.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $ V_{SW} = V_{CC} - V_{EE}; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Figure } 12}{\text{Figure } 12}$	-	-	±4.0	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC} ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}				
		V _{CC} = 5.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	160.0	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	320.0	μΑ
Δl _{CC}	additional supply current	per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V ; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	245	μΑ

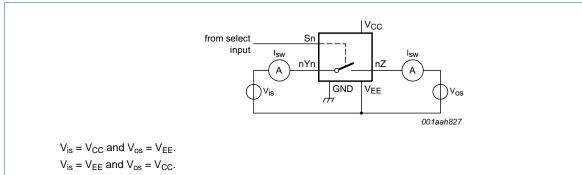
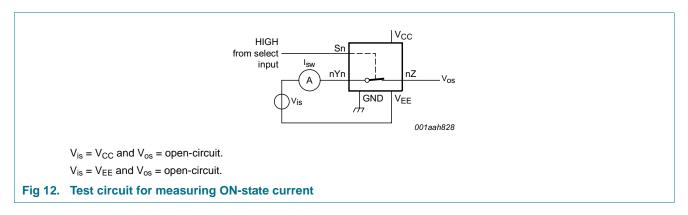


Fig 11. Test circuit for measuring OFF-state current



11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see Figure 15.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	°C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see <u>Figure 13</u> [1]				
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	14	60	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	5	12	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	4	10	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	4	8	ns

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

 $GND = 0 \ V; t_r = t_f = 6 \ ns; \ C_L = 50 \ pF; for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.$

V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to $V_{os}; R_{L} = \infty \Omega; see \underline{Figure 14}$				
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	72	345	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	29	69	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	22	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	21	59	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	18	51	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	66	345	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	28	69	ns
		V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF	-	20	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	19	59	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	16	51	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	58	290	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	31	58	ns
		V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF	-	18	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	17	49	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	18	42	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	61	290	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	25	58	ns
		V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF	-	19	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	18	49	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	18	42	ns
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	per switch; $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC}	-	25	-	pF
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +85 °C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13				
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	75	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	15	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	13	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	-	10	ns

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to $V_{os};R_{L}=\infty\Omega;see\underline{Figure14}$	[2]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	430	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	86	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	73	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	64	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14	[2]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	430	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	86	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	73	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	64	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[3]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	365	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	73	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	62	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	53	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14	[3]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	365	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	73	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	62	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	53	ns
T _{amb} = -4	10 °C to +125 °C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13	[1]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	90	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	18	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	15	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	-	12	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_{L} = \infty \ \Omega$; see Figure 14	[2]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	520	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	104	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	88	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	-	77	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 14	[2]			
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	520	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	104	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	88	ns

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4051 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.

V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see $\underline{Figure 14}$				
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	435	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	87	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	74	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	-	72	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	435	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	87	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	74	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	-	72	ns

- [1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH}.
- [2] ton is the same as tPZH and tPZL.
- [3] t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ} .
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$ where:

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\} = \text{sum of outputs};$

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

C_{sw} = switch capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V.

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051

GND = 0 V; $t_f = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; for test circuit see Figure 15.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 25	°C				-	
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see <u>Figure 13</u> [1]				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	5	12	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	4	8	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	26	55	ns
		V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF	-	22	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = -4.5 V	-	16	39	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	28	55	ns
		V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF	-	24	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	16	39	ns

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051 ...continued

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF; for test circuit see <u>Figure 15</u>.

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	19	45	ns
		V _{CC} = 5.0 V; V _{EE} = 0 V; C _L = 15 pF	-	16	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	16	32	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see <u>Figure 14</u>				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	23	45	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	-	20	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	16	32	ns
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	per switch; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5 V$ 4	-	25	-	pF
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +85 °C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see <u>Figure 13</u> [1]				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	15	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	10	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see <u>Figure 14</u>				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	69	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	49	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	69	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	49	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	56	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	40	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	56	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	40	ns
T _{amb} = -4	0 °C to +125 °C					
t _{pd}	propagation delay	V_{is} to V_{os} ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$; see Figure 13				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	18	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	12	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time	\overline{E} to V _{os} ; R _L = 1 k Ω ; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	83	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	59	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	83	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	59	ns

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4051 ...continued

 $GND = 0 \text{ V; } t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns; } C_L = 50 \text{ pF; for test circuit see } \underline{Figure 15}.$

 V_{is} is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

 V_{os} is the output voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{off}	turn-off time	\overline{E} to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see $\underline{Figure 14}$				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	68	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	48	ns
		Sn to V_{os} ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 14				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V	-	-	68	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	48	ns

- [1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} .
- [2] t_{on} is the same as t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} .
- [3] t_{off} is the same as t_{PHZ} and t_{PLZ} .
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_o\} \text{ where: }$$

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

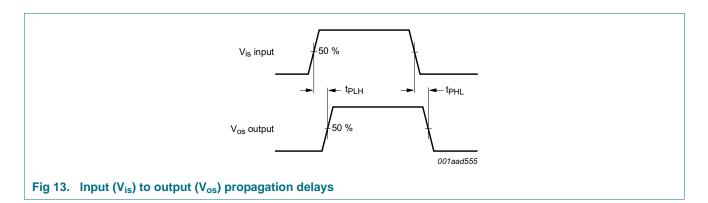
N = number of inputs switching;

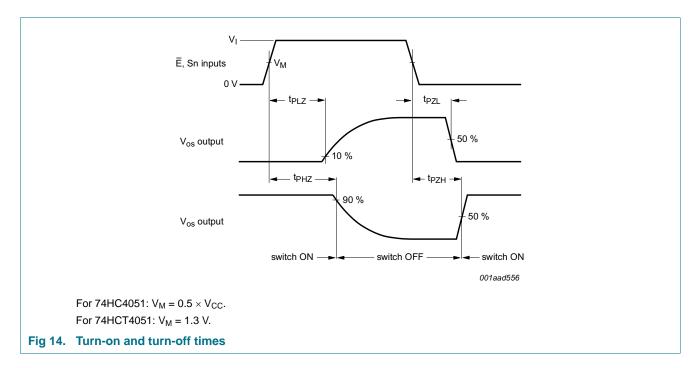
 $\Sigma \{ (C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o \} = \text{sum of outputs};$

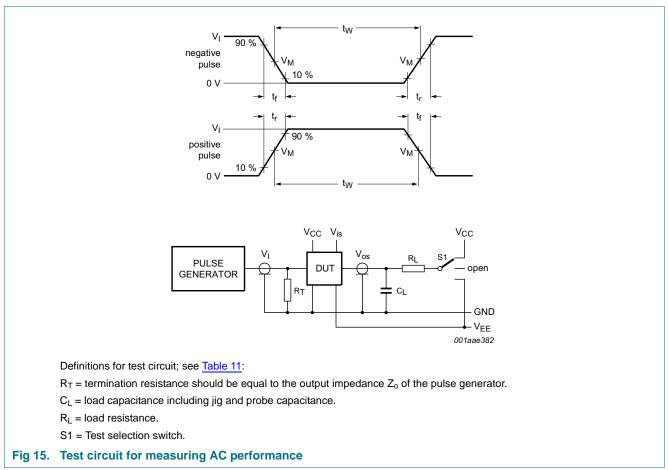
C₁ = output load capacitance in pF;

C_{sw} = switch capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V.







19 of 31

Table 11. Test data

Test	Input			Load	Load		
	V _I V _{is}		t _r , t _f		CL	R _L	
			at f _{max}	other[1]			
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	[2]	pulse	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	open
t_{PZH},t_{PHZ}	[2]	V _{CC}	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	V _{EE}
t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}	[2]	V _{EE}	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	V _{CC}

[1] $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns; when measuring f_{max} , there is no constraint to t_r and t_f with 50 % duty factor.

[2] V_i values

a) For 74HC4051: $V_1 = V_{CC}$ b) For 74HCT4051: $V_1 = 3 \text{ V}$

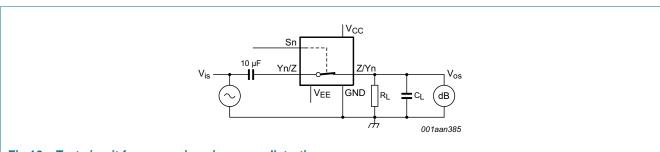
11.1 Additional dynamic characteristics

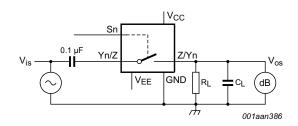
Table 12. Additional dynamic characteristics

Recommended conditions and typical values; $GND = 0 \ V$; $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$; $C_L = 50 \ pF$. V_{is} is the input voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an input. V_{os} is the output voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
d _{sin}	sine-wave distortion	$f_i = 1 \text{ kHz; } R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Figure 16}}{}$					
		$V_{is} = 4.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$		-	0.04	-	%
		$V_{is} = 8.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$		-	0.02	-	%
		$f_i = 10 \text{ kHz}$; $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; see Figure 16					
		$V_{is} = 4.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$		-	0.12	-	%
		$V_{is} = 8.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$		-	0.06	-	%
α_{iso}	isolation (OFF-state)	$R_L = 600 \Omega$; $f_i = 1 MHz$; see Figure 17					
		$V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	-50	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	-50	-	dB
V _{ct}	crosstalk voltage	peak-to-peak value; between control and any switch; $R_L = 600~\Omega$; $f_i = 1~MHz$; \overline{E} or Sn square wave between V_{CC} and GND; $t_r = t_f = 6~ns$; see Figure 18					
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; V _{EE} = 0 V		-	110	-	mV
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$		-	220	-	mV
f _(-3dB)	-3 dB frequency response	$R_L = 50 \Omega$; see Figure 19					
		$V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$	[2]	-	170	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	[2]	-	180	-	MHz

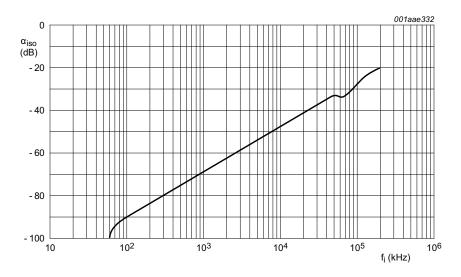
- [1] Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600 Ω).
- [2] Adjust input voltage V_{is} to 0 dBm level at V_{os} for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω).





 V_{CC} = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V; V_{EE} = –4.5 V; R_L = 600 $\Omega;$ R_S = 1 $k\Omega.$

a. Test circuit



b. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency

Fig 17. Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)

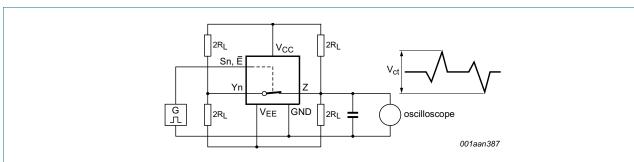
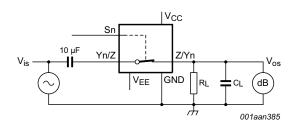
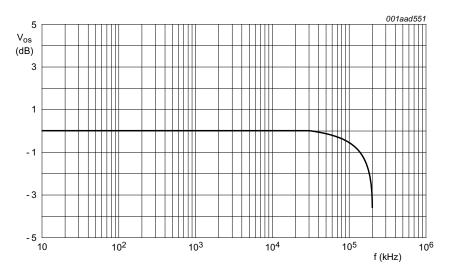


Fig 18. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between control input and any switch



 V_{CC} = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V; V_{EE} = –4.5 V; R_L = 50 $\Omega;$ R_S = 1 $k\Omega.$

a. Test circuit



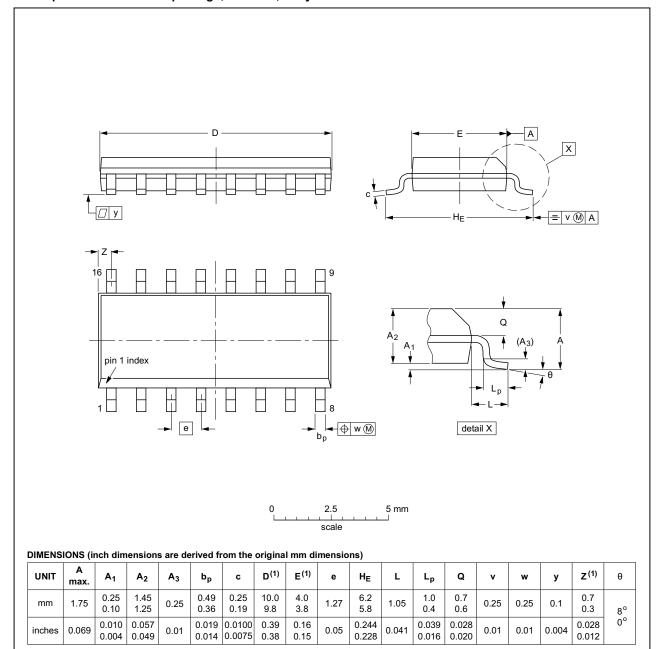
b. Typical frequency response

Fig 19. Test circuit for frequency response

12. Package outline

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1



Note

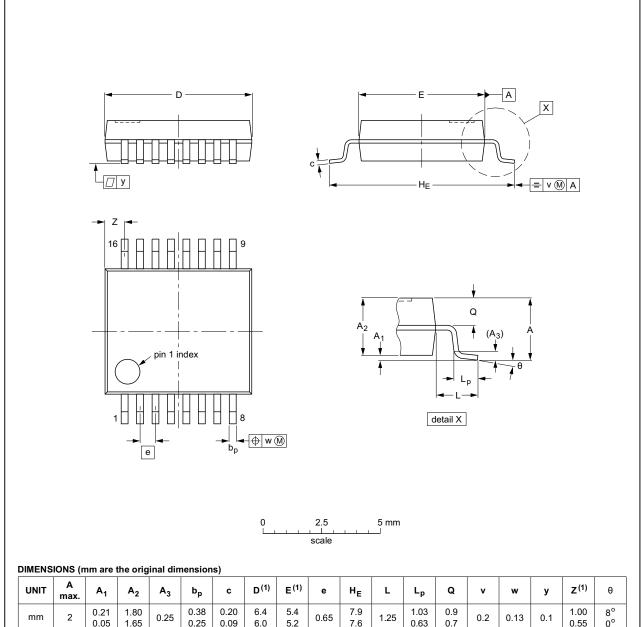
1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	ENCES		EUROPEAN				
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA F		PROJECTION	1330E DATE			
SOT109-1	076E07	MS-012				99-12-27 03-02-19			

Fig 20. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

SSOP16: plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm

SOT338-1



UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	b _p	С	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽¹⁾	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	2	0.21 0.05	1.80 1.65	0.25	0.38 0.25	0.20 0.09	6.4 6.0	5.4 5.2	0.65	7.9 7.6	1.25	1.03 0.63	0.9 0.7	0.2	0.13	0.1	1.00 0.55	8° 0°

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

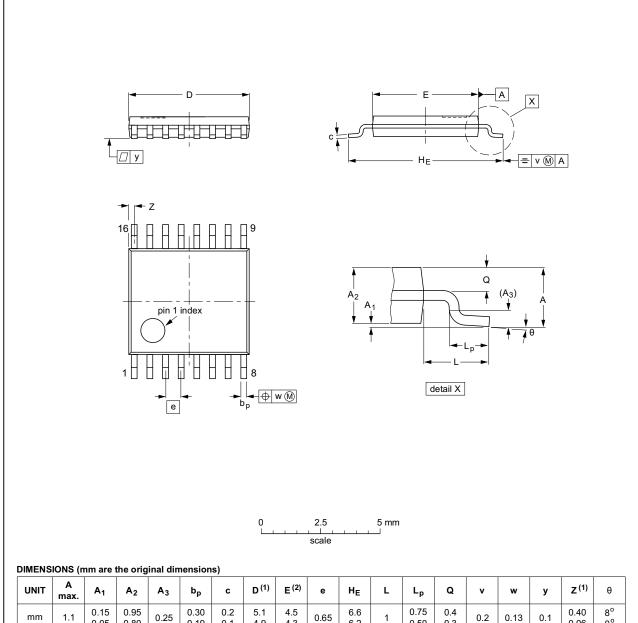
OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT338-1		MO-150				99-12-27 03-02-19

Fig 21. Package outline SOT338-1 (SSOP16)

74HC_HCT4051

TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	bp	C	D ⁽¹⁾	E (2)	e	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.1	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	5.1 4.9	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.40 0.06	8° 0°

Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
SOT403-1		MO-153				99-12-27 03-02-18	

Fig 22. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm SOT763-1

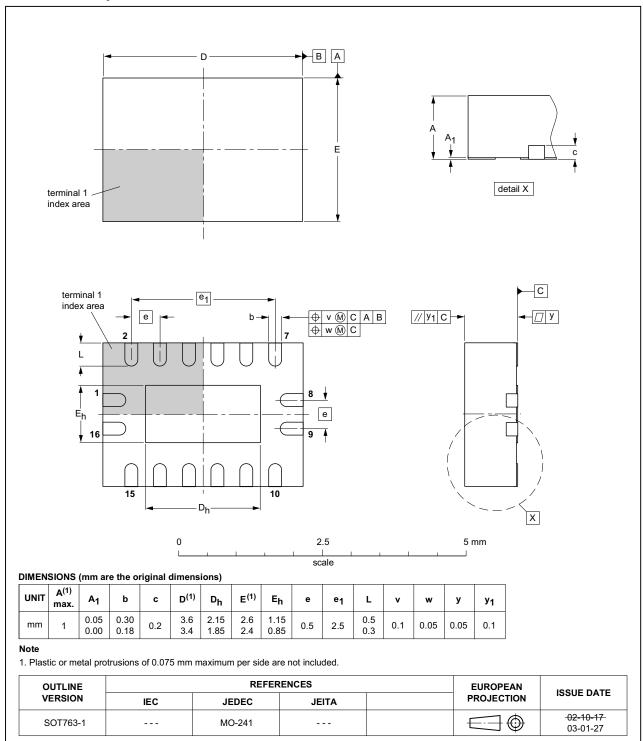


Fig 23. Package outline SOT763-1 (DHVQFN16)

13. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic

14. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes	
74HC_HCT4051 v.8	20160205	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4051 v.7	
Modifications:	Type numbers	s 74HC4051N and 74HCT	4051N (SOT38-4) re	emoved.	
74HC_HCT4051 v.7	20120719	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4051 v.6	
Modifications:	CDM added to	o features.			
74HC_HCT4051 v.6	20111213	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4051 v.5	
Modifications:	• Legal pages (updated.			
74HC_HCT4051 v.5	20110513	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4051 v.4	
74HC_HCT4051 v.4	20110117	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4051 v.3	
74HC_HCT4051 v.3	20051219	Product specification	-	74HC_HCT4051_CNV_2	

15. Legal information

15.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

15.2 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local NXP Semiconductors sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between NXP Semiconductors and its customer, unless NXP Semiconductors and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the NXP Semiconductors product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

15.3 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — NXP Semiconductors products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nxp.com/profile/terms, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. NXP Semiconductors hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of NXP Semiconductors products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

74HC4051; 74HCT4051

8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific NXP Semiconductors product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without NXP Semiconductors' warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond

NXP Semiconductors' specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies NXP Semiconductors for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' standard warranty and NXP Semiconductors' product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

15.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

16. Contact information

For more information, please visit: http://www.nxp.com

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

17. Contents

1	General description
2	Features and benefits
3	Applications
4	Ordering information
5	Functional diagram 2
6	Pinning information 4
6.1	Pinning
6.2	Pin description
7	Functional description 5
7.1	Function table
8	Limiting values 5
9	Recommended operating conditions 6
10	Static characteristics 7
11	Dynamic characteristics
11.1	Additional dynamic characteristics 21
12	Package outline 24
13	Abbreviations
14	Revision history 28
15	Legal information
15.1	Data sheet status 29
15.2	Definitions
15.3	Disclaimers
15.4	Trademarks
16	Contact information 30
17	Contents

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Multiplexer Switch ICs category:

Click to view products by NXP manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

M74HCT4066ADTR2G DG406BDN-T1-E3 HEF4051BP DG508AAK/883B NLAS5223CMUTAG NLV14051BDG NLVHC4051ADTR2G
016400E PI3V512QE FSA9591UCX 7705201EC PI2SSD3212NCE NLAS3257CMX2TCG PI3DBS16213ZLEX PI3DBS16415ZHEX
PI3DBS12412AZHEX TC7W53FK,LF 74LVC1G3157GM,132 74LVC2G53DC,125 PI5V330AQE PI5V330SQE CD4053BM96
CBTL06GP213EEJ 74LVC1G53DC,125 74LVC1G3157GM,115 MC74HC4053ADWR2G MC74HC4052ADWR2G MAX4780ETE+
MAX4518CEE+ MAX396CAI+ MAX355EWE+ MAX4704EUB+ MAX4634ETB+T MAX336CWI+ MAX4051AEEE+ MAX349CPN+
BU4051BCF-E2 BU4052BCFV-E2 BU4551BF-E2 BU4052BCF-E2 BU4053BCF-E2 M74HC4851YRM13TR DG529CJ+ DG507BEQ-T1GE3 74HC4851PW,118 74HCT4052DB,112 74LVC1G3157GN,132 74LVC1G3157GS,132 DG506ACWI+ ISL76120ARTZ-T7A