## 74LV4066

Quad bilateral switches
Rev. 4 - 9 December 2015
Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The 74 LV 4066 is a low-voltage Si -gate CMOS device that is pin and function compatible with the 74 HC 4066 and 74 HCT 4066.

The 74LV4066 has four independent switches. Each switch has two input/output pins ( $n \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{nZ}$ ) and an active HIGH enable input pin ( nE ). When nE is LOW the corresponding analog switch is turned off.

The 74LV4066 has a ON-resistance which is reduced in comparison with the 74HCT4066.

## 2. Features and benefits

■ Optimized for low-voltage applications: 1.0 V to 3.6 V

- Typical $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OLP}}$ (output ground bounce): $<0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Accepts TTL input levels between $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$
- Very low ON-resistance:
-60 $\Omega$ (typical) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$
-35 $\Omega$ (typical) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$
- $25 \Omega$ (typical) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$
- ESD protection:
- HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
- MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
- Specified from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number | Package | Version |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Temperature range | Name | Description | SOT337-1 |
| 74LV4066D | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SO14 | plastic small outline package; 14 leads; body width 3.9 mm | SOT108-1 |
| 74 LV 4066 DB | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SSOP14 | plastic shrink small outline package; 14 leads; <br> body width 5.3 mm | SOT402-1 |
| 74 LV 4066 PW | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | TSSOP14 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 14 leads; <br> body width 4.4 mm |  |

## 4. Functional diagram



Fig 1. Logic symbol

(a)

(b) 001aad270

Fig 2. IEC logic diagram


Fig 3. Logic diagram (one switch)

## 5. Pinning information

### 5.1 Pinning



Fig 4. Pin configuration

### 5.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1 Y, 2 Y, 3 Y, 4 Y$ | $1,4,8,11$ | independent input or output |
| $1 Z, 2 Z, 3 Z, 4 Z$ | $2,3,9,10$ | independent output or input |
| GND | 7 | ground $(0 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $1 E, 2 E, 3 E, 4 E$ | enable input |  |
| $V_{C C}$ | $13,5,6,12$ | supply voltage |

## 6. Functional description

### 6.1 Function table

Table 3. Function table

| Input $\mathbf{n E}$ | Switch |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOW | off |
| HIGH | on |

## 7. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values
In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions |  | Min | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | supply voltage |  |  | -0.5 | +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}$ | input clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{1}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | $\pm 20$ | mA |
| Iok | output clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | $\pm 50$ | mA |
| ISw | switch current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | [1] | - | $\pm 25$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | storage temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | total power dissipation |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | SO14 package | [2] | - | 500 | mW |
|  |  | (T)SSOP14 package | [3] |  | 400 | mW |

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
[2] SO14 package: $P_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $8 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ above $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[3] (T)SSOP14 package: $P_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $5.5 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ above $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## 8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ | supply voltage |  | 1.0 | 3.3 | 6 | V |
| $V_{1}$ | input voltage |  | 0 | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | output voltage |  | 0 | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | ambient temperature | in free air | -40 | - | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{t} / \Delta \mathrm{V}$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.0 V | - | - | 500 | ns/V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V | - | - | 200 | ns/V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 100 | $\mathrm{ns} / \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | - | - | 50 | ns/V |

[1] The static characteristics are guaranteed from $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$, but LV devices are guaranteed to function down to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=$ 1.0 V (with input levels $G N D$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ ).

## 9. Static characteristics

Table 6. Static characteristics
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V ).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.90 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.40 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | 2.00 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.15 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4.20 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.30 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.60 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 0.80 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.35 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.80 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {S(OFF) }}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$; see Figure 5 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{IS}_{\text {(ON })}$ | ON-state leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$; see Figure 6 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | supply current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | additional supply current | $\begin{aligned} & \text { per input; } \mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 500 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | input capacitance |  | - | 3.5 | - | pF |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.90 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.40 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | 2.00 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.15 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4.20 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.30 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.60 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 0.80 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.35 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.80 | V |

Table 6. Static characteristics ...continued At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V ).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {S(OFF) }}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$; see Figure 5 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{IS}_{\text {(ON) }}$ | ON-state leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$; see Figure 6 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | supply current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 80 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | additional supply current | per input; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}-0.6 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 850 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |



Fig 5. Test circuit for measuring OFF-state leakage current


Fig 6. Test circuit for measuring ON-state leakage current

Table 7. ON-resistance
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V ); for test circuit see Figure 7 .

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; see Figure 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {ON(peak }}$ | ON resistance (peak) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {I }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ [2] | - | 300 | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 60 | 130 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 41 | 60 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | 37 | 72 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 25 | 52 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 23 | 47 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}(\text { rail }}$ | ON resistance (rail) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ [2] | - | 75 | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 35 | 98 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 26 | 60 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | 24 | 52 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 15 | 40 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 13 | 35 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ [2] | - | 75 | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 40 | 110 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 35 | 72 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | 30 | 65 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 22 | 47 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 20 | 40 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON} \text { (flat) }}$ | ON resistance (flatness) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 5 | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 4 | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | 4 | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 3 | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 2 | - | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}(\text { peak })}$ | ON resistance (peak) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {I }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 150 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 90 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 83 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 60 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 54 | $\Omega$ |

Table 7. ON-resistance ...continued
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ ); for test circuit see Figure 7 .

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ ${ }^{[1]}$ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RoN(rail) | ON resistance (rail) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 115 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 68 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 60 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 45 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 40 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 130 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 85 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 75 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 55 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 47 | $\Omega$ |

[1] All typical values are measured at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[2] At supply voltage approaching 1.2 V , the analog switch ON-resistance becomes extremely non-linear. Therefore it is recommended that these devices be used to transmit digital signals only, when using these supply voltages.


## 10. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ ); for test circuit see Figure 11.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pd}}$ | propagation delay | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$; see Figure 9 [2] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 8 | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 5 | 26 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | 3 | 15 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 2 | 13 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 2 | 10 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{on}}$ | turn-on time | nE to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$; see Figure 9 [3] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 40 | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 22 | 43 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | 12 | 25 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | - | 10 | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 10 | 21 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 8 | 16 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {fff }}$ | turn-off time | nE to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$; see Figure 9 [4] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 50 | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 27 | 65 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | 15 | 38 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | - | 13 | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 13 | 32 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 12 | 28 | ns |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND} \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | - | 11 | - | pF |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pd}}$ | propagation delay | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$; see Figure 9 [2] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 31 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 18 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 15 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 12 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{on}}$ | turn-on time | nE to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$; see Figure 9 [3] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 51 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 30 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 26 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 20 | ns |

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ ); for test circuit see Figure 11.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ ${ }^{\text {[1] }}$ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ | turn-off time | nE to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$; see Figure 9 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 81 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 47 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 40 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 34 | ns |

[1] Typical values are measured at nominal $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[2] $t_{p d}$ is the same as $t_{P L H}$ and $t_{P H L}$.
[3] $t_{o n}$ is the same as $t_{\text {PZH }}$ and $t_{\text {PZL }}$.
[4] $t_{\text {off }}$ is the same as $t_{\text {PHZ }}$ and $t_{\text {PLZ }}$.
[5] $\mathrm{C}_{P D}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ in $\mu \mathrm{W}$ ).
$P_{D}=C_{P D} \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{i} \times N+\Sigma\left[\left(C_{L}+C_{S}\right) \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{o}\right]$ where:
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}=$ input frequency in MHz ;
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}=$ output frequency in MHz ;
$C_{L}=$ output load capacitance in pF ;
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}}=$ maximum switch capacitance in pF ;
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=$ supply voltage in V ;
$\mathrm{N}=$ number of inputs switching;
$\Sigma\left[\left(C_{L}+C_{S}\right) \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{0}\right]=$ sum of the outputs.

## 11. Waveforms



Measurement points are given in Table 9.
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.
Fig 9. Input to output propagation delays


Measurement points are given in Table 9.
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.
Fig 10. Turn-on and turn-off times for the inputs to the output

Table 9. Measurement points

| Supply voltage | Input | Output |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{C C}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{X}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{Y}}$ |
| $\geq 2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.5 V | 1.5 V | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OL}}+0.3$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}-0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $<2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | $0.5 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $0.5 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}+0.15$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}-0.15 \mathrm{~V}$ |


a. Input pulse definition


Test data is given in Table 10.
Definitions test circuit:
$R_{L}=$ Load resistance .
$C_{L}=$ Load capacitance includes jig and probe capacitance.
$R_{T}=$ Termination resistance should be equal to $Z_{o}$ of the pulse generator
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=$ Test voltage for switching times.
b. Test circuit

Fig 11. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

| Supply voltage | Input |  | Load |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EXT }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ | V | $\mathrm{tr}_{\mathrm{r}}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}} \underline{\text { [1] }}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\text {PLZ }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ |
| $<2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ | $\leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 50 pF | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | GND | $2 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | open |
| 2.7 V to 3.6 V | 2.7 V | $\leq 2.5$ ns | 50 pF | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | GND | $2 \times \mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | open |
| $\geq 4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ | $\leq 2.5$ ns | 50 pF | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | GND | $2 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | open |

[1] $R_{L}=\infty \Omega$ for measuring the propagation delays $t_{\text {PLH }}$ and $t_{\text {PHL }}$.

## 12. Additional dynamic characteristics

Table 11. Additional dynamic characteristics
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ ); $V_{\text {is }}$ is the input voltage at pin $n Y$ or $n Z$, whichever is assigned as an input; $V_{\text {os }}$ is the output voltage at pin nY or nZ, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{d}_{\text {sin }}$ | sine-wave distortion | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ; \\ & \text { see Figure } 12 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}=3.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=2.75 \mathrm{~V}$ (p-p) | - | 0.04 | - | \% |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=5.50 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p})$ | - | 0.02 | - | \% |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ; \\ & \text { see Figure } 12 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=2.75 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p})$ | - | 0.12 | - | \% |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=5.50 \mathrm{~V}$ (p-p) | - | 0.06 | - | \% |
| $\alpha_{\text {OFF(feedthru) }}$ | switch OFF-state signal feed-through attenuation | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \text {; }$ see Figure 13 and Figure 14 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | -50 | - | dB |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | -50 | - | dB |
| $\alpha_{c t(S)}$ | crosstalk between switches | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ;$ see Figure 15 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | -60 | - | dB |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | -60 | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ct(pp) }}$ | crosstalk voltage between enable input to any switch (peak-to-peak value) | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ;$ see Figure 16 and Figure 17 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 110 | - | mV |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 220 | - | mV |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {max }}$ | minimum frequency response ( -3 dB ) | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \text {; see Figure } 18$ <br> and Figure 19 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 180 | - | MHz |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 200 | - | MHz |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {S }}$ | maximum switch capacitance |  | - | 8 | - | pF |

[1] Adjust input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ is 0 dBm level ( $0 \mathrm{dBm}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ into $600 \Omega$ ).
[2] Pin $n E:$ square wave between $V_{C c}$ and $G N D, t_{r}=t_{f}=6 n s$.
[3] Adjust input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ is 0 dBm level at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ for $1 \mathrm{MHz}(0 \mathrm{dBm}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ into $50 \Omega)$.


Fig 12. Test circuit for measuring sine-wave distortion


Fig 13. Test circuit for measuring switch OFF-state signal feed-through

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega ; \mathrm{R}_{\text {SOURCE }}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Fig 14. Switch OFF-state signal feed-through as a function of frequency

a. Channel on condition
b. Channel off condition

Fig 15. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between switches


Fig 16. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between enable and any switch


Fig 17. Crosstalk definition (oscilloscope output)

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega ; \mathrm{R}_{\text {SOURCE }}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Fig 19. Frequency response

## 13. Package outline



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | c | $D^{(1)}$ | $E^{(1)}$ | e | $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | L | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | Q | v | w | y | $\mathrm{Z}^{(1)}$ | $\theta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 1.75 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 0.10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.45 \\ & 1.25 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.49 \\ & 0.36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & 0.19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.75 \\ & 8.55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 3.8 \end{aligned}$ | 1.27 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.2 \\ & 5.8 \end{aligned}$ | 1.05 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $8^{\circ}$ |
| inches | 0.069 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.010 \\ & 0.004 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.057 \\ & 0.049 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.019 \\ & 0.014 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 0.0100 \\ & 0.0075 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.35 \\ & 0.34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.16 \\ & 0.15 \end{aligned}$ | 0.05 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.244 \\ & 0.228 \end{aligned}$ | 0.041 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.039 \\ & 0.016 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.028 \\ & 0.024 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.028 \\ & 0.012 \end{aligned}$ | $0^{\circ}$ |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm ( 0.006 inch ) maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE <br> VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |
| SOT108-1 | 076E06 | MS-012 |  | $\square \bigcirc$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 99-12-27 \\ & 03-02-19 \end{aligned}$ |

Fig 20. Package outline SOT108-1 (SO14)


DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | $\mathbf{A}$ <br> max. | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{2}}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{3}}$ | $\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{p}}$ | $\mathbf{c}$ | $\mathbf{D}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\mathbf{E}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{E}}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{p}}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{v}$ | $\mathbf{w}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ | $\mathbf{Z}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 2 | 0.21 | 1.80 | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.20 | 6.4 | 5.4 | 0.65 | 7.9 | 1.25 | 1.03 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.1 | 1.4 | $8^{\circ}$ |
|  | 2 | 0.05 | 1.65 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 0.6 | 7.6 |  | 0.63 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.9 | $0^{\circ}$ |  |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE <br> VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  |  | EUROPEAN <br> PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |  |
|  |  | MO-150 |  |  | $-99-12-27$ |  |

Fig 21. Package outline SOT337-1 (SSOP14)


DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | $\mathbf{A}$ <br> max. | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{2}}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{3}}$ | $\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{p}}$ | $\mathbf{c}$ | $\mathbf{D}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\mathbf{E}^{(\mathbf{2})}$ | $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{E}}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{p}}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{v}$ | $\mathbf{w}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ | $\mathbf{Z}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 1.1 | 0.15 | 0.95 | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.2 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 0.65 | 6.6 | 1 | 0.75 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.1 | 0.72 | $8^{\circ}$ |
|  | 0.05 | 0.80 | 0.2 | 0.19 | 0.1 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 0.6 | 6.2 | 1 | 0.50 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.13 | $0^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |

Notes

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included

| OUTLINE <br> VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  |  | EUROPEAN <br> PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |  |
| SOT402-1 |  | MO-153 |  |  | $03-02-18$ |  |

Fig 22. Package outline SOT402-1 (TSSOP14)

## 14. Abbreviations

Table 12. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| CMOS | Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor |
| DUT | Device Under Test |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| HBM | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |
| TTL | Transistor-Transistor Logic |

## 15. Revision history

Table 13. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 74LV4066 v. 4 | 20151209 | Product data sheet |  | 74LV4066 v. 3 |
| Modifications: | - Type number 74LV4066N (SOT27-1) removed. |  |  | Modifications: |
| 74LV4066 v. 3 | 20050704 | Product data sheet |  | 74LV4066 v. 2 |
| Modifications: | - The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the new presentation and information standard of Philips Semiconductors. <br> - Table 1: corrected package names. |  |  |  |
| 74LV4066 v. 2 | 19980623 | Product specification |  | - |

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### 16.1 Data sheet status

| Document status $[1][2]$ | Product status $[3]$ | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Objective [short] data sheet | Development | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
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