

# CBTL04DP211

## DisplayPort 2 : 1 multiplexer

Rev. 2 — 13 April 2012

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

CBTL04DP211 is an (Embedded) DisplayPort multiplexer for DisplayPort v1.1a switching and multiplexing applications on PC platforms. It is capable of 1 : 2 switching or 2 : 1 multiplexing of 2-lane DisplayPort Main Link signals, using high-bandwidth pass-gate technology. Also, it can switch/multiplex Hot Plug Detect (HPD) signal and AUX signals, for a total of four channels on the display side.

To facilitate DisplayPort switching/multiplexing scheme on PC platforms suitably, CBTL04DP211 provides two separate selection pins (GPU\_SEL, AUX\_SEL). The selection pin GPU\_SEL performs switching from one Main Link to another Main Link. HPD signals will also be switched using the same selection pin. A separate select pin (AUX\_SEL) provides additional selection between two AUX channels such that the AUX channel selection is independent of the Main Link and HPD signal selection.

A typical application of CBTL04DP211 is on motherboards where one of two GPU/CPU display sources needs to be selected to connect to a DisplayPort sink device or connector. A controller chip selects which path to use by setting a select signal HIGH or LOW. Due to the non-directional nature of the signal paths (which use high-bandwidth pass-gate technology), the CBTL04DP211 can also be used in the reverse topology, e.g., to connect one DisplayPort source device to one of two DisplayPort sink devices or connectors.

## 2. Features and benefits

- Supports DisplayPort v1.1a: 1.62 Gbit/s, 2.7 Gbit/s
- Supports Embedded DisplayPort v1.2: 1.62 Gbit/s, 2.7 Gbit/s
- Supports 1-lane, 2-lane Main Link operation
- 1 : 2 switching or 2 : 1 multiplexing of DisplayPort Main Link signals
  - ◆ 2 high-speed differential channels with 2 : 1 multiplexing/switching for DisplayPort Main Link signals
  - ◆ 1 channel with 2 : 1 multiplexing/switching for AUX signals
  - ◆ 1 channel with 2 : 1 multiplexing/switching for single-ended HPD signals
- High-bandwidth analog pass-gate technology
- Very low intra-pair differential skew (5 ps typical)
- Very low inter-pair skew (< 180 ps)
- Switch/multiplexer position select CMOS input
- Single 3.3 V power supply
- Very low operation current of 0.2 mA typical
- ESD 8 kV HBM, 1 kV CDM
- ESD 2 kV HBM, 500 V CDM for control pins
- Available in 3 mm × 6 mm, 0.4 mm pitch HVQFN32 package



### 3. Applications

- Motherboard applications requiring (embedded) DisplayPort switching/multiplexing
- Docking stations
- Notebook computers
- Chip sets requiring flexible allocation of DisplayPort I/O pins to board connectors

### 4. Ordering information

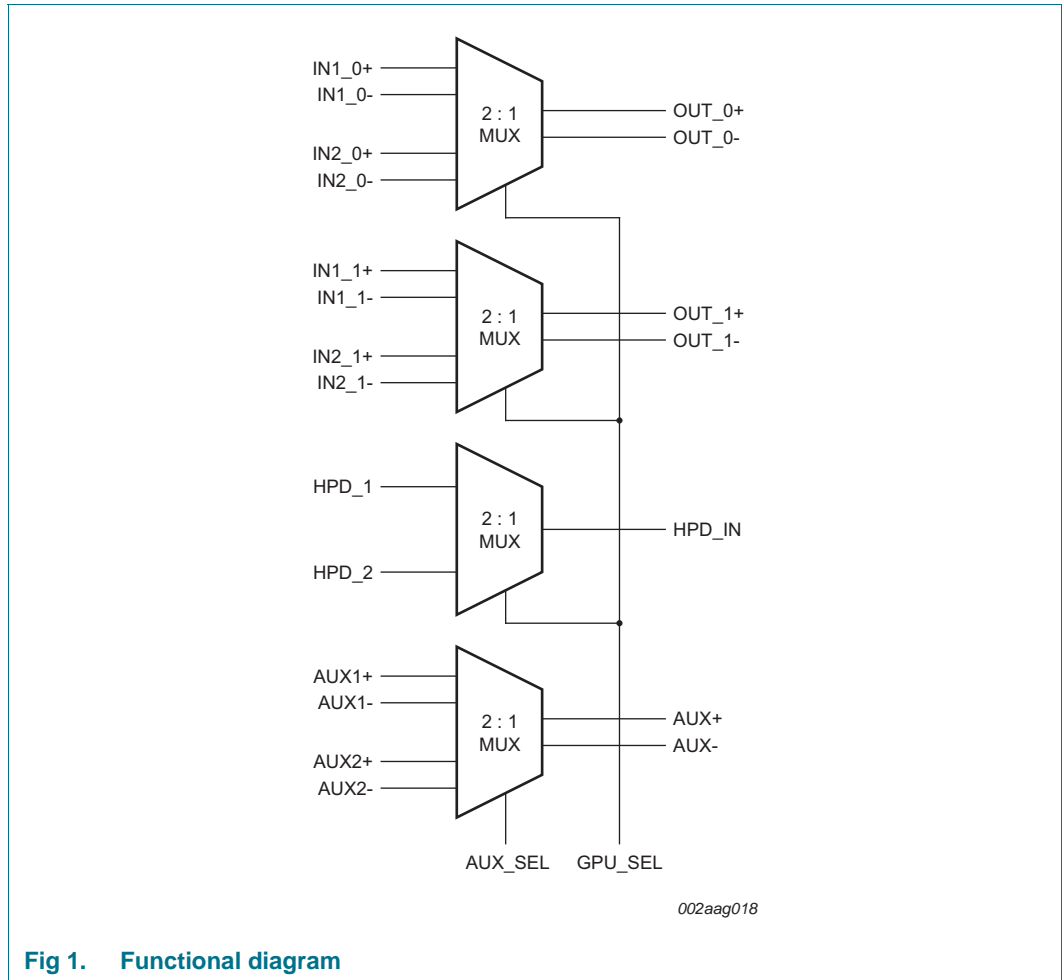
Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Topside mark	Package		
		Name	Description	Version
CBTL04DP211BS <sup>[1]</sup>	L04DP211	HVQFN32	plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 32 terminals; body 3 × 6 × 0.85 mm <sup>[2]</sup>	SOT1185-1

[1] Industrial temperature range.

[2] Total height after printed-circuit board mounting = 1 mm (maximum).

**5. Functional diagram**



**Fig 1. Functional diagram**

## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning

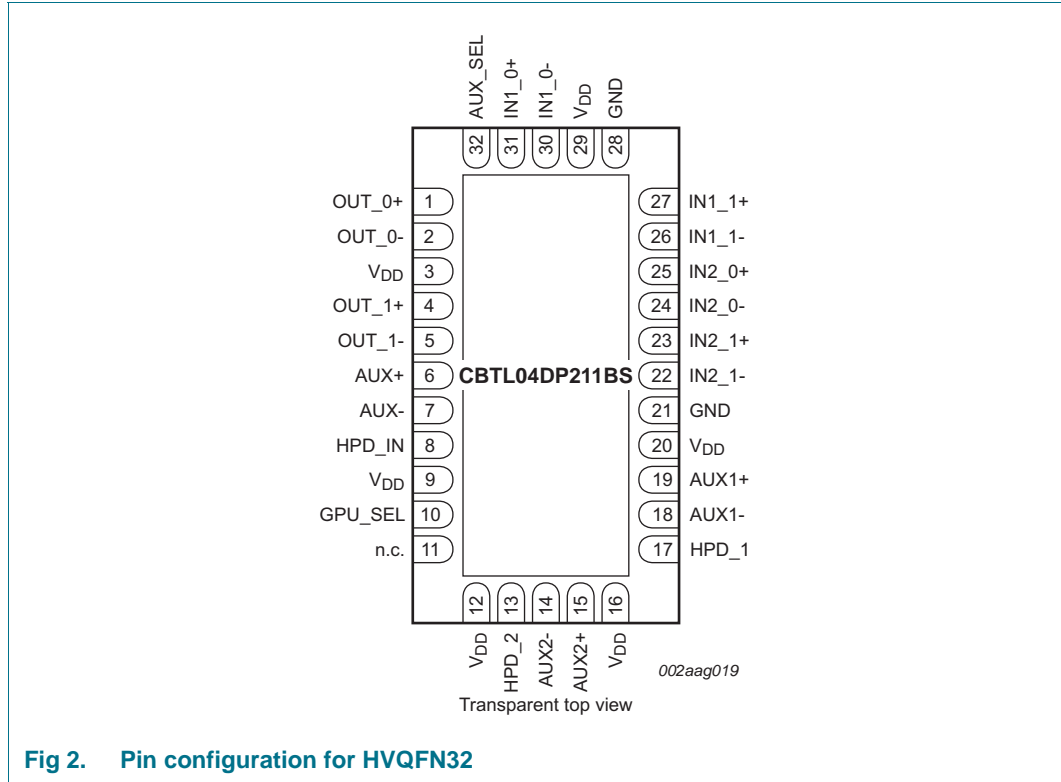


Fig 2. Pin configuration for HVQFN32

### 6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Type	Description
GPU_SEL	10	3.3 V CMOS single-ended input	Selection for Main Link and Hot Plug Detect signals between two multiplexer/switch paths. When HIGH, path 2 is connected to its corresponding I/O. When LOW, path 1 is connected to its corresponding I/O.
AUX_SEL	32	3.3 V CMOS single-ended input	Selects between AUX paths. When HIGH, AUX2 (path 2) input is connected to AUX output. When LOW, AUX1 (path 1) input is connected to AUX output.
IN1_0+	31	differential I/O	Two bidirectional high-speed differential pairs for DisplayPort Main Link signals, path 1.
IN1_0-	30	differential I/O	
IN1_1+	27	differential I/O	Two bidirectional high-speed differential pairs for DisplayPort Main Link signals, path 2.
IN1_1-	26	differential I/O	
IN2_0+	25	differential I/O	Two bidirectional high-speed differential pairs for DisplayPort Main Link signals, path 2.
IN2_0-	24	differential I/O	
IN2_1+	23	differential I/O	
IN2_1-	22	differential I/O	

**Table 2. Pin description ...continued**

Symbol	Pin	Type	Description
OUT_0+	1	differential I/O	Two bidirectional high-speed differential pairs for DisplayPort Main Link signals.
OUT_0-	2	differential I/O	
OUT_1+	4	differential I/O	
OUT_1-	5	differential I/O	
AUX1+	19	differential I/O	High-speed differential pair for AUX signals, path 1.
AUX1-	18	differential I/O	
AUX2+	15	differential I/O	High-speed differential pair for AUX signals, path 2.
AUX2-	14	differential I/O	
AUX+	6	differential I/O	High-speed differential pair for AUX signals.
AUX-	7	differential I/O	
HPD_1	17	single-ended I/O	Single-ended channel for the HPD signal, path 1.
HPD_2	13	single-ended I/O	Single-ended channel for the HPD signal, path 2.
HPD_IN	8	single-ended I/O	Single-ended channel for the HPD signal.
V <sub>DD</sub>	3, 9, 12, 16, 20, 29	power supply	3.3 V power supply.
GND <sup>[1]</sup>	21, 28, center pad	ground	Ground.
n.c.	11	-	Not connected. This pin is not connected to any signal internally.

[1] HVQFN32 package die supply ground is connected to both GND pins and exposed center pad. GND pins and the exposed center pad must be connected to supply ground for proper device operation. For enhanced thermal, electrical, and board level performance, the exposed pad needs to be soldered to the board using a corresponding thermal pad on the board and for proper heat conduction through the board, thermal vias need to be incorporated in the printed-circuit board in the thermal pad region.

## 7. Functional description

Refer to [Figure 1 “Functional diagram”](#).

The CBTL04DP211 uses a 3.3 V power supply. All Main Link signal paths are implemented using high-bandwidth pass-gate technology and are non-directional. No clock or reset signal is needed for the multiplexer to function.

The switch position for the main link differential channels and Hot Plug Detect signals is selected using the select signal GPU\_SEL. Additionally, the signal AUX\_SEL selects between two AUX positions. The detailed operation is described in [Section 7.1 “Multiplexer/switch select functions”](#).

### 7.1 Multiplexer/switch select functions

The internal multiplexer switch position is controlled by two logic inputs GPU\_SEL and AUX\_SEL as described below.

**Table 3. Multiplexer/switch select control for IN and OUT channels**

GPU_SEL	IN1_n	IN2_n
0	active; connected to OUT_n	high-impedance
1	high-impedance	active; connected to OUT_n

**Table 4. Multiplexer/switch select control for HPD channel**

GPU_SEL	HPD_1	HPD_2
0	active; connected to HPD_IN	high-impedance
1	high-impedance	active; connected to HPD_IN

**Table 5. Multiplexer/switch select control for AUX channels**

AUX_SEL	AUX1	AUX2
0	active; connected to AUX	high-impedance
1	high-impedance	active; connected to AUX

## 8. Limiting values

**Table 6. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	
$V_{DD}$	supply voltage		-0.3	+5	V	
$T_{case}$	case temperature		-40	+85	°C	
$V_{ESD}$	electrostatic discharge voltage	HBM	[1]	-	8000	V
		HBM; CMOS inputs	[1]	-	2000	V
		CDM	[2]	-	1000	V
		CDM; CMOS inputs	[2]	-	500	V

[1] Human Body Model: ANSI/EOS/ESD-S5.1-1994, standard for ESD sensitivity testing, Human Body Model - Component level; Electrostatic Discharge Association, Rome, NY, USA.

[2] Charged Device Model: ANSI/EOS/ESD-S5.3-1-1999, standard for ESD sensitivity testing, Charged Device Model - Component level; Electrostatic Discharge Association, Rome, NY, USA.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 7. Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
$V_{DD}$	supply voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
$V_I$	input voltage	CMOS inputs	-0.3	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
		Main Link	-0.3	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
		HPD inputs	[1]	-0.3	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
		AUX	[2]	-0.3	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature	operating in free air	-40	-	+85	°C	

[1] HPD input is tolerant to 5 V input, provided a 1 k $\Omega$  series resistor between the voltage source and the pin is placed in series. See [Section 11.1 "Special considerations"](#).

[2] AUX input is tolerant to 5 V input, provided a 2.2 k $\Omega$  series resistor between the voltage source and the pin is placed in series. See [Section 11.1 "Special considerations"](#).

## 10. Characteristics

### 10.1 General characteristics

**Table 8.** General characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_{DD}$	supply current	$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	200	500	$\mu\text{A}$
$P_{cons}$	power consumption	$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	-	4	mW
$t_{startup}$	start-up time	supply voltage valid to channel specified operating characteristics	-	-	10	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{rcfg}$	reconfiguration time	GPU_SEL or AUX_SEL state change to channel specified operating characteristics	-	-	1	$\mu\text{s}$

### 10.2 DisplayPort Main Link channel characteristics

**Table 9.** DisplayPort Main Link channel characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_I$	input voltage		-0.3	-	+3.3	V
$V_{IC}$	common-mode input voltage		0	-	2.0	V
$V_{ID}$	differential input voltage	peak-to-peak	-	-	+1.2	V
DDIL	differential insertion loss	channel is on; $f = 100\text{ MHz}$	-	-1.6	-	dB
		channel is on; $f = 1.5\text{ GHz}$	-	-2.7	-	dB
		channel is off; $0\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 1.5\text{ GHz}$	-	-35	-	dB
DDRL	differential return loss	channel is on; $0\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 1.5\text{ GHz}$	-	-10	-	dB
DDNEXT	differential near-end crosstalk	adjacent channels are on; $0\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 1.5\text{ GHz}$	-	-40	-	dB
B	bandwidth	-3.0 dB intercept	-	2.0	-	GHz
$t_{PD}$	propagation delay	from $IN_{x_n+}/IN_{x_n-}$ port to $OUT_{n+}/OUT_{n-}$ port or vice versa	-	100	-	ps
$t_{sk(dif)}$	differential skew time	intra-pair	-	5	-	ps
$t_{sk}$	skew time	inter-pair	-	-	180	ps



### 10.3 AUX ports

**Table 10. AUX port characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_I$	input voltage		-0.3	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
$V_O$	output voltage	50 $\Omega$ load	-	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
$V_{bias}$	bias voltage	AUX	0	-	$V_{DD}$	V
$R_{on}$	ON-state resistance	$V_{bias} \leq 2.0$ V	-	15	-	$\Omega$
		$2.0$ V < $V_{bias}$ < $V_{DD}$	-	30	-	$\Omega$
$V_{ID}$	differential input voltage	peak-to-peak	-	-	+1.4	V
$t_{PD}$	propagation delay	from AUXn port to AUX port or vice versa	[1]	-	100	ps

[1] Time from AUX input changing state to AUX output changing state. Includes AUX rise/fall time.

### 10.4 HPD\_IN input, HPD\_x outputs

**Table 11. HPD input and output characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_I$	input voltage		-0.3	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
$V_O$	output voltage		-	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
$t_{PD}$	propagation delay	from HPD_IN to HPD_x or vice versa	[1]	-	100	ps

[1] Time from HPD\_IN changing state to HPD\_x changing state. Includes HPD rise/fall time.

### 10.5 GPU\_SEL and AUX\_SEL inputs

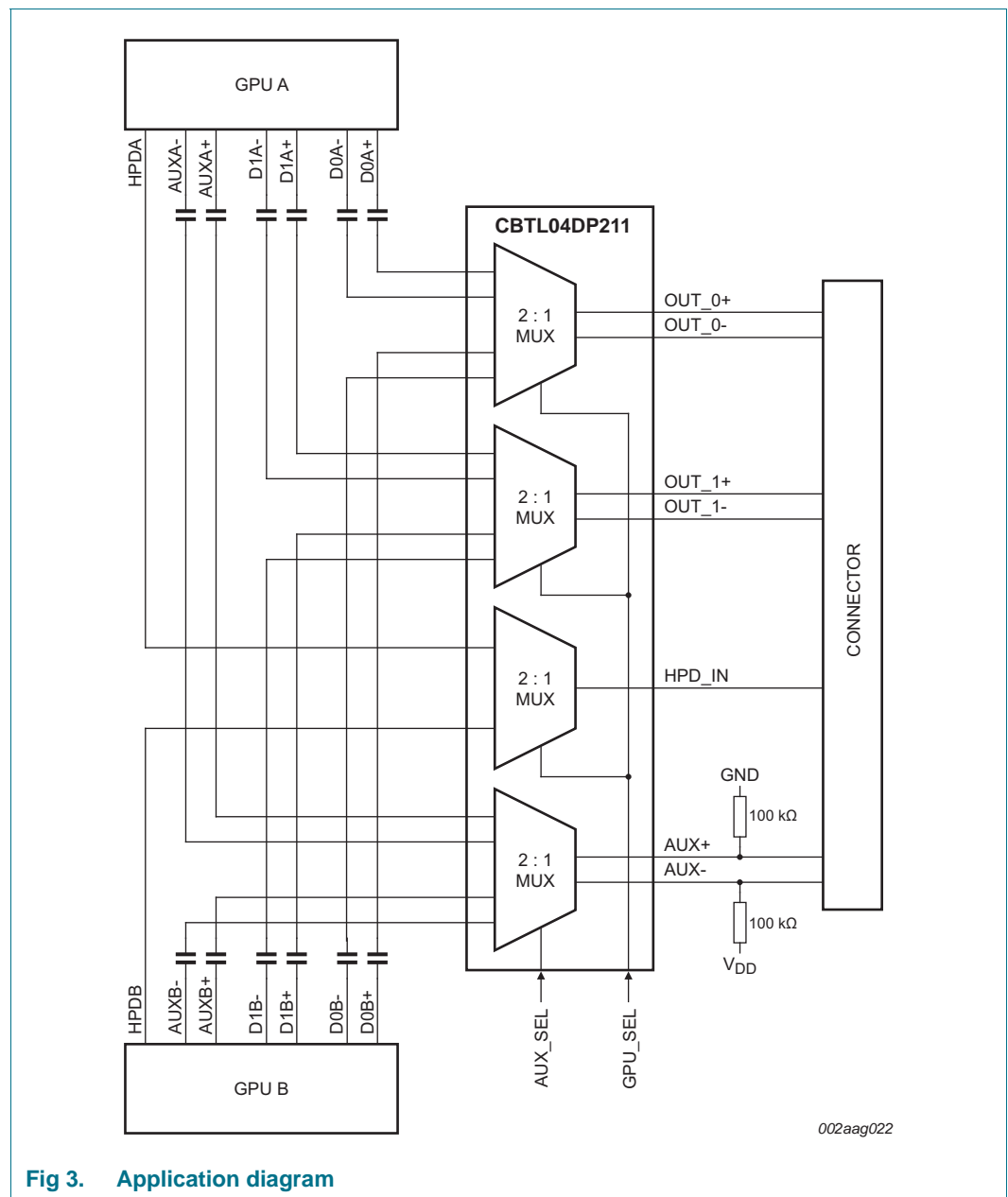
**Table 12. GPU\_SEL and AUX\_SEL input characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage		2.0	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage		-	-	0.8	V
$I_{LI}$	input leakage current	$V_{DD} = 3.6$ V; $0.3$ V $\leq V_I \leq 3.9$ V	-	-	10	$\mu$ A

## 11. Application information

### 11.1 Special considerations

Certain cable or dongle misplug scenarios make it possible for a 5 V input condition to occur on pins AUX+ and AUX−, as well as HPD\_IN. When AUX+ and AUX− are connected through a minimum of 2.2 kΩ each, the CBTL04DP211 will sink current but will not be damaged. Similarly, HPD\_IN may be connected to 5 V via at least a 1 kΩ resistor. (Correct functional operation to specification is not expected in these scenarios.) The latter also prevents the HPD\_OUT output from loading down the system HPD signal when power to the CBTL04DP211 is off.



**Fig 3. Application diagram**

12. Package outline

HVQFN32: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads;  
32 terminals; 3 x 6 x 0.85 mm

SOT1185-1

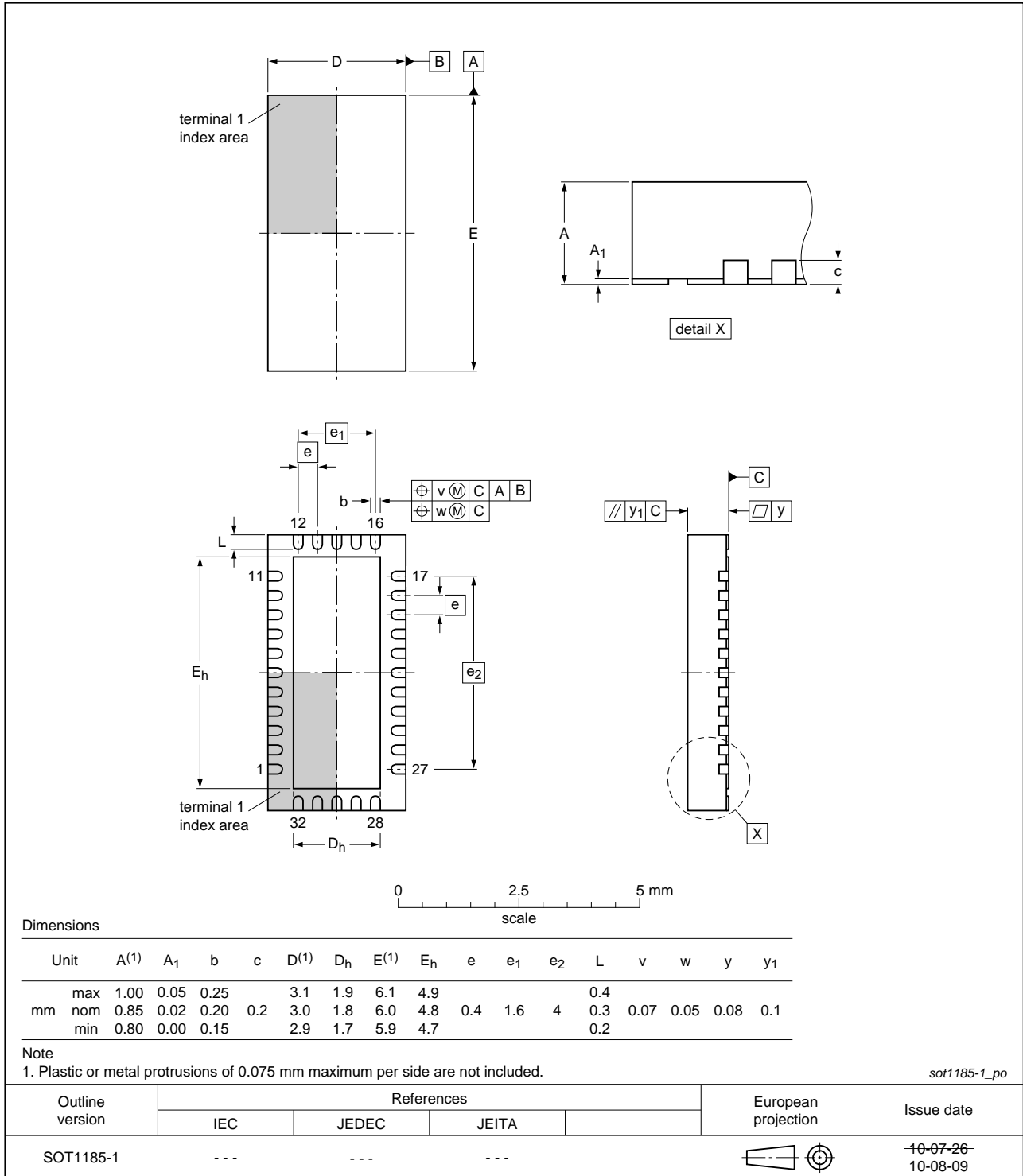


Fig 4. Package outline SOT1185-1 (HVQFN32)

## 13. Soldering of SMD packages

This text provides a very brief insight into a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in Application Note *AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description"*.

### 13.1 Introduction to soldering

Soldering is one of the most common methods through which packages are attached to Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs), to form electrical circuits. The soldered joint provides both the mechanical and the electrical connection. There is no single soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and Surface Mount Devices (SMDs) are mixed on one printed wiring board; however, it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. Reflow soldering is ideal for the small pitches and high densities that come with increased miniaturization.

### 13.2 Wave and reflow soldering

Wave soldering is a joining technology in which the joints are made by solder coming from a standing wave of liquid solder. The wave soldering process is suitable for the following:

- Through-hole components
- Leaded or leadless SMDs, which are glued to the surface of the printed circuit board

Not all SMDs can be wave soldered. Packages with solder balls, and some leadless packages which have solder lands underneath the body, cannot be wave soldered. Also, leaded SMDs with leads having a pitch smaller than ~0.6 mm cannot be wave soldered, due to an increased probability of bridging.

The reflow soldering process involves applying solder paste to a board, followed by component placement and exposure to a temperature profile. Leaded packages, packages with solder balls, and leadless packages are all reflow solderable.

Key characteristics in both wave and reflow soldering are:

- Board specifications, including the board finish, solder masks and vias
- Package footprints, including solder thieves and orientation
- The moisture sensitivity level of the packages
- Package placement
- Inspection and repair
- Lead-free soldering versus SnPb soldering

### 13.3 Wave soldering

Key characteristics in wave soldering are:

- Process issues, such as application of adhesive and flux, clinching of leads, board transport, the solder wave parameters, and the time during which components are exposed to the wave
- Solder bath specifications, including temperature and impurities

### 13.4 Reflow soldering

Key characteristics in reflow soldering are:

- Lead-free versus SnPb soldering; note that a lead-free reflow process usually leads to higher minimum peak temperatures (see [Figure 5](#)) than a SnPb process, thus reducing the process window
- Solder paste printing issues including smearing, release, and adjusting the process window for a mix of large and small components on one board
- Reflow temperature profile; this profile includes preheat, reflow (in which the board is heated to the peak temperature) and cooling down. It is imperative that the peak temperature is high enough for the solder to make reliable solder joints (a solder paste characteristic). In addition, the peak temperature must be low enough that the packages and/or boards are not damaged. The peak temperature of the package depends on package thickness and volume and is classified in accordance with [Table 13](#) and [14](#)

**Table 13. SnPb eutectic process (from J-STD-020C)**

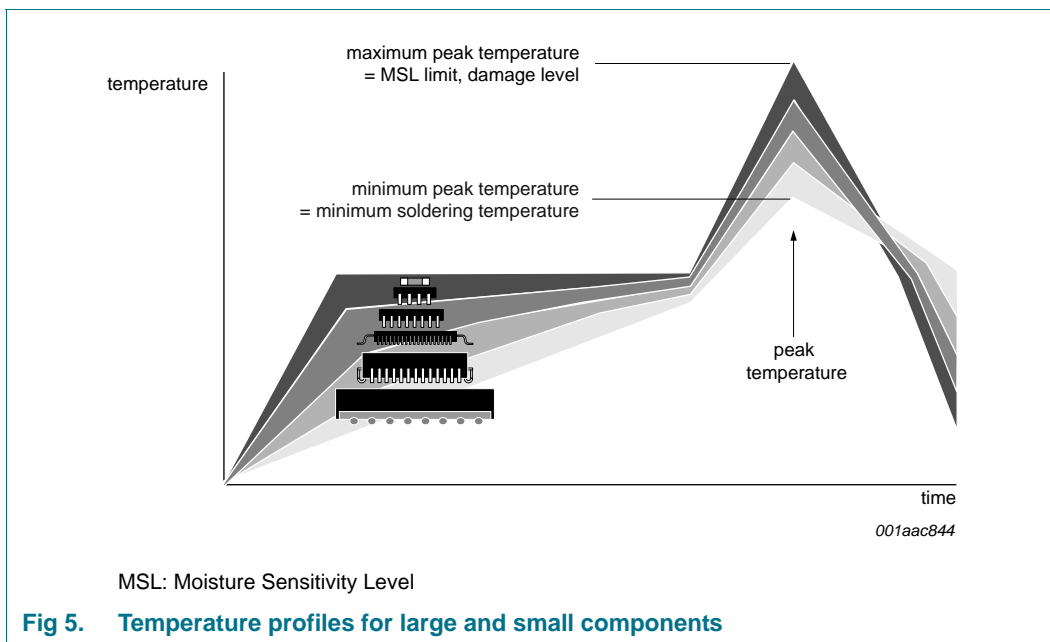
Package thickness (mm)	Package reflow temperature (°C)	
	Volume (mm <sup>3</sup> )	
	< 350	≥ 350
< 2.5	235	220
≥ 2.5	220	220

**Table 14. Lead-free process (from J-STD-020C)**

Package thickness (mm)	Package reflow temperature (°C)		
	Volume (mm <sup>3</sup> )		
	< 350	350 to 2000	> 2000
< 1.6	260	260	260
1.6 to 2.5	260	250	245
> 2.5	250	245	245

Moisture sensitivity precautions, as indicated on the packing, must be respected at all times.

Studies have shown that small packages reach higher temperatures during reflow soldering, see [Figure 5](#).



For further information on temperature profiles, refer to Application Note AN10365 “Surface mount reflow soldering description”.

## 14. Abbreviations

**Table 15. Abbreviations**

Acronym	Description
AUX	Auxiliary channel (in DisplayPort definition)
CDM	Charged-Device Model
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
CPU	Central Processing Unit
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
GPU	Graphics Processor Unit
HBM	Human Body Model
HPD	Hot Plug Detect
I/O	Input/Output
PC	Personal Computer

## 15. Revision history

Table 16. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
CBTL04DP211 v.2	20120413	Product data sheet	-	CBTL04DP211 v.1
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Table 1 "Ordering information"</a>:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– added "Topside mark" column (Line A marking is corrected from "04DP211" to "L04DP211")</li><li>– added (new) <a href="#">Table note [1]</a></li></ul></li><li>• Deleted (old) Section 5 "Marking"</li></ul>			
CBTL04DP211 v.1	20110330	Product data sheet	-	-

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Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
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[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

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