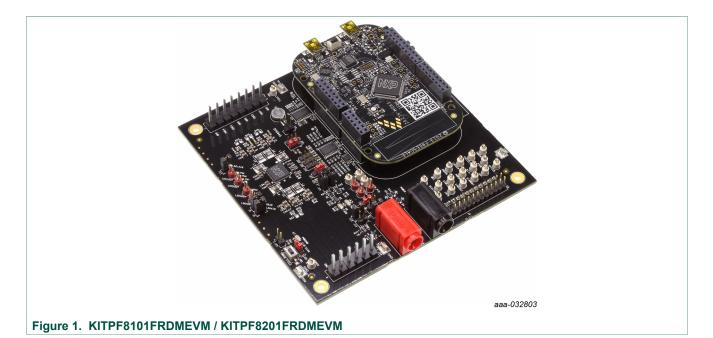
UM11213 KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board Rev. 1.0 — 22 April 2019 User guide



Important Notice

NXP provides the enclosed product(s) under the following conditions:

This evaluation kit is intended for use of ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT OR EVALUATION PURPOSES ONLY. It is provided as a sample IC pre-soldered to a printed circuit board to make it easier to access inputs, outputs, and supply terminals. This evaluation board may be used with any development system or other source of I/O signals by simply connecting it to the host MCU or computer board via off-the-shelf cables. This evaluation board is not a Reference Design and is not intended to represent a final design recommendation for any particular application. Final device in an application will be heavily dependent on proper printed circuit board layout and heat sinking design as well as attention to supply filtering, transient suppression, and I/O signal quality.

The goods provided may not be complete in terms of required design, marketing, and or manufacturing related protective considerations, including product safety measures typically found in the end product incorporating the goods. Due to the open construction of the product, it is the user's responsibility to take any and all appropriate precautions with regard to electrostatic discharge. In order to minimize risks associated with the customers applications, adequate design and operating safeguards must be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards. For any safety concerns, contact NXP sales and technical support services.

Should this evaluation kit not meet the specifications indicated in the kit, it may be returned within 30 days from the date of delivery and will be replaced by a new kit.

NXP reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. NXP makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does NXP assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. Typical parameters can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including Typical, must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts.

NXP does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. NXP products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the NXP product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should the Buyer purchase or use NXP products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, the Buyer shall indemnify and hold NXP and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges NXP was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.



1 Introduction

This document is the user guide for the PF8100/PF8200 evaluation boards. This document is intended for the engineers involved in the evaluation, design, implementation, and validation of multi-channel power management integrated circuit PF8101/PF8201.

The scope of this document is to provide the user with information to evaluate the multichannel power management integrated circuit PF8101/PF8201. This document covers connecting the hardware, installing the software and tools, configuring the environment and using the kit.

These customer evaluation boards provide full access to all the features in the PF8101 or PF8201 device.

Table 1. Device Support		
Evaluation board	PMIC device	Link
KITPF8101FRDMEVM	PF8101	http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201-KITS
KITPF8201FRDMEVM	PF8201	http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201-KITS

Table 1. Device support

2 Finding kit resources and information on the NXP web site

NXP Semiconductors provides online resources for evaluation boards and its supported device(s) on <u>http://www.nxp.com</u>.

The information page for evaluation boards are at <u>http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201-KITS</u>. The information page provides overview information, documentation, software and tools, parametrics, ordering information and a **Getting Started** tab. The **Getting Started** tab provides quick-reference information applicable to these evaluation boards, including the downloadable assets referenced in this document.

2.1 Collaborate in the NXP community

The NXP community is for sharing ideas and tips, ask and answer technical questions, and receive input on just about any embedded design topic.

The NXP community is at <u>http://community.nxp.com</u>.

3 Getting ready

Working with these evaluation boards requires the kit contents, additional hardware and a Windows PC workstation with installed software.

3.1 Kit contents

- Assembled and tested evaluation board and preprogrammed FRDM-KL25Z microcontroller board in an anti-static bag
- 3.0ft. USB-STD A to USB-B-mini cable
- Quick Start Guide

3.2 Additional hardware

In addition to the kit contents, the following hardware is necessary or beneficial when working with this kit.

 Power supply with a range of 3.0 V to 5.0 V and a current limit set initially to 1.0 A (maximum current consumption can be up to 7.0 A)

3.3 Windows PC workstation

This evaluation board requires a Windows PC workstation. Meeting these minimum specifications should produce great results when working with this evaluation board.

• USB-enabled computer with Windows 7, Windows 8, or Windows 10

3.4 Software

Installing software is necessary to work with this evaluation board. All listed software is available on the evaluation board's information page at http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201-KITS or from the provided link.

Software package NXP_FlexGUI_PF8x_Rev_0.7.x or higher contains:

- KL25Z firmware files
- NXP PF8x FlexGUI

4 Getting to know the hardware

The NXP analog product development boards provide an easy-to-use platform for evaluating NXP products. The boards support a range of analog, mixed-signal and power solutions. They incorporate monolithic integrated circuits and system-in-package devices that use proven high-volume technology. NXP products offer longer battery life, a smaller form factor, reduced component counts, lower cost and improved performance in powering state-of-the-art systems.

4.1 Kit overview

These customer evaluation boards feature the PF8101/PF8201 power management IC. The kit integrates all hardware needed to fully evaluate the PMIC.

It integrates a communication bridge based on the FRDM-KL25Z freedom board to interface with the FlexGUI software interface to fully configure and control the PF8101/ PF8201 PMIC.

4.1.1 Evaluation board features

Buck regulators

- SW1, SW2, SW5, SW6: 0.4 V to 1.8 V; 2500 mA; 2 % accuracy and dynamic voltage scaling and single, dual, triple or quad-phase configuration
- SW7; 1.0 V to 4.1 V; 2500 mA; 2 % accuracy
- Configurable VTT termination mode on SW6
- Programmable current limit
- · Spread-spectrum and manual tuning of switching frequency

UM11213

LDO regulators

- 3x LDO regulator 1.5 V to 5.0 V, 400 mA: 3 % accuracy with optional load switch mode
- Selectable hardware/software control on LDO2

RTC supply VSNVS 1.8 V/3.0 V/3.3 V, 10 mA

• Battery backed memory including coin cell charger with programmable charge current and voltage

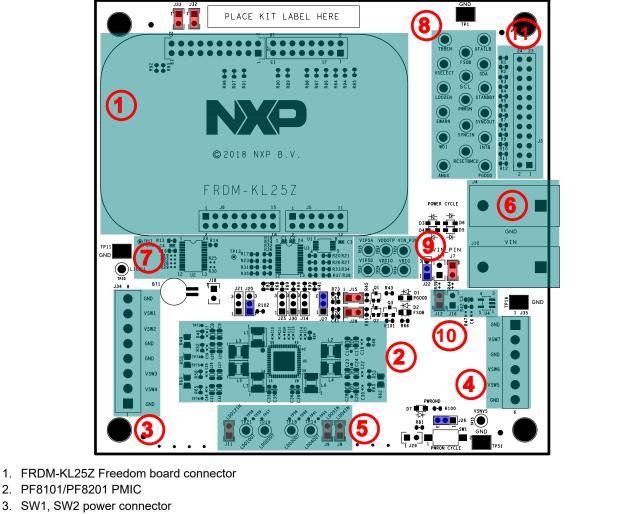
System features

- 2.5 to 5.5 V operating input voltage range
- USB to I²C communication via the FRDM-KL25Z interface
- Selectable hardwire default PMIC configuration or OTP/TBB operation
- Fast mode I²C communication at 400 kHz (high speed operation supported by PMIC)
- · Advance system monitoring/diagnostic via PMIC and/or system AMUX
- Master/slave interface connector
- Onboard I/O regulator with 1.8 V/3.3 V selectable output voltage

4.2 Kit featured components

Figure 2 identifies important components on the board.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board



- 4. SW5 to SW7 power connector
- 5. LDO output test points
- 6. Input power banana jack
- 7. External analog multiplexer
- 8. PMIC I/O test points
- 9. Analog supplies test points
- 10. 1.8 V/3.3 V external LDO regulator
- 11. Master/slave interface connector

Figure 2. Evaluation board featured component locations

4.2.1 PF8101/PF8201: 12-channel power management integrated circuit for high performance applications

4.2.1.1 General description

The PF8101/PF8201 family of devices feature power management integrated circuit (PMIC) designed for high performance i.MX 8 and S32V based applications. It features seven high efficiency buck converters and four linear regulators for powering the processor, memory and miscellaneous peripherals.

UM11213 User guide

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Built-in one time programmable memory stores key startup configurations, drastically reducing external components typically used to set output voltage and sequence of external regulators. Regulator parameters are adjustable through high-speed I²C after start up offering flexibility for different system states.

The PF8101/PF8201 family comprises two versions of this PMIC, to address different market needs:

- PF8201 is a reduced version of this PMIC, featuring five switching regulators and three LDOs, integrating functional safety mechanism to comply with the ISO 26262 standard and providing a powerful and flexible solution for lower end ASIL B(D) automotive modules.
- PF8101 is the non-safety version of the PF8201 device, it features five switching regulators and three LDOs, providing power management and digital control for lower end application, without the functional safety overhead to provide an economic platform for systems not required to meet the ASIL B qualification.

4.2.1.2 Features

- Up to five high efficiency buck converters
- Three linear regulators with load switch options
- RTC supply and coin cell charger
- Watchdog timer/monitor
- Monitoring circuit developed in compliance with ASIL B process (PF8201 only)
- One time programmable device configuration
- 3.4 MHz I²C communication interface
- 56-pin 8 x 8 QFN package

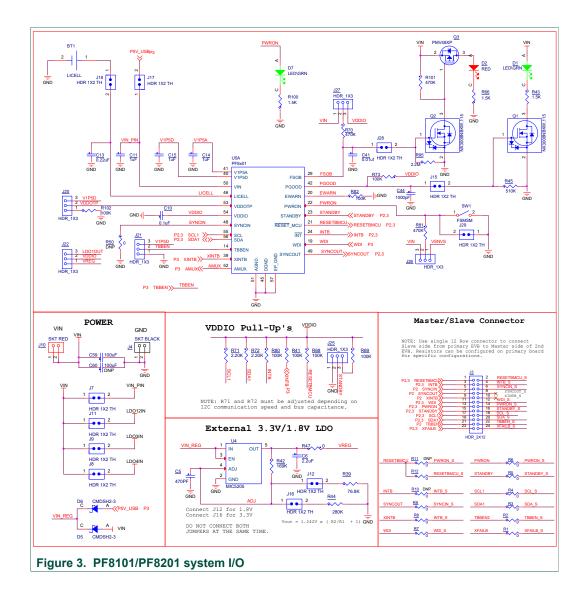
4.3 Schematic, board layout and bill of materials

The board layout and bill of materials for these evaluation boards are available at <u>http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201-KITS</u>.

NXP Semiconductors

UM11213

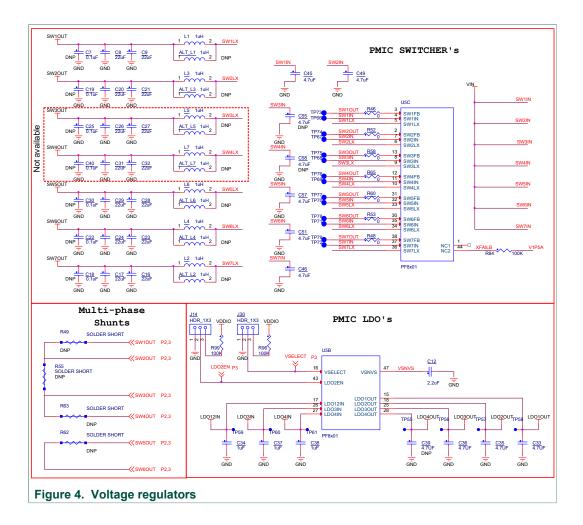
KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board



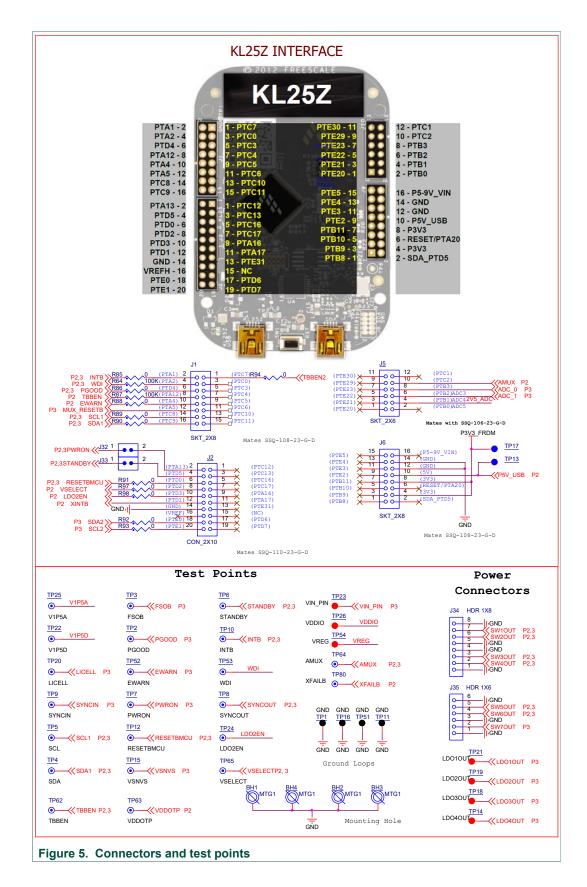
NXP Semiconductors

UM11213

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board



KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

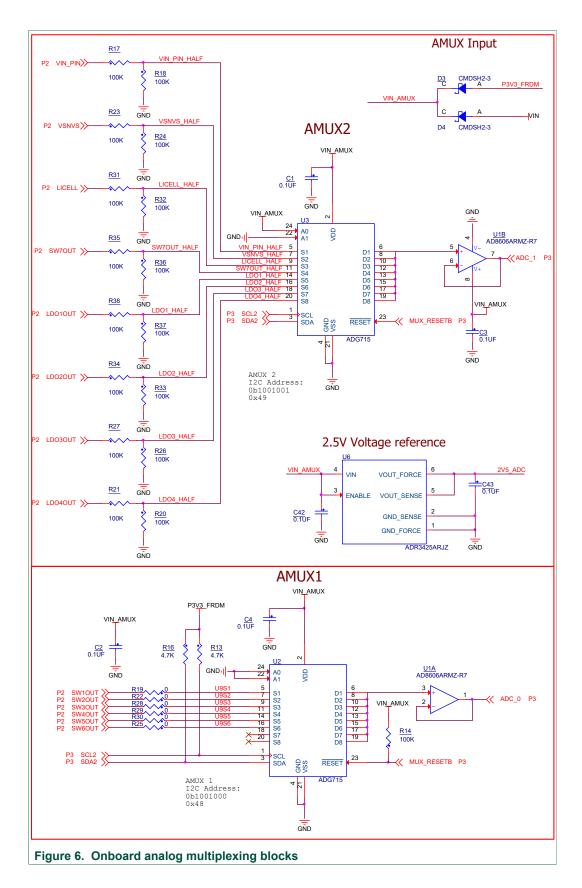


UM11213

NXP Semiconductors

UM11213

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board



© NXP B.V. 2019. All rights reserved.

4.4 Default jumper configurations

Table 2. Evaluation board jumper descriptions

Name	Default	Description
J1, J2, J5, J6	—	Freedom board interface
J3	_	 Master/slave connector Odd row is connected directly to pins in the Master board Even row is used to connect a Slave board signals Interface connection is made via shunt resistors R1 to R11
J7	Shorted	Connects PMIC VIN to main board VIN node
J8	Shorted	Connects LDO4IN to main board VIN node
J9	Shorted	Connects LDO3IN to main board VIN node
J11	Shorted	Connects LDO12IN to main board VIN node
J12	Shorted	Selects the external LDO voltage
J16	Open	 J12 → 1.8 V J16 → 3.3 V
J14	Open	LDO2EN pin control • 1-2 → LDO2EN pin pulled low • 2-3 → LDO2EN pin pulled high • Open → full MCU control with no pull up
J15	Shorted	Enables the PGOOD green LED
J17	Open	Supplies PMIC VIN from 5.0 V supply on Freedom Board (used only for demo functional operation, no loading capability in this operation mode)
J18	Open	Connects coin cell to the LICELL node
J20	1-2 shorted	 Selects PF8101/PF8201 default register configuration 1-2 → OTP mode 2-3 → Hardwire mode
J21	Open	 Enables TBB mode on PF8x01 device 1-2 → TBB mode disabled 2-3 → TBB mode enabled Open → MCU has control of this pin
J22	1-2 shorted	 Selects VDDIO supply 1-2 → VDDIO is supplied by external LDO regulator 2-3 → VDDIO is supplied by LDO1
J25	Open	 Selects STANDBY pin voltage level 1-2 → STANDBY pin low 2-3 → STANDBY pin high Open → STANDBY pin controlled by MCU
J26	2-3 shorted	 Controls PWRON pull up source 1-2 → PWRON pulled up to VSNVS 2-3 → PWRON pulled up to VIN Open → full MCU control with no pull up
J27	2-3 shorted	 Selects pull up for FSOB pin 1-2 → FSOB pulled up to VIN 2-3 → FSOB pulled up to VDDIO
J28	Shorted	Enables the FSOB red LED
J29	Open	Pulls down PWRON pin to ground

Name	Default	Description
J30	Open	 VSELECT pin control 1-2 → VSELECT pin pulled low 2-3 → VSELECT pin pulled low Open → full MCU control with no pull up
J32	Shorted	PWRON connection from PMIC to MCU
J33	Shorted	STANDBY connection from PMIC to MCU

4.5 Test points

Table 3. Evaluation board test point descriptions

Name (label)	Signal name	Description
Ground test points		
TP1, TP11, TP16, TP51 (GND)	GND	Ground plane test points
Digital I/O signal		
TP2 (PGOOD)	PGOOD	Connected to pin 42 (PGOOD) on PMIC
TP3 (FSOB)	FSOB	Connected to pin 29 (FSOB) on PMIC
TP4 (SDA)	SDA1	Connected to pin 56 (SDA) on PMIC. Main system I^2C bus.
TP5 (SCL)	SCL1	Connected to pin 55 (SCL) on PMIC. Main system I ² C bus.
TP6 (STANDBY)	STANDBY	Connected to pin 23 (STANDBY) on PMIC
TP7 (PWRON)	PWRON	Connected to pin 22 (PWRON) on PMIC
TP8 (SYNCOUT)	SYNCOUT	Connected to pin 49 (SYNCOUT) on PMIC
TP9 (SYNCIN)	SYNCIN	Connected to pin 48 (SYNCIN) on PMIC
TP10 (INTB)	INTB	Connected to pin 24 (INTB) on PMIC
TP12 (RESETBMCU)	RESETBMCU	Connected to pin 21 (RESETBMCU) on PMIC
TP24 (LDO2EN)	LDO2EN	Connected to pin 43 (LDO2EN) on PMIC
TP52 (EWARN)	EWARN	Connected to pin 20 (EWATN) on PMIC
TP53 (WDI)	WDI	Connected to pin 19 (WDI) on PMIC
TP62 (TBBEN)	TBBEN	Connected to pin 14 (TBBEN) on PMIC
TP65 (VSELECT)	VSELECT	Connected to pin 16 (VSELECT) on PMIC
TP80 (XFAILB)	XFAILB	Connected to pin 44 (XFAILB) on PMIC
Analog signals		
TP15 (VSNVS)	VSNVS	Connected to pin 47 (VSNVS) on PMIC
TP20 (LICELL)	LICELL	Connected to pin 46 (LICELL) on PMIC
TP22 (V1P5D)	V1P5D	Connected to pin 40 (V1P5D) on PMIC
TP23 (VIN_PIN)	VIN_PIN	Connected to pin 50 (VIN) on PMIC
TP25 (V1P5A)	V1P5A	Connected to pin 41 (V1P5A) on PMIC
TP26 (VDDIO)	VDDIO	Connected to pin 54 (VDDIO) on PMIC
TP54 (VREG)	VREG	1.8 V or 3.3 V external regulator output
TP63 (VDDOTP)	VDDOTP	Connected to pin 53 (VDDOTP) on PMIC
TP64 (AMUX)	AMUX	Connected to pin 52 (AMUX) on PMIC
LDO test points		
TP14	Reserved	Not used on KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8101FRDMEVM

UM11213

NXP Semiconductors

UM11213

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Name (label)	Signal name	Description
TP18	LDO3OUT	Power path for the LDO3 output
TP19	LDO2OUT	Power path for the LDO2 output
TP21	LDO10UT	Power path for the LDO1 output
TP55	LDO4OUT sense	LDO4 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 28 (LDO4OUT) on PMIC.
TP56	LDO3OUT sense	LDO3 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 25 (LDO3OUT) on PMIC.
TP57	LDO2OUT sense	LDO2 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 18 (LDO2OUT) on PMIC.
TP58	LDO10UT sense	LDO1 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 15 (LDO1OUT) on PMIC.
TP59	LDO12IN sense	LDO1 and LDO2 input sense path. Connected directly to pin 17 (LDO12IN) on PMIC.
TP60	LDO3IN sense	LDO3 input sense path. Connected directly to pin 26 (LDO3IN) on PMIC.
TP61	Reserved	Not used on KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8101FRDMEVM
Switching regulator	test points	
TP66	SW1IN sense	SW1 input sense path. Connected directly to pin 4 (SW1IN) on PMIC.
TP67	SW2IN sense	SW2 input sense path. Connected directly to pin 7 (SW2IN) on PMIC.
TP68	Reserved	Not used on KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8101FRDMEVM
TP69	Reserved	Not used on KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8101FRDMEVM
TP70	SW5IN sense	SW5 input sense path. Connected directly to pin 32 (SW5IN) on PMIC.
TP71	SW6IN sense	SW6 input sense path. Connected directly to pin 35 (SW6IN) on PMIC.
TP72	SW7IN sense	SW7 input sense path. Connected directly to pin 37 (SW7IN) on PMIC.
TP73	SW1OUT sense	SW1 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 3 (SW1FB) on PMIC through R46.
TP74	SW2OUT sense	SW2 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 2 (SW2FB) on PMIC through R52.
TP75	Reserved	Not used on KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8101FRDMEVM
TP76	Reserved	Not used on KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8101FRDMEVM
TP77	SW5OUT sense	SW5 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 31 (SW5FB) on PMIC through R60.
TP78	SW6OUT sense	SW6 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 30 (SW6FB) on PMIC through R53.
TP79	SW7OUT sense	SW7 output sense path. Connected directly to pin 38 (SW7FB) on PMIC through R48.

4.6 Connectors

4.6.1 V_{IN} input power connector

 $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$ is supplied to the board through standard banana jacks.

Table 4. V_{IN} Banana connectors

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J4	GND	Main system ground
J10	V _{IN}	Main system input power supply System operating range from 2.5 V to 5.5 V

4.6.2 Switching regulators output power connectors

Table 5. SW1 through SW4 output power connector (J34)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J34-1	GND	System ground
J34-2	Reserved	Not used on KITPF8x01FRDMEVM
J34-3	Reserved	Not used on KITPF8x01FRDMEVM
J34-4	GND	System ground
J34-5	GND	System ground
J34-6	SW2OUT	SW2 regulator output
J34-7	SW1OUT	SW1 regulator output
J34-8	GND	System ground

Table 6. SW5 through SW7 output power connector (J35)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J34-1	GND	System ground
J34-2	SW7OUT	SW7 regulator output
J34-3	GND	System ground
J34-4	SW6OUT	SW6 regulator output
J34-5	SW5OUT	SW5 regulator output
J34-6	GND	System ground

4.6.3 Interface connector

Table 7. Master/slave interface connector (J3)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J3-1	RESETBMCU	Direct connection to RESETBMCU pin on board
J3-2	RESETBMCU_S	 Connection to external RESETBMU signal from slave PMIC RESETBMCU_S may be connected to local RESETBMCU pin through R12 (default)
J3-3	INTB	Direct connection to INTB pin on board
J3-4	INTB_S	 Connection to external INTB signal from slave PMIC INTB_S may be connected to local INTB pin through R10 (optional) INTB_S may be connected to local XINTB pin through R8 (default)
J3-5	SYNCIN	Direct connection to SYNCIN pin on board.
J3-6	SYNCIN_S	 Connection to external SYNCIN signal from slave PMIC SYNCIN_S may be connected to local SYNCOUT pin through R9 (default)

UM11213 User guide © NXP B.V. 2019. All rights reserved.

NXP Semiconductors

UM11213

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J3-7	SYNCOUT	Direct connection to SYNCOUT pin on board
J3-8	n.c.	not connected
J3-9	XINTB	Direct connection to XINTB pin on board
J3-10	n.c.	not connected
J3-11	WDI	Direct connection to WDI pin on board
J3-12	WDI_S	 Connection to external WDI signal from slave PMIC WDI_S may be connected to local WDI pin through R7 (default)
J3-13	PWRON	Direct connection to PWRON pin on board
J3-14	PWRON_S	 Connection to external PWRON signal from slave PMIC. PWRON_S may be connected to RESETBMCU pin through R11 (optional) PWRON_S may be connected to PWRON pin through R6 (default)
J3-15	STANDBY	Direct connection to STANDBY pin on board
J3-16	STANDBY_S	 Connection to external STANDBY signal from slave PMIC STANDBY_S may be connected to STANDBY pin through R5 (default)
J3-17	SCL1	Direct connection to SCL1 signal on board
J3-18	SCL_S	Connection to external SCL signal from slave PMIC SCL_S may be connected to SCL1 pin through R4 (default)
J3-19	SDA1	Direct connection to SDA1 signal on board
J3-20	SDA_S	 Connection to external SDA signal from slave PMIC SDA_S may be connected to SDA1 pin through R3 (default)
J3-21	TBBEN	Direct connection to TBBEN pin on board
J3-22	TBBEN_S	 Connection to external TBB signal from slave PMIC TBBEN_S may be connected to TBBEN2 signal controlled by MCU through R2 (default)
J3-23	XFAIL	Direct connection to XFAILB pin on board
J3-24	XFAIL_S	 Connection to external XFAILB signal from slave PMIC XFAILB_S may be connected to XFAILB signal on PMIC through R1 (default)

UM11213 User guide

5 Installing and configuring software and tools

These evaluation boards use FlexGUI software for PF8101/PF8201 device. Prior to the installation of the FlexGUI software and performing device firmware updates (if needed), download and unzip the NXP_FlexGUI_PF8x_Rev_0.7.x.zip file to any desired location.

The installation package is available at <u>http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201-KITS</u>.

5.1 Installing the Java JRE

- 1. Download Java JRE (Java SE Runtime Environment), available at <u>http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jre8-downloads-2133155.html</u> (8u162 or newer).
- 2. Open the installer and follow the installation instructions.
- 3. Following the successful installation, restart the computer.

5.2 Installing FlexGUI software package

The FlexGUI software installation requires only extracting the zip file in a desired location.

- 1. If necessary, install the Java JRE and Windows 7 FlexGUI driver.
- Download the latest FlexGUI (32-bit or 64-bit) version, NXP_FlexGUI_PF8x_Rev_0.7.x.zip, available at <u>http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201-KITS</u>.
- 3. Extract all the files to a desired location on your PC.

FlexGUI is started by running the batch file, NXP_FlexGUI_PF8x_Rev_0.7.x\NXP FlexGUI\bin\flexgui-app-pf8xxxx.bat.

The FlexGUI Rev 0.7.0 or higher, interfaces with the FRDM-KL25Z freedom board via USB-HID protocol which should be recognized automatically by the Windows OS eliminating the need for any extra hardware drivers. See <u>Section 5.4 "Updating the PF8101/PF8201 FlexGUI firmware"</u> for details on how to update the FRDM-KL25Z, in case the board is not loaded with the latest firmware with USB-HID support.

5.3 Uninstalling the application

The FlexGUI software does not store any files outside of its installation folder.

To uninstall FlexGUI, delete the flexgui.

5.4 Updating the PF8101/PF8201 FlexGUI firmware

The FRDM-KL25Z freedom board is used as a communication bridge to interface the FlexGUI with the PMIC and other I^2C devices. The firmware is organized in three levels:

- 1. At first level, the SDA uses the BOOTLOADER to operate as the main path to flash the functional code of the SDA processor. The BOOTLOADER is preprogrammed on the FRDM-KL25Z freedom boards and cannot be reflashed to avoid permanent damage to the Freedom board.
- 2. At second level, the SDA provides a *firmware loader* for drag and drop update of the KL25Z MCU firmware.

UM11213

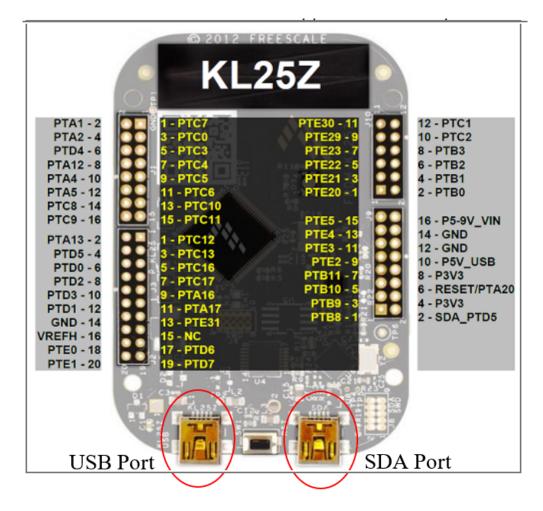
 At the third level, the KL25Z MCU provides the FlexGUI firmware in charge of converting the USB communication into MCU instructions to control digital I/Os as well as I²C communication to the PMIC.

If the FRDM-KL25Z is not loaded with the correct firmware to support a future software upgrade, the firmware can be updated in few simple steps.

Note: The following firmware updates are optional and can be skipped if the firmware is up-to-date.

5.4.1 Flashing the FRDM-KL25Z firmware loader

1. Press the push button on the Freedom board and connect the USB cable into the SDA port on the Freedom board. A new BOOTLOADER device should appear on the left pane of the file explorer.



2. Drag and drop the file *MSD-DEBUG-FRDM-KL25Z_Pemicro_v118.SDA* into the BOOTLOADER drive. File should be located in the *KL25Z firmware* folder.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

📊 📝 📑 = 🛛 KL25Z firmware				-		\times
File Home Share View						~ (
\leftarrow \rightarrow \checkmark \uparrow \blacksquare « NXP_FlexGUI_PF82	00_Rev_0	0.8.0 > KL25Z firmware v U	Se	earch KL25Z firmware		P
		Name		Date modified	Туре	
Quick access Documents	*	flexgui-fw-kl25z-usb-hid-pf8x00-v0.1.1.bin		2/15/2019 3:48 PM	BIN File	
Downloads	*	MSD-DEBUG-FRDM-KL25Z_Pemicro_v118.SDA		12/13/2015 7:43 PM	SDA File	
a Desktop	*					
NXP						
🝊 OneDrive - NXP						
🧢 NXL12029						
🕩 Network						
		<				
2 items 1 item selected 198 KB						=

3. Disconnect and reconnect the USB cable into the SDA port (this time without pressing the push button). A new device called *FRDM_KL25Z* is installed on the PC.

5.4.2 Flashing the FlexGUI firmware

If a new software or silicon release requires a firmware update on the FRDM-KL25Z freedom board, use the following procedure to upgrade or downgrade the firmware of the freedom board as needed. Note that this procedure is needed only to update the firmware and may be skipped if no change is needed.

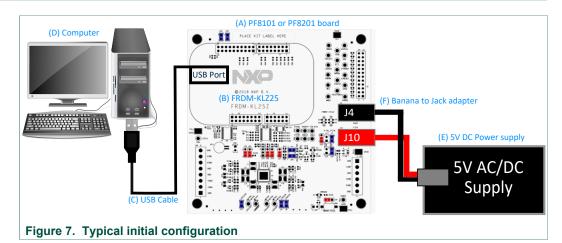
- 1. Connect the USB cable in the SDA port (without holding the push button).
- 2. Locate the ".bin" FlexGUI driver to be installed, for example *flexgui-fw-kl25z-usb-hid-pf8x00-v0.1.1.bin*, drag and drop the file into the FRDM_KL25Z driver.

📔 🚽 📮 🛛 KL25Z firmware				-		×
File Home Share View						\sim
+ -> -> 🛧 📙 « NXP_FlexGUI_	_PF8200_Rev_0	.8.0 > KL25Z firmware	νŌ	Search KL25Z firmware		P
1.0.11		Name		✓ Date modified	Туре	
Quick access Documents	*	🔊 flexgui-fw-kl25z-usb-hid-pf8x00-v0.1.1.bin		2/15/2019 3:48 PM	BIN File	
 Downloads Desktop 	× * *	MSD-DEBUG-FRDM-KL25Z_Pemicro_v118.SDA		12/13/2015 7:43 PM	SDA File	
🗸 NXP						
윩 OneDrive - NXP						
PXL12029						
i Network						
		¢ l				
2 items 1 item selected 52.5 KB						BEE (

3. Freedom board firmware is successfully loaded.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

6 Configuring the hardware for startup



1. With the USB cable connected to the PC and the USB port in the freedom board, apply VIN to the evaluation board.

- Provide external VIN between 2.5 to 5.5 V on J10 (VIN) and J4 (GND) or
- Short jumper J17 to provide 3V3 Vin from Freedom board (use this mode of operation for functional demonstration only, no regulation loading allowed in this mode).

Note: Do not apply power to J10 while J17 is shorted. This could damage the onboard regulator on the FRDM-KL25Z Freedom board.

- 2. Press Reset on the Freedom board, to ensure board is properly recognized.
- 3. Browse to the *NXP_FlexGUI/bin/* folder and double-click on the **flexgui-app-8xxx.jar** executable to start the application.
- 4. The FlexGUI launcher is displayed with a list of possible configurations to load the FlexGUI. Select the appropriate option for device and silicon revision to be used. If the device revision populated on the evaluation board is not available in the list, please contact your NXP representative to obtain the latest software update suitable for your device.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

NP FlexGUI Launcher	×
Select a kit, device(s) and its features	
Kit and device(s) ▼ KITPF8200FRDMEVM	Ô
▼ PF8200	
✓ B0 Release	
► KITPF8201FRDMEVM	
► KITPF8100FRDMEVM	
► KITPF8101FRDMEVM	
 KITPF8121FRDMEVM A kit for PF8200 evaluation. 	~
 Advanced settings Features 	
production 👻	
Use this configuration and do not ask again	
	OK Cancel
gure 8. FlexGUI launcher	

Silicon revision ^[1]	Description
В0	Use this configuration if you have received B0 silicon samples for preliminary device evaluation.
Release	Use this configuration if you have received C1 silicon samples or production parts.

[1] During new silicon transition, the file versions should be selected according to the silicon being used.

When the FlexGUI is done loading, the USB-HID connection will automatically search for the evaluation board, if a valid board is connected, the corresponding *Vendor ID* and *Product ID* should appear, then click **Start** to create a connection.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

	Application Help
	Vendor ID: 0x15A2 Product ID: 0x00D0 Stop
	Filter messages 🔹 🖌 🚺 💾
Figure 9. FlexGUI	connection

Once the device is connected, the system is ready for Hardwire or TBB operation as desired.

6.1 Operating in Hardwire mode

To operate the board with the default hardwire configuration:

- Open J29 and J26 to allow the MCU to control the PWRON pin
- Short J20 in position 2-3 (VDDOTP = V1P5D)
- Open J21 to allow the MCU to control the TBBEN pin

In Hardwire mode, the device is working with the predefined configuration and supplies will turn on when the PWRON pin is set to high. To generate a power on event, the FlexGUI can be set to *Normal mode* in the mode selection box.

PF8xxx Pins Miscellaneous
Device Information Device ID: N/V Revision ID: N/V
OTP Program ID: N/V Device Mode Switch Mode: normal-m Apply
Current Mode: user-mode Poll Communication
I2C Address: 0x08 - CRC:
Figure 10. Normal mode operation

Click **Apply** to change the operating mode and start using the PMIC with the default configuration.

See <u>Section 7 "Controlling the PF8101/PF8201 using FlexGUI"</u> for detail description on how to control the PMIC with the FlexGUI.

6.2 Operating in TBB mode

To operate the board in TBB mode:

- Open J29
- Short J20 in position 1-2 (OTP/TBB operation)
- Open J21 to allow the MCU to control the TBBEN pin

There are two ways to operate the device in TBB mode:

- 1. Manual configuration of the OTP mirror registers using the TBB mode control.
- 2. Load the OTP mirror registers with a custom TBB script using the *PF8x01 Custom OTP Request Form* provided in the *SCRIPT & FORMS* folder.

6.2.1 Manual TBB configuration

During manual TBB configuration, use the TBB mode selection to enable access to the OTP mirror registers in the PF8101/PF8201 device.

	PF8xxx Pins Miscellaneous
	Device Information
	Device ID: N/V
	Revision ID: N/V
	OTP Program ID: N/V
]	Device Mode
	Switch Mode: tbb-mode - Apply
	Current Mode: user-mode Poll
	Communication
	I2C Address: 0x08 -
	CRC:
	Secure Write
Figure 11, TBB mod	de operation

Click **Apply** to set the device in TBB mode and manually select the TBB configuration in the mirror registers.

When the FlexGUI is operating in TBB mode, the graphical interface uses command controls to communicate with the OTP mirror registers directly, enabling the user to manually set the default configuration one feature at a time.

After configuring the features to be used during the device evaluation, change the operating mode to normal mode to generate a power on event and allow command controls to modify the functional I^2C registers again.

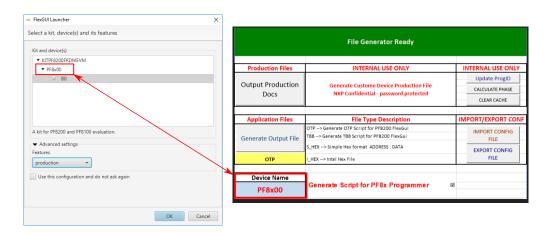
UM11213

Detailed description on how to control the PMIC using the FlexGUI is described in <u>Section 7 "Controlling the PF8101/PF8201 using FlexGUI"</u>.

6.2.2 Generating a TBB script

To load the OTP mirror registers from a TBB script, choose the device configuration and generate the TBB script using the *PF8x01 Custom OTP Request Form* provided in the *SCRIPT & FORMS* folder.

- Use the *PF8x01 Custom OTP Request Form* to select the default configuration to be used during the evaluation. Note that the OTP request form is prepared to generate a TBB script for either PF8101 or PF8201, however, make sure you pick the correct device number matching the device soldered on the customer evaluation board (PF8101 cannot be programmed as PF8201 and vice versa).
- 2. Generate a TBB script using the file generation section on the OTP request form (make sure to fill all required fields marked with a * to enable file generation). When generating a TBB script, it is important to match the device name with the device name in the FlexGUI to ensure proper generation of the script commands.



Silicon revision [1]	OTP request form version
B0	OTP Customer Request Form Rev 2.2 +
C0	OTP Customer Request Form Rev 3.0 +

[1] During new silicon transition, the file versions should be selected according to the silicon revision.

- 3. Save the generated TBB file in a known location.
- 4. On the Script Editor, use the command section to load the TBB script created, and then click **Run** to start programming the PMIC.

The device is automatically enabled with the selected TBB configuration after the programming is done.

7 Controlling the PF8101/PF8201 using FlexGUI

7.1 Application environment

The GUI uses standard application layout divided into several working areas (see Figure 12).

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

- 1. Menu and connection toolbar
- 2. Command log area
- 3. Global system controls
- 4. Status bar
- 5. Device control area

Eilter	Wendor ID: 0x15A2 Stop Product ID: 0x0000 Stop messages	Script editor											
L	D [PWRON] = 0	III Register map	Functional Safety (D) LDC	Regulatorr	(1) sw	Regulatorr	= Samu	ancer & Interrun	tr Cont	rol			
	[PWRON] = 0												
			it Buttons Per Line 8	So So	rt By Add	dress 🗸 Unito	rm Butte	ons 🖌 Show Bit Pe	osition				
		▼ functional	Write Read	Copy Re	iset								
		ID Registers Interrupt Registers						LDO2_UV_BYPASS	LDO2_OV_BYPASS	LDO2_JLIM_BYPASS	LDO2_UV_STATE	LDO2_OV_STATE	LDO2_JLIM_STATE
		Fault Management				W 0x0		LDO2_WDBYPASS	LDO2_PG_EN				
4		System Configuration	LD02_CONFIG1	0x8B	S			LDO2_UV_BYPASS	LDO2_OV_BYPASS	LDO2_JLIM_BYPASS	LDO2_UV_STATE	LDO2_OV_STATE	LDO2_ILIM_STATE
		Watchdog Configuration				R 0x1c		LDO2_WDBYPASS	LDO2_PG_EN				
		Fault Counters AMUX Control						LDO2_FLT_REN	LDO2_PDGRP [1]	LDO2_PDGRP [0]	LDO2HW_EN	VSELECT_EN	RESERVED
		SW1 Control				W 0x0				LDOZ_POGRP [0]	LDOZHW_EN	VSELECT_EN	
		SW2 Control	LD02_CONFIG2	0x8C			0	LDO2_RUN_EN	LDO2_STBY_EN				
		SW3 Control				R 0x80		LDO2_FLT_REN	LDO2_PDGRP [1]	LDO2_PDGRP [0]	LDO2HW_EN	VSELECT_EN	RESERVED
		SW4 Control						LDO2_RUN_EN	LDO2_STBY_EN				
	0 Pins Miscellaneous	SW5 Control SW6 Control SW7 Control			W 0x0	W 0v0		LDO2_SEQ [7]	LDO2_SEQ [6]	LDO2_SEQ [5]	LDO2_SEQ [4]	LDO2_SEQ [3]	LDO2_SEQ [2]
	e Information		LDO2_PWRUP	0x8D		W OXO		LDO2_SEQ [1]	LDO2_SEQ [0]				
Devic	ion ID: N/V	LDO1 Control	LDOZ_FWROP	0,00				LDO2_SEQ [7]	LDO2_SEQ [6]	LDO2_SEQ [5]	LDO2_SEQ [4]	LDO2_SEQ [3]	LDO2_SEQ [2]
	Program ID: N/V	LDO2 Control LDO3 Control				R 0x0		LDO2_SEQ [1]	LDO2_SEQ [0]				
	te Mode	LDO4 Control						RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VLDO2_RUN [3]	VLDO2_RUN [2]
Л	th Mode: user-mode 💌 Apply	VSNVS Control				W 0x0		VLDO2_RUN [1]	VLDO2_RUN [0]				
	ent Mode: user-mode Poll	Page Select	LD02_RUN_VOL	r Ox8E			2	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VLDO2_RUN [3]	VLDO2_RUN [2]
Com	munication	OTP_MIRROR				R 0x0		VLDO2_RUN [1]	VLDO2_RUN [0]				
	ddress: 0x08 -												
CRC:						W 0x0		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VLDO2_STBY [3]	VLDO2_STBY [2]
Secur	re Write		LDO2_STBY_VOL	r Ox8F			0	VLDO2_STBY [1]	VLDO2_STBY [0]				
									4 1 Þ				
		ι		_			_		1/1				
)	CONNECTED										GUI: 0.9.	1 FW: 0.1.0 Wed	Apr 10 08:47:30 MST 2

7.1.1 Menu and connection toolbar

The menu and application toolbar offer access to various system dialogs as well as communication actions, see Figure 13. It is further divided into following subareas.

Applications menu	Enables default configuration supportQuits application
Help menu	Provides information regarding the FlexGUI version and support
Hide panel	Hides or shows the global control panel
Communication	 Provides board USB ID Vendor ID: identify vendor ID when a supported board is connected Product ID: identify product ID when a supported board is connected Start/Stop: establish connection with the board connected
Application Help	0x15A2

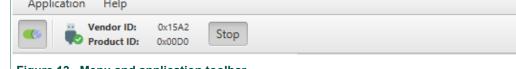


Figure 13. Menu and application toolbar

UM11213 User guide

7.1.2 Command log area

The command log area informs the user about application events. Verbosity level is given by application configuration. User can interact with the area using toolbar on the top, which has following functions, see Figure 14. It is further divided into following subareas.

Filter selection	Enables various filtering schemes to display specific commands as desired
Clear log	Clears all messages from the log area
Pause log	Stops recording any new commands until the log is resumed again
Save log	Saves the content of the log area into a text file

	Vendor ID: 0x15A2 Stop Product ID: 0x00D0 Stop
	Filter messages 🔹 🖌 📔
	PF8xxx [WDI] = 1 PF8xxx [WDI] = 0 PF8xxx [PWRON] = 1 PF8xxx [PWRON] = 0 PF8xxx [TBBEN] = 1 PF8xxx [TBBEN] = 0
Figure 14. Comma	nd log area

7.1.3 Global system controls

The global system control provide access to system configuration controls not related to the PMIC operation, as well as the I/O control signals from the MCU to the PMIC. It is divided into two tabs as shown in Figure 15.

PF8x01 system contro	l tab
Device information	Provides device information of the PMIC connected

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Device mode	Selects the mode of operation of the evaluation board to interact and fully showcase all features provided by the PMIC. The system may be operated in four predefined modes:
	• User mode: no system I/O are modified by the FlexGUI allowing manual control of the PMIC using the Pin control tab.
	• Normal mode: the FlexGUI sets the TBBEN = low, STANDBY = low, WDI = low and PWRON = high, generating a power-on event. In this mode of operation, the user can control the STANBY pin and the corresponding polarity to set the PMIC in Run or Standby modes. In this mode, the FlexGUI control will configure the functional I ² C registers to modify the system configuration on-the-go.
	• TBB mode: the FlexGUI sets the TBBEN = high, STANDBY = low, WDI = low and PWRON = low, causing the PMIC to turn off and move to the QPU_OFF state in order to allow the OTP mirror registers to be accessed and modified. In this mode, the FlexGUI uses the PMIC controls to program the default OTP configuration to be used in the next power up event. During TBB mode, only the controls which have OTP bits become available while all other functional bits are disabled until the system is set into Run or Standby modes.
Communication	 I²C address: selects the default address used to communicate with the PMIC. By default the I²C address is set to 0x08, but communication must be changed if the PMIC uses another I²C address as configured in the OTP mirror registers. I²C CRC enable: enables the MCU to add CRC calculation to each I²C transaction. Secure write enable: enables the MCU to perform automatic proofing to
	write Secure write registers.
Pin control tab	
LDO2EN	Allows the MCU to control the level of the LDO2EN pin in the PMIC. Use this control in conjunction with the LDO2HW_EN bit to allow the LDO2 output to enable or disable by toggling the pin high or low.
XINTB	Allows the MCU to control the level of the XINTB pin in the PMIC. Use this control to generate an external interrupt on the PMIC.
VSELECT	Allows the MCU to control the level of the VSELECT pin in the PMIC. Use this control in conjunction with the VSELECT_EN bit to allow the LDO2 output to toggle between 1.8 V or 3.3 V by toggling the pin high or low.
STANDBY	Allows the MCU to control the level of the STANDBY pin in the PMIC. Use this control in conjunction with the STANDBYINV bit to force the PMIC in and out of the Standby mode by toggling the pin high or low.
PWRON	Allows the MCU to control the level of the PWRON pin in the PMIC. When the OTP_PWRON_MODE bit is set to level sensitive, use this control to generate a power-on or power-off event by toggling the pin high or low. When the OTP_PWRON_MODE bit is set to Edge sensitive, use this control to generate a rising or falling edge to simulate a push button to generate the corresponding power-on or power-off events.
TBBEN	Allows the MCU to control the level of the TBBEN pin in the PMIC. Use this control to enable debugging conditions as well as grant access to the OTP mirror registers.

WDI	Allows the MCU to control the level of the WDI pin in the PMIC. Use this control in conjunction with the OTP_WDI_INV, to generate a watchdog reset event on a rising or falling edge of the WDI signal.								
Input pins Allows the MCU to read the level of the EWARN and INTB pins. MC be programmed to poll the read or perform a single read.									
Miscellaneous controls									
Watchdog refresh Enables the MCU to perform a watchdog refresh with the selected per									
System diagnostics	 System diagnostic buttons Use the ABIST Run to start the ABIST on-demand test during the system-on states. Results of the ABIST test can be read in the Functional Safety tab. Use the INTB Test to request a 100 µs pulse in the INTB pin. Use the SW Shutdown to request a software shutdown event. The PMIC will restart if a power-up event is present after shutting down. 								

PF8000 Pins Miscellaneous	PF8xxx Pins Miscellaneous	PF8xxx Pins Miscellaneous
Device Information	▼ Output Pins	Watchdog Refresh
Device ID: N/V	LDO2EN: No valu 👻	Enable:
Revision ID: N/V	XINTB: No valu 👻	Period [ms]: 1000
OTP Program ID: N/V	VSELECT: No valu 👻	
Device Mode	STANDBY: No valu 👻	System Diagnostics
Switch Mode: tbb-mode 👻 Apply	PWRON: Low -	INTB Test: Run
Current Mode: user-mode Poll	TBBEN:	SW Shutdown: Run
Communication	WDI: High 👻	ABIST: Run
I2C Address: 0x08 CRC: Secure Write	✓ Input Pins EWARN: N/V INTB: N/V 500 ms ✓ Poll Read	
Figure 15. Global system con	trols	

7.1.4 Status bar

Status bar provides a standard overview of application conditions.

Status area	MCU status CONNECTED: GUI is connected to the MCU DISCONNECTED: GUI does not have connection to the MCU
Version area	 Informs the user about used module versions GUI: informs the user about version of derivative GUI Firmware: informs the user about version of used MCU firmware Build: informs the user about the building date for the current release

7.1.5 Device control area

This area enables the user to interact with all loaded devices. Each device has its own dedicated tab with several subtabs to access all controls dedicated to the specific device loaded, see Figure 16. In addition to the device tab, the FlexGUI provides a Script editor tab to allow sequential configuration and control of one or various devices with a command based script processor.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Script editor	Enables user to create sequences of commands to control the device/s, see <u>Section 7.3 "Working with the Script editor"</u> for details on this generic component
Device control tab	Tabs/components enable user to work with device on high level abstraction of its features/functionality

Registers Per Page 50		Write Read Co						cons 🖌 Show Bit P							
ID Registers Interrupt Registers													LDO2_WDBYPASS	LDO2_PG_EN	
Fault Management		LDO2_CONFIG1	0x8B	0	R	0x1c	0	LDO2_UV_BYPASS	LDO2_OV_BYPASS	LDO2_JLIM_BYPASS	LDO2_UV_STATE	LDO2_OV_STATE	LDO2_LIM_STATE	LDO2_WDBYPASS	LDO2_PG_EN
System Configuration					w								RESERVED		
Watchdog Configuration		LDO2_CONFIG2	0x8C	0		0x0	0	LDO2_FLT_REN	LDO2_PDGRP [1]	LDO2_PDGRP [0]	LDO2HW_EN	VSELECT_EN		LDO2_RUN_EN	LDO2_STBY_EN
Fault Counters					R	0x80		LDO2_FLT_REN	LDO2_PDGRP [1]	LDO2_PDGRP [0]	LDO2HW_EN	VSELECT_EN	RESERVED	LDO2_RUN_EN	LDO2_STBY_EN
AMUX Control SW1 Control					W	0x0	1	LDO2_SEQ [7]	LDO2_SEQ [6]	LDO2_SEQ [5]	LDO2_SEQ [4]	LDO2_SEQ [3]	LDO2_SEQ [2]	LDO2_SEQ [1]	LDO2_SEQ [0]
SW1 Control SW2 Control		LDO2_PWRUP	0x8D	0	R	0x0	0	LDO2_SEQ [7]	LDO2_SEQ [6]	LDO2_SEQ [5]	LDO2_SEQ [4]	LDO2_SEQ [3]	LDO2_SEQ [2]	LDO2_SEQ [1]	LDO2_SEQ [0]
SW3 Control					w	0.0									
SW4 Control		LDO2_RUN_VOLT	0x8E	0		0x0	0					VLDO2_RUN [3]	VLDO2_RUN [2]	VLDO2_RUN [1]	VLDO2_RUN [0]
SW5 Control					R	0x0		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VLDO2_RUN [3]	VLDO2_RUN [2]	VLDO2_RUN [1]	VLDO2_RUN [0]
SW6 Control					W	0x0		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VLDO2_STBY [3]	VLDO2_STBY [2]	VLDO2_STBY [1]	VLDO2_STBY [0]
SW7 Control		LDO2_STBY_VOLT	0x8F	•	R	0x0	0	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VLDO2_STBY [3]	VLDO2_STBY [2]	VLDO2_STBY [1]	VLDO2_STBY [0]
LDO1 Control	_														
LDO2 Control	_														
LDOS Control															
VSNVS Control															
Page Select															
DTP MIRROR															
										_					
										< 1 ▶					
CU: CONNECTED										1/1			CUIL 0.0.1 EM. 0	1.0 Wed Apr 10 0	17.00 MICT 201

7.2 Understanding the PF8101/PF8201 workspace

The PMIC controls are organized in seven tabs specific to the PF8101/PF8201 device and one tab providing bit by bit access to the register map of the device. The eight control tabs are listed below and are explained in the following sections.

- Register map
- PMIC configuration
- Functional safety
- LDO regulators
- Switching regulators
- Sequencer
- System interrupts
- AMUX control

7.2.1 Register map

The PF8101/PF8201 registers are organized in register pages or sectors. The FlexGUI organizes the registers in various types and multiple register groups. For detailed view of the PF8101/PF8201 register map, see PF8101_PF8201 data sheet.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Registers Per Page 50	Bit Butto	ns Per Line 🛛 8 🚔	- So	ort By A	ddres:	s 🗸 Unif	orm Butt	ons 🖌 Show Bit P	osition Inte	rface Forma	tting				
functional		Write Read C	opy Re	eset	G	lobal	Cotro	ls							
ID Registers Interrupt Registers	IC				w	0x0	\cap	LDO2_UV_BYPASS	LDO2_OV_BYPASS	LDO2_JLIM_BYPASS	LDO2_UV_STATE	LDO2_OV_STATE	LDO2_ILIM_STATE	LDO2_WDBYPASS	LDO2_PG_EN
Fault Management		LDO2_CONFIG1	0x8B		R	0x1c	0	LDO2_UV_BYPASS	LDO2_OV_BYPASS	LDO2_JLIM_BYPASS	LDO2_UV_STATE	LDO2_OV_STATE	LDO2_JUM_STATE	LDO2_WDBYPASS	LDO2_PG_EN
System Configuration					w	0x0		LDO2_FLT_REN	LDO2_PDGRP [1]	LDO2_PDGRP [0]	LDO2HW_EN	VSELECT_EN	RESERVED	LDO2_RUN_EN	LDO2_STBY_EN
Watchdog Configuration		LDO2_CONFIG2	0x8C	0			0								
Fault Counters					R	0x80		LDO2_FLT_REN	LDO2_PDGRP [1]	LDO2_PDGRP [0]	LDO2HW_EN	VSELECT_EN	RESERVED	LDO2_RUN_EN	LDO2_STBY_EN
AMUX Control SW1 Control		LDO2 PWRUP	0x8D		W	0x0		LDO2_SEQ [7]	LDO2_SEQ [6]	LDO2_SEQ [5]	LDO2_SEQ [4]	LDO2_SEQ [3]	LDO2_SEQ [2]	LDO2_SEQ [1]	LDO2_SEQ [0]
SW2 Control		LDO2_PWR0P	UXBD	•	R	0x0		LDO2_SEQ [7]	LDO2_SEQ [6]	LDO2_SEQ [5]	LDO2_SEQ [4]	LDO2_SEQ [3]	LDO2_SEQ [2]	LDO2_SEQ [1]	LDO2_SEQ [0]
SW3 Control					w	0x0		RESERVED				VLDO2_RUN [3]	VLDO2_RUN [2]	VLDO2_RUN [1]	VLDO2_RUN [0]
SW4 Control		LDO2_RUN_VOLT	0x8E	0	R	0x0	0	RESERVED				VLDO2_RUN [3]	VLDO2_RUN [2]	VLDO2_RUN [1]	VLDO2_RUN [0]
SW5 Control					N.	0.00		REDERVED				According to 1	40002,0014 [2]	Accost your [1]	ACDOS"KOIA[0]
SW6 Control		LDO2_STBY_VOLT	0x8F		W	0x0		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VLDO2_STBY [3]	VLDO2_STBY [2]	VLDO2_STBY [1]	VLDO2_STBY [0]
SW7 Control		2002_5101_1021	0.01	•	R	0x0		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VLDO2_STBY [3]	VLDO2_STBY [2]	VLDO2_STBY [1]	VLDO2_STBY [0]
LDO2 Control LDO3 Control LDO4 Control VSNVS Control Page Select		Registers		,	Coad/Write	omrol me	ait Decoder					Control Bits			
Register Groups										1/1					

Each register group contains all registers related to a specific channel or feature. Read/ write registers provide independent lines to read and write the values on the selected registers.

Individual registers can be read by clicking the \mathbf{R} button and can be written by using the \mathbf{W} button on the corresponding register.

Multiple registers can be read, written, copied or reset using the global register controls.

Use the Copy button to copy the latest read value onto the write line.

Use the **Reset** button to undo the changes on the write line and reset to the previous value. When using the global register controls, the selected command will be performed on all registers with the checkbox selected. Only functional and OTP mirror registers are intended for user evaluation.

- Functional registers: provide access to the current configuration of the PMIC. Configuration can be changed and changes will be applied once the command is sent.
- OTP mirror registers: provide access to the default configuration to be used at PWRON event. Note that access to these registers are only meant for debug or development purposes, therefore these registers can only be read or modified when TBBEN is high. The TBBEN can be set high externally via the J21 header or by the MCU via the script editor.
- Use the bit decoder buttons to set the register bit based on its actual functional value.
- The FlexGUI provides useful interface formatting controls as defined below:
 - Hide/show panel: use this button to hide or show the Register group panel, allowing more space to display all register bits in a single line.
 - Register per page: use this selector to chose how many registers are shown at the same time. Register count apply only to registers inside the selected register group. When the GUI is set to display limited number of registers, use the page surfing option at the bottom of the register bit area to find the selected register.
 - Bit buttons per line: use this option to chose how many bits are shown in a single line.
 This option is useful to force a certain register partition on low resolutions screens.
 - Sort by address: use this option to force the register to display the address in ascending order.
 - Uniform buttons: when this option is selected, the register bits are displayed with a uniform size. Longer names may get truncated to the button size. If this option

UM11213

is not selected, the buttons will change the size to fit the name of the register bit independently.

 Show bit position: use this option to show the bit position for a specific functional bit group.

7.2.2 PMIC configuration

The PMIC configuration tab provides access to the global configuration of the PMIC.

PWRON	OTP Misc	Clock Management	Watchdog
Select Value Register	Select Value Regist	Select Value Register	Select Value Register
Select Value Register PWRON M Level S N/V PWRON Fu Shutcl N/V Reset Push 4 s N/V Debounce 32 ms N/V	Select Value Regist XFAILB Enable N/V PGODD Check N/V EWARN Time 10 Jogant SW M APS * BGMON Bypas N/V	Select Value Register SW Freq 2.500 MHz N/V SYNCOU Disabled N/V SYNCIN Disabled N/V SYNCIN 2000 kHz-3 N/V Spread Spe Disabled N/V Spread Spe Disabled N/V Spread Spe H/- 5% N/V	Select Value Register Watchdog in R N/V Watchdog in ST N/V Clear Window 10 * N/V Watchdog Timer 1 ms * N/V Watchdog Timer 0 * N/V Watchdog Timer 0 * N/V WD Max Expire 0 * N/V WD Max Expire 0 * N/V WD Fail Counter 0 * N/V
Write Read	Write Read	Write Read	Write Read
PGOOD Select Value Register PGOOD Mode GPO ▼ PGOOD in R PGO ▼ PGOOD in Star PGO ▼ Write Read	Fault Control Select Value Register Co Fault Disa • N/V Fault C 0 • N/V Fault T 1 ms • N/V Write Read	Vin Overvoltage Lockout Select Value Register Vin OVLO En N/V Vin OVLO De 10 us + Vin OVLO M No Sh + Write Read	MCU Watchdog Clear Time Select Value Register C Watchdog D 1 ms • N/V Write Read
Low Power Mode Select V Register Con OFF Mode Set N/V Write Read	I2C Communication Select Value Register C I2C CRC E N/V I2C Secure N/V I2C Address 0x08 V Write Read	Thermal Monitor Select Value Register Thermal Monito N/V Monitoring Mode 1 ms N/V Write Read	WDI Control Select Value Register Co WDI Even N/V STBY M N/V WDI M Soft WDI Po Falling Write Read
STANDBY Select Value Register Cont Pola Active Hi • N/V Write Read	Coincell Control Select Value Register C Coincell C Dis V/V Coincell Cha Dis V/V VCOIN 1.8 V V N/V Write Read		

Figure 18. PMIC configuration

The functions that can be programmed in the PMIC configuration are listed below:

- · PWRON: configuration and mode of operation of the PWRON pin
- PGOOD: configuration and control of the PGOOD pin
- STANDBY: configuration of the STANDBY pin
- WDI control: configuration of WDI pin and PMIC reaction when WDI pin toggles
- Coin cell control: configuration of coin cell voltage level and the coin cell charger
- Low power mode: configures the selection of the LP_OFF or QPU_OFF state when device is Off
- Clock management: configuration of the clock frequency, spread spectrum and frequency synchronization pins
- · Fault control: configuration of the fault protection mechanisms

UM11213

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

- VIN overvoltage lockout: configuration of the OVLO protection circuit
- Thermal monitor: configuration of the thermal monitor
- · Watchdog: configuration and control of the internal Watchdog counter
- MCU watchdog management: provides parameters to allow the MCU to clear the internal PMIC watchdog
- I²C communication: sets the I²C address and enables the CRC check during I²C communication (available in OTP only)
- OTP miscellaneous: sets default OTP configuration for various PMIC features.

See PF8101_PF8201 data sheet for detail description on the PMIC configuration.

7.2.3 Functional safety

The functional safety tab provides access to the fault monitoring circuits available on both PF8101 and PF8201 as well as the functional safety features specific to the PF8201 device.

			Voltage Monito	ring		FSC	OB Control	Hardfaults	Fail-Safe Control
	VMON EN			ABIST UV Sense & Write	ABIST OV Sense & Write		Select Read	Read / Sense	ar
SW1 SW2 SW5 SW6 SW7 LDO1 LDO2 LDO2		95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% • 95% •	105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105%			Soft Fault WDI Event WD Counter Event Hard Fault Safe State NOK FSOB Mode	Fault safe sta	PU Fail	
	bounce	5 us 30 us	• • Write Rea	ad		Write	e Read	Write Read	Write Read

Figure 19. Functional safety

Voltage monitoring: the user can perform the following actions using this control:

- · Enable or disable the voltage monitor
- Select the OV and UV threshold (in OTP only)
- Select the OV and UV detection debounce
- · Monitor/clear the ABIST flags in case of failure

FSOB control: use this control to select the FSOB mode and select/monitor the FSOB reaction on any of the following faults:

- · Soft fault
- WDI event
- · WD counter event
- Hard fault

Hard faults: use this control to monitor the source for the hard fault causing a power down event.

- Power up fail
- Watchdog fail
- Regulator fail
- Thermal shutdown

UM11213

© NXP B.V. 2019. All rights reserved

Fail-safe controls: use this control to perform the following actions (available only in PF8201 device):

- Disable the fail-safe state
- Set the maximum number of failures before entering the fail-safe state
- Read the real time fail-safe counter
- Set the fail-safe clear timer

7.2.4 LDO regulators

The LDO tab is used to configure and control the LDO regulators.

			L	.DO 2						
	Run Mode			St	andby Mode					
	Select Value	Register Co			Select Value	Register Con				
Vout Run M	1.5 V 👻	N/V		Vout Standby Mo	1.5 V 🔹	N/V				
LDO in Run		N/V		LDO in Standby		N/V				
	Common			On F	ault Behaviou	r				
	Select Value	Register Co			Select Value	e Register Co				
Vselect Enable		N/V		Regulator after Fault	Rem 🝷	N/V				
LDO2 HW E		N/V		LDO on ILIM Fault	Disa 👻	N/V				
LDO2 Mode	Nor 🔻	N/V		LDO on OV Fault	Disa 👻	N/V				
PG Enable		IN/ V		LDO on UV Fault	Disa 👻	N/V				
				WD Bypass Enable		N/V				
				ILIM Event Bypass Enable		N/V				
				OV Event Bypass E		N/V				
				UV Event Bypass E		N/V				
	Write Read									

Figure 20. LDO control

Each LDO can change the following features:

- The output voltage in Run and Standby state
- LDO status in Run and Standby state
- LDO operating mode (OTP only)
- Set the reaction of the LDO output on an OV, UV or ILIM event
- Bypass OV, UV or ILIM events
- Bypass reaction during a soft watchdog event
- Enable the LDO to assert he PGOOD pin on an OV or UV fault
- Enable or disable the voltage monitor

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

In addition, the LDO2 can set the output to be enabled and modified via the LDO2EN and the VSELECT pin.

VSNS can be disabled or changed to a different voltage during the system-on states.

	VSNVS	
	Select Value	Register Content
Vout Run Mode	OFF -	N/V
	Write Read	
igure 21. VSNVS control		

7.2.5 Switching regulators

The SW regulator tab provides access to all features for each one of the switching regulators.

SW1, SW2, SW5 and SW6 are valley current mode controlled buck regulators configurable as single or dual phase regulators as described in the PF8101_PF8201 data sheet.

All regulators capable of multiphase operation share the same feature set as shown in the following figure.

		S	50	V1					
	Run Mode			St	andby M	lode			
	Select Value	Register Co			Select V	/alue	Register Co		
Vout Run Mode	0.4 V 🔹	N/V		Vout Standby M	0.4 V	*	N/V		
SW in Normal	OFF 👻	N/V		SW in Standby	OFF	*	N/V		
	Common			On Faul	lt Event l	Behavi	our		
	Select Value	Register Co			Select	Value	Register Co		
Phase	45° 🔫	N/V		Regulator after Fa	Re	*	N/V		
Current Limit per	2.1 A 🔹	N/V		SW on ILIM Fault	Dis	-	N/V		
DVS Ramp Speed	6.25 👻	N/V		SW on OV Fault	Dis	*	N/V		
Inductor Selection	1 uH 🛛 🔻	N/V		SW on UV Fault	Dis	*	N/V		
Multi-phase Ope	Sin 👻	N/V		WD Bypass Enable			N/V		
PG Enable		N/V		ILIM Event Bypass Enable			N/V		
				OV Event Bypass E			N/V		
				UV Event Bypass E			N/V		
	Write Read								

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board



SW7 is a peak current mode controlled buck regulator operating in single phase only which provides higher output voltage settings typically used for 3.3 V I/O supply.

			s١	N7		
	Run Mode			Sta	andby Mode	
	Select Value	Register Co			Select Value	Register Co
Vout	1.00 V 👻	N/V		SW in Standby	OFF 👻	N/V
SW in Normal	OFF 👻	N/V				
	Common			Or	n Fault Event	
	Select Value	Register Co			Select Value	Register Co
Phase	45° 💌	N/V		Regulator after Fault	Re 🝷	N/V
Current Limit pe	2.1 A 🛛 👻	N/V		SW on ILIM Fault	Dis 💌	N/V
				SW on OV Fault	Dis 💌	N/V
				SW on UV Fault	Dis 👻	N/V
				ILIM Event Bypass Enable		N/V
				OV Event Bypass E		N/V
				UV Event Bypass E		N/V

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Figure 23. Type 2 buck regulator

SW regulators can modify the following properties:

- Mode of operation in Run state
- Mode of operation in Standby state
- Output voltage in Run state
- Output voltage in Standby state
- The phase of its switching frequency
- Current limit
- DVS ramp rate
- · SW6 can additionally be set in VTT mode to follow the voltage on SW5

7.2.6 Sequencer tab

The sequencer tab is used to write the power-up sequence configuration of all regulators and I/Os on the PF8101/PF8201 PMIC. The sequence graph shows a graphical representation of the selected sequence.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Select all F F F F F F F F F F	us] REG: REG: REG:	fresh PWRUP_CTRL SW1_PWRUP SW2_PWRUP	Ŧ	SW1 [OFF]
F + F + F +	REG: REG:		Ŧ	
F ¥	REG:			
F 🔻			-	SW2 [OFF]
	REG:			
F 👻			Ŧ	
	REG:		Ŧ	SW5 [OFF]
F 👻	REG:		÷	
F 👻	REG:		Ŧ	SW6 [OFF]
F 👻	REG:		Ŧ	
F 👻	REG:		-	
F 👻	REG:			SW7 [OFF]
F 👻	REG:		VRUP 🚽 👻	
sequent	➡ REG:		~	LDO1 [OFF]
				LDO2 [OFF]
•				sequent • REG: PWRUP_CTRL •

In Normal mode, writing to the SEQ bits modifies the functional registers to allow a custom power down sequencing when the device is configured to power down in

custom power down sequencing when the device is configured to power down in Sequential mode. In TBB mode, writing to the SEQ bits modifies the OTP mirror register to allows a custom power up sequence when OTP/TBB operation is enabled (VDDOTP = GND).

Selecting the power down mode as *Group*, sets the PMIC to power down by groups, allowing the user to temporarily assign each regulator to one of the four power down groups, as well as configuring the group delays used during the power down event. In TBB mode, the FlexGUI grants access to the OTP mirror registers in order to configure the default value of the Group power down registers, however the user can change the power down mode later during the Normal mode if desired.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

▼ GROU	JP #1			SW1	
Group	DLY:	120 🔻 [us]		SW2	
1				SW5	
	REG:		Ŧ	SW6	
RESETB	DLY:	0 🔻 [us]		SW7	
	REG:		-	LDO1	
			_	LDO2	
				LDO3	
			<<	PGOOD	
			>>	RESETB	
► GROU	JP #2				
► GROU	JP #3				
► GROU	JP #4				

Figure 25. Group power down controls

7.2.7 Interrupt tab

The interrupt tab provides access to all the interrupts, mask and status registers in the PF8101/PF8201.

One system interrupt register is provided to work as first level detection of a physical interrupt. The system interrupt flags will be asserted only when one or more unmasked interrupts are detected in any of the second level interrupts registers and driving the INTB pin low. Interrupt events that are masked will not be notified in the system interrupt register.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

		SYS INT	
	Status	Clear	
STATUS1			
STATUS2			
MODE			
ILIM			
UV			
ov			
PWRON			
EWARN			
	Write	Read Poll	
. System interrup	ts		

At a second level, the specific interrupt flags are organized in ten registers allowing the system to identify the source of an interrupt in a maximum of three I^2C transactions.

Each interrupt event provides 3 bits to allow a flexible interrupt management scheme:

- Status bits: a red box indicates that an event on the corresponding function has occurred. Setting the clear box and writing to the registers will write a 1 to the corresponding latch, causing the interrupt latch to be cleared.
- Mask bits: checking the mask bit prevents the INTB pin to be asserted when the respective event is present.
- Sense bits: when the sense bit is green, the corresponding sense signal is low and when it is red, the corresponding sense signal is high.

Four global interrupt registers are provided to notify global system events such as thermal interrupts, I/O events, global fault events, switching regulator mode transitions, etc.

NXP Semiconductors

UM11213

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

	General	status			The	rmal status	
S	itatus Clear	Mask	Sense		Status Cle	ar M	lask Sense
VIN_OVLO		N/V		THERM_80			N/V
FSOB		N/V		THERM_95			N/V
XINTB		N/V		THERM_110			N/V
PWRDN		N/V		THERM_125			N/V
PWRUP		N/V		THERM_140			N/V
CRC		N/V		THERM_155			N/V
FREQ_RDY		N/V		FSYNC_FLT			N/V
SDWN		N/V		WDI			N/V
	Write	Poll			Write	Read	oll
	PWR	ON			S	W mode	
	Status Cle	ar Mask	Sense				
			Sense		Status Cle	ar	Mask
PWRON_PUSH			Sense	SW1_MODE	Status Cle		Mask N/V
PWRON_PUSH PWRON_REL		N/V	Sense	SW1_MODE SW2_MODE	Status Cle		
		N/V	Sense	-		1 🗌 (N/V
PWRON_REL		N/V N/V N/V		SW2_MODE			N/V N/V
PWRON_REL PWRON_1S		N/V N/V N/V		SW2_MODE			N/V N/V N/V
PWRON_REL PWRON_1S PWRON_2S		 N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V 		SW2_MODE SW3_MODE SW4_MODE			N/V N/V N/V N/V
PWRON_REL PWRON_1S PWRON_2S PWRON_3S		 N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V 		SW2_MODE SW3_MODE SW4_MODE SW5_MODE			N/V N/V N/V N/V
PWRON_REL PWRON_1S PWRON_2S PWRON_3S PWRON_4S		 N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V 		SW2_MODE SW3_MODE SW4_MODE SW5_MODE SW6_MODE			N/V N/V N/V N/V N/V

Figure 27. Global interrupts

Three interrupt registers are provided to notify specific OV, UV, and ILIM faults in the switching regulators.

	sw ov				SW I limit								
	Status Clear	Mask	Sense		St	Cl	Mas	c Se		St	Cl	Mask	Se
SW1		N/V		SW1			N/V		SW1_I			N/V	
SW2		N/V		SW2			N/V		SW2_I			N/V	
SW5		N/V		SW5			N/V		SW5_I			N/V	
SW6		N/V		SW6			N/V		SW6_I			N/V	
SW7		N/V		SW7			N/V		SW7_I			N/V	
	Write	Poll		(Write	Rei	ad	Poll		Write	Re	ad Poll	



Three interrupt registers are provided to notify specific OV, UV, and ILIM faults in the LDO regulators.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

LDO UV					LDO OV				LDO I limit					
	Sta	Cl	Mask	Se		Sta	Cl	Mask	Se		Sta	Cl	Mask	Se
LDO1			N/V		LDO1			N/V		LDO1_I			N/V	
LDO2			N/V		LDO2			N/V		LDO2_I			N/V	
LDO3			N/V		LDO3			N/V		LDO3_I			N/V	
											Write	Read	Poll	
	Write	Read	Poll		(Write	Read	Poll)					

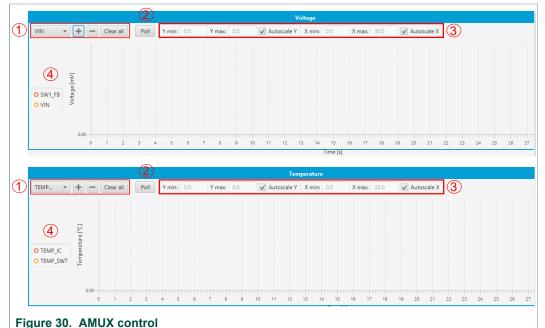


See PF8101_PF8201 data sheet for more details on the specific conditions that may cause any of the interrupt events.

7.2.8 AMUX control

The AMUX control tab provides the ability to automate the AMUX channel selection to display the reading of the selected channels through a polling cycle.

There are two measurement areas, one for voltage measurement and another for temperature measurement. The FlexGUI automatically displays the calculated value to show the real value after applying conversion and scaling factors to eliminate the need for manual calculation using the raw voltage at the AMUX pin.



1. AMUX channel selection:

- Use this drop-down list to select the channel to be added to the AMUX polling cycle.
- Use the + and buttons to add or remove signal from the polling list.
- Use the Clear All button to remove all signals from the polling list.
- 2. Start polling:

- Use the Poll button to start the polling cycle to read the AMUX channels selected in the polling list.
- 3. Display scaling:
 - Use the scaling controls to change the display scale for the AMUX measurements.
- 4. Polling list:
 - The selected channels added to this list will be added to the polling cycle in order to provide real time data for all the channels in the list.

7.3 Working with the Script editor

The script editor is a tool that enables sequential execution of commands, which can access registers, digital and analog pins of a device. The graphical interface facilitates creation and working with commands.

7.3.1 Script editor environment

The graphical interface resides in the Script editor tab, see <u>Figure 31</u>. It consists of three main parts: command generation, script area and script log.

The command generation pane assists the user in the creation of script commands. The script area contains a list of commands to be executed, one command per line. The user can write commands manually or use the command generation pane. Format of commands is described in <u>Section 7.3.2 "Definition of commands"</u>. Lastly, the script log shows the results of the script processing. A line in this pane corresponds to the same line in the script control panel.

PFBoxx Scri	ot editor		
Device:	PFBox -	Commands:	Results:
Alias:	No values 💌		
 Digital pins 			
 Analog pins 			
▶ Registers			
▶ Mode			
 Generator 			
	ommand neration	Script Area	Script Log
	4		A CONTRACTION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER
Figure 3	1. Script edit	or environment	

Following steps describe how to create and execute a simple script:

- 1. The FlexGUI must be connected to the device.
- 2. In the command help pane, choose the device for which the script is to be generated. The FlexGUI loads the appropriate values to generate the script commands (i.e. register names, pin names).

UM11213

- 3. Create commands to be executed. The user can write the command manually or utilize the command generation pane which offers valid options.
 - To automatically generate a command, select the command attributes and the tool inserts a new line into the script control pane. The write register command requires the register value in hexadecimal value (0x prefix, e.g. 0x12).
 - I/O control commands can be used to set pin high or low to generate specific events.
- 4. Execute commands using the Run button. To process the script in a loop, set Run in loop option in the script control pane and then run the script. In this case, the script is processed until the user clicks Stop.
- 5. The script log provides a summary of all the command executed in the script. Note that results are cleared when another processing begins.

The user can save or load scripts in .txt format. The execution result can also be saved or loaded from a file.

The Export button can be used to export all the SET commands in a simple hex format:

<register address>, <register value to be written>,

Use the script generation option to create the following commands:

- Read the status of a digital pin
- Set a digital pin high or low
- · Select the analog channel to read at the AMUX
- Write a register
- Read a register
- Change the operating mode
- Generate a TBB or OTP script with the data configured in the device control tabs

When working with a pre-generated script in which the device name may not match the script command ID, use the **Device alias** list to allow the FlexGUI to read commands with a different command ID (see Figure 32).

UM11213

	Device:	PF8x0	0	-	
	Device alias:	PF810	00	•	
	Digital pins				
	Pin name:	Sel	ect item	-	
	Pin value:			-	
	Analog pins				
	Pin name:		Select item	•	
	▼ Registers				
	Operation:		Write reg.	•	
	Reg. set:		functional	*	
	Reg. name/address	S:	INT_MASK1	*	
	Reg. value:		0xFf		
	▼ Mode				
	Mode:	:	Select item	-	
	Generator				
	Script:	Se	elect item 👻		
Figure 32. Script g	eneration				

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

7.3.2 Definition of commands

This section describes commands supported by the script editor and their format. All commands are listed in <u>Table 8</u>.

Table 8. Script editor commands

Description					
Sets value of a selected register					
Reads value of a selected register					
Sets value of a selected digital pin					
Gets value of a selected digital pin					
Gets value of a selected analog pin. Returned value is in mV.					

Command name	Description
PAUSE	Shows a dialog with a user defined message. The script execution is paused until the user confirms the dialog.
SET_MODE	Sets the mode of operation

7.3.3 Format of commands

General format of script editor command is as follows:

<command name>:<list of parameters separated by a colon>

Table 9 shows parameters of script editor commands. All parameters are mandatory.

Command name	1. item	2. item	3. item	4. item			
SET_REG	Device	Reg. set	Reg. name	Reg. value			
GET_REG	Device	Reg. set	Reg. name				
SET_DPIN	Device	Pin name	Pin value				
GET_DPIN	Device	Pin name					
GET_APIN	Device	Pin name					
SET_MODE	Device	Mode of operation					
PAUSE	Message						

Table 9. Parameters of script editor commands

Device	Device name/ command ID
Reg. set	Register set name. Register set enables association of registers having similar function.
Reg. name	Register name as defined in a data sheet
Reg. address	Register address in the decimal or hexadecimal (with 0x prefix) format
Reg. value	Register value in the decimal or hexadecimal (with 0x prefix) format
Pin name	Name of a digital or analog pin as defined in a device data sheet
Pin value	Value of digital pin. Allowed strings are low and high.
Mode of operation	TBB mode, Normal mode, User mode
Message	A message to be displayed in a dialog. It cannot contain the colon character, which is used as a delimiter of parameters.

8 References

- [1] KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM detailed information on this board, including documentation, downloads, and software and tools <u>http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201-KITS</u>
- [2] **PF8101/PF8201** product information on multi-channel power management integrated circuit <u>http://www.nxp.com/PF8101-PF8201</u>

9 Revision history

Revision history					
Rev	Date	Description			
v.1	20190422	Initial version			

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

10 Legal information

10.1 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

10.2 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability - Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors. In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory. Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the Terms and conditions of commercial sale of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification. Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products. NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a

default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

Suitability for use in automotive applications — This NXP Semiconductors product has been qualified for use in automotive applications. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the product is not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Evaluation products — This product is provided on an "as is" and "with all faults" basis for evaluation purposes only. NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates and their suppliers expressly disclaim all warranties, whether express, implied or statutory, including but not limited to the implied warranties of non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. The entire risk as to the quality, or arising out of the use or performance, of this product remains with customer. In no event shall NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates or their suppliers be liable to customer for any special, indirect, consequential, punitive or incidental damages (including without limitation damages for loss of business, business interruption, loss of use, loss of data or information, and the like) arising out the use of or inability to use the product, whether or not based on tort (including negligence), strict liability, breach of contract, breach of warranty or any other theory, even if advised of the possibility of such damages. Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever (including without limitation, all damages referenced above and all direct or general damages), the entire liability of NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates and their suppliers and customer's exclusive remedy for all of the foregoing shall be limited to actual damages incurred by customer based on reasonable reliance up to the greater of the amount actually paid by customer for the product or five dollars (US\$5.00). The foregoing limitations, exclusions and disclaimers shall apply to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, even if any remedy fails of its essential purpose.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

10.3 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

NXP — is a trademark of NXP B.V.

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Tables

Device support	2
Evaluation board jumper descriptions	. 11
Evaluation board test point descriptions	.12
VIN Banana connectors	. 14
SW1 through SW4 output power connector	
(J34)	. 14
	Device support Evaluation board jumper descriptions Evaluation board test point descriptions VIN Banana connectors SW1 through SW4 output power connector (J34)

	(000)
Tab. 7.	Master/slave interface connector (J3) 14
Tab. 8.	Script editor commands 43
Tab. 9.	Parameters of script editor commands44

Figures

Fig. 1.	KITPF8101FRDMEVM	/
	KITPF8201FRDMEVM	1
Fig. 2.	Evaluation board featured componen	t
	locations	5
Fig. 3.	PF8101/PF8201 system I/O	7
Fig. 4.	Voltage regulators	8
Fig. 5.	Connectors and test points	9
Fig. 6.	Onboard analog multiplexing blocks	10
Fig. 7.	Typical initial configuration	
Fig. 8.	FlexGUI launcher	20
Fig. 9.	FlexGUI connection	21
Fig. 10.	Normal mode operation	21
Fig. 11.	TBB mode operation	22
Fig. 12.	Application environment	
Fig. 13.	Menu and application toolbar	
Fig. 14.	Command log area	
Fig. 15.	Global system controls	

Fig. 16.	Device control area	
Fig. 17.	Register map	29
Fig. 18.	PMIC configuration	30
Fig. 19.	Functional safety	
Fig. 20.	LDO control	
Fig. 21.	VSNVS control	33
Fig. 22.	Type 1 buck regulators	34
Fig. 23.	Type 2 buck regulator	35
Fig. 24.	Power up/down sequencer	36
Fig. 25.	Group power down controls	37
Fig. 26.	System interrupts	
Fig. 27.	Global interrupts	
Fig. 28.	Switching regulator interrupts	39
Fig. 29.	LDO regulator interrupts	40
Fig. 30.	AMUX control	40
Fig. 31.	Script editor environment	
Fig. 32.	Script generation	

NXP Semiconductors

UM11213

KITPF8101FRDMEVM / KITPF8201FRDMEVM evaluation board

Contents

1	Introduction2
2	Finding kit resources and information on
	the NXP web site 2
2.1	Collaborate in the NXP community2
3	Getting ready2
3.1	Kit contents2
3.2	Additional hardware3
3.3	Windows PC workstation3
3.4	Software3
4	Getting to know the hardware
4.1	Kit overview3
4.1.1	Evaluation board features3
4.2	Kit featured components4
4.2.1	PF8101/PF8201: 12-channel power
	management integrated circuit for high
	performance applications5
4.2.1.1	General description5
4.2.1.2	Features6
4.3	Schematic, board layout and bill of materials6
4.4	Default jumper configurations
4.5	Test points
4.6	Connectors
4.6.1	VIN input power connector
4.6.2	Switching regulators output power
1.0.2	connectors
4.6.3	Interface connector
5	Installing and configuring software and
•	tools
5.1	Installing the Java JRE16
5.2	Installing FlexGUI software package
5.3	Uninstalling the application
5.4	Updating the PF8101/PF8201 FlexGUI
0.4	firmware
5.4.1	Flashing the FRDM-KL25Z firmware loader17
5.4.2	Flashing the FlexGUI firmware
6	Configuring the hardware for startup
6.1	Operating in Hardwire mode
6.2	Operating in TBB mode
6.2.1	Manual TBB configuration
6.2.2	Generating a TBB script
0.2.2 7	Controlling the PF8101/PF8201 using
'	FlexGUI
7.1	Application environment
7.1.1	Menu and connection toolbar
7.1.1	Command log area25
7.1.2	Global system controls
7.1.4	Status bar
7.1.4	Device control area
7.1.5	Understanding the PF8101/PF8201
1.2	workspace
7.2.1	
7.2.1	Register map
7.2.2	
1.2.3	Functional safety31

LDO regulators	32
Switching regulators	33
AMUX control	
Working with the Script editor	41
Script editor environment	41
Definition of commands	43
Format of commands	44
References	
Revision history	45
Legal information	
	Switching regulators Sequencer tab Interrupt tab AMUX control Working with the Script editor Script editor environment Definition of commands Format of commands References Revision history

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.

© NXP B.V. 2019.

All rights reserved.

For more information, please visit: http://www.nxp.com For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

Date of release: 22 April 2019 Document identifier: UM11213

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Power Management IC Development Tools category:

Click to view products by NXP manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

EVAL-ADM1168LQEBZ EVB-EP5348UI MIC23451-AAAYFLEV MIC5281YMMEEV DA9063-EVAL ADP122-3.3-EVALZ ADP130-0.8-EVALZ ADP130-1.2-EVALZ ADP130-1.5-EVALZ ADP130-1.8-EVALZ ADP1712-3.3-EVALZ ADP1714-3.3-EVALZ ADP1715-3.3-EVALZ ADP1716-2.5-EVALZ ADP1740-1.5-EVALZ ADP1752-1.5-EVALZ ADP1828LC-EVALZ ADP1870-0.3-EVALZ ADP1871-0.6-EVALZ ADP1873-0.6-EVALZ ADP1874-0.3-EVALZ ADP1882-1.0-EVALZ ADP199CB-EVALZ ADP2102-1.25-EVALZ ADP1871-0.6-1.875EVALZ ADP2102-1.8-EVALZ ADP2102-2-EVALZ ADP2102-3-EVALZ ADP2102-4-EVALZ ADP2106-1.8-EVALZ ADP2147CB-110EVALZ AS3606-DB BQ24010EVM BQ24075TEVM BQ24155EVM BQ24157EVM-697 BQ24160EVM-742 BQ24296MEVM-655 BQ25010EVM BQ3055EVM NCV891330PD50GEVB ISLUSBI2CKITIZ LM2744EVAL LM2854EVAL LM3658SD-AEV/NOPB LM3658SDEV/NOPB LM3691TL-1.8EV/NOPB LM4510SDEV/NOPB LM5033SD-EVAL LP38512TS-1.8EV