



# KMI17/4

## Rotational speed sensor

Rev. 1 — 1 September 2014

Product data sheet

## 1. Product profile

### 1.1 General description

Based on the Anisotropic MagnetoResistive (AMR) effect, the KMI17/4 detects the rotational speed of passive target wheels (i.e. having ferromagnetic teeth). This design delivers secure speed information over a wide range of speed, air gap and temperature. It delivers the speed information via a current protocol at the supply pins.

#### CAUTION



Do not press two or more products together against their magnetic forces.

### 1.2 Features and benefits

- System in package
- Two wire standard current interface
- Large range of operating terminal voltage
- Wide temperature range
- High ElectroStatic Discharge (ESD) protection
- Very low jitter
- Automotive qualified in accordance with AEC-Q100 Rev-G (grade 0)
- Customer Production Test Mode (CPTM)

### 1.3 Quick reference data

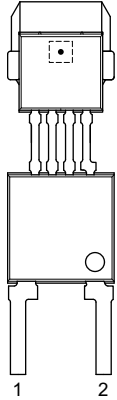
Table 1. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage	normal operation mode; $T_{amb} \leq 175\text{ °C}$ ; referred to pin GND	4.5	-	16	V
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature	normal operation mode	-40	-	+150	°C
$I_{CCL}$	LOW-level supply current		5.88	7.0	8.4	mA
$I_{CCH}$	HIGH-level supply current		11.76	14.0	16.8	mA
$f_o$	output frequency	normal operation mode	0	-	20	kHz
$d_{ST}$	start-up air gap of encoder wheel to sensor surface	after power-on; at start-up of encoder wheel	0.5	-	2.4	mm



## 2. Pinning information

Table 2. Pinning

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline
1	V <sub>CC</sub>	supply pin	
2	GND	ground pin	

## 3. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering information

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
KMI17/4	SIP2	plastic single-ended multi-chip package; magnetized ferrite magnet (4.25 × 5.2 × 3 mm); 4 interconnections; 2 in-line leads	SOT453E

### 4. Functional diagram

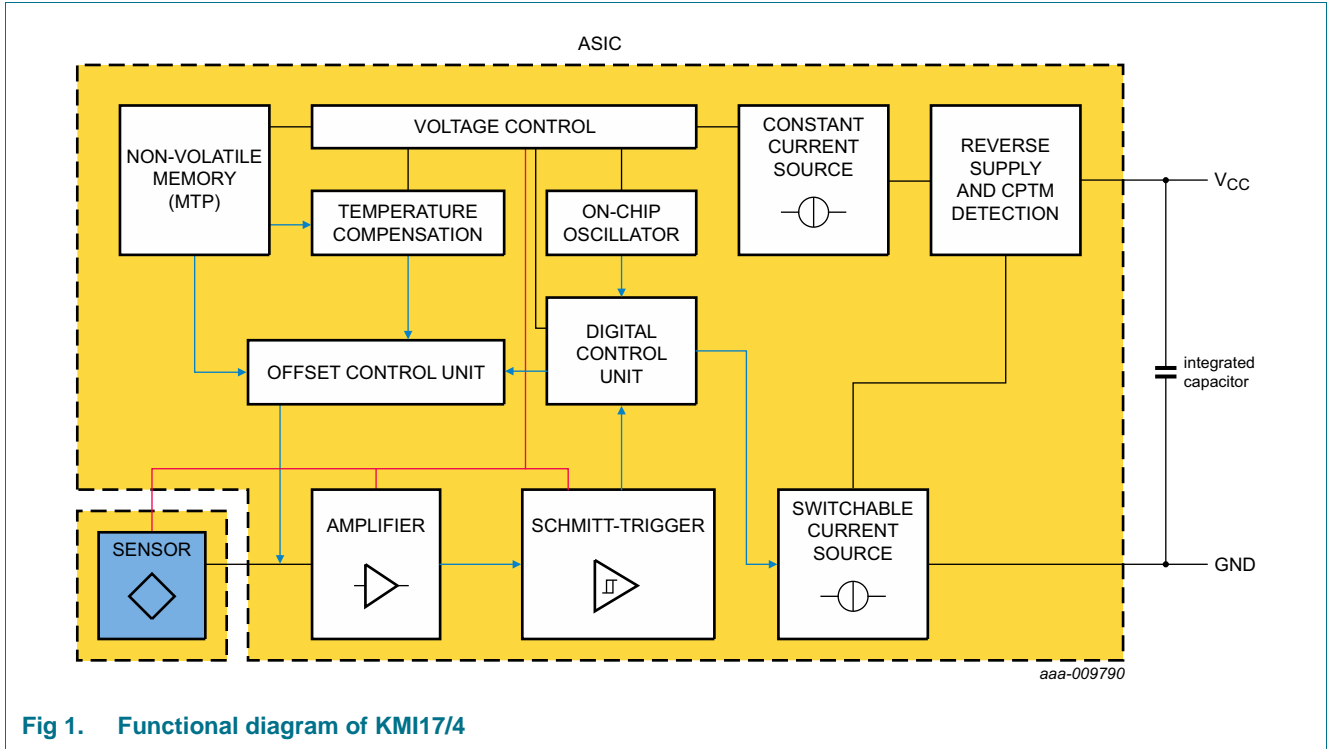


Fig 1. Functional diagram of KMI17/4

### 5. Functional description

#### 5.1 Functional principle

The KMI17/4 is sensitive to the motion of ferrous gear wheels. The functional principle is shown in [Figure 2](#). Due to the effect of flux bending, the different directions of magnetic field lines in the MR sensor element cause an electrical signal. Because of the chosen sensor orientation and the direction of ferrite magnetization the KMI17/4 is sensitive to movement in the y direction in front of the sensor only; also see [Figure 3](#).

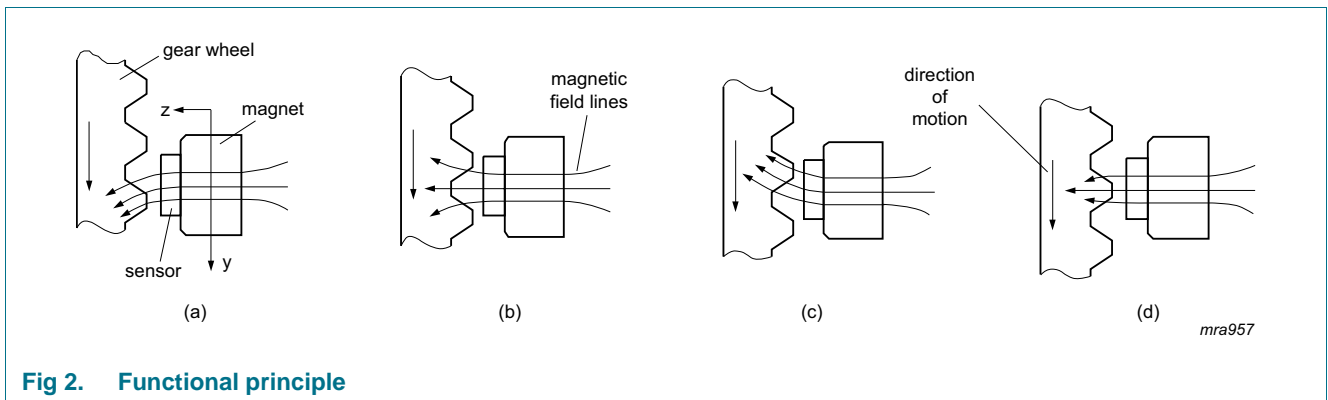
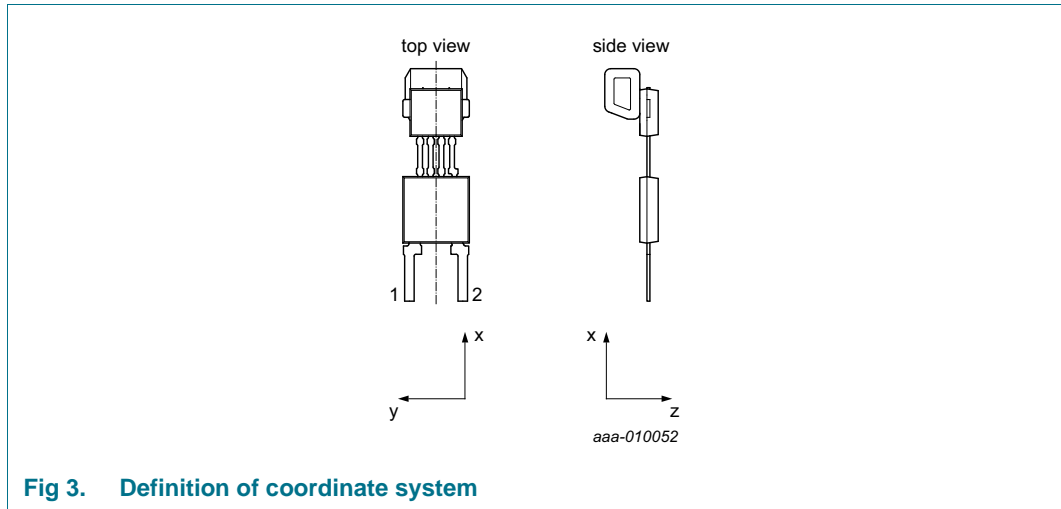
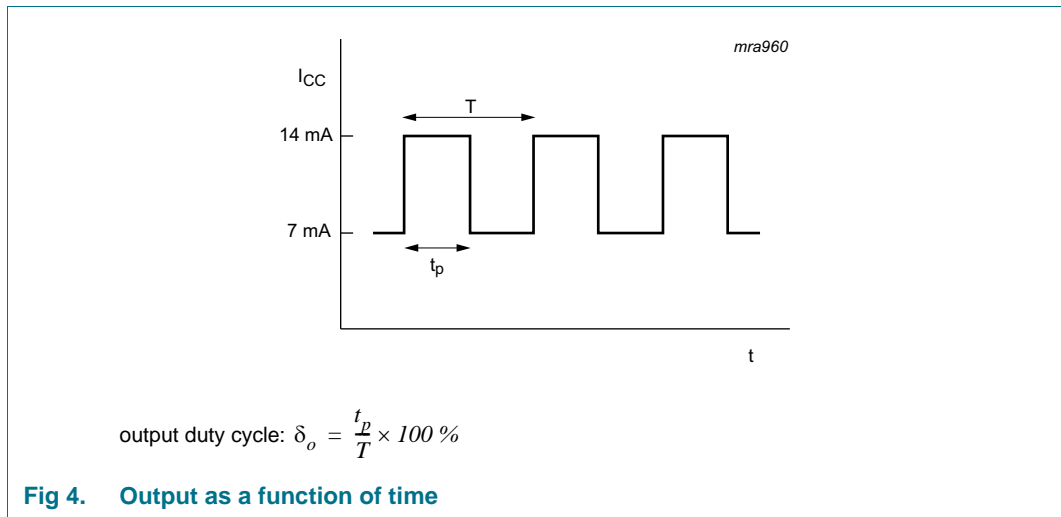


Fig 2. Functional principle



The KMI17/4 comprises an MR sensor element and an Application-Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC) for signal conditioning (see [Figure 1](#)). Within the ASIC, the sinusoidal signal coming from the MR element is amplified and passed to a Schmitt-trigger. The latter provides a conversion of the sinusoidal sensor signal into a rectangular output signal. At the output pins, this rectangular output signal is provided as a modulation of the supply current between a low level of 7 mA typically and a high level of 14 mA typically (see [Figure 4](#)). With this current interface, safe sensor signal transport to the detection circuit by using only a two-wire cable is provided. An integrated capacitor between the supply terminals provides superior performance of the sensor concerning immunity to and emission of electromagnetic disturbances.



The offset control unit provides compensation of voltage offsets, which are included in the MR bridge output due to fabrication tolerances. Therefore, during final test of each device, this offset is measured at two different temperatures and stored in the non-volatile memory. In combination with an on-chip temperature sensor, this two-point calibration allows compensation of the temperature-dependent MR bridge offset.

[Figure 7](#) shows a typical test and application circuit, where resistor  $R_L$  provides the conversion of the current signal into a voltage signal at the detection circuit.

## 5.2 Modes of operation

### 5.2.1 Start-up mode

When supply voltage has been applied between terminals  $V_{CC}$  and GND, all circuit parts of the KMI17/4 are set into a defined initial state. The offset control unit instantly applies an offset compensation voltage to the signal input. It is derived from the respective content of the non-volatile memory and the device temperature. The device then enters the normal operation mode.

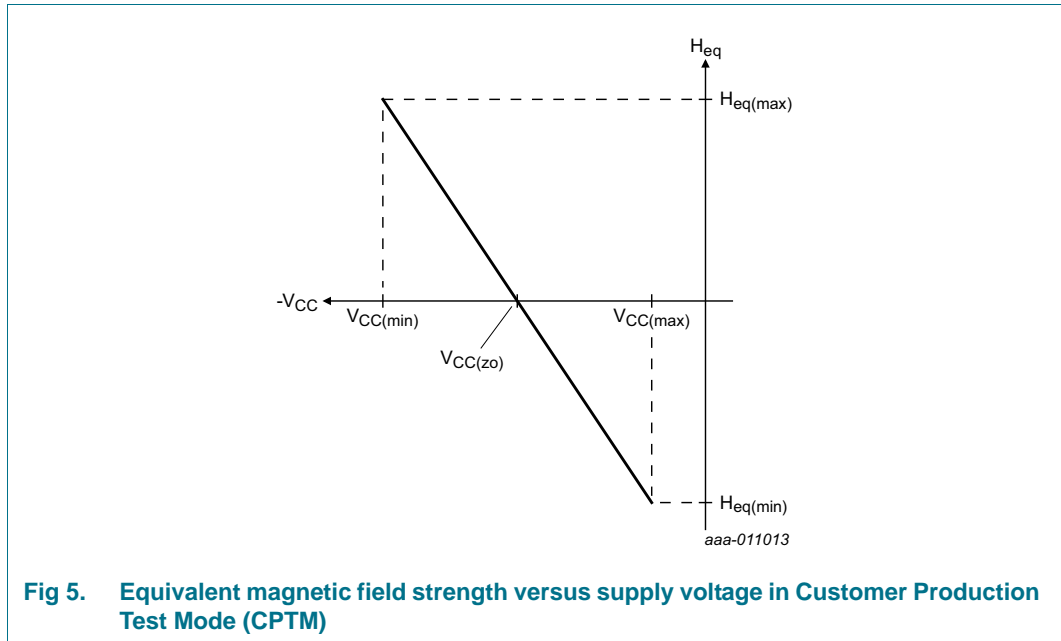
### 5.2.2 Normal operation mode

During normal operation mode, the temperature-dependent offset is continuously compensated, based on the actual chip temperature. For signal frequencies greater than 1 Hz, the offset compensation changes only by 1 bit per signal period. Therefore, additional jitter is limited. For frequencies below 1 Hz offset changes are compensated instantly. At signal frequencies greater than 16 Hz a duty cycle-dependent offset control loop is activated. This control loop monitors the duty cycle of the output signal, which should ideally (i.e. without offset) be at 50 %. In order to maintain a duty cycle of 50 %, the offset compensation is controlled. Using this measure, offsets due to external magnetic fields or eddy currents are compensated.

### 5.2.3 CPTM

CPTM is a test mode, that allows the air gap safety margin to be measured for a KMI17/4, when mounted in the application. CPTM is entered, when a negative supply voltage ( $-V_{CC}$ ) is applied to the sensor. The characteristic feature of CPTM is, that by variation of  $-V_{CC}$  a variable offset voltage is added to the sensor voltage within the ASIC. This offset voltage in turn corresponds to an equivalent magnetic offset field ( $H_{eq}$ ).

Practically, in the CPTM and while the encoder wheel is rotating,  $-V_{CC}$  should be varied, until the sensor device is just at the edge of failure. The edge of failure is just before output pulses disappear. The value of  $-V_{CC}$ , adjusted to reach this state, corresponds to the safety margin regarding magnetic offset ( $H_{eq}$ ). The relation  $-V_{CC}$  versus  $H_{eq}$  is device type specific. Finally, the magnetic offset margin corresponds to an air gap margin. The relation between magnetic offset and air gap depends on the type of encoder used. [Figure 5](#) shows the characteristic of  $H_{eq}$  versus  $-V_{CC}$  in principle.



## 6. Limiting values

**Table 4. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referred to pin GND.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage	normal operation mode			
		-40 °C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +60 °C; lifetime mission profile	-	18	V
		-40 °C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +60 °C; 5 minutes	-	28	V
		-40 °C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +150 °C; lifetime mission profile	-	16	V
		150 °C < T <sub>amb</sub> < 175 °C; 12 × 10 minutes total	-	16	V
		CPTM; 10 °C < T <sub>amb</sub> < 50 °C	-28	-	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+150	°C
		peak value; V <sub>CC</sub> < 16 V; 12 × 10 minutes total	-40	+175	°C
H <sub>ext</sub>	external magnetic field strength	-40 °C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +175 °C	-	30	kA/m

## 7. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 5. Operating conditions**

The encoder is a ferromagnetic gear wheel with a module of 2.1 mm. The module  $m$  of a gear wheel is defined as the ratio of outer diameter  $D$  and number of teeth  $N$  ( $m = D/N$ ).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage	normal operation mode; T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 175 °C; referred to pin GND	4.5	16	V
		CPTM	-27	-5	V
R <sub>L</sub>	load resistance		50	75	Ω
C <sub>L</sub>	load capacitance		-	22	nF
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature	normal operation mode	-40	+150	°C
		CPTM	10	50	°C
f <sub>o</sub>	output frequency	normal operation mode	0	20	kHz
		CPTM	-	2.5	kHz

## 8. Characteristics

**Table 6. Characteristics**

Characteristics are valid for the operating conditions specified in [Section 7](#); voltages are referred to pin GND; unless otherwise specified.

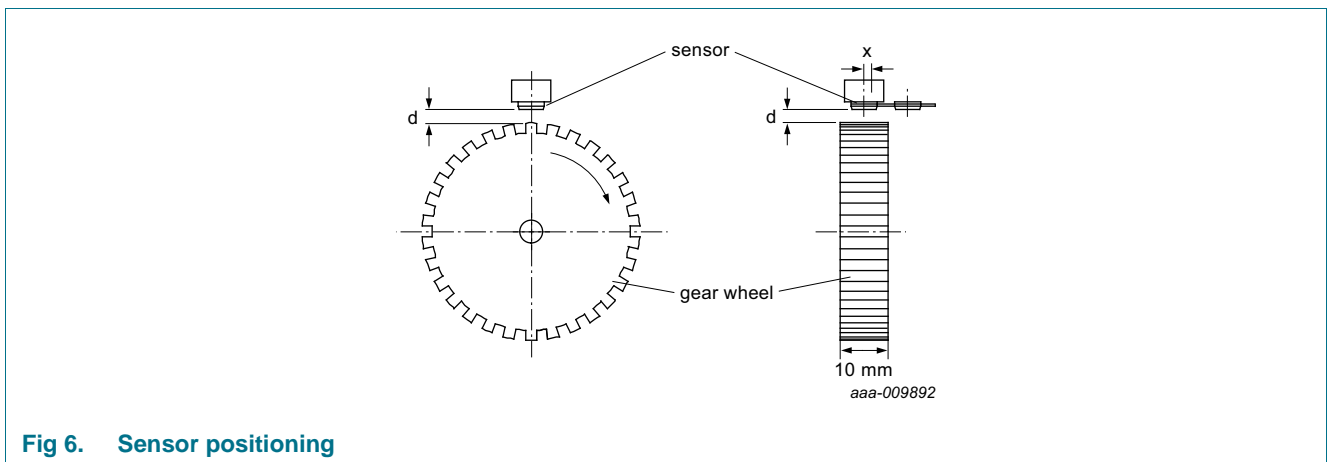
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Normal operation mode</b>						
V <sub>CC(swon)</sub>	switch-on supply voltage		[1] -	-	4.5	V
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	turn-on delay time		[2] -	-	1	ms
V <sub>CC(swoff)</sub>	switch-off supply voltage	I <sub>CC</sub> = I <sub>CCH</sub>	[1] -	-	3.8	V
		I <sub>CC</sub> = I <sub>CCL</sub>	[1] -	-	4.27	V
I <sub>CC(swoff)</sub>	switch-off supply current	V <sub>CC</sub> < 4 V	2.5	-	4.0	mA
I <sub>CCL</sub>	LOW-level supply current		5.88	7.0	8.4	mA
I <sub>CCH</sub>	HIGH-level supply current		11.76	14.0	16.8	mA
I <sub>CCH</sub> /I <sub>CCL</sub>	HIGH-level supply current to LOW-level supply current ratio		1.8	2.0	2.2	-
C <sub>itg</sub>	integrated capacitance	between supply terminals	-	2.2	-	nF
H <sub>th</sub>	magnetic field strength threshold (absolute value)	in y direction; including hysteresis and offset	-	-	300	A/m
di <sub>CC</sub> /dt	rate of change of supply current	I <sub>CCL</sub> to I <sub>CCH</sub> (10 % to 90 % and 90 % to 10 %); R <sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω; no C <sub>L</sub>	6	-	28	mA/μs
δ <sub>o</sub>	output duty cycle	H in y direction > 500 A/m	30	-	70	%
f <sub>o</sub>	output frequency	normal operation mode	0	-	20	kHz
		CPTM	-	-	2.5	kHz

**Table 6. Characteristics ...continued**

Characteristics are valid for the operating conditions specified in [Section 7](#); voltages are referred to pin GND; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Period jitter with ideal ferromagnetic encoder with a module <sup>[3]</sup> of 2.1 mm minimum and track width = 10 mm. The sensor reading point is located within a distance x of ±1 mm next to the center of the encoder track; see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>						
$\sigma(T)$	period jitter	low-field; RMS value; due to noise at large air gaps; H in y direction = 500 A/m	[4] -	-	0.5	%
		high-field; RMS value; due to noise; H in y direction = 2500 A/m; $f_o < 2.5$ kHz	[4] -	-	0.1	%
Air gap with ideal ferromagnetic encoder with a module <sup>[3]</sup> of 2.1 mm minimum and track width = 10 mm. The sensor reading point is located within a distance x of ±1 mm next to the center of the encoder track; see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>						
$d_{ST}$	start-up air gap of encoder wheel to sensor surface	after power-on; at start-up of encoder wheel	0.5	-	2.4	mm
d	air gap of encoder wheel to sensor surface	in normal mode after 10 wheel rotations	0.5	-	2.8	mm
<b>Customer Production Test Mode (CPTM)</b>						
$V_{CC(z0)}$	zero offset supply voltage	$H_{eq} = 0$ A/m	-16	-15.5	-15	V
$I_{CCL}$	LOW-level supply current		-4.0	-3.5	-	mA
$I_{CCH}$	HIGH-level supply current		-8.4	-7	-6.02	mA
$\Delta H/\Delta V_{CC}$	magnetic field strength variation with supply voltage	see <a href="#">Figure 5</a>	50	52	56	(A/m)/V

- [1] Once  $V_{CC}$  has exceeded  $V_{CC(swon)}$ , the sensor switches on and current levels and current ratios are maintained until  $V_{CC}$  falls below  $V_{CC(swoff)}$ .
- [2] After supplying more than  $V_{CC(swon)}$  to the device, it needs a turn-on delay time of  $t_{d(on)}$  to reach stable operation. A stable supply current indicates stable operation.
- [3] Module m of the gear wheel is defined as the ratio of outer diameter D and number of teeth N:  $m = D/N$ .
- [4] RMS value measured as spread of the delay between zero-crossing of the magnetic field and output of the associated speed pulse. Extra jitter is possible due to disturbances on the supply line and other non-ideal conditions.



**Fig 6. Sensor positioning**



## 9. Electromagnetic compatibility

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The following tests have verified EMC:

### 9.1 Emission

CISPR25: radiated emission, Absorber-Lined Shielded Enclosure (ALSE) method.

### 9.2 Immunity to electrical transients

Tests were carried out with external protection circuit.

- ISO 7637-2 (second edition 2004): electrical transient conduction on supply lines; test pulses 1, 2a, 3a, 3b and 5a
- ISO 7637-3: electrical transient transmission by capacitive and inductive coupling

### 9.3 Immunity to radiated disturbances

- ISO 11452-2: antenna in absorber lined shielded enclosure
- ISO 11452-4: Bulk Current Injection (BCI)
  - Substitution method and closed loop method
- ISO 11452-5: strip line
- ISO 11452-7: Direct Power Injection (DPI)
  - Differential mode and common mode

## 10. ElectroStatic Discharge (ESD)

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The following tests have verified ESD in accordance with ISO 10605:

### 10.1 Powered contact discharge

$\pm 16$  kV (C = 330 pF, R = 2 k $\Omega$ ), function performance status II

### 10.2 Unpowered contact discharge

$\pm 25$  kV (C = 150 pF, R = 330  $\Omega$ ), function performance status III

### 10.3 Powered air discharge

$\pm 8$  kV (C = 330 pF, R = 330  $\Omega$ ), function performance status II

### 10.4 Unpowered air discharge

$\pm 25$  kV (C = 330 pF, R = 330  $\Omega$ ), function performance status III

## 11. Application information

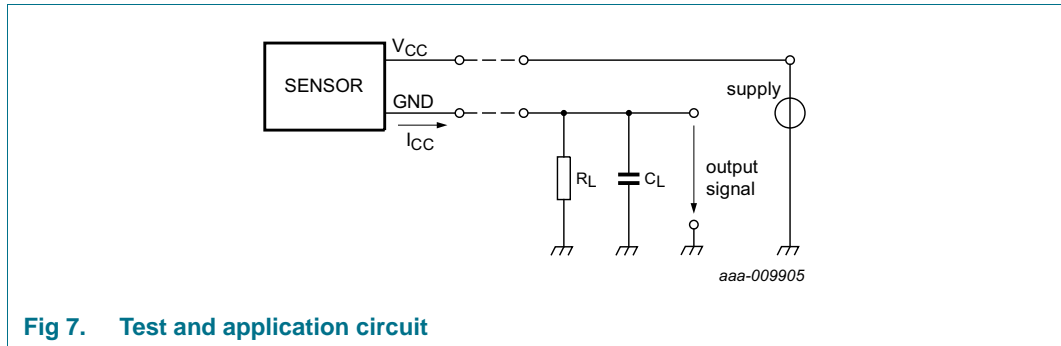


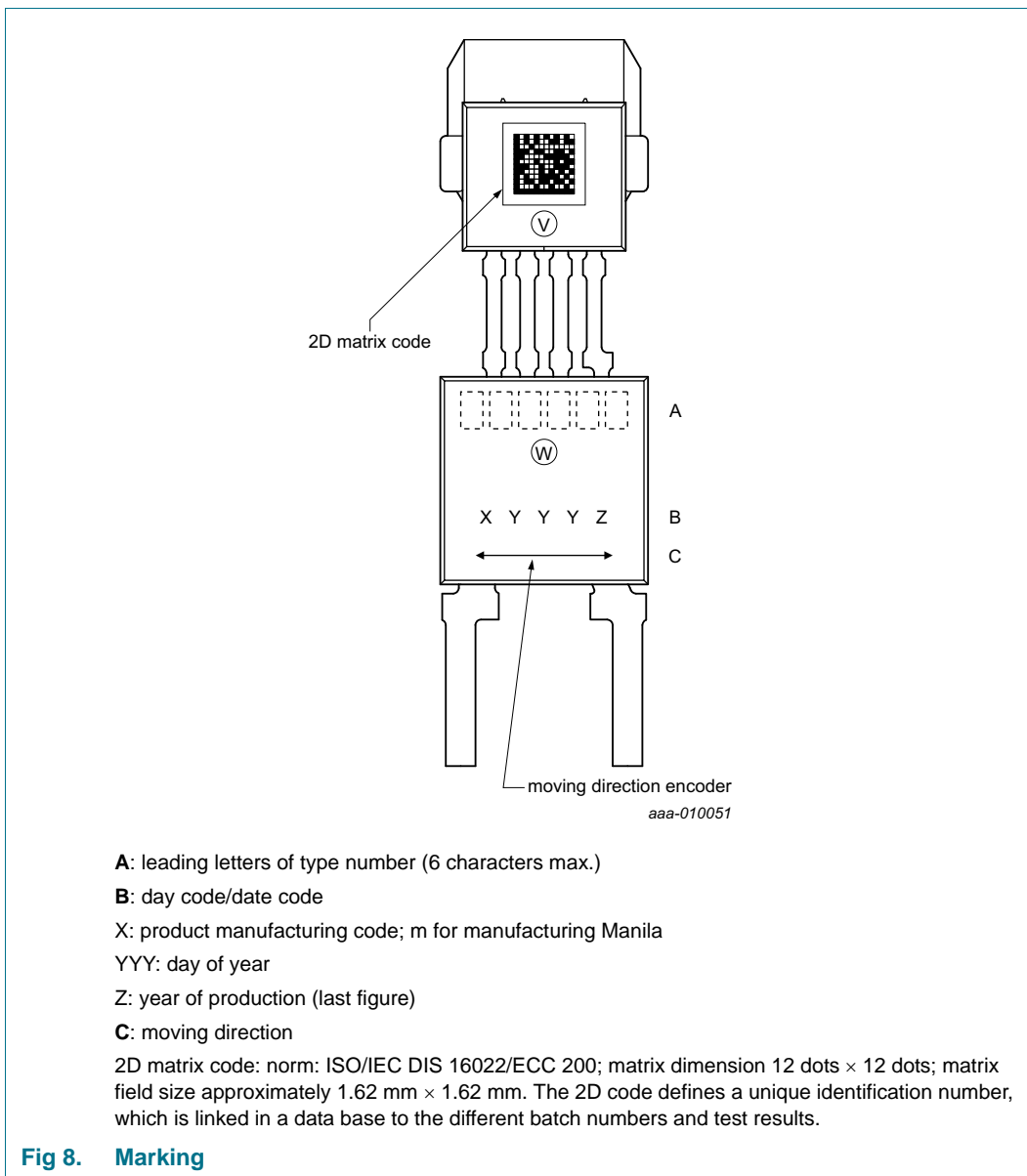
Fig 7. Test and application circuit

## 12. Test information

### 12.1 Quality information

This product has been qualified in accordance with the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 Rev-G - *Failure mechanism based stress test qualification for integrated circuits*, and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

13. Marking



14. Package outline

Plastic single-ended multi-chip package;  
magnetized ferrite magnet (4.25 x 5.2 x 3 mm); 4 interconnections; 2 in-line leads

SOT453E

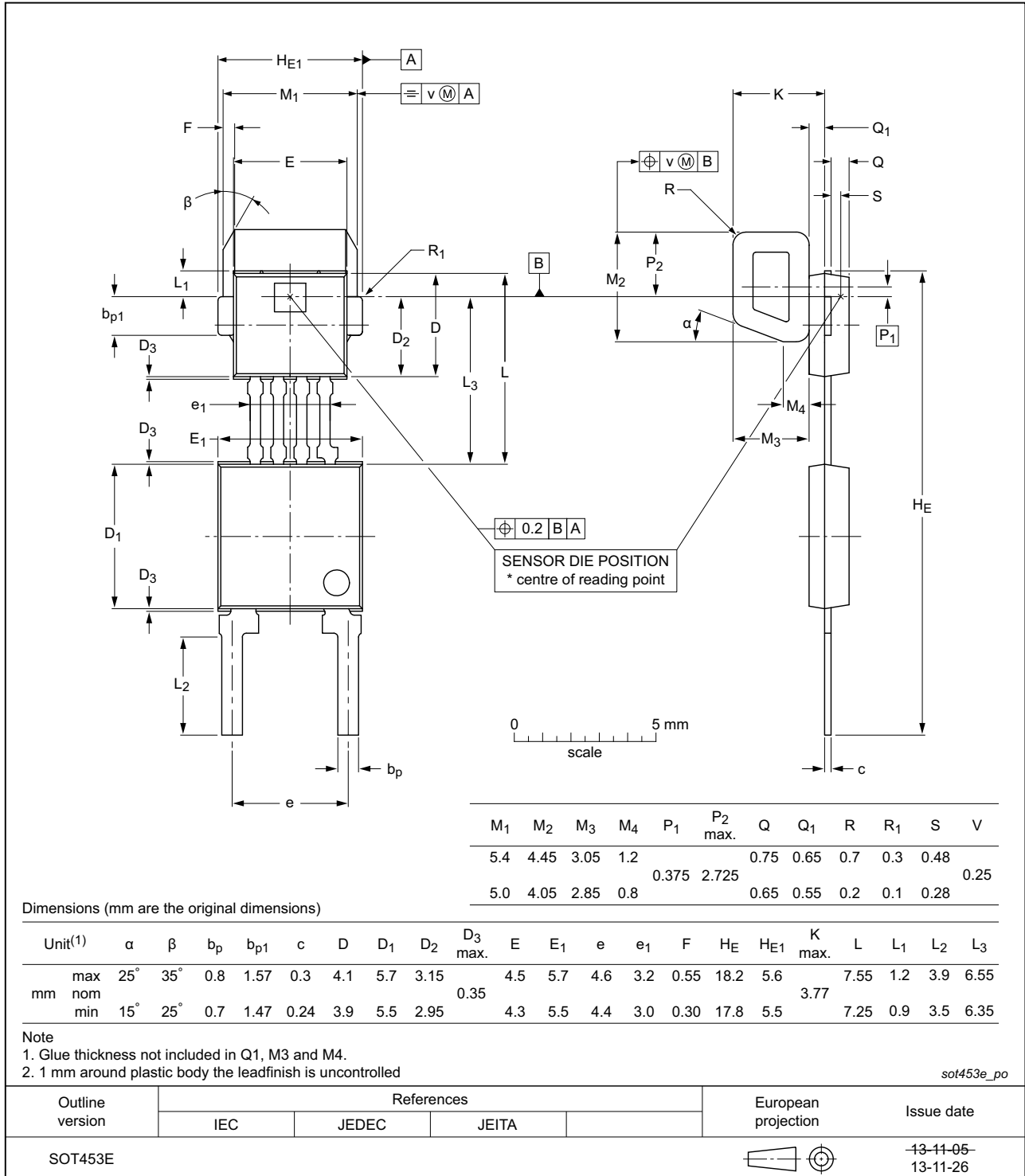
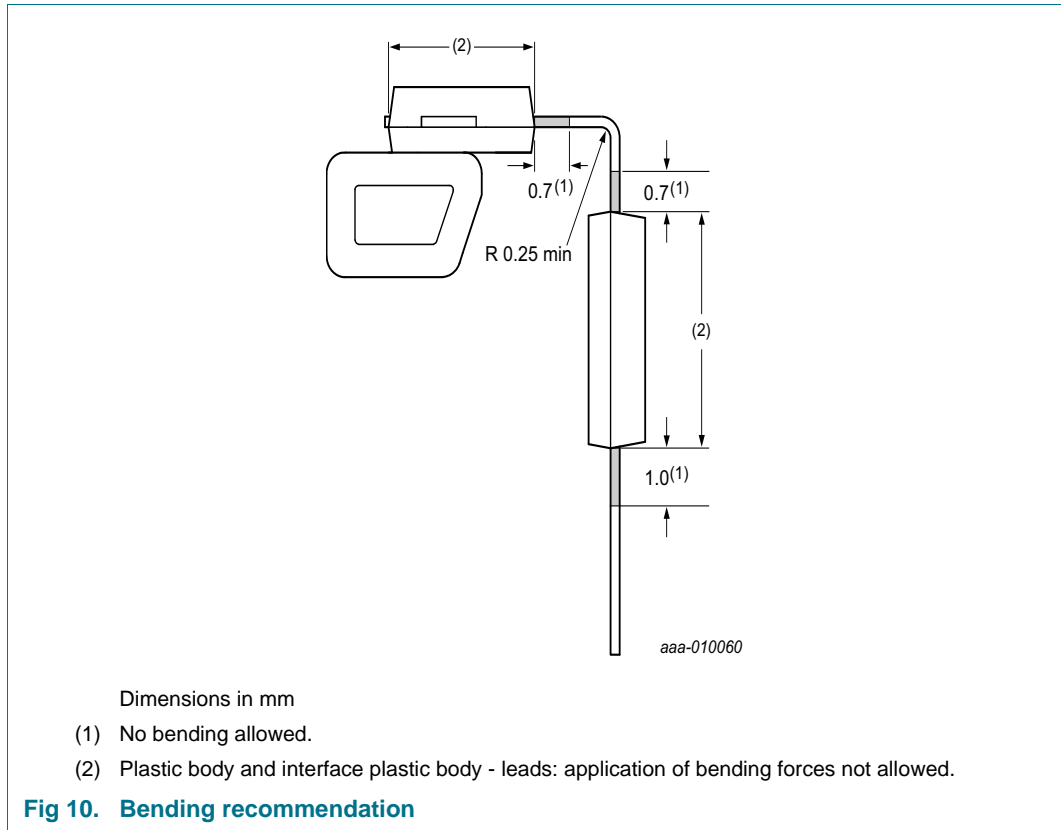


Fig 9. Package outline SOT453E

## 15. Handling information



## 16. Solderability information

Recommended soldering process for leaded devices is wave soldering. The maximum soldering temperature is 260 °C for maximum 5 s.

## 17. Revision history

Table 7. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
KMI17_4 v.1	20140901	Product data sheet	-	-

## 18. Legal information

### 18.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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