

1 General description

This device family is part of a global platform including FS5502/VR5500 (Quality Management), FS84 (fit for ASIL B) and FS85 (fit for ASIL D), pin to pin and software compatible. This data sheet covers FS5502 device only.

The FS5502 is an automotive high voltage multi-output power supply integrated circuit, with focus on radio and radar applications. It includes multiple switch mode and linear voltage regulators. It offers external frequency synchronization input and output, for optimized system EMC performance and it is qualified in compliance with AEC-Q100 rev H (Grade1, MSL3).

Several device versions are available, offering choice in number of output rails, output voltage setting, operating frequency and power up sequencing, to address multiple applications.

2 Features and benefits

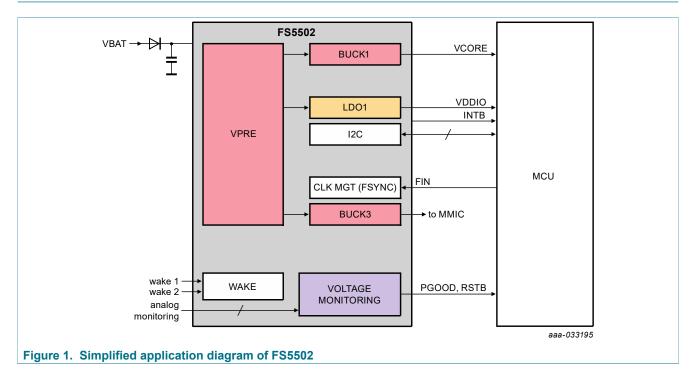
- 60 V DC maximum input voltage for 12 V and 24 V applications
- VPRE synchronous buck controller with external MOSFETs. Configurable output voltage, switching frequency, and current capability up to 10 A peak.
- Low voltage integrated synchronous BUCK1 converter, dedicated to MCU core supply with SVS capability. Configurable output voltage and current capability up to 3.6 A peak.
- Low voltage integrated synchronous BUCK3 converter. Configurable output voltage and current capability up to 3.6 A peak.
- EMC optimization techniques including SMPS frequency synchronization, spread spectrum, slew rate control, manual frequency tuning
- One linear voltage regulator for MCU IOs and ADC supply, external physical layer. Configurable output voltage and current capability up to 400 mA DC.
- OFF mode with very low sleep current (10 µA typ)
- Two input pins for wake-up detection and battery voltage sensing
- Device control via I²C interface with CRC
- Power synchronization pin to operate two FS5502 devices or FS5502 plus an external PMIC
- Three voltage monitoring circuits, dedicated interface for MCU monitoring, power good, reset and interrupt outputs
- Configuration by OTP programming. Prototype enablement to support custom setting during project development in engineering mode.



3 Applications

- Radio
- V2x
- Infotainment

4 Simplified application diagram



5 Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Part number ^[1]	Package		OTP ID		
	Name	Description	Version		
MC33FS5502Y0ES	HVQFN56	HVQFN56, plastic, thermally enhanced very thin quad flat	SOT684-23	_	
MC33FS5502Y3ES		package, no lead, wettable flanks		http://www.nxp.com/MC33FS5502Y3ES-OTP-Report	

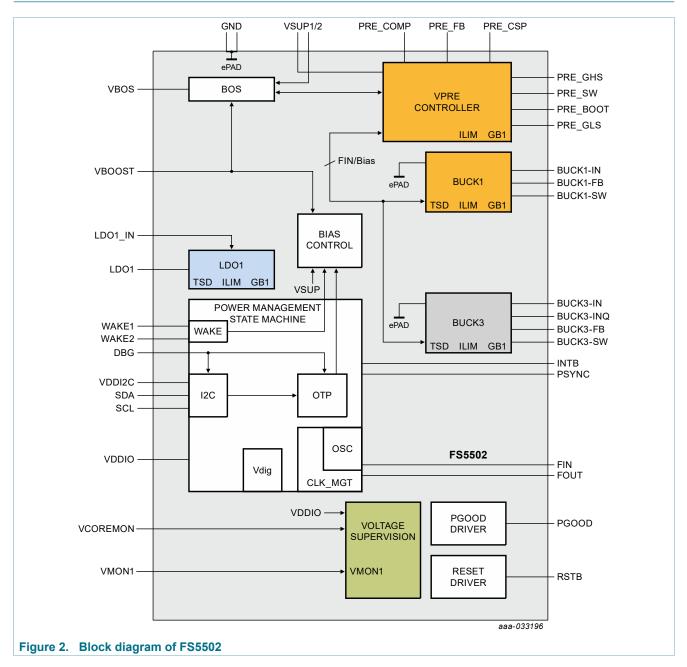
[1] To order parts in tape and reel, add the R2 suffix to the part number.

Y0 part is a non-programmed OTP configuration. Pre-programmed OTP configurations (other than BUCK regulators) will be managed through suffix Y1 to ZZ.

FS5502

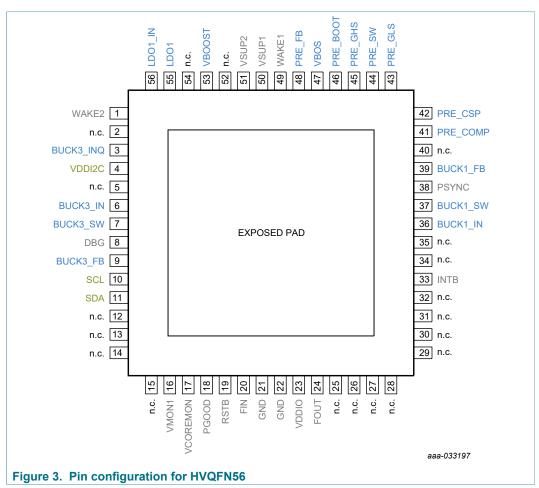
High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

6 Block diagram



7 Pinning information

7.1 Pinning



7.2 Pin description

See <u>Section 7.3</u> for connection of unused pins.

Table 2. Pin de	Table 2. Pin description								
Symbol	Pin	Туре	Description						
WAKE2	1	A_IN / D_IN	Wake-up input 2 An external serial resistor is required if WAKE2 is a global pin						
n.c.	2	n.c.	Not connected pin						
BUCK3_INQ	3	A_IN	Low voltage BUCK3 quiet input voltage						
VDDI2C	4	A_IN	Input voltage for I ² C buffers						
n.c.	5	n.c.	Not connected pin						
BUCK3_IN	6	A_IN	Low voltage BUCK3 input voltage						
BUCK3_SW	7	A_OUT	Low voltage BUCK3 switching node						
DBG	8	A_IN	Debug mode entry						
BUCK3_FB	9	A_IN	Low voltage BUCK3 voltage feedback						

Table 2. Pin description

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BUCK1_SW 37 A_OUT Low voltage BUCK1 switching node				
PSYNC 38 D_IN/OUT Power synchronization input/output				
BUCK1_FB 39 A_IN Low voltage BUCK1 voltage feedback				
n.c. 40 GND External pull down to GND				
PRE_COMP 41 A_IN VPRE compensation network				
PRE_CSP 42 A_IN VPRE positive current sense input				
PRE_GLS 43 A_OUT VPRE low-side gate driver for external MOSFE	Т			

Symbol	Pin	Туре	Description
PRE_SW	44	A_OUT	VPRE switching node
PRE_GHS	45	A_OUT	VPRE high-side gate driver for external MOSFET
PRE_BOOT	46	A_IN/OUT	VPRE bootstrap capacitor
VBOS	47	A_OUT	Best of supply output voltage
PRE_FB	48	A_IN	VPRE voltage feedback and negative current sense input
WAKE1	49	A_IN / D_IN	Wake up input 1 An external serial resistor is required if WAKE1 is a global pin
VSUP1	50	A_IN	Power supply 1 of the device An external reverse battery protection diode in series is mandatory
VSUP2	51	A_IN	Power supply 2 of the device An external reverse battery protection diode in series is mandatory
n.c.	52	n.c.	Not connected pin
VBOOST	53	A_IN	VBOOST voltage feedback Must be connected to PRE_FB
n.c.	54	n.c.	Not connected pin
LDO1	55	A_OUT	Linear regulator 1 output voltage
LDO1_IN	56	A_IN	Linear regulator 1 input voltage
EP	57	GND	Exposed pad (BUCK1 and BUCK3 low-side GNDs are connected to the expose pad)

7.3 Connection of unused pins

Table 3. Connection of unused pins

10010 0.	connection of unused pins							
Pin	Name	Туре	Connection if not used					
1	WAKE2	A_IN / D_IN	External pull down to GND					
2	n.c.	n.c.	Open					
3	BUCK3_INQ	A_IN	Open					
4	VDDI2C	A_IN	Open					
5	n.c.	n.c.	Open					
6	BUCK3_IN	A_IN	Open					
7	BUCK3_SW	A_OUT	Open					
8	DBG	A_IN	Connection mandatory					
9	BUCK3_FB	A_IN	Open					
10	SCL	D_IN	External pull down to GND					
11	SDA	D_IN/OUT	External pull down to GND					
12	n.c.	n.c.	Open					
13	n.c.	n.c.	Open					
14	n.c.	n.c.	Open					
15	n.c.	n.c.	Open					
16	VMON1	A_IN	Open – 2 M Ω internal pull down to GND, OTP_VMON1_EN=0					
17	VCOREMON	A_IN	Connection mandatory					
18	PGOOD	D_OUT	Connection mandatory					

FS5502 Product data sheet

Pin	Name	Туре	Connection if not used
19	RSTB	D_OUT	Connection mandatory
20	FIN	D_IN	External pull down to GND
21	GND	GND	Connection mandatory
22	GND	GND	Connection mandatory
23	VDDIO	A_IN	Connection mandatory
24	FOUT	D_OUT	Open – push pull structure
25	n.c.	n.c.	Open
26	n.c.	n.c.	Open
27	n.c.	GND	External pull down to GND
28	n.c.	n.c.	Open
29	n.c.	n.c.	Open
30	n.c.	n.c.	Open
31	n.c.	n.c.	Open
32	n.c.	n.c.	Open
33	INTB	D_OUT	Open – 10 k Ω internal pull up to VDDIO
34	n.c.	n.c.	Open
35	n.c.	n.c.	Open
36	BUCK1_IN	A_IN	Connection mandatory
37	BUCK1_SW	A_OUT	Connection mandatory
38	PSYNC	D_IN/OUT	External pull up to VBOS
39	BUCK1_FB	A_IN	Connection mandatory
40	n.c.	n.c.	External pull down to GND
41	PRE_COMP	A_IN	See Section 14.7 "VPRE not populated"
42	PRE_CSP	A_IN	See Section 14.7 "VPRE not populated"
43	PRE_GLS	A_OUT	See Section 14.7 "VPRE not populated"
44	PRE_SW	A_OUT	See Section 14.7 "VPRE not populated"
45	PRE_GHS	A_OUT	See Section 14.7 "VPRE not populated"
46	PRE_BOOT	A_IN/OUT	See Section 14.7 "VPRE not populated"
47	VBOS	A_OUT	Connection mandatory
48	PRE_FB	A_IN	See Section 14.7 "VPRE not populated"
49	WAKE1	A_IN / D_IN	External pull down to GND
50	VSUP1	A_IN	Connection mandatory
51	VSUP2	A_IN	Connection mandatory
52	n.c.	n.c.	Open
53	VBOOST	A_IN	Connection mandatory
54	n.c.	n.c.	Open
55	LDO1	A_OUT	Open
56	LDO1_IN	A_IN	Open
57	EP	GND	Connection mandatory

8 Functional description

The FS5502 device has two independent logic blocks. The main state machine manages the power management, the Standby mode and the wake-up sources. The fail-safe state machine manages the voltage monitoring of the power management.

8.1 Simplified functional state diagram

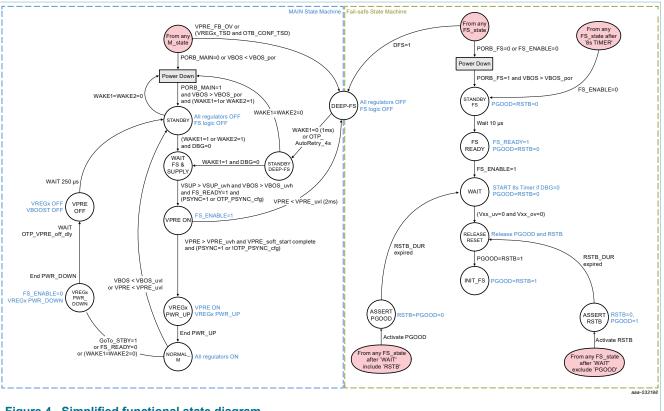


Figure 4. Simplified functional state diagram

8.2 Main state machine

The FS5502 start when VSUP > V_{SUP_UVH} and WAKE1 or WAKE2 > WAKE12_{VIH} with VBOS first, followed by VPRE, and the power-up sequencing from the OTP programming for the remaining regulators if PSYNC pin is pulled up to VBOS. If during the power-up sequence VSUP < V_{SUP_UVL} , the device goes back to Standby mode. When the power-up is finished, the main state machine is in Normal_M mode, which is the application running mode with all the regulators ON and V_{SUP_UVL} has no effect even if VSUP < V_{SUP_UVL} . See Figure 29 for the minimum operating voltage.

The power up sequence can be synchronized with another PMIC using the PSYNC pin in order to stop before or after VPRE is ON and wait for the PMIC feedback on PSYNC pin before allowing FS5502 to continue its power up sequence. If the power up sequence from VPRE ON to NORMAL_M is not completed within 1 second, the device goes back to Standby mode. VPRE restarts when VSUP > V_{SUP_UVH} and WAKE1 or WAKE2 > WAKE12_{VIH}.

The device goes to Standby mode by an I^2C command from the MCU. The device goes to Standby mode when both WAKE1 and WAKE 2 = 0. The device goes to Standby mode following the power down sequence to stop all the regulators in the reverse order of the power up sequence. VPRE shutdown can be delayed from 250 µs to 32 ms by OTP_VPRE_off_dly bit in case VPRE is supplying an external PMIC to wait its power down sequence completion.

In case of loss of VPRE (VPRE < V_{PRE_UVL}) or loss of VBOS (VBOS < V_{BOS_UVL}), the device stops and goes directly to Standby mode without power down sequence. VPRE restarts when VSUP > V_{SUP_UVH} and WAKE1 or WAKE2 > WAKE12_{VIH}.

In case of VPRE_FB_OV detection, or TSD detection on a regulator depending on OTP_conf_tsd[5:0] bits configuration, or deep fail-safe request from the fail-safe state machine when DFS = 1, the device stops and goes directly to DEEP-FS mode without power down sequence.

Exit of DEEP-FS mode is only possible by WAKE1 = 0 or after 4 s if the autoretry feature is activated by OTP_Autorety_en bit. The number of autoretry can be limited to 15 or infinite depending on OTP_Autoretry_infinite bit. VPRE restarts when VSUP > V_{SUP_UVH} and WAKE1 or WAKE2 > WAKE12_{VIH}.

8.3 Fail-safe state machine

The fail-safe state machine starts when VBOS > $V_{BOS_{POR}}$. RSTB and PGOOD pins are released and the initialization of the device is opened.

When RSTB and PGOOD pins are released, the device is ready for application running mode with all the selected monitoring activated. From now on, the FS5502 reacts by asserting the pins (PGOOD, RSTB) according to its configuration when a fault is detected.

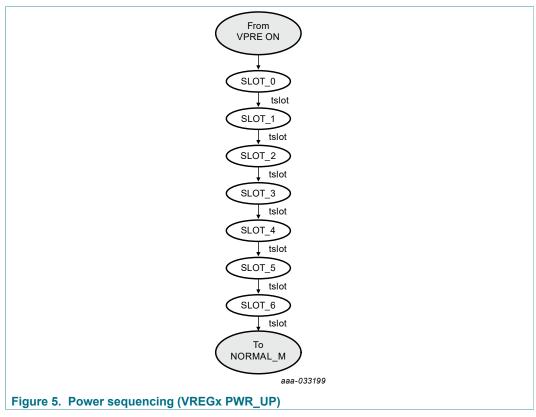
8.4 Power sequencing

VPRE is the first regulator to start automatically, before the SLOT_0. The other regulators are starting from the OTP power sequencing configuration. Seven slots are available to program the start-up sequence of BUCK1, BUCK 3 and LDO1 regulators. The delay between each slot is configurable to 250 µs or 1 ms by OTP using OTP_Tslot bit to accommodate the different ramp up speed of BUCK1 and BUCK3.

The power up sequence starts at SLOT_0 and ends at SLOT_7 while the power down sequence is executed in reverse order. All the SLOTs are executed even if there is no regulator assigned to a SLOT. The regulators assigned to SLOT_7 are not started during the power up sequence. They can be started (or not) later in Normal_M mode with an I^2C command to write in M_REG_CTRL1 register, if they are enabled by OTP.

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

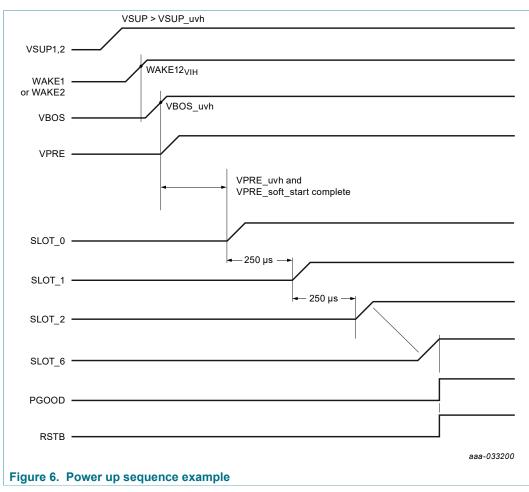


Each regulator is assigned to a SLOT by OTP configuration using OTP_VB1S[2:0] for BUCK1, OTP_VB3S[2:0] for BUCK3, and OTP_LDO1S[2:0] for LDO1.

The different soft start duration of the BUCKs and the LDO should be considered in the SLOT assignment to achieve the correct sequence.

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO



The FS5502_OTP_Mapping file used to generate the OTP configuration of the device draws the power up sequence of an OTP configuration in the OTP_conf_summary sheet.

8.5 Debug mode

The FS5502 enter in Debug mode with the sequence described in Figure 7:

- 1. DBG pin = V_{DBG} and VSUP > $V_{SUP UVH}$
- 2. WAKE1 or WAKE2 > WAKE12_{VIH}

 V_{DBG} and VSUP can come up at the same time as long as WAKE1 or WAKE2 comes up the last.

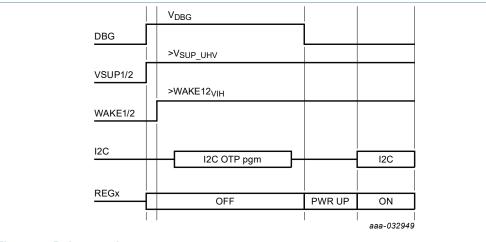


Figure 7. Debug mode entry

When the DBG pin is asserted low after T_{DBG} without I^2C command access, the device starts with the internal OTP configuration.

If V_{DBG} voltage is maintained at DBG pin, a new OTP configuration can be emulated or programmed by I²C communication using NXP FlexGUI interface and NXP socket EVB. When the OTP process is completed, the device starts with the new OTP configuration when DBG pin is asserted low. The OTP emulation/programming is possible for during engineering development only. The OTP programming in production is done by NXP only.

In OTP Debug mode (DBG = 5.0 V), the I²C address is fixed to 0x20 for the main digital access and 0x21 for the fail-safe digital access.

Table 4. Electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{DBG}	Debug mode entry threshold	4.5	—	5.5	V
T _{DBG}	Debug mode entry filtering time (minimum duration of DBG = V_{DBG} after VSUP > $V_{\text{SUP}_\text{UVH}}$ and WAKE1 or WAKE2 > WAKE12_VIH)	7.0	—	—	ms

9 Register mapping

Register	M/FS	Address						R/W	Read / Write	Reference
		Adr_5	Adr_4	Adr_3	Adr_2	Adr_1	Adr_0	l ² C		
M_FLAG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.3
M_MODE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.4
M_REG_CTRL1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.5
M_REG_CTRL2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.6
M_CLOCK	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.7
M_INT_MASK1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.8
M_INT_MASK2	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.9
M_FLAG1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.10
M_FLAG2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.11
M_VMON_REGX	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.12
M_LVB1_SVS	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	Read only	Section 10.13
M_MEMORY0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.14
M_MEMORY1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1/0	Read / Write	Section 10.15
M_DEVICEID	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	Read only	Section 10.16
FS_GRL_FLAGS	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Read only	Section 11.3
FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1/0	Write during INIT then Read only	Section 11.4
FS_I_NOT_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1/0	Write during INIT then Read only	
FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION2	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1/0	Write during INIT then Read only	Section 11.5
FS_I_NOT_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1/0	Write during INIT then Read only	
FS_I_FSSM	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1/0	Write during INIT then Read only	
FS_I_NOT_FSSM	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1/0	Write during INIT then Read only	
FS_I_SVS	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1/0	Write during INIT then Read only	Section 11.7
FS_I_NOT_SVS	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1/0	Write during INIT then Read only	
FS_OVUVREG_STATUS	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 11.8
FS_SAFE_IOS	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 11.9
FS_DIAG	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1/0	Read / Write	Section 11.10
FS_INTB_MASK	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1/0	Read / Write	Section 11.11
FS_STATES	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1/0	Read / Write	Section 11.12

10 Main register mapping

Table 5. Main writing registers overview Register name bit 23 bit 21 bit 20 bit 19 bit 18 bit 16 Logic bit 22 bit 17 bit 15 bit 14 bit 13 bit 12 bit 11 bit 10 bit 9 bit 8 Main M FLAG 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 I2C M CRC I2C M REQ M MODE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 EXT_FIN_DIS 0 0 0 W2DIS W1DIS GoToSTBY M_REG_CTRL1 VPRE_PD_DIS VPDIS RESERVED BUCK1DIS RESERVED BUCK3DIS LDO1DIS RESERVED VPEN RESERVED BUCK1EN RESERVED **BUCK3EN** LDO1EN RESERVED 0 M_REG_CTRL2 RESERVED RESERVED BUCK1TSDCFG RESERVED BUCK3TSDCEG I DO1TSDCEG RESERVED 0 0 VPRESRLS[1:0] VPRESRHS[1:0] 0 0 MOD_CONF FOUT_PHASE[2:0] M_CLOCK FOUT_MUX_SEL[3:0] FOUT EXT FIN SEL FIN DIV CLK TUNE[3:0] MOD EN CLK_SEL M INT MASK1 0 VPREOC M 0 BUCK1OC M RESERVED ВИСКЗОС М LDO10C M RESERVED RESERVED BUCK1TSD M RESERVED BUCK3TSD M LDO1TSD M RESERVED 0 0 VPRE_ FB_OV_M M_INT_MASK2 0 0 0 0 RESERVED VBOSUVH_M COM_M RESERVED VSUPUV7 0 VPREUVH VSUPUVL M VSUPUVH M WAKE1 M WAKE2 M M_FLAG1 RESERVED RESERVED VPREOC BUCK1OC RESERVED BUCK3OC LDO10C RESERVED RESERVED 0 RESERVED RESERVED BUCK1OT RESERVED BUCK3OT LDO10T VPRE FB OV VSUPUV7 M FLAG2 0 0 0 0 0 0 VPREUVL VPREUVH VSUPUVL VSUPUVH 0 0 WK2FLG WK1FLG M_VMON_REGX 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 VMON1 REG[2:0] 0 0 0 M MEMORY0 MEMORY0[15:0] M_MEMORY1 MEMORY1[15:0]

10.1 Main writing registers overview

10.2 Main reading registers overview

Table 6. Main reading registers overview Logic **Register name** bit 23 bit 22 bit 21 bit 20 bit 19 bit 18 bit 13 bit 12 bit 11 bit 15 bit 14 bit 10 Main M FLAG COM ERR WU G VPRE G RESERVED VBUCK1 G RESERVED RESERVED 0 0 ٥ 0 0 M_MODE RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED EXT_FIN_ RESERVED MAIN_NORMAL RESERVED RESERVED W2DIS SEL_RT M REG CTRL1 VPRE PD DIS VPDIS RESERVED BUCK1DIS RESERVED BUCK3DIS VPFN RESERVED BUCK1EN RESERVED BUCK3EN 0 RESERVED RESERVED BUCK3TSDCEG M REG CTRL2 RESERVED BUCK1TSDCFG I DO1TSDCEG RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED VPRESRLS[1:0] RESERVED M_CLOCK MOD_CONF FOUT_MUX_SEL[3:0] FOUT_PHASE[2:0] FOUT RESERVED CLK TUNE[3:0] FIN DIV MOD EN CLK_SEL M_INT_MASK1 RESERVED VPREOC_M RESERVED BUCK1OC_M RESERVED BUCK3OC_M RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED BUCK1TSD M RESERVED BUCK3TSD M LDO1TSD M M_INT_MASK2 RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED VBOSUVH_M

FS5502 **Product data sheet** RESERVED

VSUPUV7 M

VPREUVH M

VSUPUV M

VSUPUVH M

RESERVED

bit 17

bit 9

VBUCK3 G

12C M CRC

RESERVED

W1DIS

LDO1DIS

I DO1EN

LDO10C_M

COM_M

WAKE1 M

bit 16

bit 8

VLDO1 G

I2C_M_REQ

PLL_LOCK_RT

RESERVED

RESERVED

RESERVED

RESERVED

RESERVED

RESERVED

VPRE_ FB_OV_M

WAKE2 M

VPRESRHS[1:0]

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Logic	Register name	bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16				
		bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8				
	M_FLAG1	VBOSUVH	RESERVED	VPREOC	BUCK1OC	RESERVED	BUCK3OC	LDO10C	RESERVED				
		CLK_FIN_ DIV_OK	RESERVED	RESERVED	BUCK1OT	RESERVED	BUCK3OT	LDO10T	RESERVED				
	M_FLAG2	VPRE_FB_OV	VSUPUV7	RESERVED	BUCK1_ST	RESERVED	BUCK3_ST	LDO1_ST	RESERVED				
		VPREUVL	VPREUVH	VSUPUVL	VSUPUVH	WK2RT	WK1RT	WK2FLG	WK1FLG				
	M_VMON_REGX	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED				
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		VMON1_REG[2:0]					
	M_LVB1_SVS	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED				
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			LVB1_SVS[4:0]						
	M_MEMORY0	MEMORY0[15:0]											
	M_MEMORY1	MEMORY1[15:0]											
	M_DEVICEID		FM_R	MM_R	EV[3:0]								
			M_DEVICEID[7:0]										

10.3 M_FLAG register

Fable 7. M_FLAG register bit allocation									
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	
Write	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Read	COM_ERR	WU_G	VPRE_G	RESERVED	VBUCK1_G	RESERVED	VBUCK3_G	VLDO1_G	
Reset	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
Write	0	0	0	0	0	0	I2C_M_CRC	I2C_M_REQ	
Read	RESERVED	0	0	0	0	0	I2C_M_CRC	I2C_M_REQ	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 8. M_FLAG register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description					
23	COM_ERR	Report an error in the Communication (I ² C) COM_ERR = I2C_M_CRC or I2C_M_REQ or FS_COM_G					
		0 No failure					
		1 Failure					
		Reset condition: Real time information - cleared when all individual bits are cleared					
22	WU_G	Report a wake-up event by WAKE1 or WAKE2 WU_G = WK1FLG or WK2FLG					
		0 No wake event					
		1 Wake event					
		Reset condition: Real time information - cleared when all individual bits are cleared					
21	VPRE_G	Report an event on VPRE (status change or failure) VPRE_G = VPREOC or VPREUVH or VPREUVL or VPRE_FB_OV					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: Real time information - cleared when all individual bits are cleared					

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	Symbol	Description					
19	VBUCK1_G	Report an event on BUCK1 (status change or failure) VBUCK1_G = BUCK1OC or BUCK1OT					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: Real time information - cleared when all individual bits are cleared					
17	VBUCK3_G	Report an event on BUCK3 (status change or failure) VBUCK3_G = BUCK3OC or BUCK3OT					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: Real time information - cleared when all individual bits are cleared					
16	VLDO1_G	Report an event on LDO1 (status change or failure) VLDO1_G = LDO1OC or LDO1OT					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: Real time information					
9	I2C_M_CRC	Main domain I ² C communication CRC issue					
		0 No error					
		1 Error detected in the I ² C CRC					
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)					
8	I2C_M_REQ	Invalid main domain I ² C access (wrong Write or Read, Write to INIT registers in normal mode, wrong address)					
		0 No error					
		1 I ² C violation					
		Reset condition: POR / clear on Write (write 1)					

10.4 M_MODE register

Table 9. M_MODE register bit allocation								
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	PLL_ LOCK_RT
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		-					-	
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	0	EXT_ FIN_DIS	0	0	0	W2DIS	W1DIS	GoToSTBY
Read	EXT_FIN_ SEL_RT	RESERVED	MAIN_ NORMAL	RESERVED	RESERVED	W2DIS	W1DIS	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

FS5502 Product data sheet

Bit	Symbol	Description			
16	PLL_LOCK_RT	Real time status of the PPL			
		0 PLL not locked			
		1 PLL locked			
		Reset condition: POR			
15	EXT_FIN_SEL_RT	Real time status of FIN clock selection			
		0 Internal clock oscillator is selected			
		1 External FIN clock is selected			
		Reset condition: POR			
14	EXT_FIN_DIS	Disable request of EXT FIN selection at PLL input			
		0 No effect			
		1 Disable FIN selection			
		Reset condition: POR			
13	MAIN_NORMAL	Main state machine status			
		0 Main state machine is not in Normal mode			
		1 Main state machine is in Normal mode			
		Reset condition: POR			
10	W2DIS	WAKE2 wake up disable			
		0 wake up enable			
		1 wake up disable			
		Reset condition: POR			
9	W1DIS	WAKE1 wake up disable			
		0 Wake up enable			
		1 Wake up disable			
		Reset condition: POR			
8	GOTOSTBY	Standby mode request			
		0 Device remains in current state			
		1 Device enters in Standby mode			
		Reset condition: n.a.			

Table 10. M_MODE register bit description

10.5 M_REG_CTRL1 register

Table 11. M	_REG_CTRL1 reg	ister bit allo	cation					
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	VPRE_PD_DIS	VPDIS	0	BUCK1DIS	0	BUCK3DIS	LDO1DIS	0
Read	VPRE_PD_DIS	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	0	VPEN	0	BUCK1EN	0	BUCK3EN	LDO1EN	0
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

FS5502 Product data sheet

FS5502

Bit	Symbol	Description			
23	VPRE_PD_DIS	Force disable of VPRE pull down			
		0 No effect (VPRE pull down is automatically controlled by the logic)			
		1 VPRE pull down disable request			
		Reset condition: POR			
22	VPDIS	Disable request of VPRE			
		0 No effect (regulator remains in existing state)			
		1 VPRE disable request			
		Reset condition: POR			
20	BUCK1DIS	Disable request of BUCK1			
		0 No effect (regulator remains in existing state)			
		1 BUCK1 disable request			
		Reset condition: POR			
18	BUCK3DIS	Disable request of BUCK3			
		0 No effect (regulator remains in existing state)			
		1 BUCK3 disable request			
		Reset condition: POR			
17	LDO1DIS	Disable request of LDO1			
		0 No effect (regulator remains in existing state)			
		1 LDO1 disable request			
		Reset condition: POR			
14	VPEN	Enable request of VPRE			
		0 No effect (regulator remains in existing state)			
		1 VPRE enable request (after a VPDIS request)			
		Reset condition: POR			
12	BUCK1EN	Enable request of BUCK1			
		0 No effect (regulator remains in existing state)			
		1 BUCK1 enable request			
		Reset condition: POR			
10	BUCK3EN	Enable request of BUCK3			
		0 No effect (regulator remains in existing state)			
		1 BUCK3 enable request			
		Reset condition: POR			
9	LDO1EN	Enable request of LDO1			
		0 No effect (regulator remains in existing state)			
		1 LDO1 enable request			
		Reset condition: POR			

Table 12. M_REG_CTRL1 register bit description

10.6 M_REG_CTRL2 register

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	0	0	0	BUCK1T SDCFG	0	BUCK3T SDCFG	LDO1T SDCFG	0
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	BUCK1T SDCFG	RESERVED	BUCK3T SDCFG	LDO1T SDCFG	RESERVED
Reset	OTP	OTP	OTP	OTP	OTP	OTP	OTP	OTP
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	0	0	0	VPRES	RLS[1:0]	0	VPRES	RHS[1:0]
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VPRESRLS[1:0]		RESERVED	VPRES	RHS[1:0]
Reset	0	0	0	1	1	0	OTP	OTP

Table 13. M_REG_CTRL2 register bit allocation

Table 14. M_REG_CTRL2 register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description
20	BUCK1TSDCFG	BUCK1 behavior in case of TSD
		0 Regulator shutdown
		1 Regulator shutdown and state machine transition to DEEP-FS
		Reset condition: POR
18	BUCK3TSDCFG	BUCK3 behavior in case of TSD
		0 Regulator shutdown
		1 Regulator shutdown and state machine transition to DEEP-FS
		Reset condition: POR
17	LDO1TSDCFG	LDO1 behavior in case of TSD
		0 Regulator shutdown
		1 Regulator shutdown and state machine transition to DEEP-FS
		Reset condition: POR
12 to 11	VPRESRLS[1:0]	VPRE low-side slew rate control
		00 130 mA typical drive capability - slow
		01 260 mA typical drive capability - medium
		10 520 mA typical drive capability - fast
		11 900 mA typical drive capability - ultra fast
		Reset condition: POR
9 to 8	VPRESRHS[1:0]	VPRE high-side slew rate control
		00 130 mA typical drive capability - slow
		01 260 mA typical drive capability - medium
		10 520 mA typical drive capability - fast
		11 900 mA typical drive capability - ultra fast
		Reset condition: POR

Fable 15. M_CLOCK register bit allocation								
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	MOD_CONF		FOUT_MU	X_SEL[3:0]		F	OUT_PHASE[2:	0]
Read	MOD_CONF		FOUT_MUX_SEL[3:0] F				OUT_PHASE[2:	0]
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
								·
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	FOUT_ CLK_SEL	EXT_ FIN_SEL	FIN_DIV	MOD_EN	CLK_TUNE[3 :0]			
Read	FOUT_ CLK_SEL	RESERVED	FIN_DIV	MOD_EN	CLK_TUNE[3 :0]			
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

10.7 M_CLOCK register

Table 16. M_CLOCK register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description					
23	MOD_CONF	Modulation configuration of main oscillator					
		0 range ± 5 % 23 kHz					
		1 range ± 5 % 94 kHz					
		Reset condition: POR					
22 to 19	FOUT_MUX_SEL[3:0]	See Table 68					
18 to 16	FOUT_PHASE[2:0]	FOUT phase shifting configuration (see Section 18.2 "Phase shifting")					
		000 No shift					
		001 Shifted by 1 clock cycle of CLK running at 20 MHz					
		010 Shifted by 2 clock cycle of CLK running at 20 MHz					
		011 Shifted by 3 clock cycle of CLK running at 20 MHz					
		100 Shifted by 4 clock cycle of CLK running at 20 MHz					
		101 Shifted by 5 clock cycle of CLK running at 20 MHz					
		110 Shifted by 6 clock cycle of CLK running at 20 MHz					
		111 Shifted by 7 clock cycle of CLK running at 20 MHz					
		Reset condition: POR					
15	FOUT_CLK_SEL	FOUT_clk frequency selection (CLK1 or CLK2)					
		0 FOUT_clk = CLK1					
		1 FOUT_clk = CLK2					
		Reset condition: POR					
14	EXT_FIN_SEL	Enable request of EXT FIN selection at PLL input					
		0 No effect					
		1 FIN selection request					
		Reset condition: POR					

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	Symbol	Description
13	FIN_DIV	FIN input signal divider selection
		0 Divider by 1
		1 Divider by 6
		Reset condition: POR
12	MOD_EN	Modulation activation of main oscillator
		0 Modulation disabled
		1 Modulation enabled
		Reset condition: POR
11 to 8	CLK_TUNE[3:0]	See <u>Table 67</u>

10.8 M_INT_MASK1 register

Fable 17. M_INT_MASK1 register bit allocation								
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	0	VPREOC_M	0	BUCK1OC_ M	0	BUCK3OC_ M	LDO1OC_M	0
Read	RESERVED	VPREOC_M	RESERVED	BUCK1OC_ M	RESERVED	BUCK3OC_ M	LDO1OC_M	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	0	0	0	BUCK1TSD_ M	0	BUCK3TSD_ M	LDO1TSD_M	0
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	BUCK1TSD_ M	RESERVED	BUCK3TSD_ M	LDO1TSD_M	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 18. M_INT_MASK1 register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description
22	VPREOC_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for VPRE overcurrent
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
20	BUCK1OC_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for BUCK1 overcurrent
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
18	BUCK3OC_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for BUCK3 overcurrent
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR

FS5502 Product data sheet

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	Symbol	Description
17	LDO1OC_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for LDO1 overcurrent
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
12	BUCK1TSD_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for BUCK1 overtemperature shutdown event
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
10	BUCK3TSD_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for BUCK3 overtemperature shutdown event
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
9	LDO1TSD_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for LDO1 overtemperature shutdown event
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR

10.9 M_INT_MASK2 register

Table 19. M_INT_MASK2 register bit allocation

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	0	0	0	0	0	VBOSUVH_ M	COM_M	VPRE_ FB_OV_M
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VBOSUVH_ M	COM_M	VPRE_ FB_OV_M
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				·	·			
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	0	VSUPUV7_M	0	VPREUVH_ M	VSUPUVL_M	VSUPUVH_ M	WAKE1_M	WAKE2_M
Read	RESERVED	VSUPUV7_M	RESERVED	VPREUVH_ M	VSUPUVL_M	VSUPUVH_ M	WAKE1_M	WAKE2_M
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 20. M_INT_MASK2 register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description
18	VBOSUVH_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for VBOS_UVH any transition
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR

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FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	Symbol	Description
17	COM_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for COM any transition
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
16	VPRE_FB_OV_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for VPRE_FB_OV
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
14	VSUPUV7_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for VSUP_UV7
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
12	VREUVH_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for VSUP_UVH
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
11	VSUPUVL_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for VSUP_UVL
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
10	VSUPUVH_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for VPRE_UVH
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
9	WAKE1_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for WAKE1 any transition
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR
8	WAKE2_M	Inhibit INTERRUPT for WAKE2 any transition
		0 INT not masked
		1 INT masked
		Reset condition: POR

10.10 M_FLAG1 register

Table 21. M_FLAG1 register bit allocation								
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	VBOSUVH	0	VPREOC	BUCK1OC	0	BUCK3OC	LDO10C	0
Read	VBOSUVH	RESERVED	VPREOC	BUCK1OC	RESERVED	BUCK3OC	LDO10C	RESERVED
Reset	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

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High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	0	0	0	BUCK1OT	0	BUCK3OT	LDO10T	0
Read	CLK_FIN_ DIV_OK	RESERVED	RESERVED	BUCK1OT	RESERVED	BUCK3OT	LDO1OT	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 22. M_FLAG1 register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description					
23	VBOSUVH	VBOS undervoltage high event (falling)					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)					
21	VPREOC	VPRE overcurrent event					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)					
20	BUCK10C	BUCK1 overcurrent event					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)					
18	BUCK3OC	BUCK3 overcurrent					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)					
17	LDO10C	LDO1 overcurrent					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)					
15	CLK_FIN_DIV_OK	CLK_FIN_DIV monitoring					
		0 Not OK: FIN _{ERR_LONG} < CLK_FIN_DIV deviation < FIN _{ERR_SHORT}					
		1 OK: FIN _{ERR_SHORT} < CLK_FIN_DIV deviation < FIN _{ERR_LONG}					
		Reset condition: Real time information					
12	BUCK1OT	BUCK1 overtemperature shutdown event					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)					
10	BUCK3OT	BUCK3 overtemperature shutdown event					
		0 No event					
		1 Event occurred					
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)					

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	Symbol	Description			
9	LDO1OT	LDO1 overtemperature shutdown event			
		0 No event			
		1 Event occurred			
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)			

10.11 M_FLAG2 register

Table 23. M	FLAG2 regis	ter bit allocat	ion					
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	VPRE_ FB_OV	VSUPUV7	0	0	0	0	0	0
Read	VPRE_ FB_OV	VSUPUV7	RESERVED	BUCK1_ST	RESERVED	BUCK3_ST	LDO1_ST	RESERVED
Reset	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	VPREUVL	VPREUVH	VSUPUVL	VSUPUVH	0	0	WK2FLG	WK1FLG
Read	VPREUVL	VPREUVH	VSUPUVL	VSUPUVH	WK2RT	WK1RT	WK2FLG	WK1FLG
Reset	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1

Note: Reset value for FS5502, wake up by Wake1, all regulators started by default during power up sequence.

Table 24. M_FLAG2 register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description
23	VPRE_FB_OV	VPRE_FB_OV event
		0 No event
		1 Event occurred
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)
22	VSUPUV7	VSUP_UV7 event
		0 No event
		1 Event occurred
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)
20	BUCK1_ST	BUCK1 state
		0 Regulator OFF
		1 Regulator ON
		Reset condition: Real time information
18	BUCK3_ST	BUCK3 state
		0 Regulator OFF
		1 Regulator ON
		Reset condition: Real time information

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	Symbol	Description
17	LDO1_ST	LDO1 state
		0 regulator OFF
		1 regulator ON
		Reset condition: Real time information
15	VPREUVL	VPRE_UVL event
		0 No event
		1 Event occurred
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)
14	VPREUVH	VPRE_UVH event
		0 No event
		1 Event occurred
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)
13	VSUPUVL	VSUP_UVL event
		0 No event
		1 Event occurred
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)
12	VSUPUVH	VSUP_UVH event
		0 No event
		1 Event occurred
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)
11	WK2RT	Report event: WAKE2 real time state
		0 WAKE2 is low level
		1 WAKE2 is high
		Reset condition: Real time information
10	WK1RT	Report event: WAKE1 real time state
		0 WAKE1 is low level
		1 WAKE1 is high
		Reset condition: Real time information
9	WK2FLG	WAKE2 wake up source flag
		0 No event
		1 Event occurred
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)
8	WK1FLG	WAKE1 wake up source flag
		0 No event
		1 Event occurred
		Reset condition: POR / Clear on Write (write 1)

10.12 M_VMON_REGx register

Table 25. M_VMON_REGx register bit allocation								
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	0	0	0	0	0	V	MON1_REG[2:0	0]
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_REG[2:0]		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 25. M_VMON_REGx register bit allocation

Table 26. M_VMON_REGx register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description
10 to 8	VMON1_REG[2:0]	Regulator assignment to VMON1
		000 External regulator
		001 VPRE
		010 LDO1
		011 RESERVED
		100 RESERVED
		101 BUCK3
		11x External regulator
		Reset condition: POR

10.13 M_LVB1_SVS register

Table 27. M_LVB1_SVS register bit allocation

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			LVB1_SVS[4:0]		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit	Symbol	Description
12 to 8	LVB1_SVS[4:0]	Static voltage scaling negative offset
		00000 0 mV
		00001 -6.25 mV
		00010 -12.50 mV
		00011 −18.75 mV
		00100 -25 mV
		00101 -31.25 mV
		00110 -37.5 mV
		00111 -43.75 mV
		01000 -50 mV
		01001 -56.25 mV
		01010 -62.5 mV
		01011 −68.75 mV
		01100 -75 mV
		01101 -81.25 mV
		01110 -87.5 mV
		01111 -93.75 mV
		10000 -100 mV
		Reset condition: POR

Table 28. M_LVB1_SVS register bit description

10.14 M_MEMORY0 register

Table 29. M	able 29. M_MEMORY0 register bit allocation							
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	MEMORY0[15:8]							
Read		MEMORY0[15:8]						
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1						
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write				MEMOF	RY0[7:0]			
Read	MEMORY0[7:0]							
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 30. M_MEMORY0 register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description			
23 to 8	MEMORY0[15:0]	Free memory field for data storage			
		0 16 bits free memory 1			
		Reset condition: POR			

10.15 M_MEMORY1 register

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	MEMORY1[15:0]							
Read		MEMORY1[15:0]						
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
							1	
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write				MEMOR	Y1[15:0]			
Read	MEMORY1[15:0]							
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 32. M_MEMORY1 register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description		
23 to 8	MEMORY1[15:0]	Free memory field for data storage		
		0 16 bits free memory		
		1		
		Reset condition: POR		

10.16 M_DEVICEID register

Table 33. M_DEVICEID register bit allocation

		J							
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	
Read		FMRE	V[3:0]		MMREV[3:0]				
Reset	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
			1						
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
Read	DEVICEID[7:0]								
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 34. M_DEVICEID register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description			
23 to 20	FMREV[3:0]	Full mask revision			
		Full mask revision configured by metal connection			
		Reset condition: POR			
19 to 16	MMREV[3:0]	Metal mask revision			
		Full mask revision configured by metal connection			
		Reset condition: POR			
15 to 8	DEVICEID[7:0]	Device ID			
		xx Device ID from OTP_DEVICEID[7:0] bits			
		Reset condition: POR			

11 Fail-safe register mapping

11.1 Fail-safe writing registers overview

.ogic	Register name	bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16			
		bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8			
ail-safe	FS_I_OVUV_ SAFE_REACTION1	VCOREMON_OV_ FS_IMPACT[1:0]		VCOREMON_UV	_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	0	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	0	VDDIO_OV_F	S_IMPACT[1:0]	VDDIO_UV_FS	_IMPACT[1:0]			
	FS_I_OVUV_	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			
	SAFE_REACTION2	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_OV_F	S_IMPACT[1:0]	VMON1_UV_F	6_IMPACT[1:0]			
	FS_I_FSSM	FLT_ERR_CI	NT_LIMIT[1:0]	0	RESERVED	RESERVED	0	RSTB_DUR	0			
		RESERVED	0	RESERVED	DIS_8s	0	0	0	0			
	FS_I_SVS		·	SVS_OFFSET[4:0]			0	0				
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	FS_OVUVREG_ STATUS	VCOREMON_ OV	VCOREMON_ UV	VDDIO_OV	VDDIO_UV	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			
		RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_OV	VMON1_UV	0	FS_DIG_ REF_OV	FS_OSC_DRIFT	0			
	FS_RELEASE_	RELEASE_FS0B[15:8]										
	FS0B	RELEASE_FS0B[7:0]										
	FS_SAFE_IOS	PGOOD_DIAG	PGOOD_ EVENT	0	EXT_RSTB	0	0	RSTB_EVENT	RSTB_DIAG			
		RSTB_REQ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	FS_DIAG	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	I2C_FS_CRC	I2C_FS_REQ	RESERVED			
	FS_INTB_MASK	0	0	0	0	0	0	RESERVED	RESERVED			
		RESERVED	INT_INH_ VMON1_OV_UV	INT_INH_ VDDIO_OV_UV	INT_INH_ VCOREMON_ OV_UV	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			
	FS_STATES	0	DBG_EXIT	0	0	OTP_ CORRUPT	0	REG_ CORRUPT	0			
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			

Table 35. Fail-safe writing registers overview

11.2 Fail-safe reading registers overview

ogic	Register name	bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16	
		bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	
ail-safe	FS_GRL_FLAGS	FS_COM_G	RESERVED	FS_IO_G	FS_REG_ OVUV_G	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
	FS_I_OVUV_ SAFE_REACTION1		MON_OV_ ACT[1:0]	VCOREMON_UV	_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VDDIO_OV_F	6_IMPACT[1:0]	VDDIO_UV_FS	[IMPACT[1:0]	
	FS_I_OVUV_	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
	SAFE_REACTION2	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_OV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]		VMON1_UV_F	6_IMPACT[1:0]	
	FS_I_FSSM	FLT_ERR_C	NT_LIMIT[1:0]	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RSTB_DUR	RESERVED	
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	DIS_8s	DIS_8s FLT_EF			R_CNT[3:0]	
	FS_I_SVS			SVS_OFFSET[4:0]	ĺ		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
	FS_OVUVREG_ STATUS	VCOREMON_ OV	VCOREMON_ UV	VDDIO_OV	VDDIO_UV	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
		RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_OV	VMON1_UV	RESERVED	FS_DIG_ REF_OV	FS_OSC_DRIFT	RESERVED	
	FS_SAFE_IOS	PGOOD_DIAG	PGOOD_ EVENT	PGOOD_SNS	EXT_RSTB	RSTB_DRV	RSTB_SNS	RSTB_EVENT	RSTB_DIAG	
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
	FS_DIAG	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	ERRMON	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	I2C_FS_CRC	I2C_FS_REQ	RESERVED	
	FS_INTB_MASK	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
		RESERVED	INT_INH_ VMON1_OV_UV	INT_INH_ VDDIO_OV_UV	INT_INH_ VCOREMON_ OV_UV	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	
	FS_STATES	RESERVED	RESERVED	DBG_MODE	RESERVED	OTP_ CORRUPT	RESERVED	REG_ CORRUPT	RESERVE	
		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			FSM STATE[4:0	I		

11.3 FS_GRL_FLAGS register

Table 37. FS	Table 37. FS_GRL_FLAGS register bit allocation							
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Read	FS_COM_G	RESERVED	FS_IO_G	FS_REG_ OVUV_G	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit	Symbol	Description
23	FS_COM_G	Report an issue in the communication (I2C) FS_COM_G = I2C_FS_CRC or I2C_FS_REQ
		0 No failure
		1 Failure
		Reset condition: Real time information - cleared when all individual bits are cleared
21	FS_IO_G	Report an issue in one of the fail-safe IOs FS_IO_G = PGOOD_DIAG or RSTB_DIAG
		0 No failure
		1 Failure
		Reset condition: real time information - cleared when all individual bits are cleared
20	FS_REG_OVUV_G	Report an issue in one of the voltage monitoring (OV or UV) FS_REG_OVUV_G = VCOREMON_OV or VCOREMON_UV or VDDIO_OV or VDDIO_UV or VMON1_OV or VMON1_UV
		0 No failure
		1 Failure
		Reset condition: real time information - cleared when all individual bits are cleared

Table 38. FS_GRL_FLAGS register bit description

11.4 FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION1 register

Table 39. FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION1 register bit allocation

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	VCOREN FS_IMP/		VCOREMON_UV_ FS_IMPACT[1:0]		0	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Read	VCOREN FS_IMP	ION_OV_ ACT[1:0]	VCOREMON_UV_ FS_IMPACT[1:0]		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	0	VDDIO_OV_ FS_IMPACT[1:0]		VDDIO_UV_FS_ IMPACT[1:0]	
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VDDIO_OV_ FS_IMPACT[1:0]		VDDIO_ IMPAC	
Reset	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1

Table 40. FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION1 register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description
23 to 22	VCOREMON_OV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	Table 81
21 to 20	VCOREMON_UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	Table 81
11 to 10	VDDIO_OV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	Table 84
9 to 8	VDDIO_UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	Table 84

FS5502 Product data sheet Reset

1

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

11.5 FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION2 register

0

Table 41. FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION2 register bit allocation

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16		
Write	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		
Reset	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1		
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Write	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_OV_ FS_IMPACT[1:0]		VMON FS_IMP/	1_UV_ ACT[1:0]		
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_OV_ FS_IMPACT[1:0]		VMON FS_IMP/	1_UV_ ACT[1:0]		

Table 42 ES I OVIN SAFE REACTIONS register bit description

1

Table 42. F3_	able 42. FS_I_OVOV_SAFE_REACTION2 register bit description						
Bit	Symbol	Description					
11 to 10	VMON1_OV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	See <u>Table 86</u>					
9 to 8	VMON1_UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]						

1

1

1

0

11.6 FS_I_FSSM register

Table 43. FS_I_FSSM register bit allocation

1

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	FLT_ERR_CN	NT_LIMIT[1:0]	0	RESERVED	RESERVED	0	RSTB_DUR	0
Read	FLT_ERR_CNT_LIMIT[1:0]		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RSTB_DUR	RESERVED
Reset	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	RESERVED	0	RESERVED	DIS_8s	0	0	0	0
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	DIS_8s	FLT_ERR_CNT[3:0]			
Reset	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Table 44. FS_I_FSSM register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description			
23 to 22	FLT_ERR_CNT_LIMIT[1:0]	See <u>Table 89</u>			
17	RSTB_DUR	RSTB pulse duration configuration			
		0 10 ms			
		1 1.0 ms			
		Reset condition: POR			

FS5502 Product data sheet

FS5502 High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	Symbol	Description
12	DIS_8s	Disable 8 s timer
		0 RSTB low 8 s counter enabled
		1 RSTB low 8 s counter disabled
1		Reset condition: POR
11 to 8	FLT_ERR_CNT[3:0]	Reflect the value of the fault error counter
		0000 0
		0001 1
		0010 2
		0011 3
		0100 4
		0101 5
		0110 6
		0111 7
		1000 8
		1001 9
l		1010 10
		1011 11
l		1100 12
		Reset condition: Real time information

11.7 FS_I_SVS register

Table 45. FS	able 45. FS_I_SVS register bit allocation									
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16		
Write		S	VS_OFFSET[4:		0	0	0			
Read		S	VS_OFFSET[4:		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED			
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Write	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Bit	Symbol	Description
23 to 19	SVS_OFFSET[4:0]	Static voltage scaling negative offset
		0 0000 0 mV
		0 0001 -6.25 mV
		0 0010 -12.50 mV
		0 0011 −18.75 mV
		0 0100 -25 mV
		0 0101 −31.25 mV
		0 0110 −37.5 mV
		0 0111 −43.75 mV
		0 1000 –50 mV
		0 1001 −56.25 mV
		0 1010 -62.5 mV
		0 1011 −68.75 mV
		0 1100 −75 mV
		0 1101 −81.25 mV
		0 1110 −87.5 mV
		0 1111 −93.75 mV
		1 0000 -100 mV
		Reset condition: POR

Table 46. FS_I_SVS register bit description

11.8 FS_OVUVREG_STATUS register

Table 47. FS_OVUVREG_STATUS register bit allocation

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	VCOREMON_ OV	VCOREMON_ UV	VDDIO_OV	VDDIO_UV	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Read	VCOREMON_ OV	VCOREMON_ UV	VDDIO_OV	VDDIO_UV	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_OV	VMON1_UV	0	FS_DIG_ REF_OV	FS_OSC_ DRIFT	0
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	VMON1_OV	VMON1_UV	RESERVED	FS_DIG_ REF_OV	FS_OSC_ DRIFT	RESERVED
Reset	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

Bit	Symbol	Description
23	VCOREMON_OV	Overvoltage monitoring on VCOREMON
		0 No overvoltage
		1 Overvoltage reported on VCOREMON
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
22	VCOREMON_UV	Undervoltage monitoring on VCOREMON
		0 No undervoltage
		1 Undervoltage reported on VCOREMON
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
21	VDDIO_OV	Overvoltage monitoring on VDDIO
		0 No overvoltage
		1 Overvoltage reported on VDDIO
		Reset POR / clear on write (write 1) condition
20	VDDIO_UV	Undervoltage monitoring on VDDIO
		0 No undervoltage
		1 Undervoltage reported on VDDIO
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
13	VMON1_OV	Overvoltage monitoring on VMON1
		0 No overvoltage
		1 Overvoltage reported on VMON1
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
12	VMON1_UV	Undervoltage monitoring on VMON1
		0 No undervoltage
		1 Undervoltage reported on VMON1
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
9	FS_DIG_REF_OV	Overvoltage of the internal digital fail-safe reference voltage
		0 No overvoltage
		1 Overvoltage reported of the internal digital fail-safe reference voltage
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
8	FS_OSC_DRIFT	Drift of the fail-safe OSC
		0 No drift
		1 Oscillator drift
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)

Table 48. FS_OVUVREG_STATUS register bit description

FS5502 Product data sheet

11.9 FS_SAFE_IOs register

	3_3AI L_103 I	cgister bit un	location					
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	PGOOD_ DIAG	PGOOD_ EVENT	0	EXT_RSTB	0	0	RSTB_ EVENT	RSTB_DIAG
Read	PGOOD_ DIAG	PGOOD_ EVENT	PGOOD_ SNS	EXT_RSTB	RSTB_DRV	RSTB_SNS	RSTB_ EVENT	RSTB_DIAG
Reset	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	RSTB_REQ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 49. FS_SAFE_IOS register bit allocation

Table 50. FS_SAFE_IOS register bit description

Symbol	Description					
PGOOD_DIAG	Report a PGOOD Short to High					
	0 No failure					
	1 Short circuit HIGH					
	Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)					
PGOOD_EVENT	Report a Power GOOD event					
	0 No Power GOOD					
	1 Power GOOD event occurred					
	Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)					
PGOOD_SNS	Sense of PGOOD pad					
	0 PGOOD pad sensed low					
	1 PGOOD pad sensed high					
	Reset condition: Real time information					
EXT_RSTB	Report an external RESET					
	0 No external RESET					
	1 External RESET					
	Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)					
RSTB_DRV	RSTB driver – digital command					
	0 RSTB driver command sensed low					
	1 RSTB driver command sensed high					
	Reset condition: Real time information					
RSTB_SNS	Sense of RSTB pad					
	0 RSTB pad sensed low					
	1 RSTB pad sensed high					
	PGOOD_EVENT PGOOD_SNS EXT_RSTB RSTB_DRV					

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Bit	Symbol	Description
17	RSTB_EVENT	Report a RSTB event
		0 No RESET
		1 RESET occurred
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
16	RSTB_DIAG	Report a RSTB short to high
		0 No failure
		1 Short circuit high
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
15	RSTB_REQ	Request assertion of RSTB (Pulse)
		0 No assertion
		1 RSTB assertion (pulse)
		Reset condition: POR

11.10 FS_DIAG register

Table 51. FS_DIAG register bit allocation

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	I2C_FS_CRC	I2C_FS_REQ	RESERVED
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	I2C_FS_CRC	I2C_FS_REQ	RESERVED
Reset	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Table 52. FS_DIAG register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description							
10	I2C_FS_CRC	Fail-safe I ² C communication CRC issue							
		0 No error							
		1 Error detected in the CRC							
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)							
9	I2C_FS_REQ	Invalid fail-safe I ² C access (wrong write or read, write to INIT registers in normal mode, wrong address)							
		0 No error							
		1 I ² C violation							
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)							

FS5502 Product data sheet

11.11 FS_INTB_MASK register

Table 55. FS		register bit	anocation					
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Write	0	0	0	0	0	0	RESERVED	RESERVED
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Write	RESERVED	INT_INH_ VMON1_ OV_UV	INT_INH_ VDDIO_ OV_UV	INT_INH_ VCOREMON_ OV_UV	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Read	RESERVED	INT_INH_ VMON1_ OV_UV	INT_INH_ VDDIO_ OV_UV	INT_INH_ VCOREMON_ OV_UV	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 53. FS_INTB_MASK register bit allocation

Table 54. FS_INTB_MASK register bit description

Bit	Symbol	Description
14	INT_INH_VMON1_OV_UV	Inhibit INTERRUPT on VMON1 OV and UV event
		0 Interruption NOT MASKED
		1 Interruption MASKED
		Reset condition: POR
13	INT_INH_VDDIO_OV_UV	Inhibit INTERRUPT on VDDIO OV and UV event
		0 Interruption NOT MASKED
		1 Interruption MASKED
		Reset condition: POR
12	INT_INH_VCOREMON_OV_UV	Inhibit INTERRUPT on VCOREMON OV and UV event
		0 Interruption NOT MASKED
		1 Interruption MASKED
		Reset condition: POR

11.12 FS_STATES register

Table 55. FS	_STATES reg	gister bit allo	cation							
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16		
Write	0	DBG_EXIT	0	0	OTP_ CORRUPT	0	REG_ CORRUPT	0		
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	DBG_MODE	RESERVED	OTP_ CORRUPT	RESERVED	REG_ CORRUPT	RESERVED		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
			1							
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
Write	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Read	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	FSM_STATE[4:0]						
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0		
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Product data sheet

Bit	Symbol	Description
22	DBG_EXIT	Leave DEBUG mode
		0 No action
		1 Leave DEBUG mode
		Reset condition: POR
21	DBG_MODE	DEBUG mode status
		0 NOT in DEBUG mode
		1 In DEBUG mode
		Reset condition: Real time information
19	OTP_CORRUPT	OTP bits corruption detection (5 ms cyclic check)
		0 No error
		1 OTP CRC error detected
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
16	REG_CORRUPT	INIT register corruption detection (real time comparison)
7		0 No error
		1 INIT register content error detected (mismatch between FS_I_Register / FS_I_NOT_ Register)
		Reset condition: POR / clear on write (write 1)
12 to 8	FSM_STATE[4:0]	Report fail-safe state machine current state
		0 0110 INIT_FS
		Reset condition: Real time information

Table 56. FS_STATES register bit description

12 OTP bits configuration

12.1 Overview

Table 57. Main OTP_REGISTERS

Legend: **bold** — Regulator behavior in case of TSD and VPRE slew rate parameters can be changed later by l^2C .

Name	Address	BIT7	BIT6	BIT5	BIT4	BIT3	BIT2	BIT1	BIT0
OTP_CFG_VPRE_1	14	0	0		VPREV[5:0]				
OTP_CFG_VPRE_2	15	0	0			VPRES	6C[5:0]		
OTP_CFG_VPRE_3	16	VPREII	_IM[1:0]	1	0	1	1	VPRESF	RHS[1:0]
OTP_CFG_BOOST_1	17	0	0	0	0		00	000	
OTP_CFG_BOOST_2	18	0		00			00000		
OTP_CFG_BOOST_3	19	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
OTP_CFG_BUCK1_1	1A				VB1V	/[7:0]		-	
OTP_CFG_BUCK1_2	1B	0	0	0	VB1IND	OPT[1:0]	VB1SW	/ILIM[1:0]	0
OTP_CFG_BUCK1_3	1C				0000	0000			
OTP_CFG_BUCK1_4	1D	0		00	0	00)	0	0
OTP_CFG_BUCK3_1	1E	BUCK3EN	VB3IND	DOPT[1:0]			VB3V[4:0]		
OTP_CFG_BUCK3_2	1F		000		١	/B1GMCOMP[2:0])] VB3SWILIM[1		LIM[1:0]
OTP_CFG_LDO	20	0		000		LDO1ILIM	LDO1V[2:0]		
OTP_CFG_SEQ_1	21	0	0		111		VB1S[2:0]		
OTP_CFG_SEQ_2	22	0	0		111		LDO1S[2:0]		
OTP_CFG_SEQ_3	23	DVS_BU	CK1[1:0]	DVS_BL	JCK3[1:0]	Tslot		VB3S[2:0]	
OTP_CFG_CLOCK_1	24	0	0		VPRE_ph[2:0]		1	0	0
OTP_CFG_CLOCK_2	25	0	0		BUCK1_ph[2:0]			000	
OTP_CFG_CLOCK_3	26	0	0		BUCK3_ph[2:0]			000	
OTP_CFG_CLOCK_4	27	BUCK3_ clk_sel	0	BUCK1_ clk_sel	0	VPRE_clk_sel	PLL_sel	0	1
OTP_CFG_SM_1	28	0	0			conf_TS	SD[5:0]		
OTP_CFG_SM_2	29	0	0	0	VPRE_off_dly	1	1	PSYNC_CFG	PSYNC_EN
OTP_CFG_VSUP_UV	2A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	VSUPCFG
OTP_CFG_I2C	2B	0	0	0	0		M_I2CDE	VADDR[3:0]	
OTP_CFG_OV	2C	0	0	0	0	0	VDD	IO_REG_ASSIGN	N[2:0]
OTP_CFG_DEVID	2D				Device	ID[7:0]			

Table 50. Fall-Sale	UIP_REGI	SIEKS							
Name	Address	BIT7	BIT6	BIT5	BIT4	BIT3	BIT2	BIT1	BITO
OTP_CFG_UVOV_1	0A				VCOR	E_V[7:0]			
OTP_CFG_UVOV_2	0B		VDDIOC	OVTH[3:0]			VCORE	OVTH[3:0]	
OTP_CFG_UVOV_3	0C	0	0	VDDIO_V		VCO	RE_SVS_CLAM	P[4:0]	
OTP_CFG_UVOV_4	0D	0	0	0	0		VMON10	OVTH[3:0]	
OTP_CFG_UVOV_5	0E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTP_CFG_UVOV_6	0F		VDDIOL	JVTH[3:0]	_		VCOREU	JVTH[3:0]	
OTP_CFG_UVOV_7	10	0	0	0	0		VMON1	JVTH[3:0]	_
OTP_CFG_UVOV_8	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTP_CFG_PGOOD	12	0	PGOOD_ RSTB	0	0	0	PGOOD_ VMON1	PGOOD_ VDDIO	PGOOD_ VCORE
OTP_CFG_ABIST1	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTP_CFG_ASIL	14	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	VMON1_EN
OTP_CFG_I2C	15	0	0	0	0		FS_I2CDE	VADDR[3:0]	
OTP_CFG_DGLT_DUR_1	16	0	0	VCORE_U	/_DGLT[1:0]	VCORE_ OV_DGLT	VDDIO_UV	/_DGLT[1:0]	VDDIO_ OV_DGLT
OTP_CFG_DGLT_DUR_2	17	0	0	0	0	0	VMON1_U	/_DGLT[1:0]	VMON1_ OV_DGLT

Table 58. Fail-safe OTP_REGISTERS

12.2 Main OTP bit description

Table 59. Main OTP bit description

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
14	OTP_CFG_VPRE_1	5 to 0	VPREV[5:0]		VPRE output voltage
				01 0111	4.1 V
				10 0000	5.0 V
15	OTP_CFG_VPRE_2	5 to 0	VPRESC[5:0]		VPRE slope compensation
				00 0100	40 mV/µs
				00 0101	50 mV/µs
				00 0110	60 mV/µs
				00 0111	70 mV/µs
				00 1000	80 mV/µs
				00 1001	90 mV/µs
				00 1010	100 mV/µs
				00 1110	140 mV/µs
				01 0001	170 mV/µs
				01 0100	200 mV/µs
				01 1000	240 mV/µs
16	OTP_CFG_VPRE_3	7 to 6	VPREILIM[1:0]		VPRE current limitation threshold
				00	50 mV
				01	80 mV
				10	120 mV
				11	150 mV
		3 to 2	VPRESRLS[1:0]		VPRE low-side slew rate control
				11	PU/PD/900 mA
		1 to 0	VPRESRHS[1:0]		VPRE high-side slew rate control
				00	PU/PD/130 mA
				01	PU/PD/260 mA
				10	PU/PD/520 mA
				11	PU/PD/900 mA

FS5502

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FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
1A	OTP_CFG_BUCK1_1	7 to 0	VB1V[7:0]		VBUCK1 output voltage
				0100 0000	0.8 V
				0100 0100	0.825 V
				0101 0000	0.9 V
				0101 1000	0.95 V
				0110 0000	1.0 V
				01100100	1.025 V
				0110 0101	1.03125 V
				0111 0000	1.1 V
				1000 0000	1.2 V
				1000 1000	1.25 V
				1001 0000	1.3 V
				1001 1000	1.35 V
				1010 0000	1.4 V
				1011 0000	1.5 V
				1011 0001	1.8 V
1B	OTP_CFG_BUCK1_2	4 to 3	VB1INDOPT[1:0]		BUCK1 inductor selection
				00	1 µH
				01	0.47 µH
				10	1.5 µH
		2 to 1	VB1SWILIM{1:0]		BUCK1 current limitation
				01	Reserved
				11	4.5 A
1E	OTP_CFG_BUCK3_1	7	BUCK3EN		BUCK3 enable
				0	Disabled
				1	Enabled
		6 to 5	VB3INDOPT[1:0]		BUCK3 inductor selection
				00	1 µH
				01	0.47 µH
				10	1.5 µH
		4 to 0	VB3V[4:0]		VBUCK3 output voltage
				0 0000	1.0 V
				0 0001	1.1 V
				0 0010	1.2 V
				0 0011	1.25 V
				0 0100	1.3 V
				0 0101	1.35 V
				0 0110	1.5 V
				0 0111	1.6 V
				0 1000	1.8 V
				0 1110	2.3 V
				1 0000	2.5 V
				1 0001	2.8 V
				1 0101	3.3 V

FS5502

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
1F	OTP_CFG_BUCK3_2	4 to 2	VB1GMCOMP[2:0]		BUCK1 compensation network
				001	16.25 GM
				010	32.5 GM
				011	48.75 GM
				100	65 GM
				101	81.25 GM
				110	97.5 GM
		1 to 0	VB3SWILIM[1:0]		BUCK3 current limitation
				01	2.6 A
				11	4.5 A
20	OTP_CFG_LDO	3	LDO1ILIM		VLDO1 current limitation
				0	400 mA
				1	150 mA
		2 to 0	LDO1V[2:0]		VLDO1 output voltage
				000	1.1 V
				001	1.2 V
				010	1.6 V
				011	1.8 V
				100	2.5 V
				101	2.8 V
				110	3.3 V
				111	5.0 V
21	OTP_CFG_SEQ_1	P_CFG_SEQ_1 2 to 0	_SEQ_1 2 to 0 VB1S[2:0]		BUCK1 sequencing slot
				000	Regulator start and stop in Slot 0
				001	Regulator start and stop in Slot 1
				010	Regulator start and stop in Slot 2
				011	Regulator start and stop in Slot 3
				100	Regulator start and stop in Slot 4
				101	Regulator start and stop in Slot 5
				110	Regulator start and stop in Slot 6
				111	Regulator does not start (enabled by I ² C)
22	OTP_CFG_SEQ_2	2 to 0	LDO1S[2:0]		LDO1 sequencing slot
				000	Regulator start and stop in Slot 0
				001	Regulator start and stop in Slot 1
				010	Regulator start and stop in Slot 2
				011	Regulator start and stop in Slot 3
				100	Regulator start and stop in Slot 4
				101	Regulator start and stop in Slot 5
				110	Regulator start and stop in Slot 6
				111	Regulator does not start (enabled by I^2C)
23	OTP_CFG_SEQ_3	7 to 6	DVS_BUCK1[1:0]		BUCK1 soft start/stop configurability
				00	7.81 mV/µs
				01	3.13 mV/µs
				10	2.6 mV/µs

FS5502 Product data sheet

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
				11	2.23 mV/µs
		5 to 4	DVS_BUCK3[1:0]		BUCK3 soft start/stop configurability
				00	10.41 mV/µs
				01	3.47 mV/µs
				10	2.6 mV/µs
				11	2.08 mV/µs
		3	Tslot		Power up/down slot duration
				0	250 µs
				1	1.0 ms
		2 to 0	VB3S[2:0]		BUCK3 sequencing slot
				000	Regulator start and stop in Slot 0
				001	Regulator start and stop in Slot 1
				010	Regulator start and Stop in Slot 2
				011	Regulator start and stop in Slot 3
				100	Regulator start and stop in Slot 4
				101	Regulator start and stop in Slot 5
				110	Regulator start and stop in Slot 6
				111	Regulator does not start (enabled
					by I2C)
24	OTP_CFG_CLOCK_1	5 to 3	VPRE_ph[2:0]		VPRE phase (delay) selection
				000	no delay
				001	delay 1
				010	delay 2
				011	delay 3
				100	delay 4
				101	delay 5
				110	delay 6
				111	delay 7
25	OTP_CFG_CLOCK_2	5 to 3	BUCK1_ph[2:0]		VBUCK1 phase (delay) selection
				000	no delay
				001	delay 1
				010	delay 2
				011	delay 3
				100	delay 4
				101	delay 5
				110	delay 6
				111	delay 7
26	OTP_CFG_CLOCK_3	5 to 3	BUCK3_ph[2:0]		VBUCK3 phase (delay) selection
				000	no delay
				001	delay 1
				010	delay 2
				011	delay 3
				100	delay 4
				101	delay 5
				110	delay 6
				111	delay 7

FS5502

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FS5502

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description	
27	OTP_CFG_CLOCK_4	7	BUCK3_clk_sel		BUCK3 clock selection	
				0	CLK_DIV1 = 2.22 MHz	
		6	BUCK2_clk_sel		BUCK2 clock selection	
				0	CLK_DIV1 = 2.22 MHz	
		5	BUCK1_clk_sel		BUCK1 clock selection	
				0	CLK_DIV1 = 2.22 MHz	
		4	VBST_clk_sel		VBOOST clock selection	
				0	CLK_DIV1 = 2.22 MHz	
		3	VPRE_clk_sel		VPRE clock selection	
				0	CLK_DIV1 = 2.22 MHz	
				1	CLK_DIV2 = 455 kHz	
		2	PLL_sel		PLL enable	
				0	Disabled	
				1	Enabled	
28	OTP_CFG_SM_1	5 to 0	conf_TSD[5]	RESERVED		
			conf_TSD[4]		BUCK1 behavior in case of TSD	
				0	BUCK1 shutdown	
				1	BUCK1 shutdown + DFS	
			conf_TSD[3]	RESERVED	RESERVED	
			conf_TSD[2]		BUCK3 behavior in case of TSD	
				0	BUCK3 shutdown	
				1	BUCK3 Shutdown + DFS	
			conf_TSD[1]		LDO1 behavior in case of TSD	
				0	LDO1 shutdown	
				1	LDO1 shutdown + DFS	
			conf_TSD[0]	RESERVED		
29	OTP_CFG_SM_2	4	VPRE_off_dly		Delay to turn OFF VPRE at device power down	
				0	250 µs	
				1	32 ms	
		1	PSYNC_CFG		Synchronization with 1x FS5502 or 1x PF82	
				0	2x FS5502	
				1	1x FS5502 and 1x PF82	
		0	PSYNC_EN		Synchronization with two devices	
				0	Disabled	
				1	Enabled	
2A	OTP_CFG_VSUP_UV	0	VSUP_CFG		VSUP undervoltage threshold configuration	
				0	4.9 V for Vpre < 4.5 V	
				1	6.2 V for Vpre > 4.5 V	
2B	OTP_CFG_I2C	3 to 0	M_I2CDEVADDR[3:0]		Device I ² C address	
				0000	Address D0	
				1111	Address D15	

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
2C	OTP_CFG_OV	2 to 0	VDDIO_REG_ASSIGN[2:0]		Regulator assigned to VDDIO
				000	External regulator
				001	VPRE
				010	RESERVED
				011	LDO2
				100	BUCK3
				101	External regulator
				110	External regulator
				111	External regulator
2D	OTP_CFG_DEVID	7 to 0	DeviceID[7:0]		Device ID

12.3 Fail-safe OTP bit description

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
0A	OTP_CFG_UVOV_1	7 to 0	VCORE_V[7:0]		VCORE (VBUCK1) monitoring voltage
				0100 0000	0.8 V
				0100 0100	0.825 V
				0101 0000	0.9 V
				0101 1000	0.95 V
				0110 0000	1 V
				01100100	1.025 V
			-	0110 0101	1.03125 V
				0110 0000	1.1 V
				1000 0000	1.2 V
				1000 1000	1.25 V
				1001 0000	1.3 V
				1001 1000	1.35 V
				1010 0000	1.4 V
l				1011 0000	1.5 V
				1011 0001	1.8 V

Table 60. Fail-safe OTP bit description

FS5502

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
0B	OTP_CFG_UVOV_2	7 to 4	VDDIOOVTH[3:0]		VDDIO overvoltage threshold configuration
				0000	104.5 %
				0001	105 %
				0010	105.5 %
				0011	106 %
				0100	106.5 %
				0101	107 %
				0110	107.5
				0111	108 %
				1000	108.5 %
				1001	109 %
				1010	109.5 %
				1011	110 %
				1100	110.5 %
				1101	111 %
				1110	111.5 %
			3 to 0 VCOREOVTH[3:0] 0 0 0	1111	112 %
		3 to 0			VCOREMON overvoltage threshold configuration
				0000	104.5 %
				0001	105 %
				0010	105.5 %
				0011	106 %
				0100	106.5 %
				0101	107 %
				0110	107.5
				0111	108 %
				1000	108.5 %
				1001	109 %
				1010	109.5 %
				1011	110 %
				1100	110.5 %
				1101	111 %
				1110	111.5 %
				1111	112 %
0C	OTP_CFG_UVOV_3	5	VDDIO_V		VDDIO voltage selection
				0	3.3 V
				1	5 V
0C	OTP_CFG_UVOV_3	4 to 0	VCORE_SVS_CLAMP[4:0]		SVS max value allowed (mask)
				00000	2 steps available (~12.5 mV)
				00001	4 steps available (−25 mV)
				00011	8 steps available (−50 mV)
				00100	16 steps available (-100 mV)

FS5502

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
0D	OTP_CFG_UVOV_4	3 to 0	VMON1OVTH[3:0]		VMON1 overvoltage threshold configuration
				0000	104.5 %
				0001	105 %
				0010	105.5 %
				0011	106 %
				0100	106.5 %
				0101	107 %
				0110	107.5
				0111	108 %
				1000	108.5 %
				1001	109 %
				1010	109.5 %
				1011	110 %
				1100	110.5 %
				1101	111 %
				1110	111.5 %
				1111	112 %

FS5502

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
0F	OTP_CFG_UVOV_6	7 to 4	VDDIOUVTH[3:0]		VDDIO undervoltage threshold configuration
				0000	95.5 %
				0001	95 %
				0010	94.5 %
				0011	94 %
				0100	93.5 %
				0101	93 %
				0110	92.5 %
				0111	92 %
				1000	91.5 %
				1001	91 %
				1010	90.5 %
				1011	90 %
				1100	89.5 %
				1101	89 %
				1110	88.5 %
				1111	88 %
		3 to 0	VCOREUVTH[3:0]		VCOREMON undervoltage threshold configuration
				0000	95.5 %
				0001	95 %
				0010	94.5 %
				0011	94 %
				0100	93.5 %
				0101	93 %
				0110	92.5 %
				0111	92 %
				1000	91.5 %
				1001	91 %
				1010	90.5 %
				1011	90 %
				1100	89.5 %
				1101	89 %
				1110	88.5 %
				1111	88 %

FS5502

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
10	OTP_CFG_UVOV_7	3 to 0	VMON1UVTH[3:0]		VMON1 undervoltage threshold configuration
				0000	95.5 %
				0001	95 %
				0010	94.5 %
				0011	94 %
				0100	93.5 %
				0101	93 %
				0110	92.5 %
				0111	92 %
				1000	91.5 %
				1001	91 %
				1010	90.5 %
				1011	90 %
				1100	89.5 %
				1101	89 %
				1110	88.5 %
				1111	88 %
12	OTP_CFG_PGOOD	6	PGOOD_RSTB		RSTB assignment to PGOOD
				0	Not assigned
				1	Assigned
		2	PGOOD_VMON1		VMON1 assignment to PGOOD
				0	Not assigned
				1	Assigned
		1	1 PGOOD_VDDIO		VDDIO assignment to PGOOD
				0	Not assigned
				1	Assigned
		0	PGOOD_VCORE		VCORE (BUCK1) assignment to PGOOD
				0	Not assigned
				1	Assigned
14	OTP_CFG_ASIL	0	VMON1_EN		VMON1 monitoring enable
				0	Disabled
				1	Enabled
15	OTP_CFG_I2C	3 to 0	FS_I2CDEVADDR[3:0]		Device I ² C address
				0000	Address D0
				1111	Address D15

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Address	Register	Bit	Symbol	Value	Description
16	OTP_CFG_DGLT_DUR_1	5 to 4	VCORE_UV_DGLT[1:0]		VCORE undervoltage filtering time
				00	5 µs
				01	15 µs
				10	25 µs
				11	40 µs
		3	VCORE_OV_DGLT		VCORE overvoltage filtering time
				0	25 µs
				1	45 µs
		2 to 1	VDDIO_UV_DGLT[1:0]		VDDIO undervoltage filtering time
				00	5 µs
				01	15 μs
				10	25 µs
				11	40 µs
		0	VDDIO_OV_DGLT		VDDIO overvoltage filtering time
				0	25 µs
				1	45 µs
17	OTP_CFG_DGLT_DUR_2	2 to 1	VMON1_UV_DGLT[1:0]		VMON1 undervoltage filtering time
				00	5 µs
				01	15 µs
				10	25 µs
				11	40 µs
		0	VMON1_OV_DGLT		VMON1 overvoltage filtering time
				0	25 µs
				1	45 µs

13 Best of supply

13.1 Functional description

VBOS regulator manages the best of supply from VSUP and VPRE to efficiently generate 5.0 V output to supply the internal biasing of the device. VBOS is also the supply of VPRE high side.

VBOS undervoltage might not guarantee the full functionality of the device. Consequently, VBOS_UVL detection powers down the device.

 V_{SUP_UV7} undervoltage threshold is used to enable the path from VSUP to VBOS when VSUP < V_{SUP_UV7} to have a low drop path from VSUP, while VPRE is going low and to power up the device when VPRE is not started. When VSUP > V_{SUP_UV7} , VBOS is forced to use VPRE to optimize the efficiency.

13.2 Best of supply electrical characteristics

Table 61. Best of supply electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{BOS}	Best of supply output voltage	3.3	5.0	5.25	V
V _{BOS_UVH}	VBOS undervoltage threshold high (VBOS rising)	4.1	—	4.5	V
V _{BOS_UVL}	VBOS undervoltage threshold low (VBOS falling)	3.2	—	3.4	V
T _{BOS_UV}	V_{BOS_UVH} and V_{BOS_UVL} filtering time	6.0	10	15	μs
V _{BOS_POR}	VBOS power on reset threshold	—	—	2.5	V
T _{BOS_POR}	V _{BOS_POR} filtering time	0.5	—	1.5	μs
I _{BOS}	Best of supply current capability	—	—	60	mA
C _{OUT_BOS}	Effective output capacitor	4.7	—	10	μF
	Output decoupling capacitor	—	0.1		μF

14 High voltage buck: VPRE

14.1 Functional description

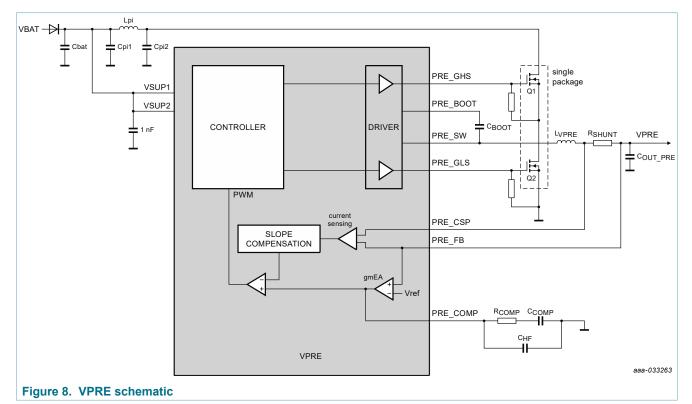
VPRE block is a high voltage, synchronous, peak current mode buck controller. VPRE is working with external logical level NMOS in force PWM mode at 455 kHz and in Automatic Pulse Skipping (APS) mode at 2.22 MHz. The APS mode helps to maintain the correct output voltage at high input voltage by skipping some turn ON cycles of the HS FET below the minimum duty cycle. VPRE input voltage is naturally limited to $V_{SUP} = L_{PI_DCR} \times I_{PRE} + V_{PRE_UVL} / D_{MAX}$ with $D_{MAX} = 1 - (F_{PRE_SW} \times T_{PRE_OFF_MIN})$. A bootstrap capacitor is required to supply the gate drive circuit of the high-side NMOS. The output voltage is configurable by OTP from 3.3 V to 5.0 V, and the switching frequency is configurable by OTP at 455 kHz for 12 V and 24 V transportation applications or 2.22 MHz for 12 V automotive applications. The stability is ensured by an external Type 2 compensation network with slope compensation.

The output current is sensed via an external shunt in series with the inductor and the maximum current capability is defined by the external components (NMOS gate charge, inductor, shunt resistor), the gate driver current capability and the switching frequency. An overcurrent detection is implemented to protect the external MOSFETs. If an overcurrent is detected after the HS minimum TON time, the HS is turned OFF and will be turned ON again at the next rising edge of the switching clock. The overcurrent induces a duty cycle reduction that could lead to the output voltage gradually dropping, causing an undervoltage condition on VPRE and/or one of the cascaded regulators.

The maximum input voltage is 60 V and allows operation in 24 V truck applications without external protection to sustain ISO 16750-2:2012 load dump pulse 5b. VPRE must be the input supply of the BUCK1. VPRE can be the input supply of BUCK3 and LDO1. VPRE can be the supply of local loads remaining inside the ECU.

By default, VPRE switching frequency is derived from the internal oscillator, and can be synchronized with an external frequency signal applied at FIN input pin. The change from internal oscillator to external clock or vice versa is controlled by I^2C .

 V_{PRE_UVH} , V_{PRE_UVL} and $V_{PRE_FB_OV}$ thresholds are monitored from PRE_FB pin and manage some transitions of the main state machine described in <u>Section 8.1 "Simplified functional state diagram"</u>.



14.2 Application schematic

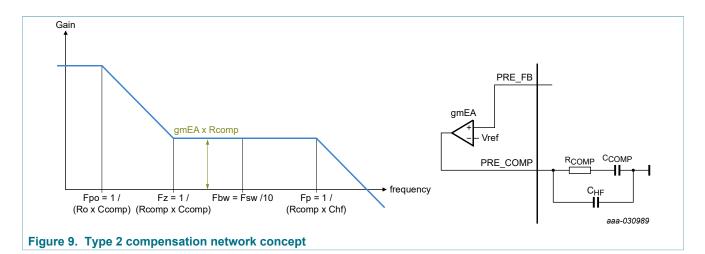
A PI filter, with $F_{RES} = 1 / [2\pi x \sqrt{(LCpi1)}]$ and calculated for Fres $< F_{PRE_SW} / 10$, is required to filter VPRE switching frequency on the Battery line. VSUP1,2 pins must be connected before the PI filter for a clean biasing of the device. Cpi1 capacitor shall be implemented close to VSUP1,2 pins. Cpi2 capacitor shall be implemented close to Q1. The bootstrap capacitor value should be sized to be >10 times the gate source capacitor of Q1. Gate to source resistor on Q1 and Q2 is recommended in case of pin disconnection to guarantee a passive switch OFF of the transistors.

14.3 Compensation network and stability

The external compensation network, made with R_{COMP}, C_{COMP} and C_{HF} shall be calculated for best compromise between stability and transient response, based on below conceptual plot of Type 2 compensation network transfer function.

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO



Calculation guideline

- System bandwidth for VPRE = 455 kHz: F_{bw} = F_{PRE_SW} / 10 System bandwidth for VPRE = 2.22 MHz: F_{bw} = F_{PRE_SW} / 15
- Compensation zero: Fz = F_{bw} / 10
- Compensation pole for VPRE = 455 kHz: Fp = F_{PRE SW} / 2
- Compensation pole for VPRE = 2.22 MHz: Fp = F_{PRE SW} / 4
- F_{GBW} = 1 / (2π x R_{SHUNT} x V_{PRE LIM GAIN} x C_{OUT PRE})
- Error amplifier gain: EA_gain = $(V_{REF} / V_{PRE}) \times gmEA_{PRE} \times R_{COMP} = 10 ^ LOG (F_{BW} / F_{GBW})$
- V_{REF} = 1.0 V, R_{COMP} = V_{PRE} x (EA_gain / gmEA_{PRE})
- $C_{COMP} = 1 / (2\pi x Fz x R_{COMP})$
- $C_{HF} = 1 / (2\pi x Fp x R_{COMP})$
- Slope compensation: Se > (V_{PRE} / L_{VPRE}) x R_{SHUNT} x V_{PRE LIM GAIN}

The compensation network can be automatically calculated in the FS5502_OTP_Config.xlsm file which is using the same formulas. A Simplis simulation is recommended to verify the Phase and Gain Margin with normalized components.

Use case calculation with V_{PRE} = 4.1 V, L_{VPRE} = 6.8 μ H, F_{PRE_SW} = 455 kHz, C_{OUT PRE} = 66 μ F, R_{SHUNT} = 10.0 m Ω

- System bandwidth: F_{bw} = 45 kHz
- Compensation zero: Fz = 4.5 kHz
- Compensation pole: Fp = 227.5 kHz
- F_{GBW} = 53 kHz
- Error amplifier gain: EA_gain = 10 ^ LOG (F_{BW} / F_{GBW}) = 0.86
- R_{COMP} = 2.34 k Ω = 2.2 k Ω
- C_{COMP} = 15.9 nF = 16 nF
- C_{HF} = 318 pF = 330 pF
- Slope compensation: Se > 30 mV/µs

Use case stability verification

• Phase margin target PM > 45° and gain margin target GM > 6 dB.

FS5502

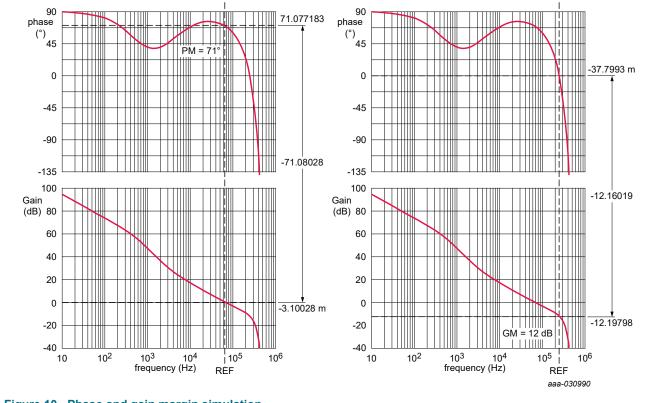
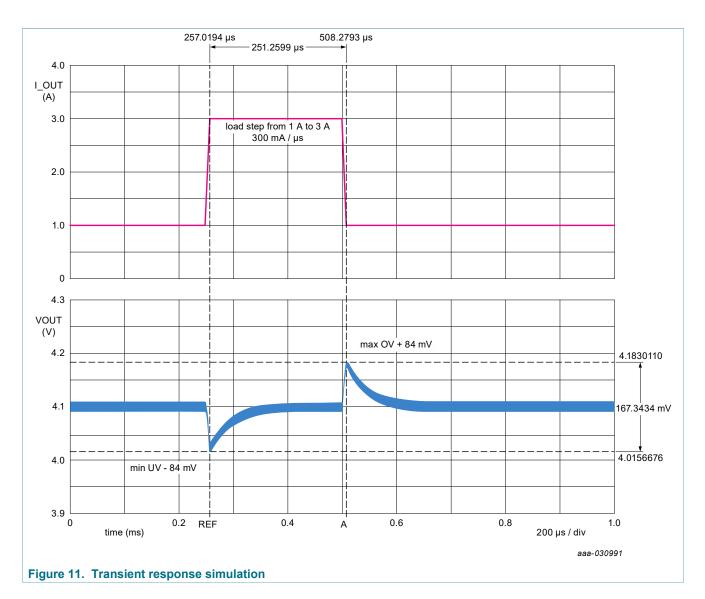


Figure 10. Phase and gain margin simulation

Use case transient response verification

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO



14.4 VPRE electrical characteristics

Table 62. VPRE electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
V _{PRE}	Output voltage (OTP_VPREV[5:0] bits)	3.98	4.1	4.22	V
		4.85	5.0	5.15	V
V _{PRE_SOFT_START}	Output voltage from 10 % to 90 %	250	450	650	μs
	Digital DAC soft start completion	-	—	1.35	ms
V _{PRE_STARTUP}	Overshoot at startup	-	—	3	%
V _{PRE_FB_OV}	Overvoltage threshold protection	5.5	6.0	6.5	V
T _{PRE_FB_OV}	V _{PRE_FB_OV} filtering time	1	2	3	μs
V _{PRE_UVH}	Undervoltage threshold high	2.9	—	3.1	V
V _{PRE_UVL}	Undervoltage threshold low	2.5	—	2.7	V
T _{PRE_UV}	V _{PRE_UVH} and V _{PRE_UVL} filtering time	6.0	10	15	μs
F _{PRE_SW}	Switching frequency range (OTP_VPRE_clk_sel bit)	430	455	480	kHz

FS5502

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FS5502

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
		2.1	2.22	2.35	MHz
L _{VPRE}	Inductor for F _{PRE_SW} = 455 kHz	4.7	6.8	10	μH
	Inductor for F _{PRE_SW} = 2.55 MHz	1.5	2.2	4.7	μH
VPRE_LOAD_REG_455k	Transient load regulation at 455 kHz VSUP = 6.0 V to 36 V	-3	-	3	%
	(L _{VPRE} = 6.8 μH, C _{OUT_PRE} = 66 μF, from 1.0 A to 3.0 A, di/dt = 300 mA/μs)				
Vpre_load_reg_2.2M	Transient load regulation at 2.22 MHz VSUP = 6.0 V to 18 V (L_{VPRE} = 2.2 µH, C_{OUT_PRE} = 44 µF, from 1.0 A to 3.0 A, di/dt = 300 mA/µs)	-3	_	3	%
V _{PRE_LINE_REG_455k}	Transient line regulation at 455 kHz VSUP = 6.0 V to 18 V and VSUP = 12 V to 36 V (Cin = 47 μ F + PI filter, L _{VPRE} = 6.8 μ H, C _{OUT_PRE} = 66 μ F, dv/dt = 100 mV/ μ s)	-3	_	3	%
$V_{PRE_LINE_REG_2.2M}$	Transient line regulation at 2.2 MHz VSUP = 6.0 V to 18 V (Cin = 47 μ F + PI filter, L _{VPRE} = 6.8 μ H, C _{OUT_PRE} = 44 μ F, dv/dt = 100 mV/ μ s)	-3	_	3	%
$V_{PRE_RIPPLE_455k}$	Ripple at 455 kHz VSUP = 12 V and VSUP = 24 V (L _{VPRE} = 6.8 μ H, C _{OUT_PRE} = 66 μ F, V _{PRE} = 3.3 V and 5.0 V, I _{PRE} = 4.0 A)	1	_	1	%
$V_{PRE_RIPPLE_2.2M}$	Ripple at 2.22 MHz VSUP = 12 V (LVPRE = 2.2 μ H, C _{OUT_PRE} = 44 μ F, VPRE = 3.3 V and 5.0 V, I _{PRE} = 2.0 A	-0.5	_	0.5	%
T _{PRE_ON_MIN}	HS minimum ON time	15	25	35	ns
T _{PRE_OFF_MIN}	HS minimum OFF time	20	40	60	ns
R _{SHUNT}	Current sense resistor (±1 %)	10	—	20	mΩ
V _{PRE_LIM_GAIN}	Current sense amplifier gain	4.5	5	5.5	
V _{PRE_LIM_TH1}	Current sense amplifier peak detection threshold	37	50	63	mV
	(OTP_VPREILIM[1:0] bits)	60.8	80	99.2	mΩ mV mV mV
		93.6	120	146.4	mV
		117	150	183	mV
I _{LIM_PRE}	$\label{eq:lim_pre} \begin{split} I_{LIM_PRE} = V_{PRE_LIM_TH} / R_{SHUNT} \\ Inductor peak current limitation range (R_{SHUNT} = 10 \ m\Omega, \\ V_{PRE_LIM_TH1} = 50 \ mV) \end{split}$	3.75	5.0	6.25	A
	Inductor peak current limitation range (R_{SHUNT} = 10 m Ω , $V_{PRE_LIM_TH1}$ = 150 mV) To be recalculated for different R_{SHUNT} and different $V_{PRE_LIM_TH}$	12	15	18	A
V _{PRE_DRV}	HS and LS gate driver output voltage	-	VBOS	-	V
IPRE_GATE_DRV	HS and LS gate driver pull up and pull down current capability	60	130	220	mA
	(OTP_VPRESRHS[1:0] and OTP_VPRESRLS[1:0] bits by default + VPRESRHS[1:0] and VPRESRLS[1:0] bits by I ² C)	120	260	430	ns ns mΩ mV mV mV mV A A A A V M M
		220	520	860	mA
		420	900	1490	mA
C _{OUT_PRE}	Effective output capacitor for F_{PRE_SW} = 455 kHz	44	66	220	μF
	Effective output capacitor for F_{PRE_SW} = 2.22 MHz	22	44	110	μF
	Output decoupling capacitor	—	0.1	—	μF
C _{IN_PRE}	Input capacitor (Cpi2)	20	—	—	μF
	Input decoupling capacitor	_	0.1	—	μF
I _{PRE_DRV}	$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Combined HS + LS gate driver average current capability} \\ \mbox{I}_{PRE_DRV} < V_{PRE_SW} \times (QC_{HS} + QC_{LS}) \\ \mbox{with } QC_{HS} = gate \mbox{ charge of } Q2 \mbox{ at VBOS} \\ \mbox{with } QC_{LS} = gate \mbox{ charge of } Q1 \mbox{ at VBOS} \\ \end{array} $	-	-	30	mA
			1	1	1

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{PRE_SLOPE}	Slope compensation (OTP_VPRESC[5:0] bits)	29	40	51	mV/μs
		36	50	64	mV/μs
		43	60	77	mV/μs
		51	70	89	mV/us
		58	80	102	mV/μs
		65	90	115	mV/μs
		73	100	127	mV/μs
		102	140	178	mV/μs
		124	170	216	mV/μs
		146	200	254	mV/μs
		175	240	305	mV/μs
T _{PRE_UV_DFS}	V_{PRE_UVL} filtering time to go to DEEP-FS during VPRE start up	1.8	2	2.2	ms
T _{PRE_DT}	Dead time to avoid cross conduction (this timing does not take into account the external FET turn ON/OFF times)	20	30	40	ns
R _{PRE_DIS}	Discharge resistor (when VPRE is disabled)	250	500	1000	Ω
IPRE_SW_LKG	PRE_SW leakage	—	—	10	μA
R _{DRV_OFF}	HS and LS gate driver pull-down resistor when VPRE is disabled	5	—	35	kΩ
R _{BOOT_OFF}	PRE_BOOT pull-down resistor when VPRE is disabled	1.2	—	2.6	kΩ
IBOOT_LKG	PRE_BOOT leakage	_	_	10	μA

14.5 VPRE external MOSFETs

MOSFETs selection:

- Logical level NMOS, gate drive comes from VBOS (5.0 V)
- VDS > 60 V for 24 V truck, bus applications
- VDS > 40 V for 12 V automotive applications
- Qg < 15 nC at Vgs = 5.0 V is recommended for 455 kHz
- Qg < 7 nC at Vgs = 5.0 V is recommended for 2.22 MHz
- Recommended references

Table 63. VPRE external MOSFETs recommendation

Applications	Fpre	Ipre < 2.0 A	Ipre < 4.0 A	Ipre < 6.0 A	lpre < 10 A
12 V	455 kHz	BUK9K25-40E, BUK9K18-40E	BUK9K25-40E, BUK9K18-40E	BUK9K18-40E	BUK9K18-40E, NVTFS5C471NLWFTAG, HS = BUK9M9R5-40H, LS = BUK9M3R3-40H
	2.22 MHz	BUK9K25-40E, BUK9Y29-40E	BUK9K25-40E, BUK9Y29-40E	BUK9K25-40E, BUK9Y29-40E	na
24 V	455 kHz	BUK9K35-60E, BUK9K52-60E	BUK9K35-60E, BUK9K52-60E	BUK9K35-60E	BUK9K12-60E

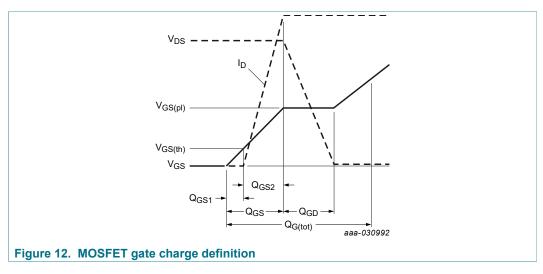
Other MOSFETs are possible but should have similar performances as compared to the recommended references. The maximum current at 2.22 MHz is limited to 6.0 A for which the efficiency is equivalent to 10 A at 455 kHz. The power dissipation in the external MOSFETs is important and the junction temperature may rise above 175 °C.

VPRE switching slew rate can be configured by I^2C to align with external MOSFET selection, VPRE switching frequency, and to optimize power dissipation and EMC performance. It is recommended to configure the maximum slew rate by OTP and reduce it later by I^2C if needed. FS5502 is using current source to drive the external MOSFET so adding an external serial resistor with the gate does not affect the slew rate. It is recommended to change the current source selection by I^2C to change the slew rate.

FS5502

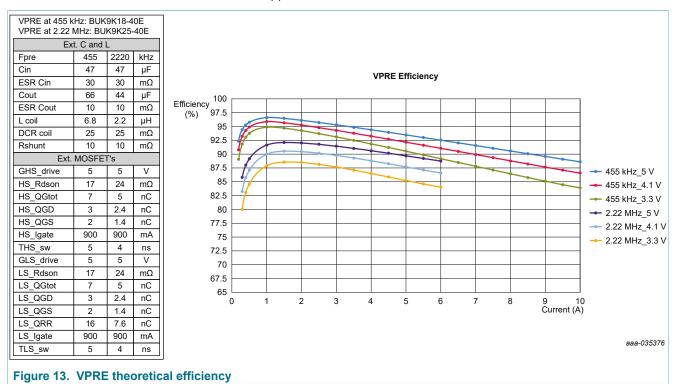
High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

VPRE MOSFET switching time can be estimated to $T_{SW} = (Q_{GD} + Q_{GS} / 2) / I_{PRE_GATE_DRV}$ using the gate charge definition from <u>Figure 12</u>. Q_{GD} and Q_{GS} can be extracted from the MOSFET data sheet.



14.6 VPRE efficiency

VPRE efficiency versus current load is given for information based on external component criteria provided and VSUP voltage 14 V. If the conditions change, it has to be recalculated with the FS5502_PDTCAL tool. The real efficiency has to be verified by measurement at the application level.



14.7 VPRE not populated

When two FS5502 are used, only one VPRE may be required. It is possible to not populate the external components of the second VPRE to optimize the bill of material.

In that case, specific connection of the VPRE2 pins is required:

- PRE_FB2 must be connected to PRE_FB1
- PRE_CSP2 must be connected to PRE_FB1
- PRE_COMP2 must be left open
- PRE_SW2 must be connected to GND
- PRE_BOOT2 must be connected to VBOS2
- PRE_GHS2 and PRE_GLS2 must be left open

After the startup phase, VPRE2 shall be disabled by I²C with VPDIS bit.

15 Low voltage buck: BUCK1

15.1 Functional description

BUCK1 block is low voltage, synchronous, valley current mode buck converters with integrated HS PMOS and LS NMOS. BUCK1 works in force with PWM. The output voltage is configurable by OTP from 0.8 V to 1.8 V, the switching frequency is 2.22 MHz and the output current is limited to 3.6 A peak. The input of these blocks must be connected to the output of VPRE. The stability is ensured by an internal Type 2 compensation network with slope compensation.

By default, BUCK1 switching frequency is derived from the internal oscillator and can be synchronized with an external frequency signal applied on FIN input pin. The change from internal oscillator to external clock or vice versa is controlled by I^2C .

An overcurrent detection and a thermal shutdown are implemented on BUCK1 to protect the internal MOSFETs. The overcurrent induces a duty cycle reduction that could lead to the output voltage gradually dropping, causing an undervoltage condition.

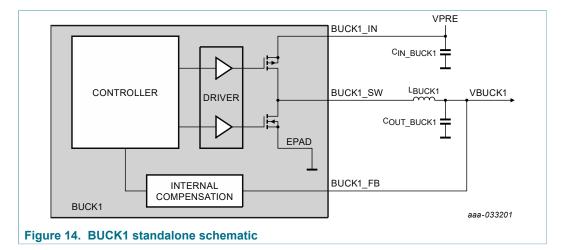
The ramp up and ramp down of BUCK1 when they are enabled and disabled is configurable with OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] bits to accommodate multiple MCU soft start requirements. Static Voltage Scaling (SVS) feature is available to decrease the output voltage after power up during INIT_FS. Programmable phase shift control is implemented, see <u>Section 18 "Clock management"</u>.

15.2 Application schematic: Single phase mode

In this configuration, BUCK1 output is configured and controlled independently by I²C.

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO



15.3 Compensation network and stability

The internal compensation network ensures the stability and the transient response performance of the buck converter. The error amplifier gain is configurable with OTP_VB1GMCOMP[2:0] bits for BUCK 1 regulator. It is recommended to use the default value that covers most of the use cases.

Decreasing the gain reduces the regulation bandwidth and increase the phase and gain margin but transient performance is degraded. Increasing the gain enlarges the regulation bandwidth and improves the transient performance but the phase and gain margin is degraded.

OTP_VB1INDOPT[1:0] scales the slope compensation and the zero cross detection according to the inductor value. 1.0 μ H is the recommended inductor value for BUCK1.

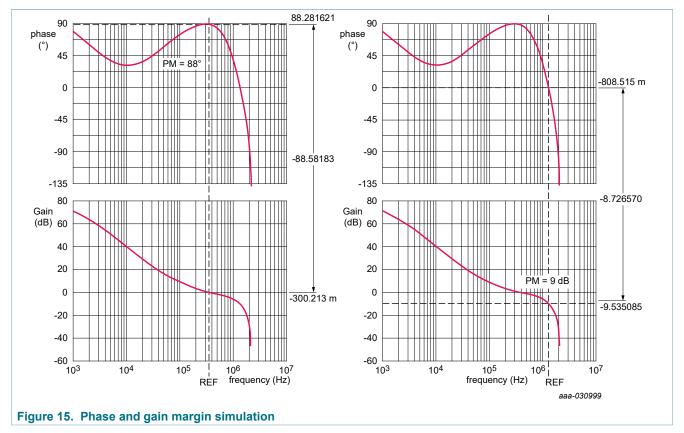
Use case with V_{PRE} = 4.1 V, V_{BUCK1} = 1.0 V, L_{VBUCK1} = 1.0 µH, V_{BUCK1_SW} = 2.22 MHz, C_{OUT} BUCK1 = 44 µF, default Err Amp gain

Use case stability verification

• Phase margin target PM > 45° and gain margin target GM > 6 dB.

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

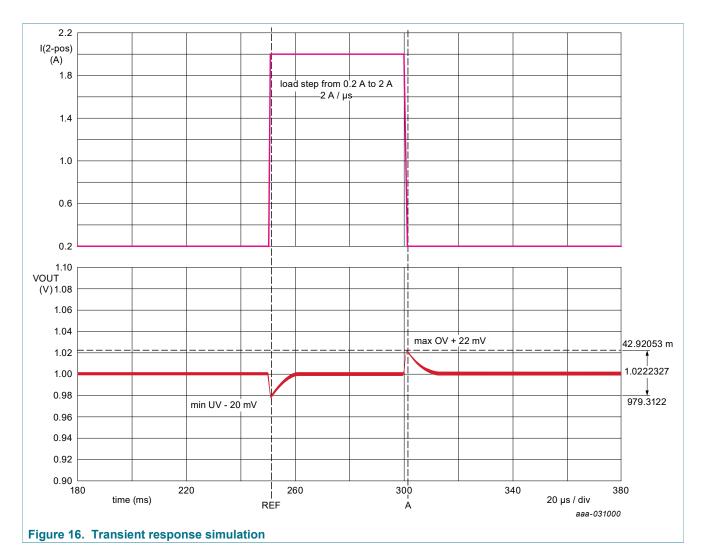


Use case transient response verification

FS5502 Product data sheet

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO



15.4 BUCK1 electrical characteristics

Table 64. BUCK1 electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{BUCK1_IN}	Input voltage range	2.5	—	5.5	V
V _{BUCK1}	Output voltage (OTP_VB1V[7:0]) 0.8 V, 0.9 V, 0.95 V, 1.0 V, 1.025 V, 1.03125 V, 1.1 V, 1.2 V, 1.25 V, 1.3 V, 1.35 V, 1.4 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V	0.8	—	1.8	V
I _{BUCK1}	DC output current capability (one phase)	—	—	2.5	A
V _{BUCK1_ACC}	Output voltage accuracy (I _{OUT} < 2.5 A)	-2	—	+2	%
V _{BUCK1_SW}	Switching frequency range	2.1	2.22	2.35	MHz
L _{BUCK1}	Inductor for V _{BUCK1_SW} = 2.22 MHz (OTP_VB1INDOPT[1:0])	0.47	1.0	1.5	μH
C _{OUT_BUCK1}	Effective output capacitor	40	—	160	μF
	Output decoupling capacitor	—	0.1	—	μF
CIN_BUCK1	Input capacitor (close to BUCK1_IN)	4.7	—	—	μF
	Input decoupling capacitor (close to BUCK1_IN)	—	0.1	—	μF
V _{BUCK1_TLR}	Transient load regulation for $V_{BUCK1} < 1.2 V$ (Cout = 44 µF, from 200 mA to 1.0 A, di/dt = 2.0 A/µs) (Cout = 44 µF, from 400 mA to 2.0 A, di/dt = 4.0 A/µs)	-25	—	+25	mV
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FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

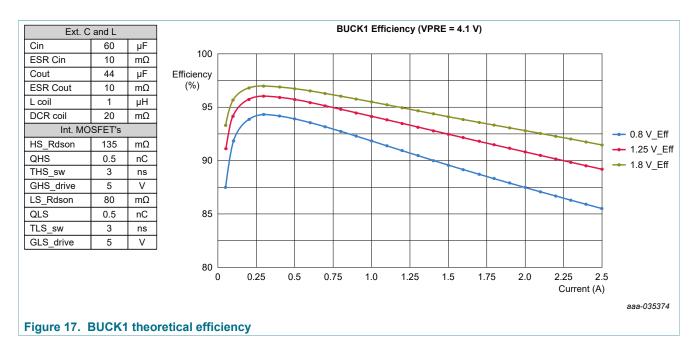
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{BUCK1_TLR}	Transient load regulation for V_{BUCK1} >1.2 V (Cout = 44 µF, from 200 mA to 1.0 A, di/dt = 2.0 A/µs) (Cout = 44 µF, from 400 mA to 2.0 A, di/dt = 4.0 A/µs)	-3	_	+3	%
ILIM_BUCK1	Inductor peak current limitation range for one phase (OTP_ VB1SWILIM[1:0])	3.6	4.5	5.45	A
VBUCK1_DVS_UP	Ramp up speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 00	5.86	7.81	9.77	mV/µs
(for V _{BUCK1} up to 1.5 V)	Ramp up speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 01	2.34	3.13	3.91	mV/µs
	Ramp up speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 10	1.95	2.60	3.26	mV/µs
	Ramp up speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 11	1.67	2.23	2.79	mV/µs
VBUCK1_DVS_UP	Ramp up speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 00	7.33	9.763	12.21	mV/µs
(for V _{BUCK1} = 1.8 V)	Ramp up speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 01	2.93	3.91	4.89	mV/µs
	Ramp up speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 10	2.44	3.25	4.08	mV/µs
	Ramp up speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 11	2.09	2.79	3.49	mV/µs
VBUCK1_DVS_DOWN	Ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 00	3.91	5.21	6.51	mV/µs
(for V _{BUCK1} up to 1.5 V)	Ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 01	2.34	3.13	3.91	mV/µs
	Ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 10	1.95	2.6	3.26	mV/µs
	Ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 11	1.67	2.23	2.79	mV/µs
VBUCK1_DVS_DOWN	Ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 00	4.89	6.51	8.14	mV/µs
(for V _{BUCK1} = 1.8 V)	Ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 01	2.93	3.91	4.89	mV/µs
	Ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 10	2.44	3.25	4.08	mV/µs
	Ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 11	2.09	2.79	3.49	mV/µs
TBUCK1_SOFT_START	$\label{eq:VBUCK1_SOFT_START} \begin{array}{l} V_{BUCK1} / V_{BUCK1_DVS_UP} \mbox{ Soft start for } V_{BUCK1} \\ = 1.2 \ V \mbox{ and } \mbox{ OTP}_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 00 \end{array}$	122.9	153.6	204.8	μs
	Soft start for V_{BUCK1} = 1.2 V and OTP_DVS_BUCK1[1:0] = 11 To be recalculated for different V_{BUCK1} and different $V_{BUCK1_DVS_UP}$	430.1	538.1	718.5	ha
VBUCK1_STARTUP	Overshoot at startup	-	—	50	mV
TBUCK1_OFF_MIN	HS minimum OFF time	9	30	54	ns
T _{BUCK1_DT}	Dead time to avoid cross conduction	0.01	3	20	ns
R _{BUCK1_HS_RON}	HS PMOS RDSon	-	—	135	mΩ
R _{BUCK1_LS_RON}	LS NMOS RDSon	—	—	80	mΩ
R _{BUCK1_DISch}	Discharge resistance (when BUCK1 is disabled)	250	500	1000	Ω
TSD _{BUCK1}	Thermal shutdown threshold	160	—	—	°C
TSD _{BUCK1_HYST}	Thermal shutdown threshold hysteresis	-	9	—	°C
T _{BUCK1_TSD}	Thermal shutdown filtering time	3	5	8	μs

15.5 BUCK1 efficiency

BUCK1 efficiency versus current load is given for information based on external component criteria provided and VPRE voltage 4.1 V. If the conditions change, it has to be recalculated with the VR5502_PDTCAL tool. The real efficiency has to be verified by measurement at the application level.

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

FS5502



16 Low voltage buck: BUCK3

16.1 Functional description

BUCK3 block is a low voltage, synchronous, peak current mode buck converter with integrated HS PMOS and LS NMOS. BUCK3 works in force PWM and the output voltage is configurable by OTP from 1.0 V to 3.3 V, the switching frequency is 2.22 MHz and the output current is limited to 3.6 A peak. The input of this block can be connected to the output of VPRE. The stability is ensured by an internal Type 2 compensation network with slope compensation.

By default, BUCK3 switching frequency is derived from the internal oscillator, and can be synchronized with an external frequency signal applied on FIN input pin. The change from internal oscillator to external clock or vice versa is controlled by I^2C .

An overcurrent detection and a thermal shutdown are implemented on BUCK3 to protect the internal MOSFETs. The overcurrent induces a duty cycle reduction that could lead to the output voltage gradually dropping, causing an undervoltage condition.

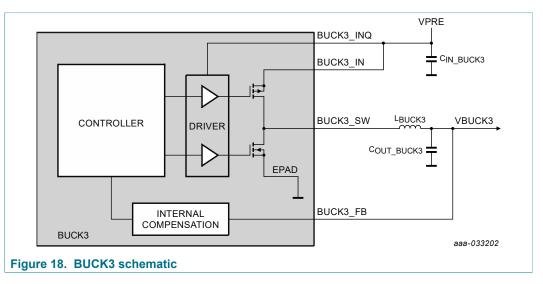
BUCK3 is part number dependent according to OTP_BUCK3EN bit. BUCK3_INQ pin, used to bias internal BUCK3 driver, and must be connected to the same source pin as BUCK3_IN pin. The ramp up and ramp down of BUCK3 when it is enabled and disabled is configurable with OTP_DVS_BUCK3[1:0] bits to accommodate multiple MCU soft start requirements.

Programmable phase shift control is implemented, see Section 18 "Clock management".

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

16.2 Application schematic



16.3 Compensation network and stability

The internal compensation network ensures the stability and the transient response performance of the buck converter. OTP_VB3INDOPT[1:0] scales the slope compensation and the zero cross detection according to inductor value. 1.0 μ H is the recommended inductor value for BUCK3.

Use case with V_PRE = 4.1 V, V_BUCK3 = 2.3 V, L_VBUCK3 = 1.0 μ H, V_BUCK3_SW = 2.22 MHz, C_OUT BUCK3 = 44 μ F

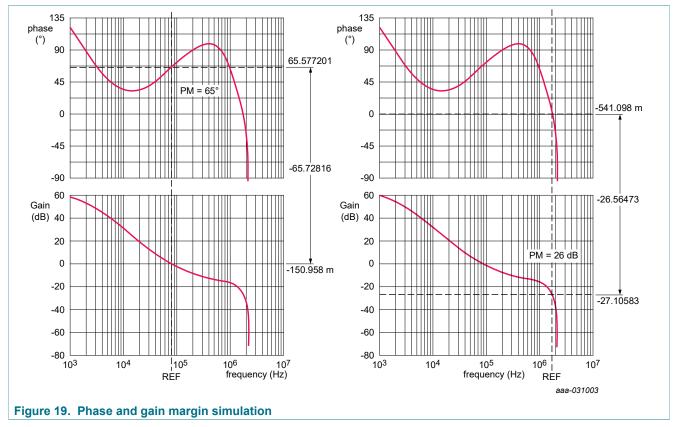
Use case stability verification

• Phase margin target PM > 45° and gain margin target GM > 6 dB.

Product data sheet

FS5502

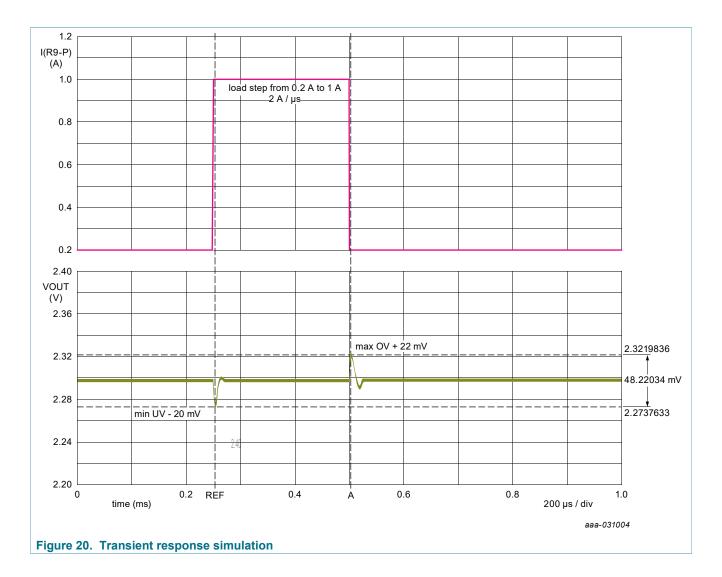
High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO



Use case transient response verification

FS5502 Product data sheet

FS5502



16.4 BUCK3 electrical characteristics

Table 65. BUCK3 electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

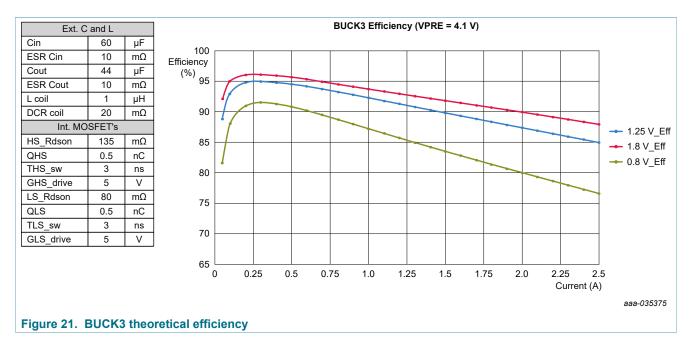
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
V _{BUCK3_IN}	Input voltage range	2.5	—	5.5	V
V _{BUCK3}	Output voltage (OTP_VB3V[4:0] bits) 1.0 V, 1.1 V, 1.2 V, 1.25 V, 1.3 V, 1.35 V, 1.5 V, 1.6 V, 1.8 V, 2.3 V, 2.5 V, 2.8 V, 3.3 V	1.0	-	3.3	V
I _{BUCK12}	DC output current capability	—	2.5	—	A
V _{BUCK3_ACC}	Output voltage accuracy (lout < 2.5 A)	-2	—	+2	%
V _{BUCK3_SW}	Switching frequency range	2.1	2.22	2.35	MHz
L _{вискз}	Inductor for V _{BUCK3_SW} = 2.22 MHz (OTP_VB3INDOPT[1:0] bits)	0.47	1.0	1.5	μH
C _{OUT_BUCK3}	Effective output capacitor	40	—	120	μF
	Output decoupling capacitor	—	0.1	—	μF
C _{IN_BUCK3}	Effective input capacitor (close to BUCK3_IN pin)	4.7	—	—	μF
	Input decoupling capacitor (close to BUCK3_IN pin)	_	0.1	—	μF
V _{BUCK3_TLR}	Transient load regulation (Cout = 44 $\mu F,$ from 200 mA to 1.0 A, di/ dt = 2.0 A/ $\mu s)$	-50	—	+50	mV
ILIM_BUCK3	Inductor peak current limitation range (OTP_VB3SWILIM[1:0] bits)	2.0	2.6	3.1	A
		3.6	4.5	5.45	A
T _{BUCK3_ON_MIN}	HS minimum ON time	5	50	80	ns
VBUCK3_DVS_UP_DOWN	Ramp up and ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK3[1:0] = 00	7.81	10.42	13.02	mV/μs
	Ramp up and ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK3[1:0] = 01	2.6	3.47	4.34	mV/μs
	Ramp up and ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK3[1:0] = 10	1.95	2.6	3.26	mV/μs
	Ramp up and ramp down speed, OTP_DVS_BUCK3[1:0] = 11	1.56	2.08	2.60	mV/μs
TBUCK3_SOFT_START	$V_{BUCK3_SOFT_START} = V_{BUCK3} / V_{BUCK3_DVS_UP}$ Soft start for $V_{BUCK3} = 1.8$ V and OTP_DVS_BUCK3[1:0] = 00	84.8	105.6	140.08	μs
	Soft start for V _{BUCK3} = 1.8 V and OTP_DVS_BUCK3[1:0] = 11 To be recalculated for different V _{BUCK3} and different V _{BUCK3_DVS_UP_DOWN}	422.4	528	704	μs
VBUCK3_STARTUP	Overshoot at startup	—	—	50	mV
T _{BUCK3_DT}	Dead time to avoid cross conduction	0.01	3	20	ns
R _{BUCK3_HS_RON}	HS PMOS RDSon	—	—	135	mΩ
R _{BUCK3_LS_RON}	LS NMOS RDSon	—	—	80	mΩ
R _{BUCK3_DISCH}	Discharge resistance (when BUCK3 is disabled)	250	500	1000	Ω
TSD _{BUCK3}	Thermal shutdown threshold	160	—	—	°C
TSD _{BUCK3_HYST}	Thermal shutdown threshold hysteresis	-	9	—	°C
TBUCK3 TSD	Thermal shutdown filtering time	3	5	8	μs

16.5 BUCK3 efficiency

BUCK3 efficiency versus current load is given for information based on external component criteria provided and VPRE voltage 4.1 V. If the conditions change, it has to be recalculated with the FS5502_PDTCAL tool. The real efficiency has to be verified by measurement at the application level.

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

FS5502

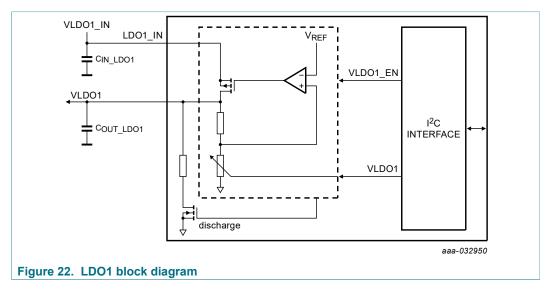


17 Linear voltage regulator: LDO1

17.1 Functional description

An LDO1 block is a linear voltage regulator. The output voltage is configurable by OTP from 1.1 V to 5.0 V. A minimum voltage drop is required depending on the output current capability (0.5 V for 150 mA and 1.0 V for 400 mA). The LDO current capability is linear with the voltage drop and can be estimated to $I(mA) = 500 \times V_{LDO1_DROP} - 100$ for intermediate voltage drop between 0.5 V and 1.0 V.

LDO1 input supply is externally connected to VPRE or another supply. An overcurrent detection and a thermal shutdown are implemented on LDO1 to protect the internal pass device.



17.2 Application schematics

17.3 LDO1 electrical characteristics

Table 66. LDO1 electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
V _{LDO1_IN}	Input voltage range	2.5	—	6.5	V
V _{LDO1}	Output voltage (OTP_VLDO1V[2:0]) 1.1 V, 1.2 V, 1.6 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.8 V, 3.3 V, 5.0 V	1.1	—	5.0	V
VLDO1_ACC_150	Output voltage accuracy, 150 mA current capability	-2	—	+2	%
VLDO1_ACC_400	Output voltage accuracy, 400 mA current capability	-3	—	+3	%
VLDO1_DROP_150	Minimum voltage drop for 150 mA current capability	0.5	—	—	V
VLDO1_DROP_400	Minimum voltage drop for 400 mA current capability	1.0	—	—	V
C _{IN_LDO1}	Input capacitor (close to LDO1_IN pin)	1.0	—	—	μF
C _{OUT_LDO1_150}	Output capacitor, 150 mA current capability	4.7	—	10	μF
C _{OUT_LDO1_400}	Output capacitor, 400 mA current capability	6.8	—	10	μF
COUT_LDO1	Output decoupling capacitor	0.1	—	—	μF
V _{LDO1_LTR_150}	Transient load regulation (from 10 mA to 150 mA in 2.0 μs)	-4	—	+4	%
V _{LDO1_LTR_400}	Transient load regulation (from 10 mA to 400 mA in 4.0 $\mu s)$	-5	—	+5	%
V _{LDO1_LR}	Line regulation	—	—	0.5	%
VLDO1_ILIM_150	Current limitation, 150 mA current capability (OTP_ LDO1ILIM)	200	280	500	mA
V _{LDO1_ILIM_400}	Current limitation, 400 mA current capability (OTP_ LDO1ILIM)	430	560	800	mA
VLD01_SOFT_START	Soft start (enable to 90 %)	—	1.0	1.3	ms
V _{LDO1_STARTUP}	Overshoot at startup	-	—	2	%
R _{LDO1_DISCH}	Discharge resistance (when LDO1 is disabled)	10	20	60	Ω
TSD _{LDO1}	Thermal shutdown threshold	160	—	—	°C
TSD _{LDO1_HYST}	Thermal shutdown threshold hysteresis	-	9	—	°C
T _{LDO1_TSD}	Thermal shutdown filtering time	3	5	8	μs

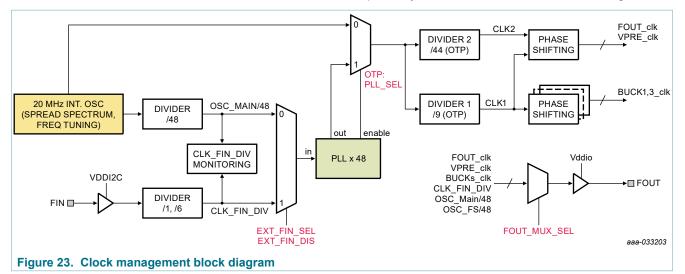
18 Clock management

18.1 Clock description

The clock management block is made of the Internal oscillator, the Phase Locked Loop (PLL) and multiple dividers. This block manages the clock generation for the internal digital state machines, the switching regulators and the external clock synchronization.

The internal oscillator is running at 20 MHz by default after start up. The frequency is programmable by I^2C and a spread spectrum feature can be activated by I^2C to reduce the emission of the oscillator fundamental frequency.

VPRE switching frequency comes from CLK2 (455 kHz) or CLK1 (2.22 MHz). BUCK1 and BUCK3 switching frequency comes from CLK1 (2.22 MHz). The switching regulators can be synchronized with an external frequency coming from FIN pin. A dedicated watchdog monitoring is implemented to verify and report the correct FIN frequency range. Different clocks can be sent to FOUT pin to synchronize an external IC or for diagnostic.



18.2 Phase shifting

The clocks of the switching regulators (VPRE_clk, BUCK1_clk and BUCK3_clk) can be delayed in order to avoid all the regulators to turn ON at the same time to reduce peak current and improve EMC performance.

Each clock of each regulator can be shifted from 1 to 7 clock cycles of CLK running at 20 MHz what corresponds to 50 ns. The phase shift configuration is done by OTP configuration using OTP_VPRE_ph[2:0], OTP_BUCK1_ph[2:0] and OTP_BUCK3_ph[2:0].

VPRE and BUCK3 have a peak current detection architecture. The PWM synchronizes the turn ON of the high-side switch. BUCK1 has a valley current detection architecture. The PWM synchronizes the turn ON of the low-side switch.

18.3 Manual frequency tuning

The internal oscillator frequency, 20 MHz by default, can be programmed from 16 MHz to 24 MHz with 1.0 MHz frequency step by I^2C . The oscillator functionality is guaranteed

for frequency increment of one step at a time in either direction, with a minimum of 10 μ s between two steps. For any unused code of the CLK_TUNE [3:0] bits, the internal oscillator is set at the default 20 MHz frequency.

To change the internal oscillator frequency from 20 MHz to 24 MHz, four I²C commands are required with 10 μ s wait time between each command (21 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 22 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 23 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 24 MHz). To change the internal oscillator frequency from 24 MHz to 16 MHz, eight I²C commands are required with 10 μ s wait time between each command (23 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 22 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 21 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 21 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 21 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 19 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 18 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 17 MHz – wait 10 μ s – 16 MHz).

CLK_TUNE [3:0]	Oscillator frequency [MHz]
0000 (default)	20
0001	21
0010	22
0011	23
0100	24
1001	16
1010	17
1011	18
1100	19
Reset condition	POR

Table 67. Manual frequency tuning configuration

18.4 Spread spectrum

The internal oscillator can be modulated with a triangular carrier frequency of 23 kHz or 94 kHz with ± 5 % deviation range around the oscillator frequency. The spread spectrum feature can be activated by I²C with the MOD_EN bit and the carrier frequency can be selected by I²C with the MOD_CONF bit. By default, the spread spectrum is disabled. The spread spectrum and the manual frequency tuning functions cannot be used at the same time.

The main purpose of the spread spectrum is to improve the EMC performance by spreading the energy of the internal oscillator and VPRE frequency on VBAT frequency spectrum. Consequently, it is recommended to select 23 kHz carrier frequency when VPRE is configured at 455 kHz and 94 kHz when VPRE is configured at 2.2 MHz for the best performance.

18.5 External clock synchronization

To synchronize the switching regulators with an external frequency coming from FIN pin, the PLL shall be enabled with OTP_PLL_SEL bit. The FIN pin accepts two ranges of frequency depending on the divider selection to always have CLK clock at the output of the PLL in the working range of the digital blocks from 16 MHz to 24 MHz. When $FIN_DIV = 0$, the input frequency range must be between 333 kHz and 500 kHz. When $FIN_DIV = 1$, the input frequency range must be between 2.0 MHz and 3.0 MHz.

After the FIN clock divider configuration with FIN_DIV bit, the FIN clock is routed to the PLL input with EXT_FIN_SEL bit. The CLK clock changes from the internal oscillator to FIN external clock with EXT_FIN_SEL bit. So, the configuration procedure is FIN_DIV first, then apply FIN and finally set EXT_FIN_SEL.

If FIN is out of range, CLK clock moves back to the internal oscillator and reports the error using the CLK_FIN_DIV_OK bit. When FIN comes back in the range, the configuration procedure described above is executed again.

The FOUT pin can be used to synchronize an external device with the FS5502. The frequency sent to FOUT is selected by I^2C with the FOUT_MUX_SEL [3:0] bits.

FOUT_MUX_SEL [3:0]	FOUT multiplexer selection
0000 (default)	No signal, FOUT is low
0001	VPRE_clk
0010	RESERVED
0011	BUCK1_clk
0100	RESERVED
0101	BUCK3_clk
0110	FOUT_clk (CLK1 or CLK2 selected with FOUT_ CLK_SEL bit)
0111	OSC_MAIN/48 (when PLL is enabled by OTP)
1000	OSC_FS/48
1001	CLK_FIN_DIV
Others	No signal, FOUT is low
Reset condition	POR

Table 68. FOUT multiplexer selection

18.6 Electrical characteristics

Table 69. Electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	
20 MHz internal oscillator						
F _{20MHz}	Oscillator nominal frequency (programmable)	—	20	—	MHz	
F _{20MHz_ACC}	Oscillator accuracy	-6	—	+6	%	
T _{20MHz_step}	Oscillator frequency tuning step transition time	—	10	—	μs	
Spread spectrum						
FSS _{MOD}	Spread spectrum frequency modulation (MOD_CONF I ² C	—	23	—	kHz	
	configuration)	—	94	—	kHz	
FSS _{RANGE}	Spread spectrum range (around the nominal frequency)	-5	—	+5	%	

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FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Clock synchronization (FIN)	L				
/ _{FIN_IN}	Input voltage range	-	VDDI2C	—	V
DC _{FIN_FOUT}	FIN and FOUT duty cycle	40	50	60	%
IN _{RANGE}	FIN input frequency range (FIN_DIV I ² C configuration)	333	417	500	kHz
		2.25	2.5	2.75	MHz
FIN _{VIL}	FIN low voltage threshold	0.3 x V _{DDI2C}	—	—	V
FIN _{VIH}	FIN high voltage threshold	—	—	0.7 x V _{DDI2C}	V
FIN _{HYST}	FIN hysteresis	0.1	—	—	V
FIN _{IPD}	FIN internal pull-down current source	7	10	13	μA
FIN _{DLY}	FIN input buffer propagation delay	—	—	8	ns
IN _{ERR_LONG}	CLK_FIN_DIV monitoring, long deviation detection	5	—	—	μs
IN _{ERR_SHORT}	CLK_FIN_DIV monitoring, short deviation detection	—	—	1.5	μs
FIN _{TLOST}	Time to switch to internal oscillator when FIN is lost	—	—	3	μs
Clock synchronization (FOUT)		·		·	
/ _{FOUT_OUT}	Output voltage range	—	VDDIO	—	V
FOUT _{VOL}	FOUT low voltage threshold at 2.0 mA	—	—	0.5	V
FOUT _{VOH}	FOUT high voltage threshold at -2.0 mA	V _{DDIO} - 0.5	—	—	V
FOUT	Tri-state leakage current (VDDIO = 5.0 V)	-1.0	-	1.0	μA
FOUT _{TRISE}	FOUT rise time (from 20 % to 80 % of VDDIO, Cout = 30 pF)	—	-	20	ns
FOUT _{TFALL}	FOUT fall time (from 80 % to 20 % of VDDIO, Cout = 30 pF)	—	-	20	ns
PLL _{TLOCK}	PLL lock time	—	-	90	μs
LL _{TSET} PLL settling time (from EXT_FIN_DIS enable to ±1 % of output frequency)		—	-	125	μs

19 I/O interface pins

19.1 WAKE1, WAKE2

WAKE pins are used to manage the internal biasing of the device and the main state machine transitions.

- When WAKE1 or WAKE2 is > WAKE12_{VIH}, the internal biasing is started and the equivalent digital state is 1
- When WAKE1 or WAKE2 is < WAKE12_{VIL}, the equivalent digital state is 0
- When WAKE1 and WAKE2 are < WAKE12_{AVIL}, the internal biasing is stopped if the device was in Standby mode

WAKE1 can be, for example, connected to VBAT and WAKE2 to the wake-up output of a CAN or FlexRay transceiver. When a WAKE pin is used as a global pin, a CRC protection is required (see <u>Section 26 "Application information"</u>).

Table 70. WAKE1, WAKE2 electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
WAKE12 _{AVIL}	Analog low input voltage threshold	1	—	—	V
WAKE12 _{VIL}	Digital low input voltage threshold	2	—	—	V
WAKE12 _{VIH}	Digital high input voltage threshold	—	—	4	V
I _{WAKE12}	Input current leakage at WAKE12 = 36 V	—	—	100	μA
	Input current leakage at WAKE12 = 60 V	—	—	300	μA
T _{WAKE12}	Filtering time	50	70	100	μs

19.2 INTB

INTB is an open drain output pin with internal pull up to VDDIO. This pin generates a pulse when an internal interrupt occurs to inform the MCU. Each interrupt can be masked by setting the corresponding inhibit interrupt bit in M_INT_MASK registers.

Table 71. INTB electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
INTB _{PULL-up}	Internal pull-up resistor to VDDIO	5.5	10	15	kΩ
INTB _{VOL}	Low output level threshold (I = 2.0 mA)	—	—	0.5	V
INTB _{LKG}	Input leakage current	—	—	1.0	μA
INTB _{PULSE}	Pulse duration (without manual frequency tuning)	90	100	110	μs

Table 72. List of interrupts from main logic

Interrupt main	Description
VSUP_UV7	VSUP undervoltage 7.0 V
VSUP_UVH	VSUP undervoltage high
VSUP_UVL	VSUP undervoltage low
VBOS_UVH	VBOS undervoltage high
VPRE_OC	VPRE overcurrent
VPRE_FB_OV	VPRE overvoltage protection
VPRE_UVH	VPRE undervoltage high
VPRE_UVL	VPRE undervoltage low
BUCK1_TSD	BUCK1 overtemperature shutdown event
BUCK1_OC	BUCK1 overcurrent
BUCK3_TSD	BUCK3 overtemperature shutdown event
BUCK3_OC	BUCK3 overcurrent
LDO1_TSD	LDO1 overtemperature shutdown event
LDO1_OC	LDO1 overcurrent
WAKE1	WAKE1 transition
WAKE2	WAKE2 transition
СОМ	I ² C communication error

Table 73. List of interrupts from fail-safe logic

Interrupt fail-safe	Description
VCOREMON_OV	VCOREMON overvoltage detected
VCOREMON_UV	VCOREMON undervoltage detected
VDDIO_OV	VDDIO overvoltage detected

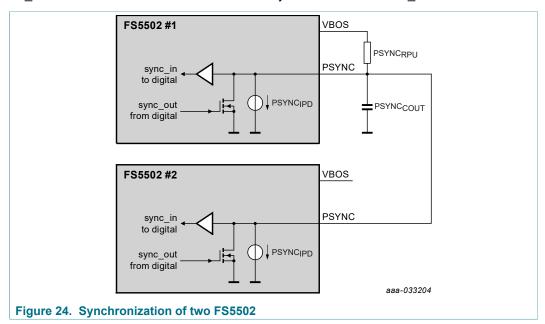
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Interrupt fail-safe	Description
VDDIO_UV	VDDIO undervoltage detected
VMON1_OV	VMON1 overvoltage detected
VMON1_UV	VMON1 undervoltage detected

19.3 PSYNC for two FS5502

PSYNC function allows to manage complex start up sequence with multiple power management ICs like two FS5502 (OTP_PSYNC_CFG = 0) or one FS5502 plus one PF82 (OTP_PSYNC_CFG = 1). This function is enabled with the OTP_PSYNC_EN bit.

When PSYNC is used to synchronize two FS5502, PSYNC pin of each device shall be connected together and pulled up to VBOS pin of the FS5502 master device as shown in <u>Figure 24</u>. In this configuration, FS5502 #1 state machine stops before FS5502 #1_VPRE starts and waits for FS5502 #2 to synchronize FS5502#2_VPRE start.



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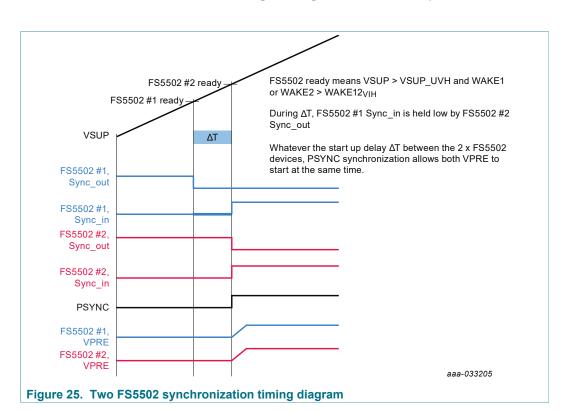
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FS5502

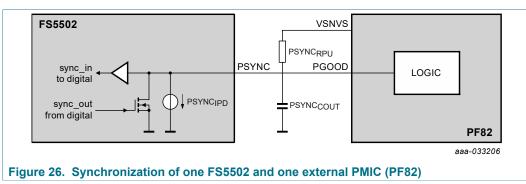


19.4 PSYNC for FS5502 and external PMIC

When PSYNC is used to synchronize one FS5502 and one external PMIC, PSYNC pin of FS5502 is connected to PGOOD pin of the external PMIC.

When the external PMIC is PF82 from NXP, it can be pulled up to VSNVS pin of PF82. In this configuration, FS5502 state machine stops after VPRE starts and waits for the PGOOD pin of the external PMIC to be released to continue its own power sequencing. It allows to synchronize the power up sequence of both devices.

During power-down sequence, FS5502 should wait for the external PMIC power-down sequence completion before turning OFF VPRE (VPRE is powering the external PMIC). OTP_VPRE_off_dly bit is configured to extend VPRE turn OFF delay from 250 µs default value to 32 ms.



Product data sheet

FS5502

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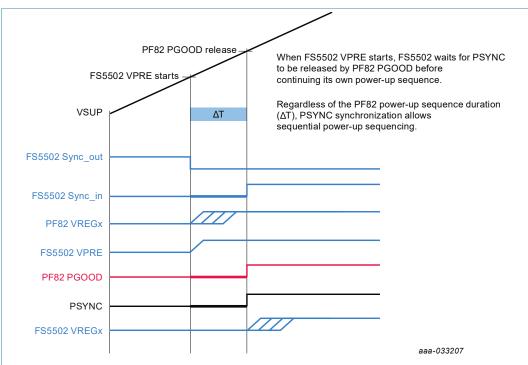


Figure 27. FS5502 and one PF82 synchronization timing diagram

Table 74. PSYNC electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
PSYNC _{VIL}	Low level input voltage threshold	1	—	_	V
PSYNC _{VIH}	High level input voltage threshold	—	—	2	V
PSYNC _{HYST}	Hysteresis	0.1	—	_	V
PSYNC _{VOL}	Low level output threshold (I = 2.0 mA)	—	—	0.5	V
PSYNC _{IPD}	Internal pull-down current source	7	10	13	μA
PSYNC _{RPU}	External pull-up resistor to VBOS	—	10	—	kΩ
PSYNC _{COUT}	External decoupling capacitor	—	0.1	—	μF
PSYNC _{TFB}	Feedback filtering time	6	10	15	μs

20 I²C interface

20.1 I²C interface overview

The FS5502 use an I²C interface following the high-speed mode definition up to 3.4 Mbit/ s. I²C interface protocol requires a device address for addressing the target IC on a multidevice bus. The FS5502 has two device address: one to access the main logic and one to access the fail-safe logic. These two I²C addresses are set by OTP.

The I²C interface is using a dedicated power input pin VDDI2C and it's compatible with 1.8 V / 3.3 V input supply. Timing, diagrams, and further details can be found in the NXP I²C specification UM10204 rev6.

FS5502

Table 75. I²C message arrangement

B39	B38	B37	B36	B35	B34	B33	B32	B31	B30	B29	B28	B27	B26	B25	B24
			ID_6-0				0	0	0 0 Adr_5-0				-		
	Device address				Read/Write	Register address									
B23	B22	B21	B20	B19	B18	B17	B16	B15	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	B9	B8
Data_15	Data_14	Data_13	Data_12	Data_11	Data_10	Data_9	Data_8	Data_7	Data_6	Data_5	Data_4	Data_3	Data_2	Data_1	Data_0
	Data MSB									Data	LSB				
								B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
						CRC_7	CRC_6	CRC_5	CRC_4	CRC_3	CRC_2	CRC_1	CRC_0		
								CRC_7	CRC_6	CRC_5	CRC_4	CRC_3	CRC_2	CRC_1	CRC_0

20.2 Device address

The FS5502 has two device address: one to access the Main logic and one to access the Fail-safe logic.

B39	B38	B37	B36	B35	B34	B33
0	1	OTP	OTP	OTP	OTP	M/FS

The I²C addresses have the following arrangement:

- Bit 39: 0
- Bit 38: 1
- Bit 37 to 34: OTP value
- Bit 33: 0 to access the main logic, 1 to access the fail-safe logic

20.3 Cyclic redundant check

An 8 bit CRC is required for each Write and Read I2C command. Computation of a cyclic redundancy check is derived from the mathematics of polynomial division, modulo two.

The CRC polynomial used is $x^8+x^4+x^3+x^2+1$ (identified by 0x1D) with a SEED value of hexadecimal '0xFF'

The following table shows an example of CRC encoding HW implementation:

CRC calculation using XOR:

CRC_7 = XOR (B38, B35, B32, B31, B24, B23, B22, B20, B17, B13, B12, B11, 1, 1, 1)

- CRC_6 = XOR (B37, B34, B23, B22, B21, B19, B16, B12, B11, B10, 1, 1)
- CRC_5 = XOR (B39, B36, B33, B30, B29, B22, B21, B20, B18, B15, B11, B10, B9, 1, 1, 1)
- CRC_4 = XOR (B39, B38, B35, B32, B29, B28, B21, B20, B19, B17, B14, B10, B9, B8, 1, 1, 1, 1)
- CRC_3 = XOR (B37, B35, B34, B32, B28, B27, B24, B23, B22, B19, B18, B17, B16, B12, B11, B9, B8, 1, 1, 1, 1)

CRC_2 = XOR (B39, B38, B36, B35, B34, B33, B32, B27, B26, B24, B21, B20, B18, B16, B15, B13, B12 B10, B8, 1,1,1,1,1,1,1)

- CRC_1 = XOR (B37, B34, B33, B26, B25, B24, B22, B19, B15, B14, B13, B9, 1, 1, 1)
- CRC_0 = XOR (B39, B36, B33, B32, B25, B24, B23, B21, B18, B14, B13, B12, B8, 1, 1, 1, 1)

CRC results examples:

- Main I2C device address: 0x20
- Fail-safe I2C device address: 0x21

FS5502

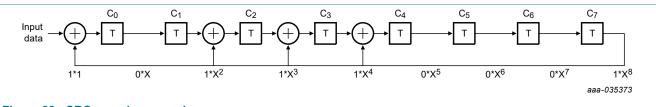


Figure 28. CRC encoder example

Table 76. CRC results example

	Table 70. Otto results example						
Device address, R/W, 8 bit (Hex)	00, Register address, 8 bit (Hex)	Data MSB, 8 bit (Hex)	Data LSB, 8 bit (Hex)	CRC, 8 bit			
0x40	0x02	0x00	0x00	0x31			
0x42	0x01	0xD0	0x0D	0x8C			

20.4 I²C electrical characteristics

Table 77. I²C electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
VDDI2C	I ² C interface power input	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
		2.97	3.3	3.63	V
F _{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	—	-	3.4	MHz
I2C _{VIL}	SCL, SDA low level input voltage threshold	$0.3 \times V_{DDI2C}$	—	_	V
I2C _{VIH}	SCL, SDA high level input voltage threshold	_	—	0.7 x V _{DDI2C}	V
SDA _{VOL}	Low level output voltage at SDA pin (I = 20 mA)	_	-	0.4	V
C _{I2C}	Input capacitance at SCL / SDA	_	—	10	pF
t _{SPSCL}	SLC pulse width filtering time, when 50 ns filter selected (fast speed, fast speed plus)	50	—	150	ns
t _{SPSDA}	SDA pulse width filtering time, when 50 ns filter selected (fast speed, fast speed plus)	50	—	150	ns
t _{SPHSCL}	SLC pulse width filtering time, when 10 ns filter selected (high speed)	10	_	25	ns
t _{SPHSDA}	SDA pulse width filtering time, when 10 ns filter selected (high speed)	10	_	25	ns

21 Maximum ratings

Table 78. Maximum ratings

All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise noted. Exceeding these ratings could cause a malfunction or permanent damage to the device.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Voltage ratings					
VSUP1/2	DC voltage	power supply VSUP1,2 pins	-0.3	60	V
WAKE1/2	DC voltage	WAKE1,2 pins; external serial resistor mandatory	-1.0	60	V
PRE_SW	DC voltage	PRE_SW pin	-2.0	60	V
VMON1, VCOREMON	DC voltage	VMON1, VCOREMON pins	-0.3	60	V
PRE_GHS, PRE_ BOOT	DC voltage	PRE_GHS, PRE_BOOT pins	-0.3	65.5	V
DBG	DC voltage	DBG pin	-0.3	10	V
LDO1_IN	DC voltage	LDO1_IN pin	-0.3	6.5	V
BUCKx_IN	DC voltage	BUCK1_IN, BUCK3_IN, BUCK3_INQ	-1.0	5.5	V
BUCKx_IN	Transient voltage < 3 μs	BUCK1_IN, BUCK3_IN, BUCK3_INQ	-1.0	6.5	V
BUCKx_SW	Transient voltage < 20 ns	BUCK1_SW, BUCK3_SW	-2.0	6.5	V
All other pins	DC voltage	at all other pins	-0.3	5.5	V
Current ratings					,
I_WAKE	Maximum current capability	WAKE1,2	-5.0	5.0	mA
I_SUP	Maximum current capability	VSUP1,2	-5.0	_	mA

22 Electrostatic discharge

22.1 Human body model (JESD22/A114)

The device is protected up to ± 2 kV, according to the human body model standard with 100 pF and 1.5 k Ω . This protection is ensured at all pins.

22.2 Charged device model

 The device is protected up to ±500 V, according to AEC-Q100 - 011 charged device model standard. This protection is ensured at all pins.

22.3 Discharged contact test

The device is protected up to ±8 kV, according to the following discharged contact tests.

Discharged contact test (IEC61000-4-2) at 150 pF and 330 Ω Discharged contact test (ISO10605.2008) at 150 pF and 2 k Ω Discharged contact test (ISO10605.2008) at 330 pF and 2 k Ω

This protection is ensured at VSUP1, VSUP2, WAKE1, WAKE2 pins.

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23 Operating conditions

NO OPERATION	EXTENDED OPERATION	FULL OPERATION		EXTENDED OPERATION	NO OPER RISK OF D	
L _{PI_DCR} x I _{PRE} + VSUP_UVH 36 V V _{PRE_UVL} /D _{MAX} 5.1 V						VSUP1/2 aaa-030983
Assumptions $L_{PI_DCR} = 30 \text{ m}\Omega$ $D_{MAX} = 98.18 \text{ \% with } F_{PRE_SW} = 455 \text{ kHz and } T_{PRE_OFF_MIN} = 40 \text{ ns}$ $I_{PRE} = 3.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{RBD} = 0.56 \text{ V}$ $V_{BAT_MIN} = 3.4 \text{ V when } \text{VPRE} = V_{PRE_UVL}$						
Figure 29. Operating range						

- Below VSUP_UVH threshold, the extended operation range depends on VPRE output voltage configuration and external components.
 - When VPRE is configured at 5.0 V, VPRE may not remain in its regulation range
 - VSUP minimum voltage depends on external components (L_{PI_DCR}) and application conditions (I_{PRE}, F_{PRE SW})
- The FS5502 maximum continuous operating voltage is 36 V when VPRE is switching at 455 kHz.
- The FS5502 maximum continuous operating voltage is 36 V when VPRE is switching at 455 kHz. It has been validated at 48 V for limited duration of 15 minutes at room temperature to satisfy the jump-start requirement of 24 V applications. It can sustain 58 V load dump without external protection.
- When VPRE is switching at 2.2 MHz, the FS5502 maximum continuous operating voltage is 18 V. It is validated at 26 V for limited duration of 2 minutes at room temperature to satisfy the jump-start requirement of 12 V applications and 35 V load dump.

24 Thermal characteristics

Table 79.	Thermal ratings					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
R _{θJA}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	2s2p circuit board	[1]	—	31	°C/W
R _{θJA}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	2s6p circuit board	[1]	—	23	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal resistance junction to board	2s2p circuit board	[1]	_	15	°C/W
$R_{ heta JB}$	Thermal resistance junction to board	2s6p circuit board	[1]	_	10	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC_BOT}$	Thermal resistance junction to case bottom	between the die and the solder pad on the bottom of the package	[1]	—	1	°C/W
$R_{\theta JP_TOP}$	Thermal resistance junction to package top	between package top and the junction temperature	[1]	—	3	°C/W
T _A	Ambient temperature (Grade 1)			-40	125	°C
TJ	Junction temperature (Grade 1)			-40	150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature			-55	150	°C

[1] per JEDEC JESD51-2 and JESD51-8

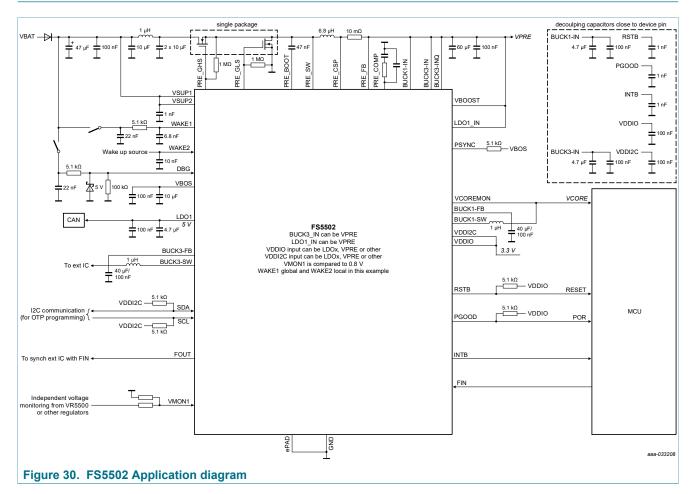
25 Characteristics

Table 80. Electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Power supply		_	I	I	
I _{SUP_NORMAL}	Current in Normal mode, all regulators ON (I _{OUT} = 0)	—	15	25	mA
I _{SUP_STANDBY}	Current in Standby mode, all regulators OFF except VBOS	-	5	10	mA
ISUP_OFF1	Current in OFF mode (Power Down), T_A < 85 °C	—	10	15	μA
I _{SUP_OFF2}	Current in OFF mode (Power Down), T _A = 125 °C	—	_	25	μA
V _{SUP_UV7}	VSUP undervoltage threshold (7.0 V)	7.2	7.5	7.8	V
V _{SUP_UVH}	VSUP undervoltage threshold high (during power up and Vsup rising) OTP_VSUP_CFG = 0	4.7	—	5.1	V
	VSUP undervoltage threshold high (during power up and Vsup rising) OTP_VSUP_CFG = 1	6.0	—	6.4	V
V _{SUP_UVL}	VSUP undervoltage threshold low (during power up and Vsup falling) OTP_VSUP_CFG = 0	4.0	—	4.4	V
	VSUP undervoltage threshold low (during power up and Vsup falling) OTP_VSUP_CFG = 1	5.3	—	5.7	V
T _{SUP_UV}	V_{SUP_UV7} , V_{SUP_UVH} and V_{SUP_UVL} filtering time	6.0	10	15	μs

26 Application information

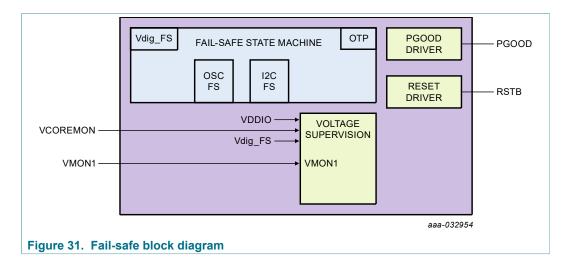


27 Fail-safe domain description

27.1 Functional description

The fail-safe domain is electrically independent and physically isolated. The fail-safe domain is supplied by its own reference voltages and current, has its own oscillator.

The fail-safe domain and the dedicated pins are represented in Figure 31:



27.2 Voltage supervisor

The voltage supervisor is in charge of overvoltage and undervoltage monitoring of VCOREMON, VDDIO and VMON1 input pins. When an overvoltage occurs on a FS5502 regulator monitored by one of these pins, the associated FS5502 regulator is switched off till the fault is removed. The voltage monitoring is active as soon as FS_ENABLE=1 and UV/OV flags are then reported accordingly.

27.2.1 VCOREMON monitoring

VCOREMON input pin is dedicated to BUCK1. When overvoltage or undervoltage fault is detected, the fail-safe reaction on RSTB is configurable with the VCOREMON_OV/UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0] bits during the INIT_FS phase.

	•
VCOREMON_OV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	VCOREMON OV impact on RSTB
00	No effect on RSTB
01	Reserved
1x (default)	RSTB is asserted
Reset condition	POR
VCOREMON_UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	VCOREMON UV impact on RSTB
00	No effect on RSTB
01 (default)	No effect on RSTB
1x	RSTB is asserted
Reset condition	POR

FS5502 Product data sheet

Table 82. VCOREMON electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
VCOREMON_OV_min	Overvoltage threshold minimum	—	+4.5	—	%
VCOREMON_OV_max	Overvoltage threshold maximum	_	+12	—	%
VCOREMON_OV_step	Overvoltage threshold step (OTP_ VCOREOVTH[7:0] bits)	—	+0.5	_	%
VCOREMON_OV_acc	Overvoltage threshold accuracy	-2	-	2	%
TCOREMON_OV	DGI T bit)	20	25	30	μs
		40	45	50	μs
VCOREMON_UV_min	Undervoltage threshold minimum	_	-4.5	_	%
VCOREMON_UV_max	Undervoltage threshold maximum	_	-12	—	%
VCOREMON_UV_step	Undervoltage threshold step (OTP_ VCOREUVTH[7:0] bits)	—	-0.5	—	%
VCOREMON_UV_acc	Undervoltage threshold accuracy	-2	_	2	%
TCOREMON_UV	Undervoltage filtering time (OTP_VCORE_UV_ DGLT[1:0] bits)	2.5	5	7.5	μs
		10	15	20	μs
		20	25	30	μs
		35	40	45	μs

27.2.2 Static voltage scaling (SVS)

A static voltage scaling function is implemented to allow the MCU to reduce the output voltage initially configured at start-up of BUCK1. The SVS configuration must be done in INIT_FS phase. The offset value is configurable by I²C with the SVS_OFFSET[4:0] bits and the exact complemented value shall be written in the NOT_SVS_OFFSET[4:0] bits.

SVS_OFFSET[4:0]	NOT_SVS_OFFSET[4:0]	Offset applied to BUCK1			
0 0000 (default)	1 1111	0 mV			
0 0001	1 1110	-6.25 mV			
		−6.25 mV step per bit			
1 0000	0 1111	-100 mV			
Reset condition	POR				

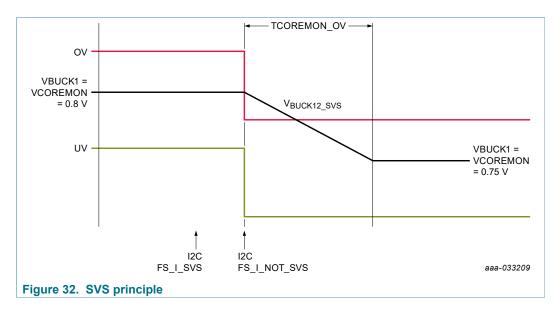
Table 83. SVS offset configuration

The BUCK1 output voltage transition starts when the NOT_SVS_OFFSET[4:0] I²C command is received and confirmed good. If the NOT_SVS_OFFSET[4:0] I²C command is not the exact opposite to the SVS_OFFSET[4:0] I²C command, the SVS procedure is not executed and the BUCK1 output voltage remains at its original value. The OV/UV threshold changes immediately when the NOT_SVS_OFFSET[4:0] I²C command is received and confirmed good. Therefore, the BUCK1 output voltage transition is done within TCOREMON_OV.

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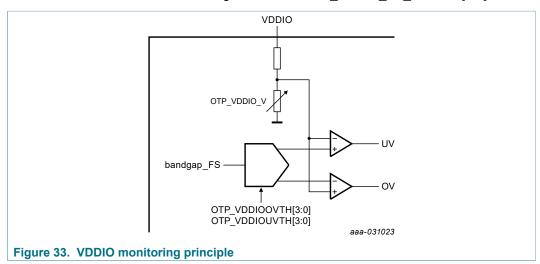
FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO



27.2.3 VDDIO monitoring

VDDIO input pin can be connected to VPRE, LDO1, BUCK3 or an external regulator. The regulator connected to VDDIO must be at 3.3 V or 5.0 V to be compatible with overvoltage and undervoltage monitoring thresholds. In order to turn OFF the regulator in case of overvoltage detection, the configuration of which regulator is connected to VDDIO is done with OTP_VDDIO_REG_ASSIGN[2:0] bits. If an external regulator (not delivered by the FS5502) is connected to VDDIO, this regulator cannot be turned OFF, but the overvoltage flag is reported to the MCU, which can take appropriate action. In all cases, the reaction on RSTB is configured with VDDIO_OV/UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0] bits.



When overvoltage or undervoltage fault is detected, the fail-safe reaction on RSTB is configurable with the VDDIO_OV/UV_IMPACT[1:0] bits during the INIT_FS phase.

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Table 04. VDDIO error impact configuration				
VDDIO_OV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	VDDIO OV impact on RSTB			
00	No effect on RSTB			
01	Reserved			
1x (default)	RSTB is asserted			
Reset condition	POR			
VDDIO_UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	VDDIO UV impact on RSTB			
00	No effect on RSTB			
01 (default)	No effect on RSTB			
1x	RSTB is asserted			
Reset condition	POR			
01 (default) 1x	No effect on RSTB RSTB is asserted			

Table 85. VDDIO electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
VDDIO_OV_min	Overvoltage threshold minimum	—	+4.5	_	%
VDDIO_OV_max	Overvoltage threshold maximum	—	+12	—	%
VDDIO_OV_step	Overvoltage threshold step (OTP_ VDDIOOVTH[7:0] bits)	—	+0.5		%
VDDIO_OV_acc	Overvoltage threshold accuracy	-2	—	2	%
TVDDIO_OV			25	30	μs
DGLT bit)		40	45	50	μs
VDDIO_UV_min	Undervoltage threshold minimum	—	-4.5	—	%
VDDIO_UV_max	Undervoltage threshold maximum	—	-12	—	%
VDDIO_UV_step	ep Undervoltage threshold step (OTP_ VDDIOUVTH[7:0] bits)		-0.5		%
VDDIO_UV_acc	Undervoltage threshold accuracy	-2	—	2	%
TVDDIO_UV	Undervoltage filtering time (OTP_VDDIO_UV_	2.5	5	7.5	μs
	DGLT[1:0] bits)	10	15	20	μs
		20	25	30	μs
		35	40	45	μs

27.2.4 VMON1 monitoring

Each VMON1 monitoring feature is enabled by OTP. VMON1 input pin can be connected to VPRE, LDO1, BUCK3 or even an external regulator. In order to turn OFF the regulator in case of Overvoltage detection, the configuration of which regulator is connected to VMON1 is done by I²C in the register M_VMON_REGx. If an external regulator (not delivered by the FS5502) is connected to VMON1, this regulator cannot be turned OFF, but the Overvoltage flag is reported to the MCU, which can take appropriate action. In all cases, the fail-safe reaction on RSTB is configured with VMON1_OV/UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0] bits.

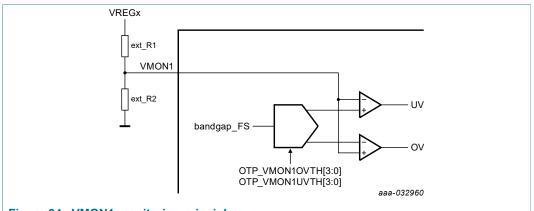


Figure 34. VMON1 monitoring principle

The external resistor bridge connected to VMON1 shall be calculated to deliver a middle point of 0.8V. It is recommended to use ± 1 % or less resistor accuracy. When overvoltage or undervoltage fault is detected, the fail-safe reaction on RSTB is configurable with the VMON1_OV/UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0] bits during the INIT_FS phase.

Table 86. VMONx error impact configuration

able be. The the impact beingulation				
VMONx_OV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	VMON1 OV impact on RSTB			
00	No effect on RSTB			
01	Reserved			
1x (default)	RSTB is asserted			
Reset condition	POR			
	·			
VMONx_UV_FS_IMPACT[1:0]	VMON1 UV impact on RSTB			
00	No effect on RSTB			
01 (default)	No effect on RSTB			
1x	RSTB is asserted			
Reset condition	POR			

Table 87. VMON1 (without ext resistor accuracy) electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
VMON1_OV_min	Overvoltage threshold minimum	—	+4.5	—	%
VMON1_OV_max	Overvoltage threshold maximum	—	+12	—	%
VMON1_OV_step	Overvoltage threshold step (OTP_ VMON1OVTH[7:0] bits)	—	+0.5	—	%
VMON1_OV_acc	Overvoltage threshold accuracy	-2	—	2	%
TMON1_OV	Overvoltage filtering time (OTP_	20	25	30	μs
	VMON1_OV_DGLT bit)	40	45	50	μs
VMON1_UV_min	Undervoltage threshold minimum	—	-4.5		%
VMON1_UV_max	Undervoltage threshold maximum	—	-12	—	%

FS5502

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NXP Semiconductors

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
VMON1_UV_step	Undervoltage threshold step (OTP_ VMON1UVTH[7:0] bits)	—	-0.5	—	%
VMON1_UV_acc	Undervoltage threshold accuracy	-2	—	2	%
TMON1_UV	Undervoltage filtering time (OTP_	2.5	5	7.5	μs
	VMON1_UV_DGLT[1:0] bits)	10	15	20	μs
		20	25	30	μs
		35	40	45	μs
VMON1_PD	Internal passive pull down	1	2	4	ΜΩ

27.3 Fault management

27.3.1 Fault source and reaction

In normal operation when RSTB is released, the fault error counter is incremented when a fault is detected by the FS5502 fail-safe state machine. <u>Table 88</u> lists the faults and their impact on PGOOD and RSTB pins according to the device configuration. The faults that are configured to not assert RSTB will not increment the fault error counter. In that case, only the flags are available for MCU diagnostic.

Table 88. Application related fail-safe fault list and reaction

In Orange, the reaction in not configurable.

In Green, the reaction is configurable by OTP for PGOOD and l^2C for RSTB during INIT_FS.

Apps related fail-safe faults	FLT_ERR_CNT increment	RSTB assertion	PGOOD assertion
VCOREMON_OV	+1	VCOREMON_OV_FS_IMPACT[1]	OTP config
VDDIO_OV	+1	VDDIO_OV_FS_IMPACT[1]	OTP config
VMON1_OV	+1	VMON1_OV_FS_IMPACT[1]	OTP config
VCOREMON_UV	+1	VCOREMON_UV_FS_IMPACT[1]	OTP config
VDDIO_UV	+1	VDDIO_UV_FS_IMPACT[1]	OTP config
VMON1_UV	+1	VMON1_UV_FS_IMPACT[1]	OTP config
External RESET (out of extended RSTB)	+1	Yes (low externally)	No
RSTB pulse request by MCU	No	Yes	No
RSTB short to high	+1	No (high externally)	No
REG_CORRUPT = 1	+1	No	No
OTP_CORRUPT = 1	+1	No	No

If OTP_PGOOD_RSTB = 0 (default configuration), RSTB and PGOOD pins work independently according to <u>Table 88</u>. If OTP_PGOOD_RSTB = 1, RSTB and PGOOD pins work concurrently and all the faults asserting RSTB will also assert PGOOD.

27.3.2 Fault error counter

The FS5502 integrates a configurable fault error counter that counts the number of faults related to the device itself and also caused by external events. The fault error counter starts at level 1 after a POR or resuming from Standby. The final value of the fault error

counter is used to transition in DEEP-FS mode. The maximum value of this counter is configurable with the FLT_ERR_CNT_LIMIT[1:0] bits during the INIT_FS phase.

 Table 89. Fault error counter configuration

FLT_ERR_CNT_LIMIT[1:0]	Fault error counter max value configuration
00	2
01 (default)	6
10	8
11	12
Reset condition	POR

27.4 PGOOD, RSTB

These two output pins have a hierarchical implementation in order to guarantee the safe state.

- PGOOD has the priority one. If PGOOD is asserted, RSTB is asserted.
- RSTB has the priority two. If RSTB is asserted, PGOOD may not be asserted.

27.4.1 PGOOD

PGOOD is an open-drain output that can be connected in the application to the PORB of the MCU. PGOOD requires an external pull-up resistor to VDDIO and a filtering capacitor to GND for immunity. An internal pull-down RPD ensures PGOOD low level in Standby and Power down mode. VCOREMON, VDDIO, VMON1 can be assigned to PGOOD by OTP.

PGOOD is asserted low by the FS_LOGIC when any of the assigned regulators are in undervoltage or overvoltage. When PGOOD is asserted low, RSTB is also asserted low. An internal pull up on the gate of the low-side MOS ensures PGOOD low level in case of FS_LOGIC failure.

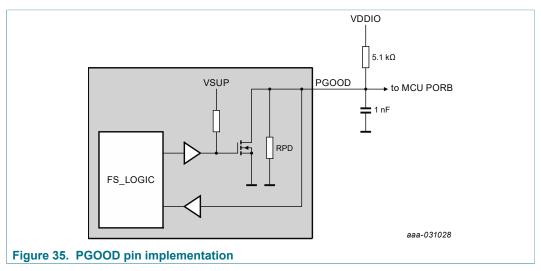


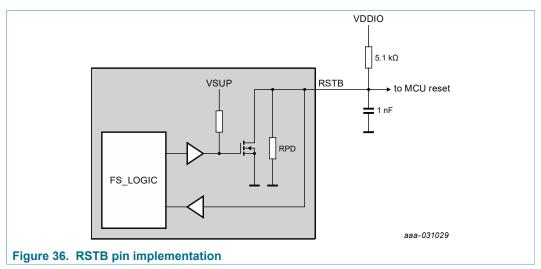
Table 90. PGOOD electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
PGOOD _{VIL}	Low level input voltage threshold	1.0	—	_	V
PGOOD _{VIH}	High level input voltage threshold	—	_	2.0	V
PGOOD _{HYST}	Input voltage hysteresis	100	—	—	mV
PGOOD _{VOL}	Low level output voltage (I = 2.0 mA)	—	—	0.5	V
PGOOD _{RPD}	Internal pull-down resistor	200	400	800	kΩ
PGOOD _{ILIM}	Current limitation	4.0	—	20	mA
PGOOD _{TFB}	Feedback filtering time	8.0	—	15	μs

27.4.2 RSTB

RSTB is an open-drain output that can be connected in the application to the RESET of the MCU. RSTB requires an external pull-up resistor to VDDIO and a filtering capacitor to GND for immunity. An internal pull-down RPD ensure RSTB low level in Standby and Power down mode. RSTB assertion depends on the device configuration during INIT_FS phase. An internal pull up on the gate of the low-side MOS ensures RSTB low level in case of FS_LOGIC failure. When RSTB is stuck low for more than RSTB_{T8S}, the device transitions in DEEP-FS mode.



Product data sheet

Table 91. RSTB electrical characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified. VSUP = VSUP_UVH to 36 V, unless otherwise specified. All voltages referenced to ground.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
RSTB _{VIL}	Low level input voltage threshold	1.0	—	—	V
RSTB _{VIH}	High level input voltage threshold	—	—	2.0	V
RSTB _{HYST}	Input voltage hysteresis	100	_	—	mV
RSTB _{VOL}	Low level output voltage (I = 2.0 mA)	_	_	0.5	V
RSTB _{RPB}	Internal pull-down resistor	200	400	800	kΩ
RSTB _{ILIM}	Current limitation	4.0	_	20	mA
RSTB _{TFB}	Feedback filtering time	8.0		15	μs
RSTB _{TSC}	Short to high filtering time	500	_	800	us
RSTB _{TLG}	Long pulse (configurable with RSTB_DUR bit)	9.0		11	ms
RSTB _{TST}	Short pulse (configurable with RSTB_DUR bit)	0.9	_	1.1	ms
RSTB _{T8S}	8 second timer	7.0	8.0	9.0	s
RSTB _{TRELEASE}	Time to release RSTB from Wake-up or POR with all regulators started in Slot 0	_	8	—	ms

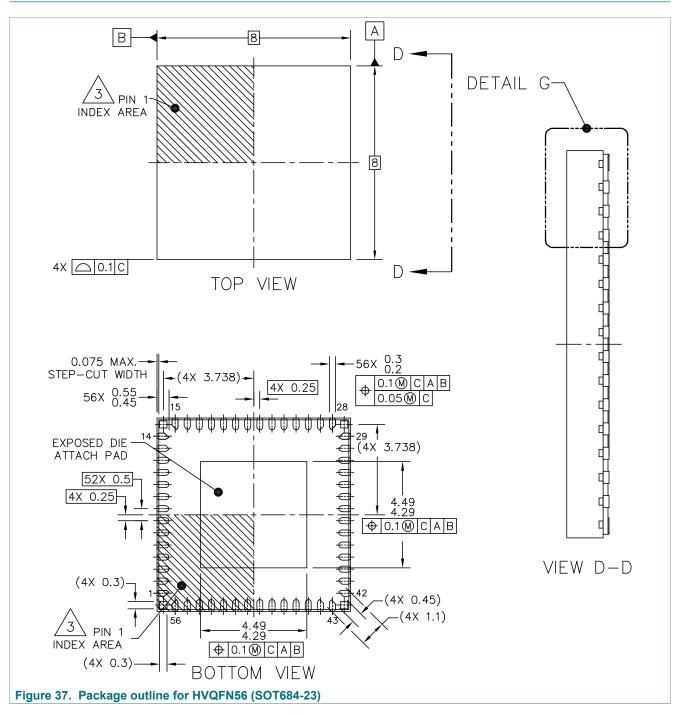
28 Package information

FS5502 package is a QFN (sawn), thermally enhanced wettable flanks, 8 x 8 x 0.85 mm, 0.5 mm pitch, 56 pins. The assembly can be done at two different NXP assembly sites with slight wettable flank difference but sharing the same PCB footprint.

FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

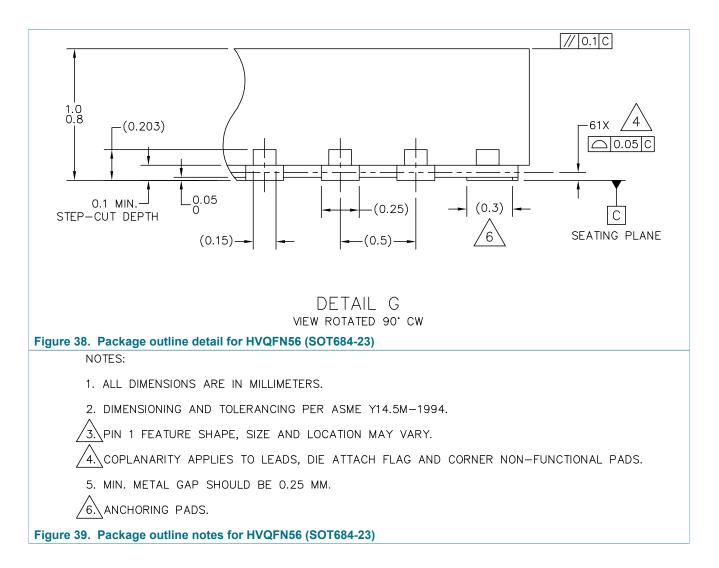
29 Package outline



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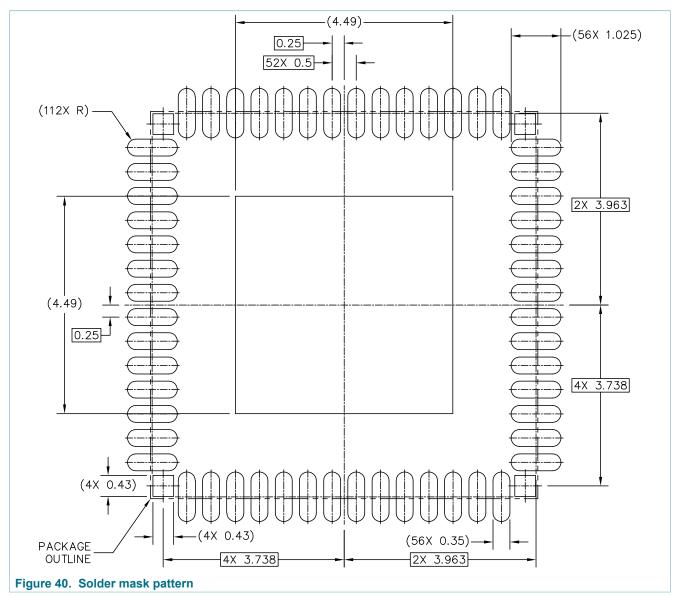
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30 Layout and PCB guidelines

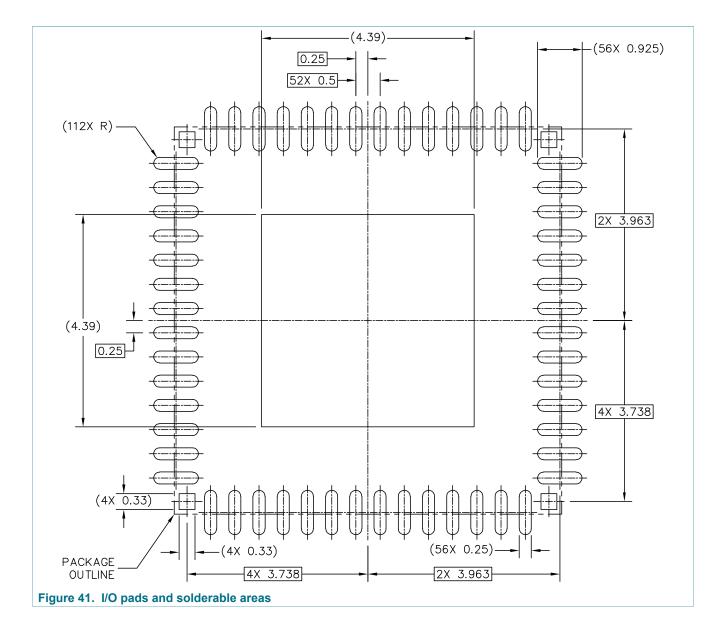
30.1 Landing pad information



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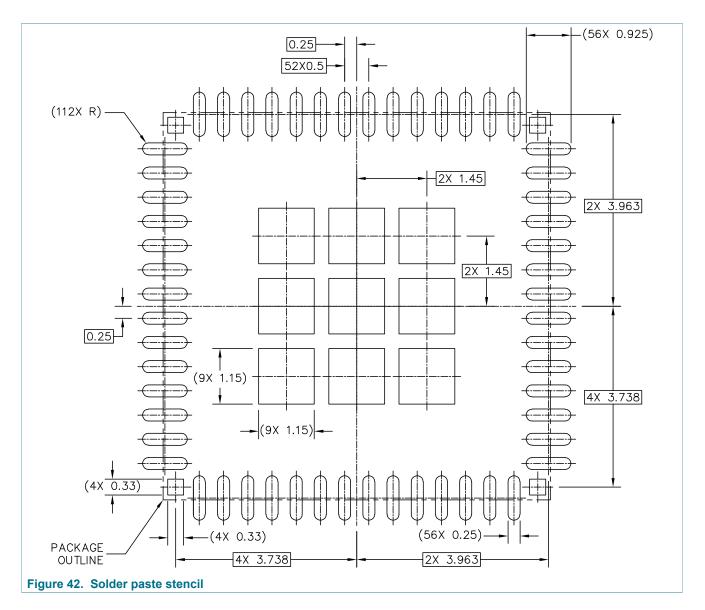
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FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO



30.2 Component selection

- SMPS input and output capacitors shall be chosen with low ESR (ceramic or MLCC type of capacitors). X7R ceramic type is preferred. Input decoupling capacitors shall be placed as close as possible to the device pin. Output capacitor voltage rating shall be selected to be 3x the voltage output value to minimize the DC bias degradation.
- SMPS inductors shall be shielded with ISAT higher than maximum inductor peak current.

30.3 VPRE

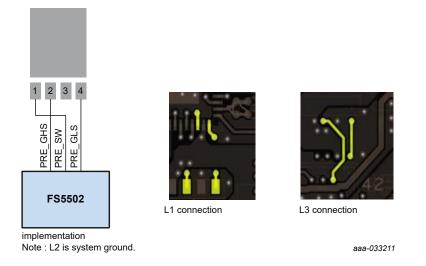
- Inductor charging and discharging current loop is designed as small as possible.
- Input decoupling capacitors are placed close to the high-side drain transistor pin.
- The boot strap capacitor is placed close to the device pin using wide and short track to connect to the external low-side drain transistor.

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Product	data	sheet

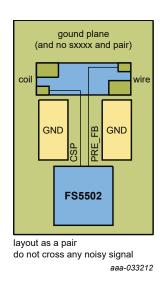
FS5502

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• PRE_GLS, PRE_GHS and PRE_SW tracks are wide and short and should not cross any sensitive signal (current sensing, for example).



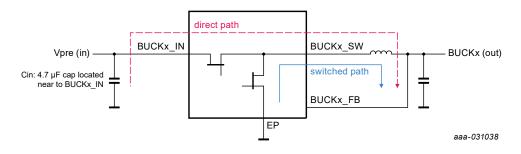
 PRE_FB used as voltage feedback and current sense shall be connected to R_{SHUNT} and routed as a pair with CSP.



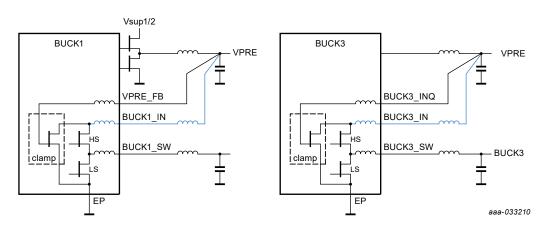
- The external transistor thermal shape should be in the range of 25 x 25 mm for optimum Rth.
- The LFPAK56 application note can give better insight: <u>http://assets.nexperia.com/</u> documents/application-note/AN10874.pdf

30.4 VBUCKx

• Inductor charging and discharging current loop is designed as small as possible.



- Input decoupling capacitors is placed close to BUCKx_IN pins.
- BUCK3_FB and BUCK3_INQ pins shall be tied to the same capacitor, VPRE output capacitor depending on BUCK3_IN supply selected (in the blue path below, the coil is parasitic from tracks). In the package, the coil is parasitic from the bonding.



31 EMC compliance

The FS5502 EMC performance will be verified against BISS generic IC EMC test specification version 2.0 from 07.2012 and FMC1278 electromagnetic compatibility specification for electrical/electronic components and subsystems from 2016 with the following specific conditions:

- Conducted emission: IEC 61967-4
 - Global pins: VBAT (Vsup1 and Vsup2), WAKE1/2, 150 Ω method, 12-M level
 - Local pins: VPRE, BUCK1/3, LDO1, 150 Ω method, 10-K level
- Conducted immunity: IEC 62132-4
 - Global pins: VBAT (Vsup1 and Vsup2), 36 dBm, Class A (no state change on RSTB, PGOOD and all regulators in spec)
 - Global pins: WAKE1, WAKE2, 30 dBm, Class A (no state change on RSTB, PGOOD and all regulators in spec)
 - Local pins: RSTB, PGOOD, VDDIO, VDDI2C, VBOS, 12 dBm, Class A (no state change on RSTB, PGOOD and all regulators in spec)
 - Supply pins: VPRE, BUCK1/3, LDO1, 12 dBm, Class A (no state change on RSTB, PGOOD and all regulators in spec)
- Radiated emission: FMC1278 from July 2015
 - Compliance with FMC1278 RE310 Level 2 requirement in Normal mode
- Radiated immunity: FMC1278 from July 2015

- Injection level per FMC1278 RI112 Level 2 requirement in Normal mode,
- Injection level per FMC1278 RI112 Level 2 requirement in Normal mode,
- No wake up when injecting FMC1278 RI112 Level 2 requirement in Standby mode

32 References

- [1] **FS5502_PDTCALC**^[1] VPRE compensation network calculation and power dissipation tool (Excel file)
- [2] **FS5502_OTP_Mapping**^[1] OTP programming configuration (Excel file)
- [3] **FS5502_VPRE_Simplis_Model**^[1] Simplis model for stability and transient simulations
- [4] **Schematic**^[1] Reference schematic in Cadence and PDF formats
- [5] **Layout**^[1] Reference layout in Cadence format
- [6] **EVB**^[1] Evaluation board (EVB)
- [7] **FlexGUI**^[1] Graphical user interface to be used with the EVB

[1] Contact NXP sales representative.

33 Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
FS5502 v.3.0	2020127	Product data sheet	2019120151	FS5502 v.2.1
Aodifications	 Global: multiple for Global: changed di <u>Section 5</u>: replaced <u>Table 2</u>: updated gi <u>Table 78</u>: added va <u>Section 12.1</u>: updated <u>Table 79</u>: updated <u>Table 79</u>: updated <u>Table 21</u>: updated <u>Table 49</u>: updated <u>Table 57</u>: corrected "OTP_CFG_BUCK <u>Table 59</u>: updated <u>Section 14.1</u>: updated <u>Section 14.5</u>: updated <u>Section 23</u>: updated <u>Section 20.3</u>: enhating <u>Section 30.3</u>, <u>Section 14.6</u>: updated <u>Table 60</u>: updated <u>Table 61</u>: updated <u>Table 61</u>: updated <u>Section 14.6</u>: updated <u>Table 13</u>: updated <u>Table 13</u>: updated <u>Section 10.16</u>: updated <u>Table 90</u>: updated 	matting and wording updates, delet ata sheet status from Preliminary to d PC part by MC and added MC33F round pin description alues for BUCKx_SW and updated r ted values in <u>Table 57</u> T _A and T _J description (added "Grad typo (replaced WAKE1 by WAKE1. DBG values and unit reset value for Bit 22 and Bit 23 (rej reset value for Bit 22 and Bit 23 (rej reset value for Bit 17 and Bit 22 (rej d typo (replaced "OTP_CFG_BUCK1_4" OTP_CFG_BUCK1_2 register desc OTP_CFG_BUCK1_2 register desc ted description (first paragraph) ted calculation method ted description and values in <u>Table</u> d assumptions and description (rep min and max values for RSTB _{ILIM} (r ed description for charged device r on 30.4: updated description OTP_CFG_UVOV_3 register descr , <u>Table 64</u> , <u>Table 65</u> : updated parar	ed "SPI" references Product S5502Y3ES min value for DC voltage le1") /2) placed 0 by 1) placed 0 by 1) 2_1" by "OTP_CFG_BL cription (replaced 2.6 A l cription (replaced 2.6 A l cription 63 laced "V _{FPRE_SW} " by "F replaced 6.0 by 4.0 and Figure 5 and Table 76) model iption meters placed OTP by 1) ter bit description	e (replaced –1.0 by –0.3) JCK1_3 and by Reserved) PRE_SW")
S5502 v.2.1	20190521	Preliminary data sheet	—	FS5502 v.2
Modifications	 Section 8.3, last see pins (PGOOD, RS' Section 9, changed Table 35, changed Table 36, changed Section 11.10 Changed section Changed name allocation" Changed name description" 	a register name from "FS_DIAG_SA register name from "FS_DIAG_SAI register name from "FS_DIAG_SAI n title from "FS_DIAG_SAFETY regi of <u>Table 51</u> from "FS_DIAG_SAFET of <u>Table 52</u> from "FS_DIAG_SAFET ed last sentence: "These monitoring	afety pins (PGOOD, RS FETY" to "FS_DIAG" FETY" to "FS_DIAG" FETY" to "FS_DIAG" ster" to "FS_DIAG regis 'Y register bit allocation 'Y register bit descriptio	ster" " to "FS_DIAG register bit n" to "FS_DIAG register bit

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FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
FS5502 v.2	20190416	Objective data sheet	—	FS5502 v.1
FS5502 v.1	20190228	Objective data sheet	—	—

34 Legal information

34.1 Data sheet status

Document status ^{[1][2]}	Product status ^[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design. [1]

[2] [3] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

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Tables

Tab. 1.	Ordering information2
Tab. 1. Tab. 2.	Pin description4
Tab. 2. Tab. 3.	Connection of unused pins
Tab. 3. Tab. 4.	Electrical characteristics
Tab. 4. Tab. 5.	Main writing registers overview
Tab. 5. Tab. 6.	
	Main reading registers overview
Tab. 7.	M_FLAG register bit allocation
Tab. 8.	M_FLAG register bit description
Tab. 9.	M_MODE register bit allocation
Tab. 10.	M_MODE register bit description
Tab. 11.	M_REG_CTRL1 register bit allocation
Tab. 12.	M_REG_CTRL1 register bit description
Tab. 13.	M_REG_CTRL2 register bit allocation
Tab. 14.	M_REG_CTRL2 register bit description 19
Tab. 15.	M_CLOCK register bit allocation20
Tab. 16.	M_CLOCK register bit description20
Tab. 17.	M_INT_MASK1 register bit allocation21
Tab. 18.	M_INT_MASK1 register bit description
Tab. 19.	M_INT_MASK2 register bit allocation22
Tab. 20.	M_INT_MASK2 register bit description
Tab. 21.	M_FLAG1 register bit allocation23
Tab. 22.	M_FLAG1 register bit description24
Tab. 23.	M_FLAG2 register bit allocation25
Tab. 24.	M_FLAG2 register bit description25
Tab. 25.	M_VMON_REGx register bit allocation
Tab. 26.	M_VMON_REGx register bit description27
Tab. 27.	M_LVB1_SVS register bit allocation
Tab. 28.	M_LVB1_SVS register bit description
Tab. 29.	M_MEMORY0 register bit allocation
Tab. 30.	M_MEMORY0 register bit description
Tab. 31.	M_MEMORY1 register bit allocation
Tab. 32.	M MEMORY1 register bit description
Tab. 33.	M DEVICEID register bit allocation
Tab. 34.	M DEVICEID register bit description
Tab. 35.	Fail-safe writing registers overview
Tab. 36.	Fail-safe reading registers overview
Tab. 37.	FS_GRL_FLAGS register bit allocation
Tab. 38.	FS GRL FLAGS register bit description
Tab. 39.	FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION1 register
	bit allocation
Tab. 40.	FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION1 register
	bit description
Tab. 41.	FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION2 register
rup. m.	bit allocation
Tab. 42.	FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION2 register
100. 42.	bit description
Tab. 43.	FS_I_FSSM register bit allocation
Tab. 44.	FS_I_FSSM register bit description
Tab. 45.	FS_I_SVS register bit allocation
Tab. 45. Tab. 46.	FS I SVS register bit description
1 ab. 4 0.	

T 1 4 T		
Tab. 47.	FS_OVUVREG_STATUS register bit	0.5
T 1 40	allocation	35
Tab. 48.	FS_OVUVREG_STATUS register bit	~~
	description	
Tab. 49.	FS_SAFE_IOS register bit allocation	
Tab. 50.	FS_SAFE_IOS register bit description	
Tab. 51.	FS_DIAG register bit allocation	
Tab. 52.	FS_DIAG register bit description	
Tab. 53.	FS_INTB_MASK register bit allocation	
Tab. 54.	FS_INTB_MASK register bit description	
Tab. 55.	FS_STATES register bit allocation	
Tab. 56.	FS_STATES register bit description	
Tab. 57.	Main OTP_REGISTERS	
Tab. 58.	Fail-safe OTP_REGISTERS	
Tab. 59.	Main OTP bit description	
Tab. 60.	Fail-safe OTP bit description	
Tab. 61.	Best of supply electrical characteristics	
Tab. 62.	VPRE electrical characteristics	
Tab. 63.	VPRE external MOSFETs recommendation .	
Tab. 64.	BUCK1 electrical characteristics	
Tab. 65.	BUCK3 electrical characteristics	
Tab. 66.	LDO1 electrical characteristics	
Tab. 67.	Manual frequency tuning configuration	
Tab. 68.	FOUT multiplexer selection	75
Tab. 69.	Electrical characteristics	
Tab. 70.	WAKE1, WAKE2 electrical characteristics	
Tab. 71.	INTB electrical characteristics	
Tab. 72.	List of interrupts from main logic	
Tab. 73.	List of interrupts from fail-safe logic	77
Tab. 74.	PSYNC electrical characteristics	
Tab. 75.	I2C message arrangement	
Tab. 76.	CRC results example	
Tab. 77.	I2C electrical characteristics	
Tab. 78.	Maximum ratings	
Tab. 79.	Thermal ratings	
Tab. 80.	Electrical characteristics	
Tab. 81.	VCOREMON error impact configuration	
Tab. 82.	VCOREMON electrical characteristics	
Tab. 83.	SVS offset configuration	
Tab. 84.	VDDIO error impact configuration	
Tab. 85.	VDDIO electrical characteristics	
Tab. 86.	VMONx error impact configuration	91
Tab. 87.	VMON1 (without ext resistor accuracy)	
	electrical characteristics	91
Tab. 88.	Application related fail-safe fault list and	
	reaction	
Tab. 89.	Fault error counter configuration	
Tab. 90.	PGOOD electrical characteristics	
Tab. 91.	RSTB electrical characteristics	
Tab. 92.	Revision history	. 104

Figures

Fig. 1.	Simplified application diagram of FS55022	Fig. 3.	Pin configuration for HVQFN	
Fig. 2.	Block diagram of FS55023	Fig. 4.	Simplified functional state dia	
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FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

Fig. 5.	Power sequencing (VREGx PWR_UP)
Fig. 6.	Power up sequence example11
Fig. 7.	Debug mode entry 12
Fig. 8.	VPRE schematic
Fig. 9.	Type 2 compensation network concept
Fig. 10.	Phase and gain margin simulation
Fig. 11.	Transient response simulation
Fig. 12.	MOSFET gate charge definition60
Fig. 13.	VPRE theoretical efficiency60
Fig. 14.	BUCK1 standalone schematic62
Fig. 15.	Phase and gain margin simulation63
Fig. 16.	Transient response simulation64
Fig. 17.	BUCK1 theoretical efficiency
Fig. 18.	BUCK3 schematic67
Fig. 19.	Phase and gain margin simulation
Fig. 20.	Transient response simulation
Fig. 21.	BUCK3 theoretical efficiency71
Fig. 22.	LDO1 block diagram72
Fig. 23.	Clock management block diagram73
Fig. 24.	Synchronization of two FS550278
Fig. 25.	Two FS5502 synchronization timing
	diagram79

Fig. 26. Fig. 27.	Synchronization of one FS5502 and one external PMIC (PF82) FS5502 and one PF82 synchronization	
	timing diagram	80
Fig. 28.	CRC encoder example	82
Fig. 29.	Operating range	84
Fig. 30.	FS5502 Application diagram	86
Fig. 31.	Fail-safe block diagram	87
Fig. 32.	SVS principle	
Fig. 33.	VDDIO monitoring principle	89
Fig. 34.	VMON1 monitoring principle	91
Fig. 35.	PGOOD pin implementation	93
Fig. 36.	RSTB pin implementation	94
Fig. 37.	Package outline for HVQFN56 (SOT684-23)	96
Fig. 38.	Package outline detail for HVQFN56	
	(SOT684-23)	97
Fig. 39.	Package outline notes for HVQFN56	
	(SOT684-23)	97
Fig. 40.	Solder mask pattern	
Fig. 41.	I/O pads and solderable areas	99
Fig. 42.	Solder paste stencil	

FS5502 Product data sheet

Contents

1	General description	1	14.2	Applica
2	Features and benefits		14.3	Compe
3	Applications		14.4	VPRE 6
4	Simplified application diagram	2	14.5	VPRE (
5	Ordering information		14.6	VPRE (
6	Block diagram		14.7	VPRE I
7	Pinning information	4	15	Low volt
7.1	Pinning	4	15.1	Functio
7.2	Pin description	4	15.2	Applica
7.3	Connection of unused pins	6	15.3	Compe
8	Functional description	8	15.4	BUCK1
8.1	Simplified functional state diagram	8	15.5	BUCK1
8.2	Main state machine		16	Low volt
8.3	Fail-safe state machine	9	16.1	Functio
8.4	Power sequencing	9	16.2	Applica
8.5	Debug mode	11	16.3	Compe
9	Register mapping	13	16.4	BUCK3
10	Main register mapping		16.5	BUCK3
10.1	Main writing registers overview	14	17	Linear vo
10.2	Main reading registers overview	14	17.1	Functio
10.3	M_FLAG register	15	17.2	Applica
10.4	M_MODE register	16	17.3	LDO1 e
10.5	M_REG_CTRL1 register	17	18	Clock ma
10.6	M_REG_CTRL2 register	19	18.1	Clock c
10.7	M_CLOCK register	20	18.2	Phase
10.8	M_INT_MASK1 register	21	18.3	Manual
10.9	M_INT_MASK2 register	22	18.4	Spread
10.10	M_FLAG1 register	23	18.5	Externa
10.11	M_FLAG2 register	25	18.6	Electric
10.12	M_VMON_REGx register		19	I/O interf
10.13	M_LVB1_SVS register	27	19.1	WAKE1
10.14	M_MEMORY0 register		19.2	INTB
10.15	M_MEMORY1 register		19.3	PSYNC
10.16	M_DEVICEID register	29	19.4	PSYNC
11	Fail-safe register mapping		20	I2C inter
11.1	Fail-safe writing registers overview		20.1	I2C inte
11.2	Fail-safe reading registers overview	31	20.2	Device
11.3	FS_GRL_FLAGS register	31	20.3	Cyclic r
11.4	FS_I_OVUV_SAFE_REACTION1 register .		20.4	I2C ele
11.5	FS I OVUV SAFE REACTION2 register .		21	Maximun
11.6	FS_I_FSSM register	33	22	Electrost
11.7	FS_I_SVS register		22.1	Human
11.8	FS_OVUVREG_STATUS register		22.2	Charge
11.9	FS_SAFE_IOs register		22.3	Discha
11.10	FS_DIAG register		23	Operatin
11.11	FS_INTB_MĂSK register		24	Thermal
11.12	FS_STATES register		25	Characte
12	OTP bits configuration		26	Applicati
12.1	Overview		27	Fail-safe
12.2	Main OTP bit description		27.1	Functio
12.3	Fail-safe OTP bit description		27.2	Voltage
13	Best of supply		27.2.1	VCORE
13.1	Functional description		27.2.2	Static v
13.2	Best of supply electrical characteristics		27.2.3	VDDIO
14	High voltage buck: VPRE		27.2.4	VMON
14.1	Functional description		27.3	Fault m
FS5502	All information provide			

14.2	Application schematic	54
14.3	Compensation network and stability	54
14.4	VPRE electrical characteristics	57
14.5	VPRE external MOSFETs	59
14.6	VPRE efficiency	
14.7	VPRE not populated	
15	Low voltage buck: BUCK1	
15.1	Functional description	
15.2	Application schematic: Single phase mode .	
15.2	Compensation network and stability	
15.4	BUCK1 electrical characteristics	
15.4		
15.5 16	BUCK1 efficiency	
16.1	Low voltage buck: BUCK3	
	Functional description	
16.2	Application schematic	
16.3	Compensation network and stability	67
16.4	BUCK3 electrical characteristics	
16.5	BUCK3 efficiency	70
17	Linear voltage regulator: LDO1	
17.1	Functional description	
17.2	Application schematics	
17.3	LDO1 electrical characteristics	
18	Clock management	
18.1	Clock description	73
18.2	Phase shifting	73
18.3	Manual frequency tuning	73
18.4	Spread spectrum	74
18.5	External clock synchronization	
18.6	Electrical characteristics	
19	I/O interface pins	
19.1	WAKE1, WAKE2	
19.2		
19.3	PSYNC for two FS5502	78
19.4	PSYNC for FS5502 and external PMIC	
20	I2C interface	
20.1	I2C interface overview	80
20.2	Device address	
20.3	Cyclic redundant check	
20.4	I2C electrical characteristics	
20. 4 21	Maximum ratings	
22	Electrostatic discharge	
22.1	Human body model (JESD22/A114)	
22.1	Charged device model	
22.2	Discharged contact test	
22.3 23		
23 24	Operating conditions	
	Thermal characteristics	
25	Characteristics	
26	Application information	
27	Fail-safe domain description	
27.1	Functional description	
27.2	Voltage supervisor	
27.2.1	VCOREMON monitoring	87
27.2.2	Static voltage scaling (SVS)	
27.2.3	VDDIO monitoring	
27.2.4	VMON1 monitoring	
27.3	Fault management	92

Product data sheet

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FS5502

High voltage PMIC with multiple SMPS and LDO

27.3.1	Fault source and reaction	92
27.3.2	Fault error counter	
27.4	PGOOD, RSTB	93
27.4.1	PGOOD	93
27.4.2	RSTB	
28	Package information	95
29	Package outline	96
30	Layout and PCB guidelines	
30.1	Landing pad information	
30.2	Component selection	
30.3	VPRE	
30.4	VBUCKx	
31	EMC compliance	102
32	References	
33	Revision history	
34	Legal information	

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