

# 1.4 A Dual H-Bridge Driver Compatible with 3.0 V Logic

The 34933 is a two channel H-Bridge driver aimed at the digital camera market. There are a variety of applications containing bipolar step motors and/or brush DC motors, such as Auto Focus control for the digital camera lens. The 34933 uses Freescale's proprietary SMARTMOS process to deliver a low-power device, with a maximum quiescent current of 100  $\mu$ A for the motor drive supply and 400 $\mu$ A for the control logic supply.

The 34933 V<sub>M</sub> supply operates from 2.0 V to 7.0 V using an internal charge pump, with independent control of each H-Bridge driver via the MCU (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B). The 34933 has a low total R<sub>DS(on)</sub> of 1.0  $\Omega$  (max. at 25 °C). Shoot-through current protection is a built-in feature for the 34933 device.

The 34933 has four operation modes: forward, reverse, brake, and tri-state (high-impedance). The 34933 employs a V<sub>CC</sub> detection circuit to sense when the logic supply switches to an off-state with a maximum current of 1.0  $\mu$ A to extend battery life. The H-Bridge drivers can be independently pulse width modulated up to 200 kHz for speed/ torque and/or current control. Note that tri-state mode of H-Bridge drivers can occur when either V<sub>CC</sub> detect is low or the thermal detect is active.

### Features

- · Built-in 2-channel H-Bridge driver
- H-Bridge operation voltage 2.0 V to 7.0 V
- Max. load output current 1.0 A at T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C
- Low total  $R_{DS(ON)}$  0.8  $\Omega$  (typ), 1.0  $\Omega$  (max.) @ T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C peak
- Dual channel parallel driver, R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> 0.4 Ω (typ.). max. DC current 1.4 A
- PWM control input frequency up to 200 kHz
- · Built-in shoot-through current prevention circuit
- · Built-in charge pump circuit (external cap type)
- V<sub>CC</sub> low voltage detection for logic power supply voltage
- Thermal detection for H-Bridge driver

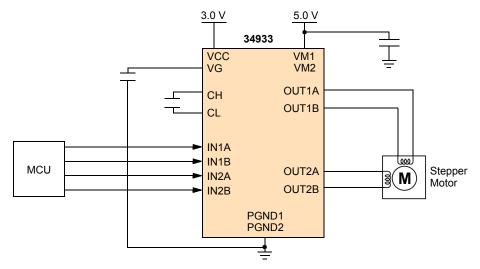


Figure 1. 34933 Simplified Application Diagram



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## 34933

### H-BRIDGE DRIVER



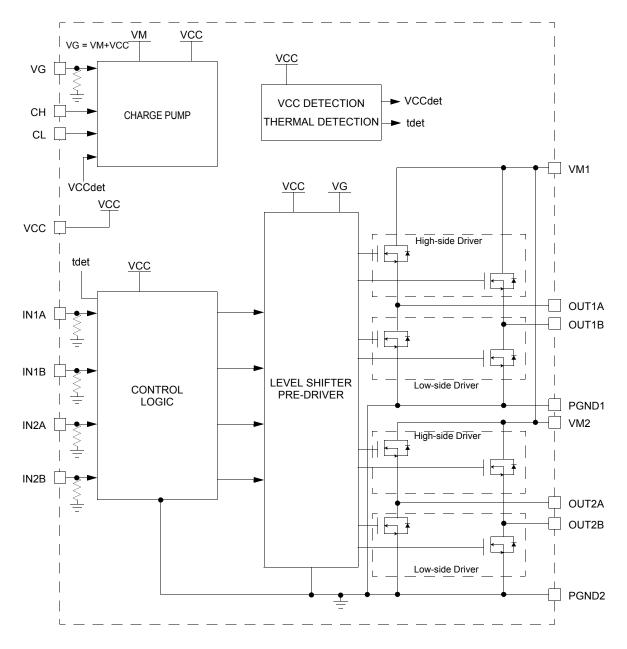
EP SUFFIX (Pb-FREE) 98ASA00717D 16-PIN UQFN

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device (For Tape and Reel, add an R2 Suffix)	Temperature Range (T <sub>A</sub> )	Package
MC34933EP	-20 °C to 85 °C	16-UQFN



## INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



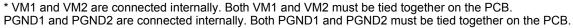


Figure 2. 34933 Simplified Internal Block Diagram

### **PIN CONNECTIONS**

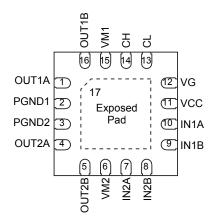


Figure 3. 34933 Pin Connections

Table 1.	34933	Pin	Definitions
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Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function	Formal Name	Definition
1	OUT1A	Output	H-Bridge Output 1A	Output A of H-Bridge channel 1.
2	PGND1	Power supply	Power Ground 1	Power supply grounds for the 34933 device. Refer to the application diagram for recommended layout.
3	PGND2	Power supply	Power Ground 2	Power supply grounds for the 34933 device. Refer to the application diagram for recommended layout.
4	OUT2A	Output	H-Bridge Output 2A	Output A of H-Bridge channel 2
5	OUT2B	Output	H-Bridge Output 2B	Output B of H-Bridge channel 2
6	VM2	Power supply	Motor Drive Power Supply 2	Power supply pins for the 34933 motor drive circuitry. Refer to the application diagram for recommended layout.
7	IN2A	Input	Logic Input Control 2A	Logic input control of OUT2A
8	IN2B	Input	Logic Input Control 2B	Logic input control of OUT2B
9	IN1B	Input	Logic Input Control 1B	Logic input control of OUT1B
10	IN1A	Input	Logic Input Control 1A	Logic input control of OUT1A
11	VCC	Power supply	Control Logic Power Supply	Power supply for the control logic circuitry.
12	VG	Output	Charge Pump Output Capacitor	Charge pump output pin connected to an external capacitor. The $\rm V_G$ voltage is the sum of the $\rm V_{CC}$ and $\rm V_M$ power supplies.
13	CL	Input/Output	Charge Pump Capacitor 1	Low-side charge pump capacitor connection
14	СН	Input/Output	Charge Pump Capacitor 2	High-side charge pump capacitor connection
15	VM1	Power supply	Motor Drive Power Supply 1	Power Supply pins for the 34933 motor drive circuitry. Refer to the application diagram for recommended layout.
16	OUT1B	Output	H-Bridge Output 1B	Output B of H-Bridge channel 1
17 <sup>(1)</sup>	Exposed Pad	Power supply	EP	The exposed pad is connected to ground plane via the exposed pad solder pad. Note the primary purpose of the exposed pad for 34933 is thermal heat dissipation. Therefore, adequate thermal vias should be included in the PCB design.

Notes

1. Exposed pad is used as a heat sink. Connect it to the power ground through four thermal vias where the area is wide.



## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

### Table 2. Maximum Ratings

All voltages are with respect to ground unless otherwise noted. Exceeding these ratings may cause a malfunction or permanent damage to the device.

Ratings	Symbol	Value	Unit
ELECTRICAL RATINGS			
Control Logic Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.5 to +6.0	V
Motor Drive Power Supply	VM	-0.5 to +7.5	V
VCC Level Pin Voltage - IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B	Vpin1	-0.5 to +5.5	V
VM Level Pin Voltage - OUT1A, OUT1B, OUT2A, OUT2B, CL	Vpin2	-0.5 to +7.5	V
VM+VCC Level Pin Voltage - CH, VG	Vpin3	-0.5 to +13.5	V
Motor Drive Maximum Load Current, T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C	ILOAD_DC_MD	0.7	А
Motor Drive Maximum Load Current, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	ILOAD_DC_MD	1.0	А
Motor Drive Maximum Peak Load Current <sup>(3)</sup>	I <sub>LOAD_PEAK_MD</sub>	1.4	А
Power Dissipation <sup>(4)</sup>	PD	1.0	W
ESD Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>ESD</sub>		V
Human Body Model (HBM)		±4000	
Machine Model (MM)		±350	
Charge Device Model (CDM)		±1000	
THERMAL RATINGS			•
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-20 to +85	°C

Operating Temperature Range	TA	-20 to +85	°C
Operating Junction Temperature	Т <sub>Ј</sub>	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case <sup>(5)</sup>	$R_{ ext{ heta}JC}$	23	°C/W
Peak Package Reflow Temperature During Reflow <sup>(6), (7)</sup>	T <sub>PPRT</sub>	Note 7	°C

Notes

2. ESD testing is performed in accordance with the Human Body Model (HBM) ( $C_{ZAP} = 100 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_{ZAP} = 1500 \Omega$ ), the Machine Model (MM) ( $C_{ZAP} = 200 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_{ZAP} = 0 \Omega$ ), and the Charge Device Model (CDM), Robotic ( $C_{ZAP} = 4.0 \text{ pF}$ ).

3. Peak time is for 10 ms pulse width at 200 ms intervals.  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

4. R<sub>0JA</sub> = 50 °C/W, in case of 2s2p printed circuit board that defined on SEMI JEDEC JESD51- 3 and JESD51-6.

5. Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).

6. Pin soldering temperature limit is for 10 seconds maximum duration. Not designed for immersion soldering. Exceeding these limits may cause malfunction or permanent damage to the device.

7. Freescale's Package Reflow capability meets Pb-free requirements for JEDEC standard J-STD-020C. For Peak Package Reflow Temperature and Moisture Sensitivity Levels (MSL), go to www.freescale.com, search by part number [e.g. remove prefixes/suffixes and enter the core ID to view all orderable parts. (i.e. MC33xxxD enter 33xxx), and review parametrics.



### STATIC AND DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Table 3. Static and Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics noted under conditions, VM = 5.0 V, VCC = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted. Typical values noted reflect the approximate parameter means at  $T_A = 25$  °C under nominal conditions, unless otherwise noted.

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
POWER SUPPLY	1				
Motor Drive Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>M</sub>	2.0	5.0	7.0	V
Control Logic Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.7	3.0	5.5	V
Driver Quiescent Supply Current (IN1A, IN1B,IN2A, IN2B = L) No Signal Input	I <sub>QM</sub>	-	72	100	uA
Logic Quiescent Supply Current (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B = L) No Signal Input	I <sub>QVCC</sub>	_	114	400	uA
Control Logic Power Supply Operating Current (IN1A, IN2A = L, IN1B, IN2B = 200kHz)	I <sub>VCC</sub>	-	350	800	uA
Charge Pump Target Voltage $VM = 2.0 V, VCC = 2.7 V, I_{LOAD} = 0A$ $VM = 5.0 V, VCC = 3.0 V, I_{LOAD} = 0A$ $VM = 7.0 V, VCC = 5.5 V, I_{LOAD} = 0A$	V <sub>G</sub>	4.2 7.6 12.0	4.45 7.8 12.3	4.7 8.0 12.5	V
Charge Pump Wake-up Time Charge pump is enabled in $V_{CC} > V_{CCDET}$	T <sub>VGON</sub>	-	130	400	us
Driver Quiescent Supply Current at VCCDET = L $V_M$ = 5.0 V, $V_{CC}$ = 0 V	I <sub>QM_VCD</sub> = L	-	-	1.0	uA
Charge Pump Switching Frequency	F <sub>QP</sub>	-	150	-	kHz
H-BRIDGE DRIVER					
H-Bridge Driver High/Low-side Driver On-Resistance 1 $V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 100 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	R <sub>ON1</sub>	-	0.4	0.45	Ω
H-Bridge Driver High/Low-side Driver On-Resistance 2 $^{(8)}$ V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 700 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	R <sub>ON2</sub>	-	0.43	0.51	Ω
H-Bridge Driver High/Low-side Driver On-Resistance 3 $^{(8)}$ V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 700 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C	R <sub>ON3</sub>	-	0.51	0.62	Ω
H-Bridge Driver High/Low-side Driver On-Resistance 4 $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 100 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	R <sub>ON4</sub>	-	0.39	0.43	Ω
H-Bridge Driver High/Low-side Driver On-Resistance 5 $^{(8)}$ V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 700 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	R <sub>ON5</sub>	-	0.41	0.48	Ω
H-Bridge Driver High/Low-side Driver On-Resistance 6 $^{(8)}$ V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 700 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C	R <sub>ON6</sub>	-	0.49	0.58	Ω
H-Bridge Driver Output Body Diode Forward Voltage I <sub>f</sub> = 100 mA	V <sub>F</sub>	-	0.8	1.2	V
Input Pulse Frequency (INA/B) Duty of input signal = 50 %	F <sub>IN</sub>	_	-	200	kHz

Notes

8. Guaranteed by design



### Table 3. Static and Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics noted under conditions, VM = 5.0 V, VCC = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted. Typical values noted reflect the approximate parameter means at  $T_A = 25$  °C under nominal conditions, unless otherwise noted.

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
H-BRIDGE DRIVER (CONTINUED)	1				1
H-Bridge Output Propagation Delay Time for OUTA/B (H to L)	t <sub>PDHL</sub>				us
$R_{LOAD}$ = (1.0 kΩ) between OUTA and OUTB (refer to Figure 4) (IN1A, IN2A = L, IN1B, IN2B = 200 kHz)		-	0.1	0.5	
H-Bridge Output Propagation Delay Time for OUTA/B (L to H)	t <sub>PDLH</sub>				us
Rload = (1.0 k $\Omega$ ) between OUTA and OUTB (refer to Figure 4) (IN1A, IN2A = L, IN1B, IN2B = 200 kHz)		-	0.1	0.5	
H-Bridge Output Pulse Width	t <sub>PW</sub>				us
$R_{LOAD}$ = 20 $\Omega$ between OUTA and OUTB, Input Pulse Width = 1.0 $\mu s,$ 50% to 50%, $t_{PW}$ : 50% to 50% (refer to Figure 5)		0.7	-	-	
H-Bridge Output Propagation Delay Time (Hi-Z to H) <sup>(8)</sup>	t <sub>PDZH</sub>				us
$R_{LOAD}$ = 100 k $\Omega$ to 1/2*VM, $C_{LOAD}$ = 0 pF, t <sub>PDZH</sub> 50% to 75%		-	-	0.5	
H-Bridge Output Propagation Delay- Time (H to Hi-Z) <sup>(8)</sup>	t <sub>PDHZ</sub>				us
$R_{LOAD}$ = 100 k $\Omega$ to 1/2*VM, $C_{LOAD}$ = 0 pF, $t_{PDHZ}$ 75% to 50%	T DTIZ	-	-	2.0	
CONTROL LOGIC					
High Level Input Voltage (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B)	VIH				V
V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V ~ 5.5 V		V <sub>CC</sub> x0.7	-	-	
Low Level Input Voltage (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B)	V <sub>IL</sub>				V
V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V ~ 5.5 V		-	-	V <sub>CC</sub> x0.3	
High Level Input Current (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B)	I <sub>IH</sub>				uA
V <sub>TERMAINAL1</sub> = 3.0 V		9	-	20	
Low Level Input Current (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B)	IIL				uA
V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V		-1.0	-	-	
Input Pulse Rise Time (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B)	t <sub>R</sub>				us
V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V		-	-	1.0	
Input Pulse Fall Time (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, IN2B)	t <sub>F</sub>				us
V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V		-	-	1.0	
DETECTOR	<u> </u>	1	I	<u>I</u>	1
VCC Detection Voltage (refer to Figure 6)	V <sub>CCDET</sub>	2.0	2.2	2.4	V
VCC Detection hysteresis Voltage (refer to Figure 6)	Vaarriika	0.05	0.1	0.3	V

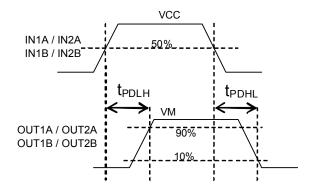
voo beteelien voltage (reier to <u>rigare e</u> )	VCCDET	2.0	2.2	2.4	v
VCC Detection hysteresis Voltage (refer to Figure 6)	V <sub>CCDETHYS</sub>	0.05	0.1	0.3	V
Thermal Detection Temperature <sup>(9)</sup>	T <sub>DET</sub>	150	170	190	°C
Thermal Detection Hysteresis Temperature <sup>(9)</sup>	T <sub>DETHYS</sub>	10	20	30	°C

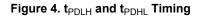
Notes

9. Guaranteed by design



### TIMING DIAGRAMS





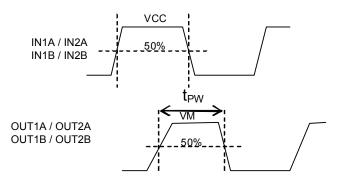


Figure 5. t<sub>PW</sub> Timing

Table 4. Truth Table
----------------------

		INPUT	OUT	PUT	
Vccdet	Tdet	IN1A	IN1B	OUT1A	OUT1B
		IN2A	IN2B	OUT2A	OUT2B
L	Х	Х	Х	Z	Z
Н	L	L	L	L	L
Н	L	Н	L	Н	L
Н	L	L	Н	L	Н
Н	L	Н	Н	Z	Z
Н	Н	Х	Х	Z	Z

H - High

L - Low

Z - High-impedance X - Don't Care

Figure 6 and Figure 7 show the timing charts of input and output signals



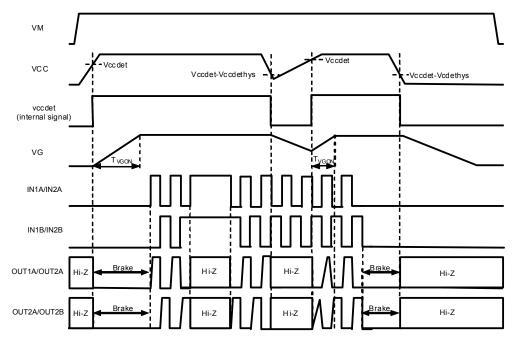


Figure 6. Timing Chart of Input and Output Signal ( $V_{CCDET}$  case)

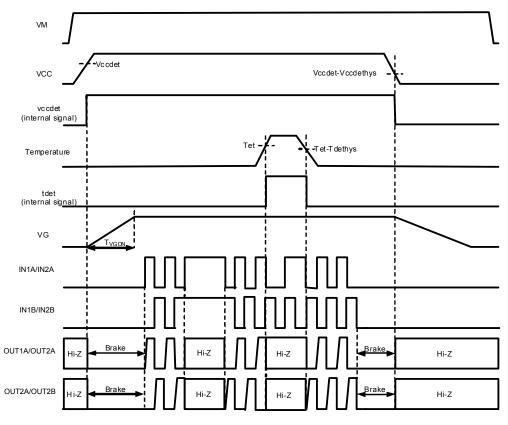


Figure 7. Timing Chart of Input and Output Signal (t\_{\text{DET}} case)



### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION

### LOGIC SUPPLY (VCC)

The VCC pin carries the logic supply voltage and current into the logic sections of the IC. VCC has an under-voltage threshold. If the supply voltage drops below the undervoltage threshold, the output power stage switches to a tristate condition. When the supply voltage returns to a level that is above the threshold, the power stage automatically resumes normal operation according to the established condition of the input pins.

# LOGIC INPUT CONTROL (IN1A, IN1B, IN2A, AND IN2B)

These logic input pins control each H-Bridge output. IN1A logic HIGH = OUT1A HIGH. However, if all inputs are HIGH, the output bridges are both tri-stated (refer to <u>Table 4</u>, Truth Table).

# H-BRIDGE OUTPUT (OUT1A, OUT1B, OUT2A, AND OUT2B)

These pins provide connection to the outputs of each of the internal H-Bridges (See Figure 2, 34933 Simplified Internal Block Diagram).

### MOTOR DRIVE POWER SUPPLY (VM1 AND VM2)

The VM pins carry the main supply voltage and current into the power sections of the IC. This supply then becomes controlled and/or modulated by the IC as it delivers the power to the loads attached between the output pins. All VM pins must be connected together on the Printed Circuit Board (PCB).

### CHARGE PUMP (CL AND CH)

These two pins, the CL and CH, connect to the external bucket capacitors required by the internal charge pump. The typical value for the bucket capacitors is 0.1  $\mu$ F.

### **POWER GROUND (PGND)**

Power ground pins must be tied together on the PCB and connected to the common ground plane.

### LOGIC GROUND (EXPOSED PAD)

The Exposed Pad is connected to the PCB Ground plane through vias by soldering. Note the primary purpose of the Exposed pad for 34933 is thermal heat dissipation. Therefore, adequate thermal vias should be included in the PCB design. The exposed pad should be connected to the common ground plane.

### **VOLTAGE DETECTION AND THERMAL LIMIT DETECTION**

The 34933 has the VCC Low Voltage Detection (Vccdet) and the Thermal Detection ( $T_{DET}$ ). VCC Low Voltage Detection is designed to shutdown of IC functions when VCC becomes lower than specified voltage. Thermal Detection operates when the IC temperature exceeds specified value

and stop H-Bridge operation. <u>Table 5</u> shows block status of 34933 by each condition. VCC is the control logic power supply for 34933. The system begins to operate when  $V_{CC} > V_{CCDET}$  (Typ. 2.2 V).

### Table 5. Block Status

Operation mo	ode Vccdet	peration mode Vcc	Tdet	Charge Pump	H-Bridge Driver
1	L	1 I	х	Disable	Disable
2	н	2 H	L	Enable	Enable
3	н	3 H	н	Enable	Disable

H - High

L - Low

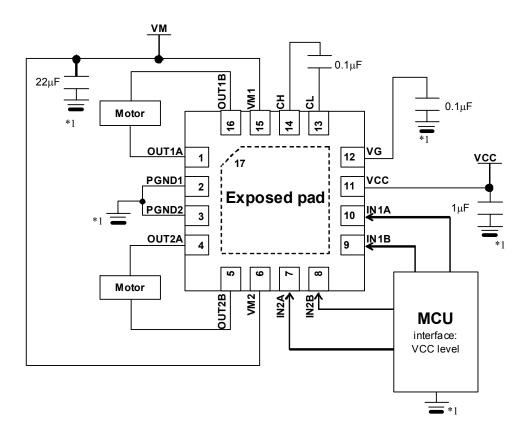
X - Don't Care



## **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

Figure 8 shows a typical application using the 34933. The internal charge pump of this device is powered from the V<sub>CC</sub> supply. Therefore, care must be taken to ensure V<sub>CC</sub> is a high enough value to provide sufficient gate-source voltage for the high-side MOSFETs when V<sub>M</sub> > V<sub>CC</sub> (e.g., V<sub>M</sub> = 5.0 V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V), in order to ensure full enhancement of the high-side MOSFET channels.

The 34933 can be configured in several applications. The figure below shows the 34933 in a typical Slave Node Application.



\*1 - It is recommend to use low resistance copper PCB traces between VM & VCC ground and the PGND1/PGND2 pins.

**Figure 8. Typical Application** 



## PCB LAYOUT

When designing a printed circuit board (PCB), connect sufficient capacitance between power supplies (VM & VCC) and ground pins to ensure proper filtering from transients. For all high-current paths, use wide copper traces and the shortest possible distances. Note that capacitors should be placed as close to the 34933 as possible to maximize the filtering capability of each capacitor. Additionally, care must be taken to avoid CEMF spikes induced when inductive currents accumulate at the VM supply. The typical method of snubbing inductive spikes includes connecting a Zener diode or capacitor at the supply pin (VM).



## PACKAGING

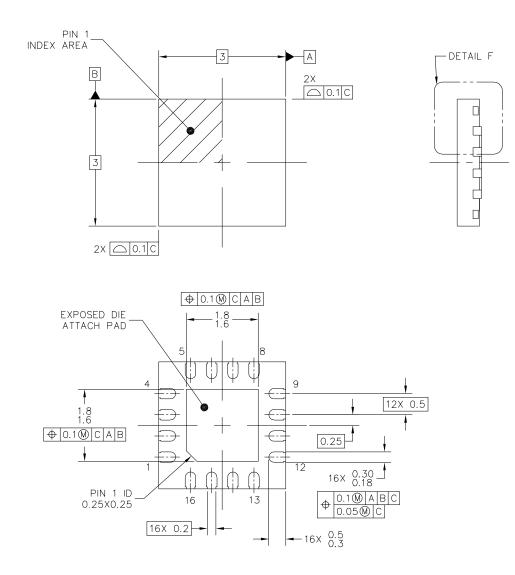
### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

Package dimensions are provided in package drawings. To find the most current package outline drawing, go to www.freescale.com and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number.

### Table 6.

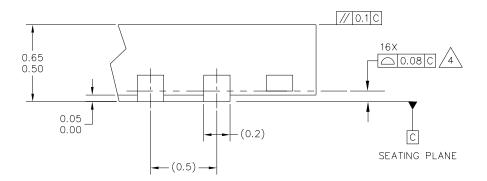
Package	Suffix	Package Outline Drawing Number
16-PIN UQFN	EP	98ASA00717D





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		STANDARD: NON-JEDEC		
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DETAIL F view rotated 90°CW

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		STANDARD: NON-JEDEC		
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NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 3. THIS IS A NON-JEDEC REGISTERED PACKAGE.
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- 5. MIN. METAL GAP SHOULD BE 0.2 MM.

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		STANDARD: NON-JEDEC		
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## **REVISION HISTORY**

REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES
2.0	7/2010	Initial Release.
	12/2013	<ul> <li>No technical changes</li> <li>Revised back page</li> <li>Updated document properties</li> </ul>
3.0	9/2014	Changed 98A to 98ASA00717D     Update format





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