

AN11646

PN7120 NFC controller SBC kit quick start guide

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Application note
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Document information

Information	Content
Keywords	OM5577, PN7120, Raspberry Pi, BeagleBone, NFC, P2P, Card Emulation, Linux, Android
Abstract	This document gives a description on how to get started with the PN7120 NFC controller SBC kit.



1 Revision history

Revision history

Rev	Date	Description
1.5	20210201	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Removed Windows IoT support• The format of this application note has been redesigned to comply with the new identity guidelines of NXP Semiconductors
1.4	20190708	Updated Linux demo part with link to instructions
1.3	20160520	Adding details about Beaglebone startup
1.2	20151009	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Information about Win10 IoT demo added- Section Section 7 updated
1.1	20150701	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Correction of a syntax error in a referenced link- Explicitly point to the demo images
1.0	20150601	First release

2 Introduction

This document gives a description on how to get started with the PN7120 NFC-Controller SBC Kit. This document provides a step by step guide to the installation procedure of the hardware and the software. Finally it shows PN7120 NFC Controller functionalities through demonstration application.

2.1 OM5577/PN7120S demo kit

OM5577/PN7120S kit is a high performance fully NFC-compliant expansion board for both Raspberry Pi (refer to [1] for more details) and BeagleBone (refer to [2] for more details). It meets compliance with Reader mode, P2P mode and Card emulation mode standards. The board features an integrated high performance RF antenna to insure high interoperability level with NFC devices.

The kit is composed of 3 printed circuit boards and a MIFARE Ultralight EV1 product-based card.



Figure 1. PN7120 NFC Controller SBC Kit content

2.2 Linux driver support

PN7120 NFC Controller is supported under GNU/Linux system using the NXP Linux libnfc-nci software stack (for more details, refer to AN11697 available on PN7120 Product Web Page [\[5\]](#)). The Raspberry Pi and BeagleBone Linux demo images include the complete stack (Kernel mode driver, User mode library and demo application) allowing to demonstrate the NFC functionalities offered by the PN7120.

2.3 Android driver support

PN7120 NFC Controller is supported from the official Android Open Source Project (refer to [\[7\]](#) for more details) with the addition of dedicated patches available through PN7120 Product Web Page [\[5\]](#) (refer to AN11690).

The BeagleBone Black demo image is based on this concept.

3 Quick Startup on Raspberry Pi

3.1 Required items

- Raspberry Pi [\[1\]](#)
- Compatible SD or MicroSD card (depending on the Raspberry Pi model) of at least 4 Gb memory size [\[3\]](#)
- Micro USB power supply (5 V / 1A) [\[4\]](#)
- USB Keyboard
- USB Mouse
- HDMI cable to connect to a Monitor / TV
- Computer (running Windows, Linux or Mac OS X) for SD/MicroSD card installation

3.2 Hardware setup

First of all assemble the PN7120 NFC Controller Board with the Raspberry Pi Interface Board.



Then stacked together the boards with the Raspberry Pi according to below guidelines.

3.2.1 Raspberry Pi A/B (old models)

On the old models, the Raspberry Pi Interface Board connector fit perfectly the Raspberry Pi one. Assemble the boards as shown in figure below, removing first the 4 white plastic spacers:

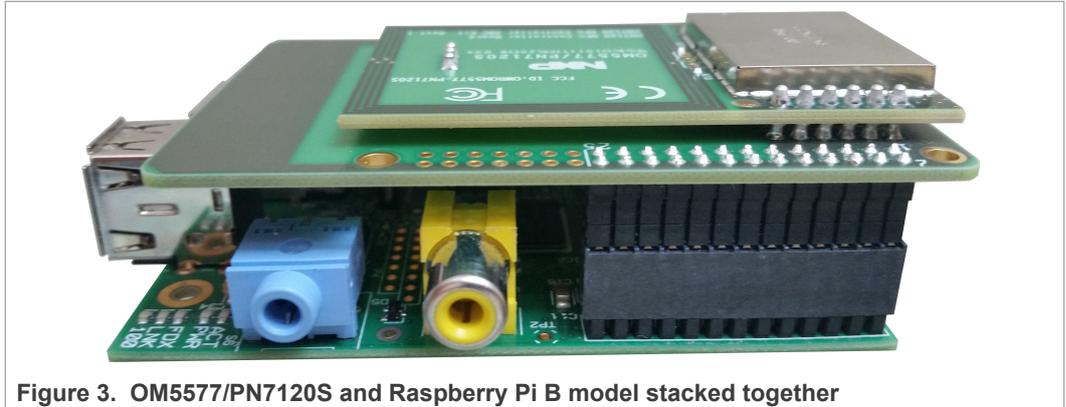


Figure 3. OM5577/PN7120S and Raspberry Pi B model stacked together

3.2.2 Raspberry Pi A+/B+ and Raspberry Pi 2 (new models)

The Raspberry Pi new models have a 40-pin connector allowing to connect an expansion board. The Raspberry Pi Interface Board only makes use of the first 26 ones for compatibility reason with the previous Raspberry Pi models. Assemble the boards as shown in figure below:

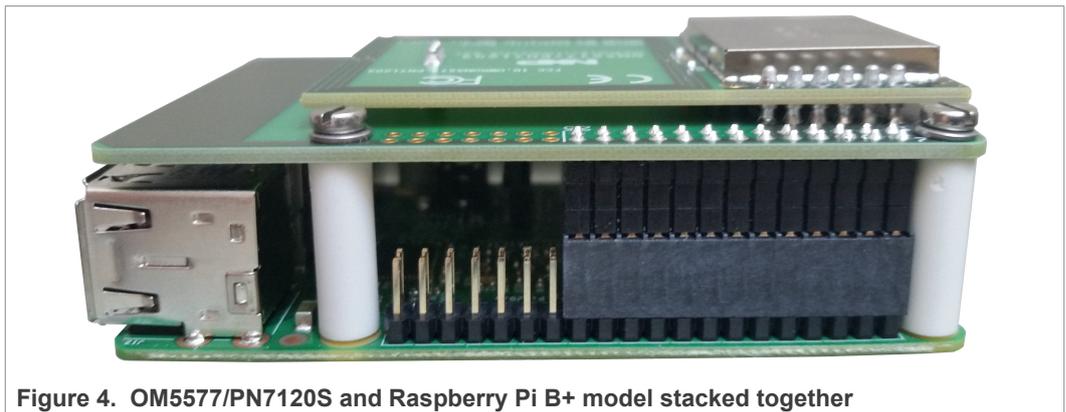


Figure 4. OM5577/PN7120S and Raspberry Pi B+ model stacked together

3.3 Linux NFC demo application

3.3.1 Setup

Guidelines to set up this demonstration are provided here <https://community.nxp.com/t5/NXP-Designs-Knowledge-Base/Easy-set-up-of-NFC-on-Raspberry-Pi/ta-p/1099034>. Just follow the step-by-step procedure to install the demo from Raspbian distribution.

3.3.2 Application details

The demo application is part of the Linux libnfc-nci stack available on public GitHub repository https://github.com/NXPnfcLinux/linux_libnfc-nci. The related source code can then be found there (more details in document AN11697 [7]).

Refer to [Section 5](#) for the following procedure.

4 Quick Startup on BeagleBone

4.1 Required items

- BeagleBone Black [\[2\]](#)
- MicroSD card of at least 4 Gb (8 Gb for Android)
- 5 V adapter or micro USB cable to power the BeagleBone
- USB Keyboard
- USB Mouse
- USB Hub to connect both Mouse and Keyboard to the BeagleBone
- HDMI cable to connect to a Monitor / TV
- Computer (running Windows, Linux or Mac OS X) for MicroSD card installation
- BeagleBone image file, downloaded from the OM5577/PN7120S demo kit webpage [\[6\]](#)

4.2 Hardware setup

First of all assemble the PN7120 NFC Controller Board with the BeagleBone Interface Board.



Figure 5. OM5577/PN7120S BeagleBone configuration

Then stacked together the boards with the BeagleBone.



Figure 6. OM5577/PN7120S and BeagleBone Black stacked together

4.3 Software setup

Prepare a MicroSD card, with the downloaded BeagleBone demo image (https://www.nxp.com/downloads/en/software/OM5577_BBB_Linux.html or https://www.nxp.com/downloads/en/software/OM5577_BBB_Kitkat.html), following the installation guidelines. First extract the “.img” file from the archive, then flash it on the microSD card according to below guidelines.

4.3.1 On Windows

Insert the MicroSD card into your computer (note the device drive letter), and using Win32 Disk Imager, write the image into it:

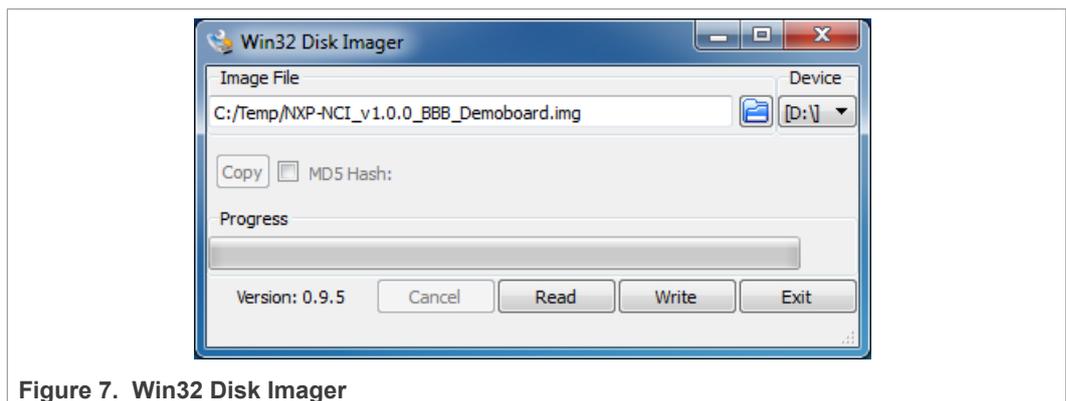


Figure 7. Win32 Disk Imager

4.3.2 On Linux

Insert the MicroSD card into your computer and determine the device node assigned to it (ignore the device number; e.g. /dev/sdb, not sdb1):

```
$ sudo dmesg | tail -20
```

```
$ sudo dmesg | tail -20
[95300.848154] usb 2-1: new high-speed USB device number 33 using ehci-
pci
[95300.983859] usb 2-1: New USB device found, idVendor=14cd, id
Product=6d00
[95300.983872] usb 2-1: New USB device strings: Mfr=1, Product=3,
SerialNumber=2
[95300.983880] usb 2-1: Product: USB 2.0 SD/MMC READER
[95300.983888] usb 2-1: Manufacturer: SDMMC M121
[95300.983895] usb 2-1: SerialNumber: 800340070270
[95300.984593] usb-storage 2-1:1.0: USB Mass Storage device detected
[95300.984882] scsi18 : usb-storage 2-1:1.0
[95301.985555] scsi 18:0:0:0: Direct-Access USB 2.0 SD/MMC Reader PQ:
0 ANSI: 0 CCS
[95301.986856] sd 18:0:0:0: Attached scsi generic sg2 type 0
[95301.988277] sd 18:0:0:0: [sdb] Attached SCSI removable disk
```

Figure 8. Identifying device number under Linux

Then, unmount the device node using following command:

```
sudo umount /dev/devicenode
```

Finally flash the image to the device node using following command:

```
sudo dd if=path_to_image_file.img of=/dev/devicenode bs=1M
```

4.3.3 On MAC OS X

Using PiFiller (see <http://www.nxp.com/redirect/learn.adafruit.com/beaglebone-black-installing-operating-systems/mac-os-x.md>), select the image file then insert the MicroSD card into your computer to flash it.

4.4 Starting NFC demo

Then power up the Raspberry Pi by plugging the USB power cable.

Insert the MicroSD card in the BeagleBone. Connect HDMI Display, mouse and keyboard. Finally supply the BeagleBone using 5 V adapter or micro USB cable.

This triggers power-up of the BeagleBone, then depending of the demo image used:

4.4.1 Linux image

The Raspberry Pi boots and displays the bone-debian GUI:



Figure 9. bone-debian GUI

Open a terminal and browse to the Linux libnfc-nci stack directory (refer to [Section 2.2](#) for more details about the Linux NFC software stack).

```
$ cd ~/linux_libnfc-nci
```

Refer to [Section 5](#) for the following procedure.

4.4.2 Android image

After a few seconds Android boots up, NFC is then running, ready to read tags or interact with remote NFC device (e.g. NFC phone).

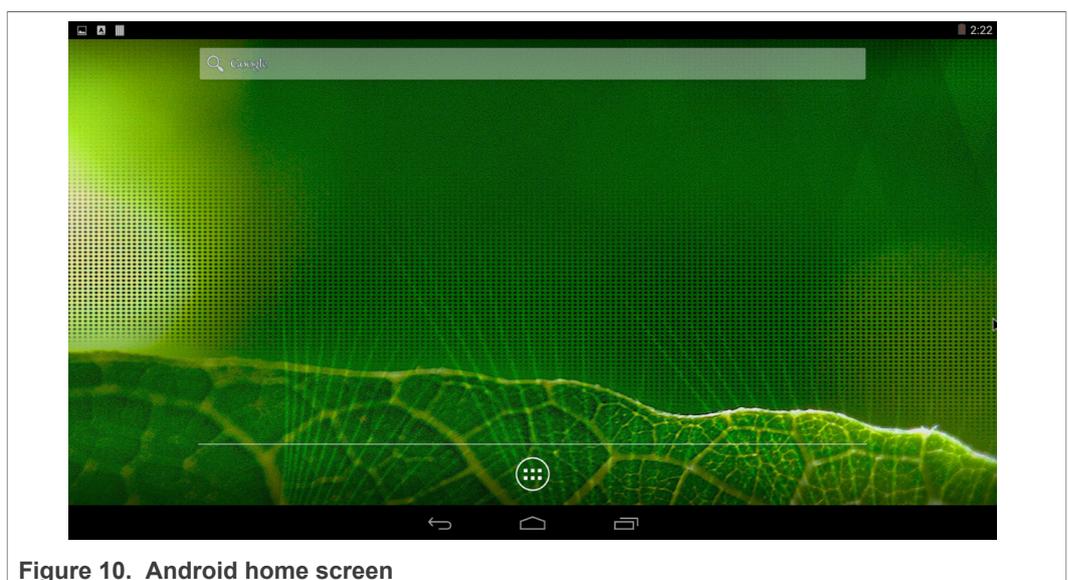


Figure 10. Android home screen

You can enable/disable the NFC function via “Settings/Wireless & Network/More...”

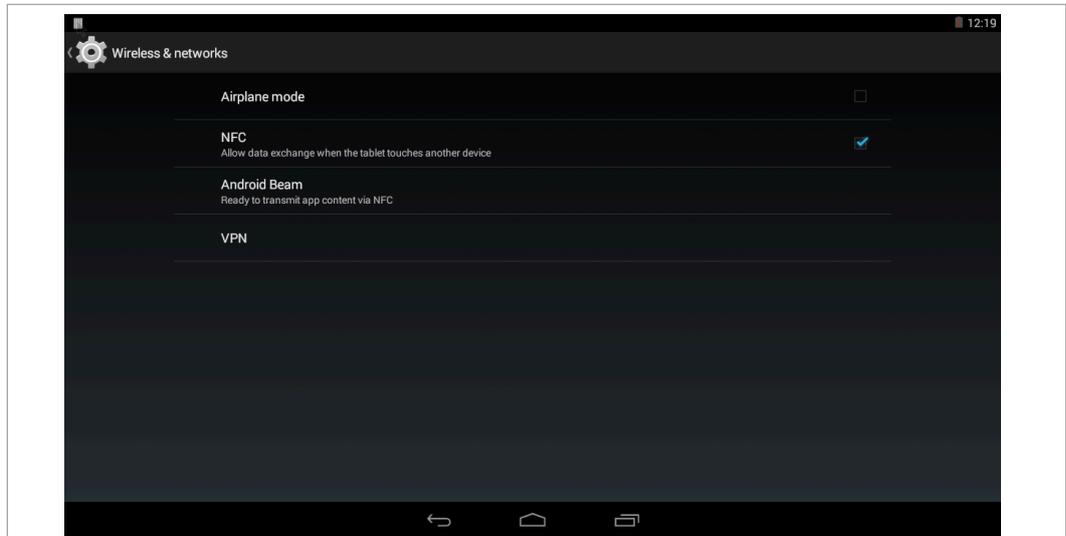


Figure 11. Android “Setting/Wireless&Network” menu

Using provided NXP TagInfo and NXP TagWriter applications you can get information from discovered tag and write content.

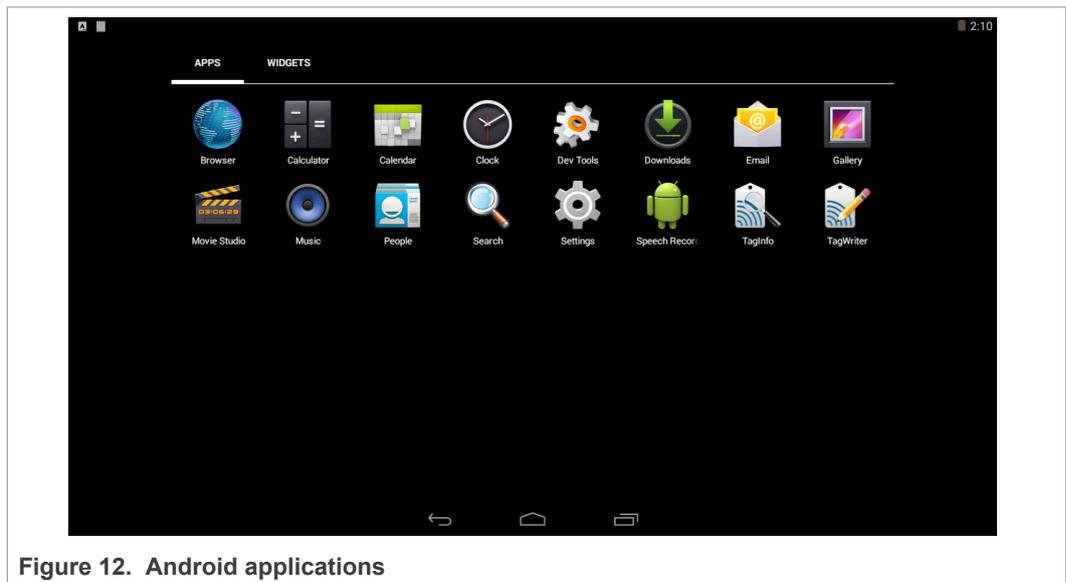


Figure 12. Android applications

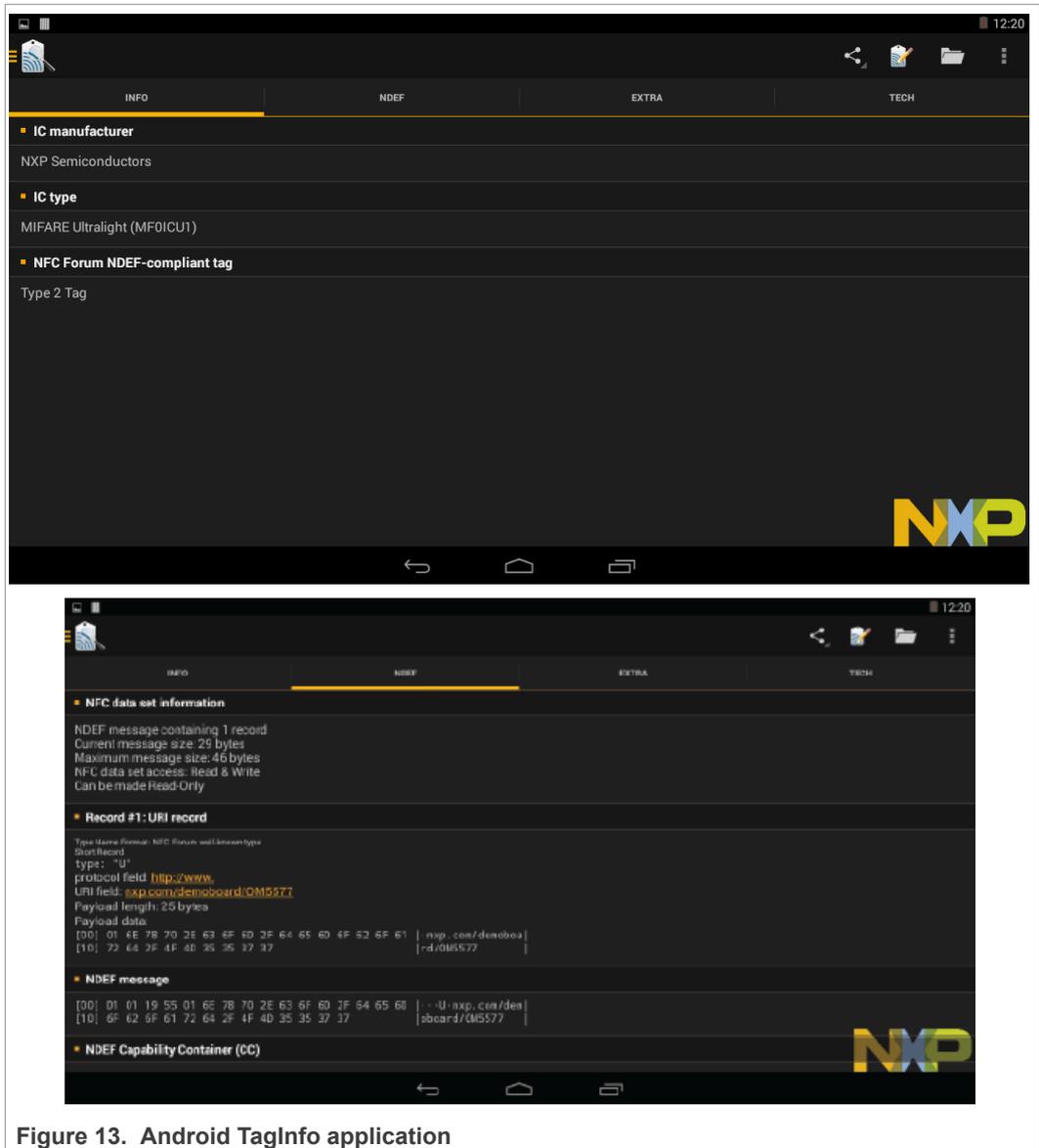


Figure 13. Android TagInfo application

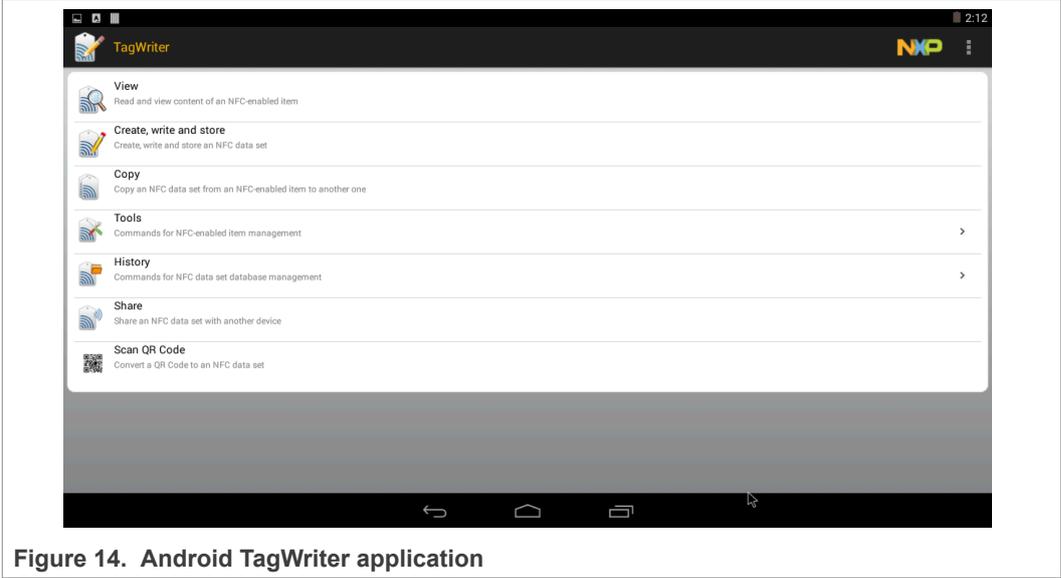


Figure 14. Android TagWriter application

5 Linux NFC demo application

5.1 Application details

The demo application is part of the Linux libnfc-nci stack delivery. More details can be found in document AN11697 [7] available on PN7120 product web page [5].

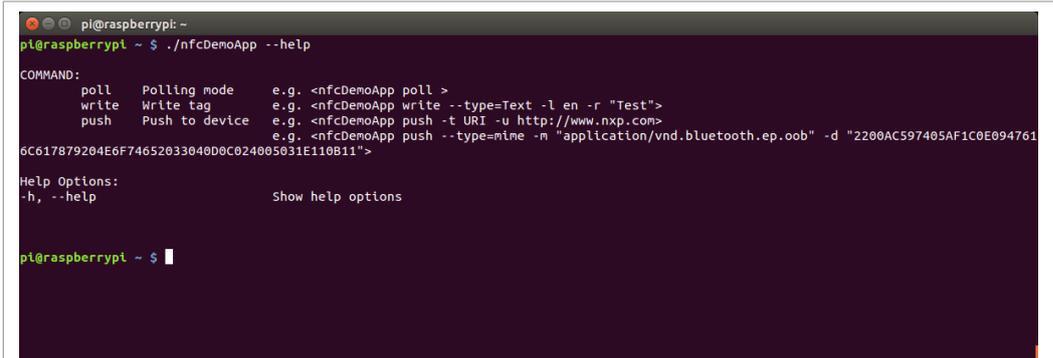
5.2 Using the application

The application must be started with parameters:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp <OPTIONS>
```

You can get the parameters details by launching the application help menu:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp write --help
```



```

pi@raspberrypi ~
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ ./nfcDemoApp --help
COMMAND:
  poll      Polling mode      e.g. <nfcDemoApp poll >
  write     Write tag              e.g. <nfcDemoApp write --type=Text -l en -r "Test">
  push     Push to device    e.g. <nfcDemoApp push -t URI -u http://www.nxp.com>
                                     e.g. <nfcDemoApp push --type=mime -m "application/vnd.bluetooth.ep.oob" -d "2200AC597405AF1C0E094761
6C617879204E6F74652033040D0C024005031E110B11">
Help Options:
-h, --help                Show help options

pi@raspberrypi ~ $

```

Figure 15. Linux demo application commands

The demo application offers 3 modes of operation:

- **Polling:** continuously waiting for a remote NFC device (tag or peer device) and displays related information
- **Tag writing:** allows writing NDEF content to an NFC tag
- **Device push:** allows pushing NDEF content to a remote NFC peer device

5.2.1 Polling mode

When in this mode, the application displays information of any discovered NFC tags or remote NFC device.

It is reached starting the application with “poll” parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp poll
```

```

pi@raspberrypi: ~
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ ./nfcDemoApp poll
#####
##                               NFC demo                               ##
#####
##                               Poll mode activated                       ##
#####
... press enter to quit ...

Waiting for a Tag/Device...

NFC Tag Found

      Type :      'Type A - Mifare UL'
Record Found :
      NDEF Content Max size :      '868 bytes'
      NDEF Actual Content size :    '29 bytes'
      ReadOnly :                  'FALSE'
      Type :                      'URI'
      URI :                       'http://www.nxp.com/denoboard/0M5577'

29 bytes of NDEF data received :
D1
01 19 55 01 6E 78 70 2E 63 6F 6D 2F 64 65 6D 6F 62 6F 61 72 64 2F 4F 4D 35 35 37 37
NFC Tag Lost

Waiting for a Tag/Device...
    
```

Figure 16. Linux demo application polling mode

5.2.2 Tag writing mode

This mode allows writing data to an NFC tag. It is reached using “write” parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp write <OPTIONS>
```

```

pi@raspberrypi: ~
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ ./nfcDemoApp write --type=Text -l en -r "Hello World"
... press enter to quit ...

#####
##                               NFC demo                               ##
#####
##                               Write mode activated                       ##
#####
Waiting for a Tag/Device...

NFC Tag Found

      Type :      'Type A - Mifare UL'
Record Found :
      NDEF Content Max size :      '137 bytes'
      NDEF Actual Content size :    '29 bytes'
      ReadOnly :                  'FALSE'
      Type :                      'URI'
      URI :                       'http://www.nxp.com/denoboard/0M5577'

29 bytes of NDEF data received :
D1
01 19 55 01 6E 78 70 2E 63 6F 6D 2F 64 65 6D 6F 62 6F 61 72 64 2F 6F 6D 35 35 37 37
Write Tag OK
Read back data      Record Found :
                    NDEF Content Max size :      '137 bytes'
                    NDEF Actual Content size :    '18 bytes'
                    ReadOnly :                  'FALSE'
                    Type :                      'Text'
                    Text :                      'hello world'

18 bytes of NDEF data received :
D1
01 0E 54 02 65 6E 68 65 6C 6C 6F 20 77 6F 72 6C 64
NFC Tag Lost

Waiting for a Tag/Device...
    
```

Figure 17. Linux demo application tag writing mode

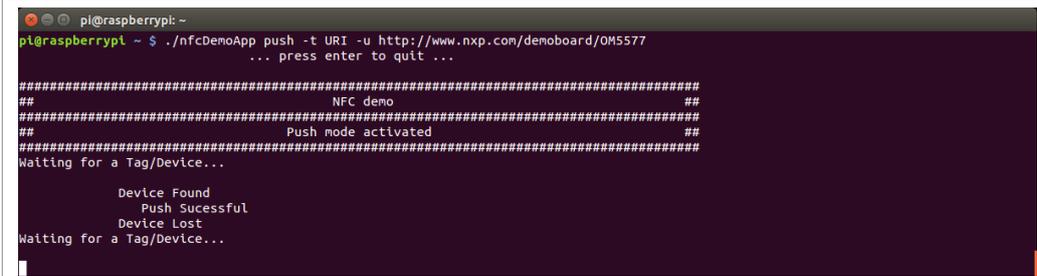
You can get more information about the message format using “-h” or “--help” parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp write --help
```

5.2.3 Device push mode

This mode allows pushing data to a remote NFC device (e.g. an NFC phone). It is reached using “push” parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp push <OPTIONS>
```



```
pi@raspberrypi ~$ ./nfcDemoApp push -t URI -u http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/0M5577
... press enter to quit ...

#####
##                    NFC demo                    ##
#####
##                    Push mode activated          ##
#####
Waiting for a Tag/Device...

      Device Found
      Push Successful
      Device Lost
Waiting for a Tag/Device...
```

Figure 18. Linux demo application device push mode

You can get more information about the message format using “-h” or “--help” parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp push --help
```

6 References

- [1] The Raspberry Pi is a credit card sized computer. The initial idea behind it was to develop a small and cheap computer to be used by kids all over the world to learn programming. In the end, it became very popular among developers all over the world. The heart of the Raspberry Pi is a SoC (System on Chip). This contains an ARM11 running at 700 MHz and a graphics processor that is capable of Blu-ray quality playback, using H.264 at 40MBits/s. It has a fast 3D core accessed using the supplied OpenGL ES2.0 and Open VG libraries. In addition, the Model B has 512 MB RAM included in its SoC. To get started quickly, the Raspberry Pi Foundation provides several preconfigured Linux distributions.
For more information about it please visit <https://www.raspberrypi.org/>.
- [2] BeagleBone is a low-power open source hardware single-board credit-card-sized Linux computer that connects to the Internet and runs software such as Android and Ubuntu. With plenty of I/O and processing power for real-time analysis provided by a 720 MHz ARM® processor-based SoC (System on Chip), BeagleBone can be complemented with cape plug-in boards to augment functionality.
For more information about it, please visit <http://beagleboard.org/bone>.
- [3] List of verified SD cards: https://elinux.org/RPi_SD_cards.
- [4] List of verified USB power adapters: https://elinux.org/RPi_VerifiedPeripherals#Power_adapters
- [5] PN7120 Product Web Page: <https://www.nxp.com/products/rfid-nfc/nfc-hf/nfc-readers/nfc-controller-with-integrated-firmware-and-nci-interface-for-home-appliances:PN7120>
- [6] OM5577/PN7120S demo kit webpage: <https://www.nxp.com/products/rfid-nfc/nfc-hf/nfc-readers/development-kits-for-pn7120-plugn-play-nfc-controller:OM5577>
- [7] AN11697 PN71x0 Linux Software Stack Integration Guidelines: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/application-note/AN11697.pdf>

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