INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

DATA SHEET

TDA7056AT 3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

Product specification



3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

FEATURES

- DC volume control
- Few external components
- Mute mode
- · Thermal protection
- · Short-circuit proof
- No switch-on or switch-off clicks
- · Good overall stability
- Low power consumption
- Low HF radiation
- · ESD protected on all pins.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TDA7056AT is a mono Bridge-Tied Load (BTL) output amplifier with DC volume control. It is designed for use in TVs and monitors, but is also suitable for battery-fed portable recorders and radios. The device is contained in a 20-lead small outline package.

A Missing Current Limiter (MCL) is built in. The MCL circuit is activated when the difference in current between the output terminal of each amplifier exceeds 100 mA (300 mA typ.). This level of 100 mA allows for Single-Ended (SE) headphone applications.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _P	supply voltage		4.5	_	18	V
Po	output power	$V_P = 12 \text{ V}; R_L = 16 \Omega$	3	3.5	_	W
G _{v(max)}	maximum total voltage gain	$V_P = 12 \text{ V}; R_L = 16 \Omega$	34.5	35.5	36.5	dB
ΔG_{v}	voltage gain control range		75	80	_	dB
I _{q(tot)}	total quiescent current	$V_P = 12 \text{ V}; R_L = \infty$	_	8	16	mA
THD	total harmonic distortion	P _o = 0.5 W	_	0.3	1	%

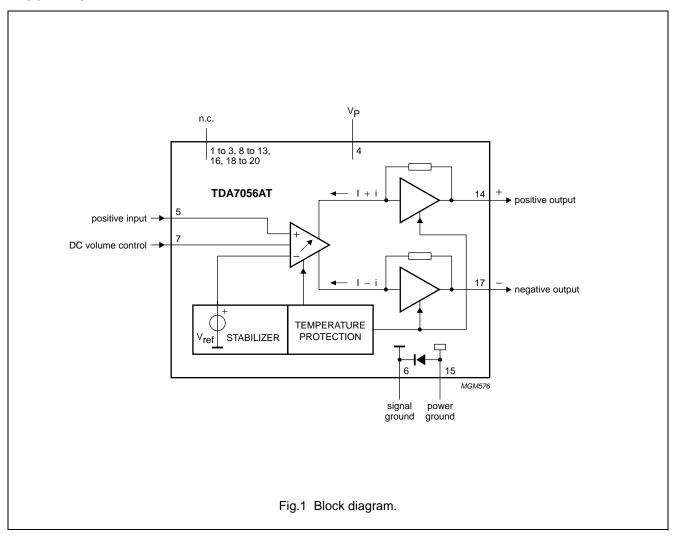
ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE		PACKAGE			
NUMBER NAME		DESCRIPTION	VERSION		
TDA7056AT	SO20	plastic small outline package with 20 leads; body width 7.5 mm	SOT163-1		

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

BLOCK DIAGRAM

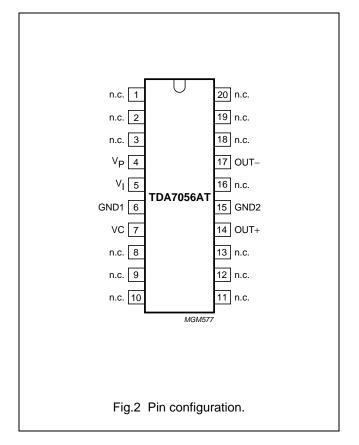


3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

PINNING

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
n.c.	1	not connected
n.c.	2	not connected
n.c.	3	not connected
V_P	4	positive supply voltage
VI	5	positive input
GND1	6	signal ground
VC	7	DC volume control
n.c.	8	not connected
n.c.	9	not connected
n.c.	10	not connected
n.c.	11	not connected
n.c.	12	not connected
n.c.	13	not connected
OUT+	14	positive output
GND2	15	power ground
n.c.	16	not connected
OUT-	17	negative output
n.c.	18	not connected
n.c.	19	not connected
n.c.	20	not connected



3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The TDA7056AT is a mono BTL output amplifier with DC volume control. It is designed for use in TVs and monitors but is also suitable for battery-fed portable recorders and radios.

In conventional DC volume circuits the control or input stage is AC-coupled to the output stage via external capacitors to keep the offset voltage low. In the TDA7056AT the DC volume control stage is integrated into the input stage so that no coupling capacitors are required. With this configuration, a low offset voltage is still maintained and the minimum supply voltage remains low.

The BTL principle offers the following advantages:

- Lower peak value of the supply current
- The frequency of the ripple on the supply voltage is twice the signal frequency.

Consequently, a reduced power supply with smaller capacitors can be used which also results in cost reductions. For portable applications there is a trend to decrease the supply voltage, resulting in a reduction of output power at conventional output stages. Using the BTL principle increases the output power.

The maximum gain of the amplifier is fixed at 35.5 dB. The DC volume control stage has a logarithmic control characteristic.

The total gain can be controlled from +35.5 to -44 dB.

If the DC volume control voltage is below 0.3 V, the device switches to the mute mode.

The amplifier is short-circuit proof to ground, V_P and across the load. A thermal protection circuit is also implemented. If the crystal temperature rises above +150 °C the gain will be reduced, thereby reducing the output power. Special attention is given to switch-on and switch-off clicks, low HF radiation and a good overall stability.

Power dissipation

Assume V_P = 12 V; R_L = 16 Ω . The maximum sine wave dissipation is 1.8 W.

The R_{th vj-a} of the package is 60 K/W. Therefore $T_{amb(max)} = 150 - 60 \times 1.8 = 42 \,^{\circ}C$.

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _P	supply voltage		-	18	V
V _{5, 7}	input voltage pins 5 and 7		_	5	V
I _{ORM}	repetitive peak output current		_	1.25	Α
I _{OSM}	non-repetitive peak output current		_	1.5	Α
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{case} < 60 °C	-	1.5	W
T _{amb}	operating ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-55	+150	°C
T _{vj}	virtual junction temperature		-	150	°C
t _{sc}	short-circuit time		_	1	h

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
R _{th(j-a)}	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	60	K/W

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

CHARACTERISTICS

 V_P = 12 V; V_{DC} = 1.4 V; f = 1 kHz; R_L = 16 Ω ; T_{amb} = 25 °C; unless otherwise specified (see Fig.14).

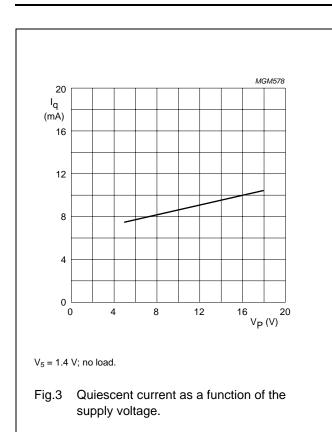
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT		
Supply	Supply							
V_P	supply voltage		4.5	_	18	V		
I _{q(tot)}	total quiescent current	$R_L = \infty$; note 1	_	8	16	mA		
Maximum	gain (V ₇ = 1.4 V)							
Po	output power	THD = 10%; $R_L = 16 \Omega$	3	3.5	_	W		
THD	total harmonic distortion	P _o = 0.5 W	-	0.3	1	%		
G _{v(max)}	maximum total voltage gain		34.5	35.5	36.5	dB		
$V_{i(rms)}$	input signal handling (RMS value)	V _{VC} = 0.8 V; THD < 1%	0.5	0.65	_	V		
$V_{n(o)(rms)}$	noise output voltage (RMS value)	f = 500 kHz; note 2	_	210	_	μV		
В	bandwidth	at -1 dB	_	0.02 to 300	_	kHz		
SVRR	supply voltage ripple rejection	note 3	38	46	_	dB		
$ _{\Delta V_{OS}} $	DC output offset voltage	$ V_{17} - V_{14} $	_	0	150	mV		
Z_{i}	input impedance (pin 3)		15	20	25	kΩ		
Minimum	gain (V ₇ = 0.5 V)							
G _v	voltage gain		_	-44	_	dB		
$V_{o(n)(rms)}$	noise output voltage (RMS value)	note 4	_	20	30	μV		
Mute posi	Mute position							
V _{o(mute)}	output voltage in mute position	$V_{VC} \le 0.3 \text{ V};$ $V_I = 600 \text{ mV}; \text{ note 4}$	_	35	45	μV		
DC volum	DC volume control							
ΔG_{v}	voltage gain control range		75	80	_	dB		
I _{VC}	control current	V _{VC} = 0 V	60	70	80	μΑ		

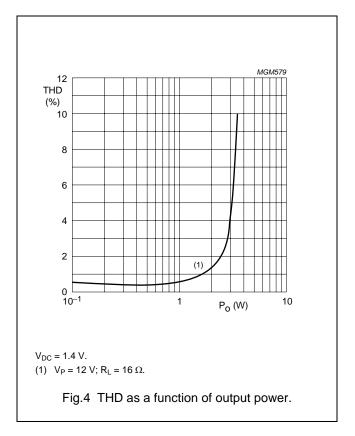
Notes

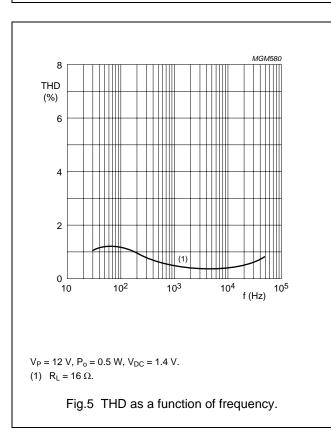
- 1. With a load connected to the outputs the quiescent current will increase, the maximum value of this increase being equal to the DC output offset voltage divided by R_L .
- 2. The noise output voltage ($V_{n(o)(rms)}$) at f = 500 kHz, is measured with R_s = 0 Ω and B = 5 kHz.
- 3. The ripple rejection is measured with $R_s = 0~\Omega$ and f = 100~Hz to 10 kHz. The ripple voltage ($V_{ripple} = 200~mV~RMS$) is applied to the positive supply rail.
- 4. The noise output voltage $(V_{n(o)(rms)})$ is measured with $R_s = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ unweighted.

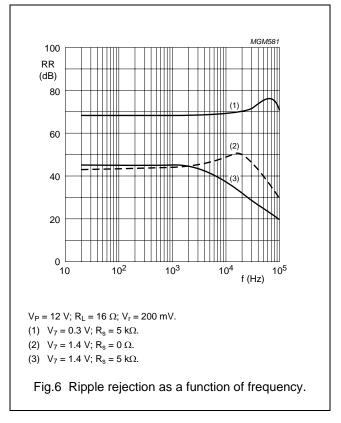
3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT









1998 Feb 23

7

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

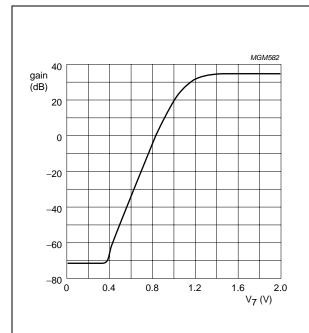
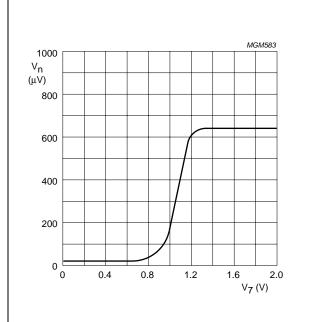
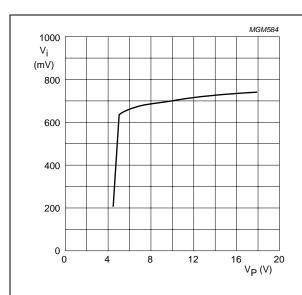


Fig.7 Gain control as a function of DC volume control.



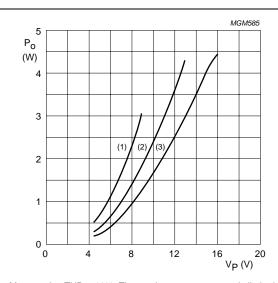
Measured with R_s = 5 k Ω unweighted; f = 22 Hz to 22 kHz.

Fig.8 Noise output voltage as a function of DC volume control.



 T_{amb} = 25 °C; THD = 1%; R_L = 16 $\Omega;~V_{DC}$ = 0.8 V.

Fig.9 Input signal handling as a function of the supply voltage.



Measured at THD = 10%. The maximum output power is limited by the maximum power dissipation and the maximum available output current.

- (1) $R_L = 8 \Omega$.
- (2) $R_L = 16 \Omega$.
- (3) $R_L = 25 \Omega$.

8

Fig.10 Output power as a function of the supply voltage.

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

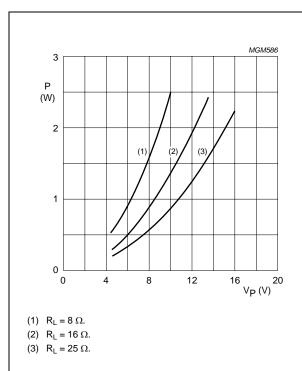


Fig.11 Total worst case power dissipation as a function of supply voltage.

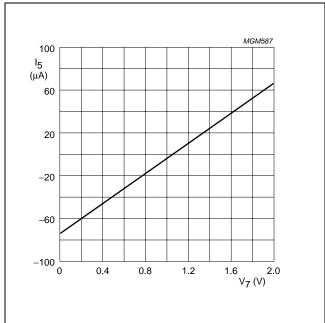
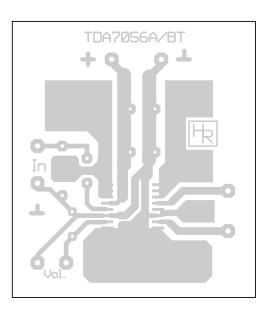


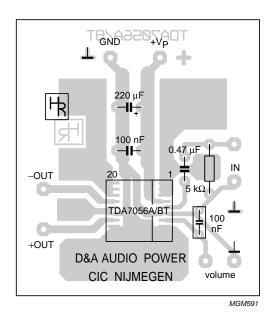
Fig.12 Control current as a function of DC volume control.

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT



a. Top view of bottom copper.



b. Top view of component side.

Fig.13 Printed-circuit board layout.

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

TEST AND APPLICATION INFORMATION

Test conditions

 T_{amb} = 25 °C if not specified: V_P = 12 V; V_{DC} = 1.4 V; f = 1 kHz; R_L = 16 Ω ; audio bandpass: 22 Hz to 22 kHz.

In Figures 5 and 6 a low-pass filter of 80 kHz was applied. It should be noted that capacitive loads (100 pF and 5 nF) connected between the output pins to a common ground can cause oscillations. The BTL application circuit diagram is shown in Fig.14. To avoid instabilities and too high distortion, the input and power ground traces must be separated as far as possible and connected together as close as possible to the IC. The quiescent current has been measured without load impedance.

Voltage gain

The maximum closed-loop voltage gain has been internally fixed at 35.5 dB. The input sensitivity at maximum gain for $P_o = 3$ W ($R_L = 16~\Omega$) is 115 mV. The gain bandwidth is 20 Hz to 300 kHz within 1 dB.

Output power

The output power as a function of supply voltage has been measured at THD = 10%. The maximum output power is limited by the maximum allowed power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25$ °C approximately 2 W, and the maximum available output current is 1.25 A repetitive peak current.

Switch-on/switch-off

The switch-on behaviour depends on the following:

- The rise time of the power supply (if t_r > 40 ms for V_P = 0 to 12 V then the switch-on behaviour will be good)
- The input capacitor and source impedance (a higher source impedance and/or lower input capacitor value will have a positive influence on the switch-on/switch-off behaviour)
- The DC volume control pin (a capacitor of >0.1 μF avoids disturbances).

Thermal behaviour:

The measured thermal resistance of the IC package is highly dependent on the configuration and size of the application board. Data may not be comparable between different semiconductors manufacturers because the application boards and test methods are not (yet) standardized. The thermal performance of packages for a specific application may also be different than presented here, because the configuration of the application boards (copper area) may be different. NXP Semiconductors uses FR-4 type application boards with 1 oz copper traces with solder coating. The measurements have been carried out with vertical placed boards.

Using a practical PCB layout with wider copper tracks and some copper area to the IC pins and just under the IC, the thermal resistance from junction to ambient can be reduced. In the demonstration application PCB the $R_{th(j\text{-}a)}=56$ K/W for the SO20 plastic package. For a maximum ambient temperature of $T_{amb}=50\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ the following calculation can be made for the maximum power

dissipation: $\frac{(150 \text{ K/W} - 50 \text{ K/W})}{56 \text{ K/W}} = 1.79 \text{ W}$

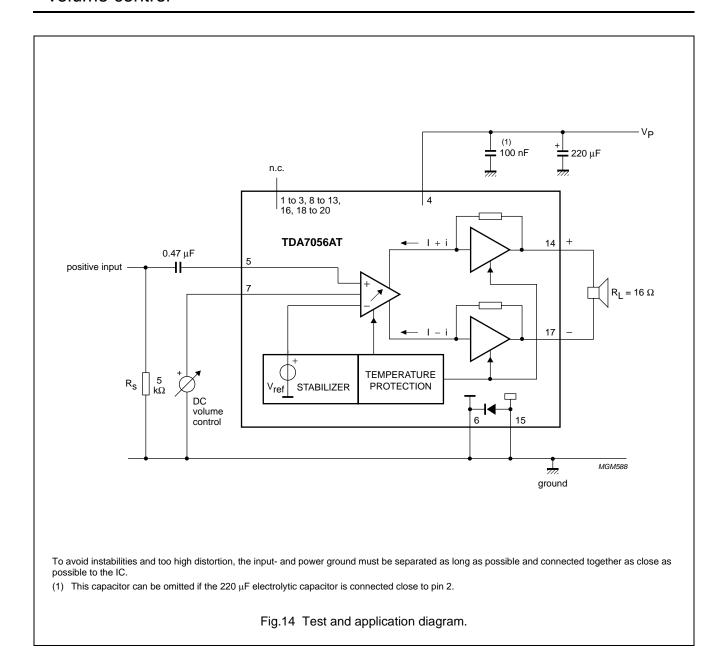
For the application at V_P = 12 V and R_L = 16 Ω the worst case sine wave dissipation is 1.85 W. Because in practice the 'music-power' causes about the half of the sine wave dissipation, this application (V_P = 12 V; R_L = 16 Ω) has been allowed.

Short-circuit protection:

The output pins (pins 14 and 17) can be short-circuited to ground respectively to $+V_P$. The Missing Current Limiter (MCL) protection circuit will shut-off the amplifier. Removing the short-circuit will reset the amplifier automatically. Short-circuit across the load (pins 14 and 17) will activate the thermal protection circuit; this will result in reducing the short-circuit current.

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

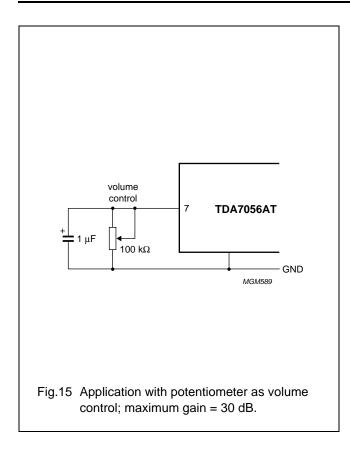
TDA7056AT

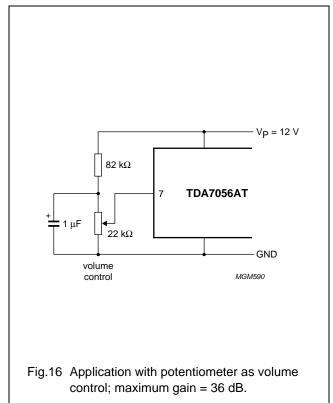


For single-end application the output peak current may not exceed 100 mA; at higher output currents the short circuit protection (MLC) will be activated.

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT





3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

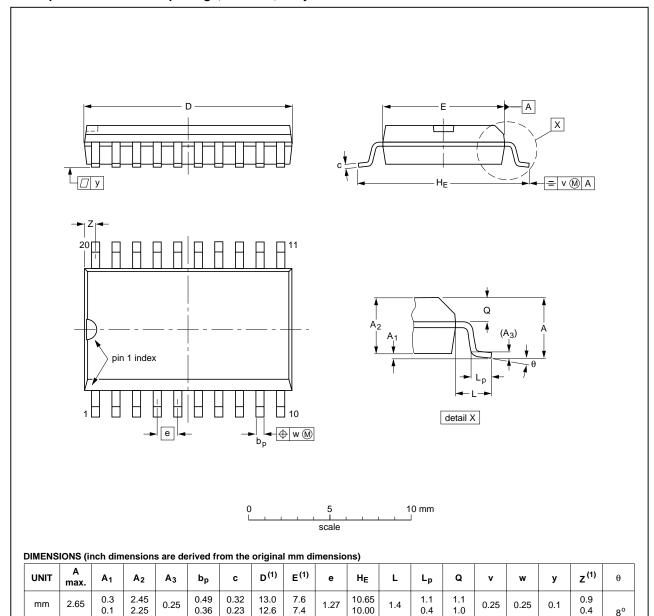
0.4

0.035

PACKAGE OUTLINE

SO20: plastic small outline package; 20 leads; body width 7.5 mm

SOT163-1



inches

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

0.36

0.019

0.014

0.23

0.013

0.009

OUTLINE	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE	
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA	PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
SOT163-1	075E04	MS-013			99-12-27 03-02-19	

0.05

0.419

0.394

0.4

0.043 0.016

0.043

0.01

0.01

7.4

0.30

0.29

12.6

0.51

0.49

1998 Feb 23 14

2.25

0.096

0.089

0.01

0.012

0.004

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

SOLDERING

Introduction

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and surface mounted components are mixed on one printed-circuit board. However, wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mounted ICs, or for printed-circuits with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our "IC Package Databook" (order code 9398 652 90011).

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering techniques are suitable for all SO packages.

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several techniques exist for reflowing; for example, thermal conduction by heated belt. Dwell times vary between 50 and 300 seconds depending on heating method. Typical reflow temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C.

Preheating is necessary to dry the paste and evaporate the binding agent. Preheating duration: 45 minutes at 45 °C.

Wave soldering

Wave soldering techniques can be used for all SO packages if the following conditions are observed:

- A double-wave (a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave) soldering technique should be used.
- The longitudinal axis of the package footprint must be parallel to the solder flow.
- The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Maximum permissible solder temperature is 260 °C, and maximum duration of package immersion in solder is 10 seconds, if cooled to less than 150 °C within 6 seconds. Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Repairing soldered joints

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use only a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 $^{\circ}$ C. When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 $^{\circ}$ C.

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

DATA SHEET STATUS

DOCUMENT STATUS ⁽¹⁾	PRODUCT STATUS ⁽²⁾	DEFINITION
Objective data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

Notes

- 1. Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- 2. The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

DISCLAIMERS

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe

property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

3 W mono BTL audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7056AT

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — NXP Semiconductors products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nxp.com/profile/terms, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. NXP Semiconductors hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of NXP Semiconductors products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from national authorities.

Quick reference data — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific NXP Semiconductors product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without NXP Semiconductors' warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies NXP Semiconductors for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' standard warranty and NXP Semiconductors' product specifications.

NXP Semiconductors

provides High Performance Mixed Signal and Standard Product solutions that leverage its leading RF, Analog, Power Management, Interface, Security and Digital Processing expertise

Customer notification

This data sheet was changed to reflect the new company name NXP Semiconductors, including new legal definitions and disclaimers. No changes were made to the technical content, except for package outline drawings which were updated to the latest version.

Contact information

For additional information please visit: http://www.nxp.com
For sales offices addresses send e-mail to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

© NXP B.V. 2010

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.

The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Printed in The Netherlands 545102/25/01/pp18 Date of release: 1998 Feb 23 Document order number: 9397 750 03253

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Audio Amplifiers category:

Click to view products by NXP manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

LV47002P-E NCP2811AFCT1G NCP2890AFCT2G SSM2377ACBZ-R7 IS31AP4915A-QFLS2-TR NCP2820FCT2G TDA1591T

TDA7563AH SSM2529ACBZ-R7 MAX9890AETA+T TS2012EIJT NCP2809BMUTXG NJW1157BFC2 SSM2375CBZ-REEL7

IS31AP4996-GRLS2-TR STPA002OD-4WX NCP2823BFCT1G MAX9717DETA+T MAX9717CETA+T MAX9724AEBC+TG45

LA4450L-E IS31AP2036A-CLS2-TR MAX9723DEBE+T TDA7563ASMTR AS3561-DWLT SSM2517CBZ-R7 MP1720DH-12-LF-P

SABRE9601K THAT1646W16-U MAX98396EWB+ PAM8965ZLA40-13 BD37532FV-E2 BD5638NUX-TR BD37512FS-E2 BD37543FS
E2 BD3814FV-E2 TPA3140D2PWPR TS2007EIJT IS31AP2005-DLS2-TR SSM2518CPZ-R7 AS3410-EQFP-500 FDA4100LV

MAX98306ETD+T TS4994EIJT NCP2820FCT1G NCP2823AFCT2G NCS2211MNTXG CPA2233CQ16-A1 OPA1604AIPWR

OPA1612AQDRQ1