## OmROn

## MOS FET Relays

## Analog-switching MOS FET Relays for High Switching Currents, with Dielectric Strength of 2.5 kVAC between I/O.

- Upgraded G3VM-61 B/E Series.
- Switches minute analog signals.
- Leakage current of $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ max. when output relay is open. RoHS compliant


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Note: The actual product is marked differently from the image shown here.

## Application Examples

- Measurement devices
- Security systems
- Amusement machines


## List of Models

| Contact form | Terminals | Load voltage (peak value) | Model | Number per stick | Number per tape |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SPST-NO | PCB terminals | 60 VAC | G3VM-61B1 | 50 |  |
|  | Surface-mounting <br> terminals |  | G3VM-61E1 |  |  |
|  |  | G3VM-61E1(TR) | --- | 1,500 |  |

## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## G3VM-61B1



Note: The actual product is marked differently from the image shown here.


G3VM-61E1


Note: The actual product is marked differently from the image shown here.


## Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)

G3VM-61B1


PCB Dimensions (Bottom View)
G3VM-61B1


G3VM-61E1


Actual Mounting Pad Dimensions (Recommended Value, Top View) G3VM-61E1


## ■Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $\mathbf{T a}=\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Item |  |  | Symbol | Rating | Unit | Measurement Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input | LED forward current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 50 | mA |  |
|  | Repetitive peak LED forward current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{FP}}$ | 1 | A | $100 \mu$ s pulses, 100 pps |
|  | LED forward current reduction rate |  | $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -0.5 | $\mathrm{mA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{Ta} \geq 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | LED reverse voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | 5 | V |  |
|  | Connection temperature |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Output | Output dielectric strength |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OFF }}$ | 60 | V |  |
|  | Continuous load current | Connection A | $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ | 500 | mA |  |
|  |  | Connection B |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Connection C |  | 1,000 |  |  |
|  | ON current reduction rate | Connection A | $\triangle \mathrm{ION}^{1}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -5 | $\mathrm{mA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{Ta} \geq 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | Connection B |  | -5 |  |  |
|  |  | Connection C |  | -10.0 |  |  |
|  | Connection temperature |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Dielectric strength between input and output (See note 1.) |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {I-O }}$ | 2,500 | Vrms | AC for 1 min |
| Operating temperature |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | -40 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | With no icing or condensation |
| Storage temperature |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | -55 to +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | With no icing or condensation |
| Soldering temperature (10 s) |  |  | --- | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 10 s |

Note: 1. The dielectric strength between the input and output was checked by applying voltage between all pins as a group on the LED side and all pins as a group on the light-receiving side.

Connection Diagram


Electrical Characteristics ( $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Item |  |  | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit | Measurement conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input | LED forward voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 1.0 | 1.15 | 1.3 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=10 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  | Reverse current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | --- | --- | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Capacity between terminals |  | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {T }}$ | --- | 30 | --- | pF | $\mathrm{V}=0, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  | Trigger LED forward current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {FT }}$ | --- | 1.6 | 3 | mA | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=500 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Output | Maximum resistance with output ON | Connection A | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {ON }}$ | --- | 1 | 2 | $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Connection B |  | --- | 0.5 | 1 | $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Connection C |  | --- | 0.25 | --- | $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=1,000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Current leakage when the relay is open |  | $l_{\text {LEAK }}$ | --- | --- | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OfF }}=60 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Capacity between I/O terminals |  |  | $\mathrm{C}_{1-\mathrm{O}}$ | --- | 0.8 | --- | pF | $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Vs}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Insulation resistance |  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{1-\mathrm{O}}$ | 1,000 | --- | --- | $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{1-0}=500 \mathrm{VDC}, \\ & \mathrm{RoH} \leq 60 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Turn-ON time |  |  | tON | --- | 0.8 | 2.0 | ms | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=200 \Omega$, |
| Turn-OFF time |  |  | tOFF | --- | 0.1 | 0.5 | ms | 2.) |

Note: 2. Turn-ON and Turn-OFF Times


## Recommended Operating Conditions

Use the G3VM under the following conditions so that the Relay will operate properly.

| Item | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Output dielectric strength | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | --- | --- | 25 | V |
| Operating LED forward current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 5 | 7.5 | 500 | mA |
| Continuous load current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | --- | -- | 65 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | -20 | --- | 25 |  |

## Engineering Data

Load Current vs. Ambient Temperature G3vM-61B1(E1)


## Safety Precautions

Refer to "Common Precautions" for all G3VM models.

## Common Precautions

## - $\triangle$ WARNING

Be sure to turn OFF the power when wiring the Relay, otherwise an electric shock may be received.

## - 1 WARNING

Do not touch the charged terminals of the SSR, otherwise an electric shock may be received.

## - $\triangle$ Caution

Do not apply overvoltage or overcurrent to the I/O circuits of the SSR, otherwise the SSR may malfunction or burn.

## - $\triangle$ Caution

Be sure to wire and solder the Relay under the proper soldering conditions, otherwise the Relay in operation may generate excessive heat and the Relay may burn.

## Typical Relay Driving Circuit Examples



Transistor


Use the following formula to obtain the LED current limiting resistance value to assure that the relay operates accurately.

$$
\mathrm{R}_{1}=\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{oL}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}(\mathrm{ON})}{5 \text { to } 20 \mathrm{~mA}}
$$

Use the following formula to obtain the LED forward voltage value to assure that the relay releases accurately.

$$
V_{F(O F F)}=V_{C C}-V_{\text {OH }}<0.8 \mathrm{~V}
$$

## Protection from Surge Voltage on the Input Terminals

If any reversed surge voltage is imposed on the input terminals, insert a diode in parallel to the input terminals as shown in the following circuit diagram and do not impose a reversed voltage value of 3 V or more.
Surge Voltage Protection Circuit Example


## Protection from Spike Voltage on the Output Terminals

If a spike voltage exceeding the absolute maximum rated value is generated between the output terminals, insert a C-R snubber or clamping diode in parallel to the load as shown in the following circuit diagram to limit the spike voltage.
Spike Voltage Protection Circuit Example


## Unused Terminals (6-pin models only)

Terminal 3 is connected to the internal circuit. Do not connect anything to terminal 3 externally.

## Pin Strength for Automatic Mounting

In order to maintain the characteristics of the relay, the force imposed on any pin of the relay for automatic mounting must not exceed the following.


In direction A: 1.96 N
In direction B: 1.96 N

## Load Connection

Do not short-circuit the input and output terminals while the relay is operating or the relay may malfunction.

## AC Connection



DC Single Connection


DC Parallel Connection


## Solder Mounting

Perform solder mounting under the following recommended conditions to prevent the temperature of the Relays from rising.
<Flow Soldering>
Through-hole Mounting (Once Only)

| Solder type | Preheating | Soldering |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lead solder | $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 230 to $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| SnPb | 60 to 120 s | 10 s max. |
| Lead-free solder | $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 245 to $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| SnAgCu | 60 to 120 s | 10 s max. |

Note: We recommend that the suitability of solder mounting be verified under actual conditions.
<Reflow Soldering>
Surface Mounting DIP or SOP Packages (Twice Max.)

| Solder type | Preheating | Soldering |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lead solder | $140 \rightarrow 160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $210^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Peak |
| SnPb | 60 to 120 s | 30 s max. | $240^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |
| Lead-free solder | $180 \rightarrow 190^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $230^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Peak |
| SnAgCu | 60 to 120 s | 30 to 50 s | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |

Surface Mounting SSOP Packages (Twice Max.)

| Solder type | Preheating | Soldering |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lead solder | $140 \rightarrow 160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $210^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Peak |
| SnPb | 60 to 120 s | 30 s max. | $240^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |
| Lead-free solder | $150 \rightarrow 180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $230^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Peak |
| SnAgCu | 120 s max. | 30 s max. | $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |

Note: 1. We recommend that the suitability of solder mounting be verified under actual conditions.
2. Tape cut SSOPs are packaged without humidity resistance. Use manual soldering to mount them.

## Manual Soldering (Once Only)

Manually solder at $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 s or less or at $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 s or less.

## SSOP Handling Precautions

## <Humidity-resistant Packaging>

Component packages can crack if surface-mounted components that have absorbed moisture are subjected to thermal stress when mounting. To prevent this, observe the following precautions.

1. Unopened components can be stored in the packaging at 5 to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a humidity of $90 \%$ max., but they should be used within 12 months.
2. After the packaging has been opened, components can be stored at 5 to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a humidity of $60 \%$ max., but they should be mounted within 168 hours.
3. If, after opening the packaging, the humidity indicator turns pink to the $30 \%$ mark or the expiration data is exceeded, bake the components while they are still on the taping reel, and use them within 72 hours. Do not bake the same components more than once.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Baking conditions: } & 60 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 64 \text { to } 72 \mathrm{~h} \\
\text { Expiration date: } & \begin{array}{l}
12 \text { months from the seal date } \\
\text { (given on the label) }
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

4. If the same components are baked repeatedly, the tape detachment strength will change, causing problems when mounting. When mounting using dehumidifying measures, always take countermeasures against component damage from static electricity.
5. Do not throw or drop components. If the laminated packaging material is damaged, airtightness will be lost.
6. Tape cut SSOPs are packaged without humidity resistance. Use manual soldering to mount them.

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