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[^0]
## Features

－ 1.2 V to 5.5 V Input Voltage Operating Range
－Typical Ron：
－$\quad 20 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$
－$\quad 21 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$
－$\quad 37 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}$
－$\quad 75 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$
－Slew Rate／Inrush Control with $t_{R}$ ： 2.7 ms （Typical）
－3．5 A Maximum Continuous Current Capability
－Low $<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Shutdown Current
－ESD Protected：Above 8 kV HBM， 1.5 kV CDM
－GPIO／CMOS－Compatible Enable Circuitry

## Applications

－HDD，Storage，and Solid－State Memory Devices
－Portable Media Devices，UMPC，Tablets，MIDs
－Wireless LAN Cards and Modules
－SLR Digital Cameras
－Portable Medical Devices
－GPS and Navigation Equipment
－Industrial Handheld and Enterprise Equipment

## Description

The FPF1038 advanced load－management switch target applications requiring a highly integrated solution for disconnecting loads powered from DC power rail（＜6 V） with stringent shutdown current targets and high load capacitances（up to $200 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ）．The FPF1038 consists of slew－rate controlled low－impedance MOSFET switch （ $21 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ typical）and other integrated analog features． The slew－rate controlled turn－on characteristic prevents inrush current and the resulting excessive voltage droop on power rails．

These devices have exceptionally low shutdown current drain（ $<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ maximum）that facilitates compliance in low standby power applications．The input voltage range operates from 1.2 V to 5.5 V DC to support a wide range of applications in consumer，optical，medical，storage， portable，and industrial device power management．

Switch control is managed by a logic input（active HIGH） capable of interfacing directly with low－voltage control signal／GPIO with no external pull－up required．The device is packaged in advanced fully＂green＂ 1 mm x1．5 mm Wafer－Level Chip－Scale Packaging（WLCSP）； providing excellent thermal conductivity，small footprint， and low electrical resistance for wider application usage．

## Ordering Information

| Part Number | Top <br> Mark | Switch $\mathbf{R}_{\text {ON }}$ <br> （Typical） <br> at 4．5 $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Input <br> Buffer | Output <br> Discharge | ON Pin <br> Activity | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{R}}$ | Package |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FPF1038UCX | QE | $21 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ | CMOS | NA | Active <br> HIGH | 2.7 ms | $6-$ Bump，WLCSP， 1.0 mm <br> $\times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}, 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ Pitch |

## Application Diagram



Figure 1. Typical Application

Functional Block Diagram


Figure 2. Functional Block Diagram

## Pin Configuration



Figure 3. Top View


Figure 4. Bottom View

## Pin Definitions

| Pin \# | Name |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| A1, B1 | $V_{\text {Out }}$ | Switch Output |
| A2, B2 | $V_{\text {IN }}$ | Supply Input: Input to the Power Switch |
| C1 | GND | Ground |
| C2 | ON | ON/OFF Control, Active High - GPIO Compatible |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

| Symbol | Parameters |  | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {ON }}$ to GND |  | -0.3 | 6.0 | V |
| Isw | Maximum Continuous Switch Current |  |  | 3.5 | A |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Power Dissipation at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1.2 | W |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {STG }}$ | Storage Junction Temperature |  | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating Temperature Range |  | -40 | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\Theta_{\text {JA }}$ | Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient |  |  | $85^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{\text {C/M }}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $110^{(2)}$ | CN |
| ESD | Electrostatic Discharge Capability | Human Body Model, JESD22-A114 | 8.0 |  | kV |
|  |  | Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101 | 1.5 |  |  |

## Notes:

1. Measured using 2S2P JEDEC std. PCB.
2. Measured using 2S2P JEDEC PCB COLD PLATE method.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

| Symbol | Parameters | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Input Voltage | 1.2 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Ambient Operating Temperature | -40 | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=1.2$ to 5.5 V and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{I N}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Symbol | Parameters | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic Operation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VIN | Input Voltage |  | 1.2 |  | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{Q} \text { (OFF) }}$ | Off Supply Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON }}=\mathrm{GND}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=$ Open |  |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ISD | Shutdown Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ON }}=\mathrm{GND}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{GND}$ |  | 0.2 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| lQ | Quiescent Current | lout $=0 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 5.5 | 8.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Ron | On Resistance | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=1 \mathrm{~A}^{(3)}$ |  | 20 | 24 | $m \Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 21 | 25 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=500 \mathrm{~mA}^{(3)}$ |  | 24 | 29 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=500 \mathrm{~mA}^{(3)}$ |  | 28 | 35 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{lout}^{\text {a }}=250 \mathrm{~mA}^{(3)}$ |  | 37 | 45 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$, l $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=250 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 75 | 100 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | On Input Logic HIGH Voltage |  | 1.0 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | On Input Logic LOW Voltage |  |  |  | 0.4 | V |
| IoN | On Input Leakage |  |  |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Dynamic Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| toon | Turn-On Delay ${ }^{(4)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | 1.7 |  | ms |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}$ Rise Time ${ }^{(4)}$ |  |  | 2.7 |  | ms |
| ton | Turn-On Time ${ }^{(6)}$ |  |  | 4.4 |  | ms |
| $t_{\text {DOFF }}$ | Turn-Off Delay ${ }^{(4)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text {, No Load Discharge } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.0 |  | ms |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Vout Fall Time ${ }^{(4)}$ |  |  | 30.0 |  | ms |
| toff | Turn-Off ${ }^{(7)}$ |  |  | 32.0 |  | ms |

## Notes:

3. This parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization; not production tested.
4. $t_{\text {DON }} / t_{\text {DOFF }} / t_{R} / t_{\text {F }}$ are defined in Figure 27.
5. Output discharge enabled during off-state.
6. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}+\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{DON}}$
7. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{OFF}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{F}}+\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{DOFF}}$

## Typical Characteristics



Figure 5. Shutdown Current vs. Temperature


Figure 7. Off Supply Current vs. Temperature (Vout Floating)


Figure 9. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature


Figure 6. Shutdown Current vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 8. Off Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (Vout Floating)


Figure 10. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

## Typical Characteristics (Continued)



Figure 11. Quiescent Current vs. On Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Figure 13. Ron vs. Temperature


Figure 15. On Pin Threshold Low vs. Temperature


Figure 12. Quiescent Current vs. On Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Figure 14. Ron vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 16. On Pin Threshold Low vs. $V_{\mathrm{IN}}$

## Typical Characteristics (Continued)



Figure 17. On Pin Threshold High vs. Temperature


Figure 19. On Pin Threshold vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 21. $t_{\mathrm{R}} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {DoN }}$ vs. Temperature


Figure 18. On Pin Threshold High vs. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$


Figure 20. $\mathrm{I}_{\text {sw }}$ vs. $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}-\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}\right)$ — SOA


Figure 22. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}} / \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{F}} \mathrm{vs}$. Temperature

## Typical Characteristics (Continued)

Figure 25. Turn-On Response $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}=10 \mu \mathrm{~F}\right.$, Figure 26. Turn-On Response $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}=10 \mu \mathrm{~F}\right.$,


Figure 23. $t_{R}$ vs. Supply Voltage
 $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$ )


Figure 24. $\quad t_{R}$ vs. Supply Voltage
 $C_{L}=1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$ ) $\quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \Omega$ )


Figure 27. Timing Diagram

## Application Information

## Input Capacitor

This IntelliMAX ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ switch doesn't require an input capacitor. To reduce device inrush current, a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic capacitor, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$, is recommended close to the VIN pin. A higher value of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ can be used to reduce the voltage drop experienced as the switch is turned on into a large capacitive load.

## Output Capacitor

While this switch works without an output capacitor: if parasitic board inductance forces Vout below GND when switching off; a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor, Cout, should be placed between Vout and GND.

## Fall Time

Device output fall time can be calculated based on RC constant of the external components as follows:

$$
\begin{equation*}
t_{F}=R_{L} \times C_{L} \times 2.2 \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $t_{F}$ is $90 \%$ to $10 \%$ fall time, $R_{L}$ is output load, and $C_{L}$ is output capacitor.

The same equation works for a device with a pull-down output resistor. $R_{\mathrm{L}}$ is replaced by a parallel connected pull-down and an external output resistor combination as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
t_{F}=\frac{R_{L} \times R_{P D}}{R_{L}+R_{P D}} \times C_{L} \times 2.2 \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $t_{F}$ is $90 \%$ to $10 \%$ fall time, $R_{L}$ is output load, $R_{P D}=65 \Omega$ is output pull-down resistor, and $C_{L}$ is the output capacitor.

## Resistive Output Load

If resistive output load is missing, the IntelliMAX switch without a pull-down output resistor does not discharge the output voltage. Output voltage drop depends, in that case, mainly on external device leaks.

## Application Specifics



Figure 28. Device Setup

At maximum operational voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ ), device inrush current might be higher than expected. Spike current should be taken into account if $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}>5 \mathrm{~V}$ and the output capacitor is much larger than the input capacitor. Input current can be calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}(\mathrm{t}) \approx \frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}(\mathrm{t})}{\mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}}+\left(\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}-\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}\right) \frac{\mathrm{d} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}(\mathrm{t})}{\mathrm{dt}} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

where switch and wire resistances are neglected and capacitors are assumed ideal.
Estimating $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }} / 10$ and using experimental formula for slew rate ( dV out $(\mathrm{t}) / \mathrm{dt}$ ), spike current can be written as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\max \left(\mathrm{IIN}_{\mathrm{IN}}\right)=\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}}{10 \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}}+\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}-\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}\right)\left(0.05 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}-0.255\right) \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

where supply voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I}}$ is in volts, capacitances are in micro farads, and resistance is in ohms.
Example: If $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}=10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, and $R_{\text {LOAD }}=50 \Omega$; calculate the spike current by:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\max \left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}\right)=\frac{5.5}{10^{*} 50}+(100-10)\left(0.05^{*} 5.5-0.255\right) \mathrm{A}=1.8 \mathrm{~A} \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
$$

Maximum spike current is 1.8 A , while average rampup current is:

$$
\begin{align*}
& \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}(\mathrm{t}) \approx \frac{\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}(\mathrm{t})}{\mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}}+\left(\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}-\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}\right) \frac{\mathrm{d} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}(\mathrm{t})}{\mathrm{dt}}  \tag{6}\\
& \approx 2.75 / 50+100^{*} 0.0022=0.275 \mathrm{~A}
\end{align*}
$$

## Recommended Layout

For best thermal performance and minimal inductance and parasitic effects, it is recommended to keep input and output traces short and capacitors as close to the device as possible. Figure 29 is a recommended layout for this device to achieve optimum performance.


Figure 29. Recommended Land Pattern, Layout

## Physical Dimensions



NOTES:
A. NO JEDEC REGISTRATION APPLIES.


BOTTOM VIEW
B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
C. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCE PER ASMEY14.5M, 1994
D. DATUM C IS DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE BALLS.
E. PACKAGE NOMINAL HEIGHT IS 582 MICRONS $\pm 43$ MICRONS (539-625 MICRONS).
F. FOR DIMENSIONS D, E, X, AND Y SEE PRODUCT DATASHEET
G. DRAWING FILNAME: MKT-UC006AFrev2.

Figure 30. 6 Ball, $1.0 \times 1.5$ mm Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Packaging (WLCSP)
Nominal Values

| Bump <br> Pitch | Overall Package <br> Height | Silicon <br> Thickness | Solder Bump <br> Height | Solder Bump <br> Diameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5 mm | 0.582 mm | 0.332 mm | 0.250 mm | 0.315 mm |

## Product-Specific Dimensions

| Product | D | E | $\mathbf{X}$ | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FPF1038UCX | $1.5 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.03$ | $1.0 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.03$ | 0.240 mm | 0.240 mm |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AX-CAP ${ }^{\text {®**}}$ | FRFET ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | ® | [ SYSTEM |
| BitSiC'm | Global Power Resource ${ }^{\text {su }}$ | PowerTrench ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | $\checkmark$ GENERAL ${ }^{\text {®r }}$ |
| Build it Now ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | GreenBridge ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | Power P $^{\text {TM }}$ | TinyBoost ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |
| CorePLUS ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | Green FPS ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ | Programmable Active Droop ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | TinyBuck ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |
| CorePOMER ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | Green FPS ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ e-Series ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ | QFET ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | TinyCalc ${ }^{\text {m }}$ |
| CROSSVOLT ${ }^{\text {Tm }}$ | Gmax ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | QS ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | TinyLogic ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ |
| CTL ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | GTOTM | Quiet Series ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ | TINYOPTOTM |
| Current Transfer Logic ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | IntelliMAX ${ }^{\text {tm }}$ | RapidConfigure ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ | TinyPowertm |
| DEUXPEED ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | ISOPLANAR ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | $\mathrm{Co}^{\text {TM }}$ | TinyPMM ${ }^{\text {tm }}$ |
| Dual $\mathrm{Cool}{ }^{\text {TM }}$ | Making Small Speakers Sound Louder |  | Tiny Mire ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ |
| EcoSPARK ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | and Better ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | Saving our morld, 1 mWWNWW at a time ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | Transictm |
| EfficientMax ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ | MegaBuck ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | SignalMise ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | TriFault Detect ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ |
| ESBC'm | MICROCOUPLER ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | SmartMax ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | TRUECURRENT ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |
| (2) | MicroFEETM | SMART STARTTM | $\mu$ SerDes ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ |
| Fairchild ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | MicroPak ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | Solutions for Your Success ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | $W$ |
| Fairchild ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | MicroPak $2^{\text {Tm }}$ | SPM ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Serces |
| Fairchild Semiconductor | MillerDrive ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | STEALTH'M | UHC ${ }^{\text {Es }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {FACT }}{ }^{\text {FAC }}$ Quiet Series ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | MotionMax ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ | SuperFET | Ultra FRFET ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ |
| FAST ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | miNSaver ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | SupersOTtM-3 | UniFET ${ }^{\text {m }}$ |
| FastvCore ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | OptoHiTtm | SuperSOT ${ }^{\text {Tm-6 }}$-6 SuperSOT | VCX'm |
| FETBench ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ | OPTOLOGLANAR ${ }^{\text {O }}$ | SupreMOS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | VisualMax ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ |
| FPS ${ }^{\text {тM }}$ | OPTOPLANAR | SyncFET ${ }^{\text {m }}$ | VoltagePlus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ $X S^{\top M}$ |

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