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# 4896 (H) x 3264 (V) Interline CCD Image Sensor

#### Description

The KAI-16050 Image Sensor is a 16-megapixel CCD in an APS-H optical format. Based on the TRUESENSE 5.5 micron Interline Transfer CCD Platform, the sensor features broad dynamic range, excellent imaging performance, and a flexible readout architecture that enables use of 1, 2, or 4 outputs for full resolution readout up to 8 frames per second. A vertical overflow drain structure suppresses image blooming and enables electronic shuttering for precise exposure control.

The sensor is available with the TRUESENSE Sparse Color Filter Pattern, a technology which provides a 2x improvement in light sensitivity compared to a standard color Bayer part.

The sensor shares common PGA pin-out and electrical configurations with other devices based on the TRUESENSE 5.5 micron Interline Transfer CCD Platform, allowing a single camera design to be leveraged to support multiple members of this sensor family.

**Table 1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS** 

Parameter Typical Value								
Architecture	Interline CCD; Progressive Scan							
Total Number of Pixels	4964 (H) x 3332 (V)							
Number of Effective Pixels	. , . , ,							
	4920 (H) x 3288 (V)							
Number of Active Pixels	4896 (H) x 3264 (V)							
Pixel Size	5.5 μm (H) x 5.5 μm (V)							
Active Image Size	26.93 mm (H) x 17.95 mm (V) 32.36 mm (diag.) APS-H Format							
Aspect Ratio	3:2							
Number of Outputs	1, 2, or 4							
Charge Capacity	20,000 electrons							
Output Sensitivity	34 μV/e <sup>-</sup>							
Quantum Efficiency Pan (-AXA, -QXA, -PXA) R, G, B (-FXA, -QXA) R, G, B (-CXA, -PXA)	43% 28%, 35%, 38% 29%, 35%, 37%							
Read Noise (f = 40 MHz)	12 electrons rms							
Dark Current Photodiode VCCD	2 electrons/s 140 electrons/s							
Dark Current Doubling Temp. Photodiode VCCD	7°C 9°C							
Dynamic Range	64 dB							
Charge Transfer Efficiency	0.999999							
Blooming Suppression	> 300 X							
Smear	Estimated –100 dB							
Image Lag	< 10 electrons							
Maximum Pixel Clock Speed	40 MHz							
Maximum Frame Rates Quad Output Dual Output Single Output	8 fps 4 fps 2 fps							
Package	72 pin PGA							
Cover Glass	AR coated, 2 Sides							

NOTE: All parameters are specified at T = 40°C unless otherwise noted.



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Figure 1. KAI-16050 CCD Image Sensor

#### **Features**

- Bayer Color Pattern, TRUESENSE Sparse Color Filter Pattern, and Monochrome Configurations
- Progressive Scan Readout
- Flexible Readout Architecture
- High Frame Rate
- High Sensitivity
- Low Noise Architecture
- Excellent Smear Performance
- Package Pin Reserved for Device Identification

# **Applications**

- Industrial Imaging and Inspection
- Traffic
- Security

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 2 of this data sheet.

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

**Table 2. ORDERING INFORMATION** 

Part Number	Description	Marking Code
KAI-16050-AXA-JD-B1	Monochrome, Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 1	KAI-16050-AXA Serial Number
KAI-16050-AXA-JD-B2	Monochrome, Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 2	
KAI-16050-AXA-JD-AE	Monochrome, Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Engineering Grade	
KAI-16050-FXA-JD-B1	Gen2 Color (Bayer RGB), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 1	KAI-16050-FXA Serial Number
KAI-16050-FXA-JD-B2	Gen2 Color (Bayer RGB), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 2	
KAI-16050-FXA-JD-AE	Gen2 Color (Bayer RGB), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Engineering Grade	
KAI-16050-QXA-JD-B1	Gen2 Color (Sparse CFA), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 1	KAI-16050-QXA Serial Number
KAI-16050-QXA-JD-B2	Gen2 Color (Sparse CFA), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 2	
KAI-16050-QXA-JD-AE	Gen2 Color (Sparse CFA), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Engineering Grade	

# **Table 3. EVALUATION SUPPORT**

Catalog Number	Product Name	Description
4H2207	G2-FPGA-BD-14-40-A-GEVK	FPGA Board for IT-CCD Evaluation Hardware
4H2209	KAI-72PIN-HEAD-BD-A-GEVB	72 Pin Imager Board for IT-CCD Evaluation Hardware
4H2211	LENS-MOUNT-KIT-B-GEVK	Lens Mount Kit for IT-CCD Evaluation Hardware

See the ON Semiconductor *Device Nomenclature* document (TND310/D) for a full description of the naming convention used for image sensors. For reference documentation, including information on evaluation kits, please visit our web site at www.onsemi.com.

# **Table 4. NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS**

Part Number	Description	Marking Code
KAI-16050-CXA-JD-B1	Gen1 Color (Bayer RGB), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 1	KAI-16050-CXA Serial Number
KAI-16050-CXA-JD-B2	Gen1 Color (Bayer RGB), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 2	
KAI-16050-CXA-JD-AE	Gen1 Color (Bayer RGB), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Engineering Grade	
KAI-16050-PXA-JD-B1	Gen1 Color (TRUESENSE Sparse CFA), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 1	KAI-16050-PXA Serial Number
KAI-16050-PXA-JD-B2	Gen1 Color (TRUESENSE Sparse CFA), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Grade 2	
KAI-16050-PXA-JD-AE	Gen1 Color (TRUESENSE Sparse CFA), Special Microlens, PGA Package, Sealed Clear Cover Glass with AR coating (both sides), Engineering Grade	

#### **DEVICE DESCRIPTION**

#### **Architecture**

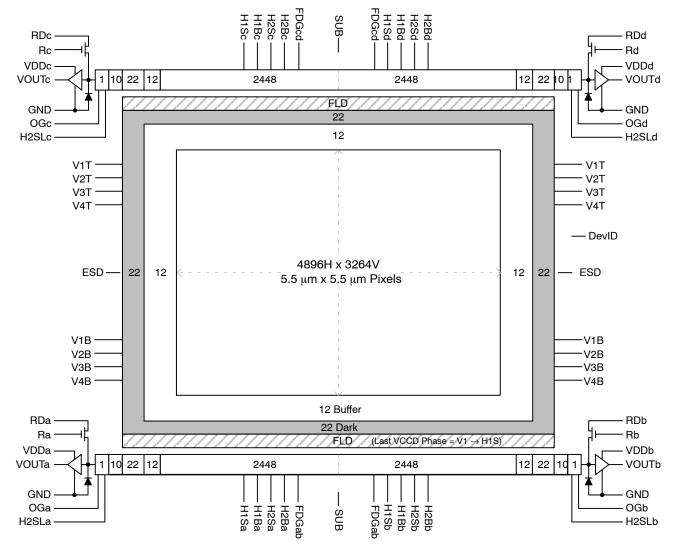


Figure 2. Block Diagram

#### **Dark Reference Pixels**

There are 22 dark reference rows at the top and 22 dark rows at the bottom of the image sensor. The dark rows are not entirely dark and so should not be used for a dark reference level. Use the 22 dark columns on the left or right side of the image sensor as a dark reference.

Under normal circumstances use only the center 20 columns of the 22 column dark reference due to potential light leakage.

# **Dummy Pixels**

Within each horizontal shift register there are 11 leading additional shift phases. These pixels are designated as dummy pixels and should not be used to determine a dark reference level.

In addition, there is one dummy row of pixels at the top and bottom of the image.

# **Active Buffer Pixels**

12 unshielded pixels adjacent to any leading or trailing dark reference regions are classified as active buffer pixels. These pixels are light sensitive but are not tested for defects and non–uniformities.

#### **Image Acquisition**

An electronic representation of an image is formed when incident photons falling on the sensor plane create electron-hole pairs within the individual silicon photodiodes. These photoelectrons are collected locally by the formation of potential wells at each photosite. Below photodiode saturation, the number of photoelectrons collected at each pixel is linearly dependent upon light level and exposure time and non-linearly dependent on wavelength. When the photodiodes charge capacity is reached, excess electrons are discharged into the substrate to prevent blooming.

#### **ESD Protection**

Adherence to the power-up and power-down sequence is critical. Failure to follow the proper power-up and

power-down sequences may cause damage to the sensor. See Power-Up and Power-Down Sequence section.

#### **Bayer Color Filter Pattern**

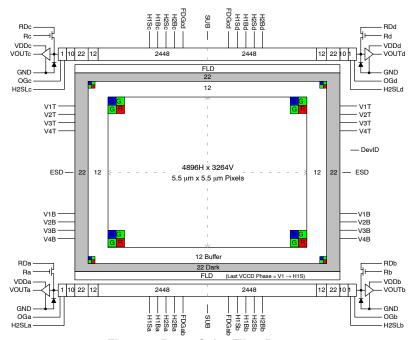


Figure 3. Bayer Color Filter Pattern

# **TRUESENSE Sparse Color Filter Pattern**

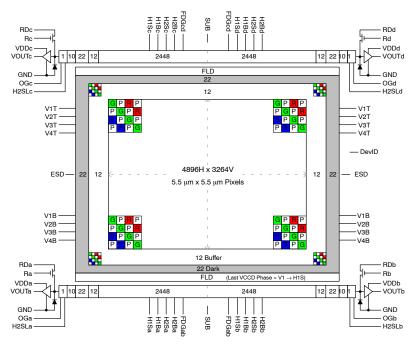


Figure 4. TRUESENSE Sparse Color Filter Pattern

# **PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION**

# **Pin Description and Device Orientation**

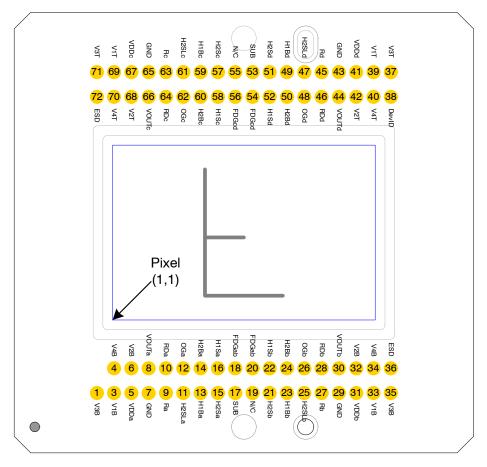


Figure 5. Package Pin Designations - Top View

# **Table 5. PIN DESCRIPTION**

Pin         Name         Description           1         V3B         Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom           3         V1B         Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom           4         V4B         Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom           5         VDDa         Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant a           6         V2B         Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom           7         GND         Ground           8         VOUTa         Video Output, Quadrant a           10         RDa         Reset Drain, Quadrant a           11         H2SLa         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant a           12         OGa         Output Gate, Quadrant a           13         H1Ba         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant a           14         H2Ba         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a           15         H2Sa         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a           16         H1Sa         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a           17         SUB         Substrate           18         FDGab         Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom           19         N/C         No Connect           20         FDGab	Table 5. PIN DESCRIPTION								
3 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 4 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 5 VDDa Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant a 6 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 7 GND Ground 8 VOUTa Video Output, Quadrant a 9 Ra Reset Gate, Quadrant a 10 RDa Reset Drain, Quadrant a 11 H2SLa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant a 12 OGa Output Gate, Quadrant a 13 H1Ba Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant a 14 H2Ba Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a 15 H2Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a 16 H1Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a 17 SUB Substrate 18 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 19 N/C No Connect 20 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 21 H2Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b 22 H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 23 H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 24 H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 25 H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b 26 OGb Output Gate, Quadrant b 27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b 28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b 29 GND Ground 30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	Pin	Name	Description						
4 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 5 VDDa Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant a 6 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 7 GND Ground 8 VOUTa Video Output, Quadrant a 9 Ra Reset Gate, Quadrant a 10 RDa Reset Drain, Quadrant a 11 H2SLa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant a 12 OGa Output Gate, Quadrant a 13 H1Ba Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant a 14 H2Ba Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a 15 H2Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a 16 H1Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a 17 SUB Substrate 18 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 19 N/C No Connect 20 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 21 H2Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 22 H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 23 H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 24 H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 25 H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b 26 OGb Output Gate, Quadrant b 27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b 28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b 29 GND Ground 30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	1	V3B	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom						
4 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 5 VDDa Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant a 6 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 7 GND Ground 8 VOUTa Video Output, Quadrant a 9 Ra Reset Gate, Quadrant a 10 RDa Reset Drain, Quadrant a 11 H2SLa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant a 12 OGa Output Gate, Quadrant a 13 H1Ba Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant a 14 H2Ba Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a 15 H2Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a 16 H1Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a 17 SUB Substrate 18 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 19 N/C No Connect 20 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 21 H2Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 22 H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 23 H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 24 H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 25 H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b 26 OGb Output Gate, Quadrant b 27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b 28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b 29 GND Ground 30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom									
5         VDDa         Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant a           6         V2B         Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom           7         GND         Ground           8         VOUTA         Video Output, Quadrant a           9         Ra         Reset Gate, Quadrant a           10         RDa         Reset Drain, Quadrant a           11         H2SLa         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a           12         OGa         Output Gate, Quadrant a           13         H1Ba         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant a           14         H2Ba         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a           15         H2Sa         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a           16         H1Sa         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a           17         SUB         Substrate           18         FDGab         Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom           19         N/C         No Connect           20         FDGab         Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom           21         H2Sb         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b           22         H1Sb         Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b           23 <td< td=""><td>3</td><td>V1B</td><td>Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom</td></td<>	3	V1B	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom						
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7 GND Ground 8 VOUTa Video Output, Quadrant a 9 Ra Reset Gate, Quadrant a 10 RDa Reset Drain, Quadrant a 11 H2SLa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant a 12 OGa Output Gate, Quadrant a 13 H1Ba Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant a 14 H2Ba Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a 15 H2Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant a 16 H1Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant a 17 SUB Substrate 18 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 19 N/C No Connect 20 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 21 H2Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b 22 H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 23 H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 24 H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b 25 H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b 26 OGb Output Gate, Quadrant b 27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b 28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b 29 GND Ground 30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	5	VDDa	Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant a						
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Quadrant a	13	H1Ba							
Storage, Quadrant a  H1Sa Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant a  Number Substrate  Substrate  Substrate  FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom  N/C No Connect  H2Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b  H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b  H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b  H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b  Reset Gate, Quadrant b  Reset Gate, Quadrant b  Reset Gate, Quadrant b  Rob Reset Drain, Quadrant b  Rob Reset Drain, Quadrant b  GND Ground  VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b  VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b  V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom  V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom  V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom	14	H2Ba							
Storage, Quadrant a  17 SUB Substrate  18 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom  19 N/C No Connect  20 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom  21 H2Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b  22 H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b  23 H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b  24 H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  25 H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b  26 OGb Output Gate, Quadrant b  27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b  28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b  29 GND Ground  30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b  31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b  32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom  33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom  34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom	15	H2Sa	[ * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
18FDGabFast Line Dump Gate, Bottom19N/CNo Connect20FDGabFast Line Dump Gate, Bottom21H2SbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b22H1SbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b23H1BbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b24H2BbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b25H2SLbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b26OGbOutput Gate, Quadrant b27RbReset Gate, Quadrant b28RDbReset Drain, Quadrant b29GNDGround30VOUTbVideo Output, Quadrant b31VDDbOutput Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b32V2BVertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom33V1BVertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom34V4BVertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom35V3BVertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	16	H1Sa							
19 N/C No Connect 20 FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom 21 H2Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b 22 H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b 23 H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b 24 H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b 25 H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b 26 OGb Output Gate, Quadrant b 27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b 28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b 29 GND Ground 30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom	17	SUB	Substrate						
FDGab Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom  H2Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b  H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b  H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b  Reset Gate, Quadrant b  Reset Gate, Quadrant b  Reset Drain, Quadrant b  Reset Drain, Quadrant b  VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b  VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b  V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom  V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom  V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom	18	FDGab	Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom						
21H2SbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant b22H1SbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b23H1BbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b24H2BbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b25H2SLbHorizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b26OGbOutput Gate, Quadrant b27RbReset Gate, Quadrant b28RDbReset Drain, Quadrant b29GNDGround30VOUTbVideo Output, Quadrant b31VDDbOutput Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b32V2BVertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom33V1BVertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom34V4BVertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom35V3BVertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	19	N/C	No Connect						
Storage, Quadrant b  H1Sb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant b  H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b  Reset Gate, Quadrant b  Reset Gate, Quadrant b  Reset Drain, Quadrant b  GND Ground  VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b  VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b  V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom  V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom  V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom  V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	20	FDGab	Fast Line Dump Gate, Bottom						
Storage, Quadrant b  H1Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b  Cogb Output Gate, Quadrant b  Reset Gate, Quadrant b  Reset Drain, Quadrant b  GND Ground  VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b  VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b  V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom  V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom  V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom  V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	21	H2Sb							
Quadrant b  H2Bb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant b  H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b  Compared to the process of the p	22	H1Sb							
Quadrant b  25 H2SLb Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b  26 OGb Output Gate, Quadrant b  27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b  28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b  29 GND Ground  30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b  31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b  32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom  33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom  34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom  35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	23	H1Bb							
Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant b  26 OGb Output Gate, Quadrant b  27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b  28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b  29 GND Ground  30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b  31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b  32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom  33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom  34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom  35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	24	H2Bb							
27 Rb Reset Gate, Quadrant b 28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b 29 GND Ground 30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	25	H2SLb							
28 RDb Reset Drain, Quadrant b 29 GND Ground 30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	26	OGb	Output Gate, Quadrant b						
29 GND Ground 30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	27	Rb	Reset Gate, Quadrant b						
30 VOUTb Video Output, Quadrant b 31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	28	RDb	Reset Drain, Quadrant b						
31 VDDb Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b 32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	29	GND	Ground						
32 V2B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom 33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	30	VOUTb	Video Output, Quadrant b						
33 V1B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom 34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	31	VDDb	Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant b						
34 V4B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom 35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	32	V2B	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Bottom						
35 V3B Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom	33	V1B	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Bottom						
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	34	V4B	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Bottom						
36 ESD ESD Protection Disable	35	V3B	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Bottom						
	36	ESD	ESD Protection Disable						

Pin	Name	Description
72	ESD	ESD Protection Disable
71	V3T	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Top
70	V4T	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Top
69	V1T	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Top
68	V2T	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Top
67	VDDc	Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant c
66	VOUTc	Video Output, Quadrant c
65	GND	Ground
64	RDc	Reset Drain, Quadrant c
63	Rc	Reset Gate, Quadrant c
62	OGc	Output Gate, Quadrant c
61	H2SLc	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant c
60	H2Bc	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant c
59	H1Bc	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant c
58	H1Sc	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant c
57	H2Sc	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant c
56	FDGcd	Fast Line Dump Gate, Top
55	N/C	No Connect
54	FDGcd	Fast Line Dump Gate, Top
53	SUB	Substrate
52	H1Sd	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Storage, Quadrant d
51	H2Sd	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Quadrant d
50	H2Bd	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Barrier, Quadrant d
49	H1Bd	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 1, Barrier, Quadrant d
48	OGd	Output Gate, Quadrant d
47	H2SLd	Horizontal CCD Clock, Phase 2, Storage, Last Phase, Quadrant d
46	RDd	Reset Drain, Quadrant d
45	Rd	Reset Gate, Quadrant d
44	VOUTd	Video Output, Quadrant d
43	GND	Ground
42	V2T	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 2, Top
41	VDDd	Output Amplifier Supply, Quadrant d
40	V4T	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 4, Top
39	V1T	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 1, Top
38	DevID	Device Identification
37	V3T	Vertical CCD Clock, Phase 3, Top
1. Like	d named pins	s are internally connected and should have a

Liked named pins are internally connected and should have a common drive signal.
 N/C pins (19, 55) should be left floating.

# **IMAGING PERFORMANCE**

#### **Table 6. TYPICAL OPERATION CONDITIONS**

Unless otherwise noted, the Imaging Performance Specifications are measured using the following conditions.

Description	Condition	Notes
Light Source	Continuous red, green and blue LED illumination	For monochrome sensor, only green LED used.
Operation	Nominal operating voltages and timing	

# Table 7. SPECIFICATIONS All Configurations

Description	Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units	Sampling Plan	Temperature Tested At (°C)	Notes
Dark Field Global Non-Uniformity	DSNU	-	-	5	mVpp	Die	27, 40	
Bright Field Global Non-Uniformity		-	2	5	%rms	Die	27, 40	1
Bright Field Global Peak to Peak Non-Uniformity	PRNU	-	10	30	%рр	Die	27, 40	1
Bright Field Center Non–Uniformity		-	1	2	%rms	Die	27, 40	1
Maximum Photoresponse Nonlinearity	NL	-	2	-	%	Design		2
Maximum Gain Difference Between Outputs	ΔG	-	10	-	%	Design		2
Maximum Signal Error due to Nonlinearity Differences	ΔNL	-	1	-	%	Design		2
Horizontal CCD Charge Capacity	HNe	-	50	-	ke-	Design		
Vertical CCD Charge Capacity	VNe	-	45	-	ke-	Design		
Photodiode Charge Capacity	PNe	-	20	-	ke-	Die	27, 40	3
Horizontal CCD Charge Transfer Efficiency	HCTE	0.999995	0.999999	-		Die		
Vertical CCD Charge Transfer Efficiency	VCTE	0.999995	0.999999	-		Die		
Photodiode Dark Current	lpd	-	7	70	e/p/s	Die	40	
Vertical CCD Dark Current	lvd	-	140	400	e/p/s	Die	40	
Image Lag	Lag	-	-	10	e-	Design		
Antiblooming Factor	Xab	300	-	-		Design		
Vertical Smear	Smr	-	-100	-	dB	Design		
Read Noise	n <sub>e-T</sub>	-	12	-	e <sup>-</sup> rms	Design		4
Dynamic Range	DR	-	64	-	dB	Design		4, 5
Output Amplifier DC Offset	V <sub>odc</sub>	-	9.4	-	V	Die	27, 40	
Output Amplifier Bandwidth	f_3db	-	250	-	MHz	Die		6
Output Amplifier Impedance	R <sub>OUT</sub>	-	127	-	Ω	Die	27, 40	
Output Amplifier Sensitivity	ΔV/ΔΝ	-	34	-	μV/e-	Design		

<sup>1</sup> Per color

<sup>2.</sup> Value is over the range of 10% to 90% of photodiode saturation.

<sup>3.</sup> The operating value of the substrate voltage, VAB, will be marked on the shipping container for each device. The value of VAB is set such that the photodiode charge capacity is 680 mV.

<sup>4.</sup> At 40 MHz

<sup>5.</sup> Uses 20LOG (PNe/  $n_{e-T}$ )

<sup>6.</sup> Assumes 5 pF load.

Table 8. KAI-16050-AXA, KAI-16050-QXA, AND KAI-16050-PXA<sup>1</sup> CONFIGURATIONS

Description	Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units	Sampling Plan	Temperature Tested At (°C)	Notes
Peak Quantum Efficiency	QE <sub>max</sub>	-	43	-	%	Design		
Peak Quantum Efficiency Wavelength	λQE	ı	470	_	nm	Design		

<sup>1.</sup> This color filter set configuration (Gen1) is not recommended for new designs.

# Table 9. KAI-16050-FBA AND KAI-16050-QBA GEN2 COLOR CONFIGURATIONS WITH MAR GLASS

Description		Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units	Sampling Plan	Temperature Tested At (°C)	Notes
Peak Quantum Efficiency	Blue Green Red	QE <sub>max</sub>	-	37 35 29	-	%	Design		
Peak Quantum Efficiency Wavelength	Blue Green Red	λQE	-	460 530 605	-	nm	Design		

Table 10. KAI-16050-CBA AND KAI-16050-PBA GEN1 COLOR CONFIGURATIONS WITH MAR GLASS

Description		Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units	Sampling Plan	Temperature Tested At (°C)	Notes
Peak Quantum Efficiency	Blue Green Red	QE <sub>max</sub>	-	38 35 28	-	%	Design		1
Peak Quantum Efficiency Wavelength	Blue Green Red	λQE	-	470 540 620	-	nm	Design		1

<sup>1.</sup> This color filter set configuration (Gen1) is not recommended for new designs.

# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**

# **Quantum Efficiency**

Monochrome with Microlens

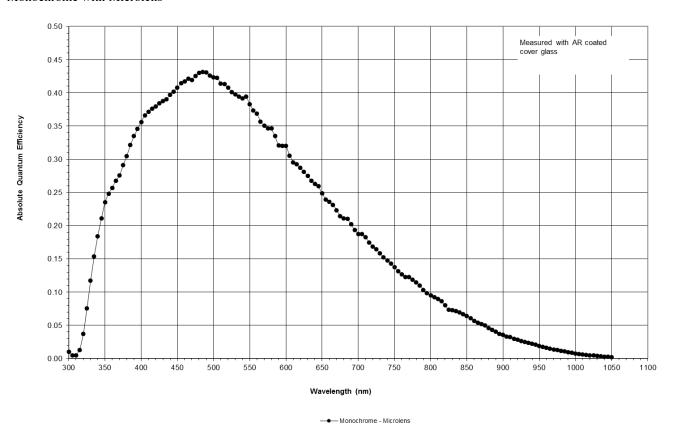


Figure 6. Monochrome with Microlens Quantum Efficiency

Color (Bayer RGB) with Microlens and MAR Cover Glass (Gen2 and Gen1 CFA)

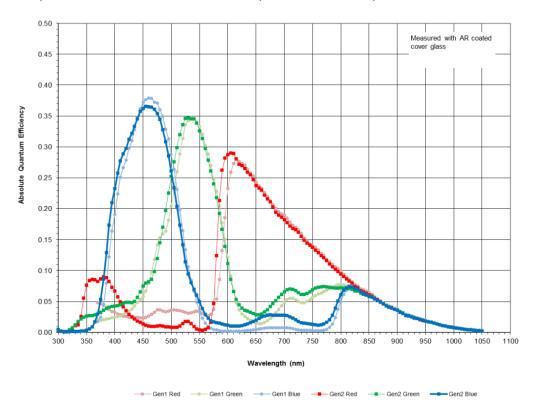


Figure 7. Color (Bayer) with Microlens Quantum Efficiency

Color (TRUESENSE Sparse CFA) with Microlens (Gen2 and Gen1 CFA)

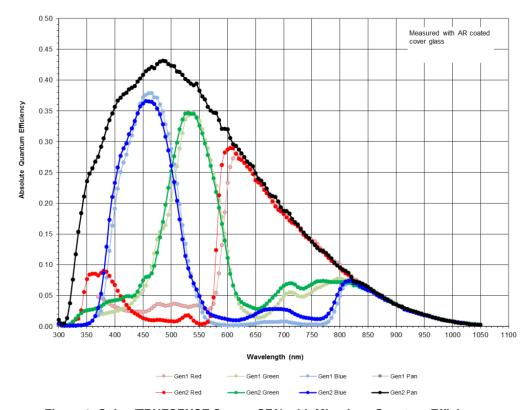


Figure 8. Color (TRUESENSE Sparse CFA) with Microlens Quantum Efficiency

# **Angular Quantum Efficiency**

For the curves marked "Horizontal", the incident light angle is varied in a plane parallel to the HCCD.

For the curves marked "Vertical", the incident light angle is varied in a plane parallel to the VCCD.

# **Monochrome with Microlens**

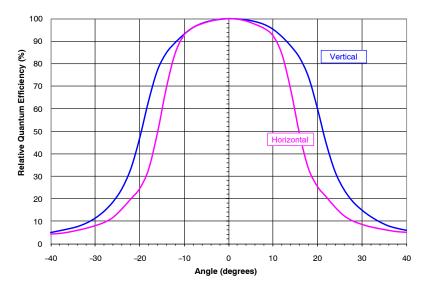


Figure 9. Monochrome with Microlens Angular Quantum Efficiency

# **Dark Current versus Temperature**

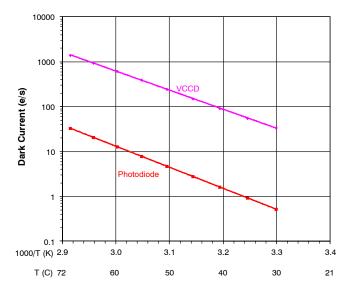


Figure 10. Dark Current versus Temperature

# Power - Estimated

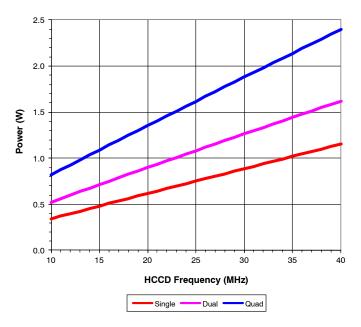


Figure 11. Power

#### **Frame Rates**

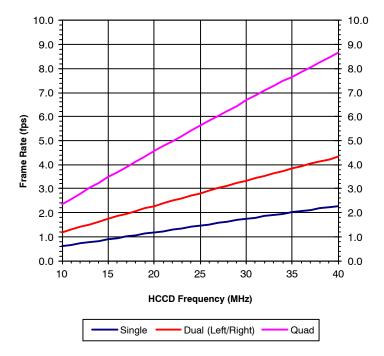


Figure 12. Frame Rates

#### **DEFECT DEFINITIONS**

Table 11. OPERATION CONDITIONS FOR DEFECT TESTING AT 40°C

Description	Condition	Notes
Operational Mode	Two outputs, using VOUTa and VOUTc, continuous readout	
HCCD Clock Frequency	10 MHz	
Pixels Per Line	5120	1
Lines Per Frame	1760	2
Line Time	547.7 μsec	
Frame Time	964.0 msec	
Photodiode Integration Time (PD_Tint)	Mode A: PD_Tint = Frame Time = 964.0 msec, no electronic shutter used	
VCCD Integration Time	912.5 msec	3
Temperature	40°C	
Light Source	Continuous red, green and blue LED illumination	4
Operation	Nominal operating voltages and timing	

- 1. Horizontal overclocking used.
- Vertical overclocking used.
- 3. VCCD Integration Time = 1666 lines x Line Time, which is the total time a pixel will spend in the VCCD registers.
- 4. For monochrome sensor, only the green LED is used.

Table 12. DEFECT DEFINITIONS FOR TESTING AT 40°C

Description	Definition	Grade 1	Grade 2 Mono	Grade 2 Color	Notes
Major dark field defective bright pixel	PD_Tint = Mode A → Defect ≥ 328 mV	150	300	300	1
Major bright field defective dark pixel	Defect ≥ 12%				
Minor dark field defective bright pixel	PD_Tint = Mode A → Defect ≥ 164 mV	1500	3000	3000	
Cluster defect	A group of 2 to 19 contiguous major defective pixels, but no more than 3 adjacent defects horizontally.	20	n/a	n/a	2
Cluster defect	A group of 2 to 38 contiguous major defective pixels, but no more than 5 adjacent defects horizontally.	n/a	30	30	
Column defect	A group of more than 10 contiguous major defective pixels along a single column	0	4	15	2

<sup>1.</sup> For the color devices (KAI-16050-CXA and KAI-16050-PXA), a bright field defective pixel deviates by 12% with respect to pixels of the same color.

<sup>2.</sup> Column and cluster defects are separated by no less than two (2) good pixels in any direction (excluding single pixel defects).

Table 13. OPERATION CONDITIONS FOR DEFECT TESTING AT 27°C

Description	Condition	Notes
Operational Mode	Two outputs, using VOUTa and VOUTc, continuous readout	
HCCD Clock Frequency	10 MHz	
Pixels Per Line	5120	1
Lines Per Frame	3424	2
Line Time	547.7 μsec	
Frame Time	1875.4 msec	
Photodiode Integration Time (PD_Tint)	Mode A: PD_Tint = Frame Time = 1875.4 msec, no electronic shutter used	
VCCD Integration Time	912.5 msec	3
Temperature	27°C	
Light Source	Continuous red, green and blue LED illumination	4
Operation	Nominal operating voltages and timing	

<sup>1.</sup> Horizontal overclocking used.

Table 14. DEFECT DEFINITIONS FOR TESTING AT 27°C

Description	Definition	Grade 1	Grade 2 Mono	Grade 2 Color	Notes
Major dark field defective bright pixel	PD_Tint = Mode A → Defect ≥ 200 mV	150	300	300	1
Major bright field defective dark pixel	Defect ≥ 12%				
Cluster defect	A group of 2 to 19 contiguous major defective pixels, but no more than 3 adjacent defects horizontally.	20	n/a	n/a	2
Cluster defect	A group of 2 to 38 contiguous major defective pixels, but no more than 5 adjacent defects horizontally.	n/a	30	30	
Column defect	A group of more than 10 contiguous major defective pixels along a single column	0	4	15	2

<sup>1.</sup> For the color devices (KAI-16050-CXA and KAI-16050-PXA), a bright field defective pixel deviates by 12% with respect to pixels of the same color.

#### **Defect Map**

The defect map supplied with each sensor is based upon testing at an ambient (27°C) temperature. Minor point

defects are not included in the defect map. All defective pixels are reference to pixel 1, 1 in the defect maps. See Figure 13: Regions of interest for the location of pixel 1,1.

<sup>2.</sup> Vertical overclocking used.

<sup>3.</sup> VCCD Integration Time = 1666 lines x Line Time, which is the total time a pixel will spend in the VCCD registers.

<sup>4.</sup> For monochrome sensor, only the green LED is used.

<sup>2.</sup> Column and cluster defects are separated by no less than two (2) good pixels in any direction (excluding single pixel defects).

#### **TEST DEFINITIONS**

# **Test Regions of Interest**

Image Area ROI: Pixel (1, 1) to Pixel (4920, 3288)

Active Area ROI: Pixel (13, 13) to Pixel (4908, 3276)

Center ROI: Pixel (2411, 1595) to Pixel (2510, 1694)

Only the Active Area ROI pixels are used for performance and defect tests.

# Overclocking

The test system timing is configured such that the sensor is overclocked in both the vertical and horizontal directions.

VOUTa **←** 

See Figure 13 for a pictorial representation of the regions of interest.

12 dark rows

12 buffer rows

12 buffer oolumns

12 buffer columns

12 buffer rows

12 buffer rows

12 buffer rows

12 buffer rows

12 dark rows

Figure 13. Regions of Interest

#### **Tests**

Dark Field Global Non-Uniformity

This test is performed under dark field conditions. The sensor is partitioned into 864 sub regions of interest, each of which is 136 by 136 pixels in size. The average signal level of each of the 864 sub regions of interest is calculated. The signal level of each of the sub regions of interest is calculated using the following formula:

Signal of ROI[i] = (ROI Average in counts – Horizontal overclock average in counts) \* mV per count

Where i = 1 to 864. During this calculation on the 864 sub regions of interest, the maximum and minimum signal levels

 $GlobalNon-Uniformity = 100 \times \left(\frac{ActiveAreaStandardDeviation}{ActiveAreaSignal}\right)$ 

Units: %rms.

Active Area Signal = Active Area Average - Dark Column Average

Global Peak to Peak Non-Uniformity

This test is performed with the imager illuminated to a level such that the output is at 70% of saturation (approximately 476 mV). Prior to this test being performed the substrate voltage has been set such that the charge capacity of the sensor is 680 mV. The sensor is partitioned into 864 sub regions of interest, each of which is 136 by 136 are found. The dark field global uniformity is then calculated as the maximum signal found minus the minimum signal level found.

Units: mVpp (millivolts peak to peak)

Global Non-Uniformity

This test is performed with the imager illuminated to a level such that the output is at 70% of saturation (approximately 476 mV). Prior to this test being performed the substrate voltage has been set such that the charge capacity of the sensor is 680 mV. Global non-uniformity is defined as

pixels in size. The average signal level of each of the 864 sub regions of interest (ROI) is calculated. The signal level of each of the sub regions of interest is calculated using the following formula:

Signal of ROI[i] = (ROI Average in counts – Horizontal overclock average in counts) \* mV per count

Where i = 1 to 864. During this calculation on the 864 sub regions of interest, the maximum and minimum signal levels are found. The global peak to peak uniformity is then calculated as:

 $Global Uniformity = 100 \times \frac{Maximum Signal - Minimum Signal}{Active Area Signal}$ 

Units: %pp

Center Non-Uniformity

This test is performed with the imager illuminated to a level such that the output is at 70% of saturation (approximately 476 mV). Prior to this test being performed

Units: %rms.

Center ROI Signal = Center ROI Average - Dark Column Average

Dark Field Defect Test

This test is performed under dark field conditions. The sensor is partitioned into 864 sub regions of interest, each of which is 136 by 136 pixels in size. In each region of interest, the median value of all pixels is found. For each region of interest, a pixel is marked defective if it is greater than or equal to the median value of that region of interest plus the defect threshold specified in the "Defect Definitions" section.

Bright Field Defect Test

This test is performed with the imager illuminated to a level such that the output is at approximately 476 mV. Prior the substrate voltage has been set such that the charge capacity of the sensor is 680 mV. Defects are excluded for the calculation of this test. This test is performed on the center 100 by 100 pixels of the sensor. Center uniformity is defined as:

Center ROI Uniformity =  $100 \times \left( \frac{\text{Center ROI Standard Deviation}}{\text{Center ROI Signal}} \right)$ 

to this test being performed the substrate voltage has been set such that the charge capacity of the sensor is 680 mV. The average signal level of all active pixels is found. The bright and dark thresholds are set as:

Dark defect threshold = Active Area Signal \* threshold Bright defect threshold = Active Area Signal \* threshold

The sensor is then partitioned into 864 sub regions of interest, each of which is 136 by 136 pixels in size. In each region of interest, the average value of all pixels is found. For each region of interest, a pixel is marked defective if it is greater than or equal to the median value of that region of interest plus the bright threshold specified or if it is less than or equal to the median value of that region of interest minus the dark threshold specified.

Example for major bright field defective pixels:

- Average value of all active pixels is found to be 476 mV
- Dark defect threshold: 476 mV \* 12 % = 57 mV
- Region of interest #1 selected. This region of interest is pixels 13, 13 to pixels 148, 148.
  - Median of this region of interest is found to be 470 mV.
  - Any pixel in this region of interest that is ≤ (470 – 57 mV) 413 mV in intensity will be marked defective.
- All remaining 836 sub regions of interest are analyzed for defective pixels in the same manner.

#### **OPERATION**

**Table 15. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** 

Description	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-50	+70	°C	1
Humidity	RH	+5	+90	%	2
Output Bias Current	I <sub>out</sub>		60	mA	3
Off-chip Load	C <sub>L</sub>		10	pF	

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

- 1. Noise performance will degrade at higher temperatures.
- 2. T = 25°C. Excessive humidity will degrade MTTF.
- 3. Total for all outputs. Maximum current is -15 mA for each output. Avoid shorting output pins to ground or any low impedance source during operation. Amplifier bandwidth increases at higher current and lower load capacitance at the expense of reduced gain (sensitivity).

Table 16. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM VOLTAGE RATINGS BETWEEN PINS AND GROUND

Description	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
VDDα, VOUΤα	-0.4	17.5	V	1
RDα	-0.4	15.5	V	1
V1B, V1T	ESD - 0.4	ESD + 24.0	V	
V2B, V2T, V3B, V3T, V4B, V4T	ESD - 0.4	ESD + 14.0	V	
FDGab, FDGcd	ESD - 0.4	ESD + 15.0	V	
H1Sα, H1Bα, H2Sα, H2Bα, H2SLα, Rα, OGα	ESD - 0.4	ESD + 14.0	V	1
ESD	-10.0	0.0	V	
SUB	-0.4	40.0	V	2

<sup>1.</sup>  $\alpha$  denotes a, b, c or d

#### Power-Up and Power-Down Sequence

Adherence to the power-up and power-down sequence is critical. Failure to follow the proper power-up and power-down sequences may cause damage to the sensor.

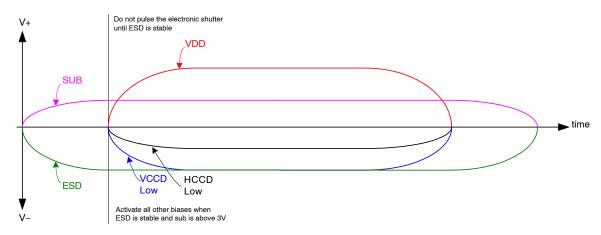


Figure 14. Power-Up and Power-Down Sequence

#### Notes:

- 1. Activate all other biases when ESD is stable and SUB is above 3 V
- 2. Do not pulse the electronic shutter until ESD is stable
- 3. VDD cannot be +15 V when SUB is 0 V

4. The image sensor can be protected from an accidental improper ESD voltage by current limiting the SUB current to less than 10 mA. SUB and VDD must always be greater than GND. ESD must always be less than GND. Placing diodes between SUB, VDD, ESD and ground will protect

<sup>2.</sup> Refer to Application Note Using Interline CCD Image Sensors in High Intensity Visible Lighting Conditions.

the sensor from accidental overshoots of SUB, VDD and ESD during power on and power off. See the figure below.

The VCCD clock waveform must not have a negative overshoot more than 0.4 V below the ESD voltage.

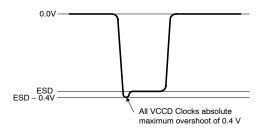
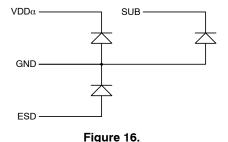


Figure 15.

Example of external diode protection for SUB, VDD and ESD.  $\alpha$  denotes a, b, c or d



**Table 17. DC BIAS OPERATING CONDITIONS** 

Description	Pins	Symbol	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Units	Maximum DC Current	Notes
Reset Drain	RDα	RD	+11.8	+12.0	+12.2	V	10 μΑ	1
Output Gate	OGα	OG	-2.2	-2.0	-1.8	V	10 μΑ	1
Output Amplifier Supply	VDDα	VDD	+14.5	+15.0	+15.5	V	11.0 mA	1,2
Ground	GND	GND	0.0	0.0	0.0	V	−1.0 mA	
Substrate	SUB	VSUB	+5.0	VAB	VDD	V	50 μΑ	3, 8
ESD Protection Disable	ESD	ESD	-9.5	-9.0	Vx_L	V	50 μΑ	6, 7, 9
Output Bias Current	VOUTα	lout	-3.0	-7.0	-10.0	mA		1, 4, 5

- 1.  $\alpha$  denotes a, b, c or d
- 2. The maximum DC current is for one output. Idd = lout + Iss. See Figure 17.
- The operating value of the substrate voltage, VAB, will be marked on the shipping container for each device. The value of VAB is set such that the photodiode charge capacity is the nominal PNe (see Specifications).
- 4. An output load sink must be applied to each VOUT pin to activate each output amplifier.
  5. Nominal value required for 40 MHz operation per output. May be reduced for slower data rates and lower noise.
- 6. Adherence to the power-up and power-down sequence is critical. See Power-Up and Power-Down Sequence section.
- 7. ESD maximum value must be less than or equal to V1\_L + 0.4 V and V2\_L + 0.4 V
- 8. Refer to Application Note Using Interline CCD Image Sensors in High Intensity Visible Lighting Conditions
- 9. Where Vx\_L is the level set for V1\_L, V2\_L, V3\_L, or V4\_L in the application.

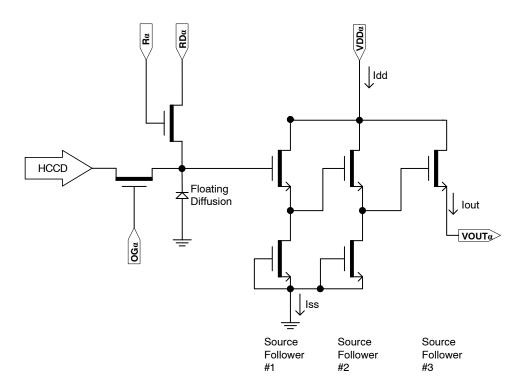


Figure 17. Output Amplifier

# **AC Operating Conditions**

**Table 18. CLOCK LEVELS** 

Description	Pins <sup>1</sup>	Symbol	Level	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Units	Capacitance <sup>2</sup>
Vertical CCD Clock,	V1B, V1T	V1_L	Low	-8.2	-8.0	-7.8	V	180 nF (6)
Phase 1		V1_M	Mid	-0.2	0.0	+0.2		
		V1_H	High	+11.5	+12.0	+12.5		
Vertical CCD Clock,	V2B, V2T	V2_L	Low	-8.2	-8.0	-7.8	V	180 nF (6)
Phase 2		V2_H	High	-0.2	0.0	+0.2		
Vertical CCD Clock,	V3B, V3T	V3_L	Low	-8.2	-8.0	-7.8	V	180 nF (6)
Phase 3		V3_H	High	-0.2	0.0	+0.2		
Vertical CCD Clock,	V4B, V4T	V4_L	Low	-8.2	-8.0	-7.8	V	180 nF (6)
Phase 4		V4_H	High	-0.2	0.0	+0.2		
Horizontal CCD Clock,	H1Sα	H1S_L	Low	-5.2 (7)	-4.0	-3.8	V	600 pF (6)
Phase 1 Storage		H1S_A	Amplitude	+3.8	+4.0	+5.2 (7)		
Horizontal CCD Clock,	Η1Βα	H1B_L	Low	-5.2 (7)	-4.0	-3.8	V	400 pF (6)
Phase 1 Barrier		H1B_A	Amplitude	+3.8	+4.0	+5.2 (7)		
Horizontal CCD Clock,	H2Sα	H2S_L	Low	-5.2 (7)	-4.0	-3.8	V	580 pF (6)
Phase 2 Storage		H2S_A	Amplitude	+3.8	+4.0	+5.2 (7)		
Horizontal CCD Clock,	Η2Βα	H2B_L	Low	-5.2 (7)	-4.0	-3.8	V	400 pF (6)
Phase 2 Barrier		H2B_A	Amplitude	+3.8	+4.0	+5.2 (7)		
Horizontal CCD Clock,	H2SLα	H2SL_L	Low	-5.2	-5.0	-4.8	V	20 pF (6)
Last Phase <sup>3</sup>		H2SL_A	Amplitude	+4.8	+5.0	+5.2		
Reset Gate	Rα	R_L <sup>4</sup>	Low	-3.5	-2.0	-1.5	V	16 pF (6)
		R_H	High	+2.5	+3.0	+4.0		
Electronic Shutter <sup>5</sup>	SUB	VES	High	+29.0	+30.0	+40.0	V	12 nF (6)
Fast Line Dump Gate	FDGα	FDG_L	Low	-8.2	-8.0	-7.8	V	50 pF (6)
		FDG_H	High	+4.5	+5.0	+5.5		

- 1.  $\alpha$  denotes a, b, c or d
- 2. Capacitance is total for all like named pins
- 3. Use separate clock driver for improved speed performance.
- 4. Reset low should be set to −3 volts for signal levels greater than 40,000 electrons.
- 5. Refer to Application Note Using Interline CCD Image Sensors in High Intensity Visible Lighting Conditions
- 6. Capacitance values are estimated
- 7. If the minimum horizontal clock low level is used (-5.2 V), then the maximum horizontal clock amplitude should be used (5.2 V amplitude) to create a -5.2 V to 0.0 V clock. If a 5 V clock driver is used, the horizontal low level should be set to -5.0 V and the high level should be a set to 0.0 V.

The figure below shows the DC bias (VSUB) and AC clock (VES) applied to the SUB pin. Both the DC bias and AC clock are referenced to ground.

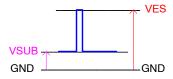


Figure 18.

#### **Device Identification**

The device identification pin (DevID) may be used to determine which ON Semiconductor 5.5 micron pixel interline CCD sensor is being used.

# **Table 19. DEVICE IDENTIFICATION**

Description	Pins	Symbol	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Units	Maximum DC Current	Notes
Device Identification	DevID	DevID	144,000	180,000	216,000	Ω	50 μΑ	1, 2, 3

- 1. Nominal value subject to verification and/or change during release of preliminary specifications.
- 2. If the Device Identification is not used, it may be left disconnected.
- After Device Identification resistance has been read during camera initialization, it is recommended that the circuit be disabled to prevent localized heating of the sensor due to current flow through the R\_DeviceID resistor.

#### Recommended Circuit

Note that V1 must be a different value than V2.

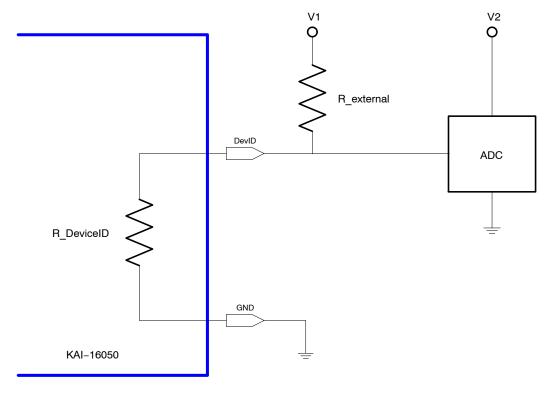


Figure 19. Device Identification Recommended Circuit

# **TIMING**

**Table 20. REQUIREMENTS AND CHARACTERISTICS** 

Description	Symbol	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Units	Notes
Photodiode Transfer	t <sub>pd</sub>	3	_	-	μs	
VCCD Leading Pedestal	t <sub>3p</sub>	4	_	-	μs	
VCCD Trailing Pedestal	t <sub>3d</sub>	4	_	-	μs	
VCCD Transfer Delay	t <sub>d</sub>	4	_	-	μs	
VCCD Transfer	t <sub>v</sub>	4	_	-	μs	
VCCD Clock Cross-over	V <sub>VCR</sub>	75		100	%	1
VCCD Rise, Fall Times	$t_{VR}$ , $t_{VF}$	5	_	10	%	1, 2
FDG Delay	t <sub>fdg</sub>	2	-	-	μs	
HCCD Delay	t <sub>hs</sub>	1	-	=	μs	
HCCD Transfer	t <sub>e</sub>	25.0	_	_	ns	
Shutter Transfer	t <sub>sub</sub>	1	-	-	μs	
Shutter Delay	t <sub>hd</sub>	1	-	-	μs	
Reset Pulse	t <sub>r</sub>	2.5	-	=	ns	
Reset – Video Delay	t <sub>rv</sub>	-	2.2	=	ns	
H2SL – Video Delay	t <sub>hv</sub>	-	3.1	=	ns	
Line Time	t <sub>line</sub>	69.3	-	-	μs	Dual HCCD Readout
		131.4	_	-		Single HCCD Readout
Frame Time	t <sub>frame</sub>	115.5	-	-	ms	Quad HCCD Readout
		231.1	_	_		Dual HCCD Readout
		437.8	_	-		Single HCCD Readout

Refer to Figure 25: VCCD Clock Rise Time, Fall Time and Edge Alignment
 Relative to the pulse width
 Refer to timing diagrams as shown in Figures 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25.

# **Timing Diagrams**

The timing sequence for the clocked device pins may be represented as one of seven patterns (P1-P7) as shown in the table below. The patterns are defined in Figure 21 and

Figure 22. Contact ON Semiconductor Imaging Application Engineering for other readout modes.

Table 21.

Device Pin	Quad Readout	Dual Readout VOUTa, VOUTb	Dual Readout VOUTa, VOUTc	Single Readout VOUTa			
V1T	P1T	P1B	P1T	P1B			
V2T	P2T	P4B	P2T	P4B			
V3T	P3T	P3B	РЗТ	РЗВ			
V4T	P4T	P2B	P4T	P2B			
V1B		Р	1B				
V2B		P	2B				
V3B		P	3B				
V4B		P	4B				
H1Sa		F	P5				
H1Ba							
H2Sa <sup>2</sup>		F	P6				
H2Ba							
Ra		P7					
H1Sb	F	P5	!	P5			
H1Bb			1	P6			
H2Sb <sup>2</sup>	F	P6	1	P6			
H2Bb			!	P5			
Rb	F	27	P7 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>	P7 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>			
H1Sc	P5	P5 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>	P5	P5 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>			
H1Bc							
H2Sc <sup>2</sup>	P6	P6 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>	P6	P6 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>			
H2Bc							
Rc	P7	P7 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>	P7	P7 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>			
H1Sd	P5	P5 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>	P5	P5 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>			
H1Bd			P6				
H2Sd <sup>2</sup>	P6	P6 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>	P6	P6 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>			
H2Bd			P5				
Rd	P7	P7 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>	P7 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>	P7 <sup>1</sup> or Off <sup>3</sup>			

# Lines/Frame (Minimum)	1666	3332	1666	3332
# Pixels/Line (Minimum)	24	32	49	84

<sup>1.</sup> For optimal performance of the sensor. May be clocked at a lower frequency. If clocked at a lower frequency, the frequency selected should be a multiple of the frequency used on the a and b register.

<sup>2.</sup> H2SLx follows the same pattern as H2Sx For optimal speed performance, use a separate clock driver.

<sup>3.</sup> Off = +5 V. Note that there may be operating conditions (high temperature and/or very bright light sources) that will cause blooming from the unused c/d register into the image area.

#### **Photodiode Transfer Timing**

A row of charge is transferred to the HCCD on the falling edge of V1 as indicated in the P1 pattern below. Using this timing sequence, the leading dummy row or line is combined with the first dark row in the HCCD. The "Last Line" is dependent on readout mode – either 1666 or 3332 minimum counts required. It is important to note that, in

general, the rising edge of a vertical clock (patterns P1–P4) should be coincident or slightly leading a falling edge at the same time interval. This is particularly true at the point where P1 returns from the high (3<sup>rd</sup> level) state to the mid–state when P4 transitions from the low state to the high state.

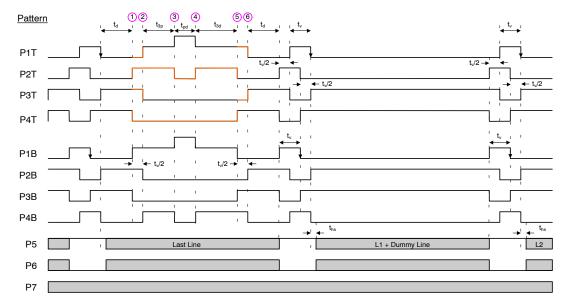


Figure 20. Photodiode Transfer Timing

#### Line and Pixel Timing

Each row of charge is transferred to the output, as illustrated below, on the falling edge of H2SL (indicated as P6 pattern). The number of pixels in a row is dependent on

readout mode – either 2492 or 4984 minimum counts required.

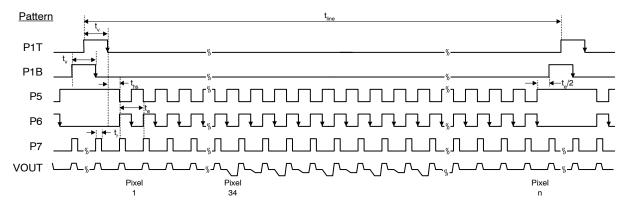


Figure 21. Line and Pixel Timing

# **Pixel Timing Detail**

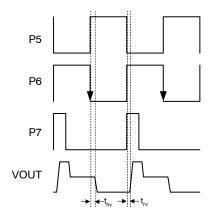


Figure 22. Pixel Timing Detail

# Frame/Electronic Shutter Timing

The SUB pin may be optionally clocked to provide electronic shuttering capability as shown below.

The resulting photodiode integration time is defined from the falling edge of SUB to the falling edge of V1 (P1 pattern).

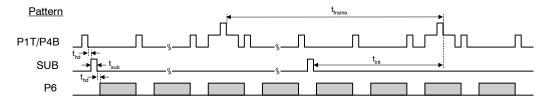


Figure 23. Frame/Electronic Shutter Timing

# **VCCD Clock Edge Alignment**

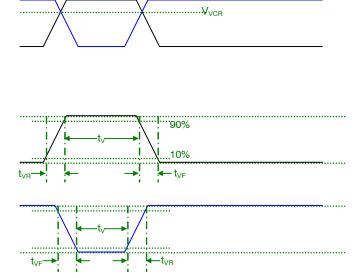


Figure 24. VCCD Clock Rise Time, Fall Time and Edge Alignment

# Line and Pixel Timing - Vertical Binning by 2

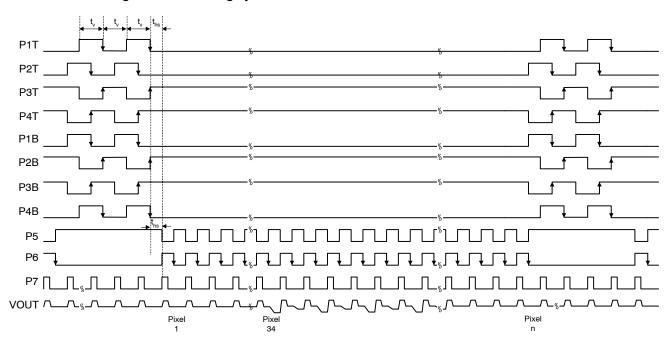


Figure 25. Line and Pixel Timing - Vertical Binning by 2

# **Fast Line Dump Timing**

The FDG pins may be optionally clocked to efficiently remove unwanted lines in the image resulting for increased frame rates at the expense of resolution. Below is an example of a 2 line dump sequence followed by a normal readout line.

Note that the FDG timing transitions should complete prior to the beginning of V1 timing transitions as illustrated below.

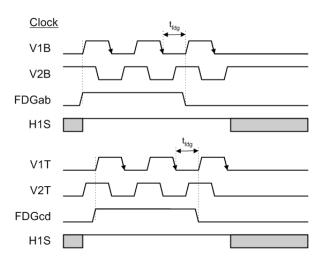


Figure 26. Fast Line Dump Timing

#### STORAGE AND HANDLING

**Table 22. STORAGE CONDITIONS** 

Description	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-55	+80	°C	1
Humidity	RH	5	90	%	2

<sup>1.</sup> Long term storage toward the maximum temperature will accelerate color filter degradation.

For information on ESD and cover glass care and cleanliness, please download the *Image Sensor Handling and Best Practices* Application Note (AN52561/D) from www.onsemi.com.

For information on soldering recommendations, please download the Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual (SOLDERRM/D) from www.onsemi.com.

For quality and reliability information, please download the *Quality & Reliability* Handbook (HBD851/D) from www.onsemi.com.

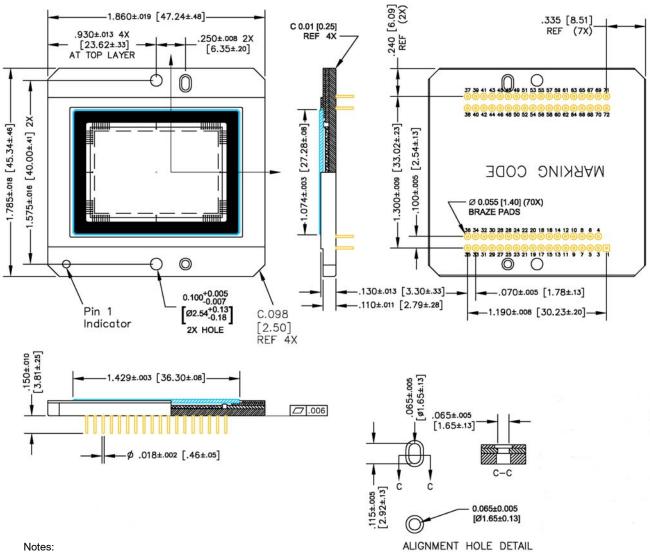
For information on device numbering and ordering codes, please download the *Device Nomenclature* technical note (TND310/D) from <a href="https://www.onsemi.com">www.onsemi.com</a>.

For information on Standard terms and Conditions of Sale, please download <u>Terms and Conditions</u> from <u>www.onsemi.com</u>.

<sup>2.</sup> T = 25°C. Excessive humidity will degrade MTTF.

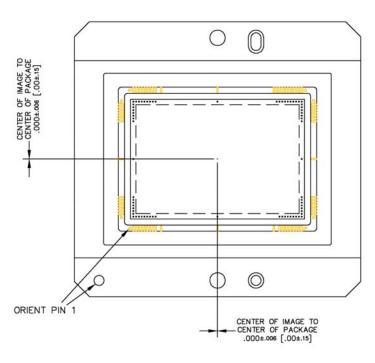
#### **MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

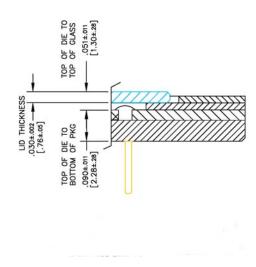
# **Completed Assembly**



- See Ordering Information for marking code.
- 2. No materials to interfere with clearance through package holes.
- 3. Units: IN [MM]

Figure 27. Completed Assembly (1 of 2)



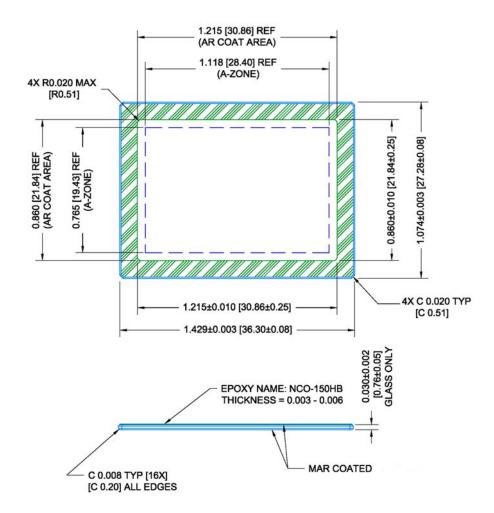


Notes:

1. Units IN [MM]

Figure 28. Completed Assembly (2 of 2)

# **Cover Glass**



#### Notes:

- Substrate = Schott D263T eco
   Dust, Scratch, Inclusion Specification:

- 2. Dust, Scratch, Inclusion Specification: a.)  $20~\mu m$  Max size in Zone A 3. MAR coated both sides 4. Spectral Transmission a.) 350-365~nm:  $T \ge 88\%$  b.) 365-405~nm:  $T \ge 94\%$  c.) 405-450~nm:  $T \ge 98\%$  d.) 450-650~nm:  $T \ge 99\%$  e.) 650-690~nm:  $T \ge 98\%$  f.) 690-770~nm:  $T \ge 94\%$  g.) 770-870~nm:  $T \ge 94\%$  S. Units: IN [MM]
- g.) 5. Units: IN [MM]

Figure 29. Cover Glass

#### **Cover Glass Transmission**

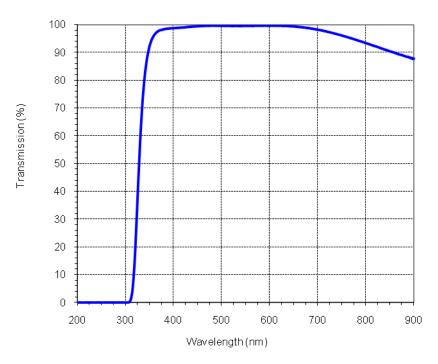


Figure 30. Cover Glass Transmission

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