Bi-CMOS IC

System Power Supply IC for Automotive Infotainment Multiple Output Linear Voltage Regulator

Overview

The LV5684NPVD is a multiple output linear regulator IC, which allows reduction of quiescent current. The LV5684NPVD is specifically designed to address automotive infotainment systems power supply requirements. The LV5684NPVD integrates 5 linear regulator outputs, 2 high side power switches, over-current limiter, overvoltage protection and thermal shut down. Supply for VDD and SW33V outputs is low voltage specification, which enables drastic reduction of power dissipation compared to the existing model.

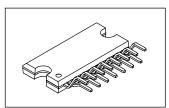
Function

- Low consumption current: 50µA (typ, only V_{DD} output is in operation)
- 5 systems of regulator output
 - V_{DD} for microcontroller: output voltage: 3.3V, maximum output current: 350mA . For system: output voltage: 3.3V, maximum output current: 450mA For audio: output voltage: 5 to 12V (set by external resistors), maximum output current: 250mA
 - For illumination: output voltage: 5 to 12V (set by external resistors), maximum output current: 300mA
 - For CD: output voltage: 5V/8V, maximum output current: 1300mA
- 2 lines of high side switch with current protection
 - EXT: Maximum output current: 350mA, voltage difference between input and output: 0.5V
 - ANT: Maximum output current: 300mA,
 - voltage difference between input and output: 0.5V
- Supply input
 - V6IN: 6V for V_{DD}, system (SW33V)
 - V_{CC}1: For internal reference voltage, control circuits
 - In case of voltage drop of V6IN, V_{CC}1 supplies to V_{DD} output.
 - VCC2: For AUDIO, illumination, CD, EXT/ANT
- Over-current limiter
- Overvoltage protector(OVP): V_{CC}1,V_{CC}2 Typ 23V (All outputs except V_{DD} are turned off) Overvoltage shutdown(OVS): V6IN Typ 23V (All outputs except V_{DD} are turned off)
- Thermal shut down : Typ 175°C

(Warning) The protector functions only improve the IC's tolerance and they do not guarantee the safety of the IC if used under the onditions out of safety range or ratings. Use of the IC such as use under overcurrent protection range, thermal shutdown state or V6IN OVS condition may degrade the IC's reliability and eventually damage the IC.

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 15 of this data sheet.



HZIP15



Specifications Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

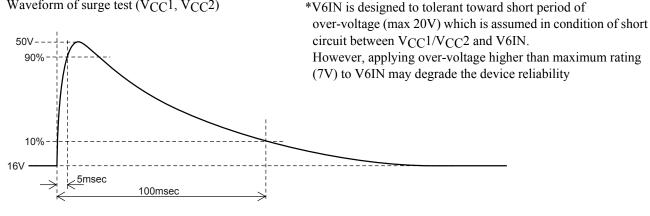
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Ratings	
Supply voltage	V _{CC} max	V _{CC} 1, V _{CC} 2		36	V
	V6IN max	V6IN (*)		7	V
Input voltage	V _{IN} max	CTRL1, CTRL2		7	V
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Independent IC	Ta ≤ 25°C	1.3	W
		AI heat sink *		5.3	W
		With an infinity heat sink	1	26	W
Peak supply voltage	V _{CC} peak	See below for the waveform	n applied.	50	V
Operating ambient temperature	Topr			-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg			-55 to +150	°C
Junction temperature	Tj max			150	°C

* : When the Aluminum heat sink (50mm \times 50mm \times 1.5mm) is used

Caution 1) Absolute maximum ratings represent the value which cannot be exceeded for any length of time.

Caution 2) Even when the device is used within the range of absolute maximum ratings, as a result of continuous usage under high temperature, high current, high voltage, or drastic temperature change, the reliability of the IC may be degraded. Please contact us for the further details.

Waveform of surge test (V_{CC}1, V_{CC}2)



Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

Recommended Operating Conditions at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Operating supply voltage 1	V _{DD} output	7 to 16	V
VCC2			
Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Operating supply voltage 2	ILM output (10V)	12 to 16	V
	ILM output (8V)	10 to 16	V
Operating supply voltage 3	AUDIO output (9V)	10 to 16	V
Operating supply voltage 4	CD output (I _O = 1.3A)	10.5 to 16	V
	CD output ($I_O \le 1A$)	10 to 16	V
Operating supply voltage 5	EXT output, ANT output	10 to 16	V
/6IN			
Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Operating supply voltage 6	VD output, SW33V output	5.7 to 6.5	V

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characterist	ics at V _{CC} 1	= V _{CC} 2 = 14.4V, V6IN = 6V at Ta =	= 25°C (*1)		
Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Conditions		Ratings		Unit
i didificici	Gymbol			typ	max	Onit
Quiescent current	ICC	V _{DD} w/out load, CTRL1/2 = "L/L"		50	100	μA
CTRL1 input (ANT/EXT/ILM)			r			
Low input voltage	V _{IL} 1		0		0.5	V
M1 input voltage	VIM1 ¹		0.8	1.1	1.4	V
M2 input voltage	V _{IM2} 1		1.9	2.2	2.5	V
High input voltage	V _{IH} 1		2.9	3.3	5.5	V
Input impedance	R _{IH} 1	input voltage $\leq 3.3V$	280	400	480	kΩ
CTRL2 input (CD/AUDIO/SW33	BV)					
Low input voltage	V _{IL} 2		0		0.5	V
M1 input voltage	V _{IM1} 2		0.8	1.1	1.4	V
M2 input voltage	V _{IM2} 2		1.9	2.2	2.5	V
High input voltage	V _{IH} 2		2.9	3.3	5.5	V
Input impedance	R _{IH} 2	input voltage $\leq 3.3V$	280	400	480	kΩ
V _{DD} output (3.3V)						
Output voltage	V _O 1	I _O 1 = 200mA	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Output current	I _O 1	$V_O 1 \ge 3.1V$	350			mA
Line regulation	ΔV_{OLN} 1	$5.7V < V6IN < 6.5V$, $I_01 = 200mA$ or		30	90	mV
		V6IN = 0V, $7.5V < V_{CC}1 < 16V$, $I_O1 = 200mA$				
Load regulation	∆V _{OLD} 1	1mA < I _O 1 < 200mA		70	150	mV
Dropout voltage	V _{DROP} 1	$I_O 1 = 200$ mA, V6IN = 0V (applicable to V _{CC} 1)		1.9	2.8	V
Ripple rejection (*2)	R _{REJ} 1	f = 120Hz, V6IN or V _{CC} 1 = 0.5Vpp I _O 1 = 200mA	40	50		dB
SW33V output (3.3V) ; CTRL2	= "M1 or M2 or H					
Output voltage	V _O 2	I _O 2 = 200mA	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Output current	I _O 2	$V_{O}2 \ge 3.1V$	450			mA
Line regulation	ΔV _{OLN} 2	5.7V < V6IN < 6.5V, I _O 2 = 200mA		30	90	mV
Load regulation	∆V _{OLD} 2	1mA < I _O 2 < 200mA		70	150	mV
Dropout voltage	V _{DROP} 2	I _O 2 = 200mA		0.25	0.5	V
Ripple rejection (*2)	R _{REJ} 2	f = 120Hz, V6IN or V _{CC} 1 = 0.5Vpp I _O 2 = 200mA	40	50		dB
AUDIO (5-12V)output ; CTRL2	= "M1 or M2 or H					
AUDIO F voltage	V _I 3		1.212	1.25	1.288	V
AUDIO_F input current	I _{IN} 3		-1		1	μA
AUDIO output voltage 1	V _O 3	I _O 3 = 200mA, R1 = 43kΩ, R2 = 5.1kΩ (*3)	11.21	11.8	12.39	V
AUDIO output voltage 2	V _O 3'	$I_{\Omega}3 = 150$ mA, R3 = 27k Ω , R4 = 4.7k Ω (*3)	8.13	8.5	8.87	V
AUDIO output voltage 3	V _O 3"	$I_{O}3 = 150$ mA, R3 = $30k\Omega$, R4 = $10k\Omega$ (*3)	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
AUDIO output current	I _O 3		250	0.0	0.20	mA
Line regulation	ΔV _{OLN} 3	10V < V _{CC} 2 < 16V, I _O 3 = 150mA	200	30	90	mV
Load regulation		1mA < I _O 3 < 150mA		70	150	mV
Dropout voltage 1	V _{DROP} 3	I _O 3 = 150mA		0.3	0.45	V
Ripple rejection (*2)	R _{REJ} 3	f = 120Hz, I _O 3 = 150mA	40	50	0.40	dB
ILM (5-12V) output ; CTRL1 = '			-0	50		άD
			1.212	1.25	1.288	V
ILM_F voltage	Vl4			1.20		
ILM_F input current	I _{IN} 4	$1 = 4 = 200 \text{ mA}$ $P_1 = 42 \text{ kg}$ $P_2 = 5.4 \text{ kg}$ (*2)	-1	11.0	12 20	μA V
ILM output voltage 1	V ₀ 4	I_0 4 = 200mA, R1 = 43k Ω , R2 = 5.1k Ω (*3)	11.21	11.8	12.39	
ILM output voltage 2	V _O 4'	I_0 4 = 200mA, R1 = 56k Ω , R2 = 7.5k Ω (*3)	9.97	10.5	11.03	V
ILM output voltage 3	V _O 4"	$I_0 4 = 200 \text{mA}, \text{R1} = 30 \text{k}_0, \text{R2} = 5.6 \text{k}_0 (*3)$	7.6	8.0	8.4	V
ILM output voltage 4	V _O 4'''	$I_0 = 200 \text{ mA}, \text{ R1} = 30 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ R2} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega (*3)$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
ILM output current	IO4		300			mA

Continued on next page.

Deservator	Cumb al	Quaditions	Ratings			
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Line regulation	ΔV _{OLN} 4	$10V < V_{CC}2 < 16V$, I _O 4 = 200mA R1 = 30kΩ, R2 = 5.6kΩ		30	90	mV
Load regulation	∆V _{OLD} 4	$1mA < I_{O}4 < 200mA$		70	150	mV
Dropout voltage 1	V _{DROP} 4	I _O 4 = 200mA		0.7	1.05	V
Dropout voltage 2	V _{DROP} 4'	I _O 4 = 100mA		0.35	0.53	V
Ripple rejection (*2)	R _{REJ} 4	f = 120Hz, I _O 4 = 200mA	40	50		dB
CD (5V/8V output) ; CTRL2	= "H" : 8V, CTRL2	- "M2" : 5V				
Output voltage	V _O 51	I _O 5 = 1000mA	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
	V _O 52	I _O 5 = 1000mA	7.6	8.0	8.4	V
Output current	I _O 5	$V_O 51 \geq 4.7 V, \ V_O 52 \geq 7.6 V$	1300			mA
Line regulation	∆V _{OLN} 5	$10.5V < V_{CC}2 < 16V, I_O5 = 1000 \text{mA}$		50	100	mV
Load regulation	ΔV _{OLD} 5	$10mA < I_{O}5 < 1000mA$		100	200	mV
Dropout voltage 1	V _{DROP} 5	I _O 5 = 1000mA		1.0	1.5	V
Dropout voltage 2	V _{DROP} 5'	I _O 5 = 500mA		0.5	0.75	V
Ripple rejection (*2)	R _{REJ} 5	f = 120Hz, I _O 5 = 1000mA	40	50		dB
EXT_HS-SW ; CTRL1 = "M2	or H"					
Output voltage	V _O 6	I _O 6 = 350mA	V _{CC} 2-1.0	V _{CC} 2-0.5		V
Output current	I _O 6	$V_{O6} \ge V_{CC}2$ -1.0	350			mA
ANT_HS-SW ; CTRL1 = "H"			÷			
Output voltage	V _O 7	I _O 7 = 300mA	V _{CC} 2-1.0	V _{CC} 2-0.5		V
Output current	I _O 7	$V_{07} \ge V_{CC}^{2-1.0}$	300			mA

*1 : All the specification is defined based on the tests performed under the conditions where Tj and Ta (= 25°C) are almost equal. These tests were performed with pulse load to minimize the increase of junction temperature (Tj).

*2 : guaranteed by design

*3 : Using resistors of tolerance within 1%.

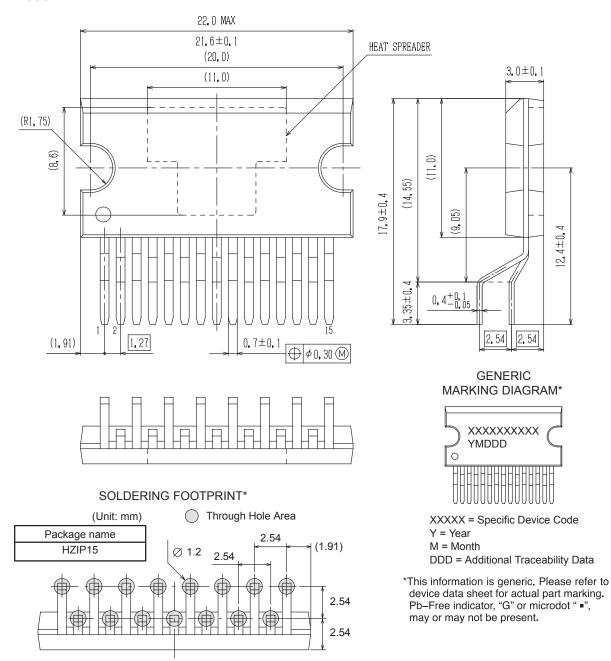
Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

Package Dimensions

unit : mm

HZIP15

CASE 945AB ISSUE A



NOTE: The measurements are not to guarantee but for reference only.

*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

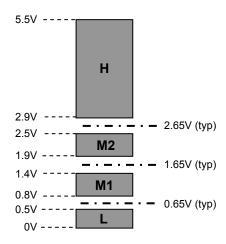
No.A2182-5/15

CTRL logic truth table

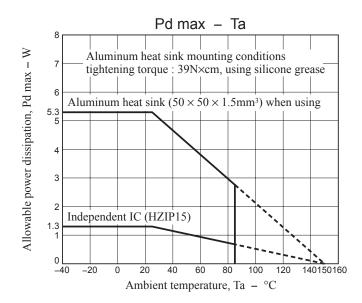
CTRL1	ANT	EXT	ILM
Н	ON	ON	ON
M2	OFF	ON	ON
M1	OFF	OFF	ON
L	OFF	OFF	OFF

CTRL2	CD	AUDIO	SW33V
Н	ON (8V)	ON	ON
M2	ON (5V)	ON	ON
M1	OFF	ON	ON
L	OFF	OFF	OFF

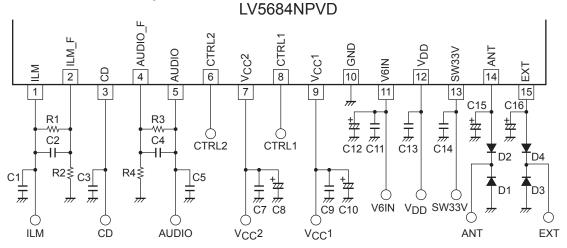
CTRL1/2 voltage range and threshold



• Allowable power dissipation derating curve



Application Circuit Example

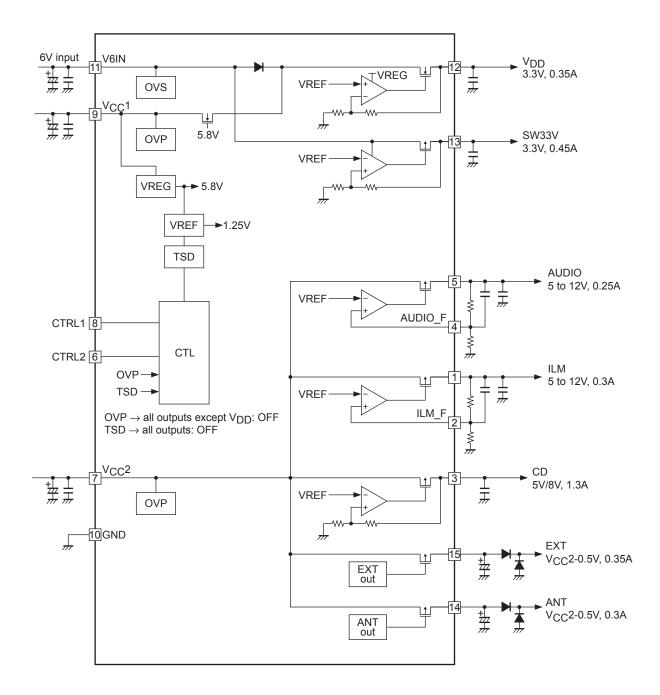


Peripheral parts

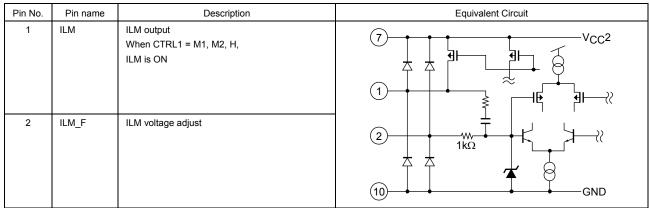
		1	1
Part name	Description	Recommended value	Note
C1, C3, C5, C13, C14	output stabilization capacitor	greater than $10\mu F$ (*1)	
C2, C4	output stabilization capacitor	0pF	Ceramic capacitor
C8, C10, C12	Capacitor for bypass power supply	C8: greater than 100 μ F C10,C12: greater than 47 μ F	Make sure to implement close to V_{CC} and GND.
C7, C9, C11	Capacitor for oscillation protector	greater than $0.22 \mu F$	
C15, C16	Capacitor for EXT/ANT output stabilization	greater than 2.2µF	
R1, R2	ILM voltage setting	R1/R2 43kΩ/5.1kΩ : V_0 = 12V 56kΩ/7.5kΩ : V_0 = 10.5V 30kΩ/5.6kΩ : V_0 = 8V 30kΩ/10kΩ : V_0 = 5V	Use resistors of tolerance within 1%
R3, R4	AUDIO voltage setting	R3/R4 30kΩ/10kΩ : V _O = 5V 27kΩ/4.7kΩ : V _O = 8.5V 43kΩ/5.1kΩ : V _O = 12V	Use resistors of tolerance within 1%
D1, D2, D3, D4	Internal device protector diode	ON Semiconductor SB1003M3	

(*1) Make sure that output capacitors are greater than 10uF and meets the condition of ESR = 0.001 to 10Ω, in which voltage/ temperature dependence and unit differences are taken into consideration. Moreover, in case of electrolytic capacitor, high-frequency characteristics should be sufficiently good.

Block Diagram



Pin Function



Continued on next page.

ontinued fro		-	
Pin No.	om preceding pag	e. Description	Equivalant Circuit
3 3	Pin name CD	Description CD output When CTRL2 = M2, H, CD is ON 5V or 8V/1.3A	Equivalent Circuit 7 V_{CC}^2 3 $135k\Omega$ 10 $45k\Omega$ 10 CC^2 4 $45k\Omega$ 10 CC^2 4 CC^2 CC^2 4 CC^2
4	AUDIO_F	AUDIO voltage adjust	
5	AUDIO	AUDIO output When CTRL2 = M1, M2, H, AUDIO is ON	(4)
6	CTRL2	CTRL2 input 4-value input	$\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 85k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 885k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 885k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 885k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 185k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 885k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 75k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 10 \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 75k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 75k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 75k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 75k\Omega \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 6 \\ \hline \\ 75k\Omega \\ $
7 8	V _{CC} 2 CTRL1	Power supply CTRL1 input 4-value input	9 V _{CC} 1 6 $10k\Omega$ 6 $185k\Omega$ 10 $75k\Omega$ 10 GND
9	V _{CC} 1	Power supply	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
10	GND	GND	
11	V6IN	Power supply	(10 GND

Continued on next page.

Continued f	rom preceding pa	ge.	
Pin No.	Pin name	Description	Equivalent Circuit
12	VDD	V _{DD} output 3.3V/0.35A	11
13	SW33V	SW33V output When CTRL2 = M1, M2, H, SW33V is ON 3.3V/0.45A	(1)
14	ANT	ANT output When CTRL1 = H, ANT is ON V _{CC} -0.5V/300mA	$\begin{array}{c} \hline 7 \\ \hline & 100k\Omega \\ \hline & 100k\Omega \\ \hline & 10 \\ \hline & 5k\Omega \\ \hline & \\ \hline \\ \hline$
15	EXT	EXT output When CTRL1 = M2, H, EXT is ON V _{CC} -0.5V/350mA	(7) + (10) + (

■Note for VDD output(PIN12) and V6IN (PIN11)

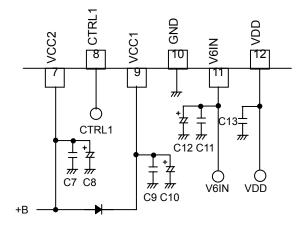
This product doesn't have reverse current prevention feature for the path of VDD to VCC1. As shown above equivalent circuit for PIN12, there exists a parasitic diode from VDD to VCC1. Accordingly if VCC1 voltage drops below approximately VDD-0.7V, reverse current flows from VDD to VCC1. If you need to prevent this current, insert a diode between VCC2 and VCC1 as shown on the figure below.

As the same manner, there is a parasitic diode from V6IN to VCC1.

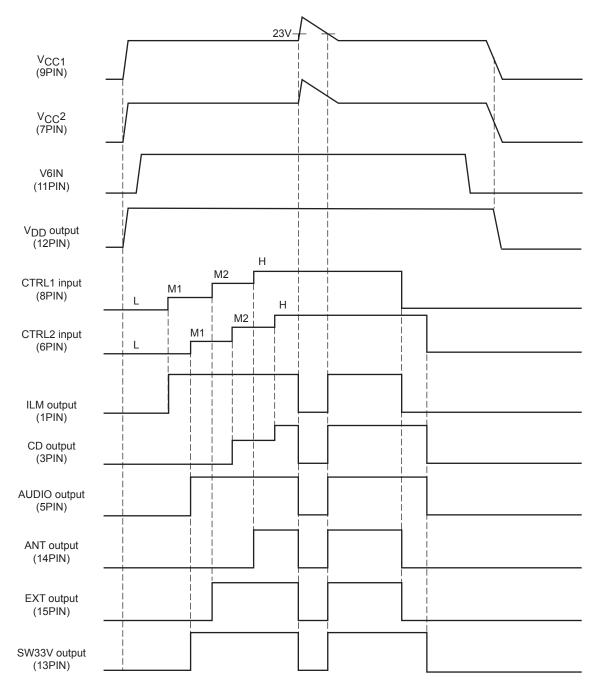
Do not apply voltage to these terminals so that these parasitic diodes are positively biased.

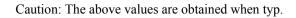
Use under the following condition.

 $VCC \ge VDD, VCC1 \ge V6IN$

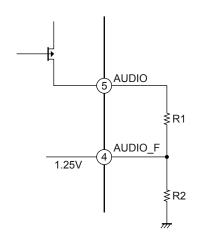


Timing Chart





How to set AUDIO output voltage



AUDIO output voltage expression

$$AUDIO = (\frac{R_1}{R_2} + 1) \times 1.25[V]$$

 $\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{AUDIO}{1.25} - 1$

Set the ratio of R1 and R2 to satisfy above expression.

(ex) AUDIO = 9V setting

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{9}{1.25} - 1 = 6.2$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{24k\Omega}{3.9k\Omega} \approx 6.15$$

$$AUDIO = (6.15 + 1) \times 1.25V \approx 8.94V$$

AUDIO_F is determined by internal band-gap reference voltage (typ = 1.25V).

• ILM output voltage is similarly calculated as AUDIO output.

(ex) ILM = 10.5V setting

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{10.5}{1.25} - 1 = 7.4$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{56k\Omega}{7.5k\Omega} \approx 7.46$$

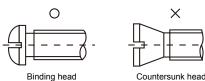
$$ILM = (7.46 + 1) \times 1.25V \approx 10.575V$$

Note : The above values are typical values. These values have variation among the range of their tolerances.

HZIP15 Heat sink attachment

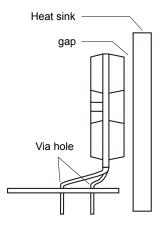
Heat sinks are used to lower the semiconductor device junction temperature by leading the head generated by the device to the outer environment and dissipating that heat.

- a. Unless otherwise specified, for power ICs with tabs and power ICs with attached heat sinks, solder must not be applied to the heat sink or tabs.
- b. Heat sink attachment
 - Use flat-head screws to attach heat sinks.
 - Use also washer to protect the package.
 - Use tightening torques in the ranges 39-59Ncm (4-6kgcm).
 - If tapping screws are used, do not use screws with a diameter larger than the holes in the semiconductor device itself.
 - Do not make gap, dust, or other contaminants to get between the semiconductor device and the tab or heat sink.
 - Take care a position of via hole .
 - Do not allow dirt, dust, or other contaminants to get between the semiconductor device and the tab or heat sink.
 - Verify that there are no press burrs or screw-hole burrs on the heat sink.
 - Warping in heat sinks and printed circuit boards must be no more than 0.05 mm between screw holes, for either concave or convex warping.
 - Twisting must be limited to under 0.05 mm.
 - Heat sink and semiconductor device are mounted in parallel. Take care of electric or compressed air drivers
 - The speed of these torque wrenches should never exceed 700 rpm, and should typically be about 400 rpm.
- c. Silicone grease
 - Spread the silicone grease evenly when mounting heat sinks.
 - Recommends YG-6260 (Momentive Performance Materials Japan LLC)
- d. Mount
 - First mount the heat sink on the semiconductor device, and then mount that assembly on the printed circuit board.
 - When attaching a heat sink after mounting a semiconductor device into the printed circuit board, when tightening up a heat sink with the screw, the mechanical stress which is impossible to the semiconductor device and the pin doesn't hang.
- e. When mounting the semiconductor device to the heat sink using jigs, etc.,
 - Take care not to allow the device to ride onto the jig or positioning dowel.
 - Design the jig so that no unreasonable mechanical stress is applied to the semiconductor device.
- f. Heat sink screw holes
 - Be sure that chamfering and shear drop of heat sinks must not be larger than the diameter of screw head used.
 - When using nuts, do not make the heat sink hole diameters larger than the diameter of the head of the screws used. A hole diameter about 15% larger than the diameter of the screw is desirable.
 - When tap screws are used, be sure that the diameter of the holes in the heat sink are not too small. A diameter about 15% smaller than the diameter of the screw is desirable.
- g. There is a method to mount the semiconductor device to the heat sink by using a spring band. But this method is not recommended because of possible displacement due to fluctuation of the spring force with time or vibration.



mashine screw

machine screw



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping (Qty / Packing)
LV5684NPVD-XH	HZIP15 (Pb-Free / Halogen Free)	20 / Fan-Fold

ON Semiconductor and the ON logo are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of SCILLC's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typical" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and the soficers, employees, subsidairies, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Power Management Specialised - PMIC category:

Click to view products by ON Semiconductor manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

LV5686PVC-XH FAN7710VN NCP391FCALT2G SLG7NT4081VTR SLG7NT4192VTR AP4313UKTR-G1 AS3729B-BWLM MB39C831QN-G-EFE2 MAX4940MB LV56841PVD-XH MAX77686EWE+T AP4306BUKTR-G1 MIC5164YMM PT8A3252WE NCP392CSFCCT1G TEA1998TS/1H PT8A3284WE PI3VST01ZEEX PI5USB1458AZAEX PI5USB1468AZAEX MCP16502TAC-E/S8B MCP16502TAE-E/S8B MCP16502TAA-E/S8B MCP16502TAB-E/S8B TCKE712BNL,RF ISL91211AIKZT7AR5874 ISL91211BIKZT7AR5878 MAX17506EVKITBE# MCP16501TC-E/RMB ISL91212AIIZ-TR5770 ISL91212BIIZ-TR5775 CPX200D AX-3005D-3 TP-1303 TP-1305 TP-1603 TP-2305 TP-30102 TP-4503N MIC5167YML-TR LPTM21-1AFTG237C MPS-3003L-3 MPS-3005D SPD-3606 STLUX383A TP-60052 ADN8834ACBZ-R7 LM26480SQ-AA/NOPB LM81BIMTX-3/NOPB LM81CIMT-3/NOPB