256 kb Low Power Serial SRAMs

32 k x 8 Bit Organization

Introduction

The ON Semiconductor serial SRAM family includes several integrated memory devices including this 256 kb serially accessed Static Random Access Memory, internally organized as 32 k words by 8 bits. The devices are designed and fabricated using ON Semiconductor's advanced CMOS technology to provide both high-speed performance and low power. The devices operate with a single chip select (\overline{CS}) input and use a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) serial bus. A single data in and data out line is used along with a clock to access data within the devices. The N25S818HA devices include a HOLD pin that allows communication to the device to be paused. While paused, input transitions will be ignored. The devices can operate over a wide temperature range of -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C and can be available in several standard package offerings.

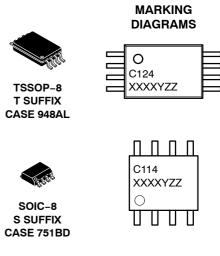
Features

- Power Supply Range: 1.7 to 1.95 V
- Very Low Standby Current: Typical Isb as low as 200 nA
- Very Low Operating Current: As low as 3 mA
- Simple Memory Control: Single chip select (CS) Serial input (SI) and serial output (SO)
- Flexible Operating Modes: Word read and write Page mode (32 word page) Burst mode (full array)
- Organization: 32 k x 8 bit
- Self Timed Write Cycles
- Built-in Write Protection (CS High)
- **HOLD** Pin for Pausing Communication
- High Reliability: Unlimited write cycles
- Green SOIC and TSSOP
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant



ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com



XXXX = Date Code Y = Assembly Code

ΖZ

= Lot Traceability

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
N25S818HAS21I	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	100 Units / Tube
N25S818HAT21I	TSSOP-8 (Pb-Free)	100 Units / Tube
N25S818HAS21IT	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
N25S818HAT21IT	TSSOP-8 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel

+For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

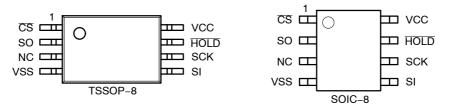


Figure 1. Pin Connections

(Top View)

Table 1. DEVICE OPTIONS

Part Number	Density	Power Supply (V)	Speed (MHz)	Package	Typical Standby Current	Read/Write Operating Current
N25S818HAS2		1.0	10	SOIC	000 - 4	3 mA @ 1 Mhz
N25S818HAT2	256 Kb	1.8	16	TSSOP	200 nA	

Table 2. PIN NAMES

Pin Name	Pin Function
CS	Chip Select Input
SCK	Serial Clock Input
SI	Serial Data Input
SO	Serial Data Output
HOLD	Hold Input
NC	No Connect
V _{CC}	Power
V _{SS}	Ground

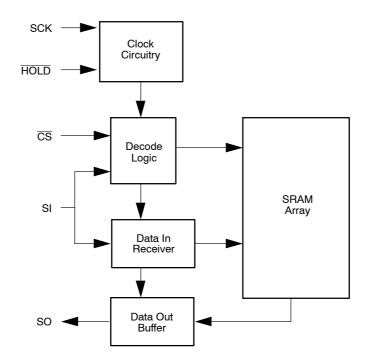


Figure 2. Functional Block Diagram

Table 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to V _{SS}	V _{IN,OUT}	–0.3 to V _{CC} + 0.3	V
Voltage on V_{CC} Supply Relative to V_{SS}	V _{CC}	–0.3 to 4.5	V
Power Dissipation	PD	500	mW
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40 to 125	°C
Operating Temperature	T _A	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature and Time	T _{SOLDER}	260°C, 10 sec	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

Table 4. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Over Specified Temperature Range)

ltem	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ (Note 1)	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	1.8 V Device	1.7		1.95	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}		$0.7 \times V_{CC}$		V _{CC} + 0.3	V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}		-0.3		0.8	V
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -0.4 mA	$V_{CC} - 0.5$			V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 1 mA			0.2	V
Input Leakage Current	Ι _{LI}	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC}, V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}$			0.5	μA
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC}, V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}$			0.5	μA
Read/Write Operating Current	I _{CC1}	F = 1 MHz, I _{OUT} = 0			3	mA
	I _{CC2}	F = 10 MHz, I _{OUT} = 0			6	mA
	I _{CC3}	F = fCLK MAX, I _{OUT} = 0			10	mA
Standby Current	I _{SB}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V _{CC} , V _{IN} = V _{SS} or V _{CC}		200	500	nA

1. Typical values are measured at Vcc = Vcc Typ., $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ and are not 100% tested.

Table 5. CAPACITANCE (Note 2)

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Мах	Unit
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T _A = 25°C		7	pF
I/O Capacitance	C _{I/O}	V_{IN} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T _A = 25°C		7	pF

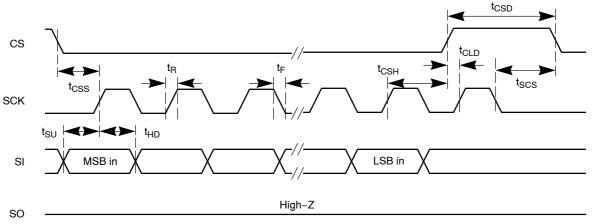
2. These parameters are verified in device characterization and are not 100% tested

Table 6. TIMING TEST CONDITIONS

Item	
Input Pulse Level	0.1 V _{CC} to 0.9 V _{CC}
Input Rise and Fall Time	5 ns
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels	0.5 V _{CC}
Output Load	CL = 100 pF
Operating Temperature	−40 to +85°C

Table 7. TIMING

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Clock Frequency	f _{CLK}		16	MHz
Clock Rise Time	t _R		2	μs
Clock Fall Time	t _F		2	μs
Clock High Time	t _{HI}	32		ns
Clock Low Time	t _{LO}	32		ns
Clock Delay Time	t _{CLD}	32		ns
CS Setup Time	t _{CSS}	32		ns
CS Hold Time	t _{CSH}	50		ns
CS Disable Time	t _{CSD}	32		ns
SCK to CS	t _{SCS}	5		ns
Data Setup Time	t _{SU}	10		ns
Data Hold Time	t _{HD}	10		ns
Output Valid From Clock Low	t _V		32	ns
Output Hold Time	tно	0		ns
Output Disable Time	t _{DIS}		20	ns
HOLD Setup Time	t _{HS}	10		ns
HOLD Hold Time	t _{нн}	10		ns
HOLD Low to Output High-Z	t _{HZ}	10		ns
HOLD High to Output Valid	t _{HV}		50	ns





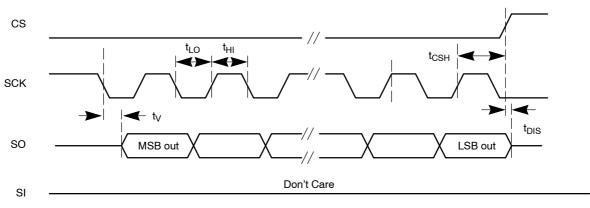


Figure 4. Serial Output Timing

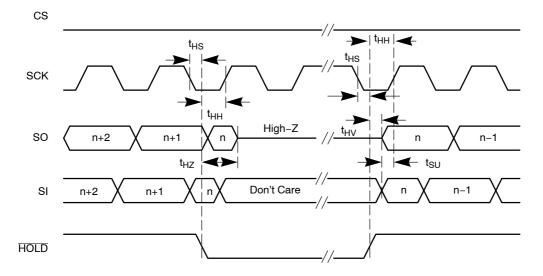


Figure 5. Hold Timing

Signal	Name	I/O	Description
CS	Chip Select	I	A low level selects the device and a high level puts the device in standby mode. If \overline{CS} is brought high during a program cycle, the cycle will complete and then the device will enter standby mode. When \overline{CS} is high, SO is in high–Z. \overline{CS} must be driven low after power–up prior to any sequence being started.
SCK	Serial Clock	I	Synchronizes all activities between the memory and controller. All incoming addresses, data and instructions are latched on the rising edge of SCK. Data out is updated on SO after the falling edge of SCK.
SI	Serial Data In	Ι	Receives instructions, addresses and data on the rising edge of SCK.
SO	Serial Data Out	0	Data is transferred out after the falling edge of SCK.
HOLD	Hold	I	A high level is required for normal operation. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is started, this input may be taken low to pause serial communication without resetting the serial sequence. The pin must be brought low while SCK is low for immediate use. If SCK is not low, the Hold function will not be invoked until the next SCK high to low transition. The device must remain selected during this sequence. SO is high–Z during the Hold time and SI and SCK are inputs are ignored. To resume operations, HOLD must be pulled high while the SCK pin is low. Lowering the HOLD input at any time will take to SO output to High–Z.

Table 8. CONTROL SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

Functional Operation

Basic Operation

The 256 Kb serial SRAM is designed to interface directly with a standard Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) common on many standard micro–controllers. It may also interface with other non–SPI ports by programming discrete I/O lines to operate the device.

The serial SRAM contains an 8-bit instruction register and is accessed via the SI pin. The \overline{CS} pin must be low and the \overline{HOLD} pin must be high for the entire operation. Data is sampled on the first rising edge of SCK after \overline{CS} goes low. If the clock line is shared, the user can assert the \overline{HOLD} input and place the device into a Hold mode. After releasing the \overline{HOLD} pin, the operation will resume from the point where it was held.

The following table contains the possible instructions and formats. All instructions, addresses and data are transferred MSB first and LSB last.

Instruction	Instruction Format	Description
READ	0000 0011	Read data from memory starting at selected address
WRITE	0000 0010	Write data to memory starting at selected address
RDSR	0000 0101	Read status register
WRSR	0000 0001	Write status register

Table 9. INSTRUCTION SET

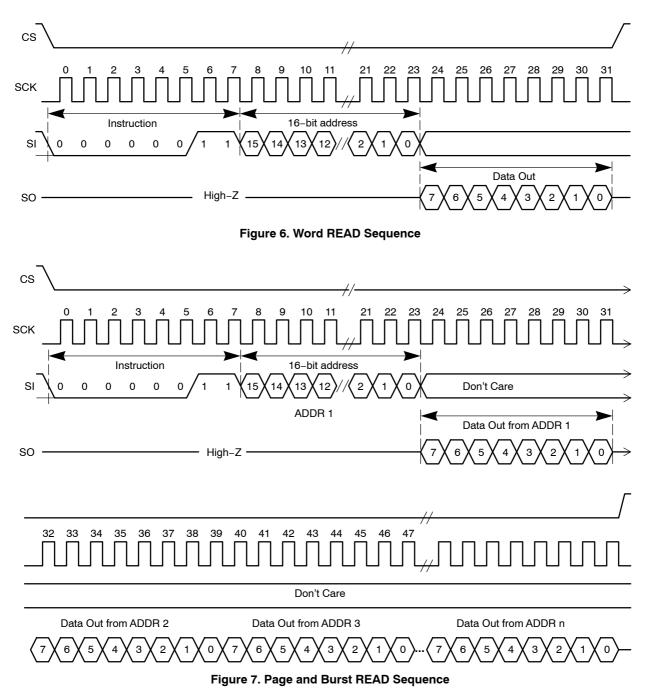
READ Operations

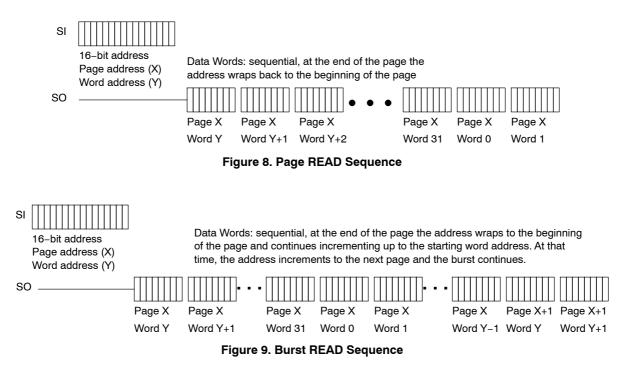
The serial SRAM READ is selected by enabling \overline{CS} low. First, the 8-bit READ instruction is transmitted to the device followed by the 16-bit address with the MSB being a don't care. After the READ instruction and addresses are sent, the data stored at that address in memory is shifted out on the SO pin after the output valid time from the clock edge.

If operating in page mode, after the initial word of data is shifted out, the data stored at the next memory location on the page can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address on the page after each word of data is read out. This can be continued for the entire page length of 32 words long. At the end of the page, the addresses pointer will be wrapped to the 0 word address within the page and the operation can be continuously looped over the 32 words of the same page.

If operating in burst mode, after the initial word of data is shifted out, the data stored at the next memory location can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each word of data is read out. This can be continued for the entire array and when the highest address is reached (7FFFh), the address counter wraps to the address 0000h. This allows the burst read cycle to be continued indefinitely.

All READ operations are terminated by pulling \overline{CS} high.





WRITE Operations

The serial SRAM WRITE is selected by enabling \overline{CS} low. First, the 8-bit WRITE instruction is transmitted to the device followed by the 16-bit address with the MSB being a don't care. After the WRITE instruction and addresses are sent, the data to be stored in memory is shifted in on the SI pin.

If operating in page mode, after the initial word of data is shifted in, additional data words can be written as long as the address requested is sequential on the same page. Simply write the data on SI pin and continue to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address on the page after each word of data is written in. This can be continued for the entire page length of 32 words long. At the end of the page, the addresses pointer will be wrapped to the 0 word address within the page and the operation can be continuously looped over the 32 words of the same page. The new data will replace data already stored in the memory locations.

If operating in burst mode, after the initial word of data is shifted in, additional data words can be written to the next sequential memory locations by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each word of data is read out. This can be continued for the entire array and when the highest address is reached (7FFFh), the address counter wraps to the address 0000h. This allows the burst write cycle to be continued indefinitely. Again, the new data will replace data already stored in the memory locations.

All WRITE operations are terminated by pulling \overline{CS} high.

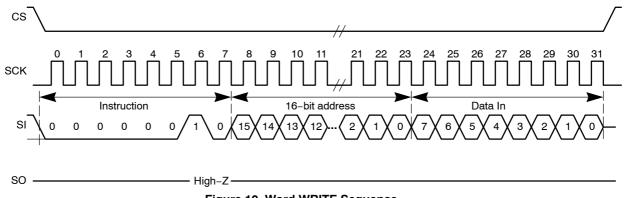


Figure 10. Word WRITE Sequence

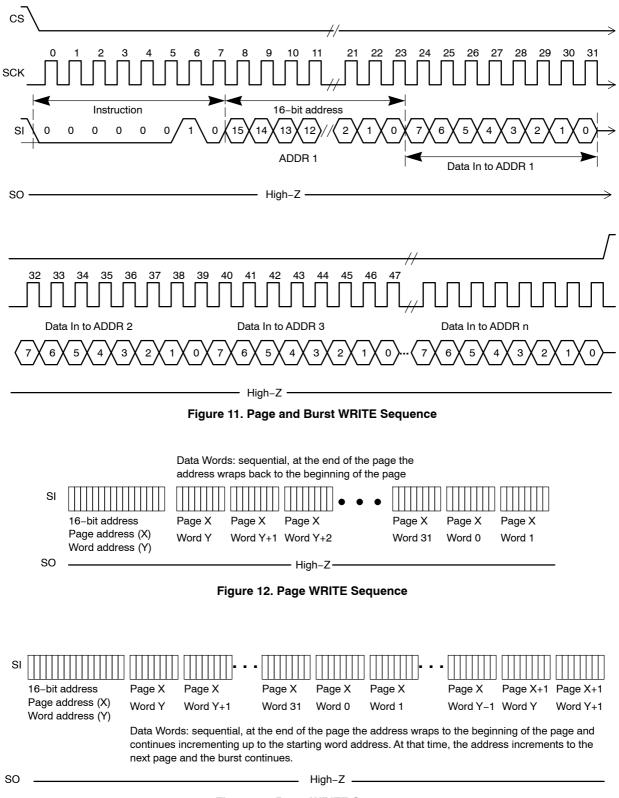
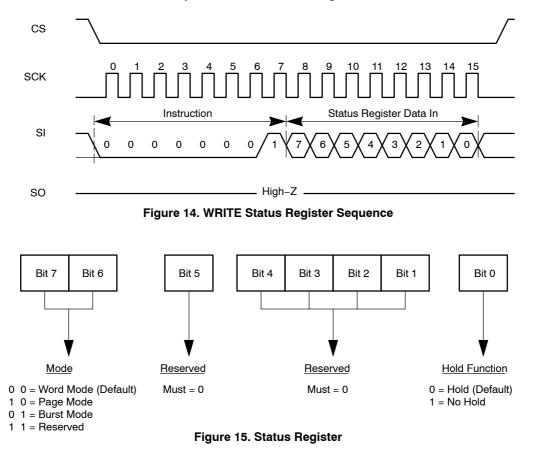


Figure 13. Burst WRITE Sequence

WRITE Status Register Instruction (WRSR)

This instruction provides the ability to write the status register and select among several operating modes. Several of the register bits must be set to a low '0' if any of the other bits are written. The timing sequence to write to the status register is shown below, followed by the organization of the status register.



READ Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

This instruction provides the ability to read the Status register. The register may be read at any time by performing the following timing sequence.

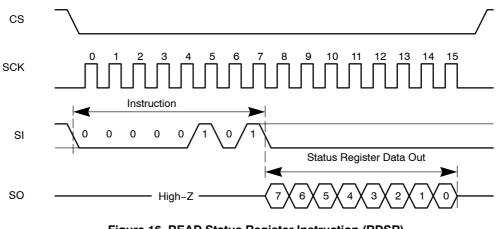
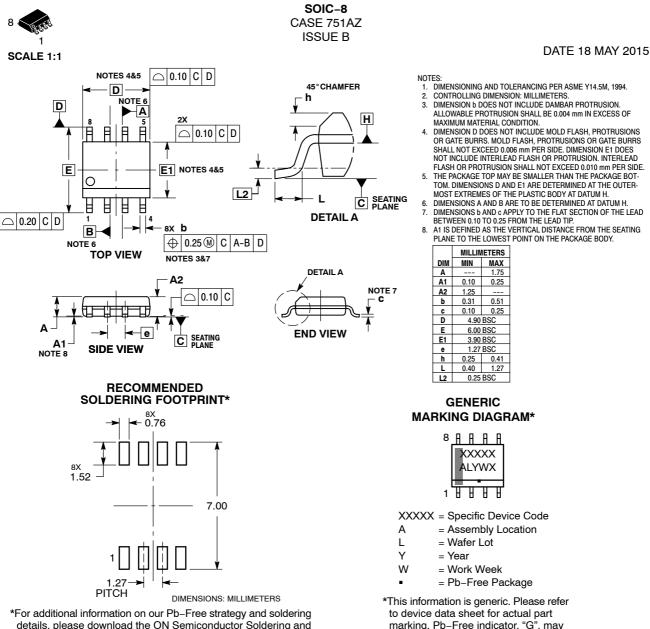


Figure 16. READ Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

Power-Up State

The serial SRAM enters a know state at power-up time. The device is in low-power standby state with $\overline{CS} = 1$. A low level on \overline{CS} is required to enter an active state.





details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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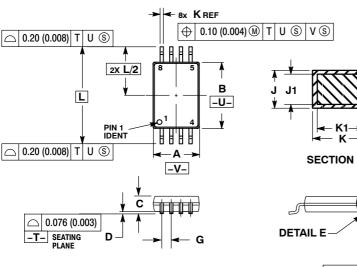
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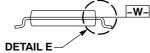


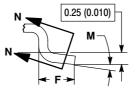
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SECTION N-N





DETAIL E

NOTES: 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI

- VIMENSIONING AND TOLENANDING FER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH.
- PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15
 (0.006) PER SIDE.
 JIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD
 FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR
 PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010)
 DED SIDE. PER SIDE
- 5. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- 6. DIMENSION A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	2.90	3.10	0.114	0.122
В	4.30	4.50	0.169	0.177
С		1.10		0.043
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006
F	0.50	0.70	0.020	0.028
G	0.65	BSC	0.026 BSC	
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006
K	0.19	0.30	0.007	0.012
K1	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
L	6.40	BSC	0.252	BSC
М	0°	8°	0°	8°

GENERIC **MARKING DIAGRAM***

С	XXX YWW	
	A •	
	•	

XXX = Specific Device Code А

- = Assembly Location
- = Year

Y

- WW = Work Week
- = Pb-Free Package -

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " ■", may or may not be present.

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