

Isolated High Current IGBT/MOSFET Gate Driver NCx57090y, NCx57091y

(x = D or V, y = A, B, C, D, E or F)

NCx57090y, NCx57091y are high-current single channel IGBT/MOSFET gate drivers with 5 kVrms internal galvanic isolation, designed for high system efficiency and reliability in high power applications. The devices accept complementary inputs and depending on the pin configuration, offer options such as Active Miller Clamp (version A/D/F), negative power supply (version B) and separate high and low (OUTH and OUTL) driver outputs (version C/E) for system design convenience. The driver accommodate wide range of input bias voltage and signal levels from 3.3 V to 20 V and they are available in wide-body SOIC-8 package.

Features

- High Peak Output Current (+6.5 A/-6.5 A)
- Low Clamp Voltage Drop Eliminates the Need of Negative Power Supply to Prevent Spurious Gate Turn-on (Version A/D/F)
- Short Propagation Delays with Accurate Matching
- IGBT/MOSFET Gate Clamping during Short Circuit
- IGBT/MOSFET Gate Active Pull Down
- Tight UVLO Thresholds for Bias Flexibility
- Wide Bias Voltage Range including Negative V_{EE2} (Version B)
- 3.3 V, 5 V, and 15 V Logic Input
- 5 kVrms Galvanic Isolation
- High Transient Immunity
- High Electromagnetic Immunity
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

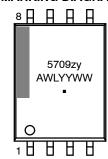
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Typical Applications

- Motor Control
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Automotive Applications
- Industrial Power Supplies
- Solar Inverters



MARKING DIAGRAM



5709zy = Specific Device Code

z = 0/1

y = A/B/C/D/E/F = Assembly Location

WL = Wafer Lot YY = Year WW = Work Week ■ Pb-Free Package

PIN CONNECTIONS

See detailed pin connection information on page 2 of this data sheet.

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 23 of this data sheet

PIN CONNECTIONS

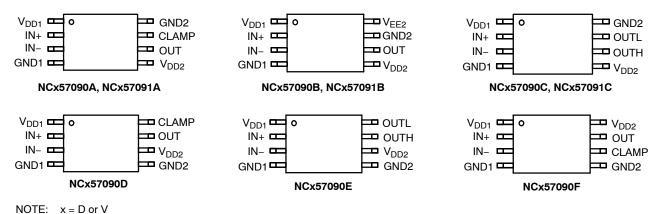


Figure 1. Pin Connections

BLOCK DIAGRAM AND APPLICATION SCHEMATIC - VERSION A/D/F

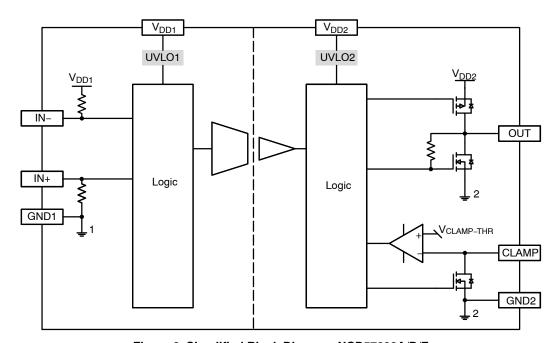


Figure 2. Simplified Block Diagram, NCD57090A/D/F

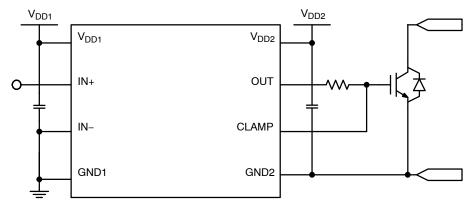


Figure 3. Simplified Application Schematics, Version A/D/F

BLOCK DIAGRAM AND APPLICATION SCHEMATIC - NCx57090B, NCx57091B

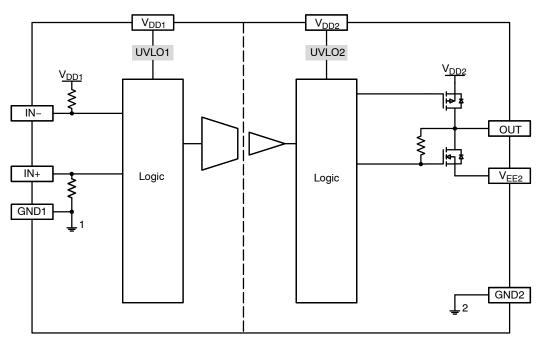


Figure 4. Simplified Block Diagram, NCx57090B, NCx57091B

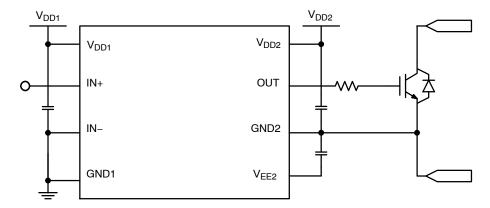


Figure 5. Simplified Application Schematics, NCx57090B, NCx57091B

BLOCK DIAGRAM AND APPLICATION SCHEMATIC - VERSION C/E

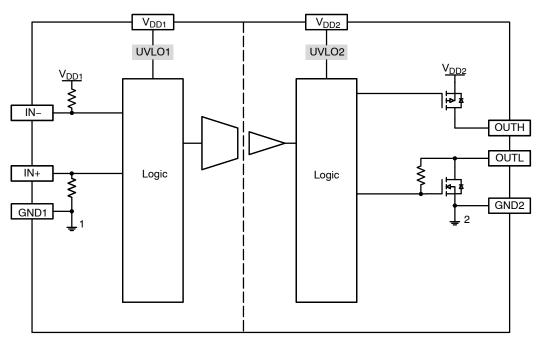


Figure 6. Simplified Block Diagram, Version C/E

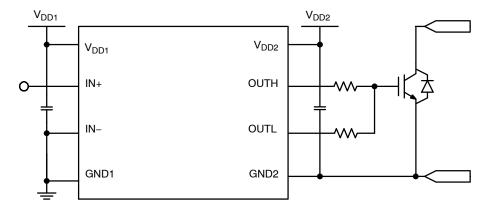


Figure 7. Simplified Application Schematics, Version C/E

Table 1. FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

| Pin Name | No. | I/O | Description |
|---|-----|-------|---|
| V _{DD1} | 1 | Power | Input side power supply. A good quality bypassing capacitor is required from this pin to GND1 and should be placed close to the pins for best results. The under voltage lockout (UVLO) circuit enables the device to operate at power on when a typical supply voltage higher than V _{UVLO1-OUT-ON} is present. Please see Figures 9A and 9B for more details. |
| IN+ | 2 | l | Non inverted gate driver input. It is internally clamped to GND1 and has an equivalent pull–down resistor of 125 k Ω to ensure that output is low in the absence of an input signal. A minimum positive or negative pulse–width is required at IN+ before OUT or OUTH/OUTL responds. |
| IN- | 3 | I | Inverted gate driver input. It is internally clamped to V_{DD1} and has an equivalent pull-up resistor of 50 k Ω to ensure that output is low in the absence of an input signal. A minimum positive or negative pulse–width is required at IN– before OUT or OUTH/OUTL responds. |
| GND1 | 4 | Power | Input side ground reference. |
| V _{DD2} | 5 | Power | Output side positive power supply. The operating range for this pin is from UVLO2 to its maximum allowed value. A good quality bypassing capacitor is required from this pin to GND2 and should be placed close to the pins for best results. The under voltage lockout (UVLO) circuit enables the device to operate at power on when a typical supply voltage higher than V _{UVLO2-OUT-ON} is present. Please see Figure 9C and 9D for more details. |
| GND2 (NCD57090A, NCD57090C) | 8 | Power | Output side gate drive reference connecting to IGBT emitter or MOSFET source. |
| GND2 (NCD57090B) | 7 | | |
| GND2 (NCD57090D, NCD57090E, NCD57090F) | 5 | | |
| OUT (NCD57090A, NCD57090B) | 6 | 0 | Driver output that provides the appropriate drive voltage and source/sink current to the IGBT/ MOSFET gate. OUT is actively pulled low during start-up. |
| OUT (NCD57090D, NCD57090F) | 7 | | |
| OUTH (NCD57090C) | 6 | 0 | Driver high output that provides the appropriate drive voltage and source current to the IGBT/ MOSFET gate. |
| OUTH (NCD57090E) | 7 |] | |
| OUTL (NCD57090C) | 7 | 0 | Driver low output that provides the appropriate drive voltage and sink current to the IGBT/ MOSFET gate. OUTL is actively pulled low during start-up. |
| OUTL (NCD57090E) | 8 | | |
| CLAMP (NCD57090A) | 7 | 0 | Provides clamping for the IGBT/MOSFET gate during the off period to protect it from parasitic turn-on. Its internal N FET is turned on when the voltage of this pin falls below V _{CLAMP-THB} . |
| CLAMP (NCD57090D) | 8 | | It is to be tied directly to IGBT/MOSFET gate with minimum trace length for best results. |
| CLAMP (NCD57090F) | 6 | | |
| V _{EE2} (NCD57090B) | 8 | Power | Output side negative power supply. A good quality bypassing capacitor is required from this pin to GND2 and should be placed close to the pins for best results. |

Table 2. SAFETY AND INSULATION RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Installation Classifications per DIN VDE 0110/1.89 | < 150 V _{RMS} | I – IV | |
| | Table 1 Rated Mains Voltage | < 300 V _{RMS} | I – IV | |
| | | < 450 V _{RMS} | I – IV | |
| | | < 600 V _{RMS} | I – IV | |
| | | < 1000 V _{RMS} | I – III | |
| CTI | TI Comparative Tracking Index (DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303 Part 1) | | 600 | |
| | Climatic Classification | | 40/100/21 | |
| | Pollution Degree (DIN VDE 0110/1.89) | | 2 | |
| V_{PR} | Input–to–Output Test Voltage, Method b, $V_{IORM} \times 1.87$ 100% Production Test with tm = 1 s, Partial Discharge | | 2250 | V_{pk} |
| V _{IORM} | Maximum Repetitive Peak Voltage | | 1200 | V_{pk} |
| V _{IOWM} | Maximum Working Voltage | | 870 | V _{RMS} |
| V_{IOTM} | Highest Allowable Over Voltage | | 8400 | V_{pk} |
| E _{CR} | External Creepage | | 8.0 | mm |
| E _{CL} | External Clearance | | 8.0 | mm |
| DTI | Insulation Thickness | | 17.3 | μm |
| T _{Case} | Safety Limit Values – Maximum Values in Failure; Cas | e Temperature | 150 | °C |
| P _{S,INPUT} | Safety Limit Values – Maximum Values in Failure; Inpu | ıt Power | 121 | mW |
| P _{S,OUTPUT} | Safety Limit Values – Maximum Values in Failure; Out | out Power | 1349 | mW |
| R _{IO} | Insulation Resistance at TS, V _{IO} = 500 V | | 10 ⁹ | Ω |

Table 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted.

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
|--|---|---------------|------------------------|------|
| V _{DD1} -GND1 | Supply Voltage, Input Side | -0.3 | 22 | V |
| V _{DD2} -GND2 | Positive Power Supply, Output Side | -0.3 | 32 | V |
| V _{EE2} -GND2 | Negative Power Supply, Output Side | -18 | 0.3 | V |
| V _{DD2} -V _{EE2} (V _{MAX2}) | Differential Power Supply, Output Side (NCD57090B) | 0 | 36 | V |
| V _{OUT} -GND2 V _{OUTH} -GND2 | Gate-driver Output High Voltage NCD57090A/B/D/F NCD57090C/E | <u>-</u> - | V _{DD2} + 0.3 | V |
| V _{OUT} -GND2 V _{OUTL} -GND2 | Gate-driver Output Low Voltage NCD57090A/B/D/F NCD57090C/E | -0.3 - | - - | ٧ |
| I _{PK-SRC} | Gate-driver Output Sourcing Current (maximum pulse width = 10 μs, maximum duty cycle = 0.2%, V _{DD2} = 15 V, V _{EE2} = 0 V) | - | 6.5 | А |
| I _{PK-SNK} | Gate-driver Output Sinking Current (maximum pulse width = 10 μs, maximum duty cycle = 0.2%, V _{DD2} = 15 V, V _{EE2} = 0 V) | - | 6.5 | А |
| I _{PK-CLAMP} | Clamp Sinking Current (maximum pulse width = 10 μ s, maximum duty cycle = 0.2%, V_{CLAMP} = 2.5 V) | - | 2.5 | А |
| t _{CLP} | Maximum Short Circuit Clamping Time (I _{OUT_CLAMP} = 500 mA) | - | 10 | μs |
| V _{LIM} -GND1 | Voltage at IN+, IN- | -0.3 | V _{DD1} + 0.3 | V |
| V _{CLAMP} -GND2 | Clamp Voltage | -0.3 | V _{DD2} + 0.3 | V |
| P _D | Power Dissipation (SOIC-8 Wide Package) | _ | 1470 | mW |

Table 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1) (continued)

Over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted.

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
|----------------------|---|---------|---------|------|
| T _J (max) | Maximum Junction Temperature | -40 | 150 | °C |
| T _{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | -65 | 150 | °C |
| ESDHBM | ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2) | - | ±2 | kV |
| ESDCDM | ESD Capability, Charged Device Model (Note 2) | - | ±2 | kV |
| MSL | Moisture Sensitivity Level | Ι | 1 | _ |
| T _{SLD} | Lead Temperature Soldering Reflow, Pb-Free (Note 3) | - | 260 | °C |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

- 1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
- 2. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:
 - ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A114).

 - ESD Charged Device Model tested per AEC-Q100-011 (EIA/JESD22-C101). Latchup Current Maximum Rating: ≤ 100 mA per JEDEC standard: JESD78, 25°C.
- 3. For information, please refer to our Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

Table 4. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|------|
| | Thermal Characteristics, SOIC-8 wide body (Note 4) Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air (Note 5) | 156 (1-Layer) 85 (4-Layer) | °C/W |

- 4. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
- 5. Values based on copper area of 100 mm2 (or 0.16 in2) of 1 oz copper thickness and FR4 PCB substrate.

Table 5. OPERATING RANGES (Note 6)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------|
| V _{DD1} -GND1 | Supply Voltage, Input Side | UVLO1 | 20 | V |
| V _{DD2} -GND2 | Positive Power Supply, Output Side | UVLO2 | 30 | V |
| V _{EE2} -GND2 | Negative Power Supply, Output Side (NCD57090B) | -15 | 0 | V |
| V _{DD2} -VEE2 (V _{MAX2}) | Differential Power Supply, Output Side (NCD57090B) | 0 | 32 | V |
| V _{IL} | Low Level Input Voltage at IN+, IN- (Note 7) | 0 | $0.3 \times V_{DD1}$ | V |
| V _{IH} | High Level Input Voltage at IN+, IN- (Note 7) | $0.7 \times V_{DD1}$ | V _{DD1} | V |
| dV _{ISO} /dt | Common Mode Transient Immunity (Note 8) | | 100 | kV/μs |
| TA | Ambient Temperature | -40 | 125 | °C |

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

- 6. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
- Table values are valid for 3.3 V and 5 V VDD1, for higher VDD1 voltages, the threshold values are maintained at the 5 V VDD1 levels.
- 8. Was tested by ± 1500 V pulses up to 100 kV/ μ s.

Table 6. ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Value | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|------------------|
| V _{ISO} , input-output | Input-Output Isolation Voltage | T_A = 25°C, Relative Humidity < 50%, t = 1.0 minute, I_{I-O} < 30 $\mu A,$ 50 Hz (Note 9, 10, 11) | 5000 | V _{RMS} |
| R _{ISO} | Isolation Resistance | V _{I-O} = 500 V (Note 9) | 10 ¹¹ | Ω |

^{9.} Device is considered a two-terminal device: pins 1 to 4 are shorted together and pins 5 to 9 are shorted together.

^{10.5,000} V_{BMS} for 1-minute duration is equivalent to 6,000 V_{BMS} for 1-second duration.

^{11.} The input-output isolation voltage is a dielectric voltage rating per UL1577. It should not be regarded as an input-output continuous voltage rating. For the continuous working voltage rating, refer to equipment-level safety specification or DIN VDE V 0884-11 Safety and Insulation Ratings Table.

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------|
| OLTAGE SUPPLY | , | • | | | | |
| V _{UVLO1-OUT-ON} | UVLO1 Output Enabled | | - | _ | 3.1 | V |
| V _{UVLO1-OUT-OFF} | UVLO1 Output Disabled | | 2.4 | _ | _ | V |
| V _{UVLO1-HYST} | UVLO1 Hysteresis | | 0.1 | _ | - | V |
| V _{UVLO2-OUT-ON} | UVLO2 Output Enabled | NCx57090y | 12.4 | 12.9 | 13.4 | V |
| | | NCx57091y | 8.7 | 9 | 9.3 | V |
| V _{UVLO2-OUT-OFF} | UVLO2 Output Disabled | NCx57090y | 11.5 | 12 | 12.5 | V |
| | | NCx57091y | 7.7 | 8 | 8.3 | V |
| V _{UVLO2-HYST} | UVLO2 Hysteresis | | 0.7 | 1 | 1 | V |
| I _{DD1-0-3.3} | Input Supply Quiescent Current | $IN+ = Low, IN- = Low, V_{DD1} = 3.3 V$ | - | _ | 2 | mA |
| I _{DD1-0-5} | | IN+ = Low, IN- = Low | - | _ | 2 | mA |
| I _{DD1-0-15} | | $IN+ = Low, IN- = Low, V_{DD1} = 15 V$ | - | _ | 2 | mA |
| I _{DD1-100-5} | | IN+ = High, IN- = Low | - | _ | 5.5 | mA |
| I _{DD2-0} | Output Positive Supply | IN+ = Low, IN- = Low, no load | - | _ | 2 | mA |
| I _{DD2-100} | Quiescent Current | IN+ = High, IN- = Low, no load | - | _ | 2 | mA |
| I _{EE2-0} | Output Negative Supply Quiescent Current (NCD57090B) | IN+ = Low, IN- = Low, no load, V _{EE2} = -8 V | _ | _ | 2 | mA |
| I _{EE2-100} | | IN+ = High, IN- = Low, no load, V _{EE2} = -8 V | - | _ | 2 | mA |
| OGIC INPUT AND | ОПТРИТ | | • | • | | |
| V_{IL} | IN+, IN-, Low Input Voltage | Level scale for V_{DDI} = 3.3 to 5 V for V_{DDI} > 5 V is the same as for V_{DDI} = 5 V | - | - | 0.3 × V _{DD1} | V |
| V _{IH} | IN+, IN-, High Input Voltage | Level scale for V_{DDI} = 3.3 to 5 V for V_{DDI} > 5 V is the same as for V_{DDI} = 5 V | 0.7 × V _{DD1} | - | - | V |
| V _{IN-HYST} | Input Hysteresis Voltage | Level scale for V_{DDI} = 3.3 to 5 V for V_{DDI} > 5 V is the same as for V_{DDI} = 5 V | _ | 0.15 × V _{DD1} | - | V |
| I _{IN-L-3.3} | IN- Input Current | $V_{IN-} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD1} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 100 | μΑ |
| I _{IN-L-5} | 1 | V _{IN-} = 0 V | - | - | 100 | μΑ |
| I _{IN-L-15} | | V _{IN-} = 0 V, V _{DD1} = 15 V | - | _ | 100 | μΑ |
| I _{IN-L-20} | | $V_{IN-} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD1} = 20 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 100 | μΑ |
| I _{IN+H-3.3} | IN+ Input Current | V _{IN+} = V _{DD1} = 3.3 V | - | _ | 100 | μΑ |
| I _{IN+H-5} | | V _{IN+} = V _{DD1} = 5 V | - | - | 100 | μΑ |
| I _{IN+H-15} | | V _{IN+} = V _{DD1} = 15 V | - | _ | 100 | μΑ |
| I _{IN+H-20} | <u> </u> | V _{IN+} = V _{DD1} = 20 V | - | _ | 100 | μΑ |
| t _{ON-MIN1} | Input Pulse Width of IN+, IN- for Guaranteed No Response at Output | | _ | - | 10 | ns |
| t _{ON-MIN2} | Input Pulse Width of IN+, IN- for Guaranteed Response at Output | | 40 | _ | - | ns |

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------|--|--|-----|------|------|------|
| DRIVER OUTPUT | | | | | | |
| V _{OUTL1} | Output Low State (V _{OUT} – GND2 for NCD57090A/D/F) | I _{SINK} = 200 mA | - | 0.15 | 0.3 | V |
| V _{OUTL2} | (V _{OUT} – V _{EE2} for NCD57090B) (V _{OUTL} – GND2 for NCD57090C/E) | I _{SINK} = 1.0 A, T _A = 25°C | - | - | 0.8 | |
| V _{OUTH1} | Output High State (V _{DD2} – V _{OUT} for NCD57090A/B/D/F) | I _{SRC} = 200 mA | - | 0.2 | 0.35 | V |
| V _{OUTH2} | (V _{DD2} – V _{OUT} for NCD57090B) (V _{DD2} – V _{OUTL} for NCD57090C/E) | I _{SRC} = 1.0 A, T _A = 25°C | - | - | 1.0 | |
| I _{PK-SNK1} | Peak Driver Current, Sink (Note 12) | | _ | 6.5 | - | Α |
| I _{PK-SRC1} | Peak Driver Current, Source (Note 12) | | - | 6.5 | = | Α |
| MILLER CLAMP (N | ICD57090A) | | | | | |
| V_{CLAMP} | Clamp Voltage | I _{CLAMP} = 2.5 A, T _A = 25°C | - | 2 | - | V |
| | | I _{CLAMP} = 2.5 A, T _A = -40°C to 125°C | - | - | 3.5 | |
| V _{CLAMP-THR} | Clamp Activation Threshold | | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | V |
| GBT SHORT CIRC | CUIT CLAMPING | | | | | |
| V _{CLAMP} -OUTH | Clamping Voltage, Sourcing (Vout / Vouth - VDD2) | IN+ = Low, IN- = High, I _{CLAMP-OUT/OUTH} = 500 mA, (pulse test, t _{CLPmax} = 10 µs) | - | 0.7 | 0.9 | V |
| V _{CLAMP} -OUTL | Clamping Voltage, Sinking (V _{OUTL} - V _{DD2}) | IN+ = High, IN- = Low, $I_{CLAMP-OUTL}$ = 500 mA, (pulse test, t_{CLPmax} = 10 μ s) | - | 0.8 | 1.5 | V |
| V _{CLAMP} -CLAMP | Clamping Voltage, Clamp (V _{CLAMP} - V _{DD2}) (NCD57090A/D/F) | IN+ = High, IN- = Low, I _{CLAMP} -CLAMP = 500 mA (pulse test, t _{CLPmax} = 10 μs) | - | 1.1 | 1.7 | V |
| DYNAMIC CHARA | CTERISTIC | | | | | |
| | IN+, IN- to Output High Propagation Delay | C _{LOAD} = 10 nF V _{IH} to 10% of output change Pulse Width > 150 ns. | _ | _ | - | - |
| t _{PD-ON-3.3} | | $V_{DD1} = V_{IN+} = 3.3V, V_{IN-} = 0 V$ | 40 | 60 | 90 | ns |
| t _{PD-ON-5} | | $V_{DD1} = V_{IN+} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{IN-} = 0 \text{ V}$ | 40 | 60 | 90 | ns |
| t _{PD-ON-15} | | $V_{DD1} = V_{IN+} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{IN-} = 0 \text{ V}$ | 40 | 60 | 90 | ns |
| t _{PD-ON-20} | | $V_{DD1} = V_{IN+} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{IN-} = 0 \text{ V}$ | 40 | 60 | 90 | ns |
| | IN+, IN- to Output Low Propagation Delay | C _{LOAD} = 10 nF V _{IH} to 10% of output change Pulse Width > 150 ns. | - | - | - | _ |
| t _{PD-OFF-3.3} | | V _{DD1} = V _{IN+} = 3.3 V, V _{IN-} = 0 V | 40 | 60 | 90 | ns |
| t _{PD-OFF-5} | | V _{DD1} = V _{IN+} = 5 V, V _{IN-} = 0 V | 40 | 60 | 90 | ns |
| t _{PD-OFF-15} | | $V_{DD1} = V_{IN+} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{IN-} = 0 \text{ V}$ | 40 | 60 | 90 | ns |
| t _{PD-OFF-20} | | $V_{DD1} = V_{IN+} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{IN-} = 0 \text{ V}$ | 40 | 60 | 90 | ns |
| t _{DISTORT} | Propagation Delay Distortion | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, PW > 150 \text{ ns}$ | - | 0 | _ | ns |
| | (= t _{PD-ON} - t _{PD-OFF}) | $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ PW} > 150 \text{ ns}$ | -25 | _ | 25 | ns |
| t _{DISTORT_TOT} | Prop Delay Distortion between Parts | PW > 150 ns | -30 | 0 | 30 | ns |
| t _{RISE} | Rise Time (see Figure 8) | C _{LOAD} = 1 nF, 10% to 90% of Output Change | - | 13 | _ | ns |

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--|-----|------|-----|------|
| DYNAMIC CHARAC | DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTIC | | | | | |
| t _{FALL} | Fall Time (see Figure 8) | C _{LOAD} = 1 nF, 90% to 10% of Output Change | - | 13 | - | ns |
| t _{UVF1} | UVLO1 Fall Delay (Note 12) | | _ | 1500 | _ | ns |
| t _{UVR1} | UVLO1 Rise Delay (Note 12) | | _ | 770 | _ | ns |
| t _{UVF2} | UVLO2 Fall Delay (Note 12) | | - | 1000 | - | ns |
| t _{UVR2} | UVLO2 Rise Delay (Note 12) | | _ | 1000 | _ | ns |

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

12. Values based on design and/or characterization.

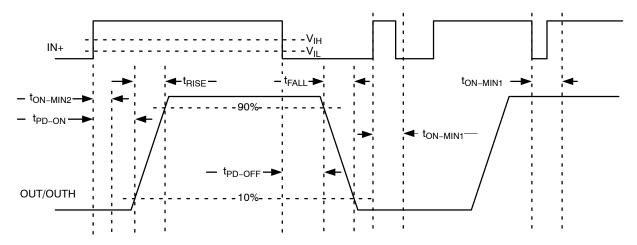
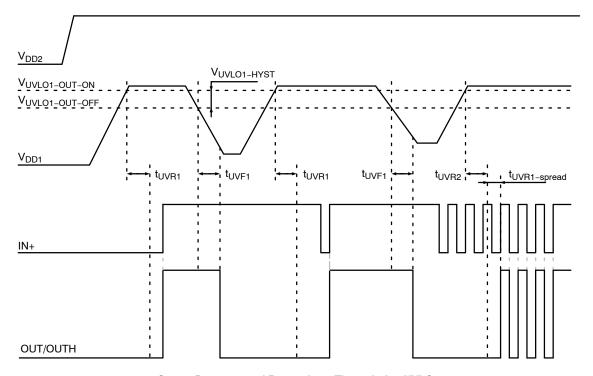


Figure 8. Propagation Delay, Rise and Fall time



Output Ramp-up and Ramp-down Times during UVLO1

Figure 9A. UVLO1 and Associated Timing Waveforms

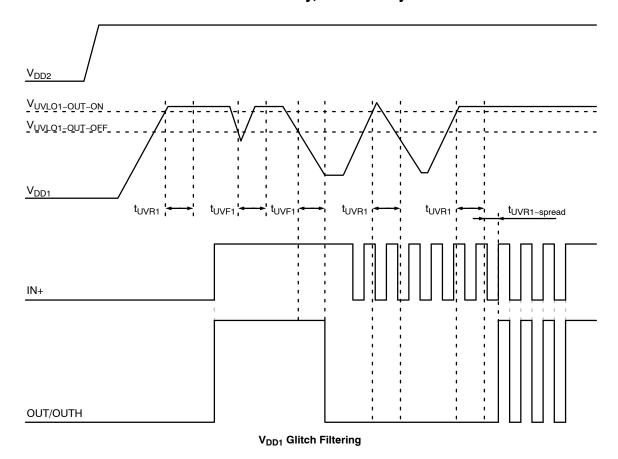
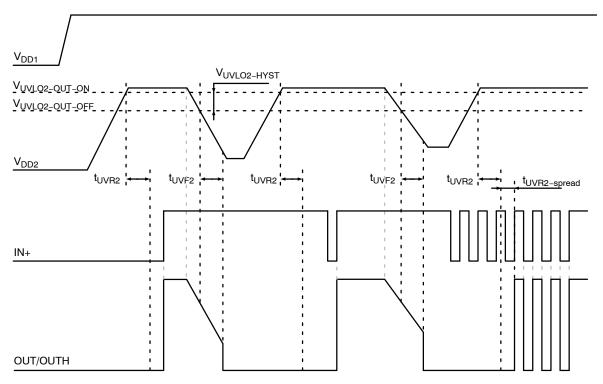


Figure 9B. UVLO1 Waveforms Depicting V_{DD1} Glitch Filtering



Output Ramp-up and Ramp-down Times during UVLO2

Figure 9C. UVLO2 and Associated Timing Waveforms

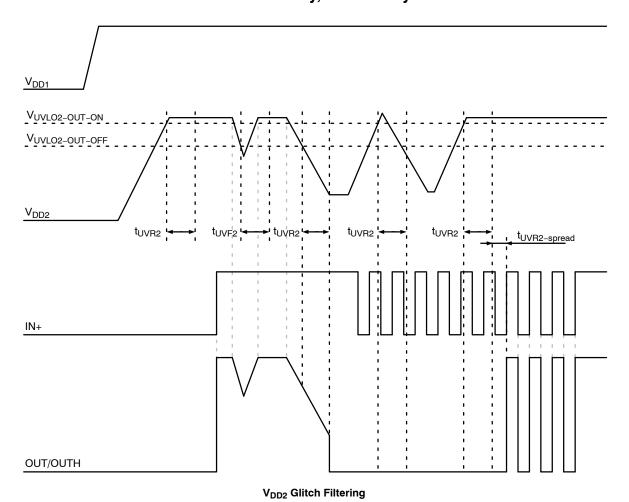


Figure 9D. UVLO2 Waveforms Depicting V_{DD2} Glitch Filtering

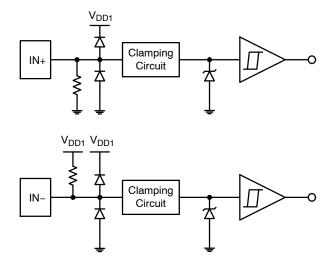


Figure 10. Input Pin Structure

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

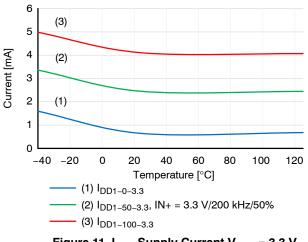


Figure 11. I_{DD1} Supply Current V_{DD1} = 3.3 V

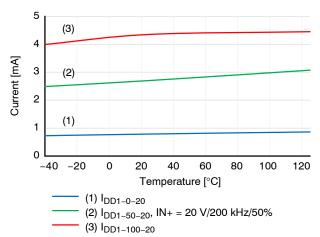


Figure 13. I_{DD1} Supply Current V_{DD1} = 20 V

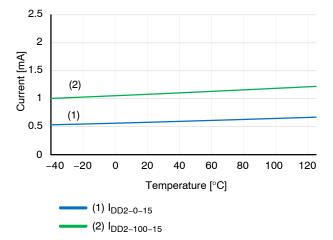


Figure 15. I_{DD2} Supply Current V_{DD2} = 15 V

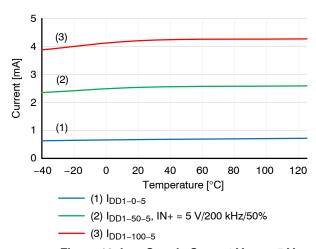


Figure 12. I_{DD1} Supply Current V_{DD1} = 5 V

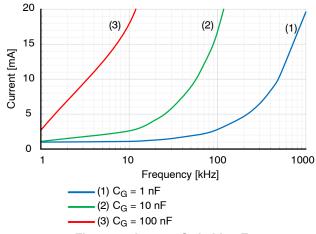


Figure 14. I_{DD2} vs. Switching Frequency

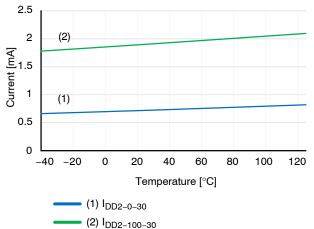
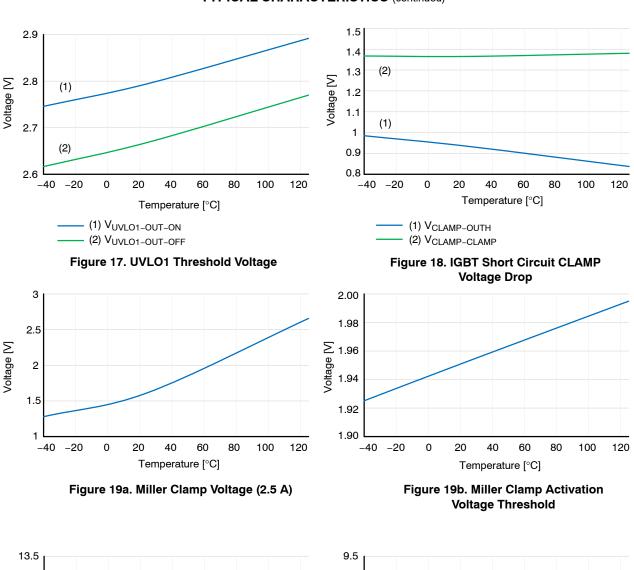
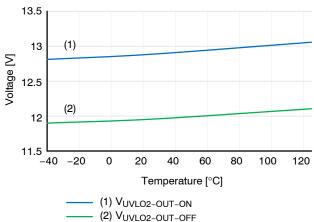


Figure 16. I_{DD2} Supply Current V_{DD2} = 30 V

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)







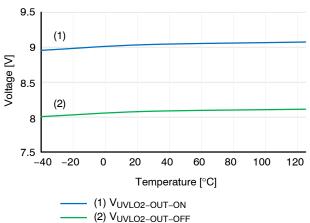


Figure 21. NCx57091 UVLO2 Threshold Voltage

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

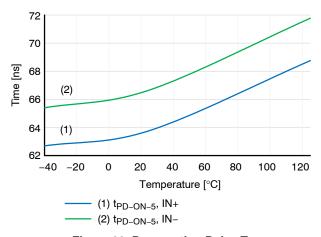


Figure 22. Propagation Delay Turn-on

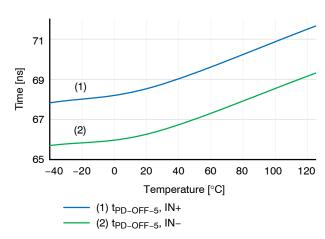


Figure 23. Propagation Delay Turn-off

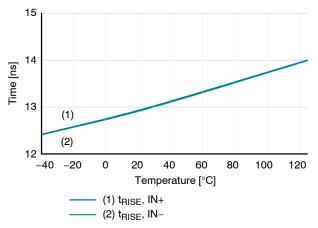


Figure 24. Rise Time, V_{DD1} = 5 V

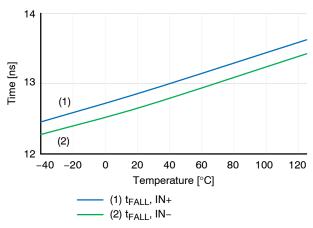


Figure 25. Fall Time, V_{DD1} = 5 V

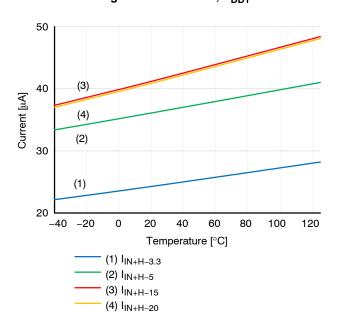


Figure 26. Input Current – Positive Input

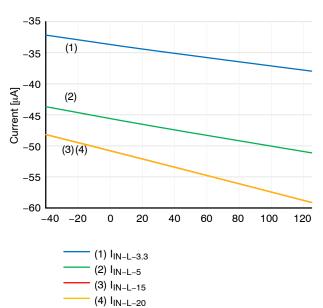


Figure 27. Input Current – Negative Input

Under Voltage Lockout (Refer to Figure 9x)

UVLO ensures correct switching of IGBT/MOSFET connected to the driver output.

- $\label{eq:continuous} \bullet \mbox{ The IGBT/MOSFET is turned-off and the output is disabled if the supply V_{DD1} drops below $V_{UVLO1-OUT-OFF}$ or V_{DD2} drops below $V_{UVLO2-OUT-OFF}$.$
- \bullet The driver output does not follow the input signal on IN+ or IN- until the V_{DDX} rises above the $V_{UVLOX-OUT-ON}$ and the input signal rising edge is applied to the IN+ or IN-
- V_{EE2} is not monitored (NCx5709zB)

With high loading gate capacitances over 10 nF it is important to follow the decoupling capacitor routing guidelines as shown on Figure 35/36. The decoupling capacitor value should be at least 10 μ F. Also gate resistor

of minimal value of 2 Ω has to be used in order to avoid interference of the high di/dt with internal circuitry (e.g. UVLO2).

After the power–on of the driver there has to be a rising edge applied to the IN+ or falling edge to the IN– in order for the output to start following the inputs. This serves as a protection against producing partial pulses at the output if the V_{DD1} or V_{DD2} is applied in the middle of the input PWM pulse.

If the V_{DD2} rises over $V_{UVLO2-OUT-ON}$ level the PWM will appear on the output after t_{UVR2} + $t_{UVR2-spread}$. The $t_{UVR2-spread}$ time is variable and is defined as a time from end of t_{UVR2} to first rising edge on IN+ input. If the V_{DD2} is starting from 0 V the time until PWM is at the output of the driver is longer than t_{UVR2} + $t_{UVR2-spread}$. This is caused by start up time of internal circuits of the driver.

ACTIVE MILER CLAMP PROTECTION (CLAMP)

NCx5709yB supports bipolar power supply to prevent unintentional turning on.

For operation with bipolar supplies, the IGBT/MOSFET is turned off with a negative voltage through OUT with respect to its emitter. This prevents the IGBT/MOSFET from unintentionally turning on because of current induced from its collector to its gate due to Miller effect. Typical values for bipolar operation are V_{DD2} = 15 V and V_{EE2} = -5 V with respect to GND2.

Driver version A/D/F supports unipolar power supply with active Miller clamp.

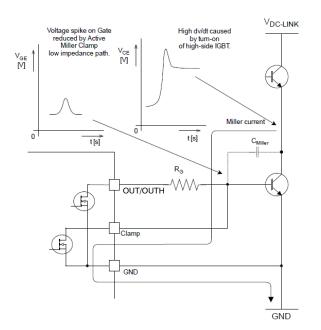


Figure 28. Current Path with Miler Clamp Protection

Non-inverting and Inverting Input Pin (IN+, IN-)

The driver has two possible input modes to control IGBT/MOSFET. Both inputs have defined minimum input pulse width to filter occasional glitches.

- Non-inverting input IN+ controls the driver output while inverting input IN- is set to LOW
- Inverting input IN– controls the driver output while non–inverting input IN+ is set to HIGH

For operation with unipolar supply, typically, $V_{DD2} = 15 \text{ V}$ with respect to GND2, and $V_{EE2} = \text{GND2}$. In this case, the IGBT/MOSFET can turn on due to additional charge from IGBT/MOSFET Miller capacitance caused by a high voltage slew rate transition on the IGBT collector/MOSFET drain. To prevent IGBT/MOSFET to turn on, the CLAMP pin is connected directly to IGBT/MOSFET gate and Miller current is sinked through a low impedance CLAMP transistor. When the IGBT/MOSFET is turned—off and the gate voltage transitions below V_{CLAMP} the CLAMP output is activated.

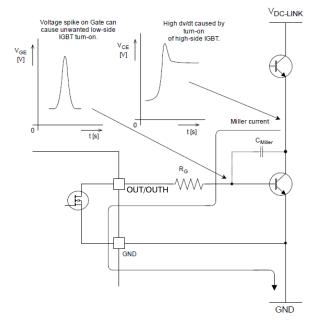


Figure 29. Current Path without Miler Clamp Protection

WARNING: When the application uses an independent or separate power supply for the control unit and the input side of the driver, all inputs should be protected by a serial resistor (In case of a power failure of the driver, the driver may be damaged due to overloading of the input protection circuits)

Power Supply (V_{DD1}, V_{DD2}, V_{EE2})

The driver variant A/C/D/E and F are designed to support unipolar power supply.

The driver variant B is designed to support bipolar power supply.

Suitable external power capacitors are required for reliable driving of IGBT/MOSFET gate with high current. Parallel combination of 100 nF + 4.7 μ F low ESR ceramic capacitors is optimal for a wide range of applications using IGBT/MOSFET. For reliable driving of IGBT modules (containing several parallel IGBT's) with a gate capacitance over 10 nF a higher decoupling capacity is required (typically 100 nF + 10 μ F). Capacitors should be as close as possible to the driver's power pins. The recommended layout is provided in the Figure 35 and 36.

- In bipolar power supply the driver is typically supplied with a positive voltage of 15 V at V_{DD2} and negative voltage –5 V at V_{EE2} (Figure 30). Negative power supply prevents a dynamic turn on through the internal IGBT/MOSFET input capacitance
- In Unipolar power supply the driver is typically supplied with a positive voltage of 15 V at V_{DD2}. Unwanted turn-on caused by the internal IGBT/MOSFET Miller capacitance could be prevented by Active Miler Clamp function (variant A/D/F). CLAMP output should be directly connected to IGBT/MOSFET gate (Figure 28)

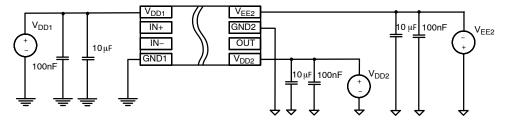


Figure 30. Bipolar Power Supply (Variant B)

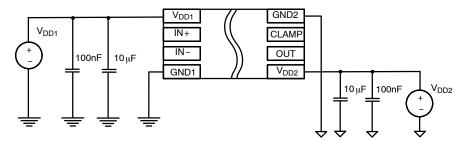


Figure 31. Unipolar Power Supply (Variant A/D/F)

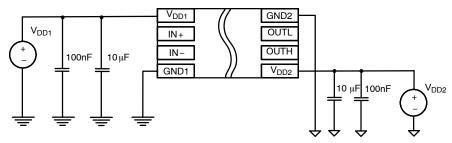


Figure 32. Unipolar Power Supply (Variant C/E)

Common Mode Transient Immunity (CMTI)

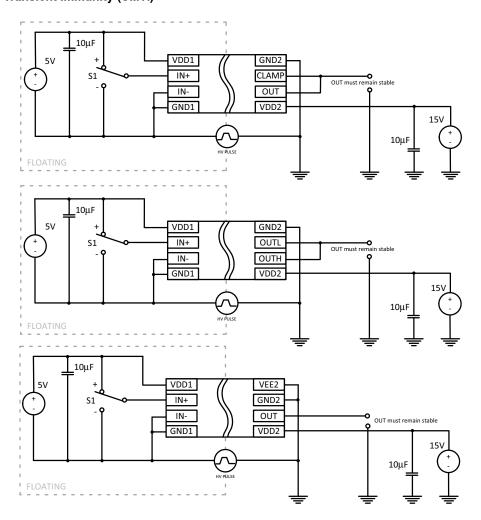


Figure 33. Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit

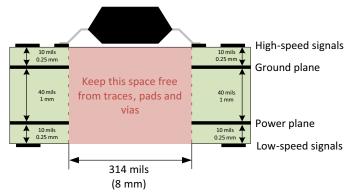
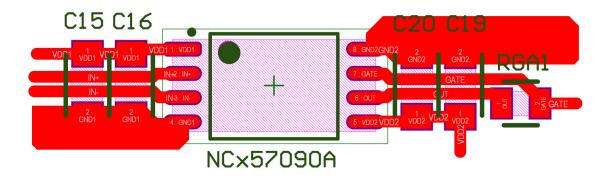
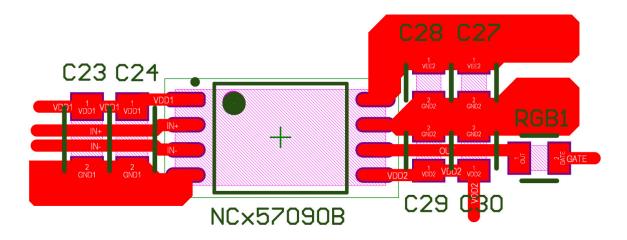


Figure 34. Recommended Layer Stack





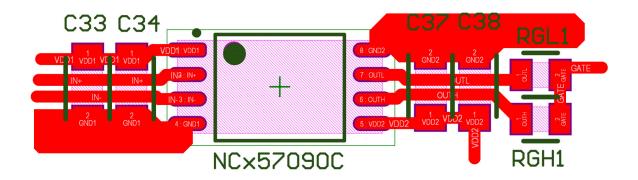
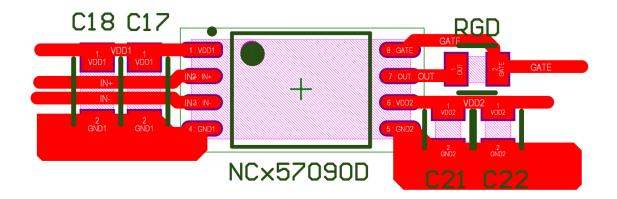
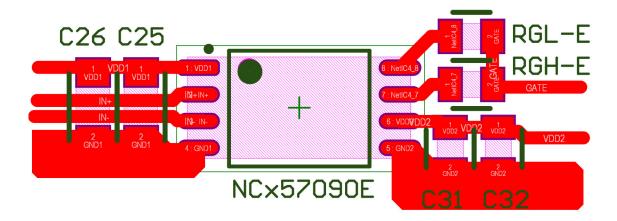


Figure 35. Recommended Layout for Version A/B/C





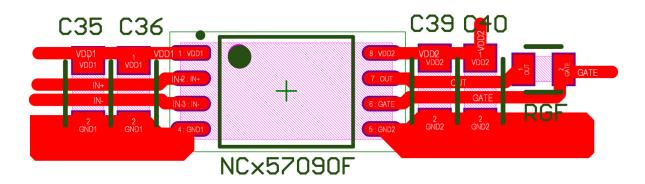


Figure 36. Recommended Layout for Version D/E/F

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Package | Shipping [†] |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| NCD57090ADWR2G | SOIC-8 Wide Body | 2500 / Tape & Reel |
| NCD57090BDWR2G | (Pb-Free) | |
| NCD57090CDWR2G | | |
| NCD57090DDWR2G | | |
| NCD57090EDWR2G | | |
| NCD57090FDWR2G | | |
| NOVEZGOS A DIVIDAGO | 0010 0011 0 1 | 0500 / Tarra & David |
| NCV57090ADWR2G* | SOIC-8 Wide Body (Pb-Free) | 2500 / Tape & Reel |
| NCV57090BDWR2G* | , | |
| NCV57090CDWR2G* | | |
| NCV57090DDWR2G* | | |
| NCV57090EDWR2G* | | |
| NCV57090FDWR2G* | | |
| | | |
| NCD57091ADWR2G (In Development) | SOIC-8 Wide Body (Pb-Free) | 2500 / Tape & Reel |
| NCD57091BDWR2G (In Development) | (FD-Free) | |
| NCD57091CDWR2G (In Development) | | |
| | <u> </u> | 1 |
| NCV57091ADWR2G* (In Development) | SOIC-8 Wide Body (Pb-Free) | 2500 / Tape & Reel |
| NCV57091BDWR2G* (In Development) | (. 2 1166) | |
| NCV57091CDWR2G* (In Development) | | |

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.
*NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP

Capable.

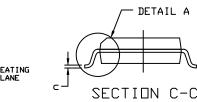
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC8 WB

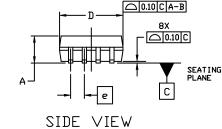
CASE 751EW ISSUE A

NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
- DIMENSION 6 DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION.
 ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.10 mm IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- 4. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH,
 PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS,
 OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 mm PER SIDE.
 DIMENSIONS D AND E ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM H.
- 5. DATUMS A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM H.
- A1 IS DEFINED AS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE SEATING PLANE TO THE LOWEST POINT ON THE PACKAGE BODY.
- 7. NO JEDEC STANDARD AT TIME OF SETUP.



| | MILLIMETERS | | | | |
|-----|-------------|----------|-------|--|--|
| DIM | MIN. | N□M. | MAX. | | |
| Α | 2.35 | 2.50 | 2.65 | | |
| A1 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 0.30 | | |
| b | 0.31 | 0.41 | 0.51 | | |
| C | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.33 | | |
| D | 5.65 | 5.85 | 6.05 | | |
| E | 10.11 | 10.31 | 10.51 | | |
| E1 | 7.40 | 7.50 | 7.60 | | |
| e | | 1.27 BSC | | | |
| L | 0.40 | 0.58 | 0.75 | | |
| L2 | 0.25 BSC | | | | |
| θ | 0* | | 8* | | |
| | | | | | |



A NOTE 5

E1

△ 0.10 C

П

Н

C

B NOTE 5

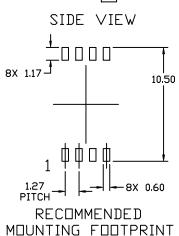
H

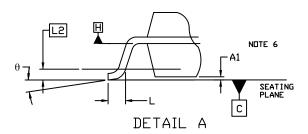
TOP VIEW

0.20 C

8X b-

♦ 0.12**₩** C A-B D





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