ON Semiconductor

Is Now



To learn more about onsemi™, please visit our website at www.onsemi.com

onsemi and ONSEMI. and other names, marks, and brands are registered and/or common law trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba "onsemi" or its affiliates and/or subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. onsemi owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of onsemi product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. onsemi reserves the right to make changes at any time to any products or information herein is provided "as-is" and onsemi makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the accuracy of the information, product features, availability, functionality, or suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does onsemi assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using onsemi products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by onsemi. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in onsemi data sheets and/ or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. onsemi does not convey any license under any of its intellectual property rights nor the rights of others. onsemi products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use onsemi products for any such unintended or unauthorized application,

Micropower Precision Voltage Reference

20 mA

The NCP51460 is a high performance, low power precision voltage reference. This device combines very high accuracy, low power dissipation and small package size. It can supply output current up to 20 mA at a 3.3 V fixed output voltage with excellent line and load regulation characteristics making it ideal for precision regulator applications. It is designed to be stable with or without an output capacitor. The protective features include Short Circuit and Reverse Input Voltage Protection. The NCP51460 is packaged in a 3-lead surface mount SOT-23 package.

Features

- Fixed Output Voltage 3.3 V
- V_{OUT} Accuracy 1% over 0 to +100°C
- Wide Input Voltage Range up to 28 V
- Low Quiescent Current
- Low Noise
- Reverse Input Voltage Protection
- Stable Without an Output Capacitor
- Available in 3 leads SOT-23 Package
- This is a Pb-Free Device

Typical Applications

- Handheld Instruments
- Precision Regulators
- Data Acquisition Systems
- High Accuracy Micropower Supplies

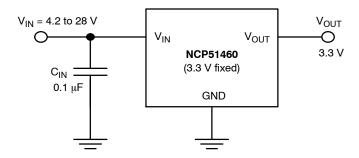


Figure 1. Typical Application Schematics



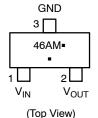
ON Semiconductor®

www.onsemi.com



SOT-23 CASE 318

MARKING DIAGRAM AND PIN ASSIGNMENT



46A = Specific Device Code

M = Date Code ■ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 10 of this data sheet.

Table 1. PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description	
1	V _{IN}	Positive Input Voltage	
2	V _{OUT}	Regulated Output Voltage	
3	GND	Power Supply Ground; Device Substrate	

Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage (Note 1)	V _{IN}	30	V
Reverse Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-15	V
Output Short Circuit Duration, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_{IN} \le 27 \text{ V}$ $V_{IN} > 27 \text{ V}$	t _{SC}	∞ 50	sec
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _{J(max)}	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-65 to 150	°C
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2)	ESD _{HBM}	2000	V
ESD Capability, Machine Model (Note 2)	ESD _{MM}	200	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.

- This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:
 ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A114)

 - ESD Machine Model tested per AEC-Q100-003 (EIA/JESD22-A115)
 - Latch up Current Maximum Rating: ±150 mA per JEDEC standard: JESD78.

Table 3. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Characteristics, SOT-23 package Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 3)	$R_{ hetaJA}$	246	°C/W

^{3.} Soldered on 1 oz 50 mm² FR4 copper area.

Table 4. OPERATING RANGES

Rating	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage (Note 4)	V _{IN}	V _{OUT} + 0.9	28	V
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T _A	0	100	°C

^{4.} Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.

Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $C_{IN} = 0.1 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{OUT} = 0 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$; For typical values $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, for min/max values $0^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_A \le 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.) (Note 5).

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage		V _{OUT}	3.267 (-1%)	3.3	3.333 (+1%)	V
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.9 \text{ V to } V_{OUT} + 2.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2.5 \text{ V to } V_{OUT} + 20 \text{ V}$	Reg _{LINE}	- -	150 65	500 130	ppm/V
Load Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 0$ to 100 μA $I_{OUT} = 0$ to 10 mA $I_{OUT} = 0$ to 20 mA	Reg _{LOAD}	- - -	1100 150 120	4000 300 300	ppm/mA
Dropout Voltage	Measured at V _{OUT} – 2% I _{OUT} = 0 mA I _{OUT} = 10 mA	V _{DO}	- -	0.65 0.9	0.9 1.4	V
Quiescent Current	$I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 100^{\circ}C$	ΙQ	- -	140	200 220	μΑ
Output Short Circuit Current	V _{OUT} = 0 V, T _A = 25°C	I _{SC}	-	80	-	mA
Reverse Leakage	V _{IN} = - 15 V, T _A = 25°C	I _{LEAK}	-	0.1	10	μΑ
Output Noise Voltage (Note 6)	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz f = 10 Hz to 1 kHz	V _N	-	12 18	_	μV _{PP} μV _{rms}
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$0^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	T _{CO}	_	18	_	ppm/°C

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

- 5. Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization, tested at T_J = T_A = 25°C. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
- 6. The noise spectral density from 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz is measured, then the integral output noise voltage in this range is calculated. Finally the peak to peak noise is calculated as 5x integral output noise.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

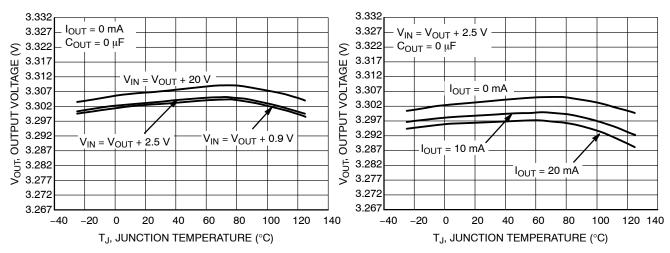
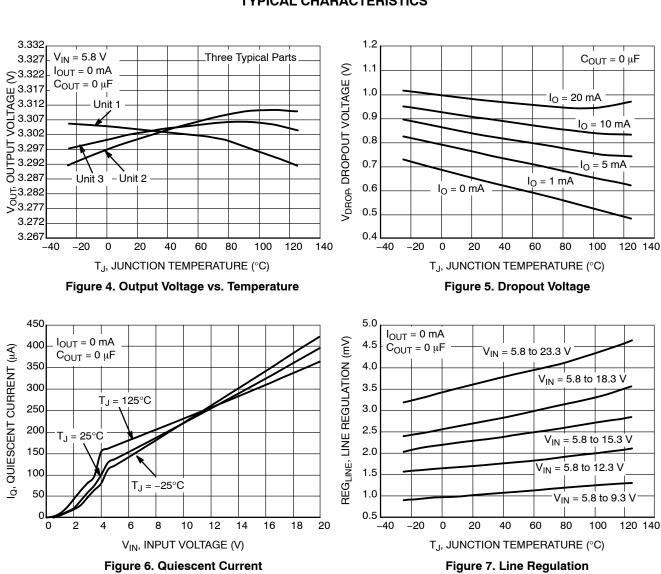
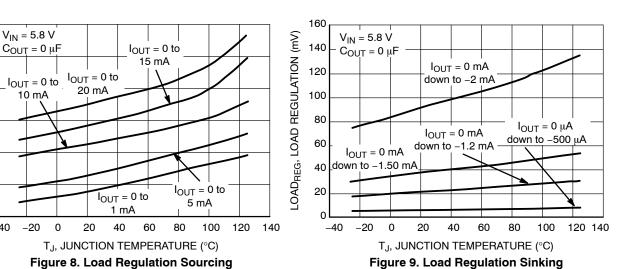


Figure 2. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 3. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





REG_{LOAD}, LOAD REGULATION (mV)

10

8

6

-40

-20

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

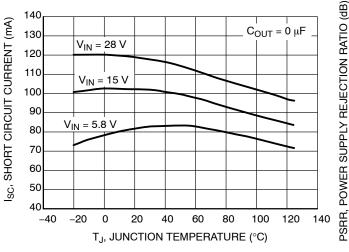


Figure 10. Short Circuit Current

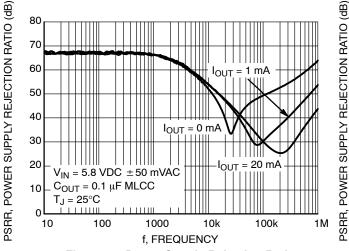


Figure 12. Power Supply Rejection Ratio $C_{out} = 0.1 \mu F$

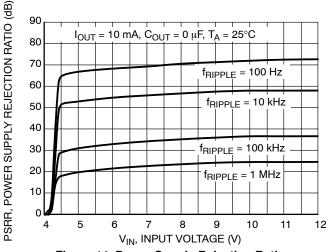


Figure 14. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Input Voltage

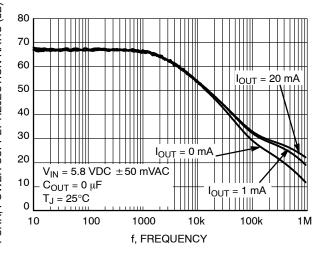


Figure 11. Power Supply Rejection Ratio $C_{out} = 0 \mu F$

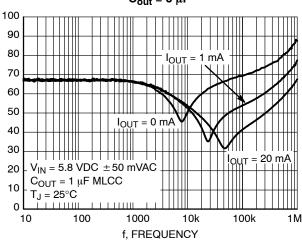


Figure 13. Power Supply Rejection Ratio $C_{out} = 1 \ \mu F$

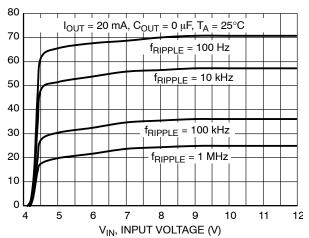


Figure 15. Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Input Voltage

PSRR, POWER SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO (dB)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

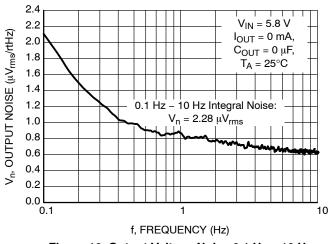


Figure 16. Output Voltage Noise 0.1 Hz - 10 Hz

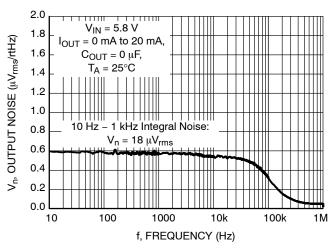


Figure 17. Output Voltage Noise 10 Hz - 1 MHz

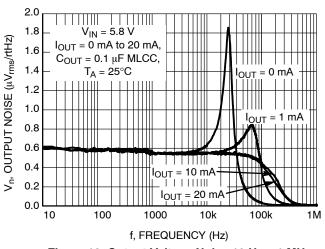


Figure 18. Output Voltage Noise 10 Hz – 1 MHz C_{OUT} = 0.1 μF

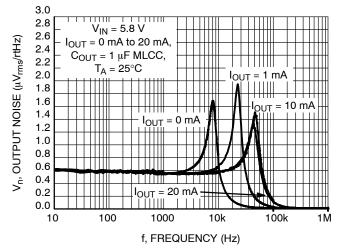


Figure 19. Output Voltage Noise 10 Hz – 1 MHz C_{OUT} = 1 μF

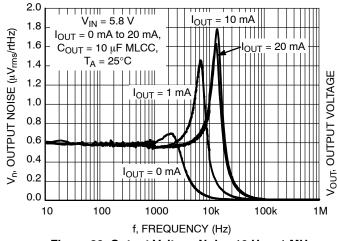


Figure 20. Output Voltage Noise 10 Hz – 1 MHz C_{OUT} = 10 μF

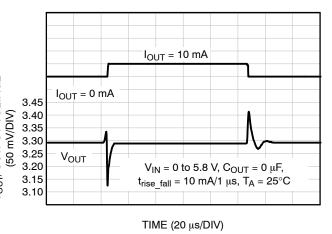
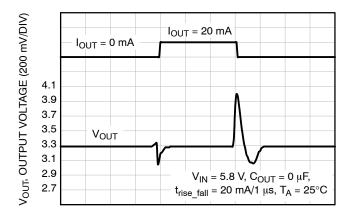


Figure 21. Load Transient Response 0 - 10 mA

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



V_{OUT}, OUTPUT VOLTAGE (100 mV/DIV) 3.4 3.3 2.2 Vout $C_{OUT} = 0 \mu F$ $C_{OUT} = 0.1 \mu F MLCC$ 3.4 3.3 3.2 Vout 3.4 3.3 3.2 C_{OUT} = 1 μF MLCC Vout 3.4 3.3 2.2 $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F MLCC$ Vout $V_{IN} = 5.8 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ $t_{rise_fall} = 10 \text{ mA/1 } \mu s$ I_{OUT} = 10 mA TIME (50 µs/DIV)

TIME (10 $\mu s/DIV$) Figure 22. Load Transient Response 0 – 20 mA

Figure 23. Load Transient Responses $C_{OUT} = 0$ - $4.7 \mu F$

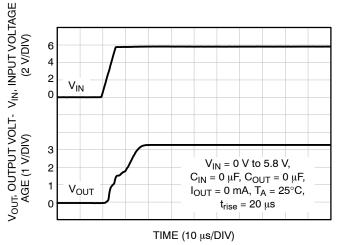


Figure 24. Turn-On

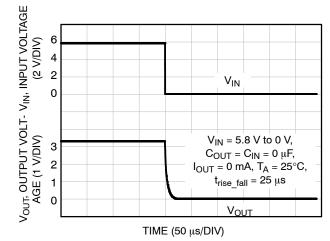


Figure 25. Turn-Off

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Input Decoupling Capacitor (CIN)

It is recommended to connect a 0.1 μF Ceramic capacitor between V_{IN} and GND pin of the device. This capacitor will provide a low impedance path for unwanted AC signals or noise present on the input voltage. The input capacitor will also limit the influence of input trace inductances and Power Supply resistance during sudden load current changes. Higher capacitances will improve the Power Supply Rejection Ratio and line transient response.

Output Decoupling Capacitor (COUT)

The NCP51460 was designed to be stable without an additional output capacitor. Without the output capacitor the V_{OUT} settling times during Reference Turn–on or Turn–off can be as short as 20 μs (Refer to Figure 24 and 25). The Load Transient Responses without C_{OUT} (Figure 21 and 22) show good stability of NCP51460 even for fast output current changes from 0 mA to full load. If smaller V_{OUT} deviations during load current changes are required, it is possible to add some external capacitance as shown on Figure 26.

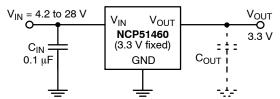


Figure 26. Output Capacitor Connection

The C_{OUT} will reduce the overshoot and undershoot but will increase the settling time and can introduce some ringing of the output voltage during fast load transients. NCP51460 behavior for different values of ceramic X7R output capacitors is depicted on Figure 23.

The Output Voltage ringing and settling times can be reduced by using some additional resistance in series with the Ceramic Capacitor or by using Tantalum or Aluminum Capacitors which have higher ESR values. Figure 27 below shows the Load Transient improvement after adding an additional 2 Ω series resistor to a 1 μ F Ceramics Capacitor.

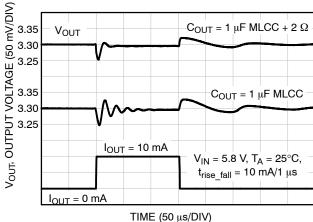
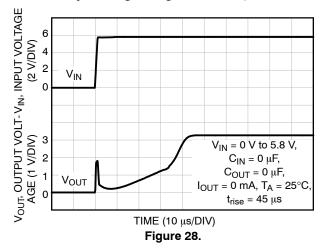


Figure 27.

The device was determined to be stable with Aluminum, Ceramic and Tantalum Capacitors with capacitances ranging from 0 to $100 \,\mu\text{F}$ at $T_A = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Turn-On Response

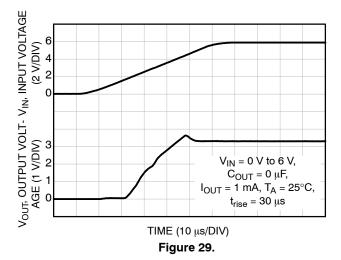
It is possible to achieve very fast Turn–On time when fast $V_{\rm IN}$ ramp is applied to NCP51460 input as shown on Figure 24. However if the Input Voltage change from 0 V to nominal Input Voltage is extremely fast, the Output Voltage settling time will increase. Figure 28 below shows this effect when the Input Voltage change is $5.8~V/2~\mu s$.



A 0.1 μF or larger input capacitor will help to decrease the dv/dt of the input voltage and improve stability during large load current changes.

During the Turn-On for certain conditions the output voltage can exhibit an overshoot. The amount of the overshoot strongly depends on application conditions i.e. input voltage level, slew rate, input and output capacitors, and output current. The maximum value of the overshoot isn't guaranteed for this device.

The figure below shows an example of the Turn-On overshoot.



Turn-Off Response

The Turn-Off response time is directly proportional to the output capacitor value and inversely proportional to the load value.

The NCP51460 device does not have any dedicated internal circuitry to discharge the output capacitor when the input voltage is turned-off or disconnected. This is why when large output capacitors are used and very small output current is drawn, it can take a considerable amount of time to discharge the capacitor. If short turn-off times are required, the output capacitor value should be minimized i.e. with no output capacitor a 20 µs turn-off time can be achieved.

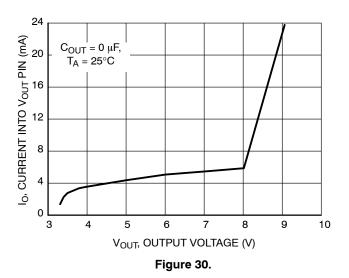
Protection Features

The NCP51460 device is equipped with reverse input voltage protection which will help to protect the device when Input voltage polarity is reversed. In this circumstance the Input current will be minimized to typically less than $0.1~\mu A$.

The short circuit protection will protect the device under the condition that the V_{OUT} is suddenly shorted to ground. The short circuit protection will work properly up to an Input Voltage of 27 V at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Depending on the PCB trace width and thickness, air flow and process spread this value

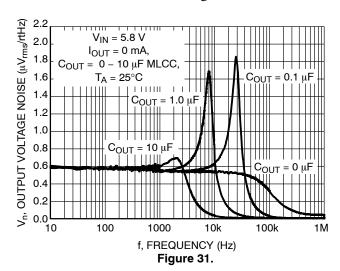
can be slightly different and should be confirmed in the end application.

No external voltage source should be connected directly to the V_{OUT} pin of NCP51460 regulator. If the external source forces the output voltage to be greater than the nominal output voltage level, the current will start to flow from the Voltage Source to the V_{OUT} pin. This current will increase with the Output Voltage applied and can cause damage to the device if $V_{OUT} > 10$ V Typ. at 25°C (Figure 30).



Output Noise

The NCP51460 Output Voltage Noise strongly depends on the output capacitor value and load value. This is caused by the fact that the bandwidth of the Reference is inversely proportional to the capacitor value and directly proportional to the output current. The Reference bandwidth directly determines the point where the output voltage noise starts to fall. This can be observed at the Figure 31 below.



The peaks which are visible on the noise spectrum are reflecting the stability of the NCP51460 device. In the comparison in Figure 31 it can be noticed that 0 μF and 10 μF cases represents the best stability.

Thermal Characteristics

As power dissipation in the NCP51460 increases, it may become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. The board material and the ambient temperature affect the rate of junction temperature rise for the part. The maximum power dissipation the NCP51460 can handle is given by:

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{MAX})} = \frac{[\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}(\mathsf{MAX})} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}]}{\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{\theta}\mathsf{J}\mathsf{A}}} \tag{eq. 1}$$

Since T_J is not recommended to exceed $100^{\circ}C$ ($T_{J(MAX)}$), then the NCP51460 can dissipate up to 305 mW when the ambient temperature (T_A) is 25°C.

The power dissipated by the NCP51460 can be calculated from the following equations:

$$P_D \approx V_{IN}(I_Q@I_{OUT}) + I_{OUT}(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$$
 (eq. 2)

or

$$V_{IN(MAX)} \approx \frac{P_{D(MAX)} + (V_{OUT} \cdot I_{OUT})}{I_{OUT} + I_{Q}}$$
 (eq. 3)

PCB Layout Recommendations

 $V_{\rm IN}$ and GND printed circuit board traces should be as wide as possible. When the impedance of these traces is high, there is a chance to pick up noise and cause the regulator to malfunction. Place external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the NCP51460, and make traces as short as possible.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Marking Code	Package	Shipping [†]
NCP51460SN33T1G	46A	SOT-23 (Pb-Free)	3,000 / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

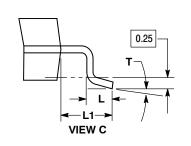


SOT-23 (TO-236) CASE 318-08 **ISSUE AS**

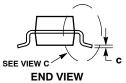
DATE 30 JAN 2018

SCALE 4:1 D - 3X b

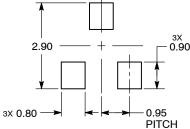
TOP VIEW







RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

3. ANODE

NOTES:

- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
 3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH.
 MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE BASE MATERIAL
- 4. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS.

	MILLIMETERS				INCHES	
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	0.89	1.00	1.11	0.035	0.039	0.044
A1	0.01	0.06	0.10	0.000	0.002	0.004
b	0.37	0.44	0.50	0.015	0.017	0.020
С	0.08	0.14	0.20	0.003	0.006	0.008
D	2.80	2.90	3.04	0.110	0.114	0.120
E	1.20	1.30	1.40	0.047	0.051	0.055
е	1.78	1.90	2.04	0.070	0.075	0.080
L	0.30	0.43	0.55	0.012	0.017	0.022
L1	0.35	0.54	0.69	0.014	0.021	0.027
HE	2.10	2.40	2.64	0.083	0.094	0.104
Т	O٥		100	O٥		10°

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXX = Specific Device Code

= Date Code

= Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " ■", may or may not be present.

STYLE 1 THRU 5: CANCELLED	STYLE 6: PIN 1. BASE 2. EMITTER 3. COLLECTOR	STYLE 7: PIN 1. EMITTER 2. BASE 3. COLLECTOR	STYLE 8: PIN 1. ANODE 2. NO CONNECTION 3. CATHODE	ı	
STYLE 9:	STYLE 10:	STYLE 11:	STYLE 12: PIN 1. CATHODE 2. CATHODE 3. ANODE	STYLE 13:	STYLE 14:
PIN 1. ANODE	PIN 1. DRAIN	PIN 1. ANODE		PIN 1. SOURCE	PIN 1. CATHODE
2. ANODE	2. SOURCE	2. CATHODE		2. DRAIN	2. GATE
3. CATHODE	3. GATE	3. CATHODE-ANODE		3. GATE	3. ANODE
STYLE 15:	STYLE 16:	STYLE 17:	STYLE 18:	STYLE 19:	STYLE 20:
PIN 1. GATE	PIN 1. ANODE	PIN 1. NO CONNECTION	PIN 1. NO CONNECTION	PIN 1. CATHODE	PIN 1. CATHODE
2. CATHODE	2. CATHODE	2. ANODE	2. CATHODE	2. ANODE	2. ANODE
3. ANODE	3. CATHODE	3. CATHODE	3. ANODE	3. CATHODE-ANODE	5. GATE
STYLE 21:	STYLE 22:	STYLE 23:	STYLE 24:	STYLE 25:	STYLE 26:
PIN 1. GATE	PIN 1. RETURN	PIN 1. ANODE	PIN 1. GATE	PIN 1. ANODE	PIN 1. CATHODE
2. SOURCE	2. OUTPUT	2. ANODE	2. DRAIN	2. CATHODE	2. ANODE
3. DRAIN	3. INPUT	3. CATHODE	3. SOURCE	3. GATE	3. NO CONNECTION
STYLE 27: PIN 1. CATHODE 2. CATHODE	STYLE 28: PIN 1. ANODE 2. ANODE				

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98ASB42226B Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed directly from Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped "CONTROLLED"			
DESCRIPTION:	SOT-23 (TO-236)		PAGE 1 OF 1

ON Semiconductor and (III) are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.

3. CATHODE

ON Semiconductor and the are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor and see no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:
Email Requests to: orderlit@onsemi.com

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

TECHNICAL SUPPORT North American Technical Support: Voice Mail: 1 800-282-9855 Toll Free USA/Canada Phone: 011 421 33 790 2910

Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support:

Phone: 00421 33 790 2910

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Voltage References category:

Click to view products by ON Semiconductor manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

REF01J/883 5962-8686103XC NCV431BVDMR2G LT6654AMPS6-2.048#TRMPBF SCV431AIDMR2G LT1019AIS8-2.5

LT6654AMPS6-3.3#TRM SC431ILPRAG AP432AQG-7 NJM2823F-TE1 TL431-A MCP1502T-18E/CHY MCP1502T-40E/CHY

TL431ACZ KA431SLMF2TF KA431SMF2TF KA431SMFTF LM4040QCEM3-3.0/NOPB LM4041C12ILPR LM4120AIM5-2.5/NOP

LM431SCCMFX TS3330AQPR REF5040MDREP LM285BXMX-1.2/NOPB LM385BM-2.5/NOPB LM4040AIM3-10.0 LM4040BIM3-4.1

LM4040CIM3-10.0 LM4040CIM3X-2.0/NOPB LM4041BSD-122GT3 LM4041QDIM3-ADJ/NO LM4050QAEM3X4.1/NOPB

LM4051BIM3-ADJ/NOPB LM4051CIM3X-1.2/NOPB LM4128CMF-1.8/NOPB LM4132DMF-1.8/NOPB LM4132EMF-1.8/NOPB

LM4132EMF-2.0/NOPB LM4140CCMX-1.2/NOPB LM431CIM LM385BD-2.5R2G LM385M-2.5/NOPB LM4030AMF-4.096/NOPB

LM4040D30ILPR LM4051CIM3X-ADJ/NOPB AP432YG-13 AS431ANTR-G1 AS431BZTR-E1 AN431AN-ATRG1 AP431IBNTR-G1