AN79Lxx/AN79LxxM Series

3-pin negative output voltage regulator (100 mA type)

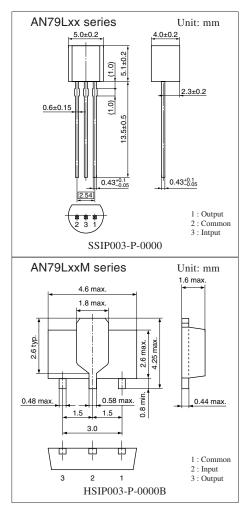
Overview

The AN79Lxx series and the AN79LxxM series are 3-pin, fixed negative output type monolithic voltage regulators.

Stabilized fixed output voltage is obtained from unstable DC input voltage without using any external components. 12 types of output voltage are available: -4V, -5V, -6V, -7V, -8V, -9V, -10V, -12V, -15V, -18V, -20Vand -24V. They can be used widely in power circuits with current capacity of up to 100mA.

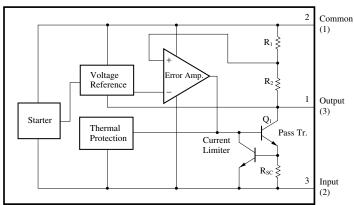
Features

- No external components
- Output voltage: -4V, -5V, -6V, -7V, -8V, -9V, -10V, -12V, -15V, -18V, -20V, -24V
- Built-in overcurrent limit circuit
- Built-in thermal overload protection circuit



Note) The packages (SSIP003-P-0000 and HSIP003-P-0000B) of this product will be changed to lead-free type (SSIP003-P-0000S and HSIP003-P-0000Q). See the new package dimensions section later of this datasheet.

■ Block Diagram (AN79Lxx series)



Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input voltage		V	-35 *1	V
		V_{I}	-40 *2	V
Power dissipation		PD	650 *3	mW
Operating ambient temp	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to +80	°C
Store on town motions	AN79Lxx series	т	-55 to +150	°C
Storage temperature	AN79LxxM series	T _{stg}	-55 to +125	

*1 AN79L04, AN79L05/M, AN79L06, AN79L07/M, AN79L08/M, AN79L09/M, AN79L10/M, AN79L12/M, AN79L15/M, AN79L18

*2 AN79L20, AN79L24

*3 Follow the derating curve. When T_j exceeds 150°C, the internal circuit cuts off the output. AN79LxxM series is mounted on a standard board (glass epoxy: 20mm × 20mm × t1.7mm with Cu foil of 1cm² or more).

■ Electrical Characteristics at T_a = 25°C

• AN79L04 (-4V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-3.84	-4	-4.16	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -7$ to $-19V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-3.8		-4.2	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_{I} = -6$ to $-20V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		—	80	mV
	KEOIN	$V_{I} = -7$ to $-17V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		—	40	mV
Load regulation	DEC	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		10	60 30	mV
	REGL	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		4.5	30	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_1 = -7$ to $-19V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1 \text{ to } 40 \text{mA}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		38		μν
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_{I} = -7$ to $-17V$, f = 120Hz, $T_{a} = 25^{\circ}C$	55			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	$V_{\text{DIF}(\text{min})}$	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		V
Output short-circuit current	$I_{O(Short)}$	$V_I = -35V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		- 0.4		mV/°C

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -9V$, $I_O = 40mA$, $C_I = 2\mu F$, $C_O = 1\mu F$, $T_j = 0$ to $125^{\circ}C$

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ (continued)

• AN79L05, AN79L05M (-5V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-4.8	-5	-5.2	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -8$ to $-20V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-4.75		-5.25	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_I = -7$ to $-21V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			100	mV
Line regulation	KLOIN	$V_{I} = -8$ to $-18V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			50	mV
Load manufaction	REG	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		11	60	mV
Load regulation	KEUL	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		5	30	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -8$ to $-20V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		40		μν
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_I = -8$ to $-18V$, $f = 120Hz$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$	55			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	$V_{\text{DIF}(\text{min})}$	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		V
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_I = -35V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		- 0.4		mV/°C

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -10V$, $I_O = 40$ mA, $C_I = 2\mu$ F, $C_O = 1\mu$ F, $T_j = 0$ to 125° C (AN79L05) and $T_j = 0$ to 100° C (AN79L05M)

• AN79L06 (-6V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-5.76	-6	-6.24	v
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -9$ to $-21V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-5.7		-6.3	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_I = -8$ to $-22V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			120	mV
Life regulation	KLOIN	$V_{I} = -9$ to $-19V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			60	mV
Load regulation	DEC	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		12	60	mV
	REGL	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		5.5	30	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -9$ to $-21V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to $100kHz$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		44		μν
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_{I} = -9$ to $-19V$, f = 120Hz, $T_{a} = 25^{\circ}C$	55			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		v
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_{I} = -35V, T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		- 0.4		mV/°C

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_1 = -11V$, $I_0 = 40mA$, $C_1 = 2\mu F$, $C_0 = 1\mu F$, $T_j = 0$ to $125^{\circ}C$

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ (continued)

• AN79L07, AN79L07M (-7V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-6.72	-7	-7.28	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -10$ to $-22V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-6.65	—	-7.35	V
Line regulation	REG _{IN}	$V_{I} = -9$ to $-23V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		—	140	mV
Line regulation	KLOIN	$V_{I} = -10$ to $-20V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			70	mV
Load regulation	DEC	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		13	70	mV
Load regulation	REGL	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		6	40	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	_	3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -10$ to $-22V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V_{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		48		μν
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_{I} = -10$ to $-20V$, $f = 120Hz$, $T_{a} = 25^{\circ}C$	54			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	$V_{\text{DIF}(\text{min})}$	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		v
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_I = -35V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		- 0.5		mV/°C

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -12V$, $I_0 = 40$ mA, $C_I = 2\mu$ F, $C_0 = 1\mu$ F, $T_j = 0$ to 125° C (AN79L07) and $T_j = 0$ to 100° C (AN79L07M)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-7.68	-8	-8.32	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_I = -11$ to $-23V$, $I_O = 1$ to $70mA$	-7.6		-8.4	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_{\rm I}{=}{-}10$ to ${-}24V,T_{\rm j}{=}25^\circ C$			160	mV
Line regulation	KLOIN	$V_I = -11$ to $-21V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		_	80	mV
I and manufaction	DEC	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		15	80	mV
Load regulation	REGL	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		7	40	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_I = -11$ to $-23V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	—	—	0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		—	0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		52		μV
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_I = -11$ to $-21V$, $f = 120Hz$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$	54			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		V
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_I = -35V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA, T_j = 0 \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$		- 0.6		mV/°C

AN79L08, AN79L08M (-8V type)

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -14V$, $I_0 = 40$ mA, $\tilde{C}_I = 2\mu$ F, $C_0 = 1\mu$ F, $\tilde{T}_j = 0$ to 125°C (AN79L08) and $T_j = 0$ to 100°C (AN79L08M)

• AN79L09, AN79L09M (-9V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-8.64	-9	-9.36	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -12$ to $-24V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-8.55		-9.45	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_I = -11$ to $-25V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			160	mV
Line regulation	KLOIN	$V_{I} = -12$ to $-22V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			80	mV
L and manylation	REG	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		16	90	mV
Load regulation	KEUL	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		8	50	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -12$ to $-24V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1 \text{ to } 40 \text{mA}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		58		μν
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_{I} = -12$ to $-22V$, $f = 120Hz$, $T_{a} = 25^{\circ}C$	53			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		V
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_I = -35V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA, T_j = 0 \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$		- 0.6		mV/°C

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -15V$, $I_0 = 40$ mA, $C_I = 2\mu$ F, $C_0 = 1\mu$ F, $T_j = 0$ to 125° C (AN79L09) and $T_j = 0$ to 100° C (AN79L09M)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-9.6	-10	-10.4	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_I = -13$ to $-25V$, $I_O = 1$ to $70mA$	-9.5	—	-10.5	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_I = -12$ to $-26V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		—	160	mV
Line regulation	KEOIN	$V_{I} = -13$ to $-23V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		—	80	mV
Load regulation	DEC	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		17	100	mV
Load regulation	REGL	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		9	50	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_I = -13$ to $-25V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		—	0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V_{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		65	—	μV
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_{I} = -13$ to $-23V$, $f = 120Hz$, $T_{a} = 25^{\circ}C$	53			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		V
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_I = -35V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		- 0.7		mV/°C

AN79L10, AN79L10M (-10V type)

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -16V$, $I_0 = 40$ mA, $\tilde{C}_I = 2\mu$ F, $C_0 = 1\mu$ F, $\tilde{T}_j = 0$ to 125° C (AN79L10) and $T_j = 0$ to 100° C (AN79L10M)

• AN79L12, AN79L12M (-12V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-11.5	-12	-12.5	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -15$ to $-27V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-11.4		-12.6	V
Line regulation	REG _{IN}	$V_I = -14.5$ to $-30V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			200	mV
Line regulation	KEOIN	$V_{I} = -15$ to $-25V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			100	mV
Load monutation	REG	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		20	100	mV
Load regulation	KEUL	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		10	50	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -15$ to $-27V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		75		μν
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_I = -15$ to $-25V$, $f = 120Hz$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$	52			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		v
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_I = -35V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		- 0.8		mV/°C

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -19V$, $I_0 = 40$ mA, $C_I = 2\mu$ F, $C_0 = 1\mu$ F, $T_j = 0$ to 125° C (AN79L12) and $T_j = 0$ to 100° C (AN79L12M)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-14.4	-15	-15.6	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{\rm I} = -18$ to $-28V$, $I_{\rm O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-14.25		-15.75	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_I = -17.5$ to $-33V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			200	mV
Line regulation	KLO _{IN}	$V_I = -18$ to $-28V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			100	mV
Load manufaction	DEC	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		25	130	mV
Load regulation	REG _L	$I_0 = 1 \text{ to } 40 \text{mA}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	_	12	60	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -18$ to $-30V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		90		μν
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_I = -18$ to $-28V$, $f = 120Hz$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$	51			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		v
Output short-circuit current	$I_{O(Short)}$	$V_{I} = -35V, T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		- 0.9	—	mV/°C

• AN79L15, AN79L15M (-15V type)

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -23V$, $I_0 = 40$ mA, $C_I = 2\mu$ F, $C_0 = 1\mu$ F, $T_j = 0$ to 125° C (AN79L15) and $T_j = 0$ to 100° C (AN79L15M)

• AN79L18 (-18V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-17.3	-18	-18.7	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -21$ to $-33V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-17.1	—	-18.9	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_I = -21$ to $-33V$, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			200	mV
Line regulation	KLOIN	$V_{I} = -21$ to $-32V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			100	mV
Load regulation	REG	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		30	160	mV
Load regulation	KEUL	$I_0 = 1 \text{ to } 40 \text{mA}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		15	80	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -21$ to $-33V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1 \text{ to } 40 \text{mA}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		110		μV
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_{I} = -22$ to $-32V$, f = 120Hz, $T_{a} = 25^{\circ}C$	50			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		v
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_{I} = -35V, T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		-1		mV/°C

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -27V$, $I_O = 40mA$, $C_I = 2\mu F$, $C_O = 1\mu F$, $T_j = 0$ to $125^{\circ}C$

• AN79L20 (-20V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-19.2	-20	-20.8	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -23$ to $-35V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-19		-21	V
Line regulation	REGIN	$V_{I} = -23$ to $-35V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			200	mV
	KEUIN	$V_{I} = -24$ to $-34V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			100	mV
Load monitor	DEC	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		35	180	mV
Load regulation	REGL	$I_0 = 1 \text{ to } 40 \text{mA}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		17	90	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -23$ to $-35V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1$ to 40mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		135		μV
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_1 = -24$ to $-34V$, f = 120Hz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$	49			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		V
Output short-circuit current	$I_{O(Short)}$	$V_I = -35V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		-1	_	mV/°C

Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_1 = -29V$, $I_0 = 40mA$, $C_1 = 2\mu F$, $C_0 = 1\mu F$, $T_j = 0$ to $125^{\circ}C$

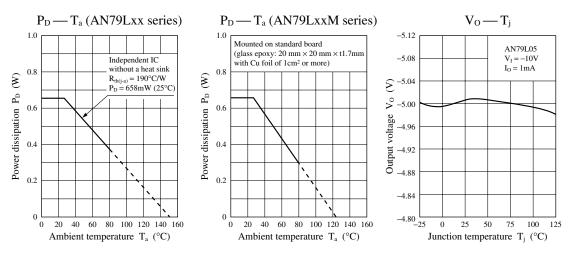
• AN79L24 (-24V type)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	Vo	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-23	-24	-25	V
Output voltage tolerance	Vo	$V_{I} = -27$ to $-38V$, $I_{O} = 1$ to $70mA$	-22.8	—	-25.2	V
Line regulation	REG _{IN}	$V_{I} = -27$ to $-38V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		—	200	mV
		$V_{I} = -27$ to $-37V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			100	mV
Load regulation	REGL	$I_0 = 1$ to 100mA, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		40	200	mV
		$I_0 = 1 \text{ to } 40 \text{mA}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		20	100	mV
Bias current	I _{Bias}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		3	5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to input	$\Delta I_{Bias(IN)}$	$V_{I} = -27$ to $-38V$, $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	mA
Bias current fluctuation to load	$\Delta I_{Bias(L)}$	$I_0 = 1 \text{ to } 40 \text{mA}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.1	mA
Output noise voltage	V _{no}	$f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		170		μν
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_I = -28$ to $-38V$, f = 120Hz, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$	49			dB
Minimum input/output voltage difference	V _{DIF(min)}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		v
Output short-circuit current	I _{O(Short)}	$V_{I} = -35V, T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$		200		mA
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_0/T_a$	$I_0 = 5mA$		-1		mV/°C

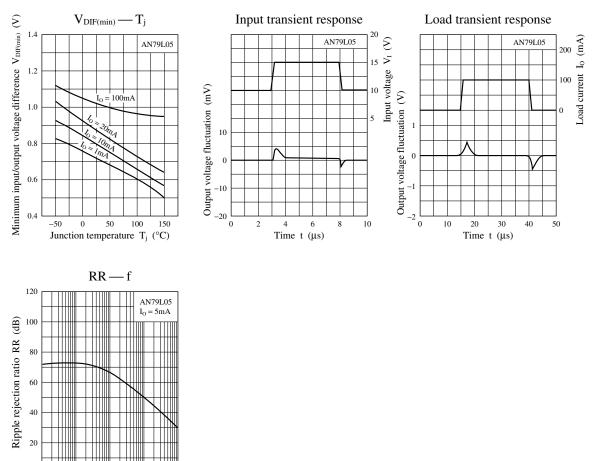
Note 1) The specified condition $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ means that the test should be carried out within so short a test time (within 10ms) that the characteristic value drift due to the chip junction temperature rise can be ignored.

Note 2) Unless otherwise specified, $V_I = -33V$, $I_O = 40mA$, $C_I = 2\mu F$, $C_O = 1\mu F$, $T_j = 0$ to $125^{\circ}C$

Main Characteristics



Main Characteristics (continued)



Basic Regulator Circuit

100

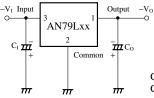
1k

Frequency f (Hz)

10k

100k

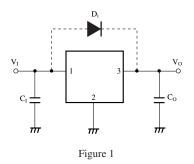
0 L 10



Connect C_I of $2\mu F$ when the input line is long. C_0 improves the transient response. $1\mu F$

Usage Notes

1. Cautions for a basic circuit



- C_I : When a wiring from a smoothing circuit to a three-pin regulator is long, it is likely to oscillate at output. A capacitor of $0.1\mu F$ to $0.47\mu F$ should be connected near an input pin.
- C_0 : Deadly needed to prevent from oscillation (0.33µF to 1.0µF). It is recommended to use a capacitor of a small internal impedance (ex. tantalum capacitor) when using it under a low temperature.

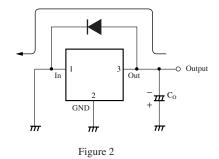
When any sudden change of load current is likely to occur, connect an electrolytic capacitor of 10μ F to 100μ F to improve a transitional response of output voltage.

D_i: Normally unnecessary. But add it in the case that there is a residual voltage at the output capacitor Co even after switching off the supply power because a current is likely to flow into an output pin of the IC and damage the IC.

2. Other caution items

1) Short-circuit between the input pin and GND pin

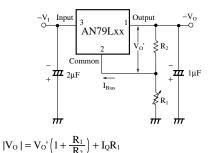
If the input pin is short-circuitted to GND or is cut off when a large capacitance capacitor has been connected to the IC's load, a voltage of a capacitor connected to an output pin is applied between input/output of the IC and this likely results in damage of the IC. It is necessary, therefore, to connect a diode, as shown in figure 2, to counter the reverse bias between input/output pins.

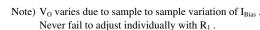


2) Floating of GND pin

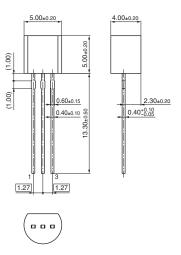
If a GND pin is made floating in an operating mode, an unstabilized input voltage is outputted. In this case, a thermal protection circuit inside the IC does not normally operate. In this state, if the load is short-circuited or overloaded, it is likely to damage the IC.

Application Circuit Example

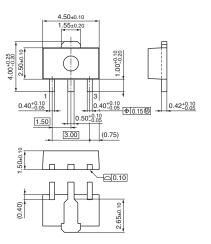




- New Package Dimensions (Unit: mm)
- SSIP003-P-0000S (Lead-free package)



• HSIP003-P-0000Q (Lead-free package)



Request for your special attention and precautions in using the technical information and semiconductors described in this material

- (1) An export permit needs to be obtained from the competent authorities of the Japanese Government if any of the products or technical information described in this material and controlled under the "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law" is to be exported or taken out of Japan.
- (2) The technical information described in this material is limited to showing representative characteristics and applied circuits examples of the products. It neither warrants non-infringement of intellectual property right or any other rights owned by our company or a third party, nor grants any license.
- (3) We are not liable for the infringement of rights owned by a third party arising out of the use of the technical information as described in this material.
- (4) The products described in this material are intended to be used for standard applications or general electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measuring instruments and household appliances).

Consult our sales staff in advance for information on the following applications:

- Special applications (such as for airplanes, aerospace, automobiles, traffic control equipment, combustion equipment, life support systems and safety devices) in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, or if the failure or malfunction of the products may directly jeopardize life or harm the human body.
- Any applications other than the standard applications intended.
- (5) The products and product specifications described in this material are subject to change without notice for modification and/or improvement. At the final stage of your design, purchasing, or use of the products, therefore, ask for the most up-to-date Product Standards in advance to make sure that the latest specifications satisfy your requirements.
- (6) When designing your equipment, comply with the guaranteed values, in particular those of maximum rating, the range of operating power supply voltage, and heat radiation characteristics. Otherwise, we will not be liable for any defect which may arise later in your equipment. Even when the products are used within the guaranteed values, take into the consideration of incidence of break down and failure mode, possible to occur to semiconductor products. Measures on the systems such as redundant design, arresting the spread of fire or preventing glitch are recommended in order to prevent physical injury, fire, social damages, for example, by using the products.
- (7) When using products for which damp-proof packing is required, observe the conditions (including shelf life and amount of time let standing of unsealed items) agreed upon when specification sheets are individually exchanged.
- (8) This material may be not reprinted or reproduced whether wholly or partially, without the prior written permission of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for panasonic manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

ECE-A1HKAR47 ELC-09D151F HC2-H-DC48V-F HL2-HP-AC120V-F HL2-H-DC12V-F HL2-HP-DC12V-F HL2-HP-DC6V-F HL2-HP-DC24V-F HL2-H-DC110V-F HC4-H-DC24V HL2-HTM-DC24V-F HL2-HTM-AC24V-F HC4-H-AC24V HC4-H-AC120V HC4-H-DC12V AZH2031 RP-SDMF64DA1 EVM-F6SA00B55 RP-SMLE08DA1 ERZ-V20R391 ELL-ATV681M ERZ-V05V680CB LT4H-DC24V LT4HL8-AC24V LT4HW-AC24V LT4HWT8-AC240V LT4HWT-AC240VS CY-122A-P ETQ-P5M470YFM EVAL_PAN1555 EVQ-PAE04M EX-14B EX-22B-PN EX-31A-C5 EXB-24N121JX EX-F72-PN EX-L211 EYG-A121803V FCR-M50-AC208V FC-SFBH-20 FC-SFBH-24 FD-F8Y MHMA102A1C MHMD022S1S MHMD041S1S MHMD042G1T MHMD082G1T FD-S9 FP0-LDR FP2-AD8X