# anasonīc

# **Automation Controls Catalog**



mm inch



**RoHS compliant** 

# FEATURES

### 1. High capacity type power PhotoMOS.

Can switch a wide range of currents and voltages. Can control various types of loads, from very small loads to a max. 10 A DC current for sequencers, motors, and lamps.

Max. high capacity 10A

in a slim SIL package

### 2. Low on-resistance and high sensitivity.

Low on-resistance of less than typ. 8 m $\Omega$ (AQZ192). High sensitivity LED operate current of typ. 0.7 mA.

### 3. 4-pin SIL type

(Thickness: Max. 4.5 mm .177 inch) (L) 24.5 mm  $\times$  (W) 4.5 mm  $\times$  (H) 20.5 mm (L) .965 inch × (W) .177 inch × (H) .807 inch.

### 4. Low-level off state leakage current of max. 10 µA

5. Controls low-level analog signals The triac, photocoupler, or SSR cannot be used to control signals of less than several hundred mV. The high capacity type power PhotoMOS feature extremely low closed-circuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.

Photo MOS<sup>®</sup> Power 1 Form A DC High Capacity (AQZ19O)

# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- · Photovoltaic power generation system
- Battery system
- Measuring instruments
- · Power supply unit
- Industrial machines

# TYPES

	Output rating*		Deelvage	Part No.	Packing quantity	
	Load voltage	Load current	Package	Part No.	Inner carton	Outer carton
DC anh	60 V	10 A	SIL4-pin	AQZ192	20 pcs	500 pcs
DC only	200 V	5 A		AQZ197		

Note: Please refer to the cautions for use regarding the recommended operation load voltage. \*Load voltage and load current of DC type: DC

# RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

	Item	Symbol	AQZ192	AQZ197	Remarks
	LED forward current	IF	50 mA		
Input	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V		
	Peak forward current	IFP	IFP 1 A		f = 100Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW		
Output	Load voltage (DC)	VL	60 V	200 V	
	Continuous load current (DC)	IL I	10 A	5 A	
	Peak load current	Ipeak	30 A	15 A	100 ms (1shot), VL = DC
	Power dissipation	Pout	2.0 W		
Total power dissipation		Рт	2.0 W		
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	3,000 V AC		
Temperature limits	Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F		Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	Tstg	Tstg -40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F		

# Power 1 Form A DC High Capacity (AQZ19)

Item			Symbol	AQZ192	AQZ197	Remarks	
	LED operate current	Typical		0.7 mA		LL = 100 mA VL = 10 V	
	LED operate current	Maximum	IFon	3.0 mA			
	LED turn off current	Minimum	Foff	0.2 mA			
Input		Typical	IFoff	0.5 mA			
	LED dropout voltage	Typical	V <sub>F</sub>	1.35 V (1.17 V at I⊧ = 10 mA)		—— I⊧ = 50 mA	
	LED dropout voltage	Maximum	VF	1.5 V			
Output	On resistance	Typical	- Ron -	8 mΩ	31 mΩ	I⊧ = 10 mA, I∟ = Max.	
		Maximum	Filon	15 mΩ	50 mΩ	Within 1 s on time	
	Off state leakage current	Maximum	Leak	10 µA		$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_L = Max.$	
Т	Turn on time*	Typical	- Ton -	1.0 ms	0.7 ms	I⊧ = 10 mA, I∟ = 100 mA, V∟ = 10	
		Maximum	Ion	3.0 ms			
	Turn off time*	Typical	- Toff	0.11 ms	0.05 ms	I⊧ = 10 mA, I∟ = 100 mA, V∟ = 10	
Transfer characteristics		Maximum		1.0 ms			
	I/O capacitance	Typical	Ciso	1.3 pF		f = 1 MHz, V <sub>B</sub> = 0 V	
		Maximum	Ciso	3.0 pF			
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 MΩ		500 V DC	
	Maximum operating frequency	Maximum	_	0.5 cps		$\label{eq:IF} \begin{array}{l} I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, \text{ Duty factor} = 50\%, \\ V_L = Max., \ I_L = Max. \end{array}$	

Note: Please refer to the "Schematic and Wiring Diagrams" for connection method.





# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit	
Input LED current	lF	10	mA	

■ These products are not designed for automotive use.

If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

# **REFERENCE DATA**

1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C  $-40^\circ\text{F}$  to +185°F



2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics in adjacent mounting Sample: All types

I∟: Load current;

IL (max.): Maximum continuous load current



3. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 10 mA;





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# 4. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



5. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



6. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Sample: All types Load voltage: 10 V (DC);



7. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Sample: All types

Load voltage: 10 V (DC);





8. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics Sample: All types LED current: 5 to 50 mA



9. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



10. Leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics Ambient temperature: 25°C  $77^\circ\text{F}$ 



11. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics Load voltage: 10 V (DC);

Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



12. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics Load voltage: 10 V (DC);

Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



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# Power 1 Form A DC High Capacity (AQZ19)

13. Maximum operating frequency vs. load voltage/current characteristics Sample: All types; LED current: 10 mA; Ambient temperature: 25°C 7 V∟: Load voltage, V∟ (Max.): Max. rated load voltage IL: Load current, IL (Max.): Max. rated continuous load current



14. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



External dimensions

# **DIMENSIONS** (mm inch) CAD Data



The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/



General tolerance: ±0.2 ±.008

Do not touch the recharging unit while

the power is on. There is a danger of

Be sure to turn off the power when

performing mounting, maintenance, or

repair operations on the device (including

electrical shock.

# **CAUTIONS FOR USE**

# SAFETY WARNINGS

 Do not use the product under conditions that exceed the range of its specifications. It may cause overheating, smoke, or fire.

#### connecting parts such as the terminal board and socket). 1. Applying stress that exceeds the 2. Derating design Also, if there is the possibility that the Derating is essential in any reliable inferior quality of this product could absolute maximum rating design and is a significant factor for If the voltage or current value for any of possibility cause great adverse affect on human life or physical property we the terminals exceeds the absolute product life. maximum rating, internal elements will Even if the conditions of use recommend that, from the perspective of (temperature, current, voltage, etc.) of the a manufacturer's liability, sufficient deteriorate because of the overvoltage or overcurrent. In extreme cases, wiring product fall within the absolute maximum amount of derating to be added to the may melt, or silicon P/N junctions may be ratings, reliability can be reduced maximum rating value and implement destroyed. remarkably when continually used under safety measures such as fail-safe circuit. Therefore, the circuit should be designed high load (high temperature, high in such a way that the load never exceed humidity, high current, high voltage, etc.). the absolute maximum ratings, even Therefore, please derate sufficiently momentarily. below the absolute maximum rating and verify operation of the actual design before use.

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· Check the connection diagrams in the

catalog and be sure to connect the

Erroneous connections could lead to

unexpected operating errors, overheat-

terminals correctly.

ing, or fire.

# 3. Short across terminals

Do not short circuit between I/O terminals when device is energized, since there is possibility of breaking of the internal IC.

# 4. Surge voltages at the input

If reverse surge voltages are present at the input terminals, connect a diode in reverse parallel across the input terminals and keep the reverse voltages below the reverse breakdown voltage. Power type



### 5. LED current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Please keep the LED current to within the

range given below.



# 6. Ripple in the input power supply

If ripple is present in the input power supply, observe the following:

1) Please maintain the LED current at 10 mA for  $E_{min}$ .

2) Please make sure for  $E_{max.}$  is no higher the LED current at than 50 mA.



# 7. Spike voltages at the output

1) If an inductive load generates spike voltages which exceed the absolute maximum rating, the spike voltage must be limited.

### Power type



2) Even if spike voltages generated at the load are limited with a clamp diode or snubber circuit if the circuit wires are long, spike voltages will occur by inductance. Keep wires as short as possible to minimize inductance.

# 8. Cleaning solvents compatibility

We recommend cleaning with an organic solvent. If you cannot avoid using ultrasonic cleansing, please ensure that the following conditions are met, and check beforehand for defects.

- Frequency: 27 to 29 kHz
- Ultrasonic output: No greater than 0.25W/cm<sup>2</sup> (Note)
- Cleaning time: No longer than 30 seconds
- Cleanser used: Asahiklin AK-225
- Other: Submerge in solvent in order to prevent the PC board and elements from being contacted directly by the ultrasonic vibrations.
- Note: Applies to unit area ultrasonic output for ultrasonic baths.

# 9. Notes for mounting

 If many different packages are combined on a single substrate, then lead temperature rise is highly dependent on package size. For this reason, please make sure that the temperature of the terminal solder area of the PhotoMOS® falls within the temperature conditions "10. Soldering" before mounting.
 If the mounting conditions exceed the recommended solder conditions, resin strength will fall and the nonconformity of

the heat expansion coefficient of each constituent material will increase markedly, possibly causing cracks in the package, severed bonding wires, and the like. For this reason, please inquire with us about whether this use is possible.

### 10. Soldering

When soldering PC board terminals, keep soldering time to within 10 seconds at 260°C 500°F.

• When using lead-free solder, we recommend a type with an alloy composition of Sn 3.0 Ag 0.5 Cu. Please inquire about soldering conditions and other details.

# 11. Packing format for relay

Tube packaging The relays are packaged in a tube so that

pin No. 1 is on the stopper B side. Observe correct orientation when mounting them on PC boards. (Power type)

St	opper B	Stopper A			
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Î ÎV VÎV			

### 12. Transportation and storage

1) Extreme vibration during transport will warp the lead or damage the device. Handle the outer and inner cartons with care.

2) Storage under extreme conditions will cause soldering degradation, external appearance defects, and deterioration of the characteristics. The following storage conditions are recommended:

- Temperature: 0 to 45°C 32 to 113°F
- Humidity: Less than 70% R.H.

• Atmosphere: No harmful gasses such as sulfurous acid gas, minimal dust.

# 13. Input LED current (Standard power type)

For rising and dropping ratio (di/dt) of input LED current, maintain min. 100  $\mu\text{A/s}.$ 

### 14. Adjacent mounting (Power type)

1) When relays are mounted close together with the heat-generated devices, ambient temperature may rise abnormally. Mounting layout and ventilation of power type should be considered.

2) When many power type relays are mounted close together, load current should be reduced. (Refer to the date of "Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics in adjacent mounting.")

### 15. Recommended load voltage

As a guide in selecting PhotoMOS®, please refer to the following table.

David Na	Absolute rati	maximum ngs	Recommended	
Part No.	Load voltage	Load current	load voltage	
AQZ192	60 V DC	10 A DC	5, 12, 24 V DC	
AQZ197	200 V DC	5 A DC	100 V DC	

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