## 2a2b/3a1b/4a 4A polarized power relays

## S RELAYS

2. Strong resistance to vibration and shock
Use of 4G-BA technology realizes strong resistance to vibration and shock.
3. High reliability and long life

Our application of 4G-BA technology, along with almost perfectly complete twin contact, ensures minimal contact bounce and high reliability.
4. Ability to provide wide-ranging control
Use of 4G-BA technology with goldclad silver alloy contacts in a twin contact structure enables control across a broad range from microcurrents of $100 \mu \mathrm{~A} 100 \mathrm{mV}$ DC to 4 A 250 V AC.
5. Latching types available With 4G-BA technology, as well as single side stable types, convenient 2 coil latching types for circuit memory applications are also available.
6. Wide variety of contact formations available
The compact size of the $4 \mathrm{G}-\mathrm{BA}$ mechanism enables the provision of many kinds of package, including $2 a 2 b, 3 a 1 b$, and $4 a$. These meet your needs across a broad range of applications.
7. Low thermal electromotive force High sensitivity (low power consumption) is realized by 4G-BA technology. Separation of the coil and spring sections has resulted in a relay with extremely low levels of thermal electromotive force (approx. $3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ ).
8. DIL terminal array

Deployed to fit a 2.54 mm .100 inch grid, the terminals are presented in DIL arrays which match the printed circuit board terminal patterns commonly in international use.
9. Relays that push the boundaries of relay efficiency
High-density S relays take you close to the limits of relay efficiency.
10. Sockets are available.

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Telecommunications equipment, data processing equipment, facsimiles, alarm equipment, measuring equipment.

## FEATURES

1. Compact with high sensitivity The high-efficiency polarized electromagnetic circuits of the 4-gap balanced armature and our exclusive spring alignment method achieves, with high-sensitivity in a small package, a relay that can be directly controlled by a driver chip.

Panasonic Corporation, provides a highly efficient polarized magnetic circuit structure that is both highly sensitive and has a small form factor. Moreover, suitability for provision with many types of contact array and other advantages promise to make it possible to provide many of the various characteristics that are coming to be demanded of relays.

## HOW IT WORKS (single side stable type)


#### Abstract

1) When current is passed through the coil, the yoke becomes magnetic and polarized. 2) At either pole of the armature, repulsion on one side and attraction on the other side is caused by the interaction of the poles and the permanent magnets of the armature. 3) At this time, opening and closing operates owing to the action of the simultaneously moulded balanced armature mechanism, so that when the force of the contact breaker spring closes the contact on one side, on the other side, the balanced armature opens the contact (2a2b).




ORDERING INFORMATION

Contact arrangement
2: 2 Form A 2 Form B
3: 3 Form A 1 Form B
4: 4 Form A
Operating function
Nil: Single side stable
L: 1 coil latching ${ }^{*}$
L2: 2 coil latching
Nominal coil voltage (DC)
$3,5,6,12,24,48 \mathrm{~V}$
Note: *1 coil latching type are manufactured by lot upon receipt of order.

## TYPES

| Contact arrangement | Nominal coil voltage | Single side stable | 2 coil latching |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Part No. | Part No. |
| 2 Form A 2 Form B | 3V DC | S2EB-3V | S2EB-L2-3V |
|  | 5 V DC | S2EB-5V | S2EB-L2-5V |
|  | 6 V DC | S2EB-6V | S2EB-L2-6V |
|  | 12 V DC | S2EB-12V | S2EB-L2-12V |
|  | 24V DC | S2EB-24V | S2EB-L2-24V |
|  | 48 V DC | S2EB-48V | S2EB-L2-48V |
| 3 Form A 1 Form B | 3 V DC | S3EB-3V | S3EB-L2-3V |
|  | 5 V DC | S3EB-5V | S3EB-L2-5V |
|  | 6 V DC | S3EB-6V | S3EB-L2-6V |
|  | 12 V DC | S3EB-12V | S3EB-L2-12V |
|  | 24V DC | S3EB-24V | S3EB-L2-24V |
|  | 48V DC | S3EB-48V | S3EB-L2-48V |
| 4 Form A | 3V DC | S4EB-3V | S4EB-L2-3V |
|  | 5V DC | S4EB-5V | S4EB-L2-5V |
|  | 6 V DC | S4EB-6V | S4EB-L2-6V |
|  | 12 V DC | S4EB-12V | S4EB-L2-12V |
|  | 24V DC | S4EB-24V | S4EB-L2-24V |
|  | 48V DC | S4EB-48V | S4EB-L2-48V |

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

* Sockets available.


## RATING

## 1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

| Type | Nominal coil voltage | Pick-up voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Drop-out voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Nominal operating current [ $\pm 10 \%$ ] (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coil resistance } \\ & \text { [ } \pm 10 \%] \\ & \text { (at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Nominal operating power | Max. applied voltage (at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard | 3V DC | $70 \% \mathrm{~V}$ or less of nominal voltage (Initial) | $10 \% \mathrm{~V}$ or more of nominal voltage (Initial) | 66.7 mA | $45 \Omega$ | 200 mW | 5.5 V DC |
|  | 5V DC |  |  | 38.5 mA | $130 \Omega$ | 192 mW | 9.0 V DC |
|  | 6V DC |  |  | 33.3 mA | $180 \Omega$ | 200 mW | 11.0 V DC |
|  | 12V DC |  |  | 16.7 mA | $720 \Omega$ | 200 mW | 22.0 V DC |
|  | 24V DC |  |  | 8.4 mA | 2,850 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 202mW | 44.0 V DC |
|  | 48V DC |  |  | 5.6 mA | 8,500 $\Omega$ | 271 mW | 75.0V DC |

## 2) 2 coil latching

| Type | Nominal coil voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Set voltage } \\ & \text { (at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Reset voltage (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Nominal operating current [ $\pm 10 \%$ ] (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coil resistance }[ \pm 10 \%] \\ & \text { (at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Nominal operating power (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max. applied } \\ \text { voltage } \\ \text { (at } 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 104^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Set coil | Reset coil | Set coil | Reset coil | Set coil | Reset coil |  |
| Standard | 3V DC | $70 \% \mathrm{~V}$ or less of nominal voltage (Initial) | $70 \% \mathrm{~V}$ or less of nominal voltage (Initial) | 66.7 mA | 66.7 mA | $45 \Omega$ | $45 \Omega$ | 200 mW | 200 mW | 5.5V DC |
|  | 5V DC |  |  | 38.5 mA | 38.5 mA | $130 \Omega$ | $130 \Omega$ | 192mW | 192mW | 9.0 V DC |
|  | 6V DC |  |  | 33.7 mA | 33.7 mA | $180 \Omega$ | $180 \Omega$ | 200 mW | 200 mW | 11.0 V DC |
|  | 12 V DC |  |  | 16.7 mA | 16.7 mA | $720 \Omega$ | $720 \Omega$ | 200mW | 200 mW | 22.0 V DC |
|  | 24V DC |  |  | 8.4 mA | 8.4 mA | 2,850 $\Omega$ | 2,850 $\Omega$ | 202mW | 202 mW | 44.0 V DC |
|  | 48V DC |  |  | 7.4 mA | 7.4 mA | 6,500 2 | 6,500 $\Omega$ | 355 mW | 355 mW | 65.0 V DC |

## 2. Specifications

| Characteristics | Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact | Arrangement |  | 2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B, 4 Form A |
|  | Contact resistance (Initial) |  | Max. $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A) |
|  | Electrostatic capacitance (initial) |  | Approx. 3pF |
|  | Contact material |  | Au clad Ag alloy (Cd free) |
|  | Thermal electromotive force (at nominal coil voltage) (initial) |  | Approx. $3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Rating | Nominal switching capacity (resistive load) |  | $4 \mathrm{~A} 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$,3 A 30 V DC |
|  | Max. switching power (resistive load) |  | 1,000 VA, 90 W |
|  | Max. switching voltage |  | $250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$,48 V DC ( 30 to 48 V DC at less than 0.5 A ) |
|  | Max. switching current |  | $4 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{AC}), 3 \mathrm{~A}$ (DC) |
|  | Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1 |  | $100 \mu \mathrm{~A} 100 \mathrm{~m}$ V DC |
| Electrical characteristics | Insulation resistance (Initial) |  | Min. 10,000M $\Omega$ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section. |
|  | Breakdown voltage (Initial) | Between open contacts | 750 Vrms for 1 min . (Detection current: 10 mA .) |
|  |  | Between contact sets | 1,000 Vrms for 1 min . (Detection current: 10 mA .) |
|  |  | Between contact and coil | 1,500 Vrms for 1 min . (Detection current: 10 mA .) |
|  | Operate time [Set time] (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |  | Max. 15 ms [ 15 ms ] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) |
|  | Release time [Reset time] (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |  | Max. 10 ms [15 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode) |
| Mechanical characteristics | Shock resistance | Functional | Min. $490 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms ; detection time: $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.) |
|  |  | Destructive | Min. $980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms .) |
|  | Vibration resistance | Functional | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm (Detection time: $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.) |
|  |  | Destructive | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 4 mm |
| Expected life | Mechanical |  | Min. $10^{8}$ (at 50 cps ) |
| Conditions | Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2 |  | Ambient temperature: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-67^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ Humidity: 5 to $85 \%$ R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) |
| Unit weight |  |  | Approx. 8 g .28 oz |

Notes: *1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
*2. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES

## 3. Electrical life

Condition: Resistive load, at 20 times $/ \mathrm{min}$.

| Types | Switching capacity | No. of operations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 Form A 2Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B, 4 Form A | 4 A 250 V DC | Min. $1 \times 10^{5}$ |
|  | 3 3 30V DC | Min. $2 \times 10^{5}$ |

## REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching power


Contact current, A
2. Life curve

4.-(2) Coil temperature rise Tested Sample: S4EB-24V, 4 Form A

3. Contact reliability

Condition: 1V DC, 1mA
Detection level $10 \Omega$
Tasted Sample: S4EB-24V, 10pcs

5. Operate and release time (Single side stable type)
Tested Sample: S4EB-24V, 10pcs

6. Influence of adjacent mounting
$\rightarrow \| \leftrightarrow$
(1) (2) (3) $\begin{aligned} & \text { (1) \& (3) relays } \\ & \text { are energized }\end{aligned}$
Note: When installing an S-relay near another, and there is no effect from an external magnetic field, be sure to leave at least 10 mm .394 inch between relays in order to achieve the performance listed in the catalog.

$\longrightarrow$ Inter-relay distance, mm

$\longrightarrow$ Inter-relay distance, mm

## 7. Effect from an external magnetic field






DIMENSIONS (mm inch) The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

## CAD Data

External dimensions


General tolerance: $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$
PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

## SAFETY STANDARDS

| UL/C-UL (Recognized) |  | CSA (Certified) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| File No. | Contact rating | File No. | Contact rating |
| E43028 | 4A 250V AC | LR26550 | 4A 250V AC |
|  | 3A 30V DC |  | 3A 30V DC |
|  | 1/20HP 250V AC (FLA0.75A) |  | 1/20HP 250V AC |
|  | 1/20HP 125V AC (FLA1.5A) |  | 1/20HP 125V AC |

## NOTES

1. For cautions for use, please read "GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES".
2. Based on regulations regarding insulation distance, there is a restriction on same-channel load connections between terminals No. 2, 3 and 4, 5, as well as between No. 8, 9 and 10, 11. See the figure below for an example.


- Between 2, 3 and 4, 5:
different channels, therefore not possible
- Between 10, 11 and 8,9 :
different channels, therefore not possible No good


3. Please note that when this relay (2 Form A 2 Form B type, 3 Form A 1 Form B type) operates and releases, contacts $a$ and $b$ may go ON at the same time.

# SRELAYS PC BOARD SOCKET 



DIMENSIONS (mm inch)
The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

CAD Data External dimensions PC board pattern
(Copper-side view)


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

## RoHS compliant

## TYPES

| Product name | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: |
| S Relays PC board socket | S-PS |

## SPECIFICATIONS

| Maximum continuous current | 4 A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Breakdown voltage | Note: Don't insert or remove relays while in the energized condition. |
| Insulation resistance | $1,500 \mathrm{Vrms}$ between terminals |
| Heat resistance | More than $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ between terminals at 500 V DC Mega |

## NOTES

Inserting and removing method
Inserting method: Insert the relay as shown in Fig. 1 unit the rib of the relay snaps into the clip of the socket.


Removing method:
(1) Remove the relay straight from the socket holding the shaded portion of the relay as shown in Fig. 2.

(2) When sockets are mounted in close proximity, use a slotted screw driver as shown in Fig. 3.


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