

E-mail: servicehd@paralight.com.cn

DATA SHEET

PART NO.: L-5T47UB5C-AHV

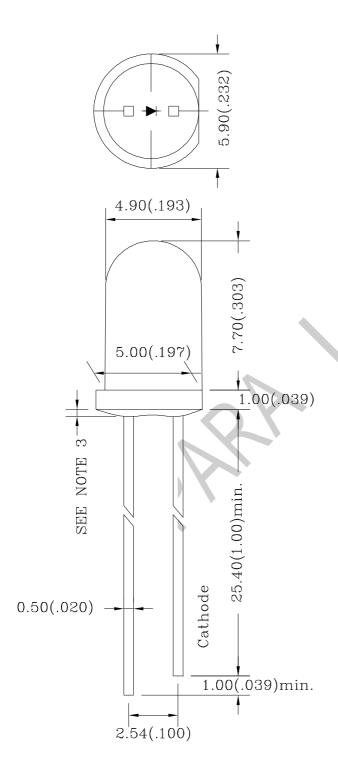
CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL: DCC:



L-5T47UB5C-AHV

REV:A/5

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



ITEM	MATERIALS		
RESIN	Epoxy Resin		
LEAD FRAME	Sn Plating iron Alloy		

Note:

- 1.All Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2.Tolerance is ±0.25mm(0.010 ")
 Unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm(0.059 ") max.
- highlight <-400V the led can
 withstand the max static level when
 assembling or operation (HBM)



L-5T47UB5C-AHV

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FEATURES

- * High-brightness
- * High reliability
- * Low-voltage characteristics
- * Narrow view angle
- * Pb FREE Products
- * RoHS Compliant

CHIP MATERIALS

* Dice Material : GaInN/GaN* Light Color : ULTRA BLUE* Lens Color : WATER CLEAR

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING: (Ta = 25BC)

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	ULTRA BLUE	UNIT
Pb	Power Dissipation Per Chip	120	mW
VR	Reverse Voltage Per Chip	5	V
lF	Average Forward Current Per Chip	30	mA
lfP	Pulse Forward Current	100	mA
-	Derating Linear From 25°C Per Chip	0.4	mA/°C
Topr	Operating Temperature Range	-25 BC to 85 BC	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-25 EC to 85 EC	

IFP Condition : Pulse Width≤10msec, 10% duty cycle

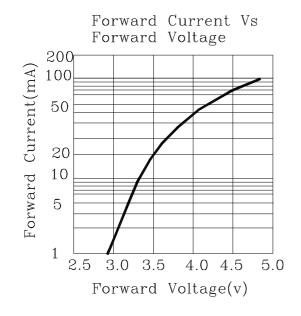
ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS: (Ta = 25 BC)

		<u>'</u>				
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
VF	Forward Voltage	IF = 20mA		3.5	4.0	V
lR	Reverse Current	VR = 5V			100	μΑ
lD	Dominant Wavelength	IF = 20mA		470		nm
Δι	Spectral Line Half-Width	IF = 20mA		30		nm
201/2	Half Intensity Angle	IF = 20mA		15		deg
١٧	Luminous Intensity	IF = 20mA		3000		mcd

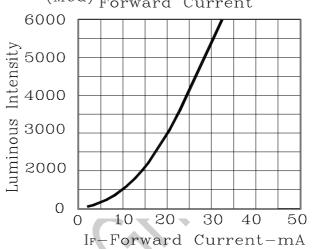


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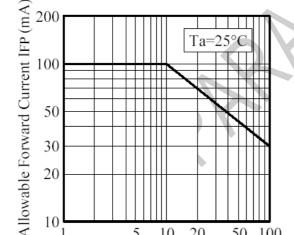
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TJ= 25 ℃ Luminous Intensity VS. Forward Current (Mcd)



■ Duty Ratio vs. Allowable Forward Current



5

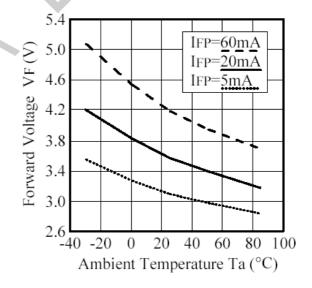
20

50 100

10

Duty Ratio (%)

Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage



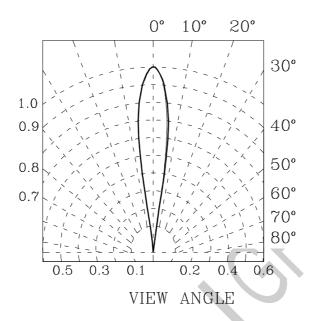
DATE: 2013-07-12 DRAWING NO.: DS-35-04-0105 Page: 4



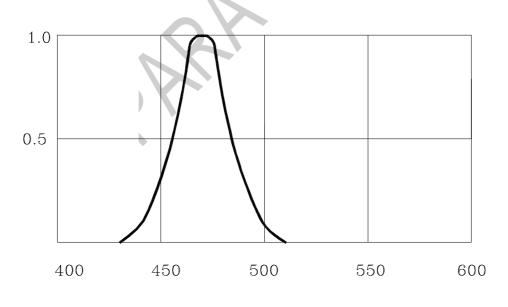
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-VIEWING ANGLE



-WAVELENGTH(NM)



Wavelength(nm)



L-5T47UB5C-AHV

客户编号

REV:A/5

Label Explanation



PARA NO.: L-5T47UB5C-AHV

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LOT NO.: E L L 4 7 0009

A B C D E F

A---E: For series number

B---L: Local F: Foreign

C---L: LAMP

D---Year E---Month

F--- Serial number



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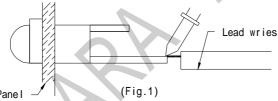
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-SOLDERING

METHOD	SOLDERING CONDITIONS	REMARK
DIP SOLDERING	Bath temperature: 260°C Immersion time: with 5 sec,1 time	 Solder no closer than 3mm from the base of the package Using soldering flux," RESIN FLUX" is recommended.
SOLDERING IRON	Soldering iron: 30W or smaller Temperature at tip of iron: 300℃ or lower Soldering time: within 3 sec.	 During soldering, take care not to press the tip of iron against the lead. (To prevent heat from being transferred directly to the lead, hold the lead with a pair of tweezers while soldering

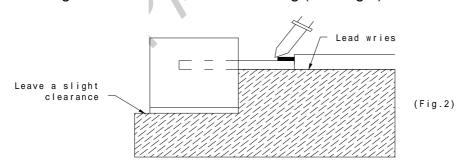
1) When soldering the lead of LED in a condition that the package is fixed with a panel (See Fig.1), be careful not to stress the leads with iron tip.





2) When soldering wire to the lead, work with a Fig (See Fig.2) to avoid stressing the package.





Regarding solution in the tinning oven for product-tinning, compound sub-solution made of tin & copper and sliver is proposed with the temperature of Celsius 260. The proportion of the alloyed solution is tin 95.5: copper 3.5: silver 0.5 by percentage. The time of tinning is constantly 3 seconds.

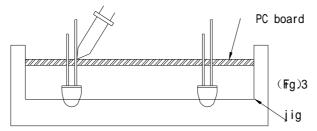


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3) Similarly, when a jig is used to solder the LED to PC board, take care as much as possible to avoid steering the leads (See Fig.3).

0



- 4) Repositioning after soldering should be avoided as much as possible. If inevitable, be sure to preserve the soldering conditions with irons stated above: select a best-suited method that assures the least stress to the LED.
- Lead cutting after soldering should be performed only after the LED temperature has returned to normal temperature.

STORAGE

- 1) The LEDs should be stored at 30° C or less and 70% RH or less after being shipped from PARA and the storage life limit is 1 year .
- 2) PARA LED lead frames are comprised of a stannum plated iron alloy. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LEDs to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the LEDs be used as soon as possible.
- 3) Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

-STATIC ELECTRICITY

- Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs.
 It is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that
 measures be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.
- 3) When inspecting the final products in which LEDs were assembled, it is recommended to check whether the assembled LEDs are damaged by static electricity or not. It is easy to find static-damaged LEDs by a light-on test or a VF test at a lower current (below 1mA is recommended).
- 4) Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the leak current remarkably increases, the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current.

Criteria: (VF>2.0V at IF=0.5mA)

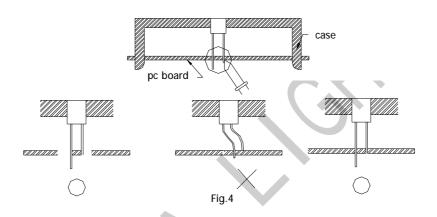


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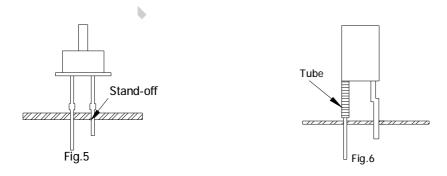
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LED MOUNTING METHOD

4) When mounting the LED by using a case, as shown Fig.4, ensure that the mounting holds on the PC board match the pitch of the leads correctly-tolerance of dimensions of the respective components including the LED should be taken into account especially when designing the case, PC board, etc. to prevent pitch misalignment between the leads and board holes, the diameter of the board holes should be slightly larger than the size of the lead. Alternatively, the shape of the holes should be made oval. (See Fig.4)



5) Use LEDs with stand-off (Fig.5) or the tube or spacer made of resin (Fig.6) to position the LEDs.



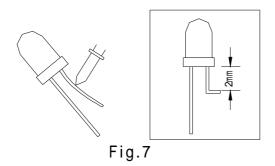


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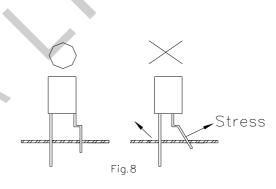
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-FORMED LEAD

1) The lead should be bent at a point located at least 2mm away from the package. Bending should be performed with base fixed means of a jig or pliers (Fig.7)



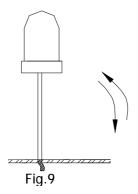
- 2) Forming lead should be carried our prior to soldering and never during or after soldering.
- 3) Form the lead to ensure alignment between the leads and the hole on board, so that stress against the LED is prevented. (Fig.8)



-LEAD STRENGTH

1) Bend strength

Do not bend the lead more than twice. (Fig.9)



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Tensile strength (@Room Temperature)
 If the force is 1kg or less, there will be no problem. (Fig.10)



- HEAT GENERATION

Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.

The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

-CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

- 1) Avoid exposure to chemicals as it may attack the LED surface and cause discoloration.
- 2) When washing is required, refer to the following table for the proper chemical to be sued. (Immersion time: within 3 minutes at room temperature.)

SOLVENT	ADAPTABILITY
Freon TE	\odot
Chlorothene	X
Isopropyl Alcohol	\odot
Thinner	X
Acetone	X
Trichloroethylene	X

 \odot --Usable \times --Do not use.

NOTE: Influences of ultrasonic cleaning of the LED resin body differ depending on such factors as the oscillator output, size of the PC board and the way in which the LED is mounted. Therefore, ultrasonic cleaning should only be performed after confirming there is no problem by conducting a test under practical.



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-OTHERS

- 1) Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- 2) Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
- 3) The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult PARA's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- 4) User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from PARA. When defective LEDs are found, the User shall inform PARA directly before disassembling or analysis.
- The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
- 6) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



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Bin Code List

Forward Voltage (VF), Unit:v@20mA			
Bin Code	Min	Max	
V0	2.8	3.0	
V1	3.0	3.2	
V2	3.2	3.4	
V3	3.4	3.6	
V4	3.6	3.8	
V5	3.8	4.0	

Tolerance of each bin are±0.1Volt

Dominant Wavelength(1D), Unit:nm@20mA			
Bin Code	Min	Max	
D4	463	466	
D5	466	469	
D6	469	472	
D7	472	474	
D8	474	476	

Tolerance of each bin are±1nm

Luminous Intensity(IV), Unit:mcd@20mA			
Bin Code	Min Max		
I	1510	2110	
J	2110	2950	
K	2950	4130	
L	4130	5780	
М	5780	8090	

Tolerance of each bin are±15%



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LED Lamps: Part Number Rules



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SML-512PWT86A SMF-2432GYC-TR EASV3015RGYA0 LTST-C190KFKT-5A LTST-C194TBKT-5A CLX6E-FKCCH1M1D1BB7C3D3 SML-LXL0805USBC-TR SML-LX2835SYSUGCTR LTW-M670ZVS-M5 APA2106ZGC/G CLMXB-FKACbcfghippACBB79463 VFA1101W-5AY3B2-TR LCB P473-P2R2-3J7L-1-Z HSMR-C197 LW A67C-S2U1-FK0KM0