

The PE43404 is a high linearity. 4-bit RF Digital Step

Attenuator (DSA) covering a 15 dB attenuation range in 1.0 dB

steps. This 75-ohm RF DSA provides both parallel (latched or direct mode) and serial CMOS control interface, operates on a

single 3-volt supply and maintains high attenuation accuracy

over frequency and temperature. It also has a unique control

interface that allows the user to select an initial attenuation

state at power-up. The PE43404 exhibits very low insertion

The PE43404 is manufactured on Peregrine's UltraCMOS™

process, a patented variation of silicon-on-insulator (SOI) technology on a sapphire substrate, offering the performance

of GaAs with the economy and integration of conventional

loss and low power consumption. This functionality is delivered

**Product Description** 

in a 4x4 mm QFN footprint.

CMOS.

# **Product Specification**

# PE43404

75  $\Omega$  RF Digital Attenuator 4-bit, 15 dB, DC – 2.0 GHz

#### Features

- Attenuation: 1.0 dB steps to 15 dB
- Flexible parallel and serial programming interfaces
  - Parallel latched or direct mode
- High attenuation accuracy and linearity over temperature and frequency
- Unique power-up state selection
- Very low power consumption
- Single-supply operation
- Positive CMOS control logic
- $75 \Omega$  impedance
- Packaged in a 20 Lead 4x4 mm QFN

# Figure 1. Functional Schematic Diagram Switched Attenuator Array RF Input Parallel Control Serial Control Contral Logic Interface Power-Up Control

## Table 1. Electrical Specifications @ +25°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 0 V

Parameter	Test Conditions	Frequency	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operation Frequency		$\mathbf{\nabla}$	DC		2000	MHz
Insertion Loss <sup>1</sup>		DC ≤1.2 GHz	-	1.4	1.95	dB
Attenuation Accuracy	Any Bit or Bit Combination	DC ≤1.2 GHz	-	-	±(0.25+ 7% of atten setting)	dB
1 dB Compression <sup>3,4</sup>		1 MHz ≤1.2 GHz	30	34	-	dBm
Input IP3 <sup>1,2,4</sup>	Two-tone inputs up to +18 dBm	1 MHz ≤1.2 GHz	-	52	-	dBm
Return Loss	Zo = 75 ohms	DC ≤1.2 GHz	10	13	-	dB
Switching Speed	50% control		-	-	1	μS

Notes: 1. Device Linearity will begin to degrade below 1MHz

2. Max input rating in Table 3 & Figures on Pages 4 to 6 for data across frequency.

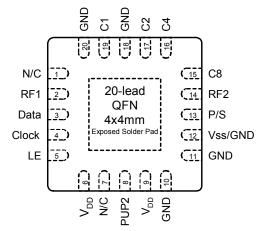
3. Note Absolute Maximum in Table 3.

4. Measured in a 50  $\Omega$  system.

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#### Figure 15. Pin Configuration (Top View)



#### Table 2. Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	N/C	No connect
2	RF1	RF port (Note 1).
3	Data	Serial interface data input (Note 4).
4	Clock	Serial interface clock input.
5	LE	Latch Enable input (Note 2).
6	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply pin.
7	N/C	No connect
8	PUP2	Power-up selection bit.
9	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply pin.
10	GND	Ground connection.
11	GND	Ground connection.
12	V <sub>ss</sub> / GND	Negative supply voltage or GND connection (Note 3)
13	P/S	Parallel/Serial mode select.
14	RF2	RF port (Note 1).
15	C8	Attenuation control bit, 8 dB.
16	C4	Attenuation control bit, 4 dB.
17	C2	Attenuation control bit, 2 dB.
18	GND	Ground connection.
19	¢1	Attenuation control bit, 1 dB.
20	GND	Ground for proper operation
Paddle	GND	Ground for proper operation

- Notes: 1. Both RF ports must be held at a V<sub>PC</sub> or DC blocked with an external series capacitor.
  - 2. Latch Enable (LE) has an internal 100 k\Omega resistor to  $V_{\text{DD.}}$
  - 3. Connect pin 12 to GND to enable internal negative voltage generator. Connect pin 12 to  $V_{SS}$  (-VDD) to bypass and disable internal negative voltage generator.
  - 4. Place a 10 k $\Omega$  resistor in series, as close to pin as possible to avoid frequency resonance. See "Resistor on 3" paragraph

#### Exposed Solder Pad Connection

The exposed solder pad on the bottom of the package n ust be grounded for proper device operation.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter/Conditions	Min	Max	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply voltage	-0.3	4.0	V
VI	Voltage on any input	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
T <sub>ST</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C
P <sub>IN</sub>	Input power (50Ω)		+30	dBm
V <sub>ESD</sub>	ESD voltage (Human Body Model)		500	V

Exceeding absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage. Operation should be restricted to the limits in the Operating Ranges table. Operation between operating range maximum and absolute maximum for extended periods may reduce reliability

#### Table 4. Operating Ranges

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>DD</sub> Power Supply Voltage	27	3.0	3.3	V
I <sub>DD</sub> Power Supply			100	μA
DigitaUnput High	0.7xV <sub>DD</sub>			V
Digital Input Low			$0.3 \mathrm{xV}_{\mathrm{DD}}$	V
Digital Input Leakage			1	μA
Input Power			+24	dBm
l emperature range	-40		85	°C

#### Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Precautions

When handling this UltraCMOS<sup>™</sup> device, observe the same precautions that you would use with other ESD-sensitive devices. Although this device contains circuitry to protect it from damage due to ESD, precautions should be taken to avoid exceeding the rate specified in Table 3.

#### Latch-Up Avoidance

Unlike conventional CMOS devices, UltraCMOS<sup>™</sup> devices are immune to latch-up.

#### **Switching Frequency**

The PE43404 has a maximum 25 kHz switching rate.

#### **Resistor on Pin 3**

A 10 k $\Omega$  resistor on the input to Pin 3 (see Figure 5) will eliminate package resonance between the RF input pin and the digital input. Specified attenuation error versus frequency performance is dependent upon this condition.

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#### **Evaluation Kit**

The Digital Attenuator Evaluation Kit was designed to ease customer evaluation of the PE43404 DSA.

J9 is used in conjunction with the supplied DC cable to supply  $V_{DD}$ , GND, and  $-V_{DD}$ . If use of the internal negative voltage generator is desired, then connect  $-V_{DD}$  (black banana plug) to ground. If an external  $-V_{DD}$  is desired, then apply -3V.

J1 should be connected to the LPT1 port of a PC with the supplied control cable. The evaluation software is written to operate the DSA in serial mode, so switch 7 (P/S) on the DIP switch SW1 should be ON with all other switches off. Using the software, enable or disable each attenuation setting to the desired combined attenuation. The software automatically programs the DSA each time an attenuation state is enabled or disabled.

Note: Jumper J6 supplies power to the evaluation board support circuits.

To evaluate the Power Up options, first disconnect the control cable from the evaluation board. The control cable must be removed to prevent the PC port from biasing the control pins.

During power up with P/S=1 high and LE=1, the default power-up signal attenuation is set to the value present on the five control bits on the five parallel data inputs (C0.5 to C8). This allows any one of the 32 attenuation settings to be specified as the power up state.

During power up with P/S=0 high and LE=0, the control bits are automatically set to one of two possible values presented through the PUP interface. These two values are selected by the power-up control bit, PUP2, as shown in Table 6.

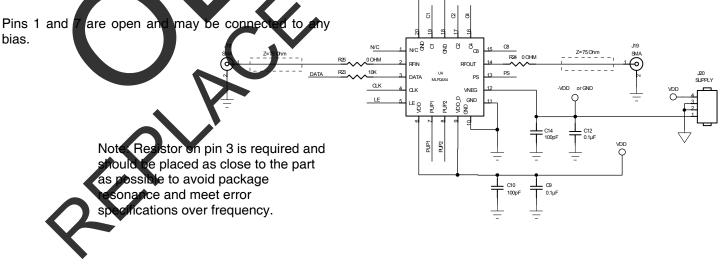
#### RN2

Figure 4. Evaluation Board Layout

Peregrine Specification 101-0112

#### Figure 5. Evaluation Board Schematic

Peregrine Specification 102-0142



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Figure 7. Attenuation at Major steps

#### Typical Performance Data @ 25°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V

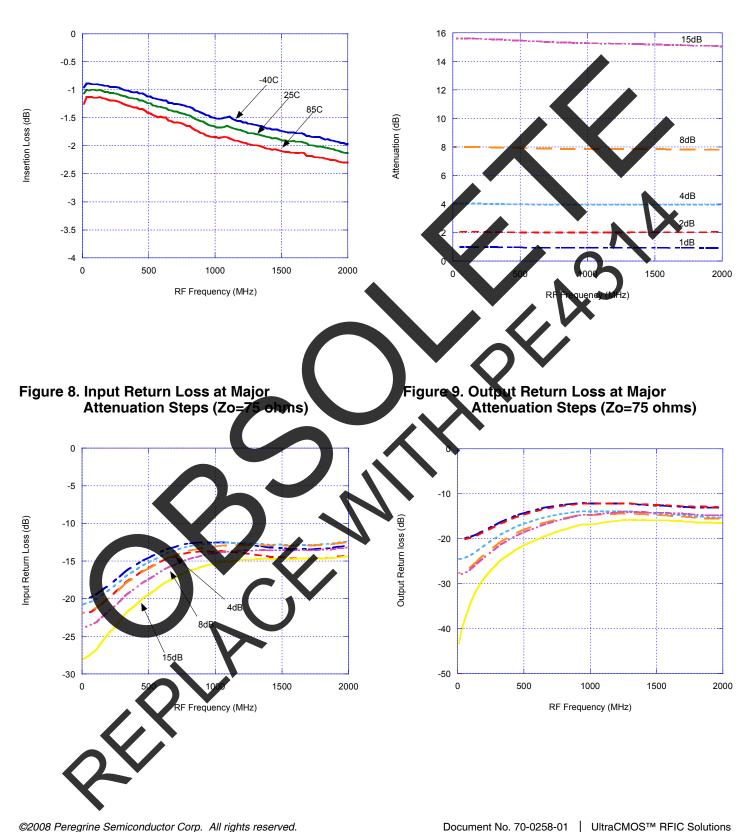


Figure 6. Insertion Loss (Zo=75 ohms)



### Typical Performance Data @ $25^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V

#### Figure 10. Attenuation Error Vs. Frequency

Figure 11. Attenuation Error Vs. Attenuation Setting

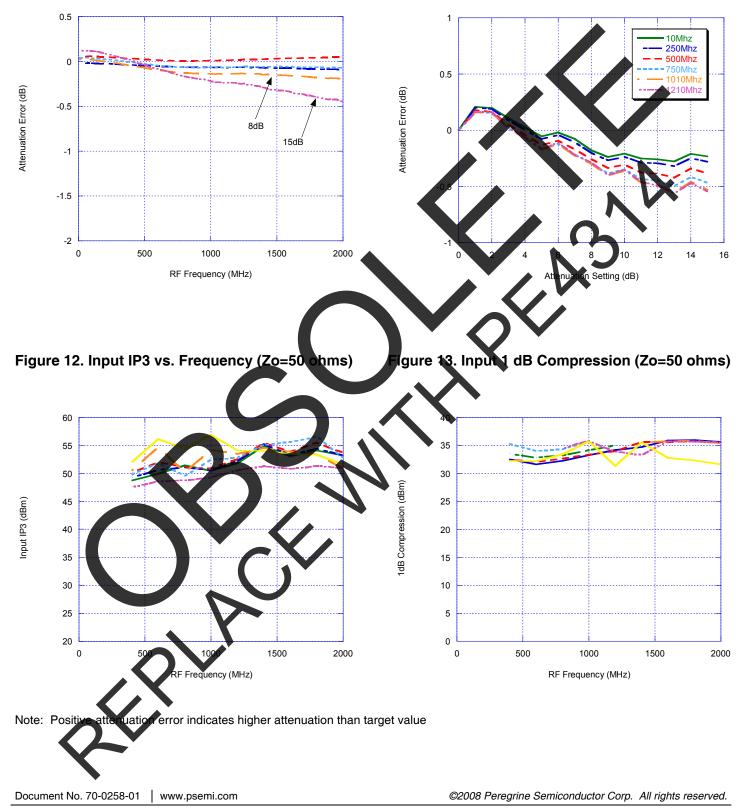


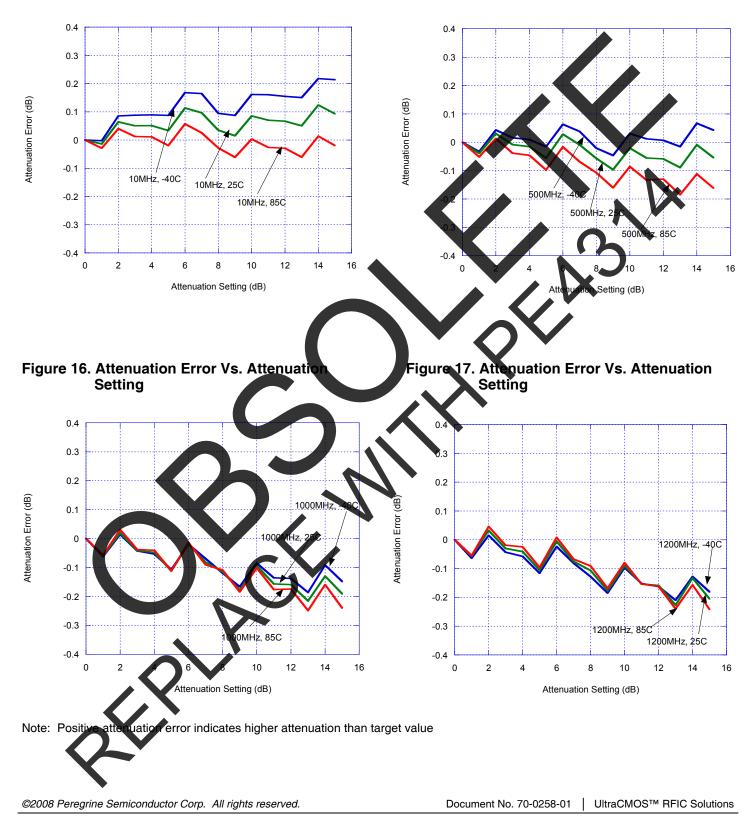


Figure 15. Attenuation Error Vs. Attenuation

Setting

#### Typical Performance Data @ 25°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V







#### **Programming Options**

#### Parallel/Serial Selection

Either a parallel or serial interface can be used to control the PE43404. The P/S bit provides this selection, with P/S=LOW selecting the parallel interface and P/S=HIGH selecting the serial interface.

#### Parallel / Direct Mode Interface

The parallel interface consists of four CMOScompatible control lines that select the desired attenuation state, as shown in Table 5.

The parallel interface timing requirements are defined by Figure 19 (Parallel Interface Timing Diagram), Table 9 (Parallel Interface AC Characteristics), and switching speed (Table 1).

For *latched* parallel programming, the Latch Enable (LE) should be held LOW while changing attenuation state control values, then pulse LE HIGH to LOW (per Figure 19) to latch new attenuation state into device.

For *direct* parallel programming, the Latch Enable (LE) line should be pulled HIGH. Changing attenuation state control values will change device state to new attenuation. Direct Mode Is ideal for manual control of the device (using hardwire, switches, or jumpers).

#### Table 5. Truth Table

P/S	C8	C4	C2	01	Attenuation State	
0	0	0	0	0	Reference Loss	
0	0	0	0		1 dB	
0	0	0	1	0	2 dB	
0	0		0	0	4 dB	
0	1	0	0	0	8 dB	
0	1	1	1	1	15 dB	J

Note: Not all 16 possible combinations of C1-C8 are shown in table

#### Serial Interface

The PE43404's serial interface is a 6-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift register buffered by a transparent latch. The laten is controlled by three CMOScompatible signals: Data, Clock, and Latch Enable (LE). The Data and Clock inputs allow data to be serially entered into the shift register, a process that is independent of the state of the LE input.

The LE input controls the latch. When LE is HIGH, the latch is transparent and the contents of the serial shift register control the attenuator. When LE is brought LOW, data in the shift register is latched.

The shift register should be loaded while LE is held LOW to prevent the attenuator value from changing as data is entered. The LE input should then be toggled HIGH and brought LOW again, fatching the new data. The stan bit (B5) and stop bit (B0) of the data should always be low to prevent an unknown state in the device. The timing for this operation is defined by Figure 18 (Serial Interface Timing Diagram) and Table 8 (Serial Interface AC Characteristics).

Power-up Control Settings The PE43404 always assumes a specifiable attenuation setting on powerup. This feature exists for both the Serial and Parallel modes of operation, and allows a known attenuation state to be established before an initial serial or parallel control word is provided

When the attenuator powers up in Serial mode (P/S=1), the four control bits are set to whatever data is present on the four parallel data inputs (C1 to C8). This allows any one of the 16 attenuation settings to be opecified as the power-up state.

When the attenuator powers up in Parallel mode (P/ S=0) with LE=0, the control bits are automatically set to one of two possible values. These two values are selected by the power-up control bit, PUP2, as shown in Table 6 (Power-Up Truth Table, Parallel

Table 6.	Power-Up Truth Table, Parallel
Interface	Mode

P/S	LE	PUP2	Attenuation State
0	0	0	Reference Loss
0	0	1	8 dB
0	1	Х	Defined by C1-C8

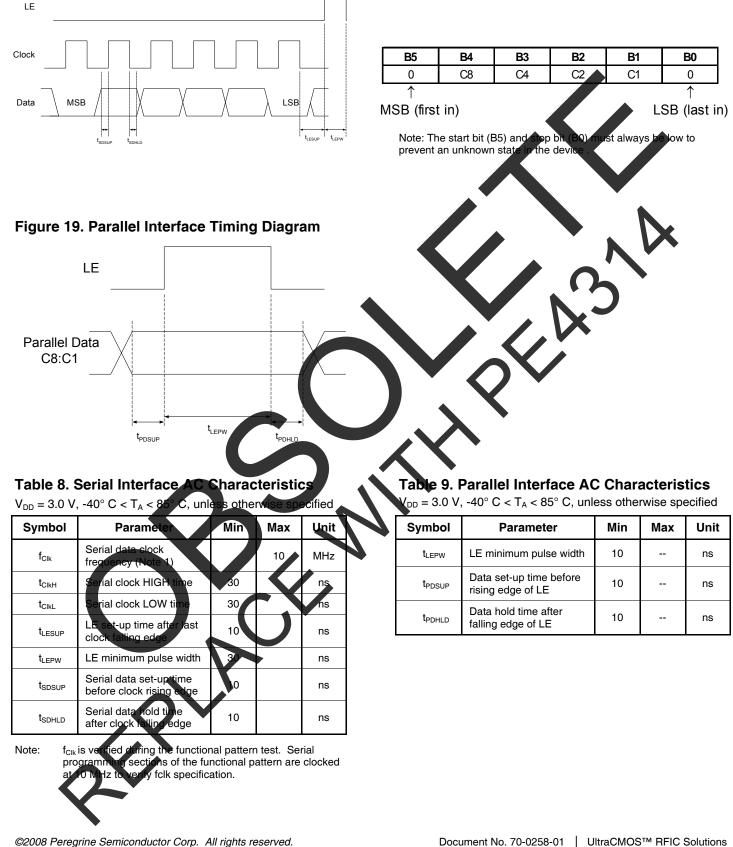
Note: Power up with LE=1 provides normal parallel operation with C1-C8, and PUP2 is not active.

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#### Figure 18. Serial Interface Timing Diagram

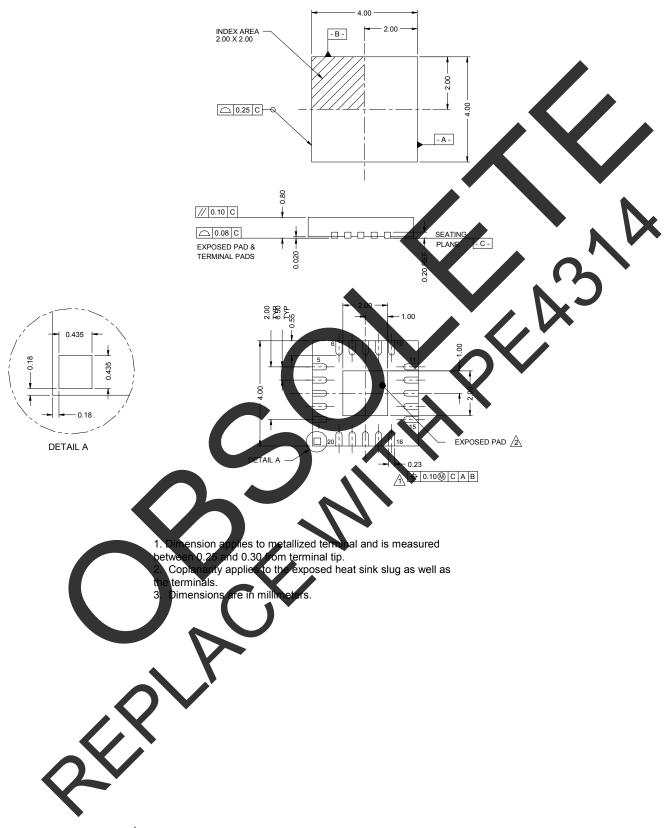
# Table 7. 4-Bit Attenuator Serial ProgrammingRegister Map





#### Figure 20. Package Drawing

20 Lead 4x4 mm QFN



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#### Figure 21. Marking Specifications

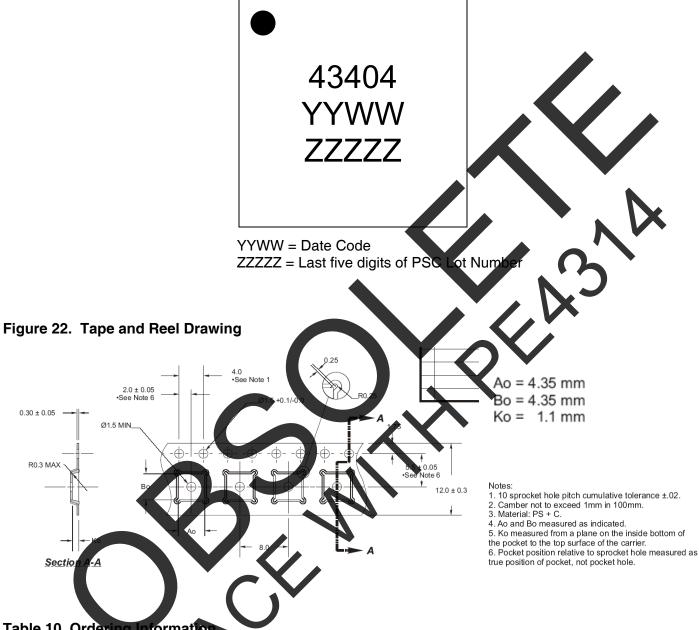
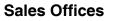


Table 10.	Ordering Information	n
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Order Code	Part Marking	Description	Package	Shipping Method
PE43404MLI	43404	PE43404G-20MLP 4x4mm-75A	Green 20-lead 4x4 mm QFN	Tape or loose
PE43404MLI-Z	43404	PE43404G-20MLP 4x4mm-3000C	Green 20-lead 4x4 mm QFN	3000 units / T&R
EK43404-01	PE43404-EK	PE43404-20MLP 4x4mm-EK	Evaluation Kit	1 / Box

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