









ProLight PBSD-10JLA-Gx 10W UV Power LED Technical Datasheet Version: 1.5

# Prolight Opto ® ProEngine Series

#### **Features**

- ·High Efficacy 10W UV LED
- ·Dimension: 7 mm(L) x 7mm(W)
- ·RoHS compliant

### **Main Applications**

- ·UV gluing, UV curing, UV marking
- ·UV drying of printing inks and lacquers
- ·Currency inspection
- ·Forensic analysis-urine, protein stains
- ·Leak detection using fluorescent dyes
- ·Detects fluorescing minerals and gems

#### Introduction

•The PBSD-10JLA product series is a compact, high quality and reliable 4-chip UV LED. Featuring high radiometric power density and design flexibility.

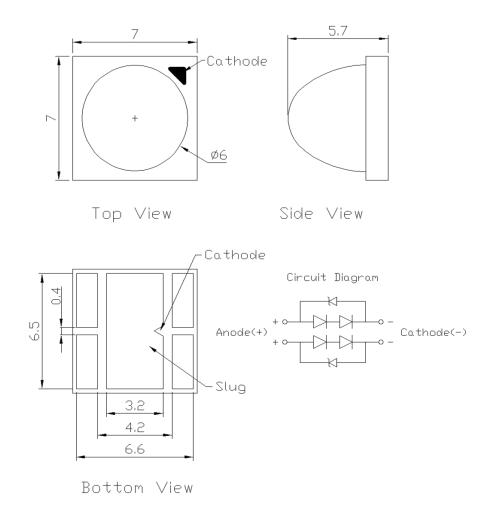
2020/06 DS-1128

No. 89, Xiyuan Rd., Zhongli City, Taoyuan County 320, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Tel: +886-3-461-8618 Fax: +886-3-461-8677 www.prolightopto.com



### **Emitter Mechanical Dimensions**



#### Notes:

- 1. Drawing not to scale.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are  $\pm$  0.15mm.
- 4. Please do not solder the emitter by manual hand soldering, otherwise it will damage the emitter.
- 5. Please do not use a force of over 3kgf impact or pressure on the lens of the LED, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.

\*The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



## Flux Characteristics, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C

#### Radiometric Power (mW)

Radiation		Part Number	@100	0mA	Refer @1400mA
Pattern	Color	Emitter	Minimum	Typical	Typical
	UV-S	PBSD-10JLA-GS	2000	2900	3970
Lambertian	UV-M	PBSD-10JLA-GM	2000	3240	4428
	UV	PBSD-10JLA-G	2000	3440	4700
	UV-L	PBSD-10JLA-GL	2000	3440	4700

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 7% on flux and power measurements.
- Please do not drive at rated current more than 1 second without proper heat sink.

## Electrical Characteristics, T<sub>1</sub> = 25°C

	Ī	Forward Volt @1000	- 1	Forward Voltage V <sub>F</sub> (V) Refer @1400mA	) Thermal Resistance
Colo	r Min.	Тур.	Max.	Тур.	Junction to Slug (°C/W)
UV-S	6.4	7.4	8.4	7.6	2
UV-M	1 6.0	6.8	7.6	7.0	2
UV	6.0	6.8	7.6	7.0	2
UV-L	6.0	6.8	7.6	7.0	2

<sup>•</sup> ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

## Optical Characteristics at 1000mA, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C

Radiation	Color	Pe	ak Wavelength	λ <sub>P</sub>	Total included Angle (degrees)	Viewing Angle (degrees)
Pattern	Coloi	Min.	Тур.	Max.	θ <sub>0.90V</sub>	2 θ <sub>1/2</sub>
	UV-S	365 nm	367.5 nm	370 nm	60	48
Lambertian	UV-M	385 nm	387.5 nm	390 nm	60	48
Lambernan	UV	390 nm	395 nm	400 nm	60	48
	UV-L	400 nm	402.5 nm	405 nm	60	48

<sup>•</sup> ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 1nm for dominant wavelength measurements.



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

**Parameter** UV-S/UV-M/UV/UV-L

DC Forward Current (mA) 2000

Peak Pulsed Forward Current (mA) 2200 (less than 1/10 duty cycle@1KHz)

**ESD Sensitivity** ±4000V (HBM per MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7)

**LED Junction Temperature** 125°C

**Operating Board Temperature** -40°C - 85°C

at Maximum DC Forward Current Storage Temperature -40°C - 100°C

Soldering Temperature JEDEC 020c 260°C

Allowable Reflow Cycles

Not designed to be driven in reverse bias Reverse Voltage

### Radiometric Power Bin Structure at 1000mA

Color	Bin Code	Minimum Radiometric Power (mW)	Maximum Radiometric Power (mW)	Available Color Bins
UV-S	A	2000	2500	All
	B	2500	3000	[1]
	C	3000	3500	[1]
	D	3500	4000	[1]
UV-M	A	2000	2500	All
	B	2500	3000	[1]
	C	3000	3500	[1]
	D	3500	4000	[1]
UV	A	2000	2500	All
	B	2500	3000	[1]
	C	3000	3500	[1]
	D	3500	4000	[1]
UV-L	A	2000	2500	All
	B	2500	3000	[1]
	C	3000	3500	[1]
	D	3500	4000	[1]

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 7% on flux and power measurements.
- The flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.
- [1] The rest of color bins are not 100% ready for order currently. Please ask for quote and order possibility.



## **Peak Wavelength Bin Structure**

Color	Bin Code	Minimum Peak Wavelength (nm)	Maximum Peak Wavelength (nm)
UV-S	2	365	370
UV-M	A	385	390
UV	1 2	390 395	395 400
UV-L	3	400	405

<sup>•</sup> ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 1nm for peak wavelength measurements.

## **Forward Voltage Bin Structure**

Color	Bin Code	Minimum Voltage (V)	Maximum Voltage (V)
	В	6.4	6.8
	С	6.8	7.2
UV-S	D	7.2	7.6
	E	7.6	8.0
	F	8.0	8.4
	Α	6.0	6.4
111/11/1	В	6.4	6.8
UV-M	С	6.8	7.2
	D	7.2	7.6
	Α	6.0	6.4
1.11.7	В	6.4	6.8
UV	С	6.8	7.2
	D	7.2	7.6
	Α	6.0	6.4
111/1	В	6.4	6.8
UV-L	С	6.8	7.2
	D	7.2	7.6

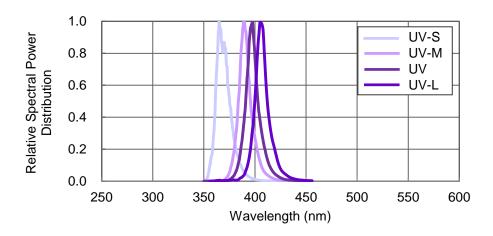
<sup>•</sup> ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

Note: Although several bins are outlined, product availability in a particular bin varies by production run and by product performance. Not all bins are available in all colors.



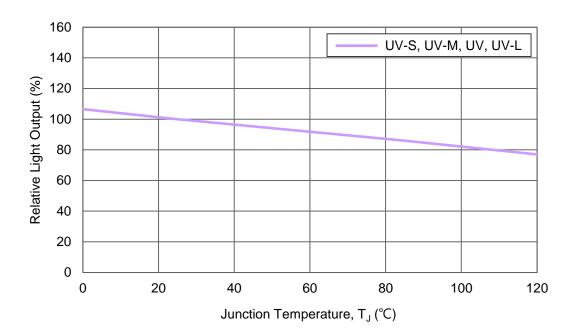
## Color Spectrum, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C

1. UV-S, UV-M, UV, UV-L



### **Light Output Characteristics**

Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature at 1400mA





## Forward Current Characteristics, T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C

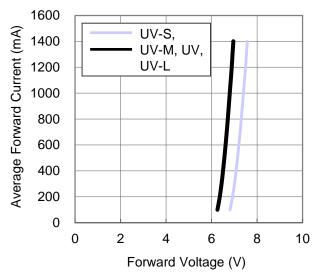


Fig 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage for UV-S, UV-M, UV, UV-L.

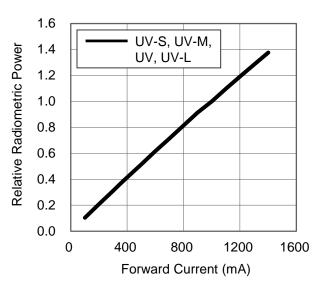
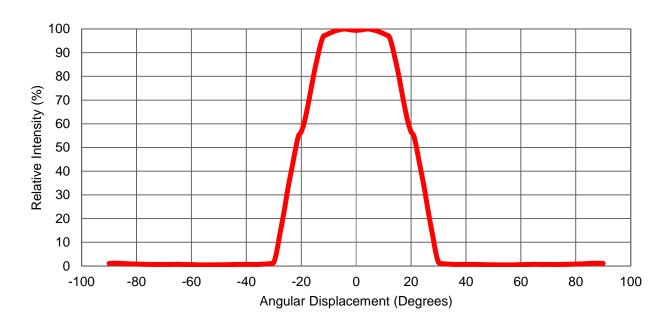


Fig 2. Relative Radiometric Power vs. Forward Current for UV-S, UV-M, UV, UV-L at T<sub>1</sub>=25 maintained.

## **Typical Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern**

#### **Radiation Pattern**





## **Moisture Sensitivity Level - JEDEC Level 1**

			Soak Requirements			
Level	Floo	r Life	Stan	dard	Accelerated	Environment
	Time	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions
1	Unlimited	≤30°C / 85% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 85% RH	NA	NA

- The standard soak time includes a default value of 24 hours for semiconductor manufature's exposure time (MET) between bake and bag and includes the maximum time allowed out of the bag at the distributor's facility.
- Table below presents the moisture sensitivity level definitions per IPC/JEDEC's J-STD-020C.

		Soak Requirements				
Level	Level Floor Life		Standard		Accelerated Environment	
	Time	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions
1	Unlimited	≤30°C / 85% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 85% RH	NA	NA
2	1 year	≤30°C / 60% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 60% RH	NA	NA
2a	4 weeks	≤30°C / 60% RH	696 +5/-0	30°C / 60% RH	120 +1/-0	60°C / 60% RH
3	168 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	192 +5/-0	30°C / 60% RH	40 +1/-0	60°C / 60% RH
4	72 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	96 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	20 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
5	48 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	72 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	15 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
5a	24 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	48 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	10 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
6	Time on Label (TOL)	≤30°C / 60% RH	Time on Label (TOL)	30°C / 60% RH	NA	NA



## **Qualification Reliability Testing**

Stress Test	Stress Conditions	Stress Duration	Failure Criteria
Room Temperature Operating Life (RTOL)	25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = max DC (Note 1)	1000 hours	Note 2
High Temperature Storage Life (HTSL)	100°C, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
Low Temperature Storage Life (LTSL)	-40°C, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
Non-operating Temperature Cycle (TMCL)	-40°C to 100°C, 30 min. dwell, <5 min. transfer	200 cycles	Note 2
Mechanical Shock	1500 G, 0.5 msec. pulse, 5 shocks each 6 axis		Note 3
Natural Drop	On concrete from 1.2 m, 3X		Note 3
Variable Vibration Frequency	10-2000-10 Hz, log or linear sweep rate, 20 G about 1 min., 1.5 mm, 3X/axis		Note 3
Solder Heat Resistance (SHR)	260°C ± 5°C, 10 sec.		Note 3
Solderability	Steam age for 16 hrs., then solder dip at 260°C for 5 sec.		Solder coverage on lead

#### Notes:

- 1. Depending on the maximum derating curve.
- 2. Criteria for judging failure

Item	Test Condition	Criteria for Judgement		
item	Test Condition	Min.	Max.	
Forward Voltage (V <sub>F</sub> )	I <sub>F</sub> = max DC		Initial Level x 1.1	
Luminous Flux or Radiometric Power (Φ <sub>V</sub> )	I <sub>F</sub> = max DC	Initial Level x 0.7		

<sup>\*</sup> The test is performed after the LED is cooled down to the room temperature.

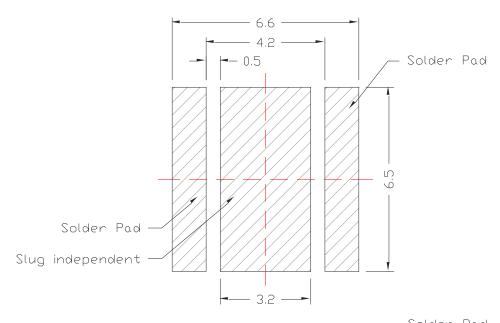
3. A failure is an LED that is open or shorted.



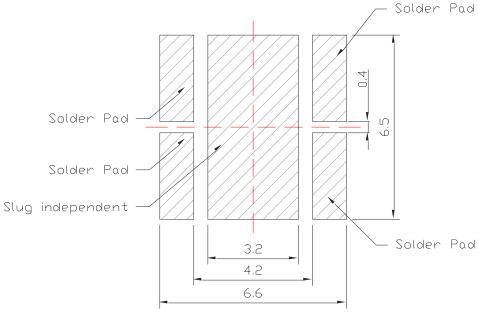
## **Recommended Solder Pad Design**

**Standard Emitter** 

#### TYPE A.



#### TYPE B.

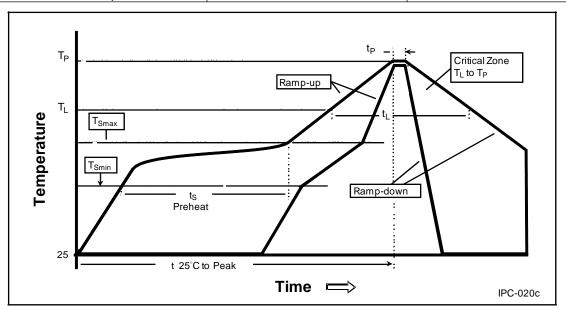


- All dimensions are in millimeters.
- Electrical isolation is required between Slug and Solder Pad.
- The solder area must cover more than 80% of the solder pad and slug after soldering.
   (Voids in solder joint should be less than 20%)



## **Reflow Soldering Condition**

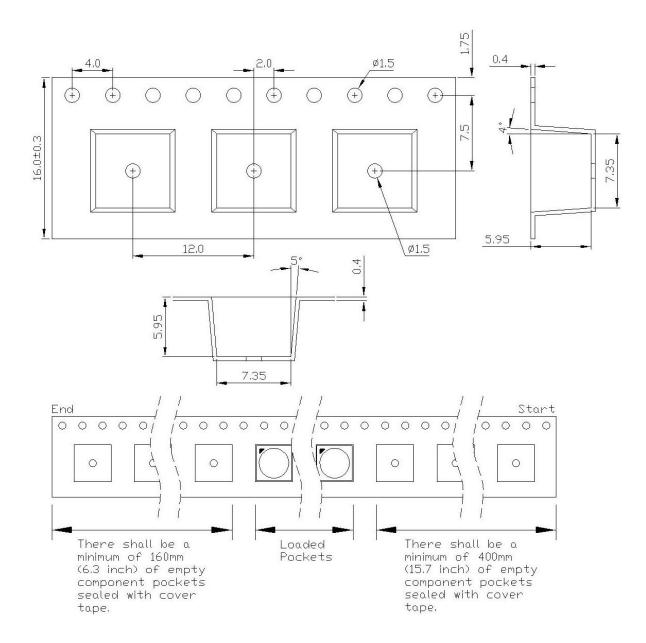
Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average Ramp-Up Rate	3°C / second max.	3°C / second max.
(T <sub>Smax</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )	5 C / Second max.	5 C/ Second max.
Preheat		
– Temperature Min (T <sub>Smin</sub> )	100°C	150°C
– Temperature Max (T <sub>Smax</sub> )	150°C	200°C
– Time (t <sub>Smin</sub> to t <sub>Smax</sub> )	60-120 seconds	60-180 seconds
Time maintained above:		
– Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	183°C	217°C
– Time (t <sub>L</sub> )	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak/Classification Temperature (T <sub>p</sub> )	240°C	260°C
Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Temperature (t <sub>P</sub> )	10-20 Seconds	20-40 Seconds
Ramp-Down Rate	6°C/second max.	6°C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.



- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than three times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.



## **Emitter Reel Packaging**

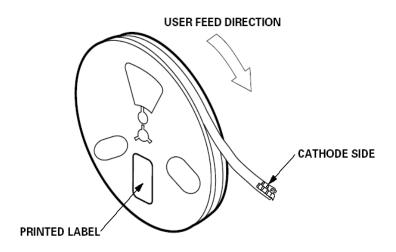


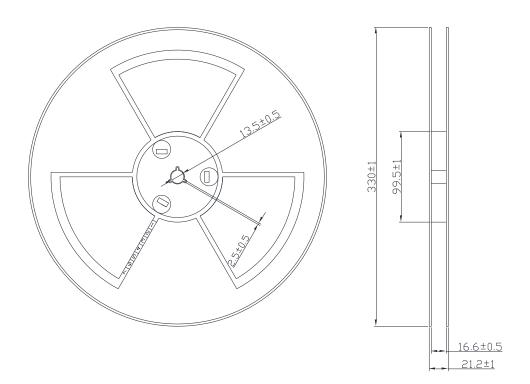
#### Notes:

- 1. Drawing not to scale.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are  $\pm$  0.10mm.



## **Emitter Reel Packaging**





#### Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 250, 500 and 750 pieces per reel.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters.

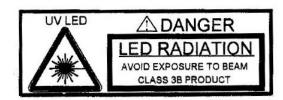


### **Precaution for Use**

- Storage
  - Please do not open the moisture barrier bag (MBB) more than one week. This may cause the leads of LED discoloration. We recommend storing ProLight's LEDs in a dry box after opening the MBB. The recommended storage conditions are temperature 5 to 30 °C and humidity less than 40% RH. It is also recommended to return the LEDs to the MBB and to reseal the MBB.
- LEDs are ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive; static electricity and surge voltages seriously damage UV LEDs and can result in product failure
  - (1) Ensure that tools, jigs and machines being used are properly grounded
  - (2) LED mounting equipment should include protection against voltage surge
  - (3) Use proper ESD protection, including grounded wrist straps, ESD footwear and clothes
- The slug is is not electrically neutral. Therefore, we recommend to isolate the heat sink.
- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- Any mechanical force or any excess vibration shall not be accepted to apply during cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- Please avoid rapid cooling after soldering.
- Components should not be mounted on warped direction of PCB.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a heat plate should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When cleaning is required, isopropyl alcohol should be used.
- When the LEDs are illuminating, operating current should be decide after considering the package maximum temperature.
- The appearance, specifications and flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice. Please refer to the below website for the latest datasheets. http://www.prolightopto.com/

### **Eye Safety Guidelines**

- During operation, the LED emits high intensity ultraviolet (UV) light, which is harmful to skin and eyes. UV light is hazardous to skin and may cause cancer. Avoid exposure to UV light when LED is operational. Precautions must be taken to avoid looking directly at the UV light without the use of UV light protective glasses. Do not look directly at the front of the LED or at the LED's lens when LED is operational.
- Attach warning labels on products/systems that use UV LEDs.



14

No. 89, Xiyuan Rd., Zhongli City, Taoyuan County 320,

Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Tel: +886-3-461-8618
Fax: +886-3-461-8677
www.prolightopto.com



## **Use Handling of Quartz Lens LEDs**

Notes for handling of quartz lens LEDs

- Please do not use a force of over 3kgf impact or pressure on the quartz lens, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.
- The LEDs should only be picked up by making contact with the sides of the LED body.
- Avoid touching the quartz lens especially by sharp tools such as Tweezers.
- Avoid leaving fingerprints on the quartz lens.
- Please store the LEDs away from dusty areas or seal the product against dust.
- When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the quartz lens must be prevented.
- Please do not mold over the quartz lens with another resin. (epoxy, urethane, etc)

#### **DISCLAIMER**

- The information in this document has been compiled from reference materials and other sources believed to be reliable, and given in good faith. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is made, however, to the accuracy and completeness of the information, nor is any responsibility assumed or implied for any loss or damage resulting from inaccuracies or omissions. Each user bears full responsibility for making their own determination as to the suitability of Prolight products, recommendations or advice for its own particular use. Prolight makes no warranty or guarantee, express or implied, as to results obtained in end-use, nor of any design incorporating its Products, recommendation or advice.
- Each user must identify and performall tests and analyses necessary to ensure that it's finished application incorporating Prolight products will be safe and suitable for use under end-use conditions. Each user of devices assumes full responsibility to become educated in and to protect from harmful irradiation. Prolight specifically disclaims any and all liability for harm arising from buyer's use or misuse of UVC devices either in development or end-use.

### **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Standard LEDs - SMD category:

Click to view products by Prolight manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

LTST-C19GD2WT LTST-N683GBEW LTW-170ZDC LTW-M140SZS40 598-8110-100F 598-8170-100F 598-8610-202F 67
22VRVGC/TR8 AAAF5060QBFSEEZGS ALMD-LB36-SV002 APT1608QGW EASV1803BA0 LG M67K-H1J2-24-0-2-R18-Z LS A676
P2S1-1 SML-512VWT86A SML-LX0606SISUGC/A SML-LXL1307SRC-TR SML-LXR851SIUPGUBC LT1ED53A FAT801-S

AM27ZGC03 APB3025SGNC APFA3010SURKCGKQBDC APHK1608VGCA APT2012QGW CLX6D-FKB-CN1R1H1BB7D3D3 LTST
008BGEW LTST-C250KGKT LTW-010DCG LTW-020ZDCG LTW-21TS5 LTW-220DS5 JANTXM19500/521-02 UYGT801-S 42
21UYC/S530-A3/TR8 LO T67F-V1AB-24-1 YGFR411-H SML-LX0402IC-TR CMDA20AYAA7D1S CMDA16AYDR7A1X 339
1SURSYGW/S530-A2 598-8040-100F 598-8070-100F 598-8140-100F 598-8610-200F EAST2012GA0 SML-LXL1209SYC/ATR

EASV3020YGA0 EAST1608RGBA0 EAST16086YA5