



## **OLED SPECIFICATION**

Model No:

## REX009616AWPP3N00000

### **CUSTOMER:**

APPROVED BY	
PCB VERSION	
DATE	

FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY

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oxdot APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND SAMPLE



# 1. Revision History

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
0	2017/01/06		First release
A	2017/09/13		Modify Reliability test
			Condition
В	2018/11/27		Modify Static
			electricity test
			Content of Test
С	2019/09/02		Modify Precautions in
			use of OLED Modules



## **Contents**

- 1.General Specification
- 2. Module Classification Information
- 3.Interface Pin Function
- 4. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
- 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings
- 6.Electrical Characteristics
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- 8.OLED Lifetime
- 9.Reliability
- 10.Inspection specification
- 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules



## **1.General Specification**

The Features is described as follow:

■ Module dimension: 29.1× 9.2 × 1.3 mm

■ Active area: 21.104×3.504 mm

■ Dot Matrix: 96×16

Pixel size: 0.198 x 0.198 mm
 Pixel pitch: 0.220 x 0.220 mm
 Display Mode: Passive Matrix

■ Duty: 1/16 Duty

Display Color: White

IC: SSD1306BZInterface: I2C

■ Size: 0.84 inch



# 2.Module Coding System

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
R	Е	Х	009616	Α	W	Р	Р	3	N	0	0	0	00

1	Brand: Raystar Optronics Inc.							
2	E: OLED							
3	Display Type	C : COB Character X : COG P : COG + FR + PCB A : COG + PCB				COB Graphic COG + FR AB		
4	Dot Matrix: 9	6*16						
5	Series							
6	Emitting Color	B	A: Amber B: Blue B: Green B: Sky Blue	R: Red W: White Y: Yellow X: Dual Color		C : Full Color		
7	Polarizer		):With Polarizer; I ↓:Anti-glare Polar		zer			
8	Display Mode	e P	P: Passive Matrix;	N: Active Matrix	trix			
9	Driver Voltage	3	: 3.0~3.3V ; 5	: 5.0V				
10	Touch Panel	N	N: Without touch panel; T: With touch panel					
11	Product type  0 : Standard 1 : Daylight Readable 2 : Transparent OLED (TOLED) 3 : Flexible OLED (FOLED) 4 : OLED Lighting							
12	Inspection Gra	de 2 C Y	0 : Standard 2 : B grade C : Automotive grade Y : Consumer grade					
13	Option		: Default ; F : ZIF	·	ar FPC	; D: Demo Kit		
14	Serial No.	S	Serial number(00~Z	<b>Z</b> Z)	1	1000000		

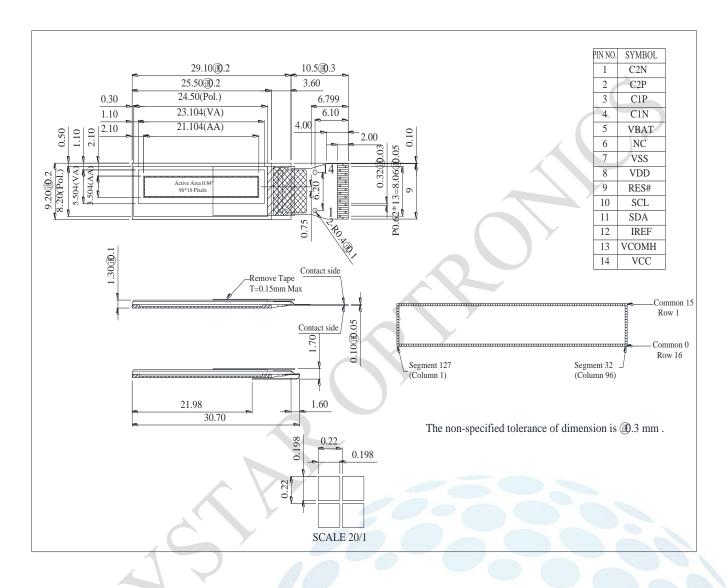


## **3.Interface Pin Function**

No.	Symbol	Function
1	C2N	
2	C2P	Positive Terminal of the Flying Inverting Capacitor Negative Terminal of the
3	C1P	Flying Boost Capacitor The charge-pump capacitors are required between
4	C1N	the terminals. They must be floated when the converter is not used.
5	VBAT	Power Supply for DC/DC Converter Circuit  This is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of the DC/DC voltage converter. It must be connected to external source when the converter is used. It should be connected to VDD when the converter is not used.
6	NC	No connection
7	VSS	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external ground.
8	VDD	Power Supply for Logic This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.
9	RES#	Power Reset for Controller and Driver This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is executed.
10	SCL	I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout,
11	SDA	SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.
12	IREF	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 12.5µA.
13	VCOMH	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
14		Power Supply for OEL Panel This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. A stabilization capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS when the converter is used. It must be connected to external source when the converter is not used.

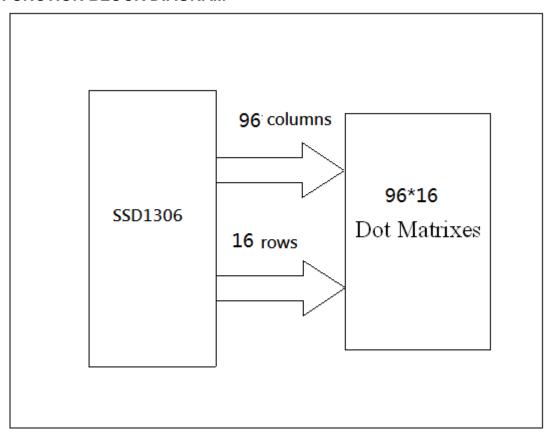


## **Contour Drawing & Block Diagram**





### **FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM**



<sup>\*</sup>For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Raystar Optronics.





**5.Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	0	4	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	16	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+70	°C	_
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C	_

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

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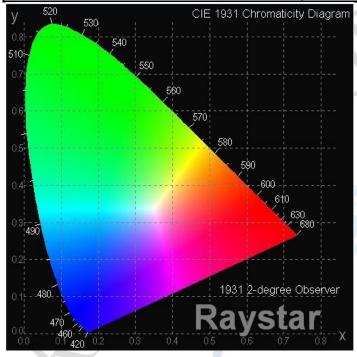
## **6.Electrical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display (Supplied Externally)	VCC	_	7.0	7.5	7.8	V
Charge Pump Regulator Supply Voltage	VBAT	_	3.3	^	4.2	V
Charge Pump Output Voltage for Display (Generated by Internal DC/DC)	Charge Pump VCC	_	7.0	7.5	7.8	V
Input High Volt.	VIH	_	0.8×VDD	)	VDD	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	- /	0	_	0.2×VDD	V
Output High Volt.	VOH		0.9×VDD		VDD	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL		0	_	0.1×VDD	V
50% check Board operating Current (VCC Supplied Externally)	ICC	<u></u>	_	7	15	mA
50% check Board operating Current (VCC Generated by Internal DC/DC)	IBAT	_	10	15	25	mA



## 7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
view / trigic	(Η)φ	_	160	_	- , (	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	-		
Response Time	T rise	_	_	10		μs
Treeponee Time	T fall	_	-	10		μs
Display with 50% check E	Board Brightness		100	120	_	cd/m2
CIEx(White)	(CIE1931)	0.26	0.28	0.30	_	
CIEy(White)		(CIE1931)	0.30	0.32	0.34	_







### **8.OLED Lifetime**

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness 100cd/m²	20,000 Hrs	-	Note

### Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.



# 9.Reliability

**Content of Reliability Test** 

Environmenta Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	85℃ 240hrs	
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40℃ 240hrs	4
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	70℃ 240hrs	<b>\</b>
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40℃ 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60℃ ,90%RH 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity Operation for a long time.	60℃,90%RH 120hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle.  -40°C 25°C 80°C 30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40°C/80°C 30 cycles	257
Mechanical Tes	st C		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z	
Others			
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the finished product housing.	Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times	

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 



#### Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

### **Evaluation criteria**

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

### **APPENDIX:**

### **RESIDUE IMAGE**

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.



# 10.Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion							
01	Electrical	•	1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast						
	Testing	defect.							
		_	1.2 Missing character, dot or icon.						
		1.3 Display malf 1.4 No function		21/					
		1.5 Current cons	•	•	eds product sr	pecifications	0.65		
		1.6 OLED viewir	•						
		1.7 Mixed produ	-						
		1.8 Contrast def	ect.						
00	D	0.4.14.11			l'				
02	Black or white	three white and b				mm, no more than			
	spots on	2.2 Densely spa				s or lines within			
	OLED	3mm.	1000. 110 111	1010	triair two opote	or in loo within	2.5		
	(display								
	only)					<u> </u>			
03	OLED	3.1 Round type			0175	14 (11 0			
	black	following drawin Φ=( x + y ) / 2	g		SIZE	Acceptable Q TY			
	spots, white	Ψ=( X + y ) / 2			Ф≦0.10	Accept no			
	spots,	·⊸n^⊷↓			Ф <u>=</u> 0.10	dense			
	contamina	•	v		0.10<	2	2.5		
	tion	7			Ф≦0.20				
	(non-displ				0.20<	1			
	ay)				Ф≦0.25				
			/		0.25<Ф	0			
		3.2 Line type : (/	As followin	g dr	awing)		0		
		( <u></u>	Length	_	dth	Acceptable Q TY			
		$\sim 1 \frac{w}{w}$	10		≦0.02	Accept no dense	0.5		
		<b>→</b> I [  ←	L≦3.0		$02 < W \le 0.03$	2	2.5		
		-	L≦2.5		03 <w≦0.05< td=""><td>-</td><td></td></w≦0.05<>	-			
			/	0.0	)5 <w< td=""><td>As round type</td><td></td></w<>	As round type			
04	Polarizer	10							
	bubbles	If bubbles are visible,		Si	ze Ф	Acceptable Q TY			
	7	judge using black spot			≦0.20	Accept no dense			
		•	specifications, not easy			3	2.5		
		to find, must che specify direction			50<Φ≦1.00	2	0,6		
			•		Ф>00	0			
				То	tal Q TY	3 /000			



NO	Item	Criterion	
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination	
	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length:	
		6.1 General glass chip : 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:	
		z: Chip thickness y: Chip width x: Chip length	
06		Z≦1/2t   Not over viewing   x≦1/8a   area	2.5
00		1/2t < z ≤ 2t Not exceed 1/3k x ≤ 1/8a	2.5
		<ul> <li>⊙If there are 2 or more chips, x is total length of each chip.</li> <li>6.1.2 Corner crack:</li> </ul>	10
		z: Chip thickness y: Chip width x: Chip length	
	4	Z≦1/2t Not over viewing x≦1/8a area	
		1/2t < z ≤ 2t  Not exceed 1/3k  x ≤ 1/8a	
	⊙ If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.		



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL	
		Symbols: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal: 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad:		
		2.2.1 Only off electrode pad.		
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip thickness		
		$y \le 0.5$ mm $x \le 1/8$ a $0 < z \le t$		
		6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:		
06 Glass crack			2.5	
		X		
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip		
		$ \begin{array}{c cccc} & & \text{thickness} \\ \hline y \leq L & & x \leq 1/8a & & 0 < z \leq t \\ \end{array} $		
		⊙If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO		
		must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal		
		specifications.		
		If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark not be damaged.		
		6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.		
	-	y: width x: length		
		$y \le 1/3L$ $x \le a$		
	L	v		
			100	



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	<ul> <li>8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit.</li> <li>8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards.</li> <li>8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.</li> </ul>	
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination. 9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	<ul> <li>10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.</li> <li>10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.</li> <li>10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.</li> <li>10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.</li> <li>10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.</li> <li>10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts.</li> <li>10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart.</li> <li>10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	<ul> <li>11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.</li> <li>11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle.</li> <li>11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.</li> <li>11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
12	General appearance	<ul> <li>12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.</li> <li>12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.</li> <li>12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.</li> <li>12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.</li> <li>12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.</li> <li>12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.</li> <li>12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.</li> <li>12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.</li> <li>12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.</li> </ul>	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65
		A T Y	



Check Item	Classification	Criteria			
No Display	Major				
Missing Line	Major				
Pixel Short	Major				
Darker Short	Major				
Wrong Display	Major				
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Fixel Light Fixel			



### 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, change the components or modify its shape of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (5) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (6) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (7) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (8) Hot-Bar FPC soldering condition: 280~350C, less than 5 seconds.
- (9) Raystar has the right to change the passive components (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.) and change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Raystar have the right to modify the version.)
- (10) Raystar has the right to upgrade or modify the product function.

### 11.1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged. So, be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage by using following adhesion tape.
  - \* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

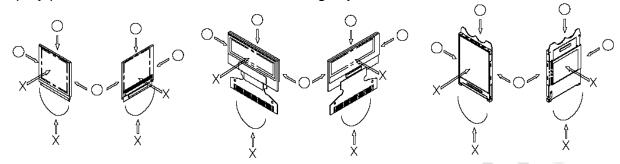
Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- \* Water
- \* Ketone
- \* Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (7) Do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
  - \* Pins and electrodes
  - \* Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (8) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the



System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (9) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
  - \* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
  - \* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
  - \* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
  - \* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.

### 11.2. Storage Precautions

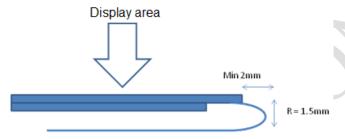
- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags to avoid be directly exposed to sun or lights of fluorescent lamps. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Raystar. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags.)
- (2) When the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high temperature or high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded if electric current is applied. Please store it in clean environment.

### 11.3. Designing Precautions

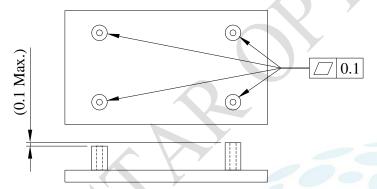
- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, OLED display module may be damaged.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specification and to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD / VCC). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the nearby devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) If the power supplied to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
  - \* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.



- (7) If this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur and semiconductor elements may change their characteristics.
- (8) The internal status may be changed, if excessive external noise enters into the module. Therefore, it is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect module from influences of noise on the system design.
- (9) We recommend you to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (10) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use the same image for long time in real application. When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern, an afterimage or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- (11) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.



(12) The module should be fixed balanced into the housing, or the module may be twisted.



### 11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

(1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.





5.Others:

Page: 1 **Module Sample Estimate Feedback Sheet** Module Number: \_\_\_\_\_ 1 · Panel Specification : □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 1. Panel Type: □ Pass □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 2. Numbers of Pixel: □ Pass □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 3. View Area: □ Pass □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 4. Active Area: □ Pass □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 5.Emitting Color: □ Pass □NG ,\_\_ 6.Uniformity: □Pass 7.Operating □ Pass □NG , Temperature: 8.Storage Temperature: □ Pass □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 9.Others: 2 Mechanical Specification □NG , 1. PCB Size: □Pass □NG ,\_\_\_\_\_ 2.Frame Size: □Pass □NG ,\_\_\_ 3.Materal of Frame: □Pass □NG ,\_\_\_ 4.Connector Position: □Pass □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 5.Fix Hole Position: □Pass 6. Thickness of PCB: □NG ,\_\_ □Pass 7. Height of Frame to □Pass □NG ,\_\_\_\_ PCB: □NG , 8.Height of Module: □Pass □NG , 9.Others: □Pass 3 Relative Hole Size: □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 1.Pitch of Connector: □Pass 2.Hole size of □NG , □Pass Connector: □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 3. Mounting Hole size: □Pass □Pass □NG , 4. Mounting Hole Type:

> s □NG ,\_\_\_\_ >> Go to page 2 <<

□Pass



Γ		Page: 2
Module Number :		<u> </u>
4 · Electronic Characteristic		
1.Input Voltage:	□Pass	□NG ,
2.Supply Current:	□Pass	
3.Driving Voltage for	□Pass	□NG ,
OLED:	_	
4.Contrast for OLED:	□Pass	□NG ,
5.Negative Voltage	□Pass	□NG ,
Output:		NO
6.Interface Function:	□Pass	□NG ,
7.ESD test:	□Pass	□NG ,
8.Others: 5 \ Summary:	□Pass	□NG ,
Sales signature :		

### **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

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Click to view products by Raystar manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

LTC-2721WC LTC-4624JD LTC-4627G LTC-4627WC LTD-5021AWC LTM-8522G LTP-4323P LTP-747G LTS-3361JG-06

F416SYGWA/S530-E3 EADST040RA2 1668 HT-F196NB-5323 IPD2131-27 SA03-12EWA LDD-E2802RD LDD-E306MI LDQ-N514RI

LDS-A3506RD LDS-A3926RI LDT-M516RI SC03-12HDB SI-B9T151550WW SI-B9V171550WW SLC-3PF-WL 1624 LTC-2621JD

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