# RENESAS

# DATASHEET

# Description

The 9DBV0631 is a member of Renesas' 1.8V Very-Low-Power (VLP) PCIe family. The device has 6 output enables for clock management and 3 selectable SMBus addresses.

# **Recommended Application**

1.8V PCIe Gen1–5 Zero Delay/Fanout Buffer (ZDB/FOB)

# **Output Features**

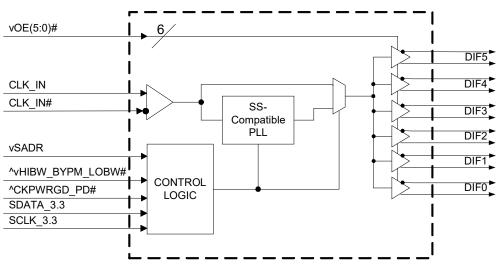
• Six 1–200 MHz Low-Power (LP) HCSL DIF pairs

### **Key Specifications**

- DIF additive cycle-to-cycle jitter < 5ps
- DIF output-to-output skew < 60ps
- PCIe Gen5 CC additive phase jitter < 40fs RMS
- 12kHz–20MHz additive phase jitter = 156fs RMS at 156.25MHz (typical)

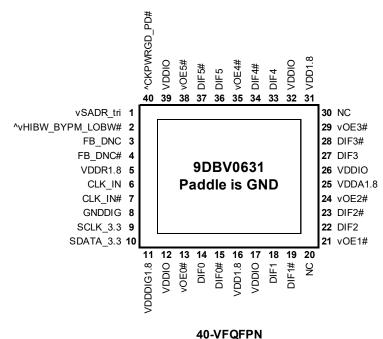
### Features/Benefits

- LP-HCSL outputs; save 12 resistors compared to standard PCIe devices
- 55mW typical power consumption in PLL mode; minimal power consumption
- Outputs can optionally be supplied from any voltage between 1.05 and 1.8V; maximum power savings
- OE# pins; support DIF power management
- HCSL-compatible differential input; can be driven by common clock sources
- Spread Spectrum tolerant; allows reduction of EMI
- Programmable Slew rate for each output; allows tuning for various line lengths
- Programmable output amplitude; allows tuning for various application environments
- Pin/software selectable PLL bandwidth and PLL Bypass; minimize phase jitter for each application
- Outputs blocked until PLL is locked; clean system start-up
- Configuration can be accomplished with strapping pins; SMBus interface not required for device control
- 3.3V tolerant SMBus interface works with legacy controllers
- Space saving 5 × 5mm 40-VFQFPN; minimal board space
- 3 selectable SMBus addresses; multiple devices can easily share an SMBus segment



# **Block Diagram**

# **Pin Configuration**



4U-VFQFPN ^ prefix indicates internal Pull-Up Resistor

v prefix indicates Internal Pull-Down Resistor 5mm x 5mm 0.4mm pin pitch

### **SMBus Address Selection Table**

	SADR	Address	+ Read/Write bit
State of SADR on first application of	0	1101011	Х
	М	1101100	Х
CKPWRGD_PD#	1	1101101	Х

### **Power Management Table**

CKPWRGD PD#		CLK_IN SMBus		D	PLL	
		OEx bit	OEx# Pin	True O/P	Comp. O/P	
0	Х	Х	Х	Low	Low	Off
1	Running	0	Х	Low	Low	On <sup>1</sup>
1	Running	1	0	Running	Running	On <sup>1</sup>
1	Running	1	1	Low	Low	On <sup>1</sup>

1. If Bypass mode is selected, the PLL will be off, and outputs will follow this table.

### **Power Connections**

Pin Number			Description	
VDD	VDDIO	GND	Description	
			Input	
5		41	receiver	
			analog	
11		8	<b>Digital Power</b>	
16, 31	12,17,26,32, 39	41	DIF outputs,	
10, 31	39	41	Logic	
25		41	PLL Analog	

### **Frequency Select Table**

FSEL Byte3 [1:0]	CLK_IN (MHz)	DIFx (MHz)
00	100.00	CLK_IN
01	50.00	CLK_IN
10	125.00	CLK_IN
11	Reserved	Reserved

### PLL Operating Mode

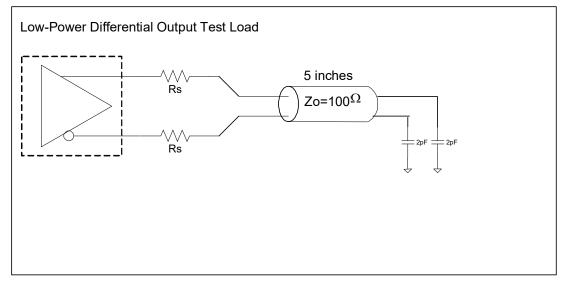
		Byte1 [7:6]	Byte1 [4:3]
HiBW_BypM_LoBW#	MODE	Readback	Control
0	PLL Lo BW	00	00
М	Bypass	01	01
1	PLL Hi BW	11	11

# **Pin Descriptions**

PIN #	PIN NAME	PIN TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1	vSADR_tri	LATCHED IN	Tri-level latch to select SMBus Address. See SMBus Address Selection Table.
2	^vHIBW_BYPM_LOBW#	LATCHED IN	Trilevel input to select High BW, Bypass or Low BW mode. See PLL Operating Mode Table for Details.
3	FB_DNC	DNC	True clock of differential feedback. The feedback output and feedback input are connected internally on this pin. Do not connect anything to this pin.
4	FB_DNC#	DNC	Complement clock of differential feedback. The feedback output and feedback input are connected internally on this pin. Do not connect anything to this pin.
5	VDDR1.8	PWR	1.8V power for differential input clock (receiver). This VDD should be treated as an Analog power rail and filtered appropriately.
6	CLK_IN	IN	True Input for differential reference clock.
7	CLK_IN#	IN	Complementary Input for differential reference clock.
8	GNDDIG	GND	Ground pin for digital circuitry
9	SCLK 3.3	IN	Clock pin of SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
	SDATA 3.3	I/O	Data pin for SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
11	VDDDIG1.8	PWR	1.8V digital power (dirty power)
12	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
12			Active low input for enabling DIF pair 0. This pin has an internal pull-down.
13	vOE0#	IN	1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
14	DIF0	OUT	Differential true clock output
	DIF0#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
16	VDD1.8	PWR	Power supply, nominal 1.8V
17		PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
18	DIF1	OUT	Differential true clock output
19	DIF1#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
20	NC	N/A	No Connection.
21	vOE1#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 1. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
22	DIF2	OUT	Differential true clock output
23	DIF2#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
24	vOE2#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 2. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
25	VDDA1.8	PWR	1.8V power for the PLL core.
26	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
27	DIF3	OUT	Differential true clock output
28	DIF3#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
	vOE3#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 3. This pin has an internal pull-down.
29	VOE3#	IIN	1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
30	NC	N/A	No Connection.
31	VDD1.8	PWR	Power supply, nominal 1.8V
32	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
33	DIF4	OUT	Differential true clock output
34	DIF4#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
35	vOE4#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 4. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
36	DIF5	OUT	Differential true clock output
37	DIF5#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
51			Active low input for enabling DIF pair 5. This pin has an internal pull-down.
38	vOE5#	IN	1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
39	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
		1 991	Input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first high assertion. Low enters
40	^CKPWRGD_PD#	IN	Power Down Mode, subsequent high assertions exit Power Down Mode. This pin has internal
4.4	- DA D		pull-up resistor.
41	ePAD	GND	Connect paddle to ground.

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# **Test Loads**



## **Alternate Terminations**

The 9DBV family can easily drive LVPECL, LVDS, and CML logic. See "AN-891 Driving LVPECL, LVDS, and CML Logic with "Universal" Low-Power HCSL Outputs" for details.

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the 9DBV0631. These ratings, which are standard values for Renesas commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	VDDx		-0.5		2.5	V	1,2
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		-0.5		V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5	V	1,3
Input High Voltage, SMBus	VIHSMB	SMBus clock and data pins			3.6	V	1
Storage Temperature	Ts		-65		150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	Tj				125	°C	1
Input ESD protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model	2000			V	1

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

<sup>3</sup> Not to exceed 2.5V.

# **Electrical Characteristics–Clock Input Parameters**

TA = T<sub>AMB</sub>; Supply Voltage per VDD, VDDIO of normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

			-				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input High Voltage - DIF_IN	V <sub>IHDIF</sub>	Differential inputs (single-ended measurement)	300	750	1150	mV	1
Input Low Voltage - DIF_IN	V <sub>ILDIF</sub>	Differential inputs (single-ended measurement)	V <sub>SS</sub> - 300	0	300	mV	1
Input Common Mode Voltage - DIF_IN	V <sub>COM</sub>	Common Mode Input Voltage	200		725	mV	1
Input Amplitude - DIF_IN	V <sub>SWING</sub>	Peak to Peak value (V <sub>IHDIF</sub> - V <sub>ILDIF</sub> )	300		1450	mV	1
Input Slew Rate - DIF_IN	dv/dt	Measured differentially	0.35		8	V/ns	1,2
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ , $V_{IN} = GND$	-5		5	uA	
Input Duty Cycle	d <sub>tin</sub>	Measurement from differential waveform	45		55	%	1
Input Jitter - Cycle to Cycle	J <sub>DIFIn</sub>	Differential Measurement	0		150	ps	1

<sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Slew rate measured through +/-75mV window centered around differential zero.

# Electrical Characteristics–Input/Supply/Common Parameters–Normal Operating Conditions

TA =  $T_{AMB}$ , Voltage per VDD, VDDIO of normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for Loading Conditions.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	VDDx	Supply voltage for core and analog	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Output Supply Voltage	VDDIO	Supply voltage for Low Power HCSL Outputs	0.95	1.05-1.8	1.9	V	
Ambient Operating	T <sub>AMB</sub>	Commercial range	0	25	70	°C	1
Temperature	IAMB	Industrial range	-40	25	85	°C	1
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	$0.75 V_{\text{DD}}$		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
Input Mid Voltage	V <sub>IM</sub>	Single-ended tri-level inputs ('_tri' suffix)	$0.4 V_{DD}$		0.6 V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	-0.3		$0.25 V_{DD}$	V	
	I <sub>IN</sub>	Single-ended inputs, $V_{IN}$ = GND, $V_{IN}$ = VDD	-5		5	uA	
Input Current	I <sub>INP</sub>	Single-ended inputs V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V; Inputs with internal pull-up resistors V <sub>IN</sub> = VDD; Inputs with internal pull-down resistors	-200		200	uA	
	F <sub>ibyp</sub>	Bypass mode	1		200	MHz	2
	Fipl	100MHz PLL mode	50	100.00	140	MHz	2
Input Frequency	F <sub>ipll</sub>	125MHz PLL mode	62.5	125.00	175	MHz	2
	F <sub>ipll</sub>	50MHz PLL mode	25	50.00	65	MHz	2
Pin Inductance	L <sub>pin</sub>				7	nH	1
	C <sub>IN</sub>	Logic Inputs, except DIF_IN	1.5		5	pF	1
Capacitance	C <sub>INDIF_IN</sub>	DIF_IN differential clock inputs	1.5		2.7	pF	1,6
	C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output pin capacitance			6	pF	1
Clk Stabilization	T <sub>STAB</sub>	From V <sub>DD</sub> Power-Up and after input clock stabilization or de-assertion of PD# to 1st clock			1	ms	1,2
Input SS Modulation Frequency PCle	f <sub>MODINPCIe</sub>	Allowable Frequency for PCle Applications (Triangular Modulation)	30		33	kHz	
Input SS Modulation Frequency non-PCle	f <sub>MODIN</sub>	Allowable Frequency for non-PCle Applications (Triangular Modulation)	0		66	kHz	
OE# Latency	t <sub>LATOE</sub> #	DIF start after OE# assertion DIF stop after OE# deassertion	1		3	clocks	1,3
Tdrive_PD#	t <sub>DRVPD</sub>	DIF output enable after PD# de-assertion			300	us	1,3
Tfall	t <sub>F</sub>	Fall time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	2
Trise	t <sub>R</sub>	Rise time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	2
SMBus Input Low Voltage	VILSMB	$V_{DDSMB}$ = 3.3V, see note 4 for $V_{DDSMB}$ < 3.3V			0.8	V	4
SMBus Input High Voltage	VIHSMB	$V_{DDSMB}$ = 3.3V, see note 5 for $V_{DDSMB}$ < 3.3V	2.1		3.6	V	5
MBus Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OLSMB</sub>	@ I <sub>PULLUP</sub>			0.4	V	
SMBus Sink Current	I <sub>PULLUP</sub>	@ V <sub>OL</sub>	4			mA	
Nominal Bus Voltage	V <sub>DDSMB</sub>	Bus Voltage	1.7		3.6	V	
SCLK/SDATA Rise Time	t <sub>RSMB</sub>	(Max VIL - 0.15) to (Min VIH + 0.15)			1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Fall Time	t <sub>FSMB</sub>	(Min VIH + 0.15) to (Max VIL - 0.15)			300	ns	1
SMBus Operating Frequency	f <sub>MAXSMB</sub>	Maximum SMBus operating frequency			400	kHz	7

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

 $^2\mbox{Control}$  input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

 $^{3}$  Time from deassertion until outputs are >200 mV.

 $^4$  For V\_{DDSMB} < 3.3V, V\_{ILSMB} <= 0.35V\_{DDSMB.}

 $^{5}$  For V<sub>DDSMB</sub> < 3.3V, V<sub>IHSMB</sub> >= 0.65V<sub>DDSMB</sub>.

<sup>6</sup> DIF\_IN input.

<sup>7</sup> The differential input clock must be running for the SMBus to be active.

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# Electrical Characteristics–Low-Power HCSL Outputs

TA = T<sub>AMB</sub>; Supply Voltage per VDD, VDDIO of normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

	,	,		0			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Slew rate	dV/dt	Scope averaging on, fast setting	1.7	2.9	4	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew late	dV/dt	Scope averaging on, slow setting	1.1	2.1	3.4	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew rate matching	⊡dV/dt	Slew rate matching, Scope averaging on		7	20	%	1,2,4
Voltage High	V <sub>HIGH</sub>	Statistical measurement on single-ended signal using oscilloscope math function. (Scope	660	774	850	mV	7
Voltage Low	V <sub>LOW</sub>	averaging on)	-150	18	150		7
Max Voltage	Vmax	Measurement on single ended signal using		821	1150	mV	7
Min Voltage	Vmin	absolute value. (Scope averaging off)	-300	-15		mv	7
Vswing	Vswing	Scope averaging off	300	1536		mV	1,2
Crossing Voltage (abs)	Vcross_abs	Scope averaging off	250	414	550	mV	1,5
Crossing Voltage (var)	∆-Vcross	Scope averaging off		13	140	mV	1,6

<sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Measured from differential waveform

<sup>3</sup> Slew rate is measured through the Vswing voltage range centered around differential 0V. This results in a +/-150mV window around differential 0V.

<sup>4</sup> Matching applies to rising edge rate for Clock and falling edge rate for Clock#. It is measured using a +/-75mV window centered on the average cross point where Clock rising meets Clock# falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations.

<sup>5</sup> Vcross is defined as voltage where Clock = Clock# measured on a component test board and only applies to the differential rising edge (i.e. Clock rising and Clock# falling).

<sup>6</sup> The total variation of all Vcross measurements in any particular system. Note that this is a subset of Vcross\_min/max (Vcross absolute) allowed. The intent is to limit Vcross induced modulation by setting Δ-Vcross to be smaller than Vcross absolute.

<sup>7</sup> At default SMBus settings.

# **Electrical Characteristics–Current Consumption**

TA = T<sub>AMB</sub>; Supply Voltage per VDD, VDDIO of normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
	I <sub>DDA</sub>	VDDA+VDDR, PLL Mode, @100MHz		11	15	mA	1
Operating Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	VDD, All outputs active @100MHz		6	10	mA	1
	I <sub>DDO</sub>	VDDIO, All outputs active @100MHz		24	30	mA	1
	I <sub>DDAPD</sub>	VDDA+VDDR, CKPWRGD_PD#=0		0.4	0.6	mA	1, 2
Powerdown Current	I <sub>DDPD</sub>	VDD, CKPWRGD_PD#=0		0.5	0.8	mA	1, 2
	I <sub>DDOPD</sub>	VDDIO, CKPWRGD_PD#=0		0.0003	0.1	mA	1, 2

<sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Input clock stopped.

# Electrical Characteristics–Output Duty Cycle, Jitter, Skew and PLL Characteristics

TA = T<sub>AMB</sub>; Supply Voltage per VDD, VDDIO of normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

	,			5 -			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
PLL Bandwidth	BW	-3dB point in High BW Mode	1.8	2.7	3.8	MHz	1,5
PLL Bandwidth	DVV	-3dB point in Low BW Mode	0.8	1.4	2	MHz	1,5
PLL Jitter Peaking	t <sub>JPEAK</sub>	Peak Pass band Gain		1.1	2	dB	1
Duty Cycle	t <sub>DC</sub>	Measured differentially, PLL Mode	45	50.1	55	%	1
Duty Cycle Distortion	t <sub>DCD</sub>	Measured differentially, Bypass Mode @100MHz	-1	0.0	1	%	1,3
Skow Innut to Output	t <sub>pdBYP</sub>	Bypass Mode, V <sub>T</sub> = 50%	3000	3636	4500	ps	1
Skew, Input to Output	t <sub>pdPLL</sub>	PLL Mode V <sub>T</sub> = 50%	0	81	200	ps	1,4
Skew, Output to Output	t <sub>sk3</sub>	V <sub>T</sub> = 50%		26	50	ps	1,4
Jitter, Cycle to cycle		PLL mode		13	50	ps	1,2
	t <sub>jcyc-cyc</sub>	Additive Jitter in Bypass Mode		0.1	5	ps	1,2

<sup>1</sup> Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

<sup>2</sup> Measured from differential waveform

<sup>3</sup> Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the output and the input clock when the device is operated in bypass mode.

<sup>4</sup> All outputs at default slew rate

<sup>5</sup> The MIN/TYP/MAX values of each BW setting track each other, i.e., Low BW MAX will never occur with Hi BW MIN.

# Electrical Characteristics–Phase Jitter Parameters – 12kHz to 20MHz

T<sub>AMB</sub> = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limit	Units	Notes
12k-20M <i>Additive</i> Phase Jitter, Fan-out Buffer Mode	tjph12k-20MFOB	Fan-out Buffer Mode, SSC OFF, 156.25M Hz		156		n/a	fs (rms)	1, 2, 3

Notes:

1. Applies to all differential outputs, guaranteed by design and characterization. See Test Loads for measurement setup details.

2. 12kHz to 20M Hz brick wall filter.

3. For RMS values additive jitter is calculated by solving for b where  $[b = sqrt(c^2 - a^2)]$ , a is rms input jitter and c is rms total jitter.

# Electrical Characteristics–Additive PCle Phase Jitter for Fanout Buffer Mode<sup>[7]</sup>

T<sub>AMB</sub> = over the specified operating range. Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions. See Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Limit	Units	Notes
	tjphPCleG1-CC	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		1.7	3.0	86	рs (р-р)	1, 2
		PCle Gen 2 Hi Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.033	0.049	3	ps (RMS)	1, 2
Additive PCIe Phase Jitter, Fan-out Buffer Mode	tjphPCleG2-CC	PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band (5.0 GT/s)		0.122	0.199	3.1	ps (RMS)	1, 2
(Common Clocked Architecture)	tjphPCleG3-CC	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.059	0.098	1	ps (RMS)	1, 2
	tjphPCleG4-CC	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.059	0.098	0.5	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 3, 4
	tjphPCleG5-CC	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.023	0.038	0.15	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 3, 5
	tjphPCleG1-SRIS	PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)		0.175	0.038	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
Additive PCIe Phase Jitter,	tjphPCleG2-SRIS	PCIe Gen 2 (5.0 GT/s)		0.156	0.275	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
Fan-out Buffer Mode	tphPCleG3-SRIS	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)		0.041	0.247	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
(SRIS Architecture)	tphPCleG4-SRIS	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)		0.043	0.064	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6
	tphPCleG5-SRIS	PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)		0.036	0.066	n/a	ps (RMS)	1, 2, 6

Notes:

1. The Refclk jitter is measured after applying the filter functions found in PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0. See the Test Loads section of the data sheet for the exact measurement setup. The total Ref Clk jitter limits for each data rate are listed for convenience. The worst case results for each data rate are summarized in this table. If oscilloscope data is used, equipment noise is removed from all results.

2. Jitter measurements shall be made with a capture of at least 100,000 clock cycles captured by a real-time oscilloscope (RTO) with a sample rate of 20 GS/s or greater. Broadband oscilloscope noise must be minimized in the measurement. The measured PP jitter is used (no extrapolation) for RTO measurements. Alternately - Jitter measurements may be used with a Phase Noise Analyzer (PNA) extending (flat) and integrating and folding the frequency content up to an offset from the carrier frequency of at least 200 MHz (at 300 MHz absolute frequency) below the Nyquist frequency. For PNA measurements for the 2.5 GT/s data rate, the RMS jitter is converted to peak to peak jitter using a multiplication factor of 8.83. In the case where real-time oscilloscope and PNA measurements have both been done and produce different results the RTO result must be used.

3. SSC spurs from the fundamental and harmonics are removed up to a cutoff frequency of 2 M Hz taking care to minimize removal of any non-SSC content.

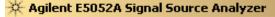
4. Note that 0.7 ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

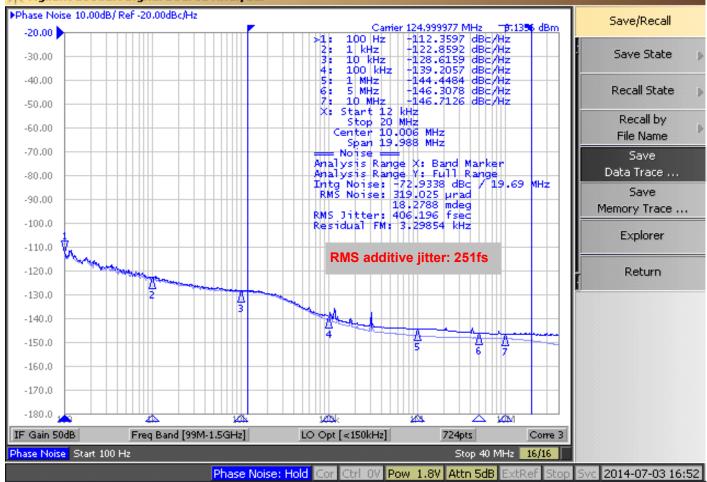
5. Note that 0.25 ps RMS is to be used in channel simulations to account for additional noise in a real system.

6. The PCI Express Base Specification 5.0, Revision 1.0 provides the filters necessary to calculate SRIS jitter values, however, it does not provide specification limits, hence the n/a in the Limit column. SRIS values are informative only. In general, a clock operating in an SRIS system must be twice as good as a clock operating in a Common Clock system. For RMS values, twice as good is equivalent to dividing the CC value by  $\sqrt{2}$ . And additional consideration is the value for which to divide by  $\sqrt{2}$ . The conservative approach is to divide the ref clock jitter limit, and the case can be made for dividing the channel simulation values by  $\sqrt{2}$ , if the ref clock is close to the Tx clock input. An example for Gen4 is as follows. A "rule-of-thumb" SRIS limit would be either 0.5ps RMS/ $\sqrt{2}$  = 0.35ps RMS if the clock chip is far from the clock input, or 0.7ps RMS/ $\sqrt{2}$  = 0.5ps RMS if the clock chip is near the clock input.

7. Additive jitter for RMS values is calculated by solving for b where  $b = \sqrt{(c^2 - a^2)}$ , and a is rms input jitter and c is rms output jitter.

# Additive Phase Jitter: 125M (12kHz to 20MHz)





# **General SMBus Serial Interface Information**

### How to Write

- Controller (host) sends a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- Renesas clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the byte count = X
- Renesas clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte N through Byte N+X-1
- Renesas clock will acknowledge each byte one at a time
- Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

Index Blo	ck Write C	)pera	ation
Controller (	Host)		Renesas (Slave/Receiver)
Т	starT bit		
Slave Addre	ess		
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beginning B	Byte = N		
			ACK
Data Byte 0	Count = X	_	
			ACK
Beginning B	Byte N	×	
		Byte	ACK
0			
0			0
0			0
			0
Byte N + X	- 1		
			ACK
Р	stoP bit		

Note: Read/Write address is latched on SADR pin.

### How to Read

- Controller (host) will send a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- Renesas clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- Renesas clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit
- · Controller (host) sends the read address
- Renesas clock will acknowledge
- Renesas clock will send the data byte count = X
- Renesas clock sends Byte N+X-1
- Renesas clock sends Byte 0 through Byte X (if X<sub>(H)</sub> was written to Byte 8)
- Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

Index B	lock Read Operat	tion	
Controlle	r (Host)		Renesas
Т	starT bit		
Slave Ad	dress		
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beginning	g Byte = N		
			ACK
RT	Repeat starT		
Slave Ad	dress		
RD	ReaD		
			ACK
			Data Byte Count=X
ACK			
			Beginning Byte N
ACK			
			0
0			0
0		Ð	0
0		X Byte	
		×	Byte N + X - 1
Ν	Not acknowledge	_	
Р	stoP bit		

Byte 0	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	DIF OE5	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1	
Bit 6	DIF OE4	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1	
Bit 5		Reserved					
Bit 4	DIF OE3	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1	
Bit 3	DIF OE2	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1	
Bit 2	DIF OE1	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1	
Bit 1	Reserved						
Bit 0	DIF OE0	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1	

#### SMBus Table: Output Enable Register <sup>1</sup>

1. A low on these bits will override the OE# pin and force the differential output Low/Low

#### SMBus Table: PLL Operating Mode and Output Amplitude Control Register

Byte 1	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	PLLMODERB1	PLL Mode Readback Bit 1	R	See PLL Operating Mode Table		Latch
Bit 6	PLLMODERB0	PLL Mode Readback Bit 0	R			Latch
Bit 5	PLLMODE_SWCNTRL	Enable SW control of PLL Mode:	RW Values in B1[7:6] Values in B1[4:3] set PLL Mode set PLL Mode		0	
Bit 4	PLLMODE1	PLL Mode Control Bit 1	RW <sup>1</sup>	See PLL Operat	ing Mada Tabla	0
Bit 3	PLLMODE0	PLL Mode Control Bit 0	RW <sup>1</sup>	See FLL Operat		0
Bit 2		Reserved				1
Bit 1	AMPLITUDE 1	Controls Output Amplitude	RW	00 = 0.6V	01 = 0.7V	1
Bit 0	AMPLITUDE 0	Controls Output Amplitude	RW	10= 0.8V	11 = 0.9V	0

1. B1[5] must be set to a 1 for these bits to have any effect on the part.

#### SMBus Table: DIF Slew Rate Control Register

Byte 2	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	SLEWRATESEL DIF5	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF5 RW Slow setting Fast setting		1			
Bit 6	SLEWRATESEL DIF4	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF4	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1	
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	SLEWRATESEL DIF3	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF3	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1	
Bit 3	SLEWRATESEL DIF2	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF2	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1	
Bit 2	SLEWRATESEL DIF1	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF1	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1	
Bit 1	Reserved						
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL DIF0	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF0	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1	

### SMBus Table: Frequency Select Control Register

Byte 3	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					
Bit 6	Reserved					
Bit 5	FREQ_SEL_EN	Enable SW selection of frequency	RW	SW frequency change disabled	SW frequency change enabled	0
Bit 4	FSEL1	Freq. Select Bit 1	RW <sup>1</sup>	See Frequency	0	
Bit 3	FSEL0	Freq. Select Bit 0	RW <sup>1</sup>	See Trequency	y Select Table	0
Bit 2		Reserved				1
Bit 1	Reserved					1
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL FB	Adjust Slew Rate of FB	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1

1. B3[5] must be set to a 1 for these bits to have any effect on the part.

### Byte 4 is Reserved and reads back 'hFF

Byte 5	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	RID3		R		0	
Bit 6	RID2	Revision ID	R	A rev =	0	
Bit 5	RID1		R	A 160 -	0	
Bit 4	RID0		R		0	
Bit 3	VID3		R			0
Bit 2	VID2	VENDOR ID	R	0001	0001 = IDT	
Bit 1	VID1		R	0001 - 101		0
Bit 0	VID0		R		1	

### SMBus Table: Revision and Vendor ID Register

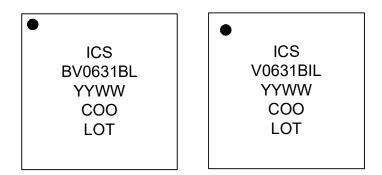
### SMBus Table: Device Type/Device ID

Byte 6	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Device Type1	Device Type	R	00 = FG,	01 = DB	0
Bit 6	Device Type0	Device Type	R	10 = DM, 11=	1	
Bit 5	Device ID5		R			0
Bit 4	Device ID4		R			0
Bit 3	Device ID3	Device ID	R	000110 bina	ny or 06 boy	0
Bit 2	Device ID2	Device ID	R		IY OF OUTIEX	1
Bit 1	Device ID1		R			1
Bit 0	Device ID0		R			0

### SMBus Table: Byte Count Register

Byte 7	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	Reserved						
Bit 6		Reserved					
Bit 5		Reserved				0	
Bit 4	BC4		RW			0	
Bit 3	BC3		RW	Writing to this regist	er will configure how	1	
Bit 2	BC2	Byte Count Programming	RW	many bytes will be r	ead back, default is	0	
Bit 1	BC1		RW	= 8 b	ytes.	0	
Bit 0	BC0		RW			0	

### **Marking Diagrams**



Notes:

- 1. "LOT" is the lot sequence number.
- 2. "COO" denotes country of origin.
- 3. "YYWW" is the last two digits of the year and week that the part was assembled.
- 4. Line 2: truncated part number
- 5. "L" denotes RoHS compliant package.
- 6. "I" denotes industrial temperature range device.

### **Thermal Characteristics**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	PKG	TYP VALUE	UNITS	NOTES
	θ <sub>JC</sub>	Junction to Case		42	°C/W	1
	$\theta_{Jb}$	Junction to Base	2.4 39 33 28		°C/W	1
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{JA0}$	Junction to Air, still air			°C/W	1
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{JA1}$	Junction to Air, 1 m/s air flow			°C/W	1
	$\theta_{JA3}$	Junction to Air, 3 m/s air flow			°C/W	1
	$\theta_{JA5}$	Junction to Air, 5 m/s air flow		27	°C/W	1

<sup>1</sup>ePad soldered to board

### **Package Outline Drawings**

The package outline drawings are located at the end of this document and are accessible from the Renesas website. The package information is the most current data available and is subject to change without revision of this document.

### 40-VFQFPN (NDG40P2)

### **Ordering Information**

Part / Order Number	Shipping Packaging	Package	Temperature
9DBV0631BKLF	Trays	40-pin VFQFPN	0 to +70° C
9DBV0631BKLFT	Tape and Reel	40-pin VFQFPN	0 to +70° C
9DBV0631BKILF	Trays	40-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBV0631BKILFT	Tape and Reel	40-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C

"LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

"B" is the device revision designator (will not correlate with the datasheet revision).

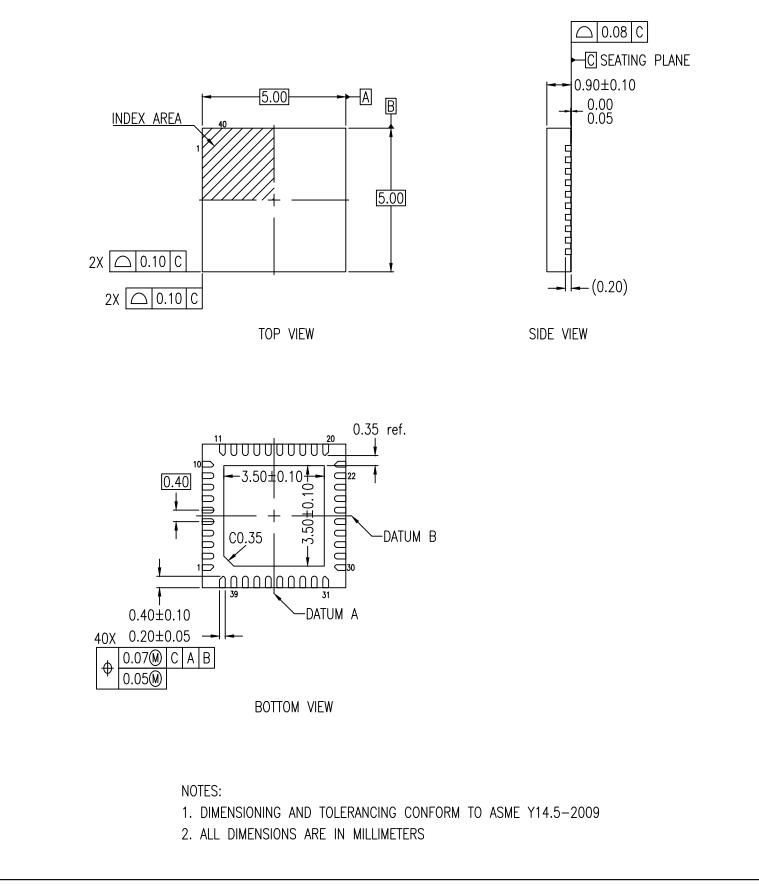
# **Revision History**

Revision Date	Description		
September 5, 2012	1. Pinout changed from 48 to 40 pins. Paddle is now GND.		
	2. Thermal data added		
	3. General Description/Front Page Text updated to match other 9DBVxx31 devices.		
	4. SMBus updated.		
	5. Power Ground Connections updated.		
	6. Electrical tables updated.		
	7. Move to preliminary.		
September 17, 2012	1. Changed ordering information from 9DBV0631A to 9DBV0631B		
February 25, 2013	1. Changed VIH min. from 0.65*VDD to 0.75*VDD		
	2. Changed VIL max. from 0.35*VDD to 0.25*VDD		
	3. Added missing mid-level input voltage spec (VIM) of 0.4*VDD to 0.6*VDD.		
July 7, 2014	Updated top-side device marking and associated notes.		
September 10, 2014	1. Updated front page text for consistency.		
	2. Updated block diagram for consistency.		
	3. Updated electrical tables with characterization data.		
	<ol><li>Updated SMBus nomenclature - bits did NOT change.</li></ol>		
	5. Converted to new doc template.		
	6. Changed IDD spec from 8mA to 10mA MAX		
November 7, 2014	1. Widened input frequency ranges for PLL modes.		
April 28, 2016	1. Updated max frequency of 100MHz PLL mode to 140MHz		
	2. Updated max frequency of 125MHz PLL mode to 175MHz		
	3. Updated max frequency of 50MHz PLL mode to 65MHz		
July 27, 2016	Corrected ordering information typo by adding "T" for Tape and Reel devices.		
August 2, 2021	1. Updated document title.		
	2. Updated Recommended Applications.		
	3. Updated Key Specifications.		
	4. Updated Package Outline Drawings section.		
	5. Updated Phase Jitter tables.		



## 40-VFQFPN, Package Outline Drawing

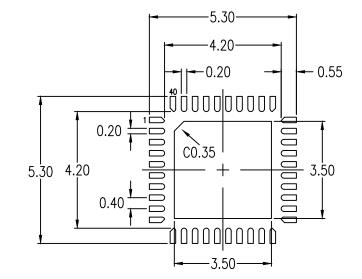
5.00 x 5.00 x 0.90 mm Body, 3.50 x 3.50 mm Epad, 0.40mm Pitch NDG40P2, PSC-4292-02, Rev 01, Page 1







5.00 x 5.00 x 0.90 mm Body, 3.50 x 3.50 mm Epad, 0.40mm Pitch NDG40P2, PSC-4292-02, Rev 01, Page 2



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN DIMENSION

NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM. ANGLES IN DEGREES
- 2. TOP DOWN VIEW. AS VIEWED ON PCB
- 3. LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION PER IPC-7351B GENERIC REQUIREMENT FOR SURFACE MOUNT DESIGN AND LAND PATTERN.
- 4. NSMD PATTERN ASSUMED

Package Revision History			
Date Created	Rev No.	Description	
Feb 25, 2021	01	Update Template to Marketing Version	
May 17, 2016	00	Initial release	

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