

HIP4020

Half Amp Full Bridge Power Driver for Small 3V, 5V, and 12V DC Motors

FN3976 Rev.5.00 Feb 8, 2019

In the Functional Block Diagram of the HIP4020, the four switches and a load are arranged in an H-configuration so that the drive voltage from terminals OUTA and OUTB can be cross-switched to change the direction of current flow in the load. This is commonly known as 4-quadrant load control. As shown Figure 1, switches Q₁ and Q₄ are conducting or in an ON state when current flows from VDD through Q₁ to the load, and then through Q₄ to terminal V_{SSB}; where load terminal OUTA is at a positive potential with respect to OUTB. Switches Q₁ and Q₄ are operated synchronously by the control logic. The control logic switches Q₃ and Q₂ to an open or OFF state when Q₁ and Q₄ are switched ON. To reverse the current flow in the load, the switch states are reversed where Q₁ and Q₄ are OFF while Q₂ and Q₃ are ON. Consequently, current then flows from V_{DD} through Q₃, through the load, and through Q₂ to terminal V_{SSA}, and load terminal OUTB is then at a positive potential with respect to OUTA.

Terminals ENA and ENB are ENABLE inputs for the Logic A and B Input Controls. The ILF output is an Overcurrent Limit Fault Flag Output and indicates a fault condition for either Output A or B or both. The V_{DD} and V_{SS} are the Power Supply reference terminals for the A and B Control Logic Inputs and ILF Output. While the V_{DD} positive power supply terminal is internally connected to each bridge driver, the V_{SSA} and V_{SSB} power supply terminals are separate and independent from V_{SS} and may be more negative than the V_{SS} ground reference terminal. The use of level shifters in the gate drive circuitry to the NMOS (low-side) output stages allows controlled level shifting of the output drive relative to ground.

Features

- Two independent controlled complementary MOS power output half H-drivers (full-bridge) for nominal 3V to 12V power supply operation
- · Split ±voltage power supply option for output drivers
- · Load switching capabilities to 0.5A
- Single supply range +2.5V to +15V
- · Low standby current
- · CMOS/TTL compatible input logic
- · Over-temperature shutdown protection
- · Overcurrent limit protection
- · Overcurrent fault flag output
- · Direction, braking and PWM control
- · Pb-free plus anneal (RoHS compliant)

Applications

- · DC motor driver
- · Relay and solenoid drivers
- Stepper motor controller
- · Air core gauge instrument driver
- Speedometer displays
- · Tachometer displays
- Remote power switch
- · Battery operated switch circuits
- · Logic and microcontroller operated switch

Related Literature

For a full list of related documents, visit our website:

• HIP4020 device page

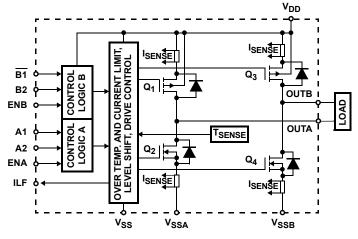


FIGURE 1. BLOCK DIAGRAM

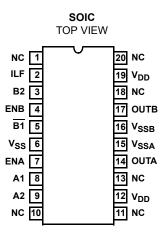
Ordering Information

PART NUMBER (Notes 2, 3)	PART MARKING	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	TAPE AND REEL (UNITS) (Note 1)	PACKAGE (RoHS Compliant)	PKG. DWG. #
HIP4020IBZ	HIP4020IBZ	-40 to 85	-	20 Ld SOIC	M20.3
HIP4020IBZT	HIP4020IBZ	-40 to 85	1k	20 Ld SOIC	M20.3

NOTES:

- 1. See TB347 for details about reel specifications.
- Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination
 finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Pb-free products are MSL classified at
 Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
- 3. For Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), see the <u>HIP4020</u> device page. For more information about MSL, see <u>TB363</u>.

Pinout



Pin Descriptions

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
12, 19	V_{DD}	Positive power supply pins; internally common and externally connect to the same positive supply (V+).
15	V _{SSA}	Negative power supply pin; negative or ground return for Switch Driver A; externally connect to the supply (V-).
16	V _{SSB}	Negative power supply pin; negative or Ground return for Switch Driver B; externally connect to the supply (V-).
6	V _{SS}	Common ground pin for the Input Logic Control circuits. It can be used as a common ground with V _{SSA} and V _{SSB} .
8, 5	A1, B1	Input pins used to control the direction of output load current to/from OUTA and OUTB, respectively. When connected, A1 and B1 can be controlled from the same logic signal to change the directional rotation of a motor.
9, 3	A2, B2	Input pins used to force a low state on OUTA and OUTB, respectively. When connected, A2 and B2 can be controlled from the same logic signal to activate dynamic braking of a motor.
7, 4	ENA, ENB	Input pins used to enable Switch Driver A and Switch Driver B, respectively. When low, the respective output is in a high impedance (Z) off-state. Since each switch driver is independently controlled, OUTA and OUTB can be separately PWM controlled as half H-switch drivers.
14, 17	OUTA, OUTB	Respectively, Switch Driver A and Switch Driver B output pins.
2	ILF	Current limiting fault output flag pin; when in a high logic state, signifies that Switch Driver A or B, or both are in a Current Limiting Fault mode.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage; V _{DD} to V _{SS} or V _{SSA} or V _{SSB}	+15V
Negative Output Supply Voltage, (VSSA, VSSB) (Note 4)
DC Logic Input Voltage (Each Input) (V_{SS} -0.5V) to (V_{DD}	+0.5V)
DC Logic Input Current (Each Input)	.±15mA
ILF Fault Output Current	
Output Load Current, (Self Limiting, see Elec. Spec.) $\dots \pm I_0$	O(LIMIT)

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 5)	θ _{JA} (°C/W)
Plastic SOIC Package	. 105
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	
Maximum Junction Temperature	150°C
Pb-Free Reflow Profile	see <u>TB493</u>

Operating ConditionsT_A = 25°C

Typical Operating Supply Voltage Range, V _{DD}	+3 to +12V
Low Voltage Logic Retention, Minimum V _{DD}	+2V
Idle Supply Current; No Load, V _{DD} = +5V	0.8mA
Typical P+N Channel $r_{DS(ON)}$, $V_{DD} = +5V$, 0.5A Load	2Ω

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" can cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTES:

- 4. V_{SS} is the required common ground reference for the logic input switching. The load currents may be switched positive and negative in reference to the V_{SS} common ground by using a split supply for V_{DD} (positive) to V_{SSA} and V_{SSB} (negative). For an uneven split in the supply voltage, the maximum negative output supply voltage for V_{SSA} and V_{SSB} is limited by the maximum V_{DD} to V_{SSA} or V_{SSB} ratings. Since the V_{DD} pins are internally tied together, the voltage on each V_{DD} pins must be equal and common.
- 5. $\theta_{\mbox{\scriptsize JA}}$ is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

Electrical Specifications $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = +5V$, $V_{SSA} = V_{SSB} = V_{SS} = 0V$, unless otherwise specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	OL TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Leakage Current	I _{LEAK}	V _{DD} = +15V	-	-	25	nA
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}		V _{SS}	-	0.8	V
High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		2	-	V _{DD}	V
ILF Output Low, Sink Current	Гон	V _{OUT} = 0.4V, V _{DD} = +12V	15	-	-	mA
ILF Output High, Source Current	l _{OL}	V _{OUT} = 11.6V, V _{DD} = +12V	-	1	-15	mA
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}		-	2	-	pF
P-Channel r _{DS(ON)} , Low Supply Voltage	rDS(ON)	V _{DD} = +3V, I _{SOURCE} = 250mA	-	1.6	2.5	Ω
N-Channel r _{DS(ON)} , Low Supply Voltage	rDS(ON)	V _{DD} = +3V, I _{SINK} = 250mA	-	1	1.5	Ω
P-Channel r _{DS(ON)} , High Supply Voltage	rDS(ON)	V _{DD} = +12V, I _{SOURCE} = 400mA	-	0.6	1.2	Ω
N-Channel r _{DS(ON)} , High Supply Voltage	rDS(ON)	V _{DD} = +12V, I _{SINK} = 400mA	-	0.5	1.1	Ω
OUTA, OUTB Source Current Limiting	I _{O(LIMIT)}	V _{DD} = +6V, V _{SS} = 0V, V _{SSA} = V _{SSB} = -6V	480	625	1500	mA
OUTA, OUTB Sink Current Limiting	-I _{O(LIMIT)}	V _{DD} = +6V, V _{SS} = 0V, V _{SSA} = V _{SSB} = -6V	480	800	1500	mA
Idle Supply Current; No Load	I _{DD}		-	0.8	1.5	mA
OUTA, OUTB Voltage High	V _{OH}	I _{SOURCE} = 450mA	4.2	4.5	-	V
OUTA, OUTB Voltage Low	V _{OL}	I _{SINK} = 450mA	-	0.4	0.6	V
OUTA, OUTB Voltage High	V _{OH}	V _{DD} = +3V, I _{SOURCE} = 250mA	2.415	2.6	-	V
OUTA, OUTB Voltage Low	V _{OL}	V _{DD} = +3V, I _{SINK} = 250mA	-	0.25	0.375	V
OUTA, OUTB Source Current Limiting	I _{O(LIMIT)}	V _{DD} = +12V	480	625	1500	mA
OUTA, OUTB Sink Current Limiting	-IO(LIMIT)	V _{DD} = +12V	480	800	1500	mA
OUTA, OUTB Source Current Limiting	I _{O(LIMIT)}	V _{DD} = +3V	480	625	1500	mA
OUTA, OUTB Sink Current Limiting	-I _{O(LIMIT)}	V _{DD} = +3V	480	800	1500	mA
Thermal Shutdown	T _{SD}		-	145	-	°C



Electrical Specifications $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = +5V$, $V_{SSA} = V_{SSB} = V_{SS} = 0V$, unless otherwise specified **(Continued)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Response Time: V _{EN} to V _{OUT} Turn-On: Prop Delay	^t PLH	I _O = 0.5A (<u>Note 6</u>)	-	2.5	-	μs
Rise Time	t _r		-	4	-	μs
Turn-Off: Prop Delay	t_{PHL}		-	0.1	-	μs
Fall Time	t _f		-	0.1	-	μs

NOTE:

6. See the Truth Table and the V_{EN} to V_{OUT} Switching Waveforms. Current I_O refers to I_{OUTA} or I_{OUTB} as the output load current. Note that ENA controls OUTA and ENB controls OUTB. Each Half H-switch has independent control from the respective A1, A2, ENA or B1, B2, ENB inputs. See the terminal Information table for external pin connections to establish mode control switching. Figure 2 on page 4 shows a typical application circuit used to control a DC Motor.

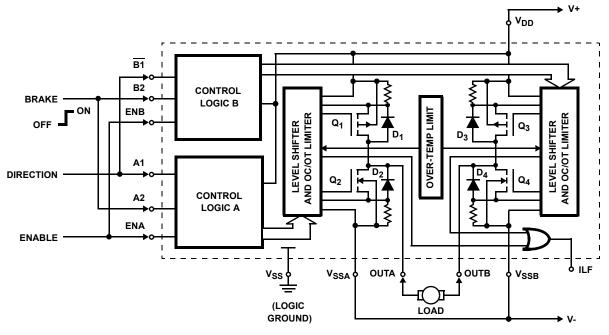


FIGURE 2. TYPICAL MOTOR CONTROL APPLICATION CIRCUIT SHOWING DIRECTIONAL AND BRAKING CONTROL

TRUTH TABLE

	SWITCH DRIVER A			SWITCH DRIVER B			
I	INPUTS		OUTPUT	INPUTS			OUTPUT
A 1	A2	ENA	OUTA	B1	B2	ENB	OUTB
Н	L	Н	ОН	L	L	Н	ОН
L	L	Н	OL	Н	L	Н	OL
Н	Н	Н	OL	L	Н	Н	OL
L	Н	Н	OL	Н	Н	Н	OL
Х	Х	L	Z	Х	Х	L	Z

L = Low logic level; H = High logic level

Z = High Impedance (off state)

OH = Output High (sourcing current to the output terminal)

OL = Output Low (sinking current from the output terminal)

X = Do not Care

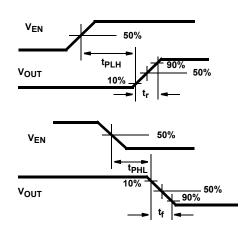


FIGURE 3. SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

Application

The HIP4020 is designed to detect load current feedback from sampling resistors of low value in the source connections of the output drivers to V_{DD} , V_{SSA} and V_{SSB} (see Figure 2). When the sink or source current at OUTA or OUTB exceeds the preset OC (Overcurrent) limiting value of 550mA typical, the current is held at the limiting value. If the Over-Temperature (OT) Shutdown Protection limit is exceeded, temperature sensing BiMOS circuits limit the junction temperature to 150°C typical.

Figure 2 shows the Full H-switch in a small motor-drive application. The left (A) and right (B) H-switch's are controlled from the A and B inputs using the A and B control logic to the MOS output transistors Q_1 , Q_2 , Q_3 , and Q_4 . The circuit is intended to safely start, stop, and control rotational direction for a motor requiring no more than 0.5A of supply current. The stop function includes a dynamic braking feature.

With the enable inputs low, the MOS transistors Q_1 and Q_3 are OFF; which cuts-off supply current to OUTA and OUTB. With the brake terminal low and enable inputs high, either Q_1 and Q_4 or Q_3 and Q_2 are driven into conduction by the direction input control terminal. The MOS output transistor pair chosen for conduction is determined by the logic level applied to the direction control; resulting in either Clockwise (CW) or Counter-Clockwise (CCW) shaft rotation.

When the brake terminal is switched high (while holding the enable input high), the gates of both Q_2 and Q_4 are driven high. Current flowing through Q_2 (from the motor terminal OUTA) at the moment of dynamic braking continues to flow through Q_2 to the V_{SSA} and V_{SSB} external connection, and then continues through diode D_4 to the motor terminal OUTB. As such, the resistance of the motor winding (and the

series-connected path) dissipates the kinetic energy stored in the system. Reversing rotation, current flowing through Q_4 (from the motor terminal OUTB), at the moment of dynamic braking, would continue to flow through Q_4 to the V_{SSB} and V_{SSA} tie, and then continue through diode D_2 to the motor terminal OUTA, to dissipate the stored kinetic energy as previously described.

Where V_{DD} to V_{SS} are the power supply reference terminals for the control logic, the lowest practical supply voltage for proper logic control should be no less than 2.0V. The V_{SSA} and V_{SSB} terminals are separate and independent from V_{SS} and may be more negative than the V_{SS} ground reference terminal. However, the maximum supply level from V_{DD} to V_{SSA} or V_{SSB} must not be greater than the absolute maximum supply voltage rating.

Terminals A1, $\overline{B1}$, A2, B2, ENA, and ENB are internally connected to protection circuits intended to guard the CMOS gate-oxides against damage due to electrostatic discharge. (See Figure 4) Inputs ENA, ENB, A1, $\overline{B1}$, A2, and B2 have protection and level converters for TTL or CMOS Input Logic. These inputs are designed to typically provide ESD protection up to 2kV. However, these devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Proper IC handling procedures should be followed.

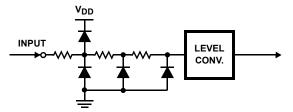


FIGURE 4. LOGIC INPUT ESD INTERFACE PROTECTION

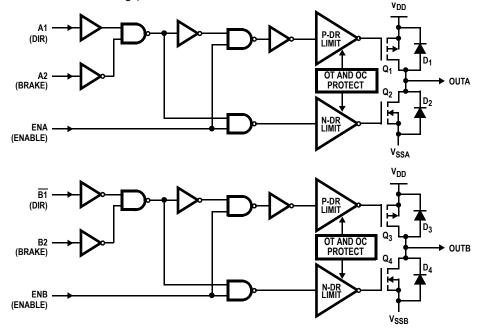


FIGURE 5. EQUIVALENT CONTROL LOGIC A AND B SHOWN DRIVING THE OUTA AND OUTB OUTPUT DRIVERS

Typical Performance Curves

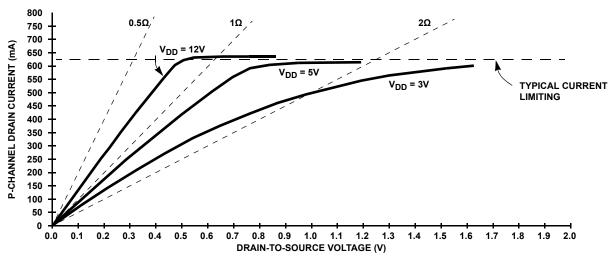


FIGURE 6. TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC OF THE P-MOSFET OUTPUT DRIVER DRAIN CURRENT vs DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE, $T_{\rm AMBIENT} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$

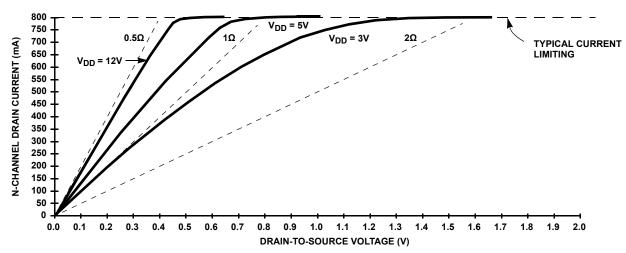


FIGURE 7. TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC OF THE N-MOSFET OUTPUT DRIVER DRAIN CURRENT vs DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE, $T_{AMBIENT} = 25^{\circ}C$

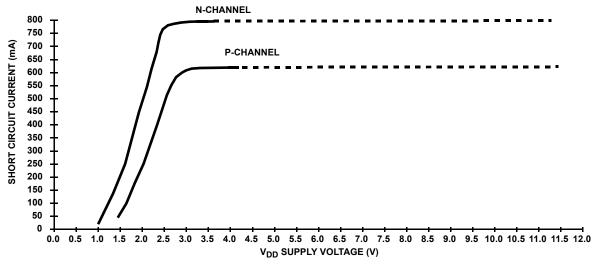


FIGURE 8. TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC OF THE P AND N OUTPUT DRIVER SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE, $T_{AMBIENT} = 25^{\circ}C$



Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

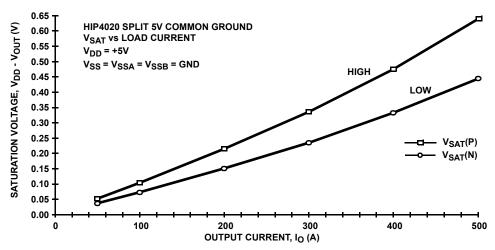


FIGURE 9. TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC OF SATURATION VOLTAGE vs OUTPUT CURRENT USING A +5V SUPPLY, TAMBIENT = 25°C

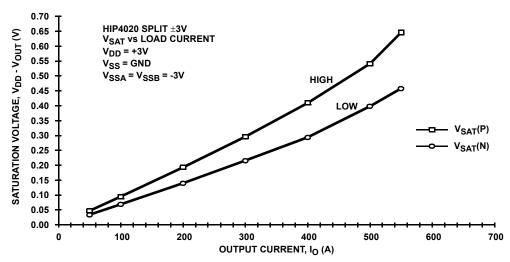


FIGURE 10. TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC OF SATURATION VOLTAGE vs OUTPUT CURRENT USING A ±3V SPLIT SUPPLY, OUTPUT REFERENCE EQUAL LOGIC GROUND, T_{AMBIENT} = 25°C

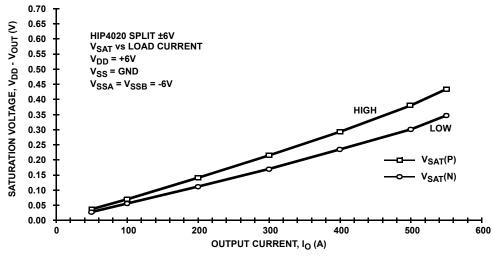


FIGURE 11. TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC OF SATURATION VOLTAGE vs OUTPUT CURRENT USING A $\pm 6V$ SPLIT SUPPLY, OUTPUT REFERENCE EQUAL LOGIC GROUND, $T_{AMBIENT} = 25^{\circ}C$

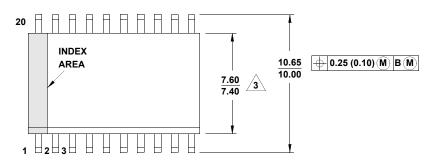
Revision History

The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to the web to make sure that you have the latest revision.

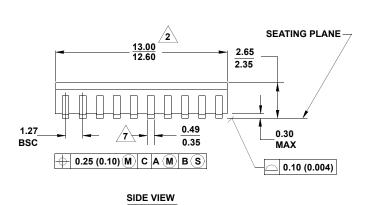
DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
Feb 8, 2019	FN3976.5	Added Related Literature section. Updated Ordering information table by removing retired part, added new notes, and moved to page 2. Moved Pin Descriptions below Pinout section. Added TB493 reference under Thermal Information section. Moved Note 6 to end of EC table. Updated P-Channel rDS(ON), Low Supply Voltage maximum specification from 2.1 to 2.5. Removed About Intersil section. Updated disclaimer.
Sep17, 2015	FN3976.4	 - Updated Ordering Information Table on page 2. - Added Revision History. - Added About Intersil Verbiage. - Updated POD M20.3 to latest revision changes are as follow: Top View: Corrected "7.50 BSC" to "7.60/7.40" (no change from rev 2; error was introduced in conversion) Changed "10.30 BSC" to "10.65/10.00" (no change from rev 2; error was introduced in conversion) Side View: Changed "12.80 BSC" to "13.00/12.60" (no change from rev 2; error was introduced in conversion) Changed "2.65 max" to "2.65/2.35" (no change from rev 2; error was introduced in conversion) Changed Note 1 from "ANSI Y14.5M-1982." to "ASME Y14.5M-1994"

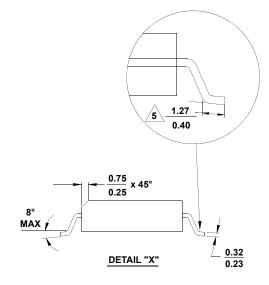
M20.3

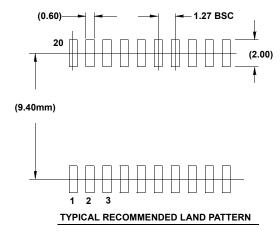
20 LEAD WIDE BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE (SOIC) Rev 3, 2/11



TOP VIEW







NOTES:

- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. Dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- 3. Dimension does not include interlead lash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- 4. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 5. Dimension is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 6. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- 7. The lead width as measured 0.36mm (0.14 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch)
- 8. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER.
- 9. Dimensions in () for reference only.
- 10. JEDEC reference drawing number: MS-013-AC.

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