The ISL32172E, ISL32272E, ISL32174E, and ISL32179E are $\pm 16.5 \mathrm{kV}$ IEC61000-4-2 ESD protected, 3.0V to 5.5 V powered, QUAD transmitters for balanced communication using the RS422 standard. These drivers have very low output leakage currents $( \pm 10 \mu \mathrm{~A})$, so they present a low load to the RS-422 bus.

The driver (Tx) outputs are tri-statable and incorporate a hot plug feature to keep them disabled during power-up and power-down. The ISL32172E and ISL32272E have a common EN/EN, the ISL32174E has a two channel EN12/EN34, and the ISL32179E has a versatile combination of individual and group channel enables (see Table 1).

Only the ISL32179E driver can be slew-rate limited, and only at the data rate of 0.46 Mbps . Drivers on the other versions are not limited, so they can achieve 10Mbps or 32Mbps data rates. All versions are offered in industrial and extended industrial $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ temperature ranges.

The ISL32179E's QFN package has a 50\% smaller footprint compared to the TSSOP. The ISL32179E also features a logic supply pin $\left(V_{\mathrm{L}}\right)$ that sets the switching points of the enable and DI inputs to be compatible with a lower supply voltage in mixed voltage systems. Two speed select pins allow the ISL32179E to be configured for 460 kbps , 10 Mbps , or 32 Mbps data rates. Individual channel and group enable pins increase the ISL32179E's flexibility.

## Related Literature

For a full list of related documents, visit our website:

- ISL32172E, ISL32272E, ISL32174E, and ISL32179E device pages


## Features

- IEC61000 ESD protection on RS-422 outputs . . . . . $\pm 16.5 \mathrm{kV}$
- Class 3 ESD level on all other pins. . . . . . . . . . . . 12kV HBM
- High machine model ESD level on all pins . . . . . . . . 700V
- Wide supply range . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.0V to 5.5 V
- Specified for $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operation
- Available in industry standard pinouts (ISL32172E, ISL32272E, ISL32174E) or in a space saving QFN (ISL32179E) with added features
- Logic supply pin $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}\right)$ eases operation in mixed supply systems (ISL32179E only)
- User-selectable data rate (ISL32179E only)
- Hot plug Tx outputs remain tri-stated during power-up and power-down
- Low Tx leakage allows > 256 devices on the bus
- High data rates. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . up to 32Mbps
- Low quiescent supply current. . . . . . . . . . 0.8 mA (maximum)
- Low shutdown supply current. $60 \mu \mathrm{~A}$
- Current limiting and thermal shutdown for driver overload protection
- Tri-statable Tx outputs
- 5 V tolerant logic inputs when $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 5 \mathrm{~V}$
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant)


## Applications

- Telecom equipment
- Motor controllers/encoders
- Programmable logic controllers
- Industrial/process control networks

TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF FEATURES

| PART NUMBER | FUNCTION | DATA <br> RATE (Mbps) | SLEW <br> RATE LIMITED? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HOT } \\ & \text { PLUG? } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} V_{L} \\ \text { PIN? } \end{gathered}$ | TX ENABLE TYPE | QUIESCENT ICC (mA) | LOW POWER SHUTDOWN? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PIN } \\ & \text { COUNT } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ISL32172E | 4 Tx | 32 | NO | YES | NO | EN, $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ | <1 | NO | 16 |
| ISL32272E | 4 Tx | 10 | NO | YES | NO | EN, $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ | <1 | NO | 16 |
| ISL32174E | 4 Tx | 32 | NO | YES | NO | EN12, EN34 | <1 | NO | 16 |
| ISL32179E | 4 Tx | 32, 10, 0.46 | SELECTABLE | YES | YES | Individual and group enables | <1 | YES | 24 |

## Typical Operating Circuits (1 of 4 Channels Shown)



FIGURE 1. NETWORK USING GROUP ENABLES


FIGURE 3. NETWORK WITH VL PIN FOR INTERFACING TO LOWER VOLTAGE LOGIC DEVICES

Note: To calculate the resistor values, see TB509.

## Ordering Information

| PART NUMBER (Notes 2, 3) | PART MARKING | TEMP. RANGE $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | TAPE AND REEL (UNITS) (Note 1) | PACKAGE <br> (RoHS Compliant) | PKG. DWG. \# |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ISL32172EFBZ | ISL32172 EFBZ | -40 to +125 | - | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.15 |
| ISL32172EFBZ-T | ISL32172 EFBZ | -40 to +125 | 2.5k | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.15 |
| ISL32172EFVZ | 32172 EFVZ | -40 to +125 | - | 16 Ld TSSOP | MDP0044 |
| ISL32172EFVZ-T | 32172 EFVZ | -40 to +125 | 2.5k | 16 Ld TSSOP | MDP0044 |
| ISL32172EIBZ | ISL32172 EIBZ | -40 to +85 | - | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.15 |
| ISL32172EIBZ-T | ISL32172 EIBZ | -40 to +85 | 2.5k | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.15 |
| ISL32172EIVZ | 32172 EIVZ | -40 to +85 | - | 16 Ld TSSOP | MDP0044 |
| ISL32172EIVZ-T | 32172 EIVZ | -40 to +85 | 2.5k | 16 Ld TSSOP | MDP0044 |
| ISL32174EFVZ | 32174 EFVZ | -40 to +125 | - | 16 Ld TSSOP | MDP0044 |
| ISL32174EFVZ-T | 32174 EFVZ | -40 to +125 | 2.5k | 16 Ld TSSOP | MDP0044 |
| ISL32174EIBZ | ISL32174 EIBZ | -40 to +85 | - | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.15 |
| ISL32174EIBZ-T | ISL32174 EIBZ | -40 to +85 | 2.5k | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.15 |
| ISL32179EFRZ | 321 79EFRZ | -40 to +125 | - | 24 Ld QFN | L24.4×4C |
| ISL32179EFRZ-T | 321 79EFRZ | -40 to +125 | 6k | 24 Ld QFN | L24.4×4C |
| ISL32179EIRZ | 321 79EIRZ | -40 to +85 | - | 24 Ld QFN | L24.4x4C |
| ISL32179EIRZ-T | 321 79EIRZ | -40 to +85 | 6k | 24 Ld QFN | L24.4x4C |
| ISL32272EFBZ | ISL32272 EFBZ | -40 to +125 | - | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.15 |
| ISL32272EFBZ-T | ISL32272 EFBZ | -40 to +125 | 2.5k | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.15 |
| ISL32272EFVZ | 32272 EFVZ | -40 to +125 | - | 16 Ld TSSOP | MDP0044 |
| ISL32272EFVZ-T | 32272 EFVZ | -40 to +125 | 2.5k | 16 Ld TSSOP | MDP0044 |

NOTES:

1. See TB347 for details about reel specifications.
2. These Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets, molding compounds/die attach materials, and $100 \%$ matte tin plate plus anneal (e3 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb -free soldering operations). Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
3. For Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), see the ISL32172E, ISL32272E, ISL32174E, and ISL32179E device pages. For more information about MSL, see TB363.

## Truth Tables

| ISL32172E and ISL32272E |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUTS |  |  | OUTPUTS |  |
| EN | EN | DIX | $Z X$ | $Y X$ |
| $X$ | 0 | $1 / 0$ | $0 / 1$ | $1 / 0$ |
| 1 | $X$ | $0 / 1$ | $1 / 0$ | $0 / 1$ |
| 0 | 1 | $X$ | $Z$ | $Z$ |

NOTE: Z = Tri-state

| ISL32174E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUTS |  |  | OUTPUTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EN12 | EN34 | DIX | Z1 | Y1 | Z2 | Y2 | Z3 | Y3 | Z4 | Y4 |
| 0 | 0 | X | Z | Z | Z | Z | Z | Z | Z | Z |
| 0 | 1 | 1/0 | Z | Z | Z | Z | 0/1 | 1/0 | 0/1 | 1/0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1/0 | 0/1 | 1/0 | 0/1 | 1/0 | Z | Z | Z | Z |
| 1 | 1 | 1/0 | 0/1 | 1/0 | 0/1 | 1/0 | 0/1 | 1/0 | 0/1 | 1/0 |

NOTE: Z = Tri-state

| ISL32179E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUTS |  |  |  |  |  | OUTPUTS |  |  |
| ENX | EN | EN | DIX | SPA | SPB | ZX | YX | COMMENTS |
| 0 | X | X | X | X | X | Z | Z | Ch X outputs disabled |
| X | 0 | 1 | X | X | X | Z | Z | All outputs disabled |
| 1 | X | 0 | 1/0 | 1 | 1 | $\begin{gathered} 0 / \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | Individual ENX controls Ch X (32Mbps) |
| 1 | 1 | X | 0/1 | 1 | 1 | 1/ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1 | X | 0 | 1/0 | 0 | 1 | $\begin{gathered} 0 / \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | Individual ENX controls Ch X (10Mbps) |
| 1 | 1 | X | 0/1 | 0 | 1 | 1/ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1 | X | 0 | 1/0 | X* | 0 | $\begin{gathered} 0 / \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | Individual ENX controls Ch X (460kbps) |
| 1 | 1 | X | 0/1 | X* | 0 | 1/ | 0/ |  |

NOTE: *Keep SPA = 1 for lowest current in SHDN. If using individual channel enables and the SHDN mode, connect EN and $\overline{E N}$ to $V_{C C}$ for the lowest SHDN current. The ISL32179E enters SHDN when SHDNEN = 1 and all channels are disabled. $Z=$ Tri-state.

## Pin Configurations



ISL32174E
(16 LD N-SOIC, TSSOP)
TOP VIEWS


## Pin Configurations (continuad)



## Pin Descriptions

| PIN | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| EN, $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ | Group driver output enables that are internally pulled high to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ - <br> All ISL32x72E driver outputs, $Y$ and $Z$, are enabled by driving EN high OR $\overline{E N}$ low. The outputs are high impedance when EN is low AND $\overline{E N}$ is high (for example, if using only the active high EN, connect $\overline{E N}$ directly to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$; if using only the active low $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$, connect EN directly to GND). <br> To use group enable on the ISL32179E, connect all the ENX pins to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ and use the EN or $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ pin as previously described. If the group driver enable function is not required (see Note 4), connect EN to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, or connect $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ to GND (ISL32x72E and ISL32179E only). |
| EN12, EN34 | Paired driver output enables that are internally pulled high to $V_{C c}$. Driving EN12 (EN34) high enables the Channel 1 and 2 ( 3 and 4 ) outputs ( Y and Z). Driving EN12 (EN34) low disables Channel 1 and 2 (3 and 4) outputs. If the driver enable function is not required (see Note 4), connect EN12 and EN34 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ (ISL32174E only). |
| ENx | Individual driver output enables that are internally pulled high to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$. Forcing ENx high with EN high OR $\overline{E N}$ low enables the channel X outputs ( Y and Z ). Driving ENX low disables the Channel $X$ outputs regardless of the states of EN and $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$. Connect both EN and $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ for the lowest SHDN current if using SHDN mode (see SHDNEN below). If the individual driver enable function is not required (see Note 4), connect ENX to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ (ISL32179E only). |
| SHDNEN | Low power SHDN mode enable. A high level allows the ISL32179E to enter a low power mode when all channels are disabled. A low level prevents the device from entering the low power mode (ISL32179E only). |
| DIx | Driver input. A low on DI forces the corresponding channel's output $Y$ low and output $Z$ high. A high on DI forces output $Y$ high and output Z low. |
| SPA, SPB | Speed select inputs that are internally pulled high. See the ISL32179E truth table on page 4 (ISL32179E only). |
| GND | Ground connection. This is also the potential of the QFN thermal pad. |
| Yx | $\pm 16.5 \mathrm{kV}$ IEC61000-4-2 ESD protected RS-422 level and a noninverting transmitter output. |
| Zx | $\pm 16.5 \mathrm{kV}$ IEC61000-4-2 ESD protected RS-422 level and an inverting transmitter output. |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | System power supply input ( 3.0 V to 5.5 V ). Power up $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ first on devices with a $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ pin powered from a separate supply. |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Logic power supply input. Connecting the $V_{L}$ pin to the lower voltage power supply of a logic device (such as a UART or microcontroller) interfacing with the ISL32179E configures its logic pin (DI, EN (all varieties), SHDNEN, and SP) $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ levels to values compatible with the lower supply voltage. If $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ are different supplies, power up this supply after $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and keep $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. (ISL32179E only) |
| EP | Thermal pad. Connect EP to GND (ISL32179E only). |

NOTE:
4. Tie unused EN pins with a 1 k resistor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings


$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ to $\operatorname{GND}$ (ISL32179E Only) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . -0.3 V to ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ )
Input Voltages
DI, EN (all varieties) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . -0.3 V to 7 V
Output Voltages
Y, Z ..........
Output Current
$\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{Z}$ (per output, continuous, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} \leq 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . .100 \mathrm{~mA}$
ESD Rating .............. See Electrical Specifications Table on page 7

## Thermal Information

| Thermal Resistance (Typical) | $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}\right)$ | $\theta_{\mathrm{JC}}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 Ld SOIC Package $(\underline{\text { Note 5 5 }}) \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 80 | N/A |
| 16 Ld TSSOP Package (Note 5) $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | 105 | N/A |
| 24 Ld QFN Package (Notes 6, 7) $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 42 | 5 |

Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package) . . . $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Maximum Storage Temperature Range . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Pb-free Reflow Profile see TB493

## Operating Conditions

Temperature Range
ISL32x7xEF . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
ISL32x7xEI . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions can adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

NOTE:
5. $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ is measured with the component mounted on a high-effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See TB379 for details.
6. $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high-effective thermal conductivity test board with "direct attach" features. See TB379 for details.
7. For $\theta_{\mathrm{JC}}$, the "case temp" location is the center of the exposed metal pad on the package underside.

Electrical Specifications Test Conditions: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V and 4.5 V to $5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ (ISL32179E only); Typicals are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified (Notes 8, 12).

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | TEMP <br> $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | MIN <br> (Note 11) | TYP | MAX <br> (Note 11) | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Differential $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | $V_{O D}$ | No load |  | Full | 2.5 | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \Omega(\mathrm{RS}-422)$ Figure 4) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \geq 3 \mathrm{~V}$ | Full | 2 | 2.6 | - | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \geq 4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | Full | 3 | 4 | - | V |
| Single-Ended V ${ }_{\text {OUT }}(\mathrm{Y}$ or Z $)$ | $\mathrm{V}_{0}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-20 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ |  | Full | 2.4 | 2.7 | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=20 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ |  | Full | - | 0.2 | 0.4 | V |
| Change in Magnitude of Driver Differential $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ for Complementary Output States | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OD}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \Omega$ (see Figure 4) |  | Full | - | 0.01 | 0.2 | V |
| Driver Common-Mode $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OC}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \Omega$ (see Figure 4) |  | Full | - | 2.6 | 3 | V |
| Change in Magnitude of Driver Common-Mode $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ for Complementary Output States | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OC}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \Omega$ (see Figure 4) |  | Full | - | 0.01 | 0.2 | V |
| Input High Voltage (Logic Pins, Note 16) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH} 1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ (ISL32179E only) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | Full | 2.2 | - | - | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH} 2}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 5.5 \mathrm{~V}$, DI | Full | 2.7 | - | - | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH2E }}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 5.5 \mathrm{~V}$, ENs | Full | 2.4 | - | - | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH} 3}$ | $2.7 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}<3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ (ISL32179E only) |  | Full | 2 | - | - | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH} 4}$ | $2.3 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}<2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ (ISL32179E only) |  | Full | 1.6 | - | - | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH5 }}$ | $1.6 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}<2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ (ISL32179E only) |  | Full | $0.72 * \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | - | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH6 }}$ | $1.5 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}<1.6 \mathrm{~V} \text { (ISL32179E only) }$ |  | +25 | - | $0.45 * \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | V |
| Input Low Voltage (Logic Pins, Note 16) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL1 }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ (ISL32179E only) |  | Full | - | - | 0.8 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL2 }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}} \geq 2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ (ISL32179E only) |  | Full | - | - | 0.6 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL3 }}$ | $2.3 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}<2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ (ISL32179E only) |  | Full | - | - | 0.6 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL4 }}$ | $1.6 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}<2.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { (ISL32179E only) }$ |  | Full | - | - | $0.22 * \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL5 }}$ | $1.5 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}<1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ (ISL32179E only) |  | +25 | - | $0.25 * \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | V |

Electrical Specifications Test Conditions: $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V and 4.5 V to $5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ (ISL32179E only); Typicals are at $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified (Notes 8, 12). (Continued)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | TEMP <br> ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | MIN (Note 11) | TYP | MAX <br> (Note 11) | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logic Input Current | IIN1 | DIX $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | Full | -1 | - | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {IN2 }}$ | SP, EN, $\overline{\text { EN }}$, ENX, SHDNEN $=0 \mathrm{O}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ |  | Full | -15 | 9 | 15 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | I'N3 | EN12, EN34 = OV or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | Full | -30 | 18 | 30 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Output Leakage Current (Y, Z) | $\mathrm{I}_{0 Z}$ | $\mathrm{EN}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.25 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}} \leq 6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | Full | -10 | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{EN}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | +25 | -8 | - | 8 | nA |
|  |  |  |  | (Note 18) | -30 | - | 30 | nA |
| Driver Short-Circuit Current, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=$ High or Low | IOSD1 | $\mathrm{EN}=1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{Y}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ ( Note 9) |  | Full | - | - | $\pm 150$ | mA |
|  |  | $\left.\mathrm{EN}=1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{Y}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { (Note } 9\right)$ |  | Full | - | - | $\pm 200$ | mA |
| Thermal Shutdown Threshold | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {SD }}$ |  |  | Full | - | 160 | - | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| SUPPLY CURRENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No-Load Supply Current | $I_{\text {CC }}$ | $\mathrm{DI}=\mathrm{OV}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}, \mathrm{EN}=1$ |  | Full | - | 0.6 | 0.8 | mA |
| Shutdown Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SHDN }}$ | DI $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, all outputs disabled (Note 17), SHDNEN = 1 (ISL32179E only) |  | Full | - | 60 | 90 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ESD PERFORMANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RS-422 Pins (Y, Z) |  | IEC61000-4-2, from bus pins to GND | Air gap | +25 | - | $\pm 16.5$ | - | kV |
|  |  |  | Contact | +25 | - | $\pm 9$ | - | kV |
|  |  | Human Body Model, from bus pins to GND |  | +25 | - | $\pm 15$ | - | kV |
| All Pins |  | HBM, per MIL-STD-883 Method 3015 |  | +25 | - | $\pm 12$ | - | kV |
|  |  | Machine Model |  | +25 | - | 700 | - | V |
| DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (ISL32179E, 460kbps) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Data Rate | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {MAX }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OD}}= \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=820 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 7) |  | Full | 460 | 4000 | - | kbps |
| Driver Single-Ended Output Delay | ${ }_{\text {tPLH, }}{ }^{\text {t }}$ PHL | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, C_{D}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) |  | Full | - | 90 | 300 | ns |
| Driver Single-Ended Output Skew | ${ }^{\text {tssK }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) |  | Full | - | 55 | 150 | ns |
| Channel-to-Channel Output Delay Skew | ${ }^{\text {tsKCC }}$ | (Figure 5, Note 13) |  | Full | - | 60 | 200 | ns |
| Part-to-Part Output Delay Skew | ${ }^{\text {t }}$ SKPP | (Figure 5, Note 10) |  | Full | - | - | 300 | ns |
| Driver Differential Output Skew | ${ }^{\text {t }}$ DSK | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) |  | Full | - | 2 | 60 | ns |
| Driver Differential Rise or Fall Time | $t_{R}, t_{F}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) |  | Full | 60 | 100 | 220 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output High | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ZH}}$ | SW = GND (see Figure 6, Note 14) |  | Full | - | - | 200 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output Low | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ZL}}$ | SW = V CC (see Figure 6, Note 14) |  | Full | - | - | 200 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output High | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{HZ}}$ | SW = GND (see Figure 6) |  | Full | - | - | 100 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output Low | $t_{L Z}$ | SW = VCC (see Figure 6) |  | Full | - | - | 100 | ns |
| Driver Enable from SHDN to High | ${ }^{\text {t }}$ SDH | ISL32179E only, SW = GND (see Figure 6, Note 15) |  | Full | - | - | 750 | ns |
| Driver Enable from SHDN to Low | ${ }^{\text {t }}$ SL | ISL32179E only, SW = VCC (see Figure 6, Note 15) |  | Full | - | - | 750 | ns |
| DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (ISL32272E, ISL32179E, 10Mbps) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Data Rate | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {MAX }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{O D}= \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=400 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 7) |  | Full | 10 | 20 | - | Mbps |
| Driver Single-Ended Output Delay | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH, }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, C_{D}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) |  | Full | - | 13 | 25 | ns |
| Driver Single-Ended Output Skew | ${ }^{\text {tssK }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) |  | Full | - | 2 | 9 | ns |
| Channel-to-Channel Output Delay Skew | tskcc | (Figure 5, Note 13) |  | Full | - | 6 | 12 | ns |
| Part-to-Part Output Delay Skew | ${ }^{\text {t SKPP }}$ | (Figure 5, Note 10) |  | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |
| Driver Differential Output Skew | $t_{\text {DSK }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) |  | Full | - | 2 | 6 | ns |
| Driver Differential Rise or Fall Time | $t_{R}, t_{F}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) |  | Full | 7 | 11 | 20 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output High | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ZH}}$ | SW = GND (see Figure 6, Note 14) |  | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output Low | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ZL}}$ | SW = V CC (see Figure 6, Note 14) |  | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |

Electrical Specifications Test Conditions: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V and 4.5 V to $5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ (ISL32179E only); Typicals are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified (Notes 8, 12). (Continued)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | TEMP <br> $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | MIN <br> (Note 11) | TYP | MAX <br> (Note 11) | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Driver Disable from Output High | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{HZ}}$ | SW = GND (see Figure 6) | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output Low | $t_{L Z}$ | SW = $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ (see Figure 6) | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |
| Driver Enable from SHDN to High | ${ }^{\text {tSDH }}$ | ISL32179E only, SW = GND (see Figure 6, Note 15) | Full | - | - | 750 | ns |
| Driver Enable from SHDN to Low | ${ }^{\text {t }}$ SDL | ISL32179E only, SW = VCC (see Figure 6, Note 15) | Full | - | - | 750 | ns |
| DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E, 32Mbps) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Data Rate | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {MAX }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{O D}= \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=100 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 7) | Full | 32 | 50 | - | Mbps |
| Driver Single-Ended Output Delay | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH, }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, C_{D}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) | Full | 3 | 8 | 15 | ns |
| Driver Single-Ended Output Skew | ${ }^{\text {tssK }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) | Full | - | 1 | 3.5 | ns |
| Channel-to-Channel Output Delay Skew | tskcc | (Figure 5, Note 13) | Full | - | 3 | 5.5 | ns |
| Part-to-Part Output Delay Skew | ${ }^{\text {tSKPP }}$ | (Figure 5, Note 10) | Full | - | - | 8 | ns |
| Driver Differential Output Skew | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {DSK }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) | Full | - | 0.5 | 2 | ns |
| Driver Differential Rise or Fall Time | $t_{R}, t_{F}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DIFF }}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figure 5) | Full | - | 7 | 12 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output High | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ZH}}$ | SW = GND (see Figure 6, Note 14) | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output Low | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ZL}}$ | SW = VCC (see Figure 6, Note 14) | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output High | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{HZ}}$ | SW = GND (see Figure 6) | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output Low | $t_{L Z}$ | SW = V CC (see Figure 6) | Full | - | - | 20 | ns |
| Driver Enable from SHDN to High | ${ }^{\text {t SDH }}$ | ISL32179E only, SW = GND (see Figure 6, Note 15) | Full | - | - | 750 | ns |
| Driver Enable from SHDN to Low | ${ }^{\text {t }}$ SLL | ISL32179E only, SW = VCC (see Figure 6, Note 15) | Full | - | - | 750 | ns |

## NOTES:

8. All currents into device pins are positive; all currents out of device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to device ground unless otherwise specified.
9. Applies to peak current. See "Typical Performance Curves" beginning on page 10 for more information.
10. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{SKPP}}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delays of the specified terminals of two units tested with identical test conditions ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, temperature, etc.).
11. Parameters with MIN and/or MAX limits are $100 \%$ tested at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified. Temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.
12. $\mathrm{EN}=0$ indicates that the output(s) under test are disabled via the appropriate logic pin settings. $\mathrm{EN}=1$ indicates that the logic pins are set to enable the output(s) under test.
13. Channel-to-channel skew is the magnitude of the worst case delta between any two propagation delays of any two outputs on the same IC at the same test conditions.
14. Keep SHDNEN low to avoid entering shutdown (ISL32179E only).
15. Keep SHDNEN high to enter shutdown when all transmitters are disabled (ISL32179E only).
16. Logic pins are the DIs, the enable variants, and SHDNEN.
17. Only one of the SPX pins low, plus EN1-EN4 low with EN and $\overline{E N}$ high, or EN low and $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ high with EN1-EN4 high.
18. Temperature range is $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Test Circuits and Waveforms



FIGURE 4. DC DRIVER TEST CIRCUITS


FIGURE 5. DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY AND DIFFERENTIAL TRANSITION TIMES


| PARAMETER | OUTPUT | DI | SW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{HZ}}$ | $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Z}$ | $1 / 0$ | GND |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{LZ}}$ | $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Z}$ | $0 / 1$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ZH}}$ (Note 14) | $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Z}$ | $1 / 0$ | GND |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ZL}}$ (Note 14) | $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Z}$ | $0 / 1$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{SDH}}$ (Note 15) | $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Z}$ | $1 / 0$ | GND |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{SDL}}$ (Note 15) | $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{Z}$ | $0 / 1$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |

FIGURE 6A. TEST CIRCUIT


FIGURE 6B. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 6. DRIVER ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

## Test Circuits and Waveforms (continuod)



FIGURE 7. DRIVER DATA RATE
Typical Performance Curves $\mathrm{vcc}=\mathrm{vL}=3.3 \mathrm{v}$ or $5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{TA}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ notes apply to the ISL32179E only.


FIGURE 8. DRIVER OUTPUT CURRENT vs DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE


FIGURE 10. DRIVER SINGLE-ENDED (Y OR Z) OUTPUT CURRENT vs OUTPUT VOLTAGE


FIGURE 9. DRIVER DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE


FIGURE 11. DRIVER SINGLE-ENDED (Y OR Z) OUTPUT CURRENT vs OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Typical Performance Curves $\mathrm{vcc}=\mathrm{VL}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ or $5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{TA}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified. $\mathrm{V}_{L}$ notes apply to the ISL32179E only. (Continued)


FIGURE 12. SUPPIL CURRENT Ts TEMPERRATURE


FIGURE 14. DRIVER DIFFERENTIAL PROPAGATION DELAY vs TEMPERATURE (ISL32179E, 460kbps OPTION)


FIGURE 16. DRIVER DIFFERENTIAL PROPAGATION DELAY vs TEMPERATURE (ISL32272E, ISL32179E, 10Mbps OPTION)


FIGURE 13. DRIVER OUTPUT CURRENT vs SHORT-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE


FIGURE 15. DRIVER SKEW vs TEMPERATURE (ISL32179E, 460kbps OPTION)


FIGURE 17. DRIVER SKEW vs TEMPERATURE (ISL32272E,
ISL32179E, 10Mbps OPTION)

Typical Performance Curves $\mathrm{vcc}=\mathrm{VL}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ or $5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{TA}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ notes apply to the ISL32179E only. (Continued)


FIGURE 18. DRIVER DIFFERENTIAL PROPAGATION DELAY vs
TEMPERATURE (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E, 32Mbps OPTION)



TIME (40ns/DIV)
FIGURE 20. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, LOW TO HIGH (ISL32179E)


FIGURE 22. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, LOW TO HIGH (ISL32179E)


FIGURE 19. DRIVER SKEW vs TEMPERATURE (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E, 32Mbps OPTION)


FIGURE 21. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, HIGH TO LOW (ISL32179E)


FIGURE 23. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, HIGH TO LOW (ISL32179E)

Typical Performance Curves $v c c=v L=3.3 v$ or $5 v, T A=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified. $\mathrm{V}_{L}$ notes apply to the ISL32179E only. (Continued)


FIGURE 24. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, LOW TO HIGH (ISL32272E, ISL32179E)


FIGURE 26. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, LOW TO HIGH (ISL32272E, ISL32179E)


FIGURE 28. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, LOW TO HIGH (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E)


FIGURE 25. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, HIGH TO LOW (ISL32272E, ISL32179E)


FIGURE 27. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, HIGH TO LOW (ISL32272E, ISL32179E)



FIGURE 29. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, HIGH TO LOW (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E)

Typical Performance Curves $\mathrm{vcC}=\mathrm{VL}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ or $5 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{TA}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless ofterwise specfife. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ notes apply to the ISL32179E only. (Continued)


FIGURE 30. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, LOW TO HIGH (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E)


FIGURE 32. WORST CASE (NEGATIVE) FIVE PULSE DRIVER WAVEFORMS DRIVING 200 FEET (62m) OF CAT5 CABLE (SINGLE TERMINATED WITH 121』) (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E)

## Application Information

RS-422 is a differential (balanced) data transmission standard for use in long haul or noisy environments. RS-422 is a point-to-multipoint (multidrop) standard, which allows only one driver and up to 10 receivers on each bus (assuming one unit load devices).

## Driver Features

The RS-422 drivers are differential output devices that deliver at least 2 V across a $100 \Omega$ load. The drivers feature low propagation delay skew to maximize bit width and minimize EMI.

The 460 kbps driver outputs are slew rate limited to minimize EMI and to reduce reflections in unterminated or improperly terminated networks. The 10Mbps and 32Mbps driver outputs


FIGURE 31. DRIVER WAVEFORMS, HIGH TO LOW (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E)


FIGURE 33. WORST CASE (NEGATIVE) FIVE PULSE DRIVER WAVEFORMS DRIVING 328 FEET ( 100 m ) OF CAT5 CABLE (SINGLE TERMINATED WITH 121』) (ISL32172E, ISL32174E, ISL32179E)
are not limited, so faster output transition times allow the higher data rates.

## Driver Enable Functions

All product types allow disabling of the Tx outputs. The ISL32x72E types feature group (all four Tx) enable functions that are active high (EN) or active low ( $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ ). Drivers enable when $\mathrm{EN}=1$ or when $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}=0$, and they disable only when $\mathrm{EN}=0$ and $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}=1$. The ISL32174E uses active high paired enable functions (EN12 and EN34) that enable (when high) or disable (when low) the corresponding pairs of Tx. All four of these enable pins have internal pull-up resistors to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, but unused enable pins that need to be high (for example, EN when using the EN input for enable control, or EN12 and EN34 when using always enabled drivers) should always be connected externally to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}$. If $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ transients might exceed 7 V , insert a series resistor between the
input(s) and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to limit the current that flows if the input's ESD protection starts conducting.

The ISL32179E has the most flexible enable scheme. Its six enable pins allow for group, paired, or individual channel enable control. Figure 34 details the ISL32179E's internal enable logic. To use a group enable function, connect all the ENx pins high and set all unused enable pins high. For paired enables, connect EN and $\overline{\text { EN }}$ high (for the lowest current in shutdown mode, if SHDNEN is used), tie EN1 and EN2 together, and tie EN3 and EN4 together. For individual channel enables, connect EN and $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}$ high and drive the appropriate ENX (active high) for the particular channel. All of the enable pins incorporate pull-up resistors to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, but unused enable pins of any type should be externally connected high rather than being left floating. Connecting to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ is the best choice, but $V_{\mathrm{L}}$ can be used as long as SHDN power is not a primary concern (for each $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ connected input, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ increases by $\left(\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}\right) / 600 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right)$. If $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ transients might exceed 7 V , insert a series resistor between the input(s) and the supply to limit the current that flows if the input's ESD protection starts conducting.


FIGURE 34. ISL32179E ENABLE LOGIC

## Wide Supply Range

The ISL $32 \times 7 \times$ devices are designed to operate with a wide range of supply voltages from 3.0 V to 5.5 V , and they meet the RS-422 specifications for that full supply voltage range.

### 5.5V TOLERANT LOGIC PINS

The logic input pins (driver inputs, enable pins, and SHDNEN) contain no ESD or parasitic diodes to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$, so they withstand input voltages exceeding 5.5 V regardless of the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ voltages. Input voltages up to 7 V are easily tolerated.

## Logic Supply (VL Pin, ISL32179E Only)

Note: If powered from separate supplies, power up $V_{C C}$ before powering up the $V_{L}$ supply. If unused enable pins are connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ rather than to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, a small $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}\left(\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}\right) / 600 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right)$ flows due to the internal pull-up resistor connecting to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.

The ISL32179E's $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ pin powers the logic inputs (driver inputs, enable pins, and SHDNEN). These pins interface with "logic" devices such as UARTs, ASICs, and microcontrollers, and most of these devices use power supplies significantly lower than 3.3V. Thus, the logic device's low $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ might not exceed the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ of a 3.3 V or 5 V powered DI or enable input. Connecting the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ pin to the power supply of the logic device (as shown in Figure 35) reduces the DI and enable input switching points to values compatible with the logic device's output levels. Configure the logic pin input switching points to the supply voltage of the UART,

ASIC, or microcontroller to eliminate the need for a level shifter/translator between the two ICs.


FIGURE 35. USING VL PIN TO ADJUST LOGIC LEVELS
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ can be anywhere from $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ down to 1.5 V . Table 2 indicates typical $V_{I H}$ and $V_{I L}$ values for various $V_{L}$ settings so you can determine whether or not a particular $V_{L}$ voltage meets your needs.

TABLE 2. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ AND $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ FOR $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ OR 5V

| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}(\mathrm{V})$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbf{I H}}(\mathbf{V})$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbf{I L}}(\mathrm{V})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.6 | 0.7 | 0.45 |
| 2 | 0.85 | 0.6 |
| 2.3 | 1.1 | 0.75 |
| 2.7 | $1.4(\mathrm{DI}), 1.1$ (ENs) | 0.85 |
| 2.7 | 2 | 0.8 |
| 3.3 | 2.2 | 0.8 |

## Hot Plug Function

When a piece of equipment powers up, there is a period of time when the processor or ASIC driving the RS-422 control lines (EN, $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}, \mathrm{ENx}$ ) is unable to ensure that the RS-422 Tx outputs remain disabled. If the equipment is connected to the bus, a driver activating prematurely during power-up may drive invalid data on the bus. To avoid this scenario, the
ISL32172E/32272E/32174E/32179E family incorporates a hot plug function. During power-up, circuitry monitoring $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ ensures that the Tx outputs remain disabled for a period of time,
regardless of the state of the enable pins. The disabled Tx outputs give the processor/ASIC a chance to stabilize and drive the RS-422 control lines to the proper states.

## ESD Protection

All pins on the ISL32172E/32272E/32174E/32179E devices include Class 3 (>12kV) Human Body Model (HBM) ESD protection structures, but the RS-422 pins (driver outputs) incorporate advanced structures allowing them to survive ESD events in excess of $\pm 15 \mathrm{kV}$ HBM, and $\pm 16.5 \mathrm{kV}$ to IEC61000-4-2. The RS-422 pins are particularly vulnerable to ESD damage because they typically connect to an exposed port on the exterior of the finished product. Touching the port pins or connecting a cable can cause an ESD event that might destroy unprotected ICs. The new ESD structures protect the device whether or not it is powered up and without degrading the RS-422 common-mode range of -0.3 V to +6 V . The built-in ESD protection eliminates the need for board level protection structures such as transient suppression diodes and the associated undesirable capacitive load they present.

## IEC61000-4-2 Testing

The IEC61000 test method applies to finished equipment rather than to an individual IC. Therefore, the pins most likely to suffer an ESD event are those that are exposed to the outside world (the RS-422 pins in this case) and the IC is tested in its typical application configuration (power applied) rather than testing each pin-to-pin combination. The IEC61000 standard's lower current limiting resistor coupled with the larger charge storage capacitor yields a test that is much more severe than the HBM test. The extra ESD protection built into this device's RS-422 pins allows the design of equipment meeting level 4 criteria without the need for additional board level protection on the RS-422 port.

## AIR-GAP DISCHARGE TEST METHOD

For the air-gap discharge test method, a charged probe tip moves toward the IC pin until the voltage arcs to it. The current waveform delivered to the IC pin depends on approach speed, humidity, temperature, etc., so it is difficult to obtain repeatable results. The RS- 422 pins withstand $\pm 16.5 \mathrm{kV}$ air-gap discharges.

## CONTACT DISCHARGE TEST METHOD

During the contact discharge test, the probe contacts the tested pin before the probe tip is energized and eliminates the variables associated with the air-gap discharge. The result is a more repeatable and predictable test, but equipment limits prevent testing devices at voltages higher than $\pm 9 \mathrm{kV}$. The ISL32172E/32272E/32174E/32179E devices survive $\pm 9 \mathrm{kV}$ contact discharges on the RS-422 pins.

## Data Rate, Cables, and Terminations

RS-422 is intended for network lengths up to 4000ft, but the maximum system data rate decreases as the transmission length increases. Devices opera ting at 32Mbps handle lengths up to 328 ft ( 100 m ) in 5 V systems, and lengths up to 200 ft ( 62 m )
in 3.3 V systems (see Figures 32 and $\underline{33}$ ). The 460 kbps versions can operate at full data rates with lengths of thousands of feet. Note that system jitter requirements may limit a network to shorter distances.
Use twisted pair cable for RS-422 networks. Twisted pair cables tend to pick up noise and other electromagnetically induced voltages as common-mode signals that are effectively rejected by the differential receivers in RS-422 ICs.

Note: Proper termination is imperative to minimize reflections when using the 10 Mbps or 32 Mbps devices. Short networks using the 460kbps versions do not need to be terminated, but terminations are recommended unless power dissipation is an overriding concern.
In point-to-point or point-to-multipoint (multiple receivers on bus) networks, terminate the main cable in its characteristic impedance (typically 120 ) at the end farthest from the driver. In multireceiver applications, keep stubs connecting receivers to the main cable as short as possible.

## Built-In Driver Overload Protection

The driver output stages incorporate short-circuit current limiting circuitry that ensures that the output current never exceeds the RS-422 specification. A novel design sets the short-circuit current limit depending on the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ value, so unlike some competing devices, the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ short-circuit current is only slightly higher than the corresponding $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ level (see Figure 13).
In the event of a major short-circuit condition, the ISL32172E/32272E/32174E/32179E thermal shutdown feature disables the drivers whenever the die temperature becomes excessive. Thermal shutdown eliminates the power dissipation and allows the die to cool. The drivers automatically reenable after the die temperature drops about $20^{\circ}$. If the fault persists, the thermal shutdown/reenable cycle repeats until the fault is cleared.

## High Temperature Operation

With $T_{A}=+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $V_{C C}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$, four $100 \Omega$ differentially terminated drivers in the TSSOP package put the IC at the edge of its maximum allowed junction temperature. Using larger termination resistors, a lower maximum supply voltage, or one of the packages with a lower thermal resistance ( $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ ) provides more safety margin. When designing for $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operation, measure the application's switching current and include it in the thermal calculations.

## Low Power Shutdown Mode (ISL32179E Only)

These BiCMOS transmitters all use a fraction of the power required by their bipolar counterparts, but the ISL32179E includes a shutdown feature that reduces the already low quiescent $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ by $90 \%$. The ISL32179E enters shutdown whenever the SHDNEN pin is high and all four drivers are disabled (see "Pin Descriptions" on page 5). Note that the enable times from shutdown are longer than the enable times when the IC is not in shutdown mode.

## Die Characteristics

## SUBSTRATE AND QFN THERMAL PAD POTENTIAL

## (POWERED UP):

GND

## TRANSISTOR COUNT:

1682

## PROCESS:

Si Gate BiCMOS

ReVISTOM MTStOTY The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted.
Please go to the web to make sure that you have the latest revision.

| DATE | REVISION | CHANGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Feb 1, 2019 | FN6824.4 | Updated typical application diagrams on page 2. Updated disclaimer. |
| May 1, 2018 | FN6824.3 | Removed ISL32372E, ISL32274E, and ISL32374E information from datasheet. <br> Changed 1st sentence in 3rd paragraph on front page. <br> Added Related Literature section. <br> Ordering Information table - added tape and reel quantity column and updated Note 1. <br> Changed part number in pin description for EN12, EN34 from ISL32x74E to ISL32774E. <br> Changed Note 4 regarding the use of unused enable pins. <br> Changed part numbers in Figure 2 from ISL32x75E to ISL32173E and from ISL32x74E to ISL32174E. <br> Changed part number in 1st paragraph of Driver Enable Functions from ISL32x74E to ISL32174E. <br> Removed the About Intersil section and updated the disclaimer. <br> Updated POD M16.15 to the latest revision. Changes from previous are as follows: <br> Updated graphics to new standard layout, removing the dimension table |
| Aug 13, 2015 | FN6824.2 | Updated Table 1, page 1 and Ordering Information table on page 3 with "(No longer available or supported)" to applicable parts. <br> Updated "About Intersil" section. |
| Feb 28, 2013 | FN6824.1 | Added "EP" and description to "Pin Descriptions" on page 5. Added verbiage to clarify that $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ may power up simultaneously, when powered from the same supply ("Pin Descriptions" table entries " $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ " and " $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ " on page 5; "Notes" near bottom of page 2; "Note" under "Logic Supply" heading on page 15). Added "Revision History" table, and "About Intersil" sections to page 17. |
| De 16, 2008 | FN6824.0 | Initial release. |

## Package Outline Drawings

## L24.4x4C

24 LEAD QUAD FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

## Rev 2, 10/06



## NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.

Dimensions in ( ) for Reference Only.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to AMSE Y14.5m-1994.
3. Unless otherwise specified, tolerance: Decimal $\pm 0.05$
4. Dimension $b$ applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15 mm and 0.30 mm from the terminal tip.
5. Tiebar shown (if present) is a non-functional feature.
6. The configuration of the pin \#1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin \#1 indentifier may be either a mold or mark feature.

M16.15 (JEDEC MS-012-AC ISSUE C) For the most recent package outline drawing, see M16.15. 16 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE
Rev 2, 11/17


Thin Shrink Small Outline Package Family (TSSOP) For the most reent package outine drawing, see MDP0044.


MDP0044
THIN SHRINK SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE FAMILY

|  | MILLIMETERS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SYMBOL | 14 LD | 16 LD | 20 LD | 24 LD | 28 LD |  |
| A | 1.20 | 1.20 | 1.20 | 1.20 | 1.20 | Max |
| A1 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | $\pm 0.05$ |
| A2 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | $\pm 0.05$ |
| b | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | $+0.05 /-0.06$ |
| c | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | $+0.05 /-0.06$ |
| D | 5.00 | 5.00 | 6.50 | 7.80 | 9.70 | $\pm 0.10$ |
| E | 6.40 | 6.40 | 6.40 | 6.40 | 6.40 | Basic |
| E1 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 4.40 | $\pm 0.10$ |
| e | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.65 | Basic |
| L | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | $\pm 0.15$ |
| L1 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | Reference |

NOTES:

1. Dimension " $D$ " does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
2. Dimension "E1" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
3. Dimensions "D" and "E1" are measured at dAtum Plane H.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

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