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R8C/26 Group, R8C/27 Group SINGLE-CHIP 16-BIT CMOS MCU

REJ03B0168-0210 Rev.2.10 Sep 26, 2008

1. Overview

These MCUs are fabricated using a high-performance silicon gate CMOS process, embedding the R8C CPU core, and are packaged in a 32-pin molded-plastic LQFP. It implements sophisticated instructions for a high level of instruction efficiency. With 1 Mbyte of address space, they are capable of executing instructions at high speed.

Furthermore, the R8C/27 Group has on-chip data flash (1 KB \times 2 blocks).

The difference between the R8C/26 Group and R8C/27 Group is only the presence or absence of data flash. Their peripheral functions are the same.

1.1 Applications

Electronic household appliances, office equipment, audio equipment, consumer products, automotive, etc.



1.2 Performance Overview

Table 1.1 outlines the Functions and Specifications for R8C/26 Group and Table 1.2 outlines the Functions and Specifications for R8C/27 Group.

Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/26 Group

CDII	Item	Specification
CPU	Number of	89 instructions
	fundamental	
	instructions Minimum instruction	50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (other than K version)
	Minimum instruction execution time	62.5 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (other than K version)
	execution time	100 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (K Version)
		200 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) 200 ns (f(XIN) = 5 MHz, VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V) (N, D version)
	On a nation was a de	
	Operating mode	Single-chip
	Address space	1 Mbyte
	Memory capacity	Refer to Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/26 Group
Peripheral	Ports	I/O ports: 25 pins, Input port: 3 pins
Functions	LED drive ports	I/O ports: 8 pins (N, D version)
	Timers	Timer RA: 8 bits x 1 channel
		Timer RB: 8 bits x 1 channel
		(Each timer equipped with 8-bit prescaler)
		Timer RC: 16 bits x 1 channel
		(Input capture and output compare circuits)
		Timer RE: With real-time clock and compare match function
		(For J, K version, compare match function only.)
	Serial interfaces	2 channels (UART0, UART1)
		Clock synchronous serial I/O, UART
	Clock synchronous	1 channel
	serial interface	I ² C bus Interface ⁽¹⁾
		Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select
	LIN module	Hardware LIN: 1 channel (timer RA, UART0)
	A/D converter	10-bit A/D converter: 1 circuit, 12 channels
	Watchdog timer	15 bits × 1 channel (with prescaler)
	watchdog timer	Start-on-reset selectable
	Interrupte	
	Interrupts	Internal: 15 sources, External: 4 sources,
	Olaskananatian	Software: 4 sources, Priority levels: 7 levels
	Clock generation	3 circuits
	circuits	XIN clock generation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor)
		On-chip oscillator (high speed, low speed)
		High-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function
		XCIN clock generation circuit (32 kHz) (N, D version)
		Real-time clock (timer RE) (N, D version)
	Oscillation-stopped	XIN clock oscillation stop detection function
	detector	
	Voltage detection	On-chip On-chip
	circuit	
	Power-on reset circuit	
Electrical	Supply voltage	VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 20 MHz) (other than K version)
Characteristics		VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 16 MHz) (K version)
		VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 10 MHz)
		VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 5 MHz) (N, D version)
	Current consumption	Typ. 10 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz)
	(N, D version)	Typ. 6 mA (VCC = 3.0 V , $f(XIN) = 10 \text{ MHz}$)
	,	Typ. 2.0 μ A (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)
		Typ. $0.7 \mu A$ (VCC = 3.0 V , stop mode)
Flash Memory	Programming and	VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V
,	erasure voltage	
	Programming and	100 times
	erasure endurance	
Operating Ambie		-20 to 85°C (N version)
Cporaming / milble	omporatoro	-40 to 85°C (D, J version) ⁽²⁾ , -40 to 125°C (K version) ⁽²⁾
		32-pin molded-plastic LQFP
Package		

- 1. I²C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
- 2. Specify the D, K version if D, K version functions are to be used.



Table 1.2 Functions and Specifications for R8C/27 Group

	Item	Specification
CPU	Number of fundamental	89 instructions
	instructions	
	Minimum instruction	50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (other than K version)
	execution time	62.5 ns (f(XIN) = 16 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) (K version)
		100 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V)
		200 ns (f(XIN) = 5 MHz, VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V) (N, D version)
	Operating mode	Single-chip
	Address space	1 Mbyte
	Memory capacity	Refer to Table 1.4 Product Information of R8C/27 Group
Peripheral	Ports	I/O ports: 25 pins, Input port: 3 pins
Functions	LED drive ports	I/O ports: 8 pins (N, D version)
	Timers	Timer RA: 8 bits x 1 channel
		Timer RB: 8 bits x 1 channel
		(Each timer equipped with 8-bit prescaler)
		Timer RC: 16 bits x 1 channel
		(Input capture and output compare circuits)
		Timer RE: With real-time clock and compare match function
		(For J, K version, compare match function only.)
	Serial interfaces	2 channels (UART0, UART1)
		Clock synchronous serial I/O, UART
	Clock synchronous	1 channel
	serial interface	I ² C bus Interface ⁽¹⁾
		Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select
	LIN module	Hardware LIN: 1 channel (timer RA, UART0)
	A/D converter	10-bit A/D converter: 1 circuit, 12 channels
	Watchdog timer	15 bits x 1 channel (with prescaler)
		Start-on-reset selectable
	Interrupts	Internal: 15 sources, External: 4 sources,
		Software: 4 sources, Priority levels: 7 levels
	Clock generation	3 circuits
	circuits	XIN clock generation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor)
		On-chip oscillator (high speed, low speed) Ulinh and an arbitrary loss of fragrensia dispersions of fragrensia.
		High-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function
		 XCIN clock generation circuit (32 kHz) (N, D version) Real-time clock (timer RE) (N, D version)
	Oscillation stanced	XIN clock oscillation stop detection function
	Oscillation-stopped detector	Any Gook oscillation stop detection function
	Voltage detection circuit	On-chin
		On-chip
Electrical	Supply voltage	VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 20 MHz) (other than K version)
Characteristics	Cappi, voltage	VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 16 MHz) (K version)
Characteriotics		VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 10 MHz)
		VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 5 MHz) (N, D version)
	Current consumption	Typ. 10 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz)
	(N, D version)	Typ. 6 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz)
	(11, 2 10.0.0.)	Typ. 2.0 μ A (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)
		Typ. $0.7 \mu A$ (VCC = 3.0 V , stop mode)
Flash Memory	Programming and	VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V
,	erasure voltage	
	Programming and	10,000 times (data flash)
	erasure endurance	1,000 times (program ROM)
Operating Ambie		-20 to 85°C (N version)
,	- 1 -	-40 to 85°C (D, J version) ⁽²⁾ , -40 to 125°C (K version) ⁽²⁾
Package		32-pin molded-plastic LQFP
. aonago		or pili moldod pidotio Eq. (

- 1. I^2C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
- 2. Specify the D, K version if D, K version functions are to be used.



1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.1 shows a Block Diagram.

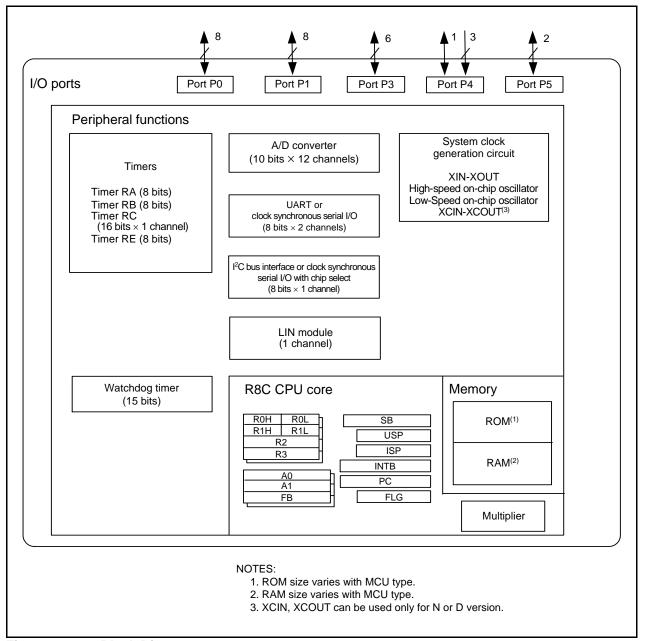


Figure 1.1 Block Diagram

1.4 Product Information

Table 1.3 lists the Product Information for R8C/26 Group and Table 1.4 lists the Product Information for R8C/27 Group.

Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/26 Group

Current of Sep. 2008

Dowt No.	ROM	RAM	Dooksons Tyms	Do	
Part No.	Capacity	Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
R5F21262SNFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	
R5F21264SNFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21265SNFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21266SNFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A]	
R5F21262SDFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21264SDFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21265SDFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A]	
R5F21266SDFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21264JFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21266JFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A]	
R5F21264KFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21266KFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21262SNXXXFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	Factory
R5F21264SNXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		programming
R5F21265SNXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		product ⁽¹⁾
R5F21266SNXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21262SDXXXFP	8 Kbytes	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21264SDXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21265SDXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21266SDXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21264JXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21266JXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	1	
R5F21264KXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21266KXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

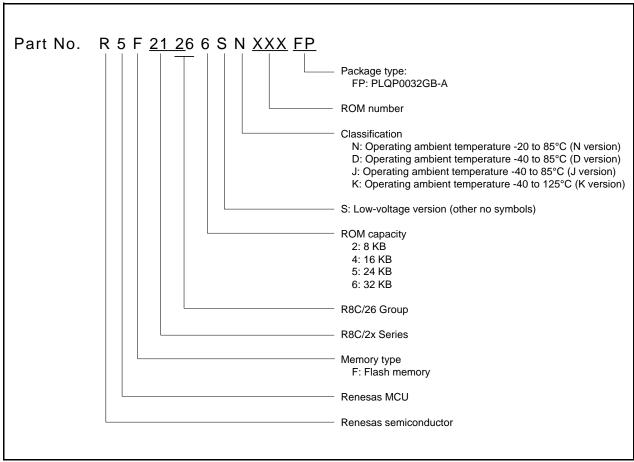


Figure 1.2 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/26 Group

Table 1.4 Product Information for R8C/27 Group

Current of Sep. 2008

	ROM (Capacity	RAM			
Part No.	Program ROM	Data flash	Capacity	Package Type	Re	marks
R5F21272SNFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	
R5F21274SNFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SNFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SNFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SDFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21274SDFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SDFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SDFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274JFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21276JFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274KFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21276KFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SNXXXFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version	Factory
R5F21274SNXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		programming
R5F21275SNXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		product ⁽¹⁾
R5F21276SNXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21272SDXXXFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version	
R5F21274SDXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21275SDXXXFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21276SDXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274JXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	J version	
R5F21276JXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte x 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		
R5F21274KXXXFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte x 2	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	K version	
R5F21276KXXXFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte x 2	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A		

^{1.} The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

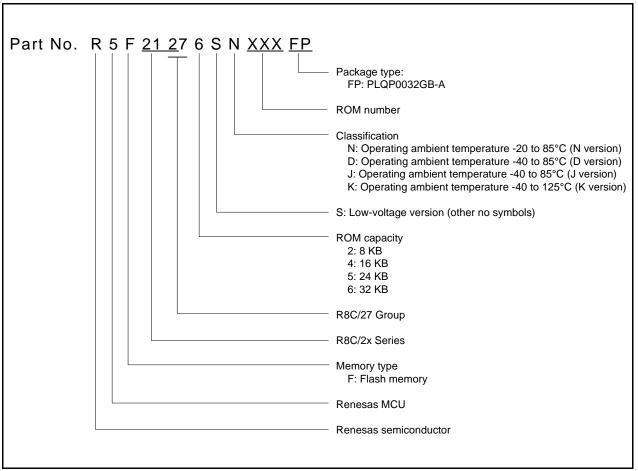


Figure 1.3 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/27 Group

1.5 Pin Assignments

Figure 1.4 shows Pin Assignments (Top View).

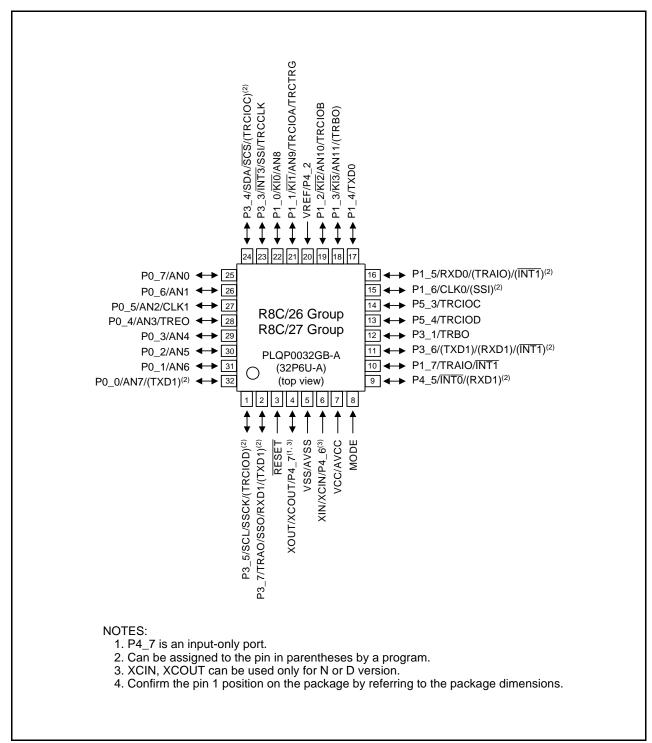


Figure 1.4 Pin Assignments (Top View)

1.6 Pin Functions

Table 1.5 lists Pin Functions.

Table 1.5 Pin Functions

Type	Symbol	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	I	Apply 2.2 to 5.5 V (J, K version are 2.7 to 5.5 V) to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog power supply input	AVCC, AVSS	I	Power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset input	RESET	I	Input "L" on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins. To use an external clock, input it to the
XIN clock output	XOUT	0	XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
XCIN clock input (N, D version)	XCIN	I	These pins are provided for XCIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a crystal oscillator between the XCIN and XCOUT
XCIN clock output (N, D version)	XCOUT	0	pins. To use an external clock, input it to the XCIN pin and leave the XCOUT pin open.
INT interrupt input	INTO, INT1, INT3	I	INT interrupt input pins
Key input interrupt	KI0 to KI3	I	Key input interrupt input pins
Timer RA	TRAO	0	Timer RA output pin
	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin
Timer RB	TRBO	0	Timer RB output pin
Timer RC	TRCCLK	I	External clock input pin
	TRCTRG	I	External trigger input pin
	TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD	I/O	Sharing output-compare output / input-capture input / PWM / PWM2 output pins
Timer RE	TREO	0	Timer RE output pin
Serial interface	CLK0, CLK1	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	RXD0, RXD1	I	Receive data input pin
	TXD0, TXD1	0	Transmit data output pin
I ² C bus interface	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin
Clock synchronous	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin
serial I/O with chip	SCS	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin
select	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter
A/D converter	AN0 to AN11	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter
I/O port	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P3_1, P3_3 to P3_7, P4_5, P5_3, P5_4	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port has an I/O select direction register, allowing each pin in the port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can be set to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program. P1_0 to P1_7 also function as LED drive ports (N, D version).
Input port	P4_2, P4_6, P4_7	I	Input-only ports

I: Input

O: Output

I/O: Input and output



Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number

				I/O Pin I	Functions for o	of Peripheral Mo	dules	
Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select	I ² C bus Interface	A/D Converter
1		P3_5		(TRCIOD) ⁽¹⁾		SSCK	SCL	
2		P3_7		TRAO	RXD1/ (TXD1) ^(1, 3)	SSO		
3	RESET							
4	XOUT/XCOUT(2)	P4_7						
5	VSS/AVSS							
6	XIN/XCIN(2)	P4_6						
7	VCC/AVCC							
8	MODE							
9		P4_5	INT0		(RXD1) ^(1, 3)			
10		P1_7	INT1	TRAIO				
11		P3_6	(INT1) ⁽¹⁾		(TXD1)/ (RXD1) ^(1, 3)			
12		P3_1		TRBO				
13		P5_4		TRCIOD				
14		P5_3		TRCIOC				
15		P1_6			CLK0	(SSI) ⁽¹⁾		
16		P1_5	(INT1)(1)	(TRAIO) ⁽¹⁾	RXD0			
17		P1_4			TXD0			
18		P1_3	KI3	(TRBO)				AN11
19		P1_2	KI2	TRCIOB				AN10
20	VRFF	P4_2						
21		P1_1	KI1	TRCIOA/ TRCTRG				AN9
22		P1_0	KI0					AN8
23		P3_3	ĪNT3	TRCCLK		SSI		
24		P3_4		(TRCIOC) ⁽¹⁾		SCS	SDA	
25		P0_7						AN0
26		P0_6						AN1
27		P0_5			CLK1			AN2
28		P0_4		TREO				AN3
29		P0_3						AN4
30		P0_2						AN5
31		P0_1						AN6
32		P0_0			(TXD1) ^(1, 3)			AN7

- 1. This can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.
- 2. XCIN, XCOUT can be used only for N or D version.
- 3. For the combination of using pins TXD1 and RXD1, refer to **Figure 15.7 Registers PINSR1 and PMR** of Hardware Manual (REJ09B0278).

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.

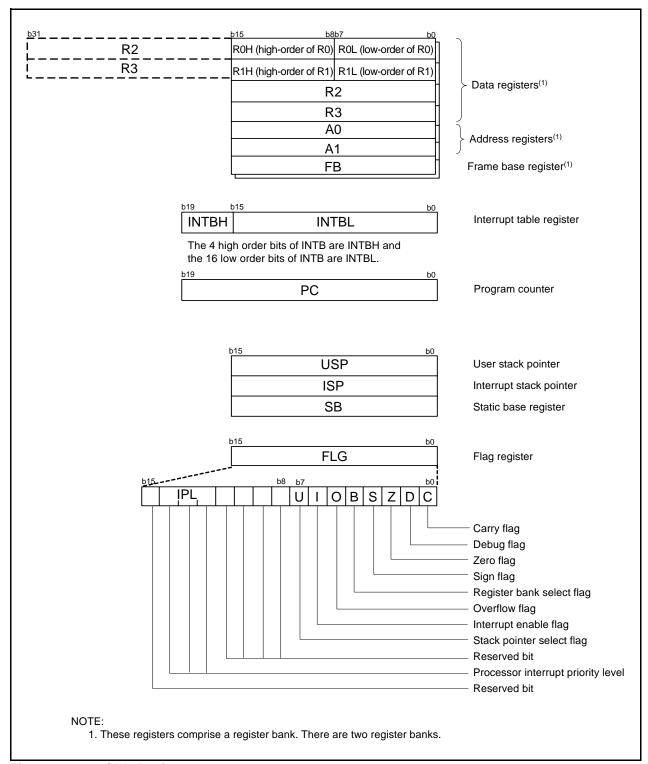


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2, and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. R0 can be split into high-order bits (R0H) and low-order bits (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. R1H and R1L are analogous to R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 and used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). R3R1 is analogous to R2R0.

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. It is also used for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. A1 is analogous to A0. A1 can be combined with A0 to be used as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is a 20-bit register that indicates the start address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC is 20 bits wide and indicates the address of the next instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointers (SP), USP, and ISP, are each 16 bits wide. The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is an 11-bit register indicating the CPU state.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains carry, borrow, or shift-out bits that have been generated by the arithmetic and logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debugging only. Set it to 0.

2.8.3 **Zero Flag (Z)**

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in 0; otherwise to 0.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in a negative value; otherwise to 0.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

Register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. Register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when an operation results in an overflow; otherwise to 0.



2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupt are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.

The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7. If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

3. Memory

3.1 R8C/26 Group

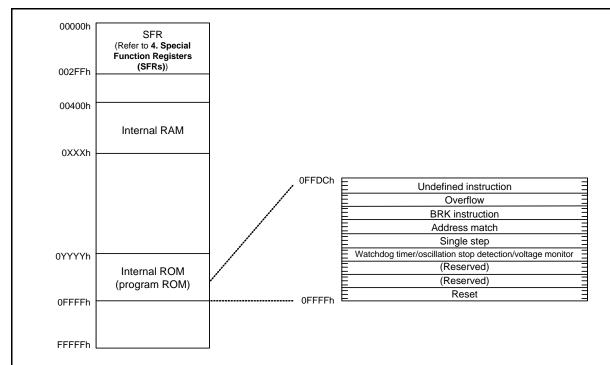
Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/26 Group. The R8C/26 group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

The internal ROM is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 16-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 0C000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 1-Kbyte internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 007FFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.



NOTE

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Part Number	Internal ROM		Internal RAM	
Fait Number	Size	Address 0YYYYh	Size	Address 0XXXXh
R5F21262SNFP, R5F21262SDFP,	8 Kbytes	0E000h	512 bytes	005FFh
R5F21262SNXXXFP, R5F21262SDXXXFP	o Royles	DEUUUN	312 Dytes	0031111
R5F21264SNFP, R5F21264SDFP,				
R5F21264JFP, R5F21264KFP,	16 Kbytes	0C000h	1 Kbyte	007FFh
R5F21264SNXXXFP, R5F21264SDXXXFP,	10 Rbytes	0000011	TROYLE	0071111
R5F21264JXXXFP, R5F21264KXXXFP				
R5F21265SNFP, R5F21265SDFP	24 Kbytes	0A000h	1.5 Kbytes	009FFh
R5F21265SNXXXFP, R5F21265SDXXXFP	24 Noytes	UAUUUII	1.5 Rbytes	0091111
R5F21266SNFP, R5F21266SDFP,				
R5F21266JFP, R5F21266KFP,	32 Kbytes	08000h	1.5 Kbytes	009FFh
R5F21266SNXXXFP, R5F21266SDXXXFP,	32 Royles	0000011	1.5 Rbytes	0037711
R5F21266JXXXFP, R5F21266KXXXFP				

Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/26 Group

3.2 R8C/27 Group

Figure 3.2 is a Memory Map of R8C/27 Group. The R8C/27 group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

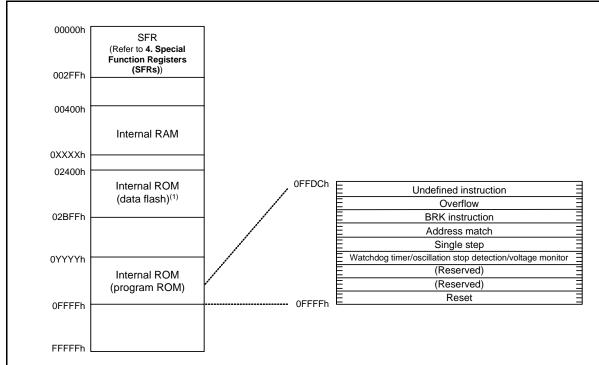
The internal ROM (program ROM) is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 16-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 0C000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 02400h to 02BFFh.

The internal RAM area is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 1-Kbyte internal RAM is allocated addresses 00400h to 007FFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.



- 1. Data flash block A (1 Kbyte) and B (1 Kbyte) are shown.
- 2. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Dord Mossibar	Internal ROM		Internal RAM	
Part Number	Size	Address 0YYYYh	Size	Address 0XXXXh
R5F21272SNFP, R5F21272SDFP,	8 Kbytes	0E000h	512 bytes	005FFh
R5F21272SNXXXFP, R5F21272SDXXXFP	o Royles	000011	512 bytes	003FFII
R5F21274SNFP, R5F21274SDFP,				
R5F21274JFP, R5F21274KFP,	16 Kbytes	0C000h	1 Kbyte	007FFh
R5F21274SNXXXFP, R5F21274SDXXXFP,	16 Kbytes	0000011	1 Kbyte	0077711
R5F21274JXXXFP, R5F21274KXXXFP				
R5F21275SNFP, R5F21275SDFP,	24 Kbytes	0A000h	1 E Khyton	009FFh
R5F21275SNXXXFP, R5F21275SDXXXFP	24 Kbytes	UAUUUII	1.5 Kbytes	009FFII
R5F21276SNFP, R5F21276SDFP,				
R5F21276JFP, R5F21276KFP,	20 Khyton	00000	1 E Khyton	009FFh
R5F21276SNXXXFP, R5F21276SDXXXFP,	32 Kbytes	08000h	1.5 Kbytes	009FFN
R5F21276JXXXFP, R5F21276KXXXFP				

Figure 3.2 Memory Map of R8C/27 Group

4. Special Function Registers (SFRs)

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Tables 4.1 to 4.7 list the special function registers.

Table 4.1 SFR Information (1)⁽¹⁾

0005h Proc 0006h Syst 0007h Syst 0008h 0009h 0000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch Osc 000Dh Wate 000Eh Wate 000Fh Wate 0010h Add 0011h 0012h	cessor Mode Register 0 cessor Mode Register 1 tem Clock Control Register 0 tem Clock Control Register 1 tect Register citlation Stop Detection Register techdog Timer Reset Register techdog Timer Start Register techdog Timer Control Register 0 teress Match Interrupt Enable Register	PM0 PM1 CM0 CM1 PRCR OCD WDTR WDTS WDC RMAD0	00h 00h 01101000b 00100000b 00h 0000100b XXh XXh 00X11111b
0002h 0003h 0004h Proc 0005h Proc 0006h Syst 0007h Syst 0008h 0009h 000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch 000Ch 000Ch 000Ch 000Ch 000Ch 000Ch 000Ch 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	cessor Mode Register 1 tem Clock Control Register 0 tem Clock Control Register 1 tect Register citlation Stop Detection Register techdog Timer Reset Register techdog Timer Start Register techdog Timer Control Register	PM1 CM0 CM1 PRCR OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00h 01101000b 00100000b 00h 00h 00000100b XXh XXh
0003h 0004h Proc 0005h Proc 0006h Syst 0007h Syst 0008h 0009h 000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch Osc 000Dh Wat 000Fh Wat 000Fh Wat 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	cessor Mode Register 1 tem Clock Control Register 0 tem Clock Control Register 1 tect Register citlation Stop Detection Register techdog Timer Reset Register techdog Timer Start Register techdog Timer Control Register	PM1 CM0 CM1 PRCR OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00h 01101000b 00100000b 00h 00h 00000100b XXh XXh
0004h Proc 0005h Proc 0006h Syst 0007h Syst 0008h 0009h 000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch Osc 000Dh Wat 000Eh Wat 000Fh Wat 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	cessor Mode Register 1 tem Clock Control Register 0 tem Clock Control Register 1 tect Register citlation Stop Detection Register techdog Timer Reset Register techdog Timer Start Register techdog Timer Control Register	PM1 CM0 CM1 PRCR OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00h 01101000b 00100000b 00h 00h 00000100b XXh XXh
0005h Proc 0006h Syst 0007h Syst 0008h 0009h 000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch Osc 000Dh Wat 000Eh Wat 000Fh Wat 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	cessor Mode Register 1 tem Clock Control Register 0 tem Clock Control Register 1 tect Register citlation Stop Detection Register techdog Timer Reset Register techdog Timer Start Register techdog Timer Control Register	PM1 CM0 CM1 PRCR OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00h 01101000b 00100000b 00h 00h 00000100b XXh XXh
0006h Syst 0007h Syst 0008h 0009h 000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch Osc 000Dh Wate 000Fh Wate 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	tem Clock Control Register 0 tem Clock Control Register 1 tect Register cillation Stop Detection Register techdog Timer Reset Register techdog Timer Start Register techdog Timer Control Register techdog Timer Control Register	CM0 CM1 PRCR OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	01101000b 00100000b 00100000b 000h 00000100b XXh XXh
0007h Syst 0008h 0009h 000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch Osc 000Dh Wate 000Eh Wate 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	tem Clock Control Register 1 tect Register cillation Stop Detection Register tchdog Timer Reset Register tchdog Timer Start Register tchdog Timer Control Register tchdog Timer Control Register tchdog Timer Control Register	PRCR OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00100000b 00h 00000100b XXh XXh
0008h 0009h 000Ah 000Bh 000Ch 000Ch 000Ch 000Ch 000Fh Wate 000Fh Wate 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	tect Register cililation Stop Detection Register tchdog Timer Reset Register tchdog Timer Start Register tchdog Timer Control Register tchdog Timer Control Register tress Match Interrupt Register 0	PRCR OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00h 00000100b XXh XXh
0009h 000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch Osc 000Dh Wate 000Eh Wate 000Fh Wate 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	cillation Stop Detection Register tichdog Timer Reset Register tichdog Timer Start Register tichdog Timer Control Register tichdog Timer Control Register tiress Match Interrupt Register 0	OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00000100b XXh XXh
000Ah Prot 000Bh 000Ch Osc 000Dh Wate 000Eh Wate 000Fh Wate 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	cillation Stop Detection Register tichdog Timer Reset Register tichdog Timer Start Register tichdog Timer Control Register tichdog Timer Control Register tiress Match Interrupt Register 0	OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00000100b XXh XXh
000Bh 000Ch 000Ch 000Eh 000Fh 000Fh 0011h 0012h 0013h 0014h 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	cillation Stop Detection Register tichdog Timer Reset Register tichdog Timer Start Register tichdog Timer Control Register tichdog Timer Control Register tiress Match Interrupt Register 0	OCD WDTR WDTS WDC	00000100b XXh XXh
000Ch Osc 000Dh Wati 000Eh Wati 000Fh Wati 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	tchdog Timer Reset Register tchdog Timer Start Register tchdog Timer Control Register tress Match Interrupt Register 0	WDTR WDTS WDC	XXh XXh
000Dh Wati 000Eh Wati 000Fh Wati 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	tchdog Timer Reset Register tchdog Timer Start Register tchdog Timer Control Register tress Match Interrupt Register 0	WDTR WDTS WDC	XXh XXh
000Eh Wati 000Fh Wati 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	tchdog Timer Start Register tchdog Timer Control Register Iress Match Interrupt Register 0	WDTS WDC	XXh
000Fh Wate 0010h Add 0011h 0012h 0013h Add 0014h 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	tchdog Timer Control Register Iress Match Interrupt Register 0	WDC	
0010h	lress Match Interrupt Register 0		00V11111h
0010h	lress Match Interrupt Register 0	RMAD0	UUNTITID
0012h 0013h Add 0014h 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	troce Match Interrupt Enable Projector		00h
0013h Add 0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	droce Match Interrupt Enable Projector		00h
0014h Add 0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	tross Match Interrupt Enable Posister		00h
0015h 0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	iress iviatori iriterrupt Eriabie register	AIER	00h
0016h 0017h 0018h 0019h	Iress Match Interrupt Register 1	RMAD1	00h
0017h 0018h 0019h			00h
0018h 0019h			00h
0019h			
001Ah			
0017111			
001Bh			
001Ch Cou	ınt Source Protection Mode Register	CSPR	00h 10000000b ⁽²⁾
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h High	h-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
	h-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
	h-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h			
0027h			
	ck Prescaler Reset Flag	CPSRF	00h
	h-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4(3)	FRA4	When shipping
002Ah	-1		- 11 5
	h-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6(3)	FRA6	When shipping
	h-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7 ⁽³⁾	FRA7	When shipping
002Dh	n-opeed On-Only Oscillator Control Register (19)	1100	TTHOM SHIPPING
002Dh 002Eh			
002En 002Fh			

X: Undefined

- 1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
- 2. The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0.
- 3. In J, K version these regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.2 SFR Information (2)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0030h			
0031h	Voltage Detection Register 1 (2)	VCA1	00001000b
0032h	Voltage Detection Register 2 (2)	VCA2	• N, D version 00h ⁽³⁾
			00100000b ⁽⁴⁾
			• J, K version 00h ⁽⁷⁾
			01000000b ⁽⁸⁾
0033h			
0034h 0035h			
0035h	Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register (5)	VW1C	• N, D version 00001000b
003011	Voltage Monitor i Circuit Control Register (9)	VVVIC	• J, K version 0000X000b ⁽⁷⁾
			0100X001b ⁽⁸⁾
0037h	Voltage Monitor 2 Circuit Control Register (5)	VW2C	00h
0038h	Voltage Monitor 0 Circuit Control Register (6)	VW0C	0000X000b ⁽³⁾
000011	Voltage Monitor o Circuit Control Register (-)	******	0100X000b ⁽⁻⁾
0039h			01000001009
000011		l.	
003Fh			
0040h			
0041h			
0042h			
0043h			
0044h			
0045h 0046h			
0046H	Timer RC Interrupt Control Register	TRCIC	XXXXX000b
0047H	Timer No linerrupt control Negister	TROIC	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
0049h			
004Ah	Timer RE Interrupt Control Register	TREIC	XXXXX000b
004Bh			
004Ch			
004Dh	Key Input Interrupt Control Register	KUPIC	XXXXX000b
004Eh	A/D Conversion Interrupt Control Register	ADIC	XXXXX000b
004Fh	SSU/IIC bus Interrupt Control Register ⁽⁹⁾	SSUIC/IICIC	XXXXX000b
0050h	LIARTO T. VII. O. O. L. I.R. VII.	0.710	VVVVVV000I
0051h	UART0 Transmit Interrupt Control Register UART0 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S0TIC S0RIC	XXXXX000b
0052h 0053h	UART1 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	SITIC	XXXXX000b XXXXX000b
0053h	UART1 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S1RIC	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
0055h		311.13	1300000
0056h	Timer RA Interrupt Control Register	TRAIC	XXXXX000b
0057h	·		
0058h	Timer RB Interrupt Control Register	TRBIC	XXXXX000b
0059h	INT1 Interrupt Control Register	INT1IC	XX00X000b
005Ah	INT3 Interrupt Control Register	INT3IC	XX00X000b
005Bh			
005Ch 005Dh	INT0 Interrupt Control Register	INTOIC	XX00X000b
005Dh 005Eh	nato interrupt Control Register	INTUIC	^^000
005En			
0060h			
	1	'	
006Fh			
0070h			
007Fh			
X: Undefined			

- 1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
- 2. (N, D version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register.
- (J, K version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register. 3. The LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 1 and hardware reset.
- 4. Power-on reset, voltage monitor 0 reset or the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 0, and hardware reset.
- 5. (N, D version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect b2 and b3. (J, K version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect b2 and b3.
- 6. (N, D version) Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register. (J, K version) These regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
- 7. The LVD1ON bit in the OFS register is set to 1 and hardware reset.
- 8. Power-on reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or the LVD10N bit in the OFS register is set to 0 and hardware reset.
- 9. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.



SFR Information (3)⁽¹⁾ Table 4.3

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080h		-,	
0081h			
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h			
0089h			
008Ah			
008Bh			
008Ch			
008Dh			
008Eh			
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h			
0095h			
0096h			
0097h			
0098h			
0099h			
009Ah			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UARTO Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UARTO Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UART0 Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A7h	WARTI T. W. W. L. M. L. D. L.		XXh
00A8h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
00A9h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
00ABh	TIARTA Transmit/Resolve Control Resister 0	11100	XXh
00ACh 00ADh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0 UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C0 U1C1	00001000b 00000010b
00ADh 00AEh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1 UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
00AEn	OULT I IZECEIAE DAILEI IZERISIEI	OIND	XXh
00AFN 00B0h			AAII
00B0H			
00B1fi			
00B2H			
00B3H			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 ⁽²⁾	SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
00B9h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 ⁽²⁾	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
00BAh	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register (2)	SSMR / ICMR	00011000b
00BAn	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register ⁽²⁾	SSER / ICIER	00011000B
00BCh		SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register ⁽²⁾		00h / 0000X000b
00BDh			
	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2 / SAR	
00BEh 00BFh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾ SS Transmit Data Register / IIC bus Transmit Data Register ⁽²⁾ SS Receive Data Register / IIC bus Receive Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2 / SAR SSTDR / ICDRT SSRDR / ICDRR	FFh FFh

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

SFR Information (4)⁽¹⁾ Table 4.4

Register //D Register	AD Symbol	After reset XXh XXh
		7001
	l l	
/D Control Register 2	ADCON2	00h
	ADCON0	00h
/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
ort P0 Register	P0	00h
	P1	00h
		00h
ort P1 Direction Register		00h
<u> </u>		
ort P3 Register	P3	00h
on to register		
ort P3 Direction Register	PD3	00h
		00h
ort P5 Register		00h
Fort P4 Direction Register		00h
		00h
orri o pirection (vegiote)	FD0	0011
		00h
'in Select Register 2	PINSR2	00h
'in Select Register 3	PINSR3	00h
	PMR	00h
ort Mode Register		
xternal Input Enable Register	INTEN	00h
xternal Input Enable Register VT Input Filter Select Register	INTEN INTF	00h
xternal Input Enable Register	INTEN INTF KIEN	
xternal Input Enable Register NT Input Filter Select Register (ey Input Enable Register	INTEN INTF KIEN	00h
xternal Input Enable Register NT Input Filter Select Register (ey Input Enable Register full-Up Control Register 0	INTEN INTF KIEN PUR0	00h 00h
xternal Input Enable Register NT Input Filter Select Register (ey Input Enable Register	INTEN INTF KIEN	00h 00h 00h
	//D Control Register 0 //D Control Register 0 //D Control Register 1 Port P0 Register Port P1 Register Port P1 Direction Register Port P3 Direction Register Port P4 Register Port P5 Direction Register Port P6 Direction Register Port P7 Direction Register Port P8 Direction Register Port P9 Direction Register	ADCONO ADCONTO Register 1 ADCONO ADCONTO ADCON

X: Undefined

- NOTES:

 1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

 2. In J, K version these regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

SFR Information (5)⁽¹⁾ Table 4.5

	5	0 1 1	A 61
Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h			
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh	, , ,		
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register ⁽²⁾	TREHR	00h
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register ⁽²⁾	TREWK	00h
	The RE Day of Week Data Registery		
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
-	Times DO Mada Davista	TDOMD	040040001-
0120h	Timer RC Mode Register	TRCMR	01001000b
0121h	Timer RC Control Register 1	TRCCR1	00h
0122h	Timer RC Interrupt Enable Register	TRCIER	01110000b
0123h	Timer RC Status Register	TRCSR	01110000b
0124h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 0	TRCIOR0	10001000b
0125h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 1	TRCIOR1	10001000b
0126h	Timer RC Counter	TRC	00h
0127h			00h
0128h	Timer RC General Register A	TRCGRA	FFh
	Tilliei NO Gerielai Negistei A	TROGRA	
0129h			FFh
012Ah	Timer RC General Register B	TRCGRB	FFh
012Bh			FFh
012Ch	Timer RC General Register C	TRCGRC	FFh
012Dh	The second secon		FFh
	T 000 10 11 0	TDOODD	
012Eh	Timer RC General Register D	TRCGRD	FFh
012Fh			FFh
0130h	Timer RC Control Register 2	TRCCR2	00011111b
0131h	Timer RC Digital Filter Function Select Register	TRCDF	00h
	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register		
0132h	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCOER	01111111b
0133h			
0134h			
0135h			
0136h			<u> </u>
0137h			
0138h			
0139h			
013Ah			
013Bh			
013Ch			
013Dh			
			ļ
013Eh			
013Fh			
NOTEC:			

- The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
 In J, K version these regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

SFR Information (6)⁽¹⁾ Table 4.6

14510 4.0	of K information (o).		
Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0140h			
0141h			
0142h			
0143h			
0144h			
014411			
0145h			
0146h			
0147h			
0148h			
0149h			
014Ah			
014Bh			
014011			
014Ch			
014Dh			
014Eh			
014Fh			
0150h			
0151h			
0151h			
010211			
0153h			
0154h			
0155h			
0156h			
0157h			
0158h			
0159h			
0153h			
015An			
015Bh			
015Ch			
015Dh			
015Eh			
015Fh			
0160h			
0161h			
010111			
0162h			
0163h			
0164h			
0165h			
0166h			
0167h			
0168h			
010011			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0170H			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			
NOTE:			

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0180h	register	Symbol	Alter reset
0180h			
0182h			
0183h			
0184h 0185h			
0186h			
0187h			
0188h			
0189h			
018Ah			
018Bh			
018Ch			
018Dh			
018Eh			
018Fh			
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h			
0194h			
0195h			
0196h			
0197h			
0197h			
0199h			
0199h			
019An			
019Bh			
019Ch			
019Dh			
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h 01B1h			
01B1II			
01B2h	Flash Memory Control Register 4	FMR4	01000000b
010311	Trash Memory Culturi Negister 4	I IVIIX#	010000000
01B4h 01B5h	Floob Momory Control Pogistor 1	EMD1	1000000Vb
01001	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	1000000Xb
01B6h	Floor Moment Control Decistor O	TMDO	000000016
01B7h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00000001b
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			
			•

FFFFh Option Function Select Register OFS (Note 2)

X: Undefined

- 1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
- 2. The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

Electrical Characteristics 5.

N, D Version 5.1

Table 5.1 **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
Vı	Input voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Vo	Output voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Pd	Power dissipation	Topr = 25°C	500	mW
Topr	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

Table 5.2 **Recommended Operating Conditions**

0 1 1			0 100	Standard		Standard	11.7
Symbol		Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage			2.2	-	5.5	V
Vss/AVss	Supply voltage			_	0	-	V
VIH	Input "H" voltage			0.8 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
VIL	Input "L" voltage			0	_	0.2 Vcc	V
IOH(sum)	Peak sum output "H" current	Sum of all pins IOH(peak)		-	_	-160	mA
IOH(sum)	Average sum output "H" current	Sum of all pins IOH(avg)		-	-	-80	mA
IOH(peak)	Peak output "H"	Except P1_0 to P1_7		-	=	-10	mA
	current	P1_0 to P1_7		-	=	-40	mA
IOH(avg)	Average output	Except P1_0 to P1_7		-	-	-5	mA
	"H" current	P1_0 to P1_7		-	-	-20	mA
IOL(sum)	Peak sum output "L" currents	Sum of all pins IOL(peak)		-	_	160	mA
IOL(sum)	Average sum output "L" currents	Sum of all pins IOL(avg)		-	_	80	mA
IOL(peak)	Peak output "L"	Except P1_0 to P1_7		_	_	10	mA
	currents	P1_0 to P1_7		-	-	40	mA
IOL(avg)	Average output	Except P1_0 to P1_7		-	-	5	mA
	"L" current	P1_0 to P1_7		-	=	20	mA
f(XIN)	XIN clock input osc	cillation frequency	3.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	=	20	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 3.0 V	0	-	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	=	5	MHz
f(XCIN)	XCIN clock input of	scillation frequency	2.2 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	-	70	kHz
1	System clock	OCD2 = 0	3.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	-	20	MHz
		XIN clock selected	2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 3.0 V	0	=	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	=	5	MHz
		OCD2 = 1 On-chip oscillator clock selected	FRA01 = 0 Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected	_	125	-	kHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 3.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	=	-	20	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	_	-	10	MHz
NOTES:			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 2.2 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	_	-	5	MHz

^{2.} The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.



^{1.} Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V at Topr = -20 to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.3 A/D	Converter	Characteristics
---------------	-----------	-----------------

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit	
Symbol	'	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
=	Resolution		Vref = AVCC	_	-	10	Bits
=	Absolute	10-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	_	-	±3	LSB
	accuracy	8-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	_	-	±2	LSB
		10-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 3.3 V	_	-	±5	LSB
		8-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 3.3 V	_	-	±2	LSB
		10-bit mode	φAD = 5 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 2.2 V	_	-	±5	LSB
	8-bit mode	φAD = 5 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 2.2 V	_	-	±2	LSB	
Rladder	Resistor ladder		Vref = AVCC	10	-	40	kΩ
tconv	Conversion time 10-bit mode 8-bit mode	10-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	3.3	-	-	μS
		8-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	2.8	-	-	μS
Vref	Reference voltag	e		2.2	-	AVcc	V
VIA	Analog input volta	age ⁽²⁾		0	=	AVcc	V
_	A/D operating	Without sample and hold	Vref = AVCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V	0.25	-	10	MHz
	clock frequency	With sample and hold	Vref = AVCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V	1	_	10	MHz
		Without sample and hold	Vref = AVCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V	0.25	-	5	MHz
		With sample and hold	Vref = AVCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V	1	=	5	MHz

- 1. AVcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V at Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

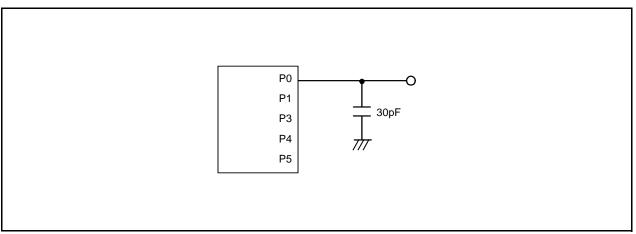


Figure 5.1 Ports P0, P1, and P3 to P5 Timing Measurement Circuit

Table 5.4 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Cumbal	Parameter	Conditions		Unit		
Symbol		Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
=	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾	R8C/26 Group	100 ⁽³⁾	=	=	times
		R8C/27 Group	1,000(3)	-	=	times
_	Byte program time		=	50	400	μS
_	Block erase time		=	0.4	9	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		_	_	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycles	μS
_	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	_	_	μS
=	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	=	_	ns
_	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		_	_	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycles	μS
_	Program, erase voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
=	Read voltage		2.2	=	5.5	V
=	Program, erase temperature		0	=	60	°C
_	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	_	-	year

- NOTES:
 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V at Topr = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.
 - 2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance

The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.

If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.

However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).

- 3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
- 4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
- 5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
- 6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
- 7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.5 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A, Block B) Electrical Characteristics⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Unit		
Symbol	Farameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
_	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾		10,000(3)	-	-	times
_	Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		_	50	400	μS
_	Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		_	65	_	μS
_	Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		_	0.2	9	S
_	Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		_	0.3	_	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		-	-	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycles	μS
-	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	=	_	μS
_	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	-	_	ns
-	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		_	-	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycles	μS
-	Program, erase voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
=	Read voltage		2.2	-	5.5	V
_	Program, erase temperature		-20 ⁽⁸⁾	-	85	°C
_	Data hold time ⁽⁹⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	_	-	year

- NOTES: 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V at $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
 - 2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
 - The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
 - If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
 - However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
 - 3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
 - 4. Standard of block A and block B when program and erase endurance exceeds 1,000 times. Byte program time to 1,000 times is the same as that in program ROM.
 - 5. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. In addition, averaging the erasure endurance between blocks A and B can further reduce the actual erasure endurance. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
 - 6. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
 - 7. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
 - 8. -40°C for D version.
 - 9. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

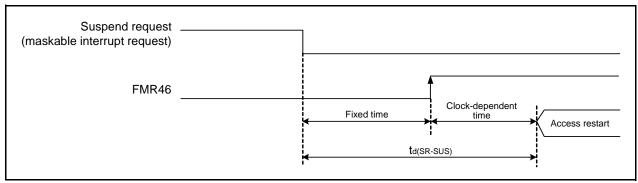


Figure 5.2 Time delay until Suspend

Table 5.6 Voltage Detection 0 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Syllibol	Falametei	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vdet0	Voltage detection level		2.2	2.3	2.4	V
-	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA25 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	-	0.9	_	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽²⁾		=	=	300	μS
Vccmin	MCU operating voltage minimum value		2.2	=	=	V

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
- 2. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.7 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vdet1	Voltage detection level ⁽⁴⁾		2.70	2.85	3.00	V
-	Voltage monitor 1 interrupt request generation time ⁽²⁾		_	40	_	μS
=	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	-	0.6	-	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		=	=	100	μS

NOTES:

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
- 2. Time until the voltage monitor 1 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet1.
- 3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
- 4. This parameter shows the voltage detection level when the power supply drops. The voltage detection level when the power supply rises is higher than the voltage detection level when the power supply drops by approximately 0.1 V.

Table 5.8 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Symbol		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vdet2	Voltage detection level		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
-	Voltage monitor 2 interrupt request generation time ⁽²⁾		_	40	_	μS
=	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	-	0.6	-	μА
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		II	=	100	μ\$

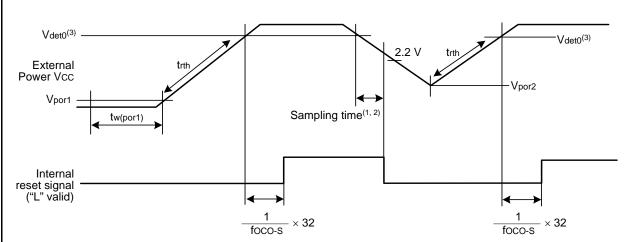
- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
- 2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet2.
- 3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.



Table 5.9	Power-on Reset Circuit.	Voltage Monitor 0 Reset Electrical Characteristics (3)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
	Falanetei	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vpor1	Power-on reset valid voltage ⁽⁴⁾		_	-	0.1	V
Vpor2	Power-on reset or voltage monitor 0 reset valid voltage		0	_	Vdet0	V
trth	External power Vcc rise gradient(2)		20	_	_	mV/msec

- 1. The measurement condition is Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. This condition (external power Vcc rise gradient) does not apply if $Vcc \ge 1.0 \text{ V}$.
- To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 0 reset by setting the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register to 0, the VW0C0 and VW0C6 bits in the VW0C register to 1 respectively, and the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 1.
- 4. tw(por1) indicates the duration the external power Vcc must be held below the effective voltage (Vpor1) to enable a power on reset. When turning on the power for the first time, maintain tw(por1) for 30 s or more if -20°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C, maintain tw(por1) for 3,000 s or more if -40°C ≤ Topr < -20°C.</p>



- 1. When using the voltage monitor 0 digital filter, ensure that the voltage is within the MCU operation voltage range (2.2 V or above) during the sampling time.
- 2. The sampling clock can be selected. Refer to 6. Voltage Detection Circuit of Hardware Manual for details.
- 3. V_{det0} indicates the voltage detection level of the voltage detection 0 circuit. Refer to **6. Voltage Detection Circuit** of Hardware Manual for details.

Figure 5.3 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Table 5.10 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Lloit		
		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
fOCO40M	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature • supply voltage dependence	Vcc = 4.75 to 5.25 V $0^{\circ}C \leq Topr \leq 60^{\circ}C^{(2)}$	39.2	40	40.8	MHz
		Vcc = 3.0 to 5.5 V -20°C \leq Topr \leq 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.8	40	41.2	MHz
		Vcc = 3.0 to 5.5 V -40°C \leq Topr \leq 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.4	40	41.6	MHz
		Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V -20°C \leq Topr \leq 85°C ⁽²⁾	38	40	42	MHz
		Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V -40°C \leq Topr \leq 85°C(2)	37.6	40	42.4	MHz
		Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V -20°C \le Topr \le 85°C ⁽³⁾	35.2	40	44.8	MHz
		Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V -40°C \leq Topr \leq 85°C ⁽³⁾	34	40	46	MHz
		$Vcc = 5.0 V \pm 10\%$ -20°C \le Topr \le 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.8	40	40.8	MHz
		$Vcc = 5.0 V \pm 10\%$ -40°C \le Topr \le 85°C(2)	38.4	40	40.8	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	-	36.864	-	MHz
	correction value in FRA7 register is written to FRA1 register ⁽⁴⁾	Vcc = 3.0 to 5.5 V -20°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	-3%	-	3%	%
_	Value in FRA1 register after reset		08h ⁽³⁾	_	F7h ⁽³⁾	-
-	Oscillation frequency adjustment unit of high- speed on-chip oscillator	Adjust FRA1 register (value after reset) to -1	-	+0.3	_	MHz
_	Oscillation stability time		_	10	100	μS
_	Self power consumption at oscillation	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	_	400	-	μΑ

- 1. Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. These standard values show when the FRA1 register value after reset is assumed.
- 3. These standard values show when the corrected value of the FRA6 register is written to the FRA1 register.
- 4. This enables the setting errors of bit rates such as 9600 bps and 38400 bps to be 0% when the serial interface is used in UART mode.

Table 5.11 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
5,		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		30	125	250	kHz
_	Oscillation stability time		_	10	100	μS
=	Self power consumption at oscillation	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	_	15	-	μА

NOTE:

1. Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V, $T_{opr} = -20$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.12 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
Symbol Parameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
td(P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾		1	=	2000	μS
td(R-S)	STOP exit time ⁽³⁾		-	-	150	μS

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V and Topr = 25°C.
- 2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
- 3. Time until system clock supply starts after the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.



Table 5.13 Timing Requirements of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select(1)

Cumbal	Parameter SSCK clock cycle time		Conditions		Unit		
Symbol				Min.	Тур.	Max.	1
tsucyc				4	-	=	tcyc(2)
tHI	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	-	0.6	tsucyc
tLO	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	-	0.6	tsucyc
trise	SSCK clock rising	Master		=	-	1	tcyc(2)
	time	Slave		-	-	1	μS
tFALL	SSCK clock falling time	Master		=	=	1	tcyc(2)
		Slave		-	-	1	μS
tsu	SSO, SSI data input	O, SSI data input setup time		100	_	=	ns
tH	SSO, SSI data input hold time			1	=	=	tcyc(2)
tLEAD	SCS setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	_	-	ns
tLAG	SCS hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	_	_	ns
top	SSO, SSI data output delay time			=	-	1	tcyc(2)
tsa	SSI slave access time		2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	-	-	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			2.2 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	-	-	1.5tcyc + 200	ns
tor	SSI slave out open til	SSI slave out open time		-	-	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			2.2 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	_	_	1.5tcyc + 200	ns

^{1.} Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

2. 1tcyc = 1/f1(s)

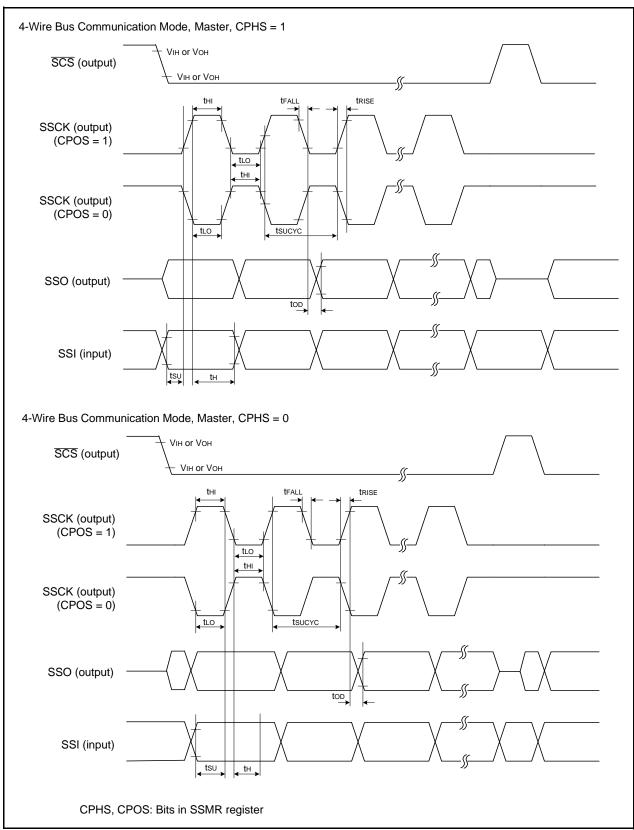


Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)

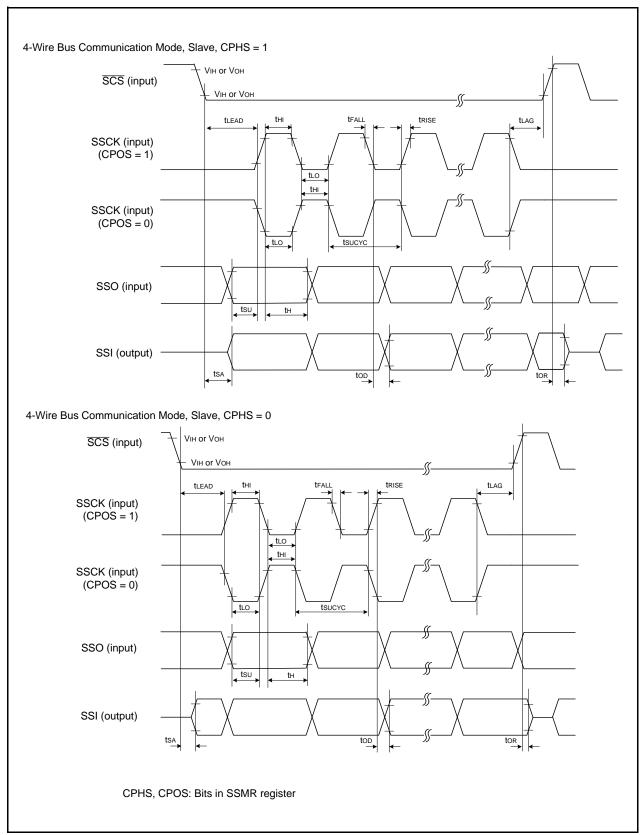


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

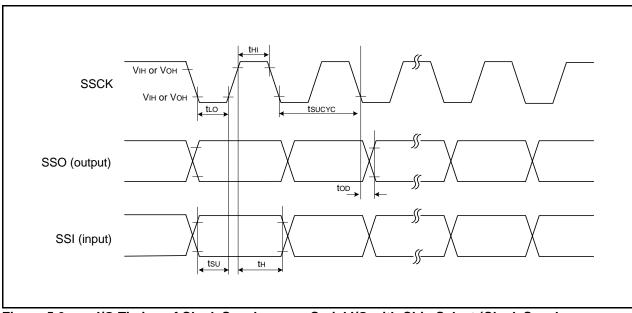


Figure 5.6 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)

Table 5.14 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	St	Standard			
Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
tscl	SCL input cycle time		12tcyc + 600 ⁽²⁾	-	-	ns	
tsclh	SCL input "H" width		3tcyc + 300 ⁽²⁾	=	=	ns	
tscll	SCL input "L" width		5tcyc + 500 ⁽²⁾	-	-	ns	
tsf	SCL, SDA input fall time		=	=	300	ns	
tsp	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		-	-	1tcyc(2)	ns	
tBUF	SDA input bus-free time		5tcyc(2)	-	-	ns	
tstah	Start condition input hold time		3tcyc(2)	=	=	ns	
tstas	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3tcyc(2)	=	=	ns	
tstop	Stop condition input setup time		3tcyc(2)	=	=	ns	
tsdas	Data input setup time		1tcyc + 20 ⁽²⁾	-	-	ns	
tsdah	Data input hold time		0	-	-	ns	

- 1. Vcc = 2.2 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V and $T_{opr} = -20$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. 1 tcyc = 1/f1(s)

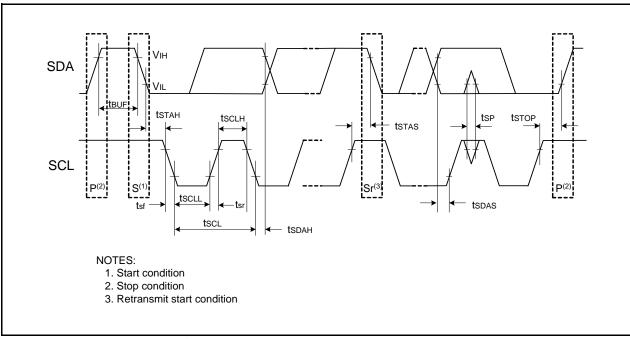


Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface

Table 5.15 Electrical Characteristics (1) [Vcc = 5 V]

Symbol	Po	rameter	Condition	n.	S	tandard		Unit
Symbol	Pa	rameter	Condition	וונ	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vон	Output "H" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7,	Iон = −5 mA		Vcc - 2.0		Vcc	V
		XOUT	Іон = -200 μА		Vcc - 0.5	_	Vcc	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	Iон = -20 mA	Vcc - 2.0	_	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity LOW	Iон = -5 mA	Vcc - 2.0	_	Vcc	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	Iон = -1 mA	Vcc - 2.0	=	Vcc	V
		Drive capacity LOW	Ioн = -500 μA	Vcc - 2.0	=	Vcc	V	
Vol	Output "L" voltage Except P1_0 to P1_7,	IoL = 5 mA		=	=	2.0	V	
	XOUT	IoL = 200 μA		-		0.45	V	
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	IoL = 20 mA	-		2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IoL = 5 mA	-		2.0	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	IoL = 1 mA	-		2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IOL = 500 μA	-		2.0	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	INTO, INT1, INT3, KIO, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXDO, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.5	-	V
		RESET			0.1	1.0	-	V
Іін	Input "H" current		VI = 5 V, Vcc = 5 V		_	-	5.0	μА
lıL	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5 V		_	-	-5.0	μA
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5 V		30	50	167	kΩ
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			-	1.0	-	ΜΩ
RfXCIN	Feedback resistance	XCIN			-	18	-	МΩ
VRAM	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8		-	V

^{1.} Vcc = 4.2 to 5.5 V at $T_{opr} = -20$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.16 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V] (Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard	b	Unit
Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open,	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	10	17	mA
other pins are Vss		XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	=	9	15	mA	
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	ı	6	_	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	_	5	_	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	4	-	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2.5	-	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	10	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	4	_	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	I	5.5	10	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	I	2.5	_	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	I	130	300	μА
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1	1	130	300	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	=	30	_	μА

Table 5.17 Electrical Characteristics (3) [Vcc = 5 V] (Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standar	b	Unit
Symbol	Farameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullit
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	25	75	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	_	23	60	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	_	4.0	-	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	2.2	-	μА
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	0.8	3.0	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	_	1.2	_	μА

Timing Requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 5 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C) [Vcc = 5 V]

Table 5.18 XIN Input, XCIN Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
			Max.	Unit	
tc(XIN)	XIN input cycle time	50	=	ns	
twh(xin)	XIN input "H" width	25		ns	
twl(XIN)	XIN input "L" width	25		ns	
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14		μS	
twh(xcin)	XCIN input "H" width	7		μS	
twl(xcin)	XCIN input "L" width	7	=	μS	

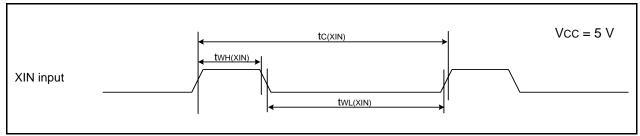


Figure 5.8 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.19 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
			Max.	Unit	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	100	=	ns	
twh(traio)	TRAIO input "H" width	40	=	ns	
twl(traio)	TRAIO input "L" width	40	=	ns	

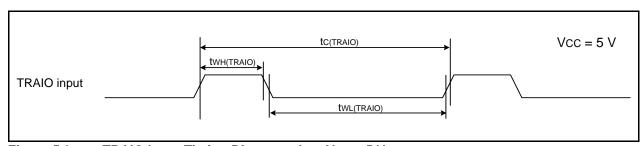


Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.20 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
Symbol	i didilietei		Max.	Offic
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	200	=	ns
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width	100	-	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi input "L" width	100	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	-	50	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time	0	-	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	50	=	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90	-	ns

i = 0 or 1

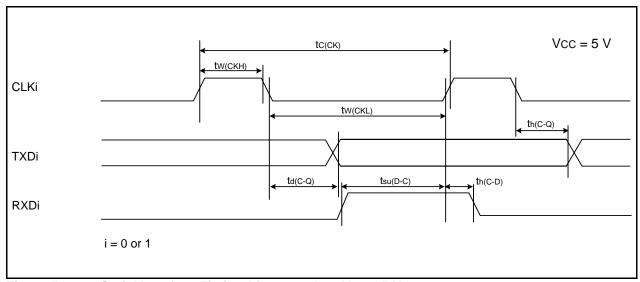


Figure 5.10 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.21 External Interrupt INTi (i = 0, 1, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol	,	Min.	Max.	Unit	
tw(INH)	INTi input "H" width	250(1)	-	ns	
tw(INL)	INTi input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	-	ns	

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

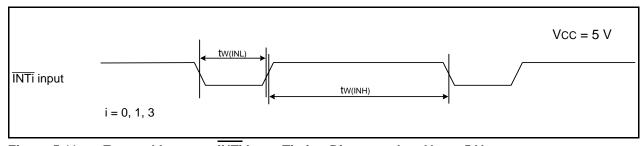


Figure 5.11 External Interrupt INTi Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.22 Electrical Characteristics (3) [Vcc = 3 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Cond	dition	Standard			Unit
Symbol	Pala	imeter	Conc	IIIOII	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vон	Output "H" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	Iон = -1 mA		Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	Iон = -5 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity LOW	Iон = -1 mA	Vcc - 0.5	=	Vcc	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	Iон = -0.1 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IOH = -50 μA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
VoL Output "L" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	IOL = 1 mA		-	-	0.5	V	
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	IoL = 5 mA	-	-	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IOL = 1 mA	-	_	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	IOL = 0.1 mA	-	=	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IoL = 50 μA	-	-	0.5	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	NT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	=	V
		RESET			0.1	0.4	-	V
Іін	Input "H" current	1	VI = 3 V, Vcc = 3	V	-	_	4.0	μΑ
lıL	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 3	V	_	_	-4.0	μА
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, $Vcc = 3$	V	66	160	500	kΩ
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			=	3.0	=	МΩ
RfXCIN	Feedback resistance	XCIN			_	18	_	МΩ
VRAM	RAM hold voltage		During stop mod	e	1.8	-	-	V

^{1.} Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V at Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V] (Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Standard			Unit
- Syrribor	i didilielei		- Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Jill
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open,	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division		6	_	mA
	other pins are Vss		XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	=	2	=	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	=	5	9	mA
	mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2	-	mA	
		on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1 Low-speed on-chip oscillator off	Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz	-	130	300	μА
				П	130	300	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	1	30		μА
	Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	_	25	70	μА	
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	23	55	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	_	3.8	_	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	1	2.0		μА
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	0.7	3.0	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	_	1.1	_	μА

Timing requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 3 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C) [Vcc = 3 V]

Table 5.24 XIN Input, XCIN Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
			Max.	Unit	
tc(XIN)	XIN input cycle time	100	=	ns	
twh(xin)	XIN input "H" width	40	=	ns	
twl(XIN)	XIN input "L" width	40	=	ns	
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	=	μS	
twh(xcin)	XCIN input "H" width	7		μS	
twl(xcin)	XCIN input "L" width	7	=	μS	

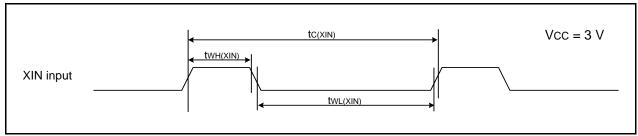


Figure 5.12 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.25 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
			Max.	Unit	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	300	-	ns	
twh(traio)	TRAIO input "H" width	120	-	ns	
twl(traio)	TRAIO input "L" width	120	-	ns	

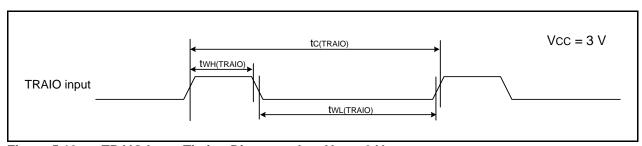


Figure 5.13 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.26 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
Symbol	Faranietei	Min.	Max.	Offic
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	300	=	ns
tw(ckh)	CLKi input "H" width	150	=	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi Input "L" width	150	=	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	-	80	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time	0	=	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	70	=	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90	-	ns

i = 0 or 1

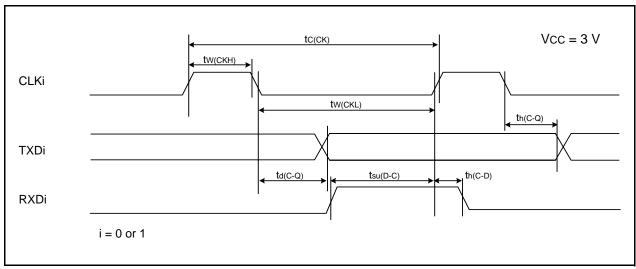


Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.27 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 1, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard	
Symbol	Falametei	Min.	Max.	Unit
tW(INH)	INTi input "H" width	380(1)	-	ns
tW(INL)	INTi input "L" width	380(2)	_	ns

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

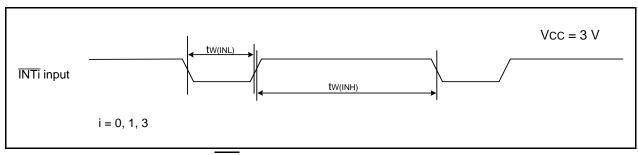


Figure 5.15 External Interrupt INTi Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.28 Electrical Characteristics (5) [Vcc = 2.2 V]

Symbol	Doro	Parameter Condition			Standard			Unit
Symbol	Pala	imeter	Cond	aillon	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit
Vон	Output "H" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	Iон = -1 mA		Vcc - 0.5	=	Vcc	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	Iон = -2 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity LOW	Iон = -1 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	Iон = -0.1 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity LOW	Ιοн = -50 μΑ	Vcc - 0.5	=	Vcc	V
Vol	Output "L" voltage	Except P1_0 to P1_7, XOUT	IOL = 1 mA		-	=	0.5	V
		P1_0 to P1_7	Drive capacity HIGH	IoL = 2 mA	_	_	0.5	V
ļ			Drive capacity LOW	IoL = 1 mA	-	-	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	IOL = 0.1 mA	-	=	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IOL = 50 μA	-	-	0.5	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	NT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.05	0.3	-	V
		RESET			0.05	0.15	-	V
lін	Input "H" current	I	VI = 2.2 V		=	_	4.0	μА
lıL	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V		-	_	-4.0	μА
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V		100	200	600	kΩ
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			-	5	-	МΩ
RfXCIN	Feedback resistance	XCIN		-	-	35	-	ΜΩ
VRAM	RAM hold voltage		During stop mod	е	1.8	-	-	V

^{1.} Vcc = 2.2 V at Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 5 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.29 Electrical Characteristics (6) [Vcc = 2.2 V] (Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol Parame	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
Gyllibol	i arameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 2.2 to 2.7 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open,	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	3.5	_	mA
	other pins are Vss		XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	1.5	=	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	3.5	=	mA
		mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	_,	1.5	_	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	-	100	230	μА
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1	_	100	230	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	-	25	-	μА
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	_	22	60	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	20	55	μА
		XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	3.0	-	μА	
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	1.8	-	μА
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	_	0.7	3.0	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	_	1.1	_	μА

Timing requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 2.2 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C) [Vcc = 2.2 V]

Table 5.30 XIN Input, XCIN Input

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
Symbol	Faranetei	Min.	Max.	Offic
tc(XIN)	XIN input cycle time	200	-	ns
twh(xin)	XIN input "H" width	90	-	ns
twl(XIN)	XIN input "L" width	90	-	ns
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	-	μS
twh(xcin)	XCIN input "H" width	7	=	μS
tWL(XCIN)	XCIN input "L" width	7	-	μS

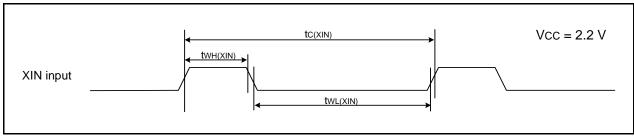


Figure 5.16 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V

Table 5.31 TRAIO Input

Symbol	pol Parameter —		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	500	-	ns	
twh(traio)	TRAIO input "H" width	200	-	ns	
twl(traio)	TRAIO input "L" width	200	=	ns	

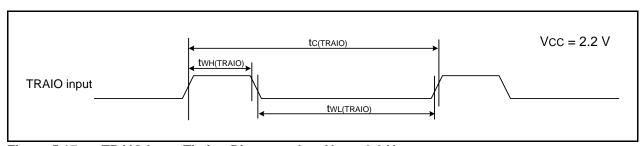


Figure 5.17 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V

Table 5.32 Serial Interface	Table	5.32	Serial	Interface
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Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
Symbol	Farameter	Min.	Max.	Offic
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	800	-	ns
tw(ckh)	CLKi input "H" width	400	-	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi input "L" width	400	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	-	200	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time	0	-	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	150	=	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90	-	ns

i = 0 or 1

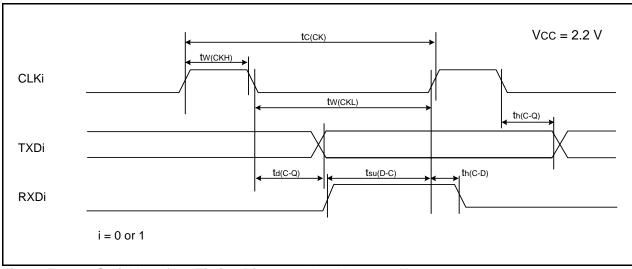


Figure 5.18 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V

Table 5.33 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 1, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tw(INH)	INTi input "H" width	1000(1)	-	ns	
tw(INL)	INTi input "L" width	1000 ⁽²⁾	=	ns	

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

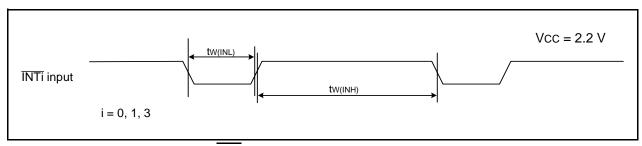


Figure 5.19 External Interrupt INTi Input Timing Diagram when VCC = 2.2 V

5.2 J, K Version

Table 5.34 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
Vı	Input voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Vo	Output voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Pd	Power dissipation	-40 °C ≤ Topr ≤ 85 °C	300	mW
		$85 ^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Topr} \leq 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	125	mW
Topr	Operating ambient temperature		-40 to 85 (J version) / -40 to 125 (K version)	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

Table 5.35 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Par	ameter	Conditions		Standard		Unit
Syllibol	Faic	ameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage			2.7	=	5.5	V
Vss/AVss	Supply voltage			-	0	-	V
VIH	Input "H" voltage			0.8 Vcc	_	Vcc	V
VIL	Input "L" voltage			0	_	0.2 Vcc	V
IOH(sum)	Peak sum output "H" current	Sum of all pins IOH(peak)		_	-	-60	mA
IOH(peak)	Peak output "H" current			=	=	-10	mA
IOH(avg)	Average output "H" current			_	=	-5	mA
IOL(sum)	Peak sum output "L" currents	Sum of all pins IOL(peak)		-	=	60	mA
IOL(peak)	Peak output "L" currents			-	i	10	mA
IOL(avg)	Average output "L" current			-	-	5	mA
f(XIN)	XIN clock input os	cillation frequency	3.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V (other than K version)	0	i	20	MHz
			3.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V (K version)	0	-	16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 3.0 V	0	-	10	MHz
=	System clock	OCD2 = 0 XIN clock selected	3.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V (other than K version)	0	=	20	MHz
			3.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V (K version)	0	_	16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 3.0 V	0	1	10	MHz
		OCD2 = 1 On-chip oscillator clock selected	FRA01 = 0 Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected	=	125	-	kHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected (other than K version)	-	-	20	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected	=	=	10	MHz

- 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V at $T_{opr} = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.

Table 5.36	A/D Converter	Characteristics
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Symbol		Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
Symbol	'	raiametei	arameter Conditions		Тур.	Max.	Offic
_	Resolution		Vref = AVCC	-	-	10	Bits
_	Absolute	10-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	-	-	±3	LSB
	accuracy	8-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	-	-	±2	LSB
		10-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 3.3 V	-	-	±5	LSB
		8-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 3.3 V	_	-	±2	LSB
Rladder	Resistor ladder		Vref = AVCC	10	-	40	kΩ
tconv	Conversion time	10-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	3.3	-	=	μS
		8-bit mode	φAD = 10 MHz, Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	2.8	-	=	μS
Vref	Reference voltag	e		2.7	-	AVcc	V
VIA	Analog input volta	age ⁽²⁾		0	-	AVcc	V
_	A/D operating	Without sample and hold		0.25	-	10	MHz
	clock frequency	With sample and hold		1	=	10	MHz

- 1. AVcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V at $T_{opr} = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

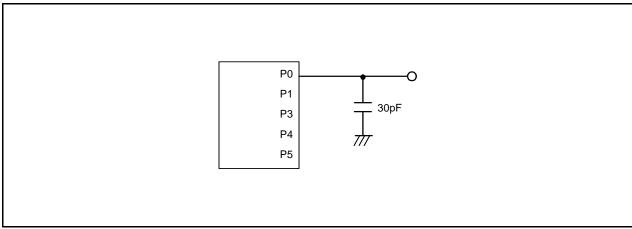


Figure 5.20 Ports P0, P1, and P3 to P5 Timing Measurement Circuit

Table 5.37 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Cumbal	Doromotor	Conditions		Stand	ard	Unit
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
=	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾	R8C/26 Group	100 ⁽³⁾	=	=	times
		R8C/27 Group	1,000(3)	-	-	times
-	Byte program time		ı	50	400	μS
=	Block erase time		=	0.4	9	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		_	_	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycles	μS
_	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	_	_	μS
=	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	=	_	ns
=	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		=	-	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycles	μS
-	Program, erase voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
-	Read voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
_	Program, erase temperature		0	-	60	°C
_	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	_	-	year

- NOTES:

 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V at Topr = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.
 - 2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance

The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.

If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.

However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).

- 3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
- 4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
- 5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
- 6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
- 7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.38 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A, Block B) Electrical Characteristics⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Stand	dard	Unit
Symbol	Farameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
_	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾		10,000(3)	-	-	times
_	Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		-	50	400	μS
-	Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		-	65	_	μS
_	Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		_	0.2	9	S
_	Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		-	0.3	_	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		=	-	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycles	μS
-	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	=	_	μS
_	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	-	_	ns
-	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		-	-	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycles	μS
-	Program, erase voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
=	Read voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
-	Program, erase temperature		-40	-	85(8)	°C
_	Data hold time ⁽⁹⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20			year

- NOTES: 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V at $T_{opr} = -40$ to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
 - 2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
 - The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
 - If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
 - However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
 - 3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
 - 4. Standard of block A and block B when program and erase endurance exceeds 1,000 times. Byte program time to 1,000 times is the same as that in program ROM.
 - 5. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. In addition, averaging the erasure endurance between blocks A and B can further reduce the actual erasure endurance. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
 - 6. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
 - 7. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
 - 8. 125°C for K version.
 - 9. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

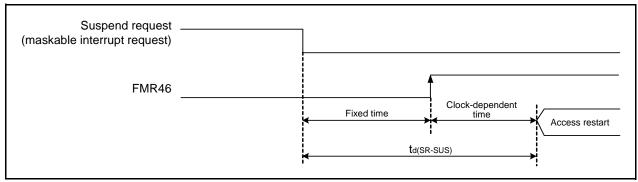


Figure 5.21 Time delay until Suspend

Table 5.39 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition			Unit	
Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vdet1	Voltage detection level ^(2, 4)		2.70	2.85	3.0	V
td(Vdet1-A)	Voltage monitor 1 reset generation time ⁽⁵⁾		_	40	200	μS
_	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	-	0.6	_	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		=	=	100	μS
Vccmin	MCU operating voltage minimum value		2.70	-	-	V

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version).
- 2. Hold Vdet2 > Vdet1.
- 3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
- This parameter shows the voltage detection level when the power supply drops.
 The voltage detection level when the power supply rises is higher than the voltage detection level when the power supply drops by approximately 0.1 V.
- 5. Time until the voltage monitor 1 reset is generated after the voltage passes V_{det1} when V_{CC} falls. When using the digital filter, its sampling time is added to t_d(V_{det1-A}). When using the voltage monitor 1 reset, maintain this time until V_{CC} = 2.0 V after the voltage passes V_{det1} when the power supply falls.

Table 5.40 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Symbol	Faranteter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vdet2	Voltage detection level ⁽²⁾		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
td(Vdet2-A)	Voltage monitor 2 reset/interrupt request generation time ^(3, 5)		=	40	200	μS
=	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	=	0.6	=	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽⁴⁾		=	=	100	μS

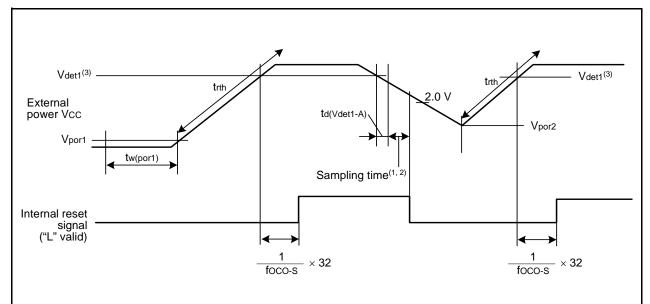
- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version).
- 2. Hold Vdet2 > Vdet1
- 3. Time until the voltage monitor 2 reset/interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet2.
- 4. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
- 5. When using the digital filter, its sampling time is added to td(Vdet2-A). When using the voltage monitor 2 reset, maintain this time until Vcc = 2.0 V after the voltage passes Vdet2 when the power supply falls.



Table 5.41 Power-on Reset Circuit, Voltage Monitor 1 Reset Electrical Characteristics	Table 5.41	Power-on Reset Circuit,	Voltage Monitor 1	Reset Electrical Characteristics
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Symbol	Parameter	Condition			Unit		
Symbol	Faranietei	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	
Vpor1	Power-on reset valid voltage ⁽⁴⁾		_	_	0.1	V	
Vpor2	Power-on reset or voltage monitor 1 reset valid voltage		0	_	Vdet1	V	
trth	External power Vcc rise gradient	Vcc ≤ 3.6 V	20(2)	-	-	mV/msec	
		Vcc > 3.6 V	20(2)	-	2,000	mV/msec	

- 1. The measurement condition is Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. This condition (the minimum value of external power Vcc rise gradient) does not apply if $V_{por2} \ge 1.0 \text{ V}$.
- 3. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 1 reset by setting the LVD1ON bit in the OFS register to 0, the VW1C0 and VW1C6 bits in the VW1C register to 1 respectively, and the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 1.
- 4. tw(por1) indicates the duration the external power Vcc must be held below the effective voltage (Vpor1) to enable a power on reset. When turning on the power for the first time, maintain tw(por1) for 30 s or more if $-20^{\circ}C \le T_{opr} \le 125^{\circ}C$, maintain tw(por1) for 3,000 s or more if $-40^{\circ}C \le T_{opr} < -20^{\circ}C$.



- 1. When using the voltage monitor 1 digital filter, ensure VCC is $2.0\ V$ or higher during the sampling time.
- 2. The sampling clock can be selected. Refer to 6. Voltage Detection Circuit of Hardware Manual for details.
- 3. V_{det1} indicates the voltage detection level of the voltage detection 1 circuit. Refer to **6. Voltage Detection Circuit** of Hardware Manual for details.

Figure 5.22 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Table 5.42 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard		Unit
Syllibol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
fOCO40M	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature · supply voltage dependence	Vcc = 4.75 to 5.25 V 0° C \leq Topr \leq 60°C(2)	39.2	40	40.8	MHz
		Vcc = 3.0 to 5.5 V -20°C \leq Topr \leq 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.8	40	41.2	MHz
		Vcc = 3.0 to 5.5 V -40°C \leq Topr \leq 85°C ⁽²⁾	38.4	40	41.6	MHz
		Vcc = 3.0 to 5.5 V -40°C \leq Topr \leq 125°C ⁽²⁾	38	40	42	MHz
		Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V -40°C \leq Topr \leq 125°C ⁽²⁾	37.6	40	42.4	MHz
_	Value in FRA1 register after reset		08h	_	F7h	_
=	Oscillation frequency adjustment unit of high- speed on-chip oscillator	Adjust FRA1 register (value after reset) to -1	=	+0.3	=	MHz
_	Oscillation stability time		-	10	100	μS
_	Self power consumption at oscillation	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	-	400	-	μА

- 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V, $T_{opr} = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. These standard values show when the FRA1 register value after reset is assumed.

Table 5.43 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Symbol	r al allietei	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		40	125	250	kHz
-	Oscillation stability time		_	10	100	μS
_	Self power consumption at oscillation	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	_	15	_	μА

NOTE:

Table 5.44 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
Symbol	Falametei	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
td(P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾		1	=	2000	μS
td(R-S)	STOP exit time ⁽³⁾		-	-	150	μS

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = 25°C.
- 2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
- 3. Time until system clock supply starts after the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.

^{1.} Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V, $T_{opr} = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.45 Timing Requirements of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select(1)

Cumbal	Parameter		Conditions		Stand	lard	Unit
Symbol	Faramete	:1	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
tsucyc	SSCK clock cycle time	е		4	=	=	tcyc(2)
tHI	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	_	0.6	tsucyc
tLO	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	_	0.6	tsucyc
trise	SSCK clock rising	Master		=	=	1	tcyc(2)
	time	Slave		-	_	1	μS
tfall	SSCK clock falling	Master		=	=	1	tcyc(2)
	time	Slave		-	_	1	μS
tsu	SSO, SSI data input s	setup time		100	_	=	ns
tH	SSO, SSI data input h	nold time		1	=	=	tcyc(2)
tLEAD	SCS setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	-	-	ns
tLAG	SCS hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	=	=	ns
top	SSO, SSI data output	delay time		_	_	1	tcyc(2)
tsa	SSI slave access time)		-	-	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
tor	SSI slave out open tir	ne		-	_	1.5tcyc + 100	ns

- 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V at $T_{opr} = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version), unless otherwise specified. 2. 1tcyc = 1/f1(s)

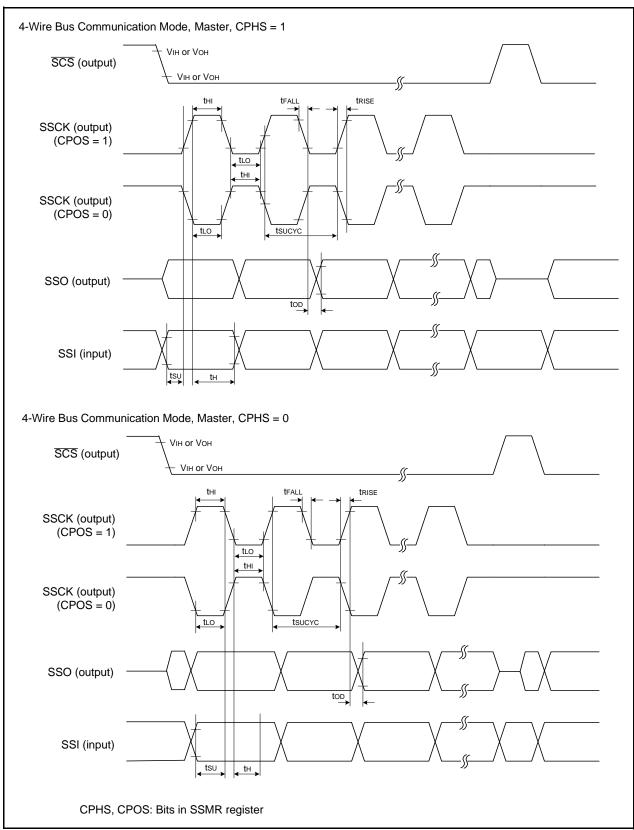


Figure 5.23 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)

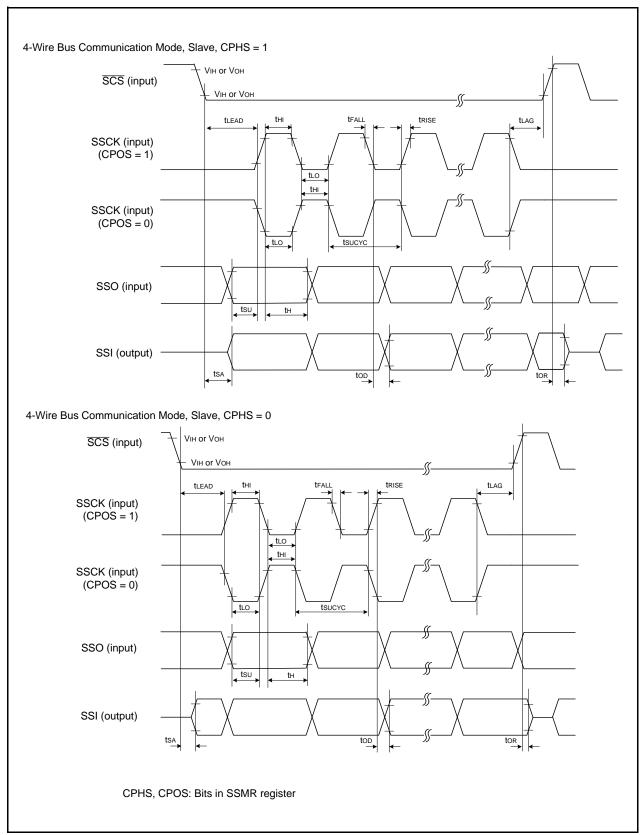


Figure 5.24 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

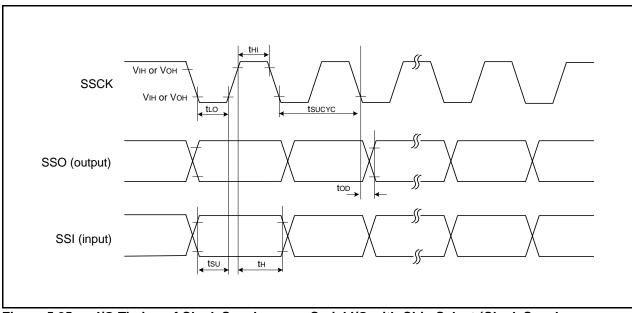


Figure 5.25 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)

Table 5.46 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	St	andard		Unit
Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
tscl	SCL input cycle time		12tcyc + 600 ⁽²⁾	-	-	ns
tsclh	SCL input "H" width		3tcyc + 300 ⁽²⁾	=	=	ns
tscll	SCL input "L" width		5tcyc + 500 ⁽²⁾	-	-	ns
tsf	SCL, SDA input fall time		=	=	300	ns
tsp	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		-	-	1tcyc(2)	ns
tBUF	SDA input bus-free time		5tcyc(2)	-	-	ns
tstah	Start condition input hold time		3tcyc(2)	=	=	ns
tstas	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3tcyc(2)	=	=	ns
tstop	Stop condition input setup time		3tcyc(2)	=	=	ns
tsdas	Data input setup time		1tcyc + 20 ⁽²⁾	-	-	ns
tsdah	Data input hold time		0	-	-	ns

- 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V at $T_{opr} = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. 1 tcyc = 1/f1(s)

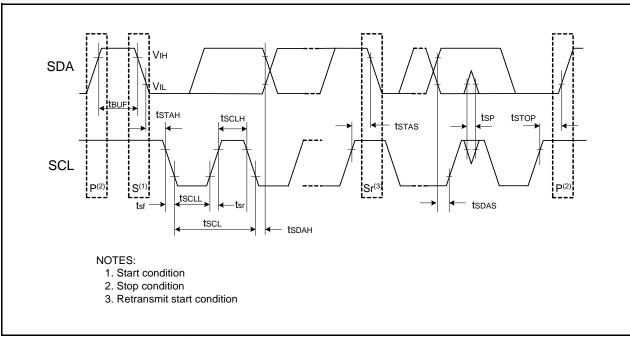


Figure 5.26 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface

Electrical Characteristics (1) [Vcc = 5 V] **Table 5.47**

Symbol	Por	rameter	Conditio	n	S	tandard		Unit
Symbol	Fai	ametei	Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vон	Output "H" voltage	Except XOUT	IOH = -5 mA		Vcc - 2.0	-	Vcc	V
			Ioн = -200 μA		Vcc - 0.3	-	Vcc	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	Iон = -1 mA	Vcc - 2.0	=	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IOH = -500 μA	Vcc - 2.0	=	Vcc	V
Vol	Output "L" voltage	Except XOUT	IoL = 5 mA		=	-	2.0	V
			IoL = 200 μA		=	-	0.45	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	IoL = 1 mA	=	-	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	IoL = 500 μA	=	-	2.0	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	INTO, INT1, INT3, KIO, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.5	-	>
		RESET			0.1	1.0	_	V
Іін	Input "H" current		VI = 5 V, Vcc = 5V		ı	-	5.0	μА
lıL	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5V		_	_	-5.0	μА
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5V		30	50	167	kΩ
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			=	1.0	_	ΜΩ
VRAM	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		2.0	-	-	V

^{1.} Vcc = 4.2 to 5.5 V at Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.48 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V] (Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Condition		Standard			Unit
Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unii
lcc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode,	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	10	17	mA
	output pins are open, other pins are Vss		XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	9	15	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	6	_	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	5	-	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	4	-	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2.5	-	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz (J version) Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	=	10	15	mA
	mode	mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 20 MHz (J version) Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	4	-	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	5.5	10	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	_	2.5	_	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	-	130	300	μА
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	_	25	75	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	23	60	μА
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	0.8	3.0	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	1.2	_	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 125°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off	-	4.0	_	μА

Timing Requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 5 V, Vss = 0 V at $Topr = 25^{\circ}C$) [Vcc = 5 V]

Table 5.49 XIN Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tc(XIN)	XIN input cycle time	50	=	ns	
twh(xin)	XIN input "H" width		=	ns	
twl(xin)	XIN input "L" width	25	=	ns	

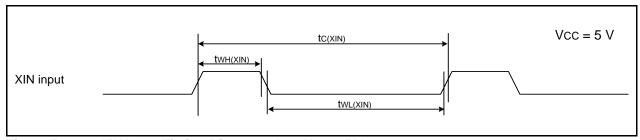


Figure 5.27 XIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.50 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	100	=	ns	
tWH(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "H" width		-	ns	
tWL(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "L" width	40	=	ns	

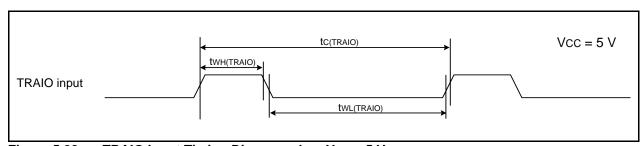


Figure 5.28 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.51 Serial Interface	Table	5.51	Serial Inte	rface
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Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	200	-	ns	
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width	100	-	ns	
tW(CKL)	CLKi input "L" width		-	ns	
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time		50	ns	
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time		-	ns	
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time		=	ns	
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90	-	ns	

i = 0 or 1

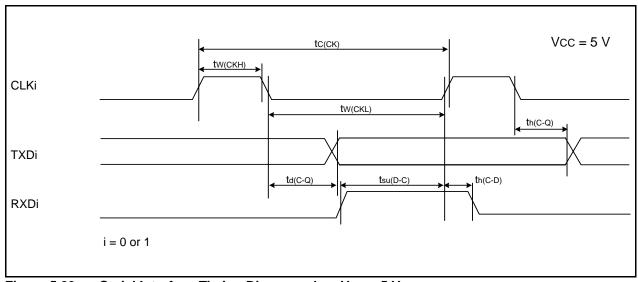


Figure 5.29 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.52 External Interrupt INTi (i = 0, 1, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tw(INH)	INTi input "H" width	250 ⁽¹⁾	-	ns	
tw(INL)	INTi input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	Ī	ns	

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

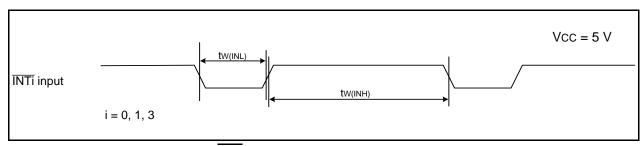


Figure 5.30 External Interrupt INTi Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.53 Electrical Characteristics (3) [Vcc = 3 V]

Symbol	Pare	ameter	Condi	ition	S	tandard		Unit	
Symbol	raid	ameter	Condi	Condition		Min. Typ. M		Max.	
Vон	Output "H" voltage	Except XOUT	Iон = -1 mA		Vcc - 0.5	=	Vcc	V	
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	Iон = -0.1 mA	Vcc - 0.5	_	Vcc	V	
			Drive capacity LOW	Іон = -50 μΑ	Vcc - 0.5	_	Vcc	V	
Vol	Output "L" voltage	Except XOUT	IoL = 1 mA		-	1	0.5	V	
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	IoL = 0.1 mA	=	=	0.5	V	
			Drive capacity LOW	IOL = 50 μA	=	_	0.5	V	
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	INTO, INT1, INT3, KIO, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, RXDO, RXD1, CLKO,CLK1, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	=	V	
		RESET			0.1	0.4	_	V	
lін	Input "H" current	1	VI = 3 V, Vcc = 3	V	_	-	4.0	μΑ	
lıL	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 3	V	_	-	-4.0	μΑ	
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 3	V	66	160	500	kΩ	
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			-	3.0	_	MΩ	
VRAM	RAM hold voltage	•	During stop mode	Э	2.0	1	_	V	

^{1.} Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V at Topr = -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (J version) / -40 to $125^{\circ}C$ (K version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.54 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V] (Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Condition		Standard			Unit
Symbol	Parameter	r arameter Continuon		Min. Typ. Max		Max.	Offic
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open,	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	6	-	mA
	other pins are Vss		XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2	_	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	5	9	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	_	2	-	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	=	130	300	μА
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	25	70	μΑ
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	23	55	μА
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	0.7	3.0	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0		1.1	_	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 125°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	_	3.8	_	μА

Timing requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 3 V, Vss = 0 V at $Topr = 25^{\circ}C$) [Vcc = 3 V]

Table 5.55 XIN Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tc(XIN)	XIN input cycle time	100	=	ns	
twh(xin)	XIN input "H" width		=	ns	
twl(xin)	XIN input "L" width	40	=	ns	

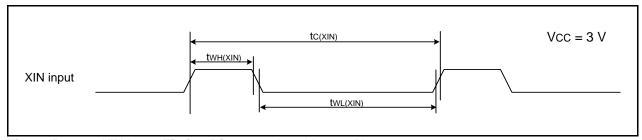


Figure 5.31 XIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.56 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	300	=	ns	
tWH(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "H" width		=	ns	
twl(traio)	TRAIO input "L" width	120	=	ns	

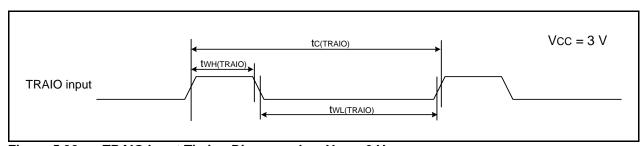


Figure 5.32 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5	.57	Serial	Interface
Iable J		Jenai	IIILEIIALE

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
	Falanietei		Max.	
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	300	-	ns
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width	150	-	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi Input "L" width	150	=	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	-	80	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time	0	=	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	70	=	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90	-	ns

i = 0 or 1

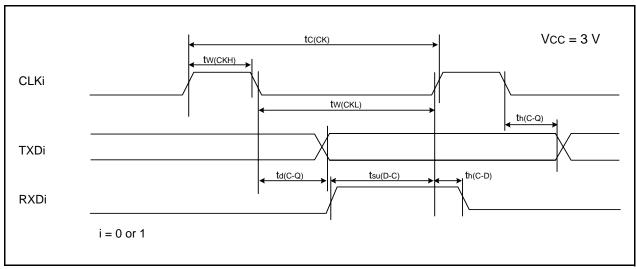


Figure 5.33 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.58 External Interrupt INTi (i = 0, 1, 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
Symbol	Falamete		Max.	
tW(INH)	INTi input "H" width	380(1)	-	ns
tW(INL)	INTi input "L" width	380(2)	-	ns

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

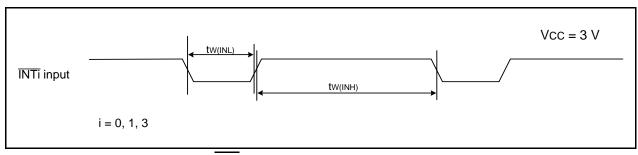
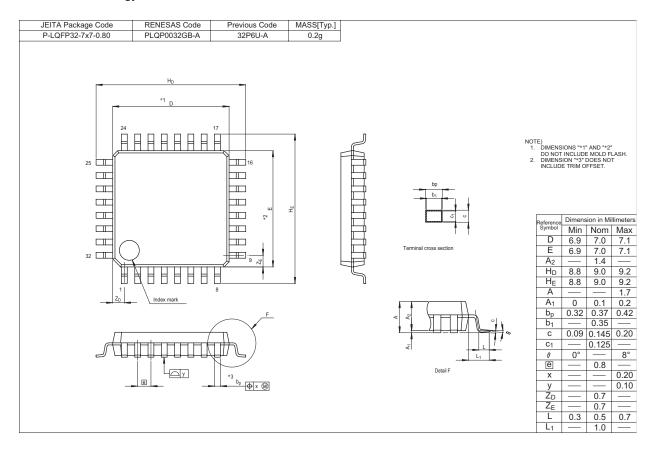


Figure 5.34 External Interrupt INTi Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the "Packages" section of the Renesas Technology website.



REVISION HISTORY

R8C/26 Group, R8C/27 Group Datasheet

	5.		Description	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
0.10	Nov 14, 2005	_	First edition issued	
0.20	Feb 06, 2006	2, 3	Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/26Group and Table 1.2 Functions and Specifications for R8C/27 Group; Minimum instruction execution time and Supply voltage revised	
		9	Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number; "XOUT" \rightarrow "XOUT/XCOUT" and "XIN" \rightarrow "XIN/XCIN" revised	
		18	Table 4.4 SFR Information (4); 00FEh: "DRR" → "P1DRR" revised	
		19	Table 4.5 SFR Information (5); -0119h: "Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Register" → "Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register" -011Ah: "Timer RE Time Data Register" → "Timer RE Hour Data Register" -011Bh: "Timer RE Day Data Register" → "Timer RE Day of Week Data Register" revised	
		22 to 45	5. Electrical Characteristics added	
1.00	Nov 08, 2006	All pages	"Preliminary" deleted	
		2	Table 1.1 revised	
		3	Table 1.2 revised	
		4	Figure 1.1 revised	
		5	Table 1.3 revised	
		6	Table 1.4 revised	
		7	Figure 1.4 revised	
		9	Table 1.6 revised	
		15	Table 4.1;	
			 • 001Ch: "00h" → "00h, 10000000b" revised • 000Fh: "000XXXXXb" → "00X11111b" revised • 0029h: "High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4, FRA4, When shipping" added • 002Bh: "High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6, FRA6, When shipping" added • 0032h: "00h, 01000000b" → "00h, 00100000b" revised • 0038h: "00001000b, 01001001b" → "0000X000b, 0100X001b" revised • NOTE3 and 4 revised; NOTE6 added 	
		18	Table 4.4; • 00E0h, 00E1h, 00E5h, 00E8h, 00E9h: "XXh" → "00h" revised • 00FDh: "XX00000000b" → "00h" revised	
		22	Table 5.2 revised	
		23	Figure 5.1 title revised	
		24	Table 5.4 revised	
		25	Table 5.5 revised	
		26	Figure 5.2 title revised and Table 5.7 NOTE4 added	

	Data		Description	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
1.00	Nov 08, 2006	27	Table 5.9, Figure 5.3 revised and Table 5.10 deleted	
		28	Table 5.10, Table 5.11 revised	
		34	Table 5.15 revised	
		35	Table 5.16 revised	
		36	Table 5.17 revised	
		39	Table 5.22 revised	
		40	Table 5.23 revised	
		44	Table 5.29 revised	
		47	Package Dimensions; "Diagrams showing the latestwebsite." added	
1.10	Nov 29, 2006	All pages	"J, K version" added	
		1	1 "J and K versions are under developmentnotice." added	
			1.1 revised	
		2	Table 1.1 revised	
		3	Table 1.2 revised	
		4	Figure 1.1 NOTE3 added	
		5	Table 1.3, Figure 1.2 revised	
		6	Table 1.4, Figure 1.3 revised	
		7	Figure 1.4 NOTE3 added	
		8	Table 1.5 revised	
		9	Table 1.6 NOTE2 added	
		13	Figure 3.1 revised	
		14	Figure 3.2 revised	
		15	Table 4.1; "0000h to 003Fh" → "0000h to 002Fh" revised • NOTE3 added	
		16	Table 4.2; "0040h to 007Fh" → "0030h to 007Fh" revised • 0032h, 0036h: "After reset" is revised • 0038h: NOTE revised	
		19	NOTES 2, 5, 6 revised and NOTE 7, 8 added Table 4.5 NOTE2 added	
		28	Table 4.5 NOTE2 added	
		48 to 66		
1.20	Jan 17, 2007	18	Table 4.4 NOTE2 added	
1.30	May 25, 2007	2	Table 1.1 revised	
		3	Table 1.2 revised	
		5	Table 1.3 revised	
		6	Figure 1.2 revised	
		7	Table 1.4 revised	
		8	Figure 1.3 revised	
		9	Figure 1.4 NOTE4 added	
		15	Figure 3.1 part number revised	

REVISION HISTORY

R8C/26 Group, R8C/27 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date		Description	
Nev. Date		Page	Summary	
1.30	May 25, 2007	16	Figure 3.2 part number revised	
		30	Table 5.10 revised	
		53	Table 5.39 NOTE4 added	
		55	Table 5.42 revised	
1.40a	Jun 14, 2007	5, 7	Table 1.3 and Table 1.4 revised	
2.00	Mar 01, 2008	1, 49	1.1, 5.2 "J and K versions are" deleted	
		5, 7	Table 1.3, Table 1.4 revised	
		11	Table 1.6 NOTE3 added	
		15, 16	Figure 3.1, Figure 3.2; "Expanded area" deleted	
		17	Table 4.1 "002Ch" added	
		18	Table 4.2 "0036h"; J, K version "0100X000b" → "0100X001b"	
		24, 49	Table 5.2, Table 5.35; NOTE2 revised	
		30	Table 5.10 revised, NOTE4 added	
2.10	Sep 26, 2008	_	"RENESAS TECHNICAL UP DATE" reflected: TN-16C-A172A/E	
		26, 51	Table 5.4, Table 5.37 NOTE2, NOTE4 revised	
		27, 52	Table 5.5, Table 5.38 NOTE2, NOTE5 revised	
		53	Table 5.39 Parameter: Voltage monitor 1 reset generation time added NOTE5 added	
			Table 5.40 revised	
		54	Table 5.41 revised Figure 5.22 revised	

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