

CR Timer IC

50V 1ch Timer IC for Automotive

BD9555FVM-C

General Description

ROHM's BD9555FVM-C is 50V-withstanding 1ch CR timer IC. Cycle and duty width can be set through external resistance and capacity. It is most suitable as timer and OSC for Automotive, so input voltage range and operating temperature range are wide.

Features

- AEC-Q100 Qualified^(Note1)
 - Frequency and Duty Width Setting Through External Resistance and Capacity
 - Wide Input Voltage Range
 - Wide Operating Temperature Range
 - Very Small MSOP8 Package
- (Note1:Grade1)

Key Specifications

- Input Voltage Range: 4.5V to 42V
- Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C

Special Characteristics

- PWM Frequency Range: 1Hz to 10000Hz
- Duty Range: 1% to 99%

Package

MSOP8:

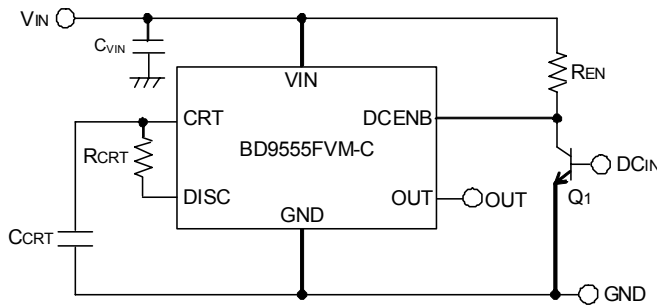
W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max)
2.90mm x 4.00mm x 0.90mm



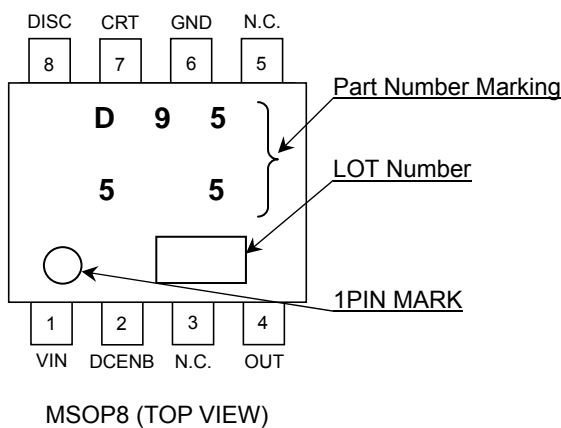
Applications

All set for Automotive using timer or OSC such as Automotive LED module, etc.

Typical Application Circuit



Pin Configurations, Descriptions and Marking Diagram



Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VIN	Power supply
2	DCENB	"L":Output fixed "H" / "H":PWM output
3	N.C.	N.C.
4	OUT	Output
5	N.C.	N.C.
6	GND	GND
7	CRT	CR connection
8	DISC	Discharge setting

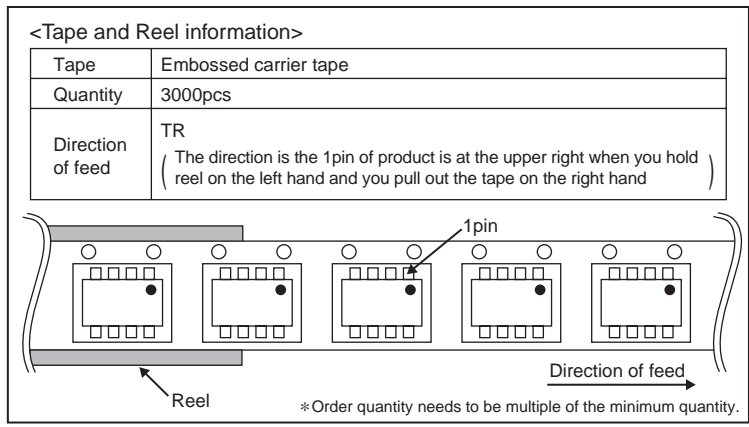
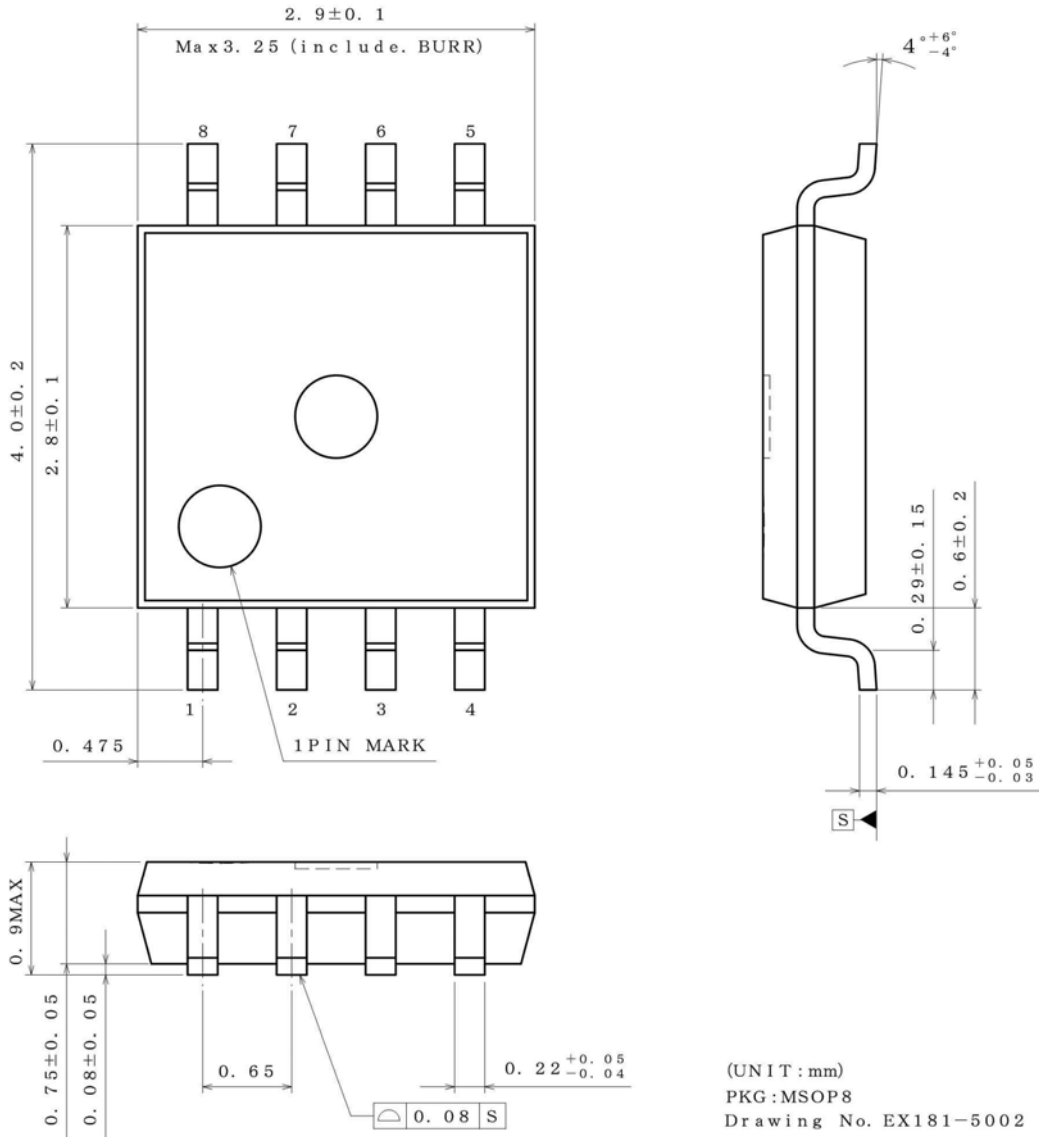
Ordering Information

B	D	9	5	5	5	F	V	M	-	C	T	R
Part Number	Timer IC					Package	FVM : MSOP8		Product Rank	C : for Automotive		
										Packaging and forming specification Embossed tape and reel TR : The pin number 1 is the upper right		

○Product structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit ○This product has no designed protection against radioactive rays

Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information

Package Name	MSOP8
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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 to +50	V
CRT, DISC, DCENB, OUT Terminal Voltage	V _{CRT} , V _{DISC} , V _{DCENB} , V _{OUT}	GND-0.3 to V _{IN} +0.3	V
Output Current	I _o	70	mA
Power Dissipation	P _d	0.38 ^(Note1)	W
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Junction Temperature	T _{jmax}	150	°C

(Note1) P_d deleted at 3.8mW/°C at temperatures above Ta=25°C.

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommended Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{IN}	4.5 ~ 42	V
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +125	°C
CR Timer Frequency Range	FPWM	1~10000	Hz
PWM Minimum Pulse Width	T _{MIN}	1	μs

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Limit			Unit	Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max		
Input Capacitor	C _{IN}	0.1	-	-	μF	Ceramic capacitor recommended
CRT Terminal Capacitor	C _{CRT}	19p	-	18μ	F	Ceramic capacitor recommended
CRT Terminal Resistor	R _{CRT}	500	-	5M	Ω	

(Note2) The minimum value of capacitor must be met this specifications over full operating conditions. (ex. Temperature, DC bias, aging conditions)

(Note3) Set C_{CRT}, R_{CRT} to become desired frequency and Duty width by using equations shown in P.8.

Electrical Characteristics (Unless Otherwise Specified Ta=-40 to +125°C, V_{IN} =13.0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit			Unit	Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max		
Circuit Current	I _{IN}	-	1.00	3.00	mA	
CRT Terminal Charge Current	I _{CRT_SO}	29.75	35.00	40.25	μA	V _{CRT} =0.9V
CRT Terminal Charge ON Voltage	V _{CRT_CHA}	0.99	1.10	1.21	V	
CRT Terminal Discharge ON Voltage	V _{CRT_DIS}	2.7	3.0	3.3	V	
CRT Terminal Charge Resistance	R _{CHA}	51.6	54.3	57.0	kΩ	R _{CHA} = (V _{CRT_DIS} - V _{CRT_CHA}) / I _{CRT_SO}
DISC Terminal Discharge Resistance	R _D	-	50.0	100	Ω	V _{CRT} =3.4V
DCENB Terminal "H" Input Voltage	V _{IH_DCENB}	4.4	-	V _{IN} +0.2	V	
DCENB Terminal "L" Input Voltage	V _{IL_DCENB}	GND -0.2	-	3.6	V	
"H" Output Voltage	V _{OH}	11.0	12.3	-	V	I _{OH} =-10mA
"L" Output Voltage	V _{OL}	-	1.28	3.8	V	I _{OL} =50mA

Typical Performance Curves

(Reference Data : Unless Otherwise Specified $V_{IN}=13.0V$, $R_{CRT}=2.7k\Omega$, $C_{CRT}=0.033\mu F$, $f_{PWM}=500Hz$, Duty=5% setting)

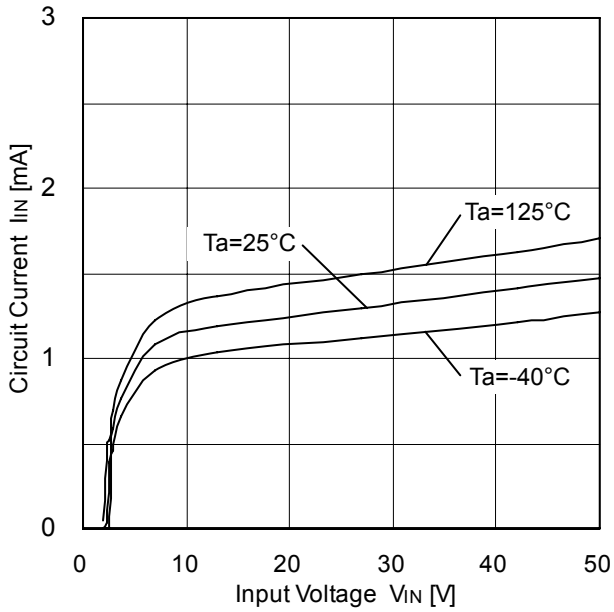


Figure 1. Circuit Current vs Input Voltage

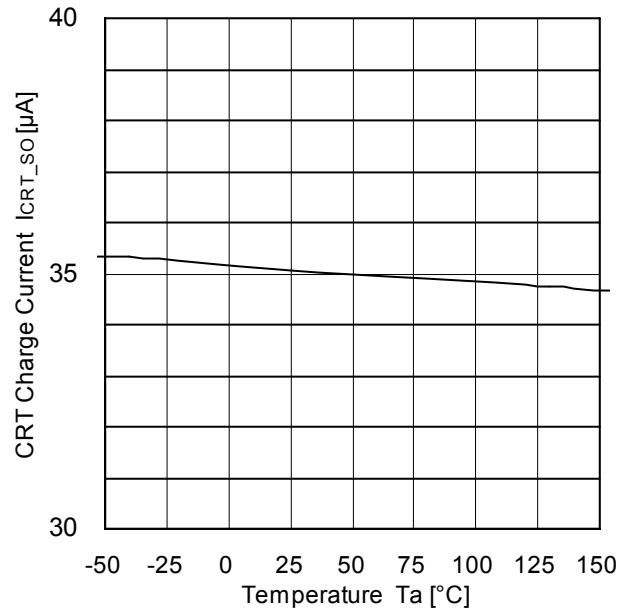


Figure 2. CRT Charge Current vs Temperature

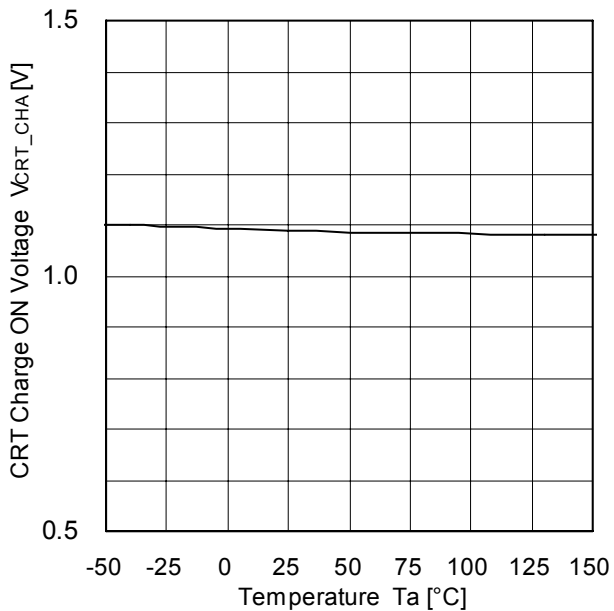


Figure 3. CRT Charge ON Voltage vs Temperature

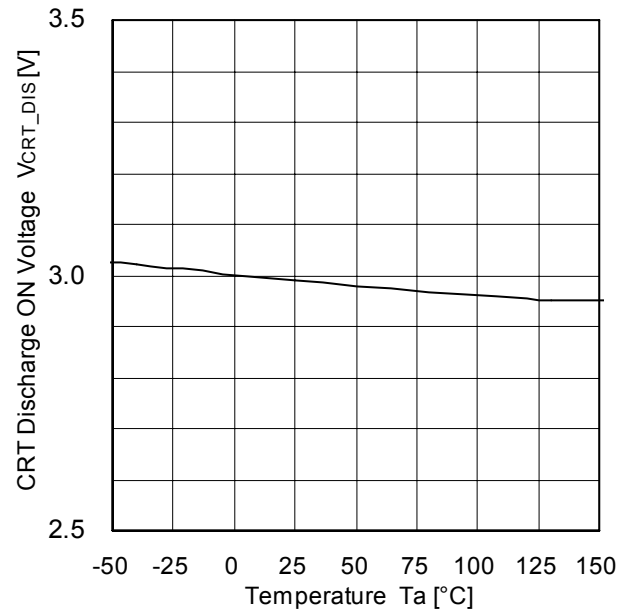


Figure 4. CRT Discharge ON Voltage vs Temperature

Typical Performance Curves – continued

(Reference Data : Unless Otherwise Specified $V_{IN}=13.0V$, $R_{CRT}=2.7k\Omega$, $C_{CRT}=0.033\mu F$, $f_{PWM}=500Hz$, Duty=5% setting)

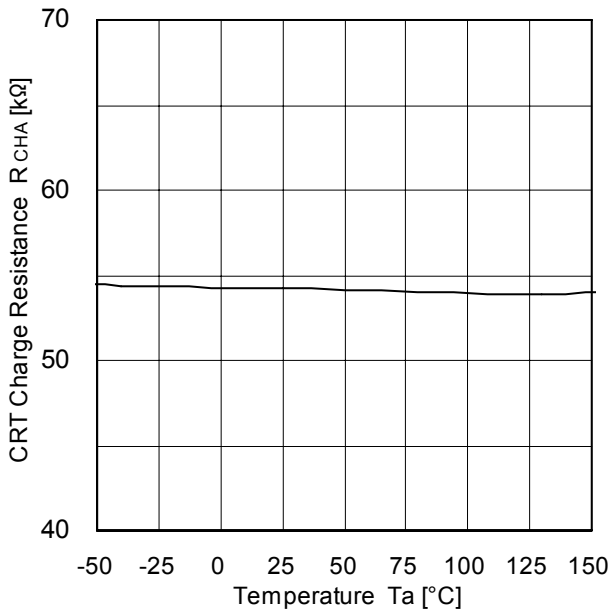


Figure 5. CRT Charge Resistance vs Temperature

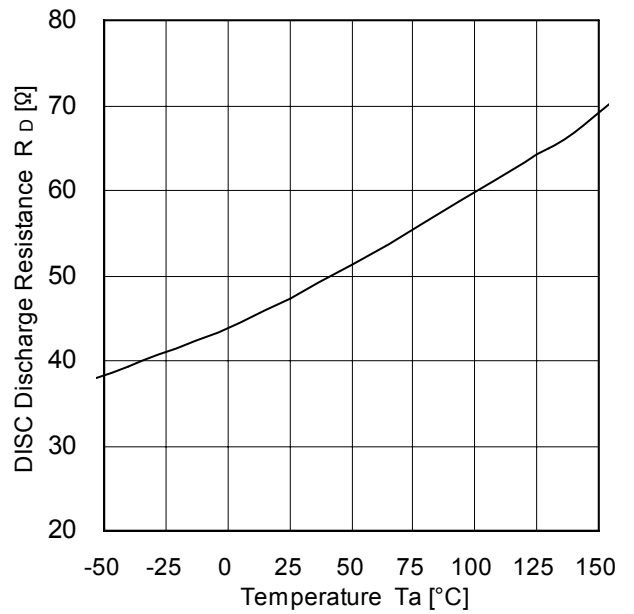


Figure 6. DISC Discharge Resistance vs Temperature

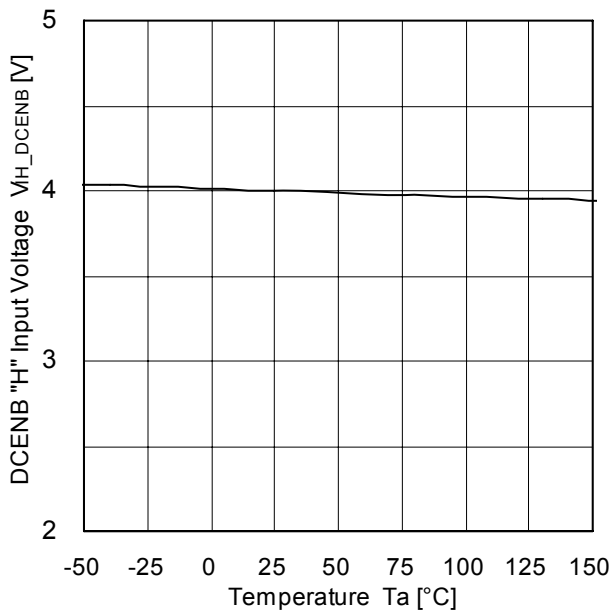


Figure 7. DCENB "H" Input Voltage vs Temperature

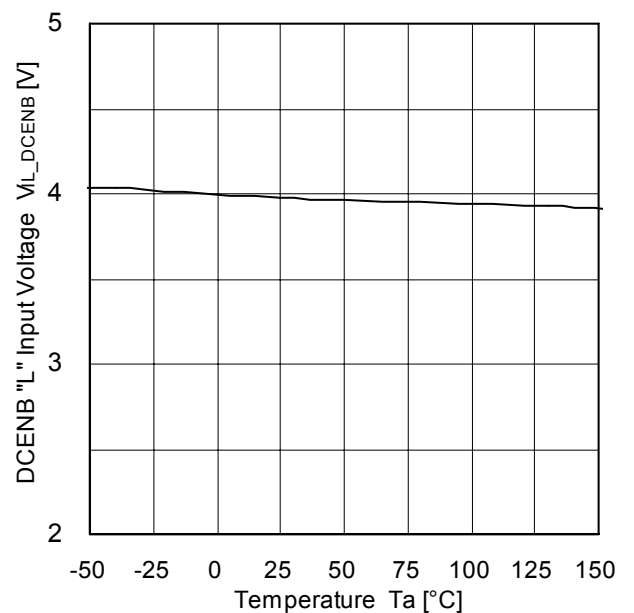


Figure 8. DCENB "L" Input Voltage vs Temperature

Typical Performance Curves – continued

(Reference Data : Unless Otherwise Specified $V_{IN}=13.0V$, $R_{CRT}=2.7k\Omega$, $C_{CRT}=0.033\mu F$, $f_{PWM}=500Hz$, Duty=5% setting)

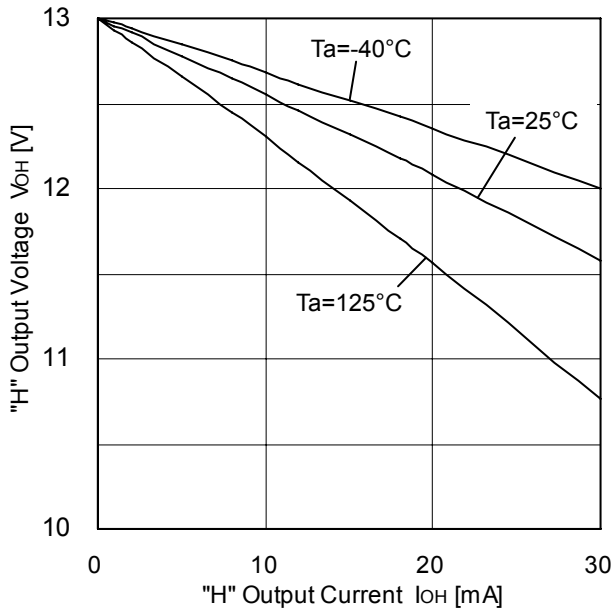


Figure 9. "H" Output Voltage vs "H" Output Current

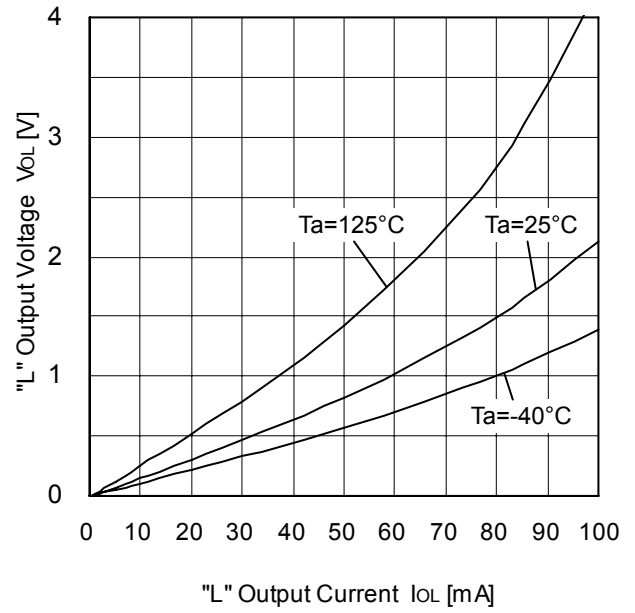


Figure 10. "L" Output Voltage vs "L" Output Current

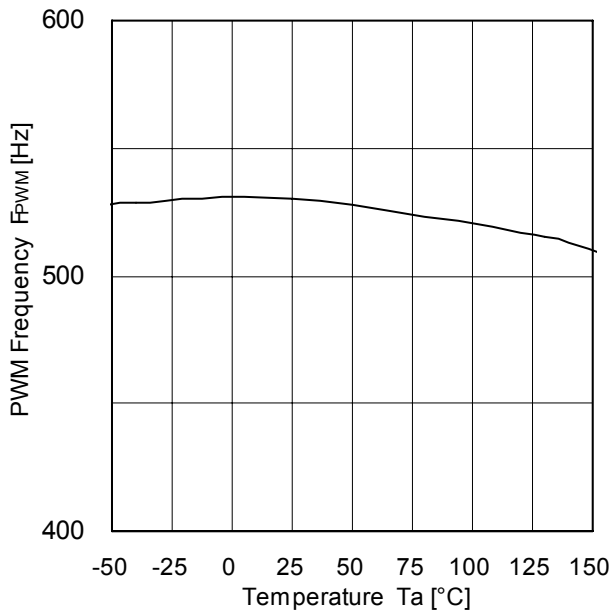


Figure 11. PWM Frequency vs Temperature

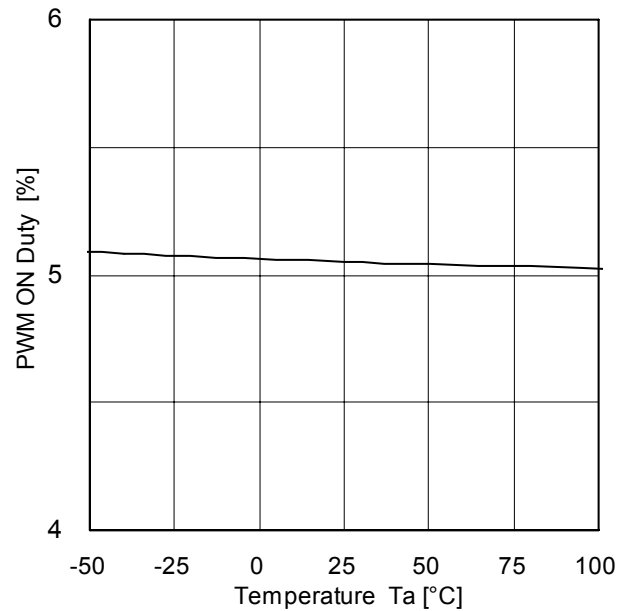


Figure 12. PWM On Duty vs Temperature

Block Diagram

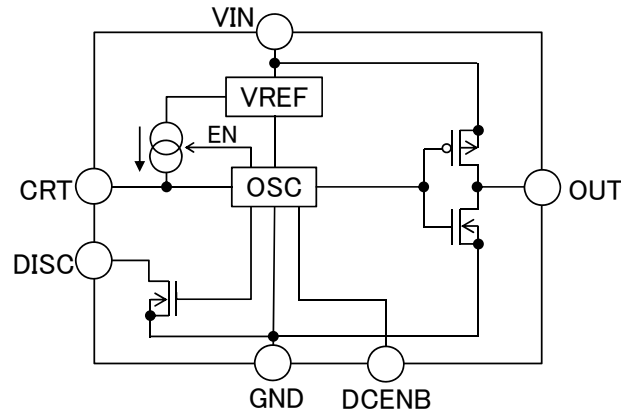


Figure 13. BD9555FVM-C Block Diagram

Functional Description

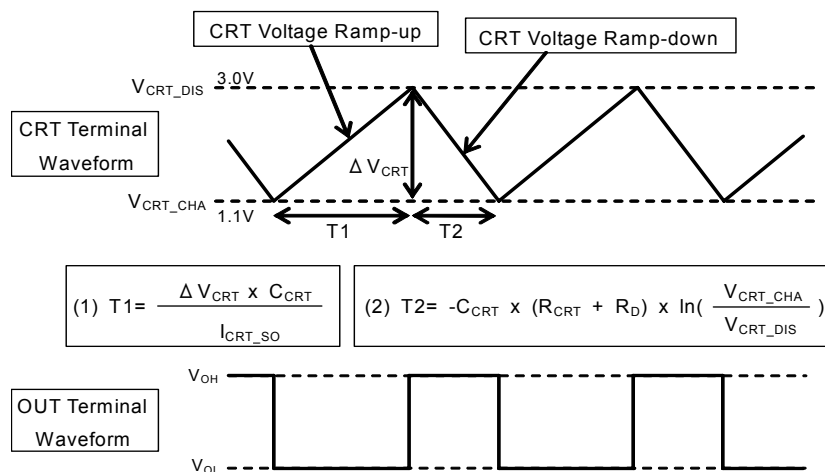
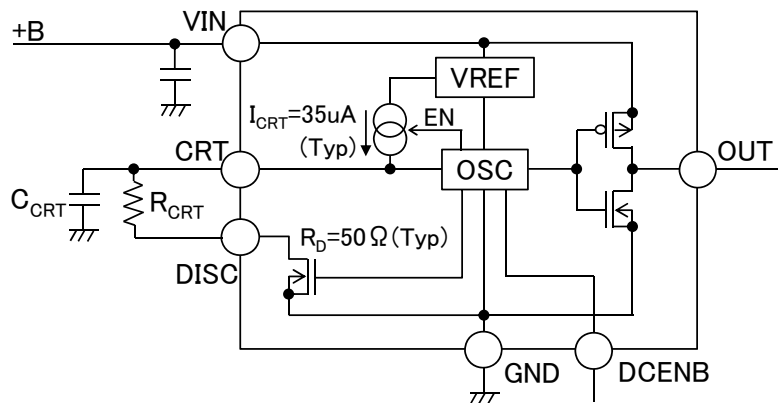
Timer operation ON switches to OFF depending on DCENB terminal voltage.

When DCENB terminal voltage under V_{IL_DCENB} (3.6V(Max)), timer operation turns to OFF and output is "H".

When DCENB terminal voltage over V_{IH_DCENB} (4.4V(Min)), CR timer function in IC is activated and triangular waveform is generated at CRT terminal.

Output is "L" while CRT voltage is ramping up, and output is "H" while CRT voltage is ramping down.

Ramp up / down time of CRT voltage can be set by values of external components (C_{CRT} , R_{CRT})



(1) CRT Ramp up Time T1

CRT ramp up time can be obtained from the following equations:

$$T1 = \frac{\Delta V_{CRT} \times C_{CRT}}{I_{CRT_SO}} \text{ [s]}$$

where:

I_{CRT_SO} is the CRT Terminal Charge Current 35µA (Typ)

(2) CRT Ramp down Time T2

CRT ramp down time is defined by discharge period due to external capacity C_{CRT} and resistance (R_{CRT}+R_D).
(CRT Terminal Charge Current is OFF at CRT ramp down.)

Make sure that T2 is set at not smaller than Min. pulse width 1µs.

$$T2 = -C_{CRT} \times (R_{CRT} + R_D) \times \ln\left(\frac{V_{CRT_CHA}}{V_{CRT_DIS}}\right) \text{ [s]}$$

where:

R_D is the CRT Terminal Discharge Resistance 50 Ω (Typ)
V_{CRT_CHA} is the CRT Terminal Charge ON Voltage 1.1V(Typ)
V_{CRT_DIS} is the CRT Terminal Discharge ON Voltage 3.0V(Typ)

(3) Frequency F_{PWM}

PWM Frequency is defined by T1 and T2.

$$F_{PWM} = \frac{1}{T1 + T2} \text{ [Hz]}$$

(4) ON Duty (D_{ON})

Like the above, PWM ON duty is defined by T1 and T2.

$$D_{ON} = \frac{T2}{T1 + T2}$$

(Ex) In case of F_{PWM}=500Hz and 6% Duty(Typ)

From F_{PWM}=500Hz;

$$T1 + T2 = 1 / F_{PWM} = 1 / 500\text{Hz} = 2000\mu\text{s}$$

From ON Duty = 6%; CRT ramp up time T1 is

$$T1 = (T1 + T2) \times 0.94 = 1880\mu\text{s}$$

External capacity C_{CRT} is;

$$C_{CRT} = T1 \times (I_{CRT_SO} / \Delta V_{CRT}) = 1880\mu\text{s} \times 35\mu\text{A} / 1.9\text{V} \approx \underline{0.035\mu\text{F}}$$

CRT ramp down time T2 is;

$$T2 = (T1 + T2) \times 0.06 = 120\mu\text{s}$$

External resistance R_{CRT} is;

$$R_{CRT} = -T2 / (C_{CRT} \times \ln(V_{CRT_CHA} / V_{CRT_DIS})) - R_D \\ = -120\mu\text{s} / (0.035\mu\text{F} \times \ln(1.1 / 3.0)) - 50 \Omega \approx \underline{3.4\text{k}\Omega}$$

And the characteristics example of frequency and duty is shown by the right figure.

This is the reference value of external components, please decide its value by the above equations.

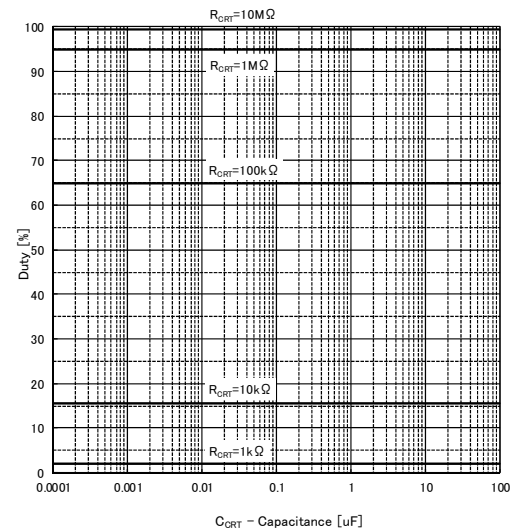
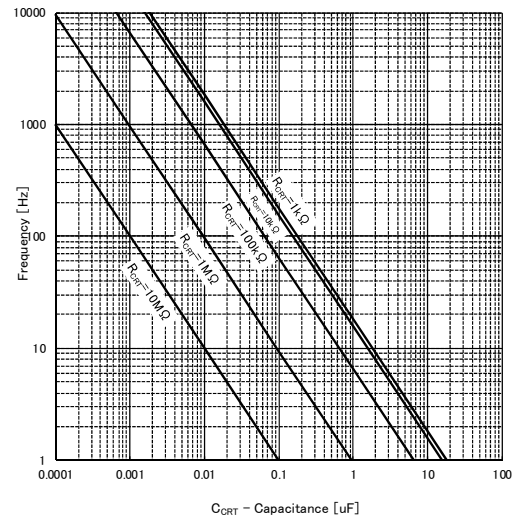


Figure 14. Frequency and Duty Characteristics Example

Timing Chart

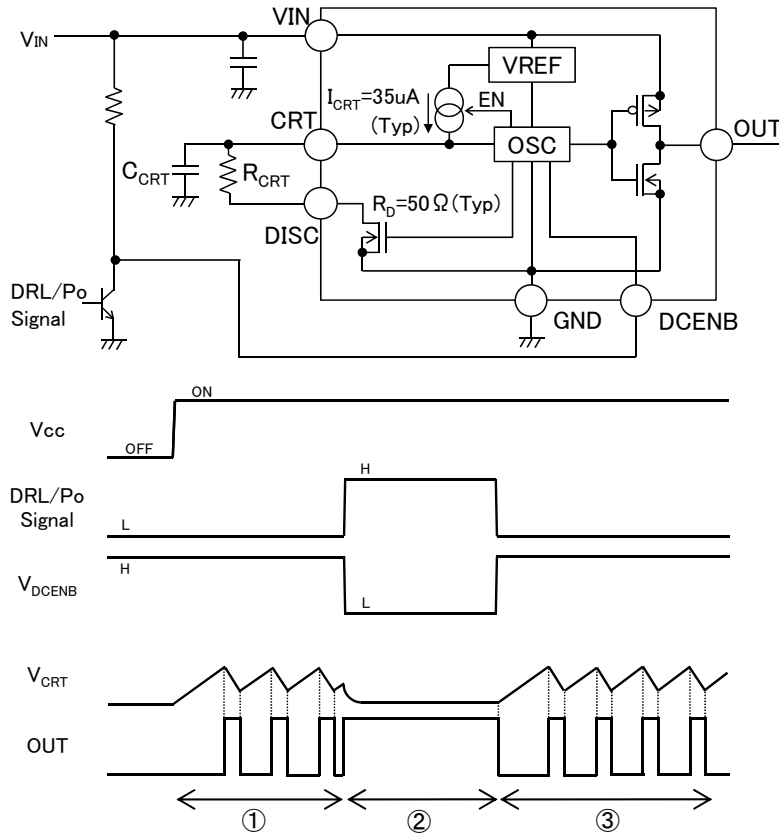


Figure 15. Recommended Application Circuit and Timing Chart

- ① If V_{IN} is switched ON and DCENB voltage is "H" ($V_{DCENB} \geq 4.4V$), V_{CRT} will start oscillation, and according to its waveform rectangular wave is output by OUT.
- ② If DCENB voltage is "L" ($V_{DCENB} \leq 3.6V$), OUT will be fixed at "H" (ON Duty=100%)
- ③ And DCENB voltage is "H", oscillation will start again.

Operational Notes

1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. The absolute maximum rating of the Pd stated in this specification is when the IC is mounted on a 70mm x 70mm x 1.6mm glass epoxy board. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

11. Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

Operational Notes – continued

12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When $GND > Pin A$ and $GND > Pin B$, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.

When $GND > Pin B$, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

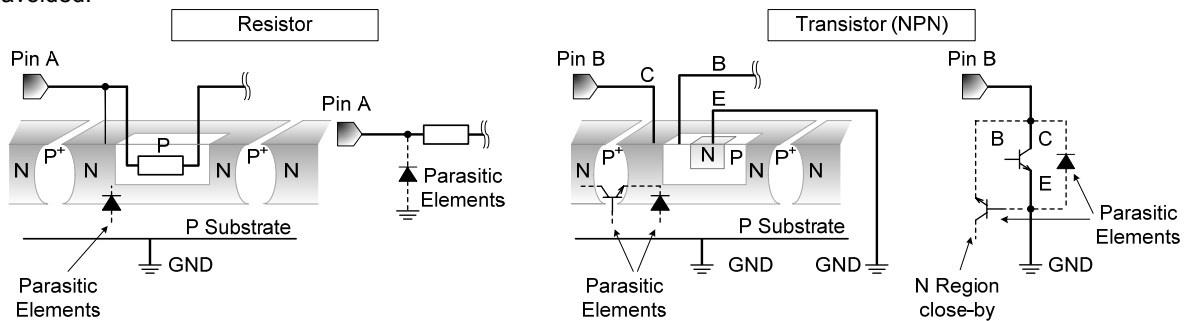


Figure 16. Example of monolithic IC structure

13. Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

14. Area of Safe Operation (ASO)

Operate the IC such that the output voltage, output current, and power dissipation are all within the Area of Safe Operation (ASO).

Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
27.Oct.2014	001	New Release
29.Mar.2016	002	Correction of erroneous description

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1. If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment ^(Note 1), aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASS III	CLASS III	CLASS II b	CLASS III
CLASS IV		CLASS III	

2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
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 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
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 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
7. De-rate Power Dissipation depending on ambient temperature. When used in sealed area, confirm that it is the use in the range that does not exceed the maximum junction temperature.
8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

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Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of Ionizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
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 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

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