

# 600V High voltage High & Low-side, Gate Driver

#### **BS2100F**

#### **General Description**

The BS2100F is a monolithic high and low side gate drive IC, which can drive high speed power MOSFET and IGBT driver with bootstrap operation.

The floating channel can be used to driven an N-channel power MOSFET or IGBT in the high side configuration which operates up to 600V.

The logic inputs can be used 3.3V and 5.0V.

The Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) circuit prevents malfunction when VCC and VBS are lower than the specified threshold voltage.

#### **Features**

- Floating Channels for Bootstrap Operation to +600V
- Gate drive supply range from 10V to 18V
- Built-in Under Voltage Lockout for Both Channels
- 3.3V and 5.0V Input Logic Compatible
- Matched Propagation Delay for Both Channels
- Output in phase with input

#### **Applications**

MOSFET and IGBT high side driver applications

### **Key Specifications**

- High-side floating supply voltage:
- Output voltage range:
- 10V to 18V Min Output Current Io+/Io-: 60mA/130mA
  - Turn-on/off time:
  - 220ns(Typ) 160ns(Typ) Dead time:
  - Delay Matching: 50ns(Max)
  - Offset supply leakage current: 50μA (Max)
  - Operating temperature range: -40°C to +125°C

#### **Package** SOP-8

5.00mm x 6.20mm x 1.50mm

600V



#### **Typical Application Circuits**

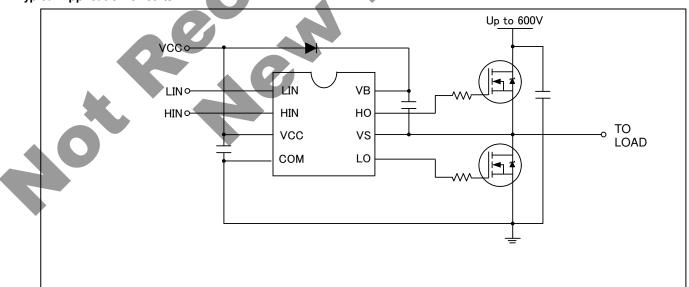


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

#### **Pin Configuration**

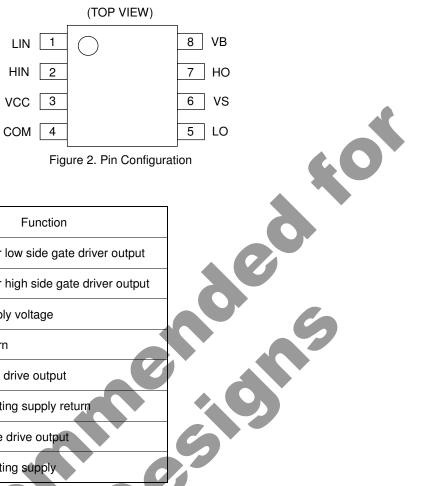


Figure 2. Pin Configuration

#### **Pin Description**

Pin No.	Symbol	Function			
1	LIN	Logic input for low side gate driver output			
2	HIN	Logic input for high side gate driver output			
3	VCC	Low side supply voltage			
4	СОМ	Low side return			
5	LO	Low side gate drive output			
6	VS	High side floating supply return			
7	НО	High side gate drive output			
8	VB	High side floating supply			

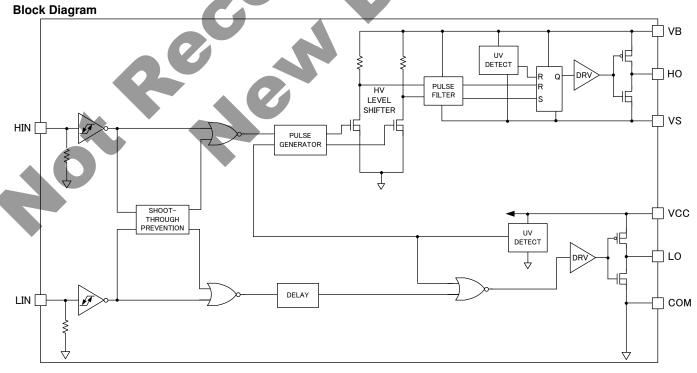


Figure 3. Functional Block Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

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Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
High side offset voltage	Vs	V <sub>B</sub> -20	V <sub>B</sub> +0.3	V
High side floating supply voltage	V <sub>B</sub>	-0.3	+620	V
High side floating output voltage HO	V <sub>HO</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> -0.3	V <sub>B</sub> +0.3	V
Low side and logic fixed supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3	20	V
Low side output voltage LO	V <sub>LO</sub>	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
Logic input voltage (HIN, LIN)	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
Logic ground	Com	V <sub>CC</sub> -20	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
Allowable offset voltage SLEW RATE	dV <sub>S</sub> /dt	-	50	V/ns
Power Dissipation	Pd	-	0.67 <sup>(Note 1)</sup>	W
Junction temperature	Tjmax	-	150	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55	+150	°C

(Note 1) Derating in done 5.4 mW/°C for operating above Ta≧25°C (Mount on 4-layer 70.0mm x 70.0mm x 1.6mm board)

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

**Recommended Operating Ratings** 

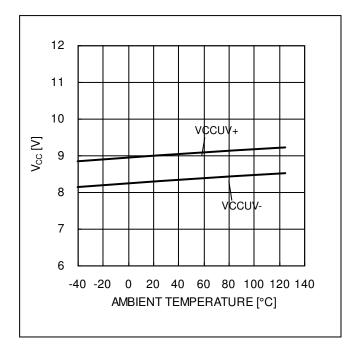
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Parameter	Symbol	MIn	Max	Unit
High side floating supply voltage	V <sub>B</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> +10	V <sub>S</sub> +18	٧
High side floating supply offset voltage	Vs	-	600	٧
High side (HO) output voltage	V <sub>HO</sub>	Vs	V <sub>B</sub>	٧
Low side (LO) output voltage	V <sub>LO</sub>	Com	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Logic input voltage (HIN, LIN)	V <sub>IN</sub>	Com	V <sub>CC</sub>	٧
Low side supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	10	18	٧
Ambient temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	+125	°C

**DC Operation Electrical Characteristics** (Unless otherwise specified: Ta=25°C,  $V_{\text{CC}}$ =15V, $V_{\text{BS}}$ =15V, $V_{\text{S}}$ =COM, $C_{\text{L}}$ =1000pF)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Conditions
$V_{\text{CC}}$ and $V_{\text{BS}}$ supply undervoltage positive going threshold	$V_{\text{CCUV+}}$ $V_{\text{BSUV+}}$	8	8.9	9.8		
$V_{\text{CC}}$ and $V_{\text{BS}}$ supply undervoltage negative going threshold	V <sub>CCUV-</sub> V <sub>BSUV-</sub>	7.4	8.2	9	V	
V <sub>CC</sub> supply undervoltage lockout hysteresis	$V_{\text{CCUVH}}$ $V_{\text{BSUVH}}$	0.3	0.7	-		
Offset supply leakage current	I <sub>LK</sub>	-	-	50		$V_B = V_S = 600V$
Quiescent V <sub>BS</sub> supply current	$I_{QBS}$	20	60	150	μΑ	$V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } 5V$
Quiescent V <sub>CC</sub> supply current	I <sub>QCC</sub>	50	120	240		$V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } 5V$
Logic "1" input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.6	-	-		
Logic "0" input voltage	$V_{IL}$	-	-	1.0	W	
High level output voltage, $V_{CC}(V_{BS})$ - $V_{O}$	$V_{OH}$	-	-	2.8	V	$I_0 = 20$ mA
Low level output voltage, Vo	V <sub>OL</sub>			1.2		10 = 2011/4
Logic "1" input bias current	I <sub>IN+</sub>	-	5	40		$V_{JN} = 5V$
Logic "0" input bias current	I <sub>IN-</sub>		1.0	2,0	μА	$V_{IN} = 0V$
Output high short circuit pulse current	I <sub>O+</sub>	60	-		mA	V <sub>O</sub> = 0V Pulse Width≦10μs
Output low short circuit pulsed current	lô-	130			IIIA	V <sub>O</sub> = 15V Pulse Width≦10μs

AC Operation Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified: Ta=25°C, V<sub>CC</sub>=15V,V<sub>BS</sub>=15V,V<sub>S</sub>=COM,C<sub>L</sub>=1000pF)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Conditions
Turn-on propagation delay	t <sub>on</sub>	120	220	320		$V_S = 0V$
Turn-off propagation delay	t <sub>off</sub>	130	220	330		V <sub>S</sub> = 0V or 600V
Turn-on rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	60	200	300	ns	
Turn-off fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	20	100	170	115	
Dead time	DT	80	160	240		
Delay matching, HS & LS turn-on/off	MT	-	-	50		



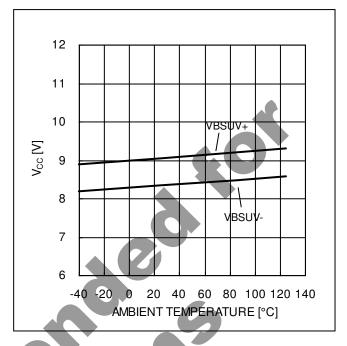


Figure 4. V<sub>CC</sub> UVLO - Ta

Figure 5. V<sub>BS</sub> UVLO - Ta

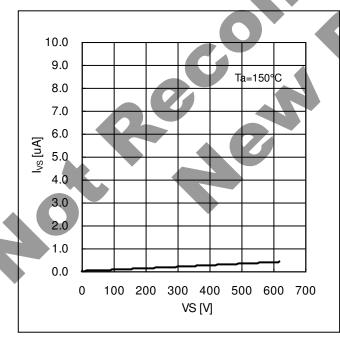


Figure 6. Offset Supply Leakage Current -  $V_S$   $(V_B=V_S)$ 

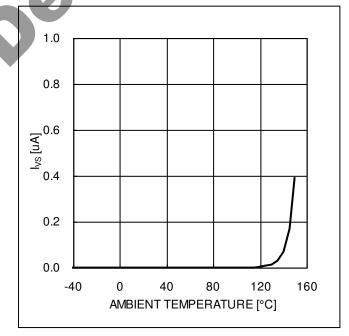


Figure 7. Offset Supply Leakage Current – Ta  $(V_B=V_S=600V)$ 

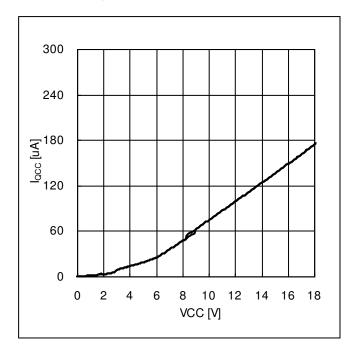


Figure 8. Quiescent V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Current - V<sub>CC</sub>

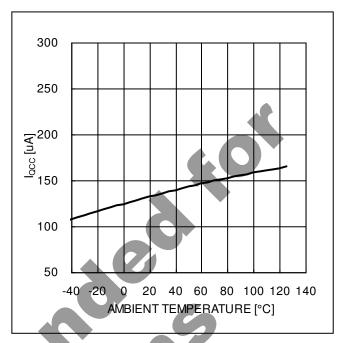


Figure 9. Quiescent  $V_{CC}$  Supply Current – Ta  $(V_{CC}=15V)$ 

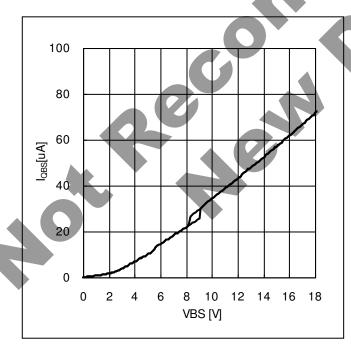


Figure 10. Quiescent V<sub>BS</sub> Supply Current - V<sub>BS</sub>

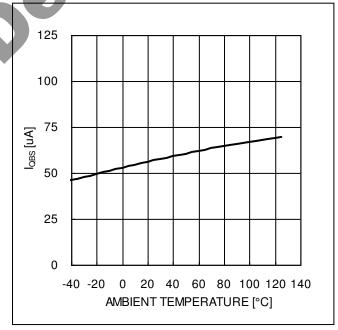


Figure 11. Quiescent  $V_{BS}$  Supply Current – Ta  $(V_{BS}=15V)$ 

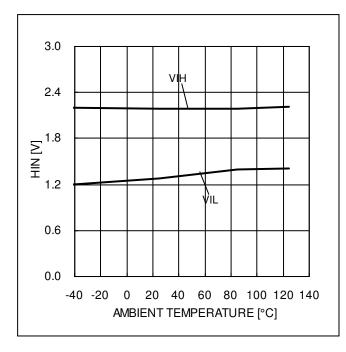


Figure 12. HIN Input Threshold Voltage - Ta

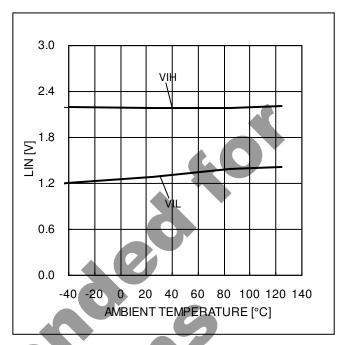


Figure 13. LIN Input Threshold Voltage - Ta

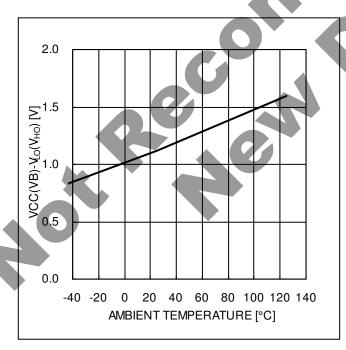


Figure 14. High Level Output Voltage -Ta  $(I_O=20mA)$ 

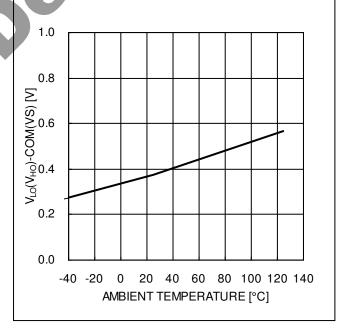


Figure 15. Low Level Output Voltage -Ta  $(I_O=20mA)$ 

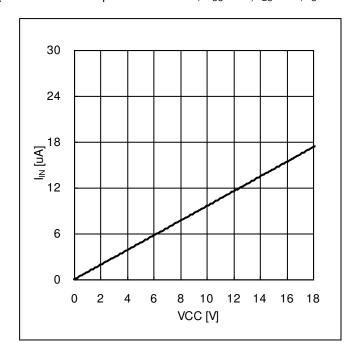


Figure 16. Input Bias Current - VIN

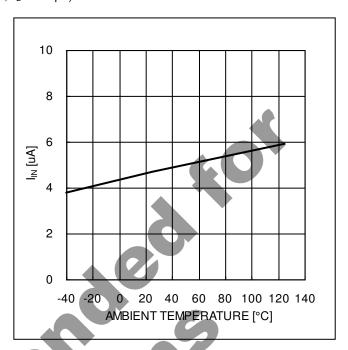


Figure 17. Input Bias Current – Ta (VIN=5V)

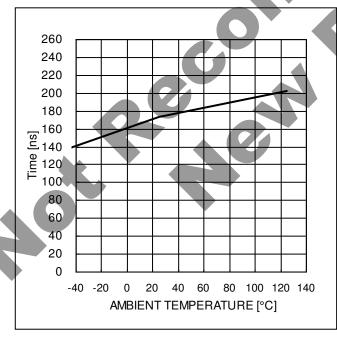


Figure 18. Dead time - Ta (LO off - HO on)

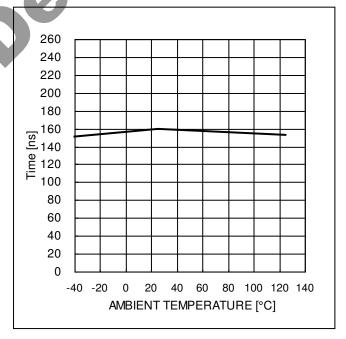


Figure 19. Dead time - Ta (HO off - LO on)

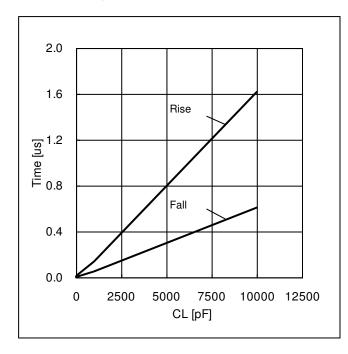


Figure 20. LO Rise/Fall time - Load Capacitance

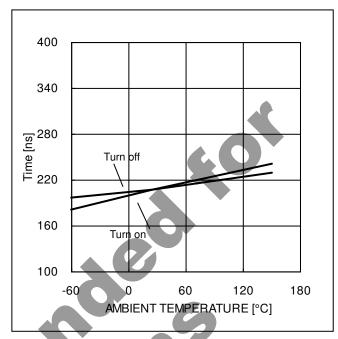


Figure 21.LO Turn on/off Propagation Delay -Ta

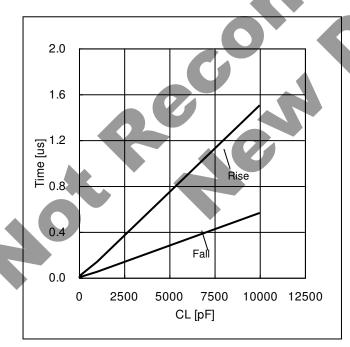


Figure 22. HO Rise/Fall time - Load Capacitance

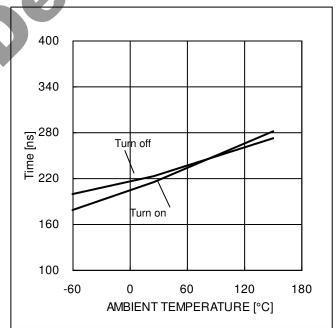


Figure 23. .HO Turn on/off Propagation Delay -Ta

#### **Timing Chart**

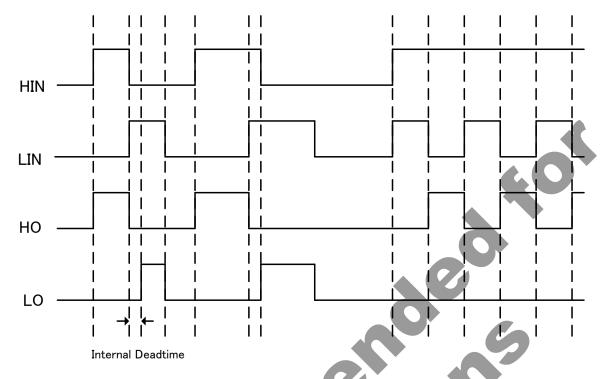


Figure 24. Timing Chart

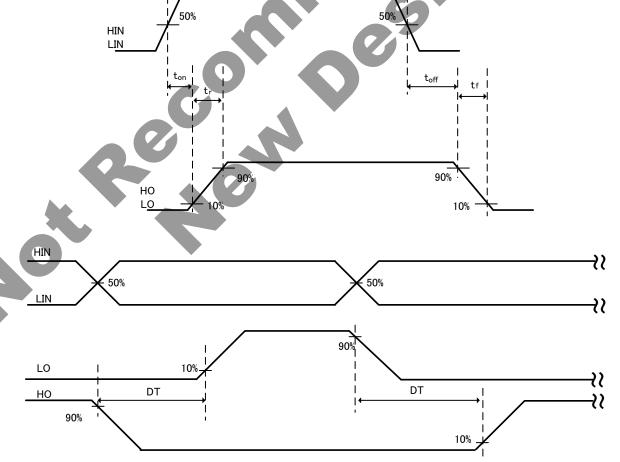


Figure 25. Detail Timeing Chart

### **Power Dissipation**

It is shown below reducing characteristics of power dissipation to mount 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm<sup>t</sup>, 1layer PCB. Junction temperature must be designed not to exceed 150°C

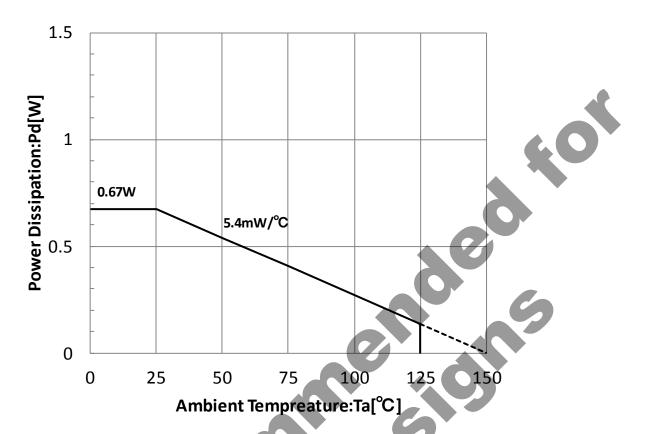


Figure 26. Power Dissipation(70mm×70mm×1.6mm<sup>t</sup> 1layer PCB)



#### I/O Equivalence Circuits

Pin.No	Pin Name	Pin Equivalent Circuit		
1	LIN	VCC  IN  IN  IM  COM  IM  COM		
5	LO	NO N		

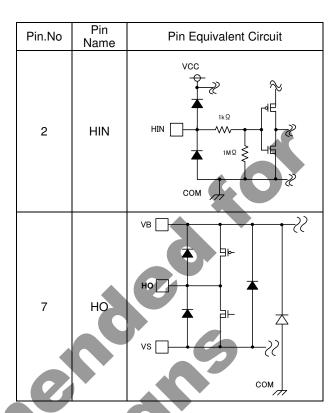


Figure 27. I/O Equivalent Circuit

#### **Operational Notes**

#### 1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

#### 2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

#### 3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

#### 4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

#### 5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

#### 6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

#### 7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

#### 8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

#### 9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

#### 10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

#### 11. Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

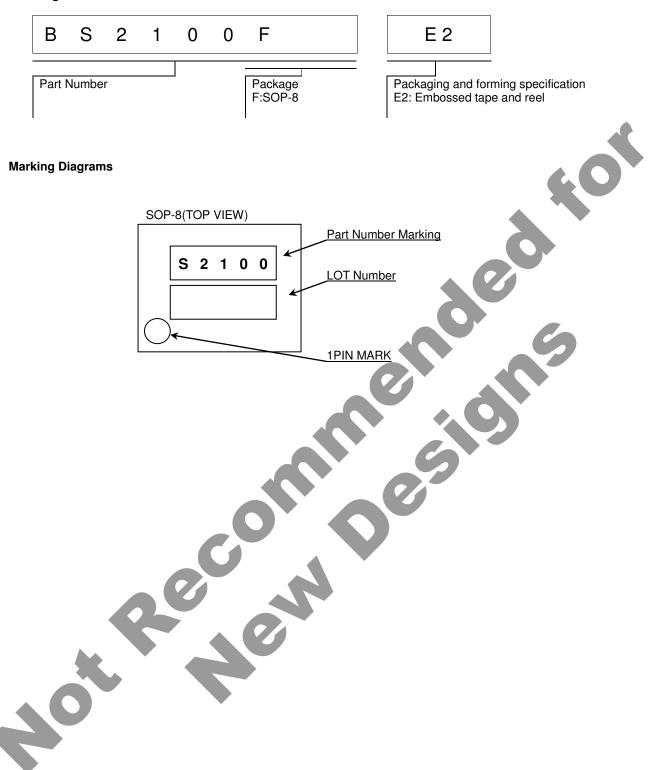
#### 12. Ceramic Capacitor

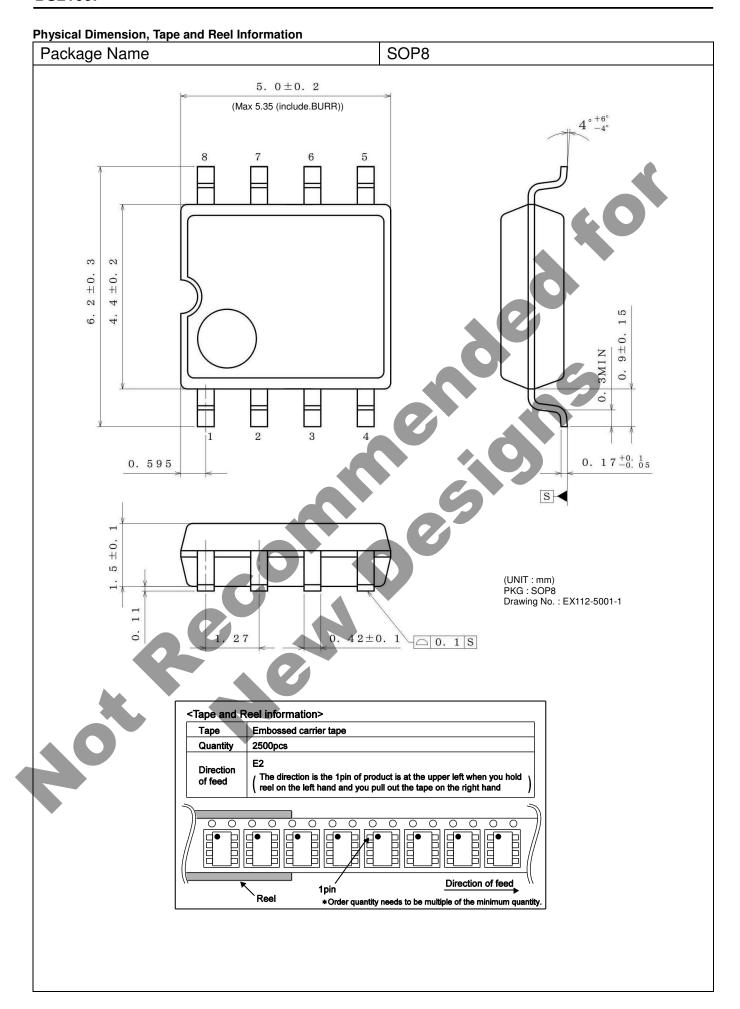
When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

#### 13. Area of Safe Operation (ASO)

Operate the IC such that the output voltage, output current, and power dissipation are all within the Area of Safe Operation (ASO).

#### **Ordering Information**





#### **Revision History**

Date	Revision	Changes		
1.NOV.2014	001	New Release		
2.FEB.2015	002	Correction of Typographical Error.(P.1 & P.8)		



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