# AIE Adaptive Image Enhancer Series Real Time 

- Description

BU1572GUW/BU1573KV/BU1574KU is AIE : Adaptive Image Enhancer (image processing technology by ROHM's hardware). Camera video images are optimized for maximum visibility.
-Features

1) Compatible with image data from QCIF size $(176 \times 144)$ up to WVGA+ size $(864 \times 480)$
2) Compatible with 80-system CPU bus interface and RGB interface.(BU1572GUW/BU1573KV)
3) Compatible with Input/Output data formats with RGB 5:6:5 and 6:6:6.(BU1572GUW/BU1573KV)
4) Multiple operation modes: Image Enhance, Analysis, Through and Sleep. *1
5) Two selectable register settings: indirect addressing through the 80-system CPU bus interface or the 2-wire serial interface $\left(I^{2} C\right) * 2$
6) PWM output for image adjustment LCD backlight control.
7) Built-in edge-enhancement and gamma filters.
*1: BU1574KU is an analysis mode setting interdiction.
*2: BU1574KU becomes only the register set by the two-wire system serial interface.

* Extra document is prepared separately about each register setup. Please refer to the Development Scheme on page 10.
- Application

Portable media player, Mobile phone, car display, Car navigation system, and portable DVD etc.
-Lineup

| Parameter | Supply power source voltage | Input Interface | Control Interface | Output Interface | PWM Output | Package |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BU1572GUW | $\begin{gathered} 1.4-1.6\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \mathrm{Core}\right) \\ 1.65-3.3\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}\right) \end{gathered}$ | Supported up to Max WVGA+(864×480) | $1^{2} C$ BUS <br> (At RGB interface) | 18bit RGB interface or bus interface | Image adjustment PWM output | VBGA063W050 |
| BU1573KV | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4-1.6\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \mathrm{Core}\right) \\ & 2.7-3.6\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \mathrm{lo}\right) \end{aligned}$ | Supported up to Max WVGA+(864×480) | $1^{2} C$ BUS <br> (At RGB interface) | 18bit RGB interface or bus interface | Image adjustment PWM output | VQFP64 |
| BU1574KU | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4-1.6\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \mathrm{Core}\right) \\ & 2.7-3.6\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \mathrm{lo}\right) \end{aligned}$ | Supported up to Max WVGA+( $864 \times 480$ ) | $1^{2} \mathrm{C}$ BUS | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 8bit } & \text { YUV }=4: 2: 2 \text { parallel } \\ & \cdot \text { CCIR601 } \\ & \cdot \\ & \text { CCIR656 }\end{array}$ | image adjustment PWM output | UQFP64 |

- Absolute maximum ratings $\left(\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply power <br> source voltage 1 | VDDIO | $-0.3 \sim+4.2$ | V |
| Supply power <br> source voltage 2 | VDD | $-0.3 \sim+2.1$ | V |
| Input voltage | VIN | $-0.3 \sim \mathrm{VDDIO}+0.3$ | V |
| Storage <br> temperature range | Tstg | $-40 \sim+125$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Power dissipation | PD | $310 * 1$ | mW |

*In the case exceeding $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 3.1 \mathrm{~mW}$ should be reduced at the rating $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (BU1573KV: $7.5 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{BU} 1574 \mathrm{KU}: 7 \mathrm{~mW}$ should be reduced at the rating.)

* 1 : BU1573KV is 750 mW , and BU1574KU is 700 mW .

Recommended operating range

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply power source <br> voltage 1 (IO) | VDDIO | $1.65 \sim 3.30($ Typ:2.85V) *1 | V |
| Supply power source <br> voltage 2 (CORE) | VDD | $1.40 \sim 1.60(\mathrm{Typ}: 1.50 \mathrm{~V})$ | V |
| Input voltage range | $\mathrm{VIN}-\mathrm{VDDIO}$ | $0 \sim \mathrm{VDDIO}$ | V |
| Operating <br> temperature range | Topr | $-20 \sim+70 * 2$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

*Please supply power source in order of VDD $\rightarrow$ VDDIO.
*1 : BU1573KV and BU1574KU correspond to 2.70~3.60V(Typ:3.00V)
*2 : BU1573KV and BU1574KU correspond to $-40 \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## - Electric characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, VDD $=1.50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VDDIO}=2.85 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{GND}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{I}}=36.0 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) 1

| Parameter | Symbol | Limits |  |  | Unit | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |  |  |
| Input frequency | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {IN }}$ | - | - | 36.0 | MHz | DCKI (DUTY45\%~55\%) *2 |
| Operating consumption current | IDD1 | - | 24 | - | mA | At enhance mode setting (36MHz) |
| Static consumption current | IDDst | - | - | 30 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | At sleep mode setting, input terminal=GND setting |
| Input "H" current | IIH | -10 | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | VIH=VDDIO |
| Input "L" current | IIL | -10 | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | VIL=GND |
| Input "H" voltage 1 | VIH1 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { VDDIO } \\ \times 0.8 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { VDDIO } \\ +0.3 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | V | Normal input (including input mode of I/O terminal) |
| Input "L" voltage 1 | VIL1 | -0.3 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { VDDIO } \\ \times 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | V | Normal input (including input mode of I/O terminal) |
| Input "H" voltage 2 | VIH2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VDDIO } \\ & \times 0.85 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { VDDIO } \\ +0.3 \end{gathered}$ | V | Hysteresis input *3 (RESETB, DCKI, LCDCSBI/SDA, LCDWRBI/SDC, LCDRDBI/I2CDEV0) |
| Input "L" voltage 2 | VIL2 | -0.3 | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { VDDIO } \\ \times 0.15 \end{gathered}$ | V | Hysteresis input *4 (RESETB, DCKI, LCDCSBI/SDA, LCDWRBI/SDC, LCDRDBI/I2CDEV0) |
| Hysteresis voltage width | Vhys | - | 0.7 | - | V | Hysteresis input *5 (RESETB, DCKI, LCDCSBI/SDA, LCDWRBI/SDC, LCDRDBI/I2CDEV0) |
| Output "H" voltage | VOH | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { VDDIO } \\ -0.4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | - | VDDIO | V | $\mathrm{IOH}=-1.0 \mathrm{~mA}(\mathrm{DC})$ <br> (including output mode of I/O terminal) |
| Output "L" voltage | VOL | 0.0 | - | 0.4 | V | $\mathrm{IOL}=1.0 \mathrm{~mA}$ (DC) <br> (including output mode of I/O terminal) |

*1 : VDDIO $=3.00 \mathrm{~V}$ in case of BU1573KV / BU1574KU
*2 : CAMCKI in case of BU1574KU
*3,*4,*5 : It corresponds with RESETB CAMCKI SDA SDC I2CDEVO for BU1574KU

## OBlock Diagram

(BU1572GUW/BU1573KV)

(BU1574KU)

-Recommended Application Circuit
(BU1572GUW/BU1573KV)

(BU1574KU)

-Terminal functions (BU1572GUW/BU1573KV)

| PIN <br> No. | PIN <br> Name | Interface Type *1 |  | In/Out | Active Level | Init | Description | In/output type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TYPE 1 | TYPE 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | LCDVSI | LCDVSI | LCDVSI | In | * | - | Vertical timing input | C *1 |
| 2 | N.C.*2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | LCDHSI/ <br> LCDRS01 | *3 | LCDHSI | In | * | - | Horizontal timing input/ <br> Register select input signal 0 | C *1 |
| 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LCDCSBI/ } \\ & \text { SDA } \end{aligned}$ | LCDCSBI | SDA | In/Out | Low/ DATA | In | Chip select input signal / In/output serial data | G |
| 5 | LCDWRDBI/ SDC | LCDWRBI | SDC | In | Low/ CLK | - | Write enable input signal / In/output serial clock | D *1 |
| 6 | LCDRDBI/ <br> I2CDEV0 | LCDRDBI | I2CDEV0 | In | Low/ * | - | Read enable input signal / I2C device address setting | D *1 |
| 7 | LCDDIO | LCDDIO | LCDDIO | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 0 | H *1 |
| 8 | LCDDI1 | LCDDI1 | LCDDI1 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 1 | H *1 |
| 9 | LCDDI2 | LCDDI2 | LCDDI2 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 2 | H *1 |
| 10 | LCDDI3 | LCDDI3 | LCDDI3 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 3 | H *1 |
| 11 | LCDDI4 | LCDDI4 | LCDDI4 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 4 | H *1 |
| 12 | LCDDI5 | LCDDI5 | LCDDI5 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 5 | H *1 |
| 13 | LCDDI6 | LCDDI6 | LCDDI6 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 6 | H *1 |
| 14 | LCDDI7 | LCDDI7 | LCDDI7 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 7 | H *1 |
| 15 | LCDDI8 | LCDDI8 | LCDDI8 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 8 | H *1 |
| 16 | LCDDI9 | LCDDI9 | LCDDI9 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 9 | H *1 |
| 17 | LCDDI10 | LCDDI10 | LCDDI10 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 10 | H *1 |
| 18 | LCDDI11 | LCDDI11 | LCDDI11 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 11 | H *1 |
| 19 | LCDDI12 | LCDDI12 | LCDDI12 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 12 | H *1 |
| 20 | LCDDI13 | LCDDI13 | LCDDI13 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 13 | H*1 |
| 21 | LCDDI14 | LCDDI14 | LCDDI14 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 14 | H *1 |
| 22 | LCDDI15 | LCDDI15 | LCDDI15 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 15 | H *1 |
| 23 | LCDDI16 | LCDDI16 | LCDDI16 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 16 | H*1 |
| 24 | LCDDI17 | LCDDI17 | LCDDI17 | In/Out | DATA | In | Data input: bit 17 | H *1 |
| 25 | ENAI | *3 | ENAI | In | * | - | RAM write enable input signal | C *1 |
| 26 | VLDI | *3 | VLDI | In | * | - | VLD input signal | C *1 |
| 27 | VDDIO | VDDIO | VDDIO | - | PWR | - | DIGITAL IO power source | - |
| 28 | DCKI | DCKI | DCKI | In | CLK | - | Clock input | D *1 |
| 29 | GND | GND | GND | - | GND | - | Common GROUND | - |
| 30 | VDD | VDD | VDD | - | PWR | - | CORE power source | - |
| 31 | MSELO/ <br> LCDRSOI | LCDRS0I | MSEL0 *3 | In | * | - | Mode select 0/ <br> Register select input signal 0 | A |
| 32 | MSEL1/ <br> LCDRS1I | LCDRS1I | MSEL1 *3 | In | * | - | Mode select 1/ <br> Register select input signal 1 | A |

※Change by setup by the register is possible for the "*" display in the column of an Active level. Moreover, Init is a pin state under reset.
*1 : It suspends during reset (initial state)
*2 : With no ball(Please connect it with GND for BU1573KV)
*3 : Please connect with GND

| PINNo. | PIN <br> Name | Interface Type *1 |  | In/Out | Active <br> Level | Init | Description | In/output <br> type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TYPE 1 | TYPE 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | MSEL2 | MSEL2 *3 | MSEL2 *4 | In | * | - | Mode select 2 | A |
| 34 | LCDRS00/ PWMO1 *5 | LCDRSOO/ PWM_O(1) | PWM_O(1) | Out | * | Low | Register select output signal 0/ <br> PWM output for the LCD backlight | E |
| 35 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PWMO3 *5/ } \\ & \text { VLDO } \end{aligned}$ | PWM_O(3) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PWM_O(3)/ } \\ & \text { VLDO } \end{aligned}$ | Out | * | Low | PWM output for the LCD backlight/ VLD output signal | E |
| 36 | ENAO | - | ENAO | Out | * | Low | RAM write enable output signal | E |
| 37 | LCDDO17/ PWMO2 *5 | LCDDO17/ <br> PWM_O(2) | LCDDO17/ <br> PWM_O(2) | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 17/ <br> PWM output for the LCD backlight | F |
| 38 | LCDDO16 | LCDDO16 | LCDDO16 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 16 | F |
| 39 | LCDDO15 | LCDDO15 | LCDDO15 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 15 | F |
| 40 | LCDDO14 | LCDDO14 | LCDDO14 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 14 | F |
| 41 | LCDDO13 | LCDDO13 | LCDDO13 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 13 | F |
| 42 | LCDDO12 | LCDDO12 | LCDDO12 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 12 | F |
| 43 | LCDDO11 | LCDDO11 | LCDDO11 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 11 | F |
| 44 | LCDDO10 | LCDDO10 | LCDDO10 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 10 | F |
| 45 | LCDDO9 | LCDDO9 | LCDDO9 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 9 | F |
| 46 | LCDDO8 | LCDDO8 | LCDDO8 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 8 | F |
| 47 | GND | GND | GND | - | GND | - | Common GROUND | - |
| 48 | LCDDO7 | LCDDO7 | LCDDO7 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 7 | F |
| 49 | LCDDO6 | LCDDO6 | LCDDO6 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 6 | F |
| 50 | LCDDO5 | LCDDO5 | LCDDO5 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 5 | F |
| 51 | LCDDO4 | LCDDO4 | LCDDO4 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 4 | F |
| 52 | LCDDO3 | LCDDO3 | LCDDO3 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 3 | F |
| 53 | LCDDO2 | LCDDO2 | LCDDO2 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 2 | F |
| 54 | LCDDO1 | LCDDO1 | LCDDO1 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 1 | F |
| 55 | LCDDO0 | LCDDO0 | LCDDO0 | In/Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 0 | F |
| 56 | LCDWRBO/ <br> I2CDEV6B | LCDWRBO | I2CDEV6B *3 | In/Out | * | $\begin{gathered} \text { High/ } \\ \text { In } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Write enable output signal | F |
| 57 | LCDCSBO | LCDCSBO | "H" *6 | Out | * | High | Chip select output signal | E |
| 58 | SDA/ <br> LCDHSO | - | LCDHSO | Out | * | Low | In/output serial clock/ <br> Horizontal timing output signal | G |
| 59 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SDC/ } \\ \text { LCDVSO } \end{array}$ | - | LCDVSO | Out | * | Low | In/output serial clock/ <br> Vertical timing output signal | G |
| 60 | RESETB | RESETB | RESETB | In | Low | - | System reset signal | B |
| 61 | VDDIO | VDDIo | VDDIO | - | PWR | - | DIGITAL IO power source | - |
| 62 | DCKO | DCKO | DCKO | Out | CLK | Low | Clock output | E |
| 63 | GND | GND | GND | - | GND | - | Common GROUND | - |
| 64 | VDD | VDD | VDD | - | PWR | - | CORE power source | - |

※Change by setup by the register is possible for the "*" display in the column of an Active level. Moreover, Init is a pin state under reset.
*3 : Please connect with GND
*4 : Please connect with VDDIO
*5 : It selects it according to PWMCNT register (40h).
*6 : "High"output

- Terminal functions (BU1574KU)

| PIN No. | PIN Name | In/ Out | Active Level | Init | Descriptions | In/Output type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CAMVSI | In | * | - | Vertical timing input | C *1 |
| 2 | N.C. *2 | - | * | - | - | - |
| 3 | CAMHSI | In | * | - | Horizontal timing input | C *1 |
| 4 | SDA | In/Out | DATA | In | In/Output serial data | G |
| 5 | SDC | In | CLK | - | In/Output serial clock | D *1 |
| 6 | I2CDEVO | In | * | - | I2C device address setting | D *1 |
| 7 | CAMDIO | In | DATA | - | Data input: bit 0 | H *1 |
| 8 | CAMDI1 | In | DATA | - | Data input: bit 1 | H*1 |
| 9 | CAMDI2 | In | DATA | - | Data input: bit 2 | H *1 |
| 10 | CAMDI3 | In | DATA | - | Data input: bit 3 | H *1 |
| 11 | CAMDI4 | In | DATA | - | Data input: bit 4 | H *1 |
| 12 | CAMDI5 | In | DATA | - | Data input: bit 5 | H *1 |
| 13 | CAMDI6 | In | DATA | - | Data input: bit 6 | H *1 |
| 14 | CAMDI7 | In | DATA | - | Data input: bit 7 | H *1 |
| 15 | RESERVEIO *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 16 | RESERVEI1 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 17 | RESERVEI2 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 18 | RESERVEI3 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 19 | RESERVEI4 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 20 | RESERVEI5 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 21 | RESERVEI6 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 22 | RESERVEI7 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 23 | RESERVEI8 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 24 | RESERVEI9 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 25 | RESERVEI10 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 26 | RESERVEI11 *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | C *1 |
| 27 | VDDIO | - | PWR | - | DIGITAL IO power source | - |
| 28 | CAMCKI | In | CLK | - | Clock input | D *1 |
| 29 | GND | - | GND | - | Common GROUND | - |
| 30 | VDD | - | PWR | - | CORE power source | - |
| 31 | MSELO *3 | In | * | - | Mode select 0 | A |
| 32 | MSEL1 *3 | In | * | - | Mode select 1 | A |

※Change by setup by the register is possible for the "*" display in the column of an Active level. Moreover, Init is a pin state under reset.
*1 : It suspends during reset (initial state)
*2 : Please connect with GND
*3 : Please connect with GND.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PIN } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | PIN Name | In/Out | Active Level | Init | Descriptions | In/Output type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33 | MSEL2 *4 | In | * | - | Mode select 2 | A |
| 34 | PWMO | Out | * | Low | PWM output for LCD backlight | E |
| 35 | RESERVEO11 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 36 | RESERVEO10 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 37 | RESERVEO9 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 38 | RESERVEO8 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 39 | RESERVEO7 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 40 | RESERVEO6 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 41 | RESERVEO5 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 42 | RESERVEO4 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 43 | RESERVEO3 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 44 | RESERVEO2 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 45 | RESERVEO1 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 46 | RESERVEO0 *5 | Out | * | Low | RESERVE | E |
| 47 | GND | - | GND | - | Common GROUND | - |
| 48 | CAMDO7 | Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 7 | E |
| 49 | CAMDO6 | Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 6 | E |
| 50 | CAMDO5 | Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 5 | E |
| 51 | CAMDO4 | Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 4 | E |
| 52 | CAMDO3 | Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 3 | E |
| 53 | CAMDO2 | Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 2 | E |
| 54 | CAMDO1 | Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 1 | E |
| 55 | CAMDOO | Out | DATA | Low | Data output: bit 0 | E |
| 56 | I2CDEV6B *3 | In | * | - | RESERVE | A |
| 57 | RESERVEO12 *5 | Out | * | High | RESERVE | E |
| 58 | CAMHSO | Out | * | Low | Horizontal timing output signal | E |
| 59 | CAMVSO | Out | * | Low | Vertical timing output signal | E |
| 60 | RESETB | In | Low | - | System reset signal | B |
| 61 | VDDIO | - | PWR | - | DIGITAL IO power source | - |
| 62 | CAMCKO | Out | CLK | Low | Clock output | E |
| 63 | GND | - | GND | - | Common GROUND | - |
| 64 | VDD | - | PWR | - | CORE power source | - |

※Change by setup by the register is possible for the "*" display in the column of an Active level. Moreover, Init is a pin state under reset.
*3 : Please connect with GND
*4 : Please connect with VDDIO
*5 : Please leave OPEN

- Equivalent Circuit Structures of input / output pins
Type
－Terminal Layout
（BU1572GUW Bottom View）

（BU1573KV／BU1574KU Top View）

＊The terminal arrangement follows terminal function table of P．3－6．
－Timing Chart
1． I 2 C interface
1．1 I2C interface timing

SDA

SDC


Table 1．1－1 I2C Interface timing

| Symbol | Parameter | MIN． | TYP． | MAX． | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {SCL }}$ | SDC Clock Frequency | 0 | - | 400 | kHz |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {HD；STA }}$ | Hold－time（repetition）『START』conditions <br> （The first clock pulse is generated after this period．） | 0.6 | - | - | us |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {Low }}$ | The＂L＂period of SDC clock | 1.3 | - | - | us |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {HIGH }}$ | The＂H＂period of SDC clock | 0.6 | - | - | us |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {SU；STA }}$ | Setup time of repetitive 『START』conditions | 0.6 | - | - | us |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {HD；DAT }}$ | Hold time of SDA | 0 | - |  | us |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {SU；DAT }}$ | Setup time of SDA | 100 | - | - | n |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {SU；STO }}$ | Setup time of the 『STOP』conditions | 0.6 | - | - | us |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {BUF }}$ | Bus free time between『STOP』conditions and the『START』conditions | 1.3 | - | - | us |

2. RGB interface
2.1. RGB interface timing

The input timing of image signal on RGB I/F is shown in Table 2.1-1.


The output timing of image signal on RGB I/F is shown in Table 2.1-2.


Table 2.1-2 BU1572GUW/BU1573KV Image signal output timing

| Symbol | Explanation | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {DCLK }}$ | Clock Cycle | 27.7 | - | - | ns |
| $\mathrm{d}_{\text {DCLK }}$ | Clock Duty | 40 | 50 | 60 | $\%$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {ODD }}$ | Decision of LCDDO from DCKO | - | - | 5 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {OCD }}$ | Decision of LCDVSO or LCDHSO from DCKO | - | - | 5 | ns |

3. YUV interface
3.1. YUV interface timing

The input timing of image signal on YUV I/F is shown in Table 3.1-1.
Table 3.1-1 BU1574KU YUV interface input timing


| Symbol | Explanation | MIN. | TYP | MAX | UNI |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{DS}}$ | Camera setup period <br> (between the CAMCKI rising and falling edges) | 8 | - | - | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{DH}}$ | Camera holding period <br> (between the CAMCKI rising and falling edges) | 8 | - | - | ns |

The output timing of image signal on YUV I/F is shown in Table 3.1-2.
Table 3.1-2 BU1574KU Image signal output timing


| Symbol | Explanation | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PCLK }}$ | Clock Cycle | 27.7 | - | - | ns |
| $\mathrm{d}_{\text {PCLK }}$ | Clock Duty | 40 | 50 | 60 | $\%$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {ODD }}$ | Decision of CAMDO from CAMCKO | - | - | 5 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {OCD }}$ | Decision of CAMVSO or CAMHSO from CAMCKO | - | - | 5 | ns |

## Development Scheme

This technical note is aimed at trying the connectivity in the hardware between customer's system and our AIE Adaptive Image Enhancer series.
We prepare various data and tools for every development STEP as follows other than this technical note, please contact the sales staff in your duty also including the support system.
(1) Demonstration STEP
(You can try the standard image processing functions by the standard Demonstration kit at once.)
You can confirm on TV screen what carried out AIE processing of a camera image and the DVD video image.

- Standard Demonstration board kit

ODemonstration board(TV-IN $\rightarrow$ BU1573KV $\rightarrow$ TV-OUT board)
ODemonstration board operation manual
© Demonstration software
If the software for the trial board is installed in your Windows PC(Windows 2000/XP), more detailed setting is possible.
© USB cable
(2) Confirmation STEP
(We will respond to customer's camera module.)

- Specifications

We will provide specifications for AIE Adaptive Image Enhancer according to customer's requirements.

- Function explanation

We will deliver you the function explanation describing detailed functions, register settings, external interfaces, timing, and so forth of AIE Adaptive Image Enhancer according to your requests.

- Application note

We will deliver you the detailed explanation data on application development of AIE Adaptive Image Enhancer according to your requests.
(3) System check STEP
(You can check the application operation as a system by the kit of system check tools and your camera module.)
You can check the interface with your camera module and the application operation on the system check board using the tools for user's only.

- System check tools kit
©Board for system evaluation
© Manual for system evaluation
© Macro command file for reference
*You can check the detailed functions of the application operation by your PC using the macro command file.
(4) Integrated check STEP with user's system
(You can check the application operation as a system on your system check board using the integrated check software.)
You can check the application operation on the sample LSI-equipped system check board by your camera module using the integrated check software.
- On line Support ; We will answer your questions about the software development.


## Cautions on use

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.
(2) Operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.
(3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.
(4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines.
In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.
Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.
(5)GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.
(6)Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.
(7)Operation in strong electromagnetic field Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.
(8)Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.
(9)Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.
(10)Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.
(11)External capacitor

In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

OOrder Model Name Selection


ROHM model name


Product number

- Tape and Reel information


## VBGA063W050



## VQFP64

<Dimension>

(Unit:mm)

UQFP64

<Packing information>

| Container | Tray(with dry pack) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ouantitv | 1000pcs |
| Direction <br> of feed | Direction of product is fixed in a tray. |




## Notice

## Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. Our Products are designed and manufactured for application in ordinary electronic equipments (such as AV equipment, OA equipment, telecommunication equipment, home electronic appliances, amusement equipment, etc.). If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment ${ }^{(N o t e}{ }^{1}$ ), transport equipment, traffic equipment, aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, fuel controllers, car equipment including car accessories, safety devices, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.
(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

| JAPAN | USA | EU | CHINA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLASSIII | CLASSIII | CLASS II b | CLASSIII |
|  |  | CLASSIII |  |

2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
[a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
[b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
[a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
[b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
[c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl 2 , $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{NH}_{3}, \mathrm{SO}_{2}$, and $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
[d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
[e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
[f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
[g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
[h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

## Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

## Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

## Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

## Precaution for Storage / Transportation

1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
[a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including $\mathrm{Cl} 2, \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{NH} 3, \mathrm{SO} 2$, and NO 2
[b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
[c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
[d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

## Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

## Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

## Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

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