

# **System Lens Drivers**





# $\mu$ -step System Lens Driver for Digital Still Cameras

# BU24024GU

#### General Description

BU24024GU is a system Lens Driver that uses  $\mu$ -step driving to make the configuration of the sophisticated, high precision and low noise lens driver system possible. This IC has a built-in driver for both DC motor and voice coil motor and a  $\mu$ -step controller that decreases CPU power. Therefore, multifunctional lens can be applied.

#### Features

 Built-in 7 channels Driver block
 1ch-5ch: Voltage control type H-bridge (Adaptable to STM 2systems)
 6,7ch: Current control type H-bridge

■ Built-in 2 channels PI driving circuit

#### Applications

■ Digital still cameras

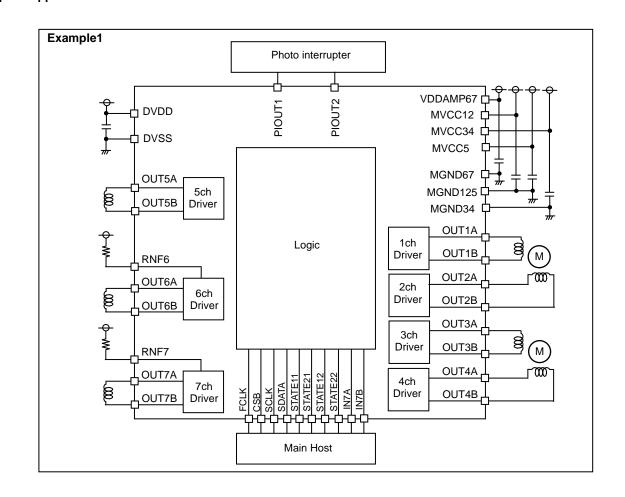
# ●Typical Application Circuit

#### Key Specifications

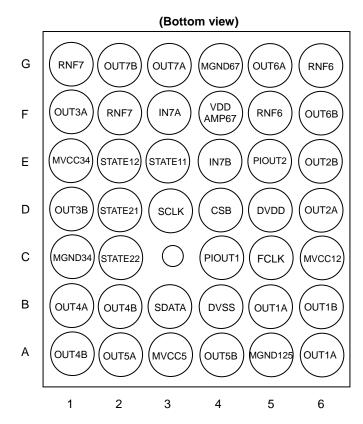
Digital Power Supply Voltage: 2.7V to 3.6V **Driver Power Supply Voltage:** 2.7V to 5.5V ±400mA(Max) Output Current (1ch-4ch,6ch,7ch): Output Current (5ch): ±600mA(Max) Input Clock Frequency: 1MHz to 27.5MHz FET ON Resistance (1ch-5ch):  $1.5\Omega(Typ)$ 1.1Ω(Typ) FET ON Resistance (6ch,7ch): Operating Temperature Range: -20°C to +85°C

#### Package

VCSP85H3 3.50mm x 3.60mm x 1.00mm



# ●Pin Configuration

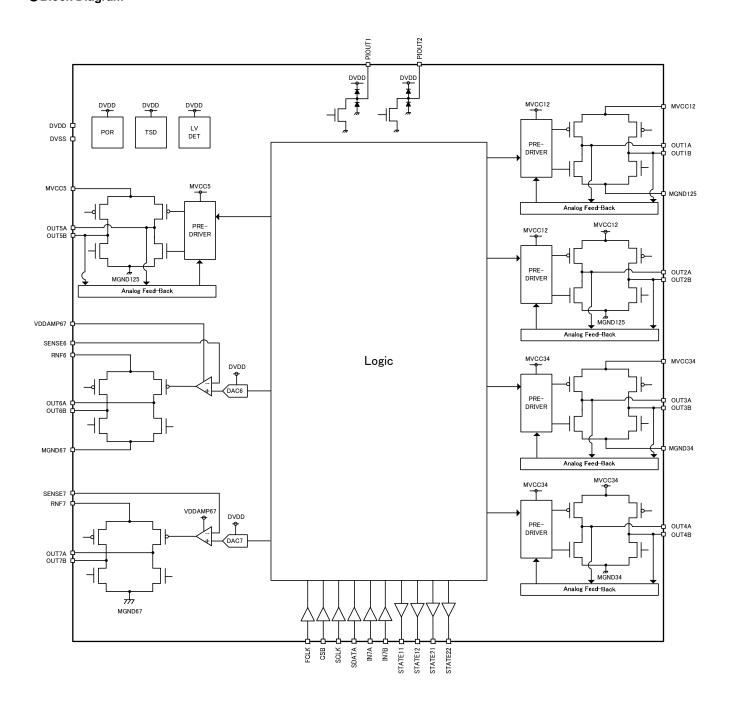


# Pin Description

ption						
Pin Name	Power Supply	Function	Land Matrix No.	Pin Name	Power Supply	Function
DVDD	-	Digital power supply	E6	OUT2B	MVCC12	2-channel driver B output
DVSS	-	Digital ground	E1	MVCC34	-	3-4channel driver power supply
FCLK	DVDD	FCLK logic input	C1	MGND34	-	3-4channel driver ground
CSB	DVDD	CSB logic input	F1	OUT3A	MVCC34	3-channel driver A output
SCLK	DVDD	SCLK logic input	D1	OUT3B	MVCC34	3-channel driver B output
SDATA	DVDD	SDATA logic input	B1	OUT4A	MVCC34	4-channel driver A output
IN7A	DVDD	IN7A logic input	A1, B2(*)	OUT4B	MVCC34	4-channel driver B output
IN7B	DVDD	IN7B logic input	А3	MVCC5	-	5-channel driver power supply
STATE11	DVDD	STATE11 logic output	STATE11 logic output A2 OUT5A MVCC5		5-channel driver A output	
STATE12	DVDD	STATE12 logic output	STATE12 logic output A4 OUT5B MVCC5		5-channel driver B output	
STATE21	DVDD	STATE21 logic output	F4	VDDAMP67	-	Power supply of 6-7channel current driver control
STATE22	DVDD	STATE22 logic output	F5, G6(*)	RNF6	-	6-channel driver power supply
PIOUT1	DVDD	PI driving output1	G4	MGND67	-	6-7channel driver ground
PIOUT2	DVDD	PI driving output2	G5	OUT6A	RNF6	6-channel driver A output
MVCC12	-	1-2channel driver power supply	F6	OUT6B	RNF6	6-channel driver B output
MGND125	-	1-2, 5channel driver ground	F2, G1(*)	RNF7	-	7-channel driver power supply
OUT1A	MVCC12	1-channel driver A output	G3	OUT7A	RNF7	7-channel driver A output
OUT1B	MVCC12	1-channel driver B output	G2	OUT7B	RNF7	7-channel driver B output
OUT2A	MVCC12	2-channel driver A output				
	DVDD DVSS FCLK CSB SCLK SDATA IN7A IN7B STATE11 STATE12 STATE21 STATE22 PIOUT1 PIOUT2 MVCC12 MGND125 OUT1A OUT1B	Pin Name Supply  DVDD -  DVSS -  FCLK DVDD  CSB DVDD  SCLK DVDD  SDATA DVDD  IN7A DVDD  IN7B DVDD  STATE11 DVDD  STATE12 DVDD  STATE21 DVDD  STATE22 DVDD  PIOUT1 DVDD  PIOUT2 DVDD  MVCC12 -  MGND125 -  OUT1A MVCC12	Pin Name Supply  DVDD  DVSS  Digital power supply  DVSS  Digital ground  FCLK  DVDD  FCLK logic input  CSB  DVDD  SCLK logic input  SCLK  DVDD  SCLK logic input  IN7A  DVDD  IN7A logic input  IN7B  DVDD  IN7B logic input  STATE11  DVDD  STATE11 logic output  STATE12  DVDD  STATE12 logic output  STATE21  DVDD  STATE21 logic output  STATE22  DVDD  STATE22 logic output  PIOUT1  DVDD  PI driving output1  PIOUT2  DVDD  PI driving output2  MVCC12	Pin Name Supply Function Matrix No.  DVDD - Digital power supply E6  DVSS - Digital ground E1  FCLK DVDD FCLK logic input C1  CSB DVDD CSB logic input F1  SCLK DVDD SCLK logic input D1  SDATA DVDD SDATA logic input B1  IN7A DVDD IN7A logic input A3  STATE11 DVDD STATE11 logic output A2  STATE12 DVDD STATE12 logic output A4  STATE21 DVDD STATE21 logic output F4  STATE22 DVDD STATE22 logic output F5, G6(*)  PIOUT1 DVDD PI driving output1 G4  PIOUT2 DVDD PI driving output2 G5  MVCC12 - 1-2channel driver B output G3  OUT1A MVCC12 1-channel driver B output G2	Pin Name Supply Function Matrix No. Pin Name  DVDD DVDD DVSS Digital power supply E6 OUT2B DVSS DVDD FCLK logic input C1 MGND34  CSB DVDD CSB logic input D1 OUT3B  SCLK DVDD SCLK logic input D1 OUT3B  SDATA DVDD SDATA logic input B1 OUT4A  IN7A DVDD IN7A logic input A1, B2(*) OUT4B  IN7B DVDD IN7B logic input A2 OUT5A  STATE11 DVDD STATE11 logic output A4 OUT5B  STATE21 DVDD STATE21 logic output F4 VDDAMP67  STATE22 DVDD STATE22 logic output F5, G6(*) RNF6 PIOUT1 DVDD PI driving output2 G5 OUT6A  MVCC12 - 1-2channel driver power supply MGND125 - OUT1A MVCC12 I-channel driver A output G2 OUT7B	Pin Name         Supply         Function         Matrix No.         Pin Name         Supply           DVDD         -         Digital power supply         E6         OUT2B         MVCC12           DVSS         -         Digital ground         E1         MVCC34         -           FCLK         DVDD         FCLK logic input         C1         MGND34         -           CSB         DVDD         CSB logic input         F1         OUT3A         MVCC34           SCLK         DVDD         SCLK logic input         D1         OUT3B         MVCC34           SDATA         DVDD         SDATA logic input         B1         OUT4A         MVCC34           IN7A         DVDD         IN7A logic input         A3         MVCC5         -           STATE11         DVDD         STATE11 logic output         A2         OUT5A         MVCC5           STATE12         DVDD         STATE21 logic output         A4         OUT5B         MVCC5           STATE22         DVDD         STATE22 logic output         F5, G6(*)         RNF6         -           PIOUT1         DVDD         PI driving output1         G4         MGND67         -           PIOUT2         DVDD         <

<sup>(\*)</sup>It is not possible to use corner pin only (Corner pins are A1, A6, G1 and G6.). Please short A1-B2, A6-B5, F2-G1, F5-G6 or use B2, B5, F2, F5 only.

# Block Diagram



#### Description of Blocks

# Stepping Motor Driver (1ch-4ch Driver)

Built-in stepping motor driver of PWM driving type.

Maximum 2 stepping motors can be driven independently.

Built-in voltage feedback circuit of D-class type.

3ch/4ch drivers can also drive independently for DC motor or voice coil motor.

# (1)Control

# ( i ) Autonomous Control

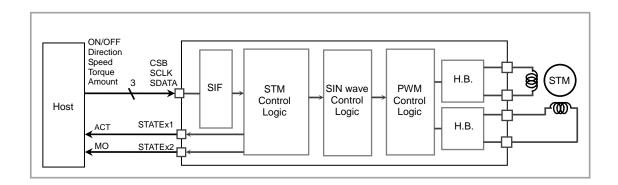
The stepping motor is rotated by setting the registers for the stepping motor control.

It is possible to select the mode of stepping motor control from  $\mu$ -step (1024 portion), 1-2 phase excitation and 2 phase excitation

Built-in Cache registers.

Cache registers enable the setting of subsequent process while the motor is in operation. Through these registers operations are done continuously.

The state of the rotation command (ACT), state of Cache registers (BUSY), motor operation position (MO) and state of excitation (MO & ACT) are synchronized with the motor rotation and can be selected to be the output of the STATE pin.



#### Description of Blocks

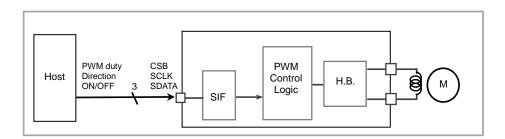
#### Voltage Driver (5ch Driver)

Built-in voltage driver of PWM driving type.

#### (1) Control

#### ( i )Register Control

The PWM drive is executed by the PWM duty ratio, the PWM direction and the PWM ON/OFF which are controlled by the register settings.



# Current Driver (6ch Driver)

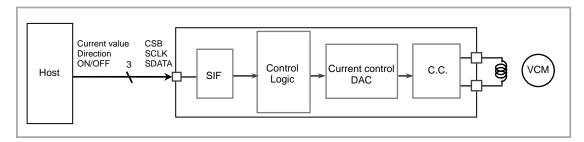
Built-in constant current driver.

The voltage of RNF pin and the external resistor (RRNF) determine the amount of output current. The internal high-precision amplifier (CMOS gate input) is used for constant current control. If any resistance component exists in the wirings of RNF pin and the external resistor (RRNF), the precision can be reduced. To avoid this, pay utmost attention to the wirings.

#### (1) Control

# (i) Register Control

The constant current drive is executed by the output current value, the current direction and the current ON/OFF which are controlled by the register settings.



#### Description of Blocks

# Current Driver (7ch Driver)

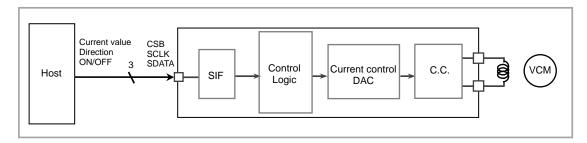
Built-in constant current driver.

The voltage of RNF pin and the external resistor (RRNF) determine the amount of output current. The internal high-precision amplifier (CMOS gate input) is used for constant current control. If any resistance component exists in the wirings of RNF pin and the external resistor (RRNF), the precision can be reduced. To avoid this, pay utmost attention to the wirings.

#### (1) Control

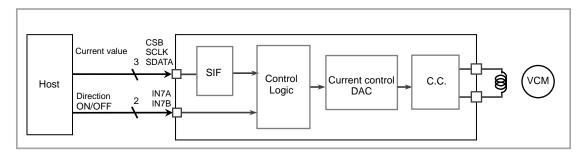
# (i) Register Control

The constant current drive is executed by the output current value, the current direction and the current ON/OFF which are controlled by the register settings.



# (ii) External Pin Control

The constant current drive is executed by the output current value which is controlled by the register setting. Constant current driving direction and turning ON/OFF are controlled by IN7A/IN7B pin.



● Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit	Remark
Dower Supply Voltage	DVDD	-0.3 to +4.5	V	
Power Supply Voltage	MVCC	-0.3 to +7.0	V	
Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3 to supply voltage+0.3	V	
	IIN	±400	mA	MVCC12, MVCC34, RNF6 and RNF7 pin
Input / Output Current *1		±600	mA	MVCC5
		+50	mA	By PIOUT pin
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG	-55 to +125	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	TOPE	-20 to +85	°C	
Permissible Dissipation *2	PD	1200	mW	

<sup>\*1</sup> Must not exceed PD.

● Recommended Operating Rating (Ta=25°C)

or and operating training (12 =0 0)							
Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit	Remark			
Digital Power Supply Voltage	DVDD	2.7 to 3.6	V	DVDD≦MVCC			
Driver Power Supply Voltage	MVCC	2.7 to 5.5	V				
Clock Operating Frequency	FCLK	1 to 27.5	MHz	Reference clock			

<sup>\*2</sup> To use at a temperature higher than Ta=25 °C, derate 12mW per 1 °C (At mounting 50mm x 58mm x 1.75mm glass epoxy board.)

# Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Limit			Unit	Conditions
Farameter	Symbol	MIN	MIN TYP MAX		Offic	Conditions
<current consumption=""></current>						
Quiescence (DVI	DD) ISSD	-	0.45	1.5	mA	CMD_RS=0
(MV	CC) ISSVM	-	50	100	μΑ	
Operation (DVE	DD) IDDD	-	6	10	mA	
<logic block=""></logic>						
Low-level Input Voltage	VIL	DVSS	-	0.3DVDD	V	
High-level Input Voltage	VIH	0.7DVDD	-	DVDD	V	
Low-level Input Current	IIL	0	-	10	μΑ	VIL=DVSS
High-level Input Current	IIH	0	-	10	μΑ	VIH=DVDD
Low-level Output Voltage	VOL	DVSS	-	0.2DVDD	V	IOL=1.0mA
High-level Output Voltage	VOH	0.8DVDD	-	DVDD	V	IOH=1.0mA
<pi circuit="" driving=""></pi>						
Output Voltage	PIVO	-	0.16	0.50	V	IIH=30mA
<voltage 1ch<="" block="" driver="" td=""><td>n-4ch&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></voltage>	n-4ch>					
ON-resistance	Ron	-	1.5	2.0	Ω	IO=±100mA (the sum of high and low sides)
OFF-leak Current	IOZ	-10	0	+10	μΑ	Output Hiz setting
Average Voltage Accurac between different Output		-5	-	+5	%	Vdiff setting : 2Bh
<current 5ch<="" block="" driver="" td=""><td>n,6ch&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></current>	n,6ch>					
ON-resistance	Ron	-	1.1	1.5	Ω	IO=±100mA (the sum of high and low sides)
OFF-leak Current	IOZ	-10	0	+10	μΑ	Output Hiz setting
Output Current	Ю	190	200	210	mA	DAC setting : 80h RRNF=1Ω

# **●**Typical Performance Curves

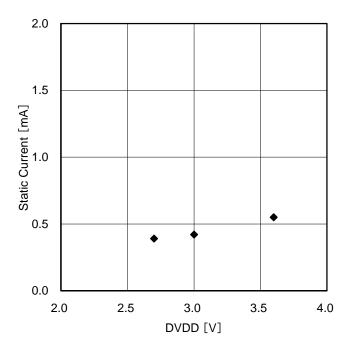


Figure 1. DVDD Static Current Voltage Dependency

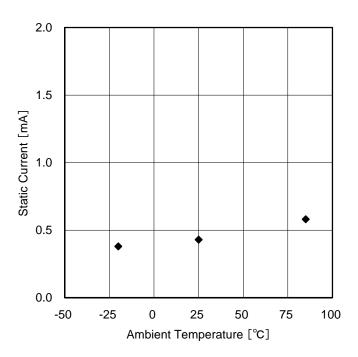


Figure 2. DVDD Static Current Temperature Dependency

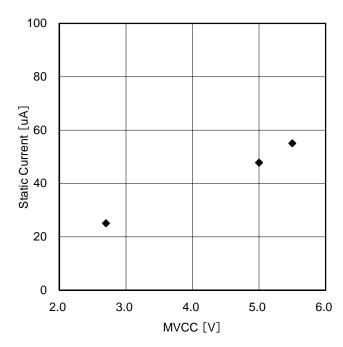


Figure 3. MVCC Static Current Voltage Dependency

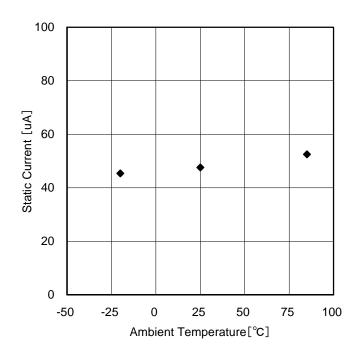


Figure 4. MVCC Static Current Temperature Dependency

# **●**Typical Performance Curves

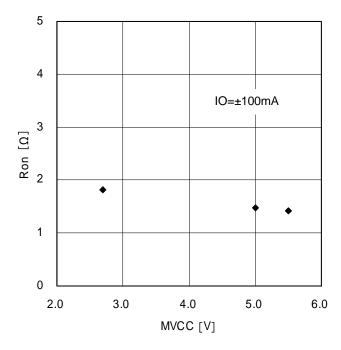


Figure 5. Output ON-Resistance MVCC Dependency (Voltage driver block)

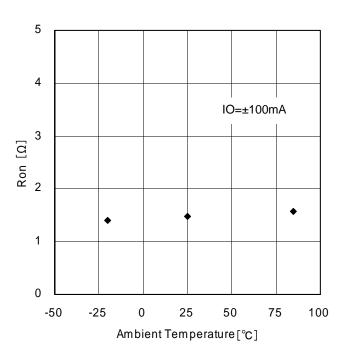


Figure 6. Output ON-Resistance
Temperature Dependency
(Voltage driver block)

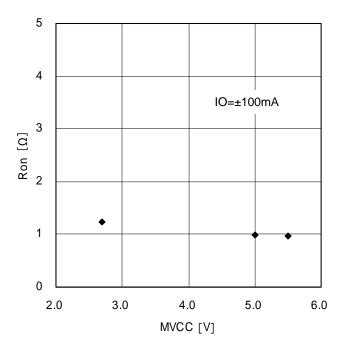


Figure 7. Output ON-Resistance MVCC Dependency (Current driver block)

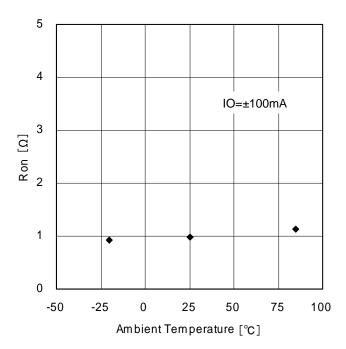


Figure 8. Output ON-Resistance
Temperature Dependency
(Current driver block)

# **●**Typical Performance Curves

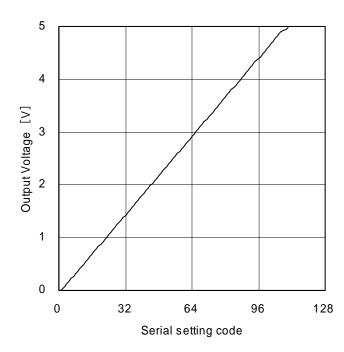


Figure 9. Average Voltage Accuracy between different output pins (Voltage driver block)

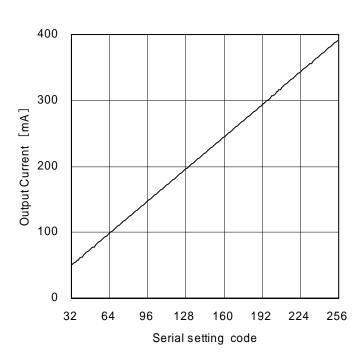


Figure 10. Output Current (Current driver block, RRNF =  $1.0\,\Omega$ , RL =  $5.0\,\Omega$ )

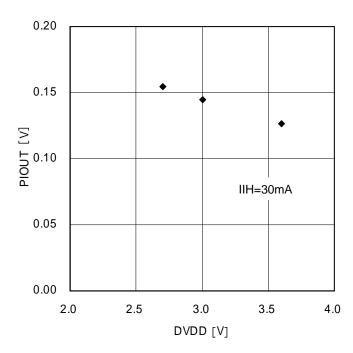


Figure 11. Output Voltage DVDD Dependency (PI driving circuit)

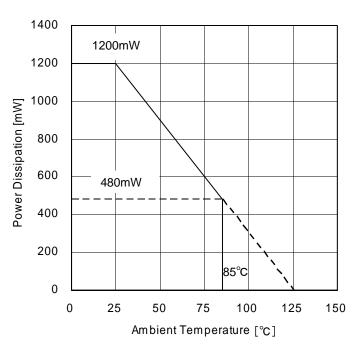
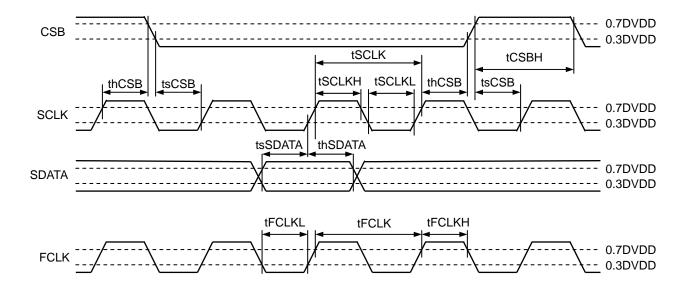


Figure 12. Power Dissipation Curve

# **Timing Chart**

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, DVDD=3.0V)

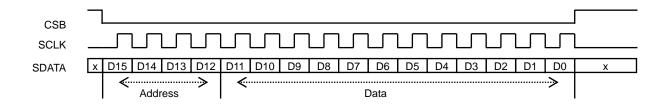
Parameter	Symbol	Specification
SCLK input cycle	tSCLK	More than 125 nsec
SCLK L-level input time	tSCLKL	More than 50 nsec
SCLK H-level input time	tSCLKH	More than 50 nsec
SDATA setup time	tsSDATA	More than 50 nsec
SDATA hold time	thSDATA	More than 50 nsec
CSB H-level input time	tCSBH	More than 380 nsec
CSB setup time	tsCSB	More than 50 nsec
CSB hold time	thCSB	More than 50 nsec
FCLK input cycle	tFCLK	More than 36 nsec
FCLK L-level input time	tFCLKL	More than 18 nsec
FCLK H-level input time	tFCLKH	More than 18 nsec



(note1) FCLK is asynchronous with SCLK. (note2) Duty of FCLK, SCLK are free.

#### Serial interface

Control commands are framed by a 16-bit serial input (MSB first) and are sent through the CSB, SCLK, and SDATA pins. The 4 higher-order bits specify addresses, while the remaining 12 bits specify data. Data of every bit is sent through SDATA pin, which is retrieved during the rising edge of SCLK. Data becomes valid when CSB is Low. The load timing is different for resistors. (as shown in "Note4, 5")



<Register map>

egist	er m	nap 2	>												
Ac	ddre	ss[3	:0]						Data[	[11:0]					
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	Mode	A[1:0]	SelA	[1:0]	0		,	Ach_differe	nt_output_	voltage[6:0	0]	
				0	0	0	0				Ach_Cy	/cle[7:0]			
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0				Ach_Cy	cle[15:8]			
0	U	U	1	0	1	1	0	A_BEXC	0	0	A_BSL	A_AEXC	0	0	A_ASL
				1	1	1	0	0	0	APO	S[1:0]	0	0	0	ASTOP
0	0	1	0	EnA	RtA					Ach_Pι	ulse[9:0]				
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	Mode	B[1:0]	SelE	3[1:0]	0		Į.	3ch_differe	nt_output_	voltage[6:0	0]	
				0	0	0	0				Bch_Cy	/cle[7:0]			
				0	0	1	0				Bch_Cy	cle[15:8]			
				0	1	1	0	B_BEXC	0	0	B_BSL	B_AEXC	0	0	B_ASL
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3_Cho	op[1:0]	0	0	4_Ch	op[1:0]
				1	0	1	3_PWM	I_Ct[1:0]			3ch_	PWM_Duty	y[6:0]		
				1	1	0	4_PWM	I_Ct[1:0]			4ch_	PWM_Duty	y[6:0]		
				1	1	1	0	0	0	BPO:	S[1:0]	0	0	0	BSTOP
1	0	1	0	EnB	RtB					Bch_Pι	ulse[9:0]				
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	Chopp	ing[1:0]	CacheM	0	0	0	P_CTRL	C	LK_DIV[2:	0]
				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	PI_CTRL1	PI_CTRL2
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5_Se	el[1:0]	5_Ch	op[1:0]
				0	1	0	5_PWM	I_Ct[1:0]			5ch_	PWM_Duty	y[6:0]		
				0	0	0	0	Cui	rent driver	reference	voltage ad	justment6 (	DAC6 outp	out value) [	7:0]
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	7ch_S 0 7_PWM_Ct[1:0] 6ch_S 0 6_PWM_				1_Ct[1:0]			
'		'		1	0	0	0	Cui	rent driver	reference	voltage ad	justment7 (	DAC7 outp	out value) [	
				1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	CMD_RS
	Addresses other han those above Setting prohibited														

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) The notations A, B, in the register map correspond to Ach, Bch respectively.

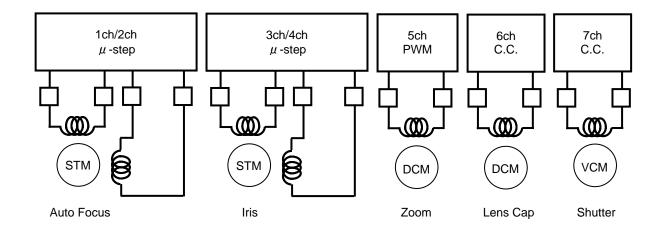
<sup>(</sup>Note 2) The Ach is defined as 1ch and 2ch driver output, the Bch as 3ch and 4ch driver output.

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) After reset (Power ON reset, and CMD\_RS), "initial setting" is saved in all registers.
(Note 4) For Mode, different output voltage, Cycle, En, and Rt registers, data that are written before the access to the Pulse register becomes valid, and determines the rising edge of CSB after the access to the Pulse register.

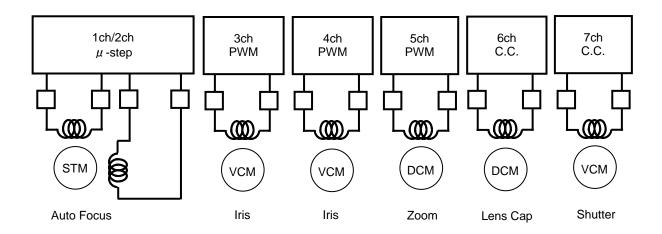
<sup>(</sup>The Mode, different output voltage, Cycle, En, Rt, and Pulse registers contain Cache registers. Any registers other than those do not contain Cache registers.)

<sup>(</sup>Note 5) For POS, STOP, chop, PWM\_Ct, and PWM\_duty registers, data are determined at the rising edge of CSB. For any registers other than those, data are determined at the rising edge of 16th SCLK.

# Application Example



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# ●I/O Equivalence Circuit

/O Equivalence (	D Equivalence Circuit								
Pin	Equivalent Circuit Diagram	Pin	Equivalent Circuit Diagram						
FCLK CSB SCLK SDATA IN7A IN7B	DVDD DVDD	PIOUT1 PIOUT2	DVDD						
STATE11 STATE12 STATE21 STATE22	DVDD DVDD	OUT1A OUT1B OUT2A OUT2B	MVCC12						
OUT3A OUT3B OUT4A OUT4B	MVCC34	OUT5A OUT5B	MVCC5						
OUT6A OUT6B	RNF6	OUT7A OUT7B	RNF7						

#### Operational Notes

#### 1) Absolute maximum ratings

If applied voltage, operating temperature range, or other absolute maximum ratings are exceeded, the LSI may be damaged. Do not apply voltages or temperatures that exceed the absolute maximum ratings. If you expect that any voltage or temperature could be exceeding the absolute maximum ratings, take physical safety measures such as fuses to prevent any conditions exceeding the absolute maximum ratings from being applied to the LSI.

#### 2) GND potential

The voltage of the ground pin must be the lowest voltage of all pins of the IC at all operating conditions. Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

#### 3) Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin by taking into account the permissible power dissipation (PD) in actual operating conditions.

#### 4) Short circuit between pins and malfunctions

Ensure that when mounting the IC on the PCB the direction and position are correct. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

#### 5) Operation in strong magnetic field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

#### 6) Power ON sequence

To turn ON the DVDD, be sure to reset at CMD\_RS register.

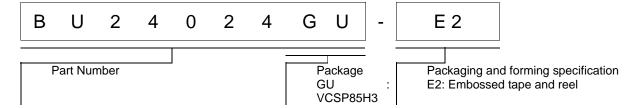
#### 7) Thermal shutdown

The IC incorporates a built-in thermal shutdown circuit, which is designed to turn off the IC when the internal temperature of the IC reaches a specified value. It is not designed to protect the IC from damage or guarantee its operation. Do not continue to operate the IC after this function is activated. Do not use the IC in conditions where this function will always be activated.

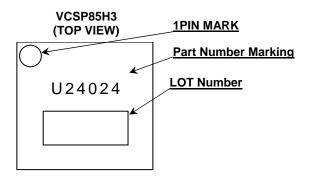
#### 8) PI drive circuit

The output voltage of PIOUT should not exceed the voltage of the power supply voltage DVDD.

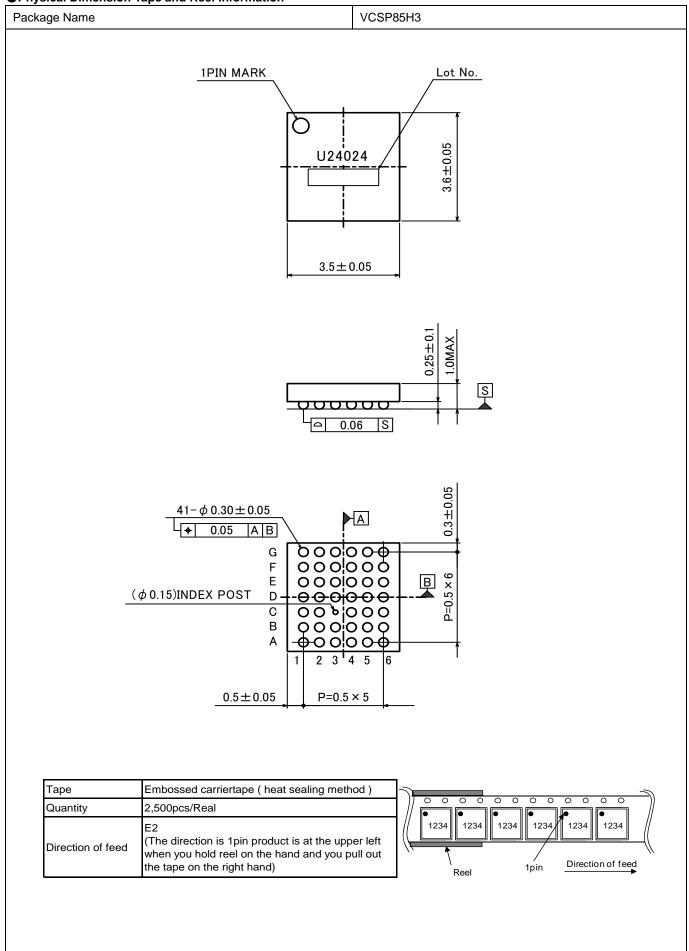
# Ordering Information



# Marking Diagram



●Physical Dimension Tape and Reel Information



# Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes			
26.Sep.2012	001	New Release			
18.Apr.2013	002	Update some English words, sentences, description, grammar and formatting.			

# **Notice**

#### **Precaution on using ROHM Products**

Our Products are designed and manufactured for application in ordinary electronic equipments (such as AV equipment, OA equipment, telecommunication equipment, home electronic appliances, amusement equipment, etc.). If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment (Note 1), transport equipment, traffic equipment, aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, fuel controllers, car equipment including car accessories, safety devices, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JAPAN	AN USA EU		CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASS II b	СГУССШ
CLASSIV	CLASSIII	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ

- 2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
  - [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
  - [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
- 3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
  - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
  - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
  - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>
  - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
  - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
  - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
  - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
  - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

#### Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

# **Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits**

- If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

#### **Precaution for Electrostatic**

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

# **Precaution for Storage / Transportation**

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
  - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
  - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
  - the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
  - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

#### **Precaution for Product Label**

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

#### **Precaution for Disposition**

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

#### **Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act**

Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

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Rev.001

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