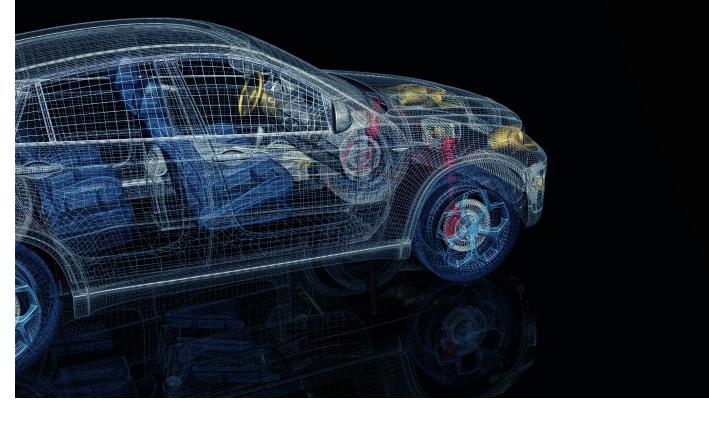


MULTILAYER CERAMIC CAPACITORS for AUTOMOTIVE



To ensure safe drive





SAMSUNG ELECTRO-MECHANICS

Premium Capacitors for Automotive Applications



1 SERIES CODE

CL = Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

2 SIZE CODE

Code	inch(mm)	Code	inch(mm)	Code	inch(mm)
05	0402(1005)	21	0805(2012)	32	1210(3225)
10	0603(1608)	31	1206(3216)		

3 DIELECTRIC CODE

Class I			
Symbol	EIA Code	Operation Temperature Range(°C)	Temperature Coeffcient(ppm / °C)
С	COG	-55 ~ +125	0 ± 30

Class II

Symbol	EIA Code	Operation Temperature Range(°C)	Capacitance Change(ΔC %)
В	X7R	-55 ~ +125	± 15
Y	X7S	-55 ~ +125	± 22
Z	X7T	-55 ~ +125	-33 ~ +22

4 CAPACITANCE CODE

Capacitance expressed in pF. 2 significant digits plus number of zeros. example) 106=10×10^6=10,000,000 pF

For Values < 10pF, Letter R denotes decimal point example) 1R5 =1.5pF

5 TOLERANCE CODE

Capacitance Tolerance

Code	Capacitance Tolerance	TC	Capacitance series	Remark
С	± 0.25pF	COG	E-12 series*	under 5pF
D	± 0.5pF	COG	E-12 series*	5pF < Cp < 10pF
J	± 5%	COG	E-12 series	≥10pF
K	± 10%	X7R/X7S	E-6 series	
М	± 20%	X7R/X7S	E-6 series	

* E-24 series is also available

% This code has only typical specifications. Please refer to individual specifications.

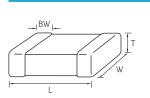
Code		Capacitance Step										
E-3	1.0					2	.2		4.7			
E-6	1	1.0 1.5		2	.2	3	.3	4	1.7 6.8		.8	
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
E-24	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.0	4.7	5.1	5.6	6.2
E-24	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	3.3	3.6	3.9	4.3	6.8	7.5	8.2	9.1



- Automotive products are manufactured in state of the art facilities recommend for registration to ISO 9001 & IATF 16949.
- Automotive products meet AEC-Q200 requirements.
- Automotive products are RoHS compliant.
- Automotive products meet JEDEC-020-D requirements.
- X7R dielectric components have BME and metal-epoxy terminations with a Ni/Sn plated overcoat.
- COG dielectric components contain BME and copper terminations with a Ni/Sn plated overcoat. Size 0603/0805/1206 is suitable for flow and reflow soldering. Size 0402 and smaller (≤0402) and 1210 and bigger (≥1210) is suitable for reflow soldering.

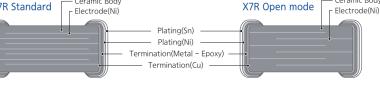
Application

- Automotive Electronic Equipment (Powertrain, Safety, Body & Chassis, Convenience, Infotainment)



Structure and Dimensions

Ceramic Body Electrode(Ni) Plating(Sn) Plating(Ni) Termination(Cu)	
Ceramic Body Electrode(Ni) Plating(Sn)	X7R Open
	Electrode(Ni) Plating(Sn) Plating(Ni) Termination(Cu) Ceramic Body Electrode(Ni)



[VPN]



Ceramic Body

Size Code	EIA Code	Dimension(mm)							
Size Code		L	W	Т	BW				
05	0402	1.00±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.25±0.10				
10	0603	1.60±0.10	0.80±0.10	0.80±0.10	0.30±0.20				
21	0805	2.00±0.10	1.25±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.5+0.2/-0.3				
21	0805	2.00±0.15	1.25±0.15	1.25±0.15	0.3+0.27-0.3				
31	1206	3.20±0.20	1.60±0.20	1.60±0.20	0.5±0.3				
32	1210	3.20±0.30	2.50±0.20	2.00±0.20	0.6±0.3				
	1210	5.2010.50	2.3010.20	2.50±0.20					

Automotive Capacitance Table (COG)

		Rated					Ca	pacitar	ice				
Size inch (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Voltage		рF		nF							
(11111)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(Vdc)	100	220	470	1	2.2	4.7	10	22	47	100	220
0402	0.50	50											
(1005)	0.50	100											
0603	0.80	50											
(1608)	0.80	100		270									
0805	805 0.60	50		1	1				1				
(2012)	1.25	100											

Product Line up (Automotive Capacitors_ C0G)

Size : 1.00×0.50mm (inch : 0402)

No. Max (mm) Voltage TCC Capacitance Capacitan	
Max. (mm) (Vdc) Capacitance Tolerance	
1 0.55 50 COG 1pF ±0.25pF	CL05C010CB51PN
2 0.55 50 COG 1.2pF ±0.25pF	CL05C1R2CB51PN
3 0.55 50 COG 1.2pF ±0.1%	CL05C1R2BB51PN
4 0.55 50 COG 1.5pF ±0.25pF	CL05C1R5CB51PN
5 0.55 50 COG 1.5pF ±0.1%	CL05C1R5BB51PN
6 0.55 50 COG 1.8pF ±0.1%	CL05C1R8BB51PN
7 0.55 50 COG 2pF ±0.1%	CL05C020BB51PN
8 0.55 50 COG 2.2pF ±0.25pF	
9 0.55 50 COG 3pF ±0.25pF	
10 0.55 50 COG 3.3pF ±0.1%	CL05C3R3BB51PN
11 0.55 50 COG 3.9pF ±0.25pF	
12 0.55 50 COG 4pF ±0.25pF	
13 0.55 50 COG 4.7pF ±0.25pF 14 0.55 50 COG 5pF ±0.25pF	
17 0.55 50 COG 6pF ±0.25pF 18 0.55 50 COG 6pF ±0.5pF	
18 0.55 50 COG 6.8pF ±0.5pF 19 0.55 50 COG 6.8pF ±0.5pF	
20 0.55 50 COG 6.8pF ±0.5pF	
20 0.55 50 COG 0.60 10.25 21 0.55 50 COG 8pF ±0.5pF	
21 0.55 50 COG 601 10.50 22 0.55 50 COG 8.2pF ±0.25pF	
23 0.55 50 COG 8.2pF ±0.1%	CL05C8R2BB51PN
24 0.55 50 COG 9pF ±0.25pF	
25 0.55 50 COG 9pF ±0.5pF	
26 0.55 50 COG 10pF ±2%	CL05C100GB51PN
27 0.55 50 COG 10pF ±5%	CL05C100JB51PN
28 0.55 50 COG 12pF ±5%	CL05C120JB51PN
29 0.55 50 COG 15pF ±5%	CL05C150JB51PN
30 0.55 50 COG 18pF ±5%	CL05C180JB51PN
31 0.55 50 COG 20pF ±2%	CL05C200GB51PN
32 0.55 50 COG 22pF ±5%	CL05C220JB51PN
33 0.55 50 COG 27pF ±5%	CL05C270JB51PN
34 0.55 50 COG 20pF ±5%	CL05C200JB51PN
35 0.55 50 COG 33pF ±5%	CL05C330JB51PN
36 0.55 50 COG 39pF ±5%	CL05C390JB51PN
37 0.55 50 COG 47pF ±5%	CL05C470JB51PN
38 0.55 50 COG 56pF ±5%	CL05C560JB51PN
39 0.55 50 COG 68pF ±5%	CL05C680JB51PN
40 0.55 50 COG 68pF ±1%	CL05C680FB51PN
41 0.55 50 COG 82pF ±5%	CL05C820JB51PN
42 0.55 50 COG 100pF ±5%	CL05C101JB51PN
43 0.55 50 COG 120pF ±5%	
44 0.55 50 COG 150pF ±5% 45 0.55 50 COG 150pF ±1%	CL05C151JB51PN □ CL05C151FB51PN □
45 0.55 50 COG 150pF ±1% 46 0.55 50 COG 220pF ±5%	CL05C221JB51PN 🗆
46 0.55 50 COG 220pr ±3% 47 0.55 100 COG 2.2pF ±0.25pF	
47 0.55 100 COG 2.2pr ±0.25pr 48 0.55 100 COG 4.7pF ±0.25pF	
48 0.55 100 COG 4.7 pr ±0.25 pr 49 0.55 100 COG 10pF ±5%	CL05C100JC51PN
49 0.55 100 COG 100 100 50 0.55 100 COG 12pF ±5%	CL05C120JC51PN
50 0.55 100 COG 12pr 15% 51 0.55 100 COG 15pF ±5%	CL05C120JC51PN
51 0.55 100 COG 1501 1571 52 0.55 100 COG 18pF ±5%	CL05C180JC51PN
52 0.55 100 COG 100 100 53 0.55 100 COG 22pF ±5%	CL05C220JC51PN
55 0.55 100 COG 22pr 15% 54 0.55 100 COG 27pF ±5%	CL05C270JC51PN
51 0.55 100 COG 21pl 15% 55 0.55 100 COG 33pF ±5%	CL05C330IC51PN
55 0.55 100 COG 35pr 15% 56 0.55 100 COG 39pF ±5%	CL05C390JC51PN
57 0.55 100 COG 47pF ±5%	CL05C470JC51PN
58 0.55 100 COG 56pF ±5%	CL05C560JC51PN
59 0.55 100 COG 68pF ±5%	CL05C680JC51PN
60 0.55 100 COG 82pF ±5%	CL05C820JC51PN
61 0.55 100 COG 100pF ±5%	CL05C101JC51PN 🗆

Product Line up (Automotive Capacitors_ C0G)

■ Size : 1.60×0.80mm (inch : 0603)

No.	Thickness Max. (mm)	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	тсс	Capacitance	Capacitance Tolerance	Part Number	Remark
62	0.90	100	COG	15pF	±5%	CL10C150JC81PN 🗆	
63	0.90	100	COG	18pF	±5%	CL10C180JC81PN	
64	0.90	100	COG	20pF	±5%	CL10C200JC81PN	
65	0.90	100	COG	27pF	±5%	CL10C270JC81PN	
66	0.90	100	COG	39pF	±5%	CL10C390JC81PN	
67	0.90	100	COG	47pF	±5%	CL10C470JC81PN 🗆	
68	0.90	100	COG	50pF	±5%	CL10C500JC81PN	
69	0.90	100	COG	56pF	±5%	CL10C560JC81PN	
70	0.90	100	COG	82pF	±5%	CL10C820JC81PN	
71	0.90	100	COG	100pF	±5%	CL10C101JC81PN	
72	0.90	100	COG	120pF	±5%	CL10C121JC81PN	
73	0.90	100	COG	150pF	±5%	CL10C151JC81PN	
74	0.90	100	COG	180pF	±5%	CL10C181JC81PN 🗆	
75	0.90	100	COG	220pF	±5%	CL10C221JC81PN	

■ Size : 2.00×1.25mm (inch : 0805)

No.	Thickness Max. (mm)	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	тсс	Capacitance	Capacitance Tolerance	Part Number	Remark
1	1.35	50	COG	1nF	±5%	CL21C102JBF1PN 🗆	
2	1.35	50	COG	1.8nF	±5%	CL21C182JBF1PN 🗆	
3	1.35	50	COG	2.2nF	±5%	CL21C222JBF1PN 🗆	
4	1.35	50	COG	3.3nF	±5%	CL21C332JBF1PN 🗆	
5	1.35	50	COG	4.7nF	±5%	CL21C472JBF1PN 🗆	
6	1.35	50	COG	6.8nF	±5%	CL21C682JBF1PN 🗆	
7	1.35	50	COG	8.2nF	±5%	CL21C822JBF1PN 🗆	
8	1.35	50	COG	10nF	±5%	CL21C103JBF1PN 🗆	
9	1.35	100	COG	1nF	±5%	CL21C102JCF1PN 🗆	

Product Line up (Automotive Capacitors_X7R/X7S/X7T)

Size : 1.60×0.80mm (inch : 0603)

No.	Thickness Max. (mm)	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	тсс	Capacitance	Capacitance Tolerance	Part Number	Remark
1	0.90	6.3	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL10B105KQ8VPN 🗆	
2	1.00	6.3	X7T	4.7uF	±20%	CL10Z475MQ9VPN 🗆	
3	0.90	10	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL10B224KP8VPN	
4	0.90	10	X7R	470nF	±10%	CL10B474KP8VPN 🗆	
5	0.90	10	X7R	680nF	±10%	CL10B684KP8VPN	
6	0.90	10	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL10B105KP8VPN	
7	0.90	10	X7S	2.2uF	±10%	CL10Y225KP84PN 🗆	
8	0.90	16	X7R	68nF	±10%	CL10B683KO8WPN	
9	0.90	16	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL10B104KO8WPN	
10	0.90	16	X7R	150nF	±10%	CL10B154KO8VPN 🗆	
11	0.90	16	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL10B224KO8VPN	
12	0.90	16	X7R	270nF	±10%	CL10B274KO8VPN	
13	0.90	16	X7R	330nF	±10%	CL10B334KO8VPN	
14	0.90	16	X7R	470nF	±10%	CL10B474KO8VPN	
15	0.90	16	X7R	680nF	±10%	CL10B684KO8VPN	
16	0.90	16	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL10B105KO8VPN	
17	0.90	25	X7R	1nF	±10%	CL10B102KA8WPN	
18	0.90	25 25	X7R	1.5nF	±10%	CL10B152KA8WPN	
19 20	0.90	25	X7R X7R	2.2nF 3.3nF	±10% ±10%	CL10B222KA8WPN CL10B332KA8WPN CL10B3XA8WPN CL10B3XA8WPN CL10BA	
20	0.90	25	X7R X7R	4.7nF	±10%	CL10B332KA8WPN	
21	0.90	25	X7R	6.8nF	±10%	CL10B472KA8WPN	
22	0.90	25	X7R	10nF	±10%	CL10B002KA8WPN	
23	0.90	25	X7R X7R	15nF	±10%	CL10B153KA8WPN	
25	0.90	25	X7R X7R	22nF	±10%	CL10B223KA8WPN	
26	0.90	25	X7R X7R	33nF	±10%	CL10B333KA85PN	
27	0.90	25	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL10B473KA85PN	
28	0.90	25	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL10B104KA8WPN	
29	0.90	25	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL10B104KA8VPN	
30	0.90	25	X7R	150nF	±10%	CL10B154KA8VPN	
31	0.90	25	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL10B224KA8VPN	
32	0.90	25	X7R	330nF	±10%	CL10B334KA8VPN 🗆	
33	0.90	25	X7R	470nF	±10%	CL10B474KA8VPN 🗆	
34	0.90	25	X7R	680nF	±10%	CL10B684KA8VPN 🗆	
35	0.90	25	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL10B105KA8VPN 🗆	
36	0.90	50	X7R	220pF	±10%	CL10B221KB8WPN	
37	0.90	50	X7R	470pF	±10%	CL10B471KB8WPN	
38	0.90	50	X7R	1nF	±10%	CL10B102KB8WPN	
39	0.90	50	X7R	1nF	±5%	CL10B102JB8WPN 🗆	
40	0.90	50	X7R	1.5nF	±10%	CL10B152KB8WPN	
41	0.90	50	X7R	1.8nF	±10%	CL10B182KB8WPN	
42	0.90	50	X7R	2.2nF	±10%	CL10B222KB8WPN	
43	0.90	50	X7R	2.7nF	±10%	CL10B272KB8WPN	
44	0.90	50	X7R	3.3nF	±10%	CL10B332KB8WPN	
45	0.90	50	X7R	3.9nF	±10%	CL10B392KB8WPN	
46	0.90	50	X7R	4.7nF	±10%	CL10B472KB8WPN	
47	0.90	50	X7R	4.7nF	±5%	CL10B472JB8WPN	
48	0.90	50	X7R	4.7nF	±5%		
49	0.90	50	X7R	5.6nF	±10%	CL10B562KB8WPN	
50	0.90	50	X7R	6.8nF	±10%		
51	0.90	50	X7R	8.2nF	±10%		
52	0.90	50	X7R	10nF	±10% ±10%		
53 54	0.90	50 50	X7R X7R	15nF 22nF	±10% ±10%		
54	0.90	50	X7R X7R	22nF 27nF	±10% ±10%	CL10B223KB8WPN CL10B273KB8WPN	
55	0.90	50	X7R X7R	33nF	±10% ±10%	CL10B273KB8WPN	
50	0.90	50	X7R X7R	330F 39nF	±10% ±10%	CL10B333KB8WPN	
57	0.90	50	X7R X7R	47nF	±10% ±10%	CL10B393KB8WPN	
59	0.90	50	X7R X7R	56nF	±10%	CL10B563KB8WPN	
60	0.90	50	X7R X7R	68nF	±10%	CL10B505KB8WPN	
00	0.90	50	X7R X7R	82nF	±10%	CL10B003KB8WPN	

Product Line up (Automotive Capacitors_X7R/X7S/X7T)

■ Size : 2.00×1.25mm (inch : 0805)

No.	Thickness Max. (mm)	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	тсс	Capacitance	Capacitance Tolerance	Part Number	Remark
1	1.40	6.3	X7R	4.7uF	±10%	CL21B475KQQVPN 🗆	
2	1.40	6.3	X7S	10uF	±10%	CL21Y106KQQVPN 🗆	
3	1.35	10	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL21B105KPFVPN	
4	1.35	10	X7R	2.2uF	±10%	CL21B225KPFVPN 🗆	
5	1.40	10	X7R	4.7uF	±10%	CL21B475KPQVPN 🗆	
6	1.40	10	X7S	10uF	±10%	CL21Y106KPQVPN	
7	1.35	16	X7R	150nF	±10%	CL21B154KOFVPN 🗆	
8	1.35	16	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL21B224KOFVPN 🗆	
9	1.35	16	X7R	270nF	±10%	CL21B274KOFVPN 🗆	
10	1.35	16	X7R	330nF	±10%	CL21B334KOFVPN 🗆	
11	1.35	16	X7R	390nF	±10%	CL21B394KOFVPN 🗆	
12	1.35	16	X7R	470nF	±10%	CL21B474KOFVPN 🗆	
13	1.35	16	X7R	680nF	±10%	CL21B684KOFVPN 🗆	
14	1.35	16	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL21B105KOFVPN	
15	1.35	16	X7R	2.2uF	±10%	CL21B225KOFVPN 🗆	
16	1.40	16	X7R	2.2uF	±10%	CL21B225KOQVPN	
17	1.40	16	X7R	3.3uF	±10%	CL21B335KOQVPN	
18	1.40	16	X7R	4.7uF	±10%	CL21B475KOQVPN	
19	1.40	16	X7S	10uF	±10%	CL21Y106KOQ4PN 🗆	
20	1.35	25	X7R	150nF	±10%	CL21B154KAFVPN 🗆	
21	1.35	25	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL21B224KAFVPN 🗆	
22	1.35	25	X7R	330nF	±10%	CL21B334KAFVPN 🗆	
23	1.35	25	X7R	470nF	±10%	CL21B474KAFVPN 🗆	
24	1.35	25	X7R	560nF	±10%	CL21B564KAFVPN 🗆	
25	1.35	25	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL21B105KAFVPN 🗆	
26	1.35	25	X7R	2.2uF	±10%	CL21B225KAFVPN 🗆	
27	1.35	50	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL21B104KBFWPN	
28	1.35	50	X7R	120nF	±10%	CL21B124KBFVPN 🗆	
29	1.35	50	X7R	150nF	±10%	CL21B154KBFVPN 🗆	
30	1.35	50	X7R	180nF	±10%	CL21B184KBFVPN 🗆	
31	1.35	50	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL21B224KBFVPN 🗆	
32	1.35	50	X7R	330nF	±10%	CL21B334KBFVPN 🗆	
33	1.35	50	X7R	470nF	±10%	CL21B474KBFVPN 🗆	
34	1.35	50	X7R	680nF	±10%	CL21B684KBFVPN 🗆	
35	1.35	50	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL21B105KBFVPN 🗆	
36	1.35	100	X7R	22nF	±10%	CL21B223KCFWPN	
37	1.35	100	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL21B473KCFWPN 🗆	
38	1.35	100	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL21B104KCFWPN	
39	1.40	100	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL21B224KCQVPN	

Special Automotive Capacitors

High Bending Strength

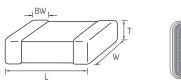


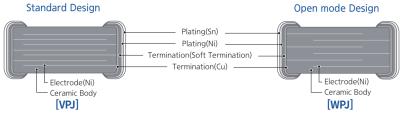
- AEC-Q200 qualified, 5mm bending strength guaranteed. - Strong thermo-mechanical properties.
- Soft termination has been tested according to the VW 80808-2.

Application

- Critical circuits and battery line circuits. (Prevent a module/sub-system failure in the event of a cracked/shorted capacitor)

Structure and Dimensions





Size Code	EIA Code		Dimension(mm)								
Size Coue		L	W	Т	BW						
05	0402	1.00±0.10	0.50±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.25±0.10						
10	0603	1.60±0.20	0.80±0.10	0.80±0.10	0.30±0.20						
21	0805	2.00+0.30	1.25+0.20	0.85±0.10	0.5+0.2/-0.3						
21	0805	2.00±0.50	1.25±0.20	1.25±0.20	0.5+0.2/-0.5						
31	1206	3.20±0.30	1.60±0.30	1.60±0.30	0.5±0.3						
32	1210	3.20±0.40	2.50±0.30	2.50±0.30	0.6±0.3						

High Bending Strength Capacitance Table (X7R/X7S)

C '	T 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	Rated						Capac	itance					
Size inch (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Voltage			r	١F					u	F		
(11111)	(11111)	(Vdc)	10	22	47	100	220	470	1	2.2	4.7	10	22	47
		10					X7S	X7S	X7S					
0402	0.50	16												
(1005)	0.50	25												
		50												
		16												
0603	0.80	25												
(1608)	0.80	50						[
	100													
		10												
0005		16												
0805 (2012)	1.25	25												
(2012)		50												
		100												
		10												
1206	1.60	16												
(3216)	1.60	25					- - - -							
		50					- - -							
		6.3												X7S
1210		10												X7S
1210 (3225)	2.50	16												
(3223)		25											X7S	
		50												

Special Automotive Capacitors

Product Line up (High Bending Strength Capacitors)

■ Size : 1.00×0.50mm (inch : 0402)

No.	Thickness Max. (mm)	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	тсс	Capacitance	Capacitance Tolerance	Part Number	Remark
1	0.55	16	X7R	10nF	±10%	CL05B103KO5VPJ 🗆	
2	0.55	16	X7R	22nF	±10%	CL05B223KO5VPJ 🗆	
3	0.55	16	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL05B473KO5VPJ 🗆	
4	0.55	16	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL05B104KO5VPJ 🗆	
5	0.55	25	X7R	22nF	±10%	CL05B223KA5VPJ 🗆	
6	0.55	25	X7R	10nF	±10%	CL05B103KA5VPJ 🗆	
7	0.55	50	X7R	10nF	±10%	CL05B103KB5VPJ 🗆	
8	0.55	50	X7R	22nF	±10%	CL05B223KB5VPJ 🗆	

Size : 1.60×0.80mm (inch : 0603)

No.	Thickness Max. (mm)	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	тсс	Capacitance	Capacitance Tolerance	Part Number	Remark
1	0.90	6.3	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL10B105KQ8VPJ 🗆	
2	0.90	10	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL10B105KP8VPJ 🗆	
3	0.90	16	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL10B473KO8VPJ 🗆	
4	0.90	16	X7R	470nF	±10%	CL10B474KO8VPJ 🗆	
5	0.90	16	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL10B105KO8VPJ 🗆	
6	0.90	25	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL10B473KA8VPJ 🗆	
7	0.90	25	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL10B104KA8VPJ 🗆	
8	0.90	25	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL10B105KA8VPJ 🗆	
9	0.90	50	X7R	1nF	±10%	CL10B102KB8WPJ	
10	0.90	50	X7R	1.5nF	±10%	CL10B152KB8WPJ	
11	0.90	50	X7R	2.2nF	±10%	CL10B222KB8WPJ 🗆	
12	0.90	50	X7R	4.7nF	±10%	CL10B472KB8WPJ 🗆	
13	0.90	50	X7R	22nF	±10%	CL10B223KB8VPJ 🗆	
14	0.90	50	X7R	33nF	±10%	CL10B333KB8VPJ 🗆	
15	0.90	50	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL10B473KB8VPJ 🗆	
16	0.90	50	X7R	68nF	±10%	CL10B683KB8VPJ	
17	0.90	50	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL10B104KB8VPJ 🗆	
18	0.90	50	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL10B224KB8VPJ 🗆	
19	0.90	100	X7R	1nF	±10%	CL10B102KC8WPJ	
20	0.90	100	X7R	2.2nF	±10%	CL10B222KC8WPJ	
21	0.90	100	X7R	4.7nF	±10%	CL10B472KC8WPJ	
22	0.90	100	X7R	10nF	±10%	CL10B103KC8WPJ	
23	0.90	100	X7R	22nF	±10%	CL10B223KC8VPJ	
24	0.90	100	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL10B473KC8VPJ	

■ Size : 2.00×1.25mm (inch : 0805)

No.	Thickness Max. (mm)	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	тсс	Capacitance	Capacitance Tolerance	Part Number	Remark
1	1.45	10	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL21B105KPFVPJ 🗆	
2	1.45	16	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL21B105KOFVPJ	
3	1.45	16	X7R	2.2uF	±10%	CL21B225KOFVPJ	
4	1.45	16	X7R	4.7uF	±10%	CL21B475KOQVPJ	
5	1.45	25	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL21B224KAFVPJ 🗆	
6	1.45	25	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL21B105KAFVPJ 🗆	
7	1.45	25	X7R	10uF	±10%	CL21Y106KABVPJ 🗆	
8	1.45	50	X7R	15nF	±10%	CL21B153KBFWPJ	
9	1.45	50	X7R	22nF	±10%	CL21B223KBFWPJ 🗆	
10	1.45	50	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL21B473KBFWPJ	
11	1.45	50	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL21B104KBFWPJ 🗆	
12	1.45	50	X7R	220nF	±10%	CL21B224KBFVPJ 🗆	
13	1.45	50	X7R	330nF	±10%	CL21B334KBFVPJ	
14	1.45	50	X7R	470nF	±10%	CL21B474KBFVPJ 🗆	
15	1.45	50	X7R	1uF	±10%	CL21B105KBFVPJ 🗆	
16	1.45	50	X7R	4.7uF	±10%	CL21Y475KBYVPJ 🗆	
17	1.45	100	X7R	10nF	±10%	CL21B103KCCWPJ	
18	1.45	100	X7R	47nF	±10%	CL21B473KCFWPJ 🗆	
19	1.45	100	X7R	22nF	±10%	CL21B223KCFWPJ	
20	1.45	100	X7R	100nF	±10%	CL21B104KCFWPJ 🗆	

Reliability Test Conditions

No.		Item		Performance			Test condition			
1		nd Post-Stres ectrical Test	S	-						
	EN	Appeara	ince	No abnormal exterior appearance		Unpowered,	, 1000hrs@T = 125℃			
		Capacitance	Class I	Within±2.5% or ±0.25pF, (Whichever is larger)						
	Llink	Change	Class II	Within±10%			Initial Measurement Perform the heat treatment at 150°C +0 / -10°C for 1 hour			
2	High Temper- ature	Q	Class I	Capacitance \geq 30pF : Q \geq 1,000 $<$ 30pF : Q \geq 400 + 20 X C (C : Capacitance)		and leave th	e capacitor in ambient condition surement. Then perform the mea	for 24±2 hours		
	Exposure	Tanδ	Class II	Rated Voltage \geq 25V : 0.030 max \geq 16V : 0.050 max \geq 10V : 0.075 max	*1)		rement apacitor in ambient condition for surement. Then perform the mea			
		IR		More than 10,000M Ω or 500M Ω X μF (Whichever is smaller)	*1)					
		Appeara	ince	No abnormal exterior appearance		1000Cycles				
		Capacitance Change	Class I Class II	Within±2.5% or ±0.25pF, (Whichever is larger) Within±10%		and leave th	urement heat treatment at 150°C +0 / -10 e capacitor in ambient condition surement. Then perform the mea	for 24±2 hours		
3	Temper- ature			Capacitance \geq 30pF : Q \geq 1,000 $<$ 30pF : Q \geq 400 + 20 X C (C : Capacitance)		Final Measu Leave the ca		24±2 hours		
	Cycling	ycling		Rated Voltage \geq 25V : 0.030 max		Step	Temperature(°C)	Time(min.)		
		Tanδ	Class II	\ge 16V : 0.050 max \ge 10V : 0.075 max	*1)	1	Min. operating Temp.+0/ -3	30±3		
				≥ 10V : 0.075 max	*1)	2	25±2	1		
		IR		More than 10,000MΩ or 500MΩ X μF		3	Max. operating Temp.+3/ - 0	30±3		
		11		(Whichever is smaller)	*1)	4	25±2	1		
4	Destructive Physical Analysis			No defects or abnormalities		Per EIA 469				
		Appearance		No abnormal exterior appearance			C / 85%RH, Rated voltage and 1.3	3 ~ 1.5V,		
		Capacitance	Class I			(add 100kohm resistor) Initial Measurement				
		Change	Class II			Perform the heat treatment at 150°C +0 / -10°C for 1 hour				
5	Biased Humidity	Q	Class I	Capacitance \geq 30pF : Q \geq 200 $<$ 30pF : Q \geq 100 + (10/3) X ((C : Capacitance)		and leave the capacitor in ambient condition for 24±2 hours before measurement. Then perform the measurement. Final Measurement				
		Tanδ	Class II	Rated Voltage ≥ 25V : 0.035 max ≥ 16V : 0.050 max ≥ 10V : 0.075 max	*1)	and leave th	heat treatment at 150°C +0 / -10 le capacitor in ambient condition surement. Then perform the mea	for 24±2 hours		
		IR	1	More than 500M Ω or 25M Ω X μF (Whichever is smaller)	*1)					
		Appeara	ince	No abnormal exterior appearance		1000hrs @ 1	rA=125°C, 200% Rated Voltage, *:	2)		
		Capacitance	Class I	Within±3.0% or ±0.3pF, (Whichever is larger)		Initial Measu Perform the	urement • heat treatment at 150°C +0 / -10	°C for 1 hour		
		Change	Class II	Within±12.5%		and leave th	e capacitor in ambient condition	for 24±2 hours		
6	High Temper- 6 ature Operating Life	Q	Class I	Capacitance $\ge 30 \text{pF} : \text{Q} \ge 350$ $\ge 10 \text{pF} : \text{Q} \ge 275 + (15 / 2) \text{X}$ $< 10 \text{pF} : \text{Q} \ge 200 + 10 \text{X C}$ (C : Capacitance)	С	Final Measu Perform the and leave th	heat treatment at 150°C +0 / -10 e capacitor in ambient condition	°C for 1 hour for 24±2 hours		
		Tanδ	Class II	Rated Voltage ≥ 25V : 0.035 max ≥ 16V : 0.050 max ≥ 10V : 0.075 max	*1)	before measurement. Then perform the measurement.				
		IR		More than 1,000M Ω or 50M Ω X μF (Whichever is smaller)	*1)					
7	Ext	ernal Visual		No abnormal exterior appearance		Microscope	(x10)			
				Within the specified dimensions Using the calipers						

**1): Indicates typical specification. Please refer to individual specifications.
 *2): Some of the parts are applicable in rated voltage × 150% or × 120%, Please refer to individual specifications.

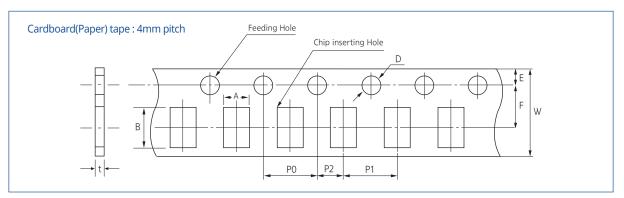
Reliability Test Conditions

No.		Item		Performance	Test condition					
		Appeara	ince	No abnormal exterior appearance	Bending to the limit for 60 seconds.					
15	Board Flex	Capacitance	Class I	Within±5.0% or ±0.5pF, (Whichever is larger)	Limit : Class I - 3mm Class II - 2mm *1) (Substrate for board flex test) 40mm 40mm 100mm 1.6mm [unit : mm] Code(Inch) Dimension(mm) a b c					
	Ċ	Change	Class II	Within±10%	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					
	Appearance			No abnormal exterior appearance	18N, for 60±1 sec. * 0603(1608) -10N, 0402(1005) -2N					
16		Capacitance	Class I	Within±2.5% or ±0.25pF, (Whichever is larger)	Initial Measurement Perform the heat treatment at 150°C +0 / -10°C for 1 hour and leave the capacitor in ambient condition for 24±2 hours before measurement. Then perform the measurement.					
	(SMD)	Change	Class II	Within±10%	Final Measurement Leave the capacitor in ambient condition for 24±2 hours before measurement. Then perform the measurement.					
17	В	eam Load	<u>.</u>	Destruction value should be exceed Chip Length \leq 2.5mm a) Chip Thickness > 0.5mm : 20N b) Chip Thickness \leq 0.5mm : 8N Chip Length \geq 3.2mm a) Chip Thickness \geq 1.25mm : 54.5N b) Chip Thickness < 1.25mm : 15N	Beam speed Chip Length ≤ 2.5mm, 0.50 \pm 0.05mm / sec. Chip Length ≥ 3.5mm, 2.50 \pm 0.25mm / sec.					
	Capaci- tance Tempera-	Capacitance	Class I	0±30ppm / ℃	Capacitance shall be measured by the steps shown in the following table. Step Temperature(°C) 1 25±2 2 Min. operating temp.±2 3 25±2 4 Max. operating temp.±2 5 25±2 Class I Class I					
18	ture Character- istics	Capacitance _ Change			• Class I Temperature Coefficient shall be calculated from the formula as below Temp. Coefficient = $\frac{C2 - C1}{C1 \times \Delta T} \times 10^{6}$ [ppm /°C] C1 : Capacitance at step 3 C2 : Capacitance at 125°C ΔT : 125°C - 25°C = 100°C • Class II Capacitance change shall be calculated from the formula as below $\Delta C = \frac{C2 - C1}{C1} \times 100(\%)$ C1 : Capacitance at step 3 C2 : Capacitance at step)2 or step 4					

**1): Indicates typical specification. Please refer to individual specifications. If you want more detaiedl imformation, Please Visit Samsung Electro - mechanics website (www.semlcr.com)

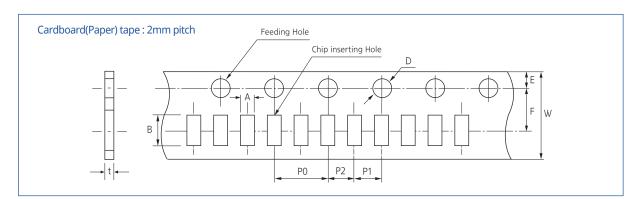
Packaging Specifications

Tape Size



										[unit : mm]
Size Inch(mm)	A	В	w	F	E	P1	P2	PO	D	t
0603 (1608)	1.00 ±0.10	1.90 ±0.10								
0805 (2012)	1.55 ±0.10	2.30 ±0.10	8.00 ±0.30	3.50 ±0.05	1.75 ±0.10	4.00 ±0.10	2.00 ±0.05	4.00 ±0.10	Ф1.50 +0.10/-0	1.10 Below
1206 (3216)	2.05 ±0.10	3.60 ±0.10								

% The A, B in the table above are based on normal dimensions. The data may be changed with the special size tolerances.



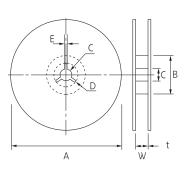
										[unit : mm]
Size Inch(mm)	A	В	w	F	E	P1	P2	P0	D	t
1005 (0402)	0.25 ±0.02	0.46 ±0.02								0.25 ±0.02
0201 (0603)	0.38 ±0.03	0.68 ±0.03							Φ1.50	0.35 ±0.03
0402 (1005)	0.62 ±0.05	1.12 ±0.05	8.00 ±0.30	3.50 ±0.05	1.75 ±0.10	2.00 ±0.05	2.00 ±0.05	4.00 ±0.10	0.10 /-0.03	0.60 ±0.05
0204 (0510)	0.62 0.05 /-0.10	1.12 0.05 /-0.10								0.37 ±0.03

% The A, B in the table above are based on normal dimensions. The data may be changed with the special size tolerances.

Packaging Specifications

Tape Size

Reel Size

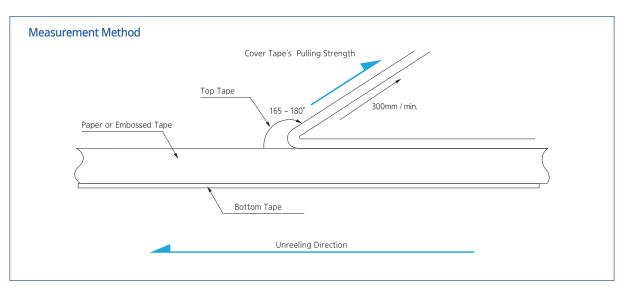


[unit : mm]

Symbol	Tape Width	А	В	С	D	E	W	t
	4mm	Φ178±2.0	ΜΙΝΦ50	Φ13±0.5	21±0.8	2.0±0.5	5±0.5	1.2±0.2
7"Reel	8mm	Ф178±2.0	ΜΙΝΦ50	Φ13±0.5	21±0.8	2.0±0.5	10±1.5	0.9±0.2
	12mm	Φ178±2.0	ΜΙΝΦ50	Φ13±0.5	21±0.8	2.0±0.5	13±0.5	1.2±0.2
10"Reel	8mm	Φ258±2.0	ΜΙΝΦ70	Φ13±0.5	21±0.8	2.0±0.5	10±1.5	1.8±0.2
13"Reel	8mm	Ф330±2.0	ΜΙΝΦ70	Φ13±0.5	21±0.8	2.0±0.5	10±1.5	1.8±0.2
13"Reel	12mm	Ф330±2.0	ΜΙΝΦ70	Φ13±0.5	21±0.8	2.0±0.5	13±0.5	2.2±0.2

Cover tape peel-off force

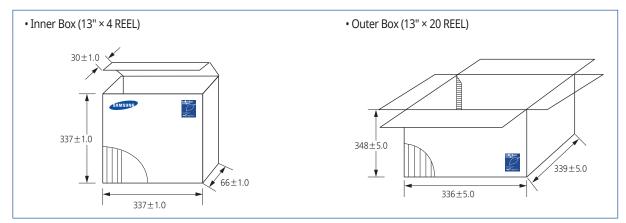
Peel-off force 10 g.f \leq peel-off force \leq 70 g.f



- Taping Packaging design : Packaging design follows IEC 60286-3 standard. (IEC 60286-3 Packaging of components for automatic handling - parts 3) * If the static electricity of SMT process causes any problems, please contact us.

Packaging Specifications

13" Box packaging



Chip Weight

Size(L/W) Inch(mm)	Size(T) (mm)	Temp.	Weight (mg/pc)	Size(L/W) Inch(mm)	Size(T) (mm)	Temp.	Weight (mg/pc)
	0.20	COG	0.082		0.30	COG	0.233
1005 (0402)	0.20	X7R	0.083	0201 (0603)	0.30	X7R	0.285
	0.20	0.20 X5R 0.093		0.30	X5R	0.317	
	0.50	COG	1.182		0.80	COG	4.615
0402 (1005)	0.50	X7R	1.559	0603 (1608)	0.80	X7R	5.522
	0.50	X5R	1.560		0.80	X5R	5.932
	0.65	COG	7.192		1.25	COG	28.086
0805 (2012)	1.25	X7R	16.523	1206 (3216)	1.60	X7R	54.050
	1.25	X5R	16.408		1.60	X5R	45.600
1210	2.50	X7R	116.197	1808	1.25	COG	47.382
(3225)	2.50	X5R	121.253	(4520)	1.25	X7R	63.136
1812 (4532)	1.25	X7R	96.697	2220 (5750)	1.60	X7R	260.897

The weight of product is typical value per size, for more details, please contact us.

3. Insulation Resistance

Ceramic dielectric has a low leakage current with DC voltage due to the high insulating properties. Insulation resistance is defined as the ratio of a leakage current to DC voltage.

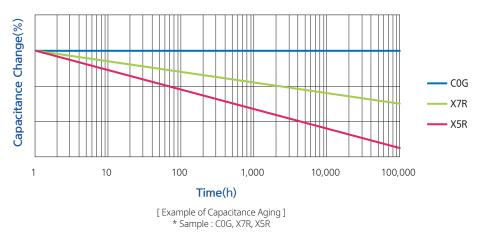
3-1. When applying DC voltage to MLCC, a charging current and a leakage current flow together at the initial stage of measurement.

While the charging current decreases, and insulation resistance (IR) in MLCC is saturated by time. Therefore, insulation resistance shall be measured 1 minute after applying the rated voltage.

4. Capacitance Aging

The aging characteristic is that the high dielectric (Class II) MLCC decreases capacitance value over time. It is also necessary to consider the aging characteristic with voltage and temperature characteristics when Class II MLCC is used in circuitry.

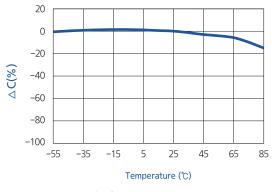
- 4-1. In general, aging causes capacitance to decrease linearly with the log of time as shown in the following graph. Please check with SEMCO for more details, since the value may vary between different models.
- 4-2. After heat treatment (150°C, 1hour), the capacitance decreased by aging is recovered, so aging should be considered again from the time of heat treatment.



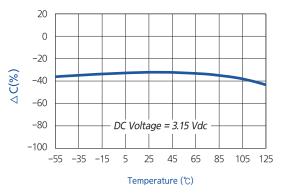
5. Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (TCC)

Please consider temperature characteristics of capacitance since the electrical characteristics such as capacitance changes which is caused by a change in ceramic dielectric constant by temperature.

5-1. It is necessary to check the values specified in section "C. Reliability test Condition–Temperature Characteristics" for the temperature and capacitance change range of MLCC.



[[] Example of Temperature Characteristics (X5R)] * Sample : 10uF, Rated voltage 6.3V

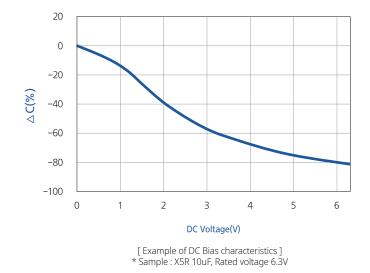


[Example of Bias TCC] * Sample : 10uF, Rated voltage 6.3V

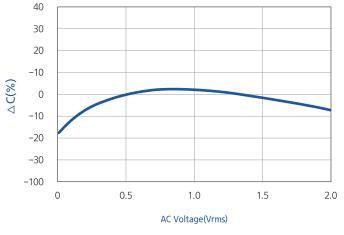
7. DC & AC Voltage Characteristics

It is required to consider voltage characteristics in the circuit since the capacitance value of high dielectric constant MLCC(Class II) is changed by applied DC & AC voltage.

7-1. Please ensure the capacitance change is within the allowed operating range of a system. In particular, when high dielectric constant type MLCC (Class II) is used in circuit with narrow allowed capacitance tolerance, a system should be designed with considering DC voltage, temperature characteristics and aging characteristics of MLCC.



7-2. It is necessary to consider the AC voltage characteristics of MLCC and the AC voltage of a system, since the capacitance value of high dielectric constant type MLCC (Class II) varies with the applied AC voltage.



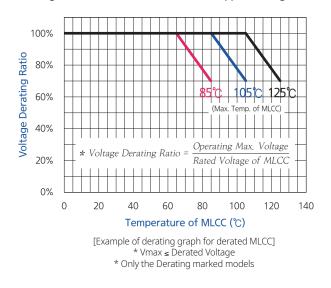
[[] Example of AC voltage characteristics] * Sample : X5R 10uF, Rated voltage 6.3V

Electrical & Mechanical Caution

1. Derating

MLCC with the test voltage at 100% of the rated voltage in the high temperature resistance test are labeled as "derated MLCC." For this type of MLCC, the voltage and temperature should be derated as shown in the following graph for the equivalent life time of a normal MLCC with the test voltage at 150% of the rated voltage in the high temperature resistance test.

- 1-1. The derated MLCC should be applied with the derating voltage and temperature as shown in the following graph.
- 1-2. The "Temperature of MLCC" in the x-axis of the graph below indicates the surface temperature of MLCC including selfheating effect. The "Voltage Derating Ratio" in the y-axis of the graph below gives the maximum operating voltage of MLCC with reference to the maximum voltage (Vmax) as defined in section "3-2. Applied Voltage."



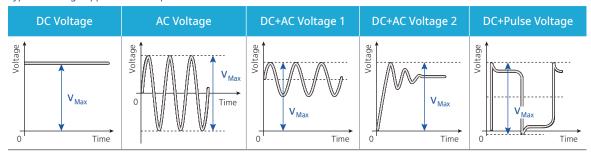
2. Applied Voltage

The actual applied voltage on MLCC should not exceed the rated voltage set in the specifications.

2-1. Cautions by types of voltage applied to MLCC

- For DC voltage or DC+AC voltage, DC voltage or the maximum value of DC + AC voltage should not exceed the rated voltage of MLCC.
- For AC voltage or pulse voltage, the peak-to-peak value of AC voltage or pulse voltage should not exceed the rated voltage of MLCC.
- · Abnormal voltage such as surge voltage, static electricity should not exceed the rated voltage of MLCC.

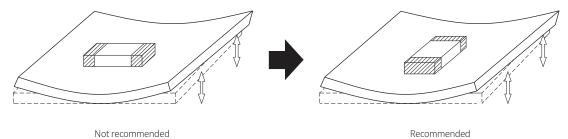
Types of Voltage Applied to the Capacitor



Process of Mounting and Soldering

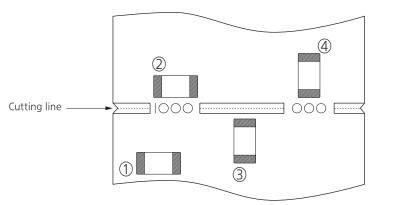
1. Mounting

- 1-1. Mounting position
 - It is recommended to locate the major axis of MLCC in parallel to the direction in which the stress is applied.



1-2. Cautions during mounting near the cutout

Please take the following measures to effectively reduce the stress generated from the cutting of PCB. Select the mounting location shown below, since the mechanical stress is affected by a location and a direction of MLCC mounted near the cutting line.

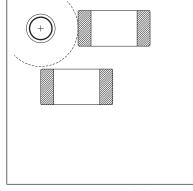


※ Relate mechanical stress

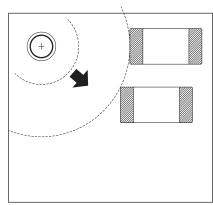
- 2 > 1 3 > 1
- **(4)** > **(1)**

1-3. Cautions during mounting near screw

If MLCC is mounted near a screw hole, the board deflection may be occurred by screw torque. Mount MLCC as far from the screw holes as possible.



Not recommended



Recommended

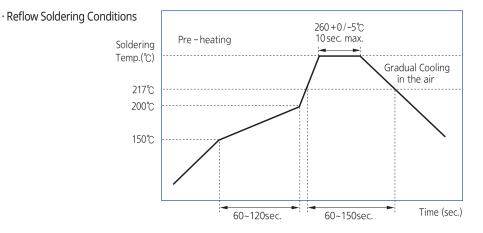
4. Reflow soldering

MLCC is in a direct contact with the dissolved solder during soldering, which may be exposed to potential mechanical stress caused by the sudden temperature change.

Therefore, MLCC may be contaminated by the location movement and flux. For the reason, the mounting process must be closely monitored.

Metho	od	Classification
Deflow eeldering	Overall heating	Infrared rays Hot plate VPS(Vapor phase)
Reflow soldering	Local heating	Air heater Laser Light beam

4-1. Reflow Profile



Use caution not to exceed the peak temperature (260°C) and time (30sec) as shown. Pre-heating is necessary for all constituents including the PCB to prevent the mechanical damages on MLCC. The temperature difference between the PCB and the component surface must be kept to the minimum.

As for reflow soldering, it is recommended to keep the number of reflow soldering to less than three times. Please check with us when the number of reflow soldering needs to exceed three times. Care must be exercised especially for the ultrasmall size, thin film and high capacitance MLCC as they can be affected by thermal stress more easily.

4-2. Reflow temperature

The following quality problem may occur when MLCC is mounted with a lower temperature than the reflow temperature recommended by a solder manufacturer. The specified peak temperature must be maintained after taking into consideration the factors such as the placement of peripheral constituent and the reflow temperature.

- · Drop in solder wettability
- Solder voids
- Potential occurrence of whisker
- Drop in adhesive strength
- · Drop in self-alignment properties
- Potential occurrence of tombstones

4-3. Cooling

Natural cooling with air is recommended.

6. Soldering Iron

Manual soldering can pose a great risk on creating thermal cracks in MLCC. The high temperature soldering iron tip may come into a direct contact with the ceramic body of MLCC due to the carelessness of an operator. Therefore, the soldering iron must be handled carefully, and close attention must be paid to the selection of the soldering iron tip and to temperature control of the tip.

6-1. How to use a soldering Iron

- In order to minimize damages on MLCC, preheating MLCC and PCB is necessary. A hot plate and a hot air type preheater should be used for preheating
- Do not cool down MLCC and PCB rapidly after soldering.
- Keep the contact time between the outer termination of MLCC and the soldering iron as short as possible. Long soldering time may cause problems such as adhesion deterioration by the leaching phenomenon of the outer termination.

Variation of Temp.	Soldering Temp.(°C)	Pre-heating Time(sec)	Soldering Time(sec)	Cooling Time(sec)
$\Delta T \leq 130$	300±10°C max	≥60	≤ 4	-

* Control Δ T in the solder iron and preheating temperature.

	Condition of Iron facilities	
Wattage	Tip diameter	Soldering time
20W max	3mm max	4sec max

* Caution - Iron tip should not contact with ceramic body directly Lead-free solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5CU

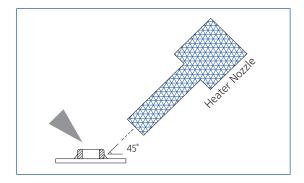
6-2. How to use a spot heater

Compared to local heating using a solder iron, heat by a spot heater heats the overall MLCC and the PCB, which is likely to lessen the thermal shocks.

For a high density PCB, a spot heater can prevent the problem to connect between a solder iron and MLCC directly.

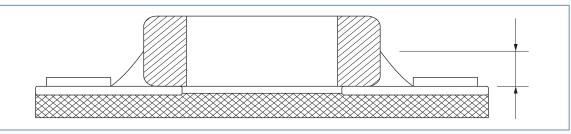
- If the distance from the air nozzle outlet to MLCC is too close, MLCC may be cracked due to the thermal stress. Follow the conditions set in the table below to prevent this problem.
- The spot heater application angle as shown in the figure is recommended to create a suitable solder fillet shape

Distance	5 mm \leq
Hot Air Application angle	45°C
Hot Air Temperature Nozzle Outlet	400°C \geq
Application Time	10s >



6-3. Cautions for re-work

- Too much solder amount will increase the risk of PCB bending or cause other damages.
- Too little solder amount will result in MLCC breaking loose from the PCB due to the inadequate adhesive strength.
- Check if the solder has been applied properly and ensure the solder fillet has a proper shape.



* Soldering wire below 0.5mm is required for soldering.

10. Assembly Handling

10-1. Cautions for PCB handling

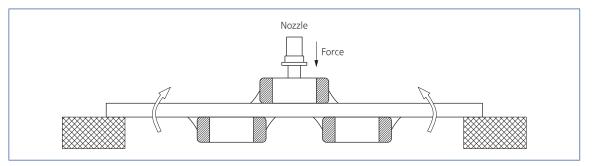
Hold the edges of the board mounted with MLCC with both hands since holding with one handmay bend the board. Do not use dropped boards, which may degrade the quality of MLCC.

10-2. Mounting other components

Pay attention to the following conditions when mounting other components on the back side of The board after MLCC has been mounted on the front side.

When the suction nozzle is placed too close to the board, board deflection stress may be applied to MLCC on the back side, resulting in cracks in MLCC.

Check if proper value is set on each chip mounter for a suction location, a mounting gap and a suction gap by the thickness of components.

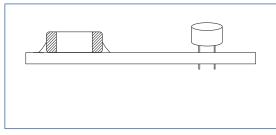


10-3. Board mounting components with leads

If the board is bent when inserting components (transformer, IC, etc.) into it, MLCC or solder joint may be cracked.

Pay attention to the following:

- Reduce the stress on the board during insertion by increasing the size of the lead insertion hole.
- Insert components with leads into the board after fixing the board with support pins or a dedicated jig.
- Support the bottom side of the board to avoid bending the board.
- Check the status of the height of each support pin regularly when the support pins are used.

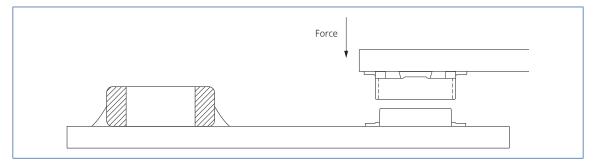


Not recommended

Recommended

10-4. Socket and / or connector attach / detach

Since the insertion or removal from sockets and connectors may cause the board to bent, make sure that MLCC mounted on the board should not be damaged in this process.



13. Coating

13-1. Crack caused by Coating

A crack may be caused in the MLCC due to amount of the resin and stress of thermal contraction of the resin during coating process.

During the coating process, the amount of resin and the stress of thermal contraction of the resin may cause cracks in MLCC.

The difference of thermal expansion coefficient between the coating, or a molding resin may cause destruction, deterioration of insulation resistance or dielectric breakdown of MLCC such as cracks or detachment, etc.

13-2. Recommended Coating material

- A thermal expansion coefficient should be as close to that of MLCC as possible.
- A silicone resin can be used as an under-coating to buffer the stress.
- The resin should have a minimum curing contraction rate.
- The resin should have a minimum sensitivity (ex. Epoxy resin).
- The insulation resistance of MLCC can be deteriorated if a high hygroscopic property resin is used in a high humidity condition.
- Do not use strong acid substances due to the fact that coating materials inducing a family of halogen substances and organic acid may corrode MLCC.

Design

1. Circuit design

When the board is dropped or bent, MLCC mounted on the board may be short-circuited by the drop in insulation resistance. Therefore, it is required to install safety equipment such as a fuse to prevent additional accidents when MLCC is short-circuited, otherwise, electric short and fire may occur. This product is not a safety guaranteed product.

2. PCB Design

- 2-1. Unlike lead type components, SMD type components that are designed to be mounted directly on the board are fragile to the stress. In addition, they are more sensitive to mechanical and thermal stress than lead type components.
- 2-2. MLCC crack by PCB material type

A great difference of the thermal expansion coefficient between PCB and MLCC causes thermal expansion and contraction, resulting in cracks in MLCC. Even though MLCC is mounted on a board with a fluorine resin or on a single-layered glass epoxy, cracks in MLCC may occur.

3. Design system evaluation

- 3-1. Evaluate the actual design with MLCC to make sure there is no functional issue or violation of specifications of the finished goods.
- 3-2. Please note that the capacitance may differ based on the operating condition of the actual system since Class 2 MLCC capacitance varies with applied voltage and temperature.
- 3-3. Surge resistance must be evaluated since the excessive surge caused by the inductance of the actual system may apply to MLCC.
- 3-4. Note the actual MLCC size and the termination shape.

Others

1. Storage environment

1-1. Recommendation for temperature/humidity

Even taping and packaging materials are designed to endure a long-term storage, they should be stored with a temperature of $0 \sim 40^{\circ}$ C and an RH of $0 \sim 70\%$ otherwise, too high temperatures or humidity may deteriorate the quality of the product rapidly.

As oxidization is accelerated when relative humidity is above 70%RH, the lower the humidity is, the better the solderability is. As the temperature difference may cause dew condensation during the storage of the product, it is a must to maintain a temperature control environment

1-2. Shelf Life

An allowable storage period should be within 6 months from the outgoing date of delivery in consideration of solderability. As for products in storage over 6 months, please check solderability before use.

2. Caution for corrosive environment

As corrosive gases may deteriorate the solderability of MLCC outer termination, it is a must to store MLCC in an environment without gases. MLCC that is exposed to corrosive gases may cause its quality issues due to the corrosion of plating layers and the penetration of moisture.

3. Equipment in operation

- 3-1. Do not touch MLCC directly with bare hands to prevent an electric shock or damage.
- 3-2. The termination of MLCC shall not be contacted with a conductive object (short –circuit). Do not expose MLCC to conductive liquid containing acidic or alkaline material.
- 3-3. Do not use the equipment in the following conditions.
 - (1) Exposure to water or oil
 - (2) Exposure to direct sunlight
 - (3) Exposure to Ozone or ultra-violet radiation.
 - (4) Exposure to corrosive gas (e.g. hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine, ammonia gas)
 - (5) Exposure to vibration or mechanical shock exceeding specified limit
 - (6) Exposure to high humidity
- 3-4. If the equipment starts generating any smoke, fire or smell, immediately switch it off or unplug from the power source. If the equipment is not switched off or unplugged, serious damage may occur due to the continuous power supply. Please be careful with the high temperature in this condition.

4. Waste treatment

In case of scrapping MLCC, it is incinerated or buried by a licensed industrial waste company. When scrapping MLCC, it is recommended to incinerate or bury the scrappage by a licensed industrial waste company.

5. Operating temperature

The operating temperature limit is determined by the specification of each models.

- 5-1. Do not use MLCC over the maximum operating temperature. Pay attention to equipment's temperature distribution and the seasonal fluctuation of ambient temperature.
- 5-2. The surface temperature of MLCC cannot exceed the maximum operating temperature including self-heating effects.

Certifications

ISO9001 & IATF 16949 ISO 14001 OHSAS18001 bsi. **1** (\mathbf{x}) Certificate of Registration NICS CO., LTD Sansung Becho-Mec Tango 80 Xaqing Ruad The Weden Economi and Technikgical De Tango 300442 China way Verites Certification certify that the Management System of the above organisation has been awaited and found to be in accordanc with the requirements of the menagement system standar cetatalor harks. Bureau Veritas Certification History SAS - UK Branch certify that the Manager System of the above organisation has been audited and Jound to be in accord with the resolvements of the management system standards detailed below ISO 14001:2015 0 products. The r o Magnetic Com Srid Anays), FPC 8179(Barlum Original certification date: 28 June 2013 Expry date of previous cycle: 39 June 2016 Certification / Recertification Audit date: 90 June 2016 Nike Subject to the continued satisfactory operation of t Epsilem, this certificate expires on: 24 June 2019 Hi Crithad Radar, NARASI D'Facher, 2020 (Crithad Crithan) ----Pages 1 of 2 9-01-0-0 ...making excellence a habi This service was insured exercised, and service the property of We and a to be adverses continues on the automotioned service memory of the service of the automation of the service of the service of the off is continued within the automation of the service of the service of the off is continued within the automation of the service of the servic

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Quality System Certification status for each factory site

Certification	Busan (Korea)	Tianjin (China)
IATF 16949	BSI IATF16949 91430-001	BSI IATF16949 91430-012
Date Validity	2019-04-04 ~ 2021-06-18	2019-04-04 ~ 2021-09-03
ISO 14001	KE191620	098_18_E1_012_R1_L
Date Validity	2019-06-10 ~ 2022-06-24	2018-04-15 ~ 2021-04-14
OHSAS 18001		098_18_S1_002_R1_L
Date Validity		2018-04-15 ~ 2021-03-12
QC 080000	IECQ-H_ULTW_10.0018	IECQ-H_ULTW_10.0021
Date Validity	2019-07-17 ~ 2022-07-19	2019-07-25 ~ 2022-07-26
ISO5001	18213-1	098_18_En1_021_R2_L
Date Validity	2019-05-17 ~ 2021-08-3019	2018-12-26 ~ 2021-08-30
ISO 45001	KS19017	TBD('20.May)
Date Validity	2019-06-10 ~ 2022-06-09	

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The products listed in this Specification sheet are NOT designed and manufactured for any use and applications set forth below.

Please note that any misuse of the products deviating from products specifications or information provided in this Spec sheet may cause serious property damages or personal injury.

We will NOT be liable for any damages resulting from any misuse of the products, specifically including using the products for high reliability applications as listed below.

If you have any questions regarding this 'Limitation of Use and Application', you should first contact our sales personnel or application engineers.

- ① Aerospace/Aviation equipment
- 2 Medical equipment
- ③ Military equipment
- ④ Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment
- ⁽⁵⁾ Power plant control equipment
- ⁽⁶⁾ Atomic energy-related equipment
- ⑦ Undersea equipment
- (8) Traffic signal equipment
- (9) Data-processing equipment
- 1 Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment
- (1) Safety equipment
- ⁽¹⁾ Any other applications with the same as or similar complexity or reliability to the applications



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