# Legacy Schneider Electric Solid-State Relays

**Catalog 2017** 





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# **Legacy Solid-State Relays**

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Legacy Schneider Electric™ solid-state relays offer a number of advantages over electromechanical relays, including longer life cycles, less energy consumption and reduced maintenance costs, depending on the application.

### **Key Features**

- 100% solid-state design
- · Modern appearance and advanced technology
- Industry first design (861 and 861H series)
- · Several styles to fit multiple applications

	Series	Defining Feature	Style	Internal Heat Sink	Contact Configuration	Output Current Range (A)	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage Range	Page
861 Relay	861	Slim 17.5 mm profile	Slim DIN and panel mount	Yes	SPST-NO SPST-NC	8–15	3–32 Vdc 90–280 Vac	3–150 Vdc 24–480 Vac	6
861H Relay	861H	Class I, Division 2 certified for use in hazardous locations	Slim DIN and panel mount	Yes	SPST-NO SPST-NC	8–15	3–32 Vdc 90–280 Vac	3–150 Vdc 24–480 Vac	9
CORPLIN Polos	SSRDIN	Integrated heat sink and high current switching capacity	DIN and panel mount	Yes	SPST-NO	10–45	4–32 Vdc 90–280 Vac	0–60 Vdc 24–660 Vac	12
SSRDIN Relay  6000 Series Relays	6000	High current switching capacity in a small package	Hockey puck— panel mount	No	SPST-NO DPST-NO	10–75	3–32 Vdc 90–280 Vac	3–200 Vdc 24–480 Vac	15
Superior PU	70\$2	Small package size	PCB and panel mount	No	SPST-NO	3–25	3–32 Vdc	3–60 Vdc 8–280 Vac	21

70S2 Series Relays

861 SPST-NO, 8-15 A SPST-NC, 10 A











### Description

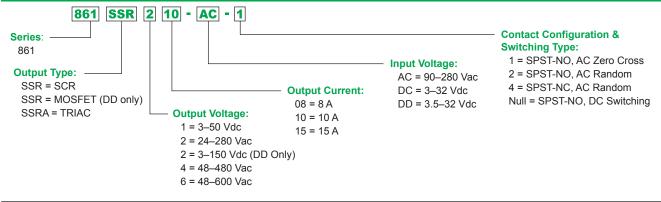
The 861 is the first complete solid-state relay without any moving parts, all in a slim 17.5 mm design.



Feature	Benefit
Solid-state circuitry	Involves no moving parts, which extends product life, increases reliability, and enables silent operation
Optically coupled circuit	Provides isolation between input and output circuits
Internal snubber	Helps protect the relay's internal circuit from high voltage transients
Internal heat sink	Provides factory-tested thermal management
Finger protected terminals (per IP20)	Help prevent an operator from touching live circuits
DIN and panel mounting	Mounts directly onto a DIN rail or panel, and provides flexibility to accommodate last-minute design changes

Switching Type	Switching Device (1)	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage Range	Contact Configuration	Rated Output Current (A)	Standard Part Number
DO Owitchin	MODELL	0.5.00.1/4-	3–50 Vdc	SPST-NO	15	861SSR115-DD
DC Switching	MOSFET	3.5–32 Vdc	3-150 Vdc	SPST-NO	8	861SSR208-DD
			24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861SSRA208-DC-2
		3-32 Vdc	24–280 Vac	SPST-NC	8	861SSRA208-DC-4
	Triac		48–480 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861SSRA408-DC-2
		90–280 Vac	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861SSRA208-AC-2
		90-200 Vac	48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861SSRA408-AC-2
AC Random			24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR210-DC-2
AC Random		3–32 Vdc	24–280 Vac	SPST-NC	10	861SSR210-DC-4
	SCR	3–32 Vuc	48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR410-DC-2
			48–480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR610-DC-2
			24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR210-AC-2
		90–280 Vac	48–480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR410-AC-2
			48-600 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR610-AC-2
		3–32 Vdc	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861SSRA208-DC-1
	Triac		48–480 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861SSRA408-DC-1
	mac	90–280 Vac	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861SSRA208-AC-1
		90-200 Vac	48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861SSRA408-AC-1
AC Zero Cross			24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR210-DC-1
AC Zeio Cioss		3-32 Vdc	48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR410-DC-1
	SCR		48-600 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR610-DC-1
	SUK		24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR210-AC-1
		90–280 Vac	48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR410-AC-1
			48-600 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861SSR610-AC-1







# Specifications

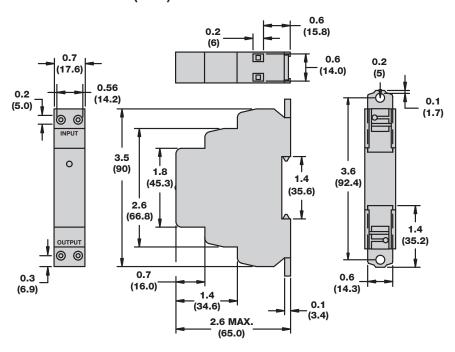
# **Legacy Solid-State Relays**

861 SPST-NO, 8–15 A SPST-NC, 10 A

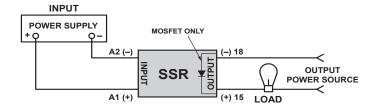
Part Number	861SSR•••-DD	861SSRA•••-DC-•	861SSR•••-DC-•	861SSRAAC	861SSR•••-AC-•
Input Characteristics					
Input Voltage Range	3.5–32 Vdc	3–32 Vdc		90-280 Vac	
Must Release Voltage	1 Vdc			10 Vac	
Nominal Input Impedance	Current regulator			16–25 kW	
Typical Input Current at 5 Vdc	12mA		16 mA; 12 mA (861SSR210-DC-4)	12mA	
Reverse Polarity Protection	Yes			N/A	
Output Characteristics					
Switching Device	MOSFET	Triac	SCR	Triac	SCR
Switching Type	DC Switching	AC Zero Cross; AC Rar	ndom		
Contact Configuration	SPST-NO	SPST-NO; SPST-NC			
Output Voltage Range	3-50 Vdc; 3-150 Vdc	24-280 Vac; 48-480 Vac	c; 48–600 Vac		
Maximum Rate of Rise, Off-State Voltage (dv/dt)	N/A	250 V/us	500 V/us; 350 V/us (861SSR410, 861SSR610-DC-1); 200 V/us (861SSR210- DC-4, 861SSR610-DC-2)	250 V/us	500 V/us; 350 V/us (861SSR410); 250 V/us (861SSR610)
Current Ratings	Load rating: 8 A rms, 15 A rms	Load rating: 8 A (rms) Incandescent lamp rating: 5 A (rms) Motor load rating: 3 A (rms)	Load rating: 10 A (rms) Incandescent lamp rat- ing: 8 A (rms) Motor load rating: 4.5 A (rms)	Load rating: 8 A (rms) Incandescent lamp rat- ing: 5 A (rms) Motor load rating: 3 A (rms)	Load rating: 10 A (rms) Incandescent lamp rat- ing: 8 A (rms) Motor load rating: 4.5 A (rms)
Minimum Load Current-Maintain On	20mA	150mA	50 mA	150mA	50 mA
Non-Repetitive Surge Current (1 cycle)	861SSR115-DD: 35 A; 861SSR208-DD: 50 A	200 A	500 A	200 A	500 A
Maximum RMS Overload Current (1 s)	861SSR115-DD: 17 A; 861SSR208-DD: 24 A	24 A			
Maximum Off-State Leakage Current	0.25 mA	10 mA (rms)			
Typical On-State Voltage Drop	N/A	1.25 Vac (rms)			
Maximum On-State Voltage Drop	0.5 Vdc	1.6 Vac (rms)			
Maximum On-State Resistance	40 mW	N/A			
Maximum Turn-On Time	5 ms	8.3 ms			
Maximum Turn-Off Time	5 ms	8.3 ms			
Maximum I <sup>2</sup> T for Fusing	N/A	250 A²sec	1250 A²sec (861SSR210); 850 A²sec (861SSR410); 600 A²sec (861SSR610)	250 A²sec	1250 A <sup>2</sup> sec (861SSR210); 850 A <sup>2</sup> sec (861SSR410); 600 A <sup>2</sup> sec (861SSR610)
General Characteristics					
Electrical Life	N/A for solid-state relays				
Thermal Resistance (Junction-Case)	861SSR115-DD: 0.5 °C/W; 861SSR208-DD: 1.4 °C/W	2.00 °C/W	0.66 °C/W	2.00 °C/W	0.66 °C/W
Internal Heat Sink	4.0 °C/W				
Dielectric Strength (Input-Output)	2500 V (rms)	4000 V (rms)			
Dielectric Strength (Terminals-Chassis)	2500 V (rms)				
Operating Temperature Range	-30 to +80 °C (derating app	lies)			
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100 °C				
Weight	127.1 g (4.1 oz)				
Input Indication	Green LED				
Terminal Wire Capacity (Input and Output)	14 AWG (2.5 mm²) maximur	m 			
Terminal Screw Torque	7.1 lb-in (0.8 N·m) maximun	n			
Safety Cover	IP20				
Agency Approvals	CULus (File: E258297 CCN:	NRNT, NRNT7), cURus (I	File: E258297 CCN: NRNT2,	NRNT8), CSA (File: 40787 C	lass: 3211 04); CE; RoHS

861 SPST-NO, 8–15 A SPST-NC, 10 A

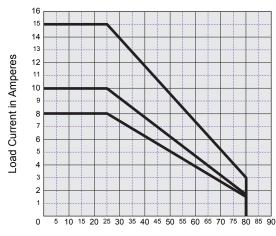
### Dimensions: in. (mm)



### **Wiring Diagram**



### **Derating Curves**



Ambient Temperature in °C

Note: A minimum spacing of 17.5 mm (0.7 in.) is required between adjacent 861 relays in order to acheive the maximum ratings.

# **Description**

# **Legacy Solid-State Relays**

861H

SPST-NO, 8-15 A







Class I, Division 2 certification for use in hazardous locations. (Temperature code: T5)



### **Description**

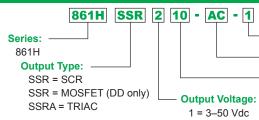
The 861H is a patented solid-state relay, in a slim 17.5 mm design, approved for use in hazardous locations.

Feature	Benefit
Class I, Division 2 certification (1)	UL certified for Class I Division 2 Hazardous Locations per ISA 12.12
Solid-state circuitry	Involves no moving parts, which extends product life, increases reliability, and enables silent operation
Optically coupled circuit	Provides isolation between input and output circuits
Internal snubber	Helps protect the relay's internal circuit from high voltage transients
Internal heat sink	Provides factory-tested thermal management
Finger protected terminals (per IP20)	Help prevent an operator from touching live circuits
DIN and panel mounting	Mounts directly onto a DIN rail or panel, and provides flexibility to accommodate last-minute design changes

(1) See page 29 for more information on Class I, Division 2.

Switching Type	Switching Device (1)	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage Range	Contact Configuration	Rated Output Current (A)	Standard Part Number
DC Switching	MOSFET	3.5-32 Vdc	3-50 Vdc	SPST-NO	15	861HSSR115-DD
			3-150 Vdc	SPST-NO	8	861HSSR208-DD
AC Random	Triac	3-32 Vdc	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861HSSRA208-DC-2
				SPST-NC	8	861HSSRA208-DC-4
			48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861HSSRA408-DC-2
		90-280 Vac	24-280 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861HSSRA208-AC-2
			48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861HSSRA408-AC-2
	SCR	3-32 Vdc	24-280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR210-DC-2
				SPST-NC	10	861HSSR210-DC-4
			48–480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR410-DC-2
				SPST-NO	10	861HSSR610-DC-2
		90–280 Vac	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR210-AC-2
			48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR410-AC-2
			48-600 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR610-AC-2
AC Zero Cross	Triac	3–32 Vdc	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861HSSRA208-DC-1
			48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861HSSRA408-DC-1
		90-280 Vac	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861HSSRA208-AC-1
			48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	8	861HSSRA408-AC-1
	SCR	3-32 Vdc	24-280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR210-DC-1
			48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR410-DC-1
			48-600 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR610-DC-1
		90-280 Vac	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR210-AC-1
			48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR410-AC-1
			48-600 Vac	SPST-NO	10	861HSSR610-AC-1

#### **Part Number Explanation**



Output Current:

Input Voltage:

AC = 90-280 Vac

DC = 3-32 Vdc

DD = 3.5-32 Vdc

08 = 8 A 10 = 10 A 15 = 15 A

2 = 24–280 Vac 2 = 3–150 Vdc (DD Only)

2 = 3–150 Vdc (DD 4 = 48–480 Vac

6 = 48-600 Vac

# Contact Configuration & Switching Type:

1 = SPST-NO, AC Zero Cross

2 = SPST-NO, AC Random

4 = SPST-NC, AC Random

Null = SPST-NO, DC Switching



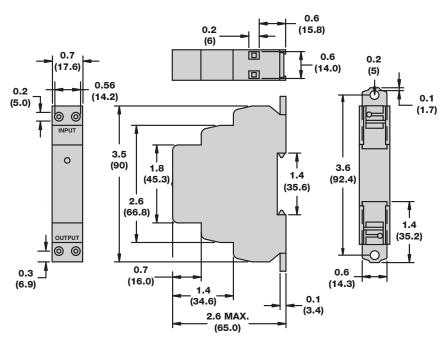
861H SPST-NO, 8–15 A

Part Nun	nber	861HSSR•••-DD	861HSSRA···-DC-	861HSSR•••-DC-•	861HSSRA***-AC-*	861SSR•••-AC-		
Input Cha	racteristics							
Input Volta	age Range	3.5–32 Vdc	3-32 Vdc		90–280 Vac			
Must Release Voltage		1 Vdc			10 Vac			
Nominal Ir	nput Impedance	Current regulator		,	16–25 kΩ	,		
Typical Inp	out Current at 5 Vdc	12 mA		16 mA (12 mA for 861HSSR210-DC-4)	12 mA			
Reverse P	Polarity Protection	Yes		,	N/A			
Output Cl	haracteristics							
Switching	Device	MOSFET	Triac	SCR	Triac	SCR		
Switching	Туре	DC Switching	AC Zero Cross; AC Ra	indom				
Contact Co	onfiguration	SPST-NO	SPST-NO, SPST-NC					
Output Vol	Itage Range	3-50 Vdc; 3-150 Vdc	24-480 Vac; 48-480 V	ac; 48–600 Vac				
	Rate of Rise /oltage (dv/dt)	N/A	250 V/us	500 V/us, 350 V/us (861HSSR410, 861HSSR610-DC-1), 200 V/us (861HSSR210- DC-4, 861HSSR610-DC-2)	250 V/us	500 V/us, 350 V/us (861HSSR410), 250 V/us (861HSSR610)		
	Load rating	8 A (rms), 15 A (rms)	8 A (rms)	10 A (rms)	8 A (rms)	10 A (rms)		
Current Ratings	Incandescent lamp rating	N/A	5 A (rms)	8 A (rms)	5 A (rms)	8 A (rms)		
	Motor load rating	N/A	3 A (rms)	4.5 A (rms)	3 A (rms)	4.5 A (rms)		
Minimum L Maintain C	Load Current– On	20 mA	150 mA	50 mA	150 mA	50 mA		
Non-Repe (1 cycle)	titive Surge Current	861HSSR115-DD: 35 A; 861HSSR208-DD: 50 A	200 A	500 A	200 A	500 A		
Maximum RMS Overload Current (1 s)		861HSSR115-DD: 17 A; 861HSSR208-DD: 24 A	24 A					
Maximum Off-State Leakage Current		0.25 mA	mA 10 mA (rms)					
Typical On-State Voltage Drop		N/A 1.25 Vac (rms)						
Maximum Drop	On-State Voltage	0.5 Vdc	1.6 Vac (rms)					
Maximum	On-State Resistance	40 mΩ	N/A					
Maximum	Turn-On Time	5 ms	8.3 ms					
Maximum	Turn-Off Time	5 ms	8.3 ms					
Maximum	I <sup>2</sup> T for Fusing	N/A	250 A²sec	1250 A²sec (861HSSR210); 850 A²sec (861HSSR410); 600 A²sec (861HSSR610)	250 A²sec	1250 A²sec (861HSSR210); 850 A²sec (861HSSR410); 600 A²sec (861HSSR610)		
General C	Characteristics							
Electrical L	Life	N/A for solid-state relays						
Thermal R (Junction–		861HSSR115-DD: 0.5 °C/W; 861HSSR208-DD: 1.4 °C/W	2.00 °C/W	0.66 °C/W	2.00 °C/W	0.66 °C/W		
Internal He	eat Sink	4.0 °C/W			'	,		
Dielectric	Input-Output	2500 V (rms)	4000 V (rms)					
Strength	Terminals-Chassis	2500 V (rms)	. ,					
Operating	Temperature Range	-30 to +80 °C (derating applied	es)					
Storage Te	emperature Range	-40 to +100 °C						
Weight		127.1 g (4.1 oz)						
Input Indic	ation	Green LED						
•	Vire Capacity	14 AWG (2.5 mm²) maximum						
	Screw Torque	7.1 lb-in (0.8 N•m) maximum						
Safety Cov	•	IP20		,				
Agency Ap		UL certified for Class I, Division (File: 40787 Class: 3211 04);		ns; per ISA 12.12.1, cURus (F	ile: E317746 CCN: NQM	J2, NQMJ8), CSA		

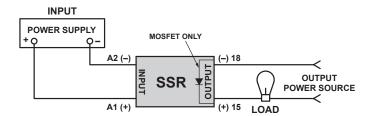


861H SPST-NO, 8–15 A

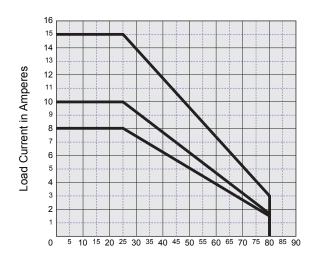
### Dimensions: in. (mm)



### Wiring Diagram



### **Derating Curves**



Note: A minimum spacing of 17.5 mm (0.7 in.) is required between adjacent 861 relays in order to acheive the maximum ratings.

**SSRDIN** SPST-NO, 10-45 A





SSRDIN Relay



### **Description**

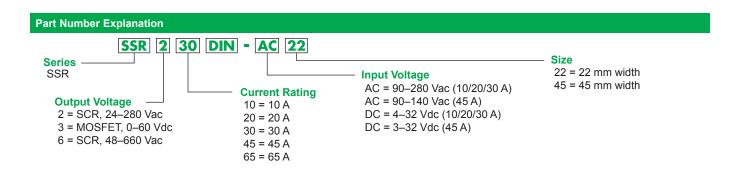


The SSRDIN relays offer a complete solid-state package that is an energy-efficient, current switching alternative to standard electromechanical relays. Advantages include longer life cycles, less energy consumption, and reduced maintenance costs.

Feature	Benefit
Solid-state circuitry	Involves no moving parts
Optically coupled circuit	Provides isolation between input and output circuits
Internal snubber	Helps protect the relay's internal circuit from high voltage transients
Internal heat sink	Provides factory tested thermal management
Integrated chassis ground	Simplifies system wiring
Finger protected terminals	Help prevent an operator from touching live circuits
DIN and panel mounting	Increases functionality and ease of use, and fits a variety of applications

Switching Type	Switching Device (1)	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage Range	Contact Configuration	Rated Output Current (A)	Standard Part Number
					10	SSR310DIN-DC22
DC Switching	MOSFET	4-32 Vdc	0-60 Vdc	SPST-NO	20	SSR320DIN-DC22
					30	SSR330DIN-DC22
					10	SSR210DIN-DC22
		4-32 Vdc	24-280 Vac	SPST-NO	20	SSR220DIN-DC22
					30	SSR230DIN-DC22
		3-32 Vdc	24-280 Vac	SPST-NO	45	SSR245DIN-DC45
	SCR		48–660 Vac	SPST-NO	10	SSR610DIN-DC22
					20	SSR620DIN-DC22
		4–32 Vdc			30	SSR630DIN-DC22
					45	SSR645DIN-DC45
AC Zero Cross					65	SSR665DIN-AC45
AC Zelo Closs		90–280 Vac	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	SSR210DIN-AC22
					20	SSR220DIN-AC22
					30	SSR230DIN-AC22
		90-140 Vac	24-280 Vac	SPST-NO	45	SSR245DIN-AC45
					10	SSR610DIN-AC22
		90-280 Vac	48-660 Vac	SPST-NO	20	SSR620DIN-AC22
					30	SSR630DIN-AC22
		00 140 \/aa	40, 660 \/aa	CDCT NO	45	SSR645DIN-AC45
		90-140 Vac	90–140 Vac 48–660 Vac	SPST-NO	65	SSR665DIN-AC45

<sup>(1)</sup> See page 28 for definitions of the different switching devices.

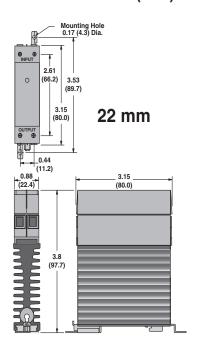


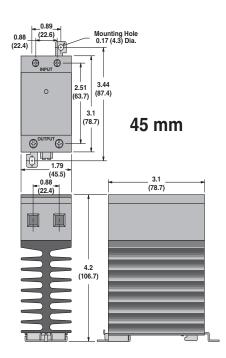
SSRDIN SPST-NO, 10–45 A

Part Number	SSR2••DIN-DC••	SSR3••DIN-DC22	SSR6DIN-DC	SSR2••DIN-AC••	SSR6••DIN-AC••	
Input Characteristics						
Input Voltage Range	10/20/30 A: 4–32 Vdc; 45/65 A: 3–32 Vdc			10/20/30 A: 90–280 Va 45/65 A: 90–140 Vac	nc;	
Maximum Turn-On Voltage	4 Vdc			90 Vrms		
Minimum Turn-Off Voltage	1 Vdc			10 Vrms		
Typical Input Current	8–12 mA	9–11 mA	8–12 mA	2–4 mA		
Output Characteristics						
Output Type	SCR	MOSFET	SCR			
Switching Type	AC Zero Cross	DC Switching	AC Zero Cross			
Output Voltage	24–280 Vac	0-60 Vdc	48-660 Vac	24-280 Vac	48-660 Vac	
Load Current Range	10–45 A	10–30 A	10–45 A	•	•	
Transient Overvoltage	600 Vpk	N/A	1200 Vpk	600 Vpk	1200 Vpk	
Maximum Surge Current	10 A: 120 Apk; 20 A: 250 Apk; 30/45 A: 625 Apk (at 16.6 ms)	10 A: 30 Apk; 20 A: 60 Apk; 30 A: 90 Apk (at 10 ms)	625 Apk (at 16.6 ms)	10 A: 120 Apk; 20 A: 250 Apk; 30/45 A: 625 Apk (at 16.6 ms)	625 Apk (at 16.6 ms)	
Maximum On-State Voltage Drop at Rated Current	1.6 Vpk	10 A: 0.2 Vpk; 20 A: 0.4 Vpk; 30 A: 0.5 Vpk	1.6 Vpk	1.6 Vpk	1.6 Vpk	
Maximum I <sup>2</sup> t For Fusing, (8.3 ms)	10 A: 60 A²sec; 20 A: 260 A²sec; 30/45 A: 1620 A²sec	N/A	1620 A²sec	10 A: 60 A²sec; 20 A: 260 A²sec; 30/45 A: 1620 A²sec	1620 A²sec	
Maximum Off-State Leakage Current at Rated Voltage	10 mA	0.1 mA	1 mA	10 mA	1 mA	
Maximum Rate of Rise Off-State Voltage (dv/dt)	500 V/us	N/A	500 V/us			
Maximum Response Time (On and Off)	1/2 cycle	1.0 ms	1/2 cycle			
Maximum On-State Resistance	N/A	10 A: 20 mΩ; 20 A: 18 mΩ; 30 A: 16 mΩ	N/A			
General Characteristics						
Electrical Life	N/A for solid-state relay	/S				
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +80 °C (derating	g applies)				
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125 °C					
Weight	10/20/30 A: 272 g (9.6 45/65 A: 482 g (17 oz)	oz);				
Input Indication	Green LED					
Encapsulation	Thermally conductive e	ероху				
Input Terminal Screw Torque	10/20/30 A: 5.0–6.0 lb- 45/65 A: 5.0–6.0 lb-in (					
Output Terminal Screw Torque	10/20/30 A: 5.0–6.0 lb- 45/65 A: 10.0–15.0 lb-i					
Mount Type	DIN rail and panel mou	int				
Agency Approvals	cURus (File: E258297 61000); RoHS	CCN: NRNT2, NRNT8),	CSA (168986 Class 3211	07), SCR output only; Cl	E (per IEC 60950 and	

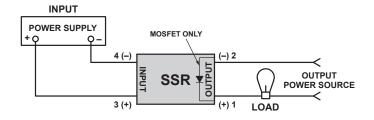
SSRDIN SPST-NO, 10–45 A

### Dimensions: in. (mm)





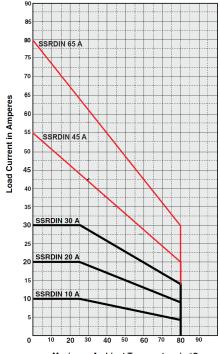
### **Wiring Diagram**



	22	mm	45 ı	mm
	input	output	input	output
а		nm² G 10	4 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 12	10 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 8



### **Derating Curves**



Maximum Ambient Temperature in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

6000

SPST-NO, 10-75 A DPST-NO, 10-25 A







6000 Series Relays

#### **Description**

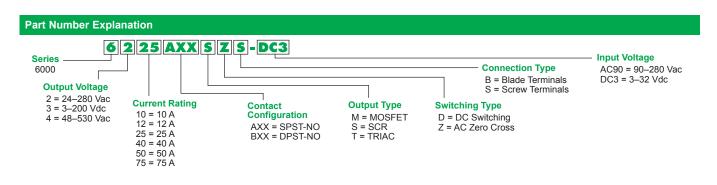
The 6000 Series solid-state relays offer an energy-efficient current switching alternative to standard electromechanical relays. Advantages include longer life cycles, less energy consumption, and reduced maintenance costs.

Feature	Benefit
Solid-state circuitry	Involves no moving parts
Optically coupled circuit	Provides isolation between input and output circuits
Internal snubber	Helps protect the relay's internal circuit from high voltage transients
Finger protected terminals	Help prevent an operator from touching live circuits

Switching Type	Switching Device (1)	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage Range	Contact Configuration	Rated Output Current (A)	Standard Part Number
					12	6312AXXMDS-DC3
DC Switching	MOSFET	3.5-32 Vdc	3-200 Vdc	SPST-NO	25	6325AXXMDS-DC3
					40	6340AXXMDS-DC3
					10	6210AXXSZS-DC3
					25	6225AXXSZS-DC3
			24-280 Vac	SPST-NO	40	6240AXXSZS-DC3
					50	6250AXXSZS-DC3
		3-32 Vdc			75	6275AXXSZS-DC3
				SPST-NO	25	6425AXXSZS-DC3
	SCR		48–480 Vac		40	6440AXXSZS-DC3
					50	6450AXXSZS-DC3
					75	6475AXXSZS-DC3
		90–280 Vac	24–280 Vac	SPST-NO	10	6210AXXSZS-AC90
AC Zero Cross					25	6225AXXSZS-AC90
AC Zelo Closs					40	6240AXXSZS-AC90
					50	6250AXXSZS-AC90
					75	6275AXXSZS-AC90
		90-200 Vac			10	6410AXXSZS-AC90
					25	6425AXXSZS-AC90
			48-480 Vac	SPST-NO	40	6440AXXSZS-AC90
					50	6450AXXSZS-AC90
					75	6475AXXSZS-AC90
			24-280 Vac	DPST-NO	10	6210BXXTZB-DC3
	TRIAC (2)	3-32 Vdc	40, 400 \/	SPST-NO	25	6425AXXTZB-DC3
		48–480 Vac	DPST-NO	25	6425BXXTZB-DC3	

<sup>(1)</sup> See page 28 for definitions of the different switching devices.

<sup>(2)</sup> Blade terminals.



# Specifications

# **Legacy Solid-State Relays**

6000 SPST-NO, 10–75 A DPST-NO, 10–25 A

Part Number	62••AXXSZS-AC90	64••AXXSZS-AC90	62••AXXSZS-DC3	64••AXXSZS-DC	
Input Characteristics					
Control Voltage Range	90-280 Vac (rms)		3–32 Vdc	4-32 Vdc	
Maximum Turn-On Voltage	90 Vac (rms)		3 Vdc	4 Vdc	
Minimum Turn-Off Voltage	10 Vac (rms)		1 Vdc		
Nominal Input Impedance	60 kΩ		N/A (active current limite	er)	
Typical Input Current	2 mA at 120 V (rms); 4 n	nA at 240 V (rms)	10 mA at 12 Vdc	15 mA DC	
Output Characteristics					
Switching Device	SCR				
Switching Type	AC Zero Cross				
Contact Configuration	SPST-NO				
Output Current Range	10–75 A	10–25 A	10–50 A	25–50 A	
Output Voltage Range (47–63 Hz)	24–280 Vac (rms)	48–530 Vac (rms)	24–280 Vac (rms)	48–530 Vac (rms)	
Transient Overvoltage	600 Vpk	1200 Vpk	600 Vpk	1200 Vpk	
Maximum Off-State Leakage Current at Rated Voltage	10 mA (rms)	1	1 mA (rms)	1	
Minimum Off-State dv/dt at Maximum Rated Voltage	500 V/us		1 ()		
Minimum Load Current	40 mA (rms)		150 mA (rms)		
Maximum Surge Current (16.6 ms)	10 A: 120 Apk 25 A: 250 Apk 40/50 A: 625 Apk 75 A: 1000 Apk	10 A: 140 Apk 25 A: 250 Apk	10 A: 120 Apk 25 A: 250 Apk 40/50 A: 625 Apk	25 A: 250 Apk 50 A: 625 Apk	
Maximum On-State Voltage Drop at Rated Current	1.6 V (rms)	1.7 V (rms)	1.6 V (rms)		
Maximum I <sup>2</sup> T for Fusing (8.3 ms)	10 A: 60 A²sec 25 A: 260 A²sec 40/50A: 1620 A²sec 75A: 4150 A²sec	10 A: 81 A²sec 25 A: 260 A²sec	10 A: 60 A <sup>2</sup> sec 25 A: 260 A <sup>2</sup> sec 40/50 A: 1620 A <sup>2</sup> sec	25 A: 260 A²sec 50 A: 1620 A²sec	
Minimum Power Factor (with Maximum Load)	0.5				
General Characteristics					
Electrical Life	N/A for solid-state relays				
Maximum Turn-On Time	10 ms	<u>'</u>	1/2 Cycle		
Maximum Turn-Off Time	40 ms		1/2 Cycle		
Thermal Resistance (Junction–Case)		.02 °C/W; 40/50A: 0.63 °C			
Dielectric Strength, Input/Output/Base (50/60 Hz)	4000 Vac (rms)	.02 0/11, 10/00/1. 0.00 0	, 101. 0.01 0/11		
Minimum Insulation Resistance (at 500 Vdc)	1E+9 Ω				
Maximum Capacitance (Input/Output)	8 pF				
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +80 °C (derating a	annlies)			
Ambient Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125 °C	арриоо <i>ј</i>			
Weight (typical)	86.5 g (3 oz)				
Input Indication	Green LED				
•		000			
Encapsulation	Thermally conductive ep	•			
Terminals	Screw and saddle clamp	is iumisnea, unmounted			
Maximum Torque for Terminal Screws (screws dry without grease)	Input Terminals: 10 lb-in Output Terminals: 20 lb-in				
Safety Cover	Yes				
Wire Clamp Plates	Yes				
Agency Approvals	UL Recognized (File: E2 RoHS	58297, CCN: NRNT2, NR	NT8), CSA (File: 168986,	Class: 3211-07), CE,	



# Specifications (continued)

# **Legacy Solid-State Relays**

6000 SPST-NO, 10–75 A DPST-NO, 10–25 A

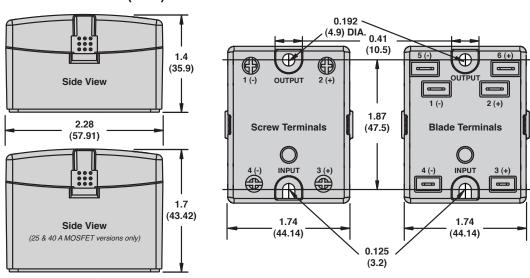
Part Number	6XXTZB-DC3	63••AXXMDS-DC3
Input Characteristics		
Control Voltage Range	3–32 Vdc	3.5–32 Vdc
Maximum Turn-On Voltage	3 Vdc	3.5 Vdc
Minimum Turn-Off Voltage	1 Vdc	
Nominal Input Impedance	Active current limiter	1 kΩ
Typical Input Current	25 A: 16 mA 10 A: 2 mA	10 mA
Output Characteristics		
Switching Device	TRIAC	MOSFET
Switching Type	AC Zero Cross	DC Switching
Contact Configuration	SPST-NO, DPST-NO	SPST-NO
Output Current Range	10–25 A	12–40 A
Output Voltage Range	10 A: 24–280 Vac 25 A: 48–480 Vac	3–200 Vdc
Transient Overvoltage	600 Vpk	200 Vpk
Maximum Off-State Leakage Current at Rated Voltage	10 mA	< 1 mA
Minimum Off-State dv/dt at Maximum Rated Voltage	250 V/us	N/A
Minimum Load Current–Maintain	80 mA	N/A
Maximum Surge Current (16.6 ms)	250 A	12 A: 27 A 25 A: 50 A 40 A: 90 A
Maximum On-State Voltage Drop at Rated Current	1.6 Vac (rms)	2.8 Vdc (at 40 A load)
Maximum I <sup>2</sup> T for Fusing (8.3 ms)	200 A <sup>2</sup> s	N/A
Minimum Power Factor (with Maximum Load)	0.5	0.95
General Characteristics		
Electrical Life	N/A for solid-state relays	
Maximum Turn-On Time	1/2 cycle	300 us
Maximum Turn-Off Time	1/2 cycle	1 ms
Thermal Resistance (Junction–Case)	1.2 °C/W	1.06 °C/W
Dielectric Strength, Input/Output/Base (50/60 Hz)	4000 Vac (rms)	2500 Vac (rms)
Minimum Insulation Resistance (at 500 Vdc)	1Ε+9 Ω	
Maximum Capacitance (Input/Output)	10 pF	
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	-30 to +80 °C (derating applies)	-40 to +80 °C (derating applies)
Ambient Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100 °C	
Weight (typical)	100 g (3.52 oz)	110 g (3.88 oz)
Input Indication	Green LED	
Encapsulation	Ероху	
Terminals	1/4 in (6.35 mm); 3/16 in (4.74 mm)	Input: M3.5 Output: M4 (12 A), M6 (25/40 A)
Maximum Torque for Terminal Screws (screws dry without grease)	Input Terminals: 10 lb-in Output Terminals: 20 lb-in	
Safety Cover	Yes (IP20)	
Wire Clamp Plates	N/A	Yes
Agency Approvals		2, NRNT8), CSA (File: 168986, Class: 3211-07), CE,

# Dimensions, Wiring Diagram, Derating Curves

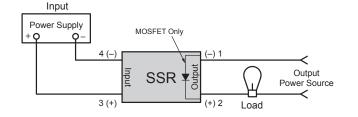
# **Legacy Solid-State Relays**

6000 SPST-NO, 10–75 A DPST-NO, 10–25 A

### Dimensions: in. (mm)

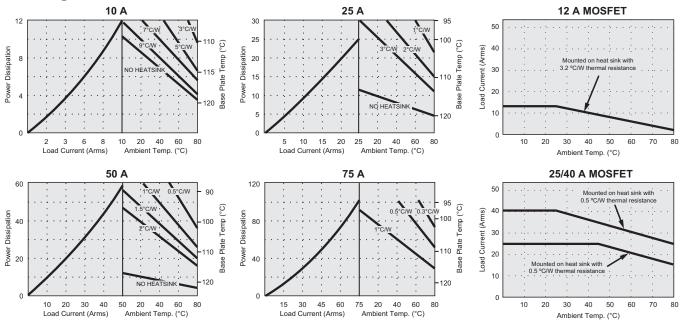


### **Wiring Diagram**



	Termin	nal	Min		Max.	\
	Input	t	3.5 (0.13	8)	5 (0.197)	10 max 0.393
	Outpu	ut	4.2 (0.16	3)	6.35 (0.25)	mm in.
OU	TPUT	0-	-50 A	5	0-125 A	
	75 °C ambient C					

### **Derating Curves**



### **Description**

# **Legacy Solid-State Relays**

Accessories for 6000 Series Heat Sink, SSR-HS-1 Thermal Pad, SSR-TP-1







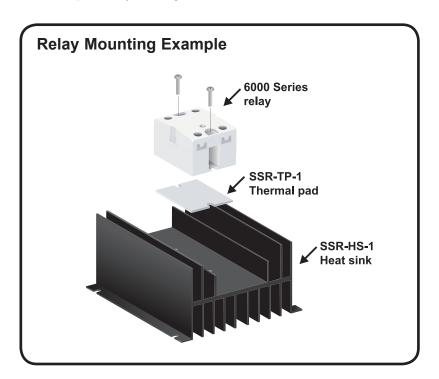
SSR-TP-1

#### **Description**

Thermal management is a fundamental consideration in the design and use of solidstate relays (SSRs) because of the contact dissipation (typically 1 W per ampere). It is vital to provide sufficient heat sinking, or the life and switching reliability of the SSR will be compromised.

The SSR-HS-1 heat sink maximizes heat dissipation and helps ensure reliable operation when properly selected for the specific application. For ease of installation, all mounting holes are pre-drilled and tapped.

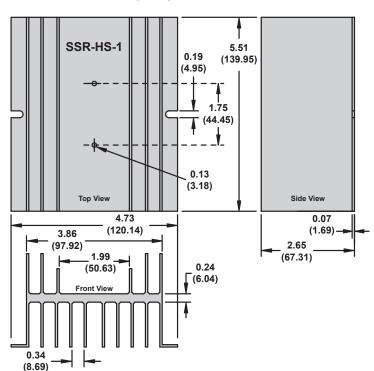
The SSR-TP-1 simplifies installation with a simple peel-and-stick solution, which does not require messy thermal grease.

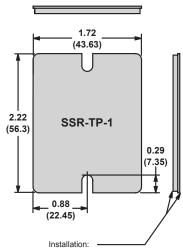


Description	Function	Weight	For Use With Relays	Packaging Minimum	Standard Part Number
Heat sink	Maximizes heat dissipation	558.5 g (19.7 oz)	6000 Series Relays (rated up to 50 A)	1	SSR-HS-1
Thermal pad	Simplifies installation with a peel- and-stick solution, which does not require messy thermal grease	N/A	6000 Series Relays (rated up to 50 A)	10	SSR-TP-1

Accessories for 6000 Series Heat Sink, SSR-HS-1 Thermal Pad, SSR-TP-1

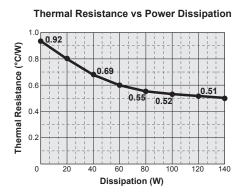
### Dimensions: in. (mm)



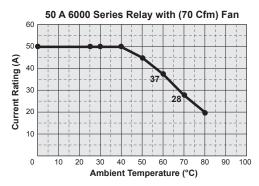


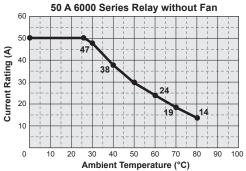
- Release the liner on one side of the thermal pad, and place underneath the Class 6 solid-state relay.
- Release the liner on the other side of thermal pad and place the relay and pad onto heat sink or panel.

### Derating Curves (when used with thermal pad and heat sink)



#### Load Current vs Ambient Temperature (100% Duty Cycle)





70S2

SPST-NO, 3-25 A



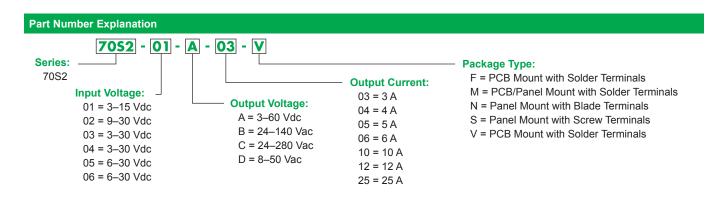
### **Description**

The 70S2 Series are miniature solid-state relays ideal for small space applications. They are available in panel and PCB mount, which increases the level of flexibility for designers.

Feature	Benefit
Solid-state circuitry	Involves no moving parts
Optically coupled circuit	Provides isolation between input and output circuits
Internal snubber	Helps protect the relay's internal circuit from high voltage transients
Small package size	Ideal for small spaces
Panel and PCB mounting	Increases functionality and ease of use

Switching Type	Switching Device (1)	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage Range	Rated Output Current (A)	Terminal Style	Mounting Style	Standard Part Number
				3	Solder	PCB Mount	70S2-01-A-03-V
DC Switching	MOSFET	3-15 Vdc	3-60 Vdc	-	Blade	Panel Mount	70S2-01-A-05-N
DC Switching	WOSIEI			5	Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-01-A-05-S
		9-30 Vdc	3-60 Vdc	5	Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-02-A-05-S
				4	Solder	PCB Mount	70S2-04-B-04-F
				6	Blade	Panel Mount	70S2-04-B-06-N
		3–30 Vdc	04 440 \/	0	Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-04-B-06-S
			24–140 Vac	12	Blade	Panel Mount	70S2-04-B-12-N
					Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-04-B-12-S
				25	Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-03-B-25-S
AC Zero Cross TRIAC				6	Blade	Panel Mount	70S2-04-C-06-N
				0	Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-04-C-06-S
			10	Solder	PCB/Panel Mount	70S2-04-C-10-M	
		24–280 V	24-280 Vac		Blade	Panel Mount	70S2-04-C-12-N
				12	Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-04-C-12-S
					Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-06-C-12-S
				25	Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-03-C-25-S
			24-140 Vac	3	Solder	PCB Mount	70S2-04-B-03-V
		3-32 Vdc	24-280 Vac	3	Solder	PCB Mount	70S2-04-C-03-V
			8–50 Vac	3	Solder	PCB Mount	70S2-04-D-03-V
		6-30 Vdc	24-280 Vac	12	Screw	Panel Mount	70S2-05-C-12-S

<sup>(1)</sup> See page 28 for definitions of the different switching devices.



70S2 SPST-NO, 3–25 A

Part Number	70S2-01-A	70S2-02-A	70S2-03-B	70S2-03-C		
Input Characteristics						
Control Voltage Range	3–15 Vdc	9-30 Vdc	3-30 Vdc			
Must Release Voltage	1 Vdc		·			
Typical Input Current	5–40 mA 5–17 mA		7–16 mA	6–10 mA		
Maximum Reverse Control Voltage	3 Vdc			•		
Output Characteristics						
Switching Device	MOSFET		TRIAC			
Switching Type	DC Switching		AC Zero Cross			
Contact Configuration	SPST-NO					
Output Voltage Range	3-60 Vdc		24-140 Vac	24–280 Vac		
Peak Blocking Voltage	105 Vdc		400 Vac	600 Vac		
Maximum Rate of Rise Off-State Voltage (dv/dt)	N/A		300 V/us			
Output Current Range (rms)	3–5 A	5 A	25 A	25 A		
Minimum Load Current-Maintain On	N/A		100 mA			
Non-Repetitive Surge Current (8.3 ms)	3 A: 5 A (1 s); 5 A: 7 A (1	s)	300 A	300 A		
Maximum Off-State Leakage Current (rms)	10 mA		6 mA			
Typical On-State Voltage Drop (rms)	3 A: 1.2 Vdc; 5 A: 1.85 V	'dc	1.7 Vac	1.7 Vac		
Maximum Turn-On Time	75 ms		8.3 ms			
Maximum Turn-Off Time	3 A: 500 ms; 5 A: 75 ms		8.3 ms	8.3 ms		
General Characteristics						
Electrical Life	N/A for solid-state relays					
Thermal Resistance (Junction–Case)	3 A: 0.5 °C/W; 5/25 A: 4	°C/W				
Dielectric Strength (Input–Output)	3 A: 4000 Vac; 5 A: 2500	) Vac	3000 Vac			
Dielectric Strength (Terminals-Chassis)	3 A: 4000 Vac; 5 A: 2500	Vac	3000 Vac			
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +100 °C		'			
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125 °C					
Weight	F/M: 35 g (1.2 oz); N/S: 47 g (1.7 oz); V: 25 g (0.9oz)					
Agency Approvals	UL Recognized (E258297), CSA (040787), RoHS					

# Specifications (continued)

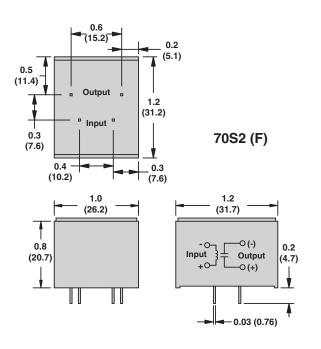
# **Legacy Solid-State Relays**

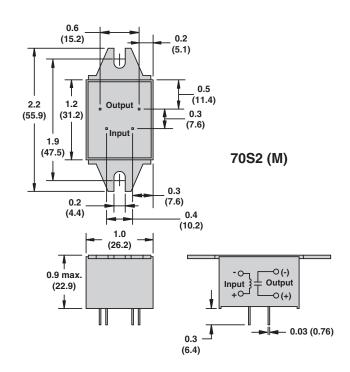
70S2 SPST-NO, 3–25 A

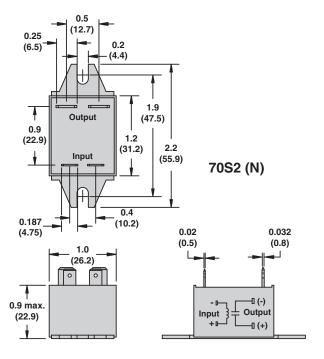
Part Number	70S2-04-B	70S2-04-C	70S2-04-D	70S2-05-C	70S2-06-C
Input Characteristics					
Control Voltage Range	3 A: 3-32 Vdc; 4/6	/10/12 A: 3-30 Vdc		6-30 Vdc	3-30 Vdc
Must Release Voltage	1 Vdc			'	-
Typical Input Current	3 A: 1–19 mA; 4/6/	/10/12 A: 7–16 mA		6–10 mA	1–17 mA
Maximum Reverse Control Voltage	3 Vdc				
Output Characteristics					
Switching Device	TRIAC				
Switching Type	AC Zero Cross				
Contact Configuration	SPST-NO				
Output Voltage Range	24-140 Vac	24-280 Vac	8-50 Vac	24–280 Vac	
Peak Blocking Voltage	400 Vac	600 Vac	200 Vac	600 Vac	
Maximum Rate of Rise Off-State Voltage (dv/dt)	300 V/us				
Output Current Range (rms)	3–12 A	3–12 A	3 A	12 A	
Minimum Load Current–Maintain On	3/4/6 A: 75 mA; 10	/12 A: 100 mA			
Non-Repetitive Surge Current (8.3 ms)	3/4/6 A: 60 A; 10/1	2 A: 150 A			
Maximum Off-State Leakage Current (rms)	6 mA		10 mA	6 mA	
Typical On-State Voltage Drop (rms)	1.6 Vac				
Maximum Turn-On Time	8.3 ms				
Maximum Turn-Off Time	8.3 ms				
General Characteristics					
Electrical Life	N/A for solid-state	relays			
Thermal Resistance (Junction–Case)	3 A: 0.5 °C/W ; 4/6	6/10/12 A: 4 °C/W			2.4 °C/W
Dielectric Strength (Input–Output)	3 A: 4000 Vac; 4/6	/10/12 A: 3000 Vac			
Dielectric Strength (Terminals-Chassis)	3 A: 4000 Vac; 4/6	/10/12 A: 3000 Vac			
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +100 °C (de	erating applies)			
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125 °C				
Weight	F/M: 35 g (1.2 oz): N/S: 47 g (1.7 oz); V: 25 g (0.9 oz);				
Agency Approvals	UL Recognized (E.	258297); CSA (04078	7); RoHS		

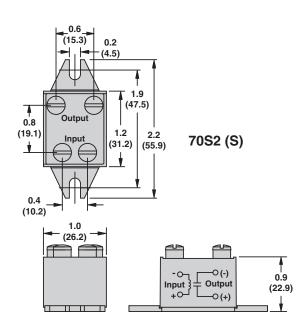
70S2 SPST-NO, 3–25 A

### Dimensions: in. (mm)



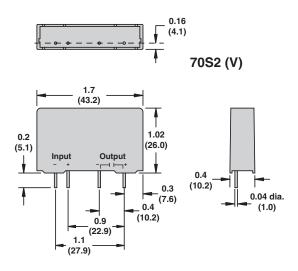




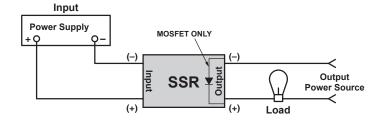


70S2 SPST-NO, 3–25 A

### Dimensions: in. (mm)

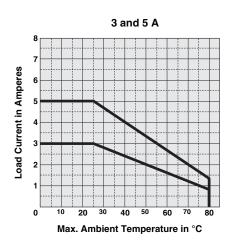


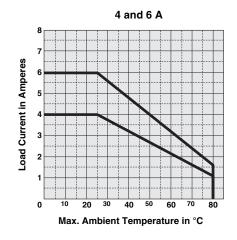
### **Wiring Diagram**

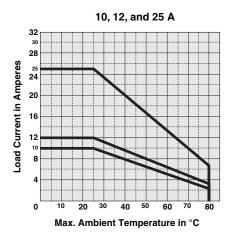


### **Derating Curves**

#### Load Current vs Ambient Temperature (100% Duty Cycle)







#### Definition

A solid-state relay (SSR) can perform many tasks that an electromechanical relay (EMR) can perform. The SSR differs in that it has no moving mechanical parts. It is essentially an electronic device that relies on the electrical and optical properties of semiconductors to achieve its isolation and switching function.

#### **Principle of Operation**

SSRs are similar to electromechanical relays, in that both use a control circuit and a separate circuit for switching the load. When voltage is applied to the input of the SSR, the relay is energized by a light emitting diode. The light from the diode is beamed into a light-sensitive semiconductor, which conditions the control circuit to turn on the output solid-state switch. In the case of zero-voltage crossover relays, the output solid-state switch is turned on at the zero crossing of AC voltage. Removal of input power disables the control circuit, and the solid-state switch also turns off when the load current passes through the zero point of its cycle. Zero cross only applies to AC switching circuits. DC switching circuits operate at an instant on/off rate.

#### **Advantages**

When used correctly in the intended application, the SSR provides many of the characteristics that are often difficult to find in the EMR. A high degree of reliability, long service life, significantly reduced electromagnetic interference, fast response, and high vibration resistance are significant benefits of the SSR. The SSR has no moving parts to wear out, or arcing contacts to deteriorate, which are often the primary cause of failure with an EMR.

Long life (reliability) > 1E+9 operations

Arc-less switching

· Zero voltage turn-on, low EMI/RFI

No acoustical noise

· Resistance to shock and vibration

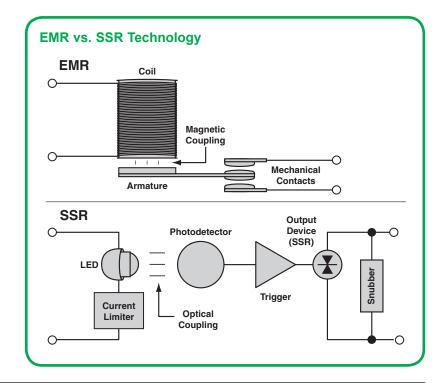
TTL compatibility

· Random turn-on, proportional control

Fast response

· No contact bounce

No moving parts



### **Applications**

Since its introduction, SSR technology has gained acceptance in many applications that had previously been the sole domain of the EMR or contactor. The major growth areas have come from industrial process control applications—particularly heat/cool temperature control, motors, lamps, solenoids, valves, and transformers. The list of applications for the SSR is almost limitless.

#### **Typical Examples of SSR Applications**



#### **Electronic Appliances**

Domestic appliances, cooking appliances, heating elements, audio equipment



#### **Industrial Heater Control**

Plastics industry: drying, extrusion/thermoforming, heat tracing, solder wave/reflow systems, car wash pumps and dryers



#### **Food and Beverage**

Commercial/industrial cooking equipment, filtration systems, bottling, chillers, convection ovens



#### **Lighting Control**

Traffic signal systems, highway information systems, theatrical lighting



#### **High Reliability**

Medical equipment, elevators and escalators, automatic door operation (low switching noise, low electromagnetic interference)



#### Mining

Blower control, motorized duct/vent control, drill control, explosive control, mineral extractors



#### **HVAC** and Refrigeration

Anti-condensation equipment, compressor control, blower control, motorized duct/vent control



#### Oil and Gas

Burner assemblies, chemical injection systems, extraction machines, refining machines, solenoid control



#### **Industrial Appliances**

Industrial cleaning equipment, commercial coffee machines, commercial/industrial cooking equipment



#### **Packaging**

Conveyor motors, heaters, product/shrink wrap, solenoid control

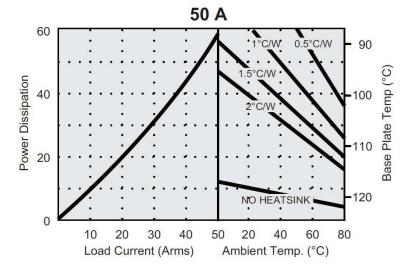


#### **Industrial Automation**

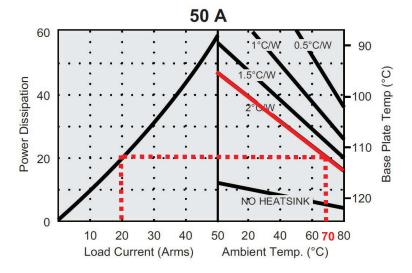
Automotive assembly plants, conveyance, motor control

### **Using A Temperature Derating Curve**

In the example below, a temperature derating curve for a 50 A, Class 6 solid-state relay is used to determine the maximum allowable load current at an ambient temperature of 70 °C. A heat sink with a 2 °C/W temperature coefficient is used in the application.



From the right half of the graphic, the point at which the heat sink coefficient curve crosses  $70\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  is translated to the left half of the graphic until it intersects the power dissipation vs load current curve of the 50 A, Class 6 relay as shown in the illustration below:



The result is that a maximum load current of 20 Arms is recommended when using a 50 A, Class 6000 relay in an ambient temperature of 70  $^{\circ}$ C when using a heat sink with a 2  $^{\circ}$ C/W temperature coefficient.



#### **Load Considerations**

After improper heat sinking, the next most significant cause of application problems with SSRs stems from the operating conditions that specific loads impose on an SSR. Carefully consider the surge characteristics of the load when designing an SSR as a switching solution.

#### Resistive Loads

A load with a constant value of resistance is the simplest application of an SSR. Proper thermal consideration, along with attention to the steady-state current ratings, is important for reliable operation.

#### DC Loads

DC loads are inductive loads. Place a diode across the load to absorb surges during turn-off.

#### Lamp Loads

Incandescent lamp loads, though basically resistive, require special consideration. Because the resistance of the cold filament is about 5–10% of the heated value, a large inrush current can occur. It is essential to verify that this inrush current is within the surge specifications of the SSR. Also ensure that the lamp rating of the SSR is not exceeded. This UL rating is based on the inrush of a typical lamp. Due to the unusually low filament resistance at the time of turn-on, a zero voltage turn-on characteristic is particularly desirable with incandescent lamps.

#### Capacitive Loads

These types of loads can be difficult because of their initial appearance as short circuits. High surge currents can occur while charging, limited only by circuit resistance. Use caution with low impedance capacitive loads to verify that the dl/dt capabilities are not exceeded. Zero voltage turn-on is a particularly valuable means of limiting dl/dt with capacitive loads.

#### Motors and Solenoids

Motor and solenoid loads require special attention for reliable SSR functionality. Solenoids have high initial surge currents because their stationary impedance is very low. Motors can also have severe inrush currents during starting and can impose unusually high voltages during turn-off. As a motor's rotor rotates, it creates a back-EMF (electromotive force) that reduces the flow of current. This back-EMF can add to the applied line voltage and create an overvoltage condition during turn-off. Likewise, consideration must be given to mechanical loads having high starting torque or inertia, such as fans and flywheels, to verify that the inrush currents are within the surge capabilities of the SSR. Use a current shunt and oscilloscope to examine the duration of the inrush current.



#### **Transformers**

When switching transformers, consider the characteristics of the secondary load. These characteristics reflect the effective load on the SSR. In addition, voltage transients from secondary load circuits can act as transformers and impose on the SSR.

Transformers present a special challenge: Depending on the transformer flux state at turn-off, the transformer may saturate during the first half-cycle when voltage is next applied. This saturation can impose a very large current (10–100 times the rated typical current) on the SSR, which far exceeds its half-cycle surge rating. SSRs with random turn-on may have a better chance of survival than a zero-cross turn-on device, since they commonly require the transformer to support only a portion of the first half-cycle of the voltage. On the other hand, a random turn-on device will frequently close at the zero-cross point, and then the SSR must sustain the worst-case saturation current. A zero-cross turn-on device has the advantage that it turns on in a known mode and will immediately demonstrate the worst case condition. The use of a current shunt and an oscilloscope is recommended to verify that the half-cycle surge capability is not exceeded.

As a general rule, when applying an SSR to a transformer load, select an SSR having a half-cycle current surge rating greater than the following:

(maximum applied line voltage) ÷ (transformer primary resistance)

The primary resistance is usually easy to measure and can be relied on as a minimum impedance limiting the first half-cycle of inrush current. The presence of some residual flux, plus the saturated reactance of the primary, will then further limit, in the worst case, the half-cycle surge safely within the surge rating of the SSR.

### **Switching Devices**

The power family of semiconductors consists of several switching devices. The most widely used of this family are metal-oxide semiconductor field-effect transistors (MOSFETs), silicon controlled rectifiers (SCRs), TRIAC, and Alternistor TRIAC. In many applications, these devices perform key functions, so you must understand their advantages as well as their shortcomings to properly design a reliable system. Applied correctly, SSRs are an asset in meeting environmental, speed, and reliability specifications which their electromechanical counterparts could not fulfill.

#### MOSFET

A power MOSFET is a specific type of metal-oxide semiconductor field-effect transistor (MOSFET) designed to handle large amounts of power. It is a vertical-structured transistor capable of sustaining high blocking voltage and high current. Power MOSFETs are used in DC switching applications. Care must be taken to ensure proper polarity for all DC ports. Failure to do so can lead to permanent device damage.

#### TRIAC

A TRIAC is an electronic component approximately equivalent to two silicon-controlled rectifiers joined in inverse parallel (paralleled but with the polarity reversed) and with their gates connected together. This results in a bidirectional electronic switch that can conduct AC current only. The TRIAC is ideal for switching non-reactive loads.

#### Alternistor TRIAC

The Alternistor is specifically designed for applications that switch highly inductive AC loads. A special chip offers performance similar to two SCRs wired in inverse parallel (back-to-back), providing better turn-off behavior than a standard TRIAC. The Alternistor TRIAC is an economical solution, ideal for switching inductive AC loads.

#### • SCR

The SCR (silicon-controlled rectifier) acts as a switch, conducting when its gate receives a current pulse, and continuing to conduct as long as it is forward biased. The SCR is ideal for switching all types of AC loads.



### Legacy Schneider Electric Solid-State Relays

Legacy Schneider Electric solid-state relays offer a number of advantages over electromechanical relays, including longer life cycles, less energy consumption, and reduced maintenance costs, depending on the application.

### Selecting a Solid-State Relay

The list below is an example of the specifications to look for when selecting a solidstate relay.

Class I, Division 2 certification (y/n):	
Input voltage:	
Output voltage:	
Load rating:	
Contact configuration:	
Ambient temperature:	
In-rush currents:	
Mounting style:	

Use the catalog specifications or online parametric search to determine a recommended part number (www.serelays.com).

# More About Class I, Division 2 Certified Products

Class I, Division 2 is a classification which was developed by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) to provide requirements for the design and construction of electrical equipment and parts that will be used in hazardous



locations. Certified components, when used properly, are not capable of igniting the surrounding atmosphere.

Class I, Division 2 components may be required in environments which may contain specific flammable gases, combustible dust, or fibers that can ignite. The 861H SSR carries a Class I, Division 2 (Categories A, B, C, D and Temperature code T5) approval from Underwriters Laboratories.

The Schneider Electric Relays website (www.serelays.com) allows users to easily find the proper relay to fit design requirements and to help simplify and shorten workflow.

# Easily find the proper relay to fit design requirements

#### Online Catalog

Find the right product by choosing specifications, compare products side-byside, and view technical specifications, 2D and 3D drawings, and associated accessories.

#### **■ Cross Reference Search**

Search our comprehensive database to identify products by manufacturer and part number, and link directly to part specifications.

#### ■ 3D CAD Library

View, email, download, or insert a file directly into your open CAD software pane, and select from 18 different file formats.

#### Order Free Samples

Schneider Electric offers free samples as a courtesy to individuals and companies evaluating our products in their designs and applications. Sample orders are subject to approval.

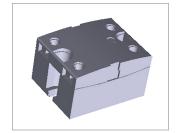
### Simplify and shorten workflow

#### Interactive Tools

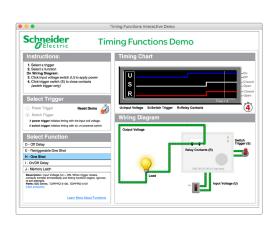
View interactive demonstrations such as our Time Delay Relay Interactive Demo (left) which visually demonstrates the ten different timing functions offered on Schneider Electric time delay relays.

#### ■ Distributor Inventory Search

Search authorized distributors' current Schneider Electric inventory and buy online. (Buying online is not available for all distributors.)



3D Models



**Time Delay Relay Demo** 

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