## Safety switches Preventa XCS

## Catalogue



Sensors


# Appropriate safety 

Ingenious and innovative, Preventa safety solutions assure you of maximum protection with the XCS range of dedicated switches for controlling the safe opening and interlocking of guards and covers in your installations.

## >A complete range for all applications:

- For a wide range of machinery guards, covers and doors
- For all types of environments
- A solution tailored to the levels of safety required


## >A Schneider Electric package offer:

- Sensors designed to be integrated into Preventa safety solutions
- Present in over 190 countries and 5000 sales outlets, Schneider Electric assures you of an offer available worldwide through its network of distributors


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## Make the most of your energy

## >Appropriate solutions

The latest operating safety standards propose new methods of risk management right from the design stage, making use of concepts such as Safety Integrity Levels (SIL) and Performance Levels (PL).
Schneider Electric safety solutions enable you to optimise the cost of your installations according to the level of safety required, while assuring you of perfect interoperability.

PL=b (category 1) / SIL 1

## Architecture 1

1 XCSPA + 1 LC1D + 2 XB4 (start and stop)

pre-defined safety levels

## PL=d (category 3) / SIL 2



1 XCSLF (or series mounting) + XPSAC + 2 LC1D + 1 XB4 start + XPSVNE (for zero speed detection)

## Architecture 4

several XCSDM in series with 1 XPSDM + ABL8 + CAD32 (or LC1D)



## Architecture 3

2 XCS safety units + XPSMC + 2 LC1D


Used with Preventa modules, controllers or safety PLCs and TeSys motor starter solutions, XCS safety switches offer levels of access protection up to PLe, category 4, SIL3, according to standards requirements in force EN ISO 13849-1 and EN/IEC 62061.

## >Preventa XCS guides your choice

Whatever your activity sector, your type of machine or your automated function, Schneider Electric offers you a complete range of safety switches to meet your protection requirements for functional safety.

100 \%
Adaptable to your environment


## XCSP:

Plastic body, secured mounting adjustment and cabling access by special screws (XCSM and XCSD also)


Mechanical 5 different actuators head
According to
EN 1088 / ISO 14119

PL=b (category 1) / SIL1
PL=d (category 3) / SIL2
PL=e (category 4) / SLL3
If actuator protected from manual operation

$\square$


| Harsh environment |  | XCSM: <br> Metal miniature up to 4 contacts <br> XCSD: <br> Metal compact for covers and gates | - | - |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Safety controllers \& modules | PL=d (category 3) / SIL2 | XPSACXPSAF, XPSAK, XPSAR |  |  |  |
|  | PL=e (category 4) / SIL3 |  |  |  |  |



Mechanical by separate key actuators

Mechanical and interlock by separate key manual unlocking

Mechanical and interlock
by separate key
Solenoid locking / unlocking

Contact-free, by coded magnet

| By specific key | By coded magnetic key |
| :--- | :--- |

Reinforced by Hall effect technology

| Architecture 1 | - |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Architecture 2 | - | - |  |
| Architecture 3 | Architecture 4 | Architecture 6 |  |
|  | Architecture 5 | Architecture 7 |  |




| , XPSAXE, XPSMP, XPSMC | XPSAC, XPSVNE | XPSDMB, XPSDME |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Selection guide
Safety detection solutions Safety switches Preventa XCS

| Switch type |
| :--- |
| Applications |
| Design |


| Enclosure |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Features |  |
| Conformity to standards | Products |
|  | Machine assemblies |
| Product certifications |  |
| Dimensions ( $w \times h \times d$ ) in $m m$ | Switch |
|  | Fixings |

Head


| Type reference |
| :--- |
| Pages |

## Preventa XCS lever or spindle operated switches

Protection of operators by stopping the machine when the operating lever (attached to hinged machine guard) is displaced by $5^{\circ}$.
All light industrial machines fitted with hinged or rotary protective covers with small opening radius.
Compact format
Plastic with 1 or 2 cable entries


Plastic, double insulated

2 types of lever: straight or elbowed (flush with rear of switch)
3 lever positions: to left, centred or to right


2 types of spindle: length 30 mm or 80 mm
EN/IEC 60947-5-1, EN/ISO 13849-1, EN/IEC 62061, UL 508, CSA C22-2 nº 14, JIS C4520

## EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 14119

UL, CSA, BG

| $30 \times 87.5 \times 30$ | $52 \times 108.4 \times 30$ | $30 \times 96 \times 30$ | $52 \times 117 \times 30$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Centres: $20 / 22$ | Centres: 20/22 or 40.3 | Centres: 20/22 |  |
| Turret head: 4 positions <br> Rotary actuation (lever) |  | Turret head: 4 positions <br> Rotary actuation (spindle) |  |

Protection of operators by stopping the machine when the guard hinge rotates through $5^{\circ}$.
All light industrial machines fitted with hinged access doors.

Slow break safety contacts with positive opening operation
NC contacts open when lever or spindle displaced by more then $5^{\circ}$

| 1 NC + 1 NO break before make 2 NC <br> 1 NC + 2 NO break before make <br> 2 NC + 1 NO break before make | $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO break before make 3 NC | $1 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO break before make 2 NC <br> $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make <br> $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO break before make | $1 \mathrm{NC}+2$ NO break before make <br> $2 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make <br> 3 NC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

IP 67
$-25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| 1 tapped entry for Pg 11, ISO M16 <br> cable gland or tapped $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT | 2 tapped entries for Pg 11, ISO M16 <br> cable gland or tapped $1 / 2 "$ NPT | 1 tapped entry for Pg 11, ISO M16 <br> cable gland or tapped $1 / 2$ " NPT | 2 tapped entries for Pg 11, ISO M16 <br> cable gland or tapped <br> $1 / 2 "$ NPT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - |  |  |  |
| XCSPL | XCSTL | XCSPR | XCSTR |
| 34 |  |  |  |

Selection guide (continued)
Safety detection solutions Safety switches Preventa XCS

## Preventa XCS key operated switches

Protection of operators by stopping the machine when the actuator (attached to machine guard) is withdrawn from the head of the switch. All light industrial machines, with quick rundown time (1).

| Miniature format | Compact format |
| :--- | :--- |
| Plastic, pre-cabled | Plastic with 1 or 2 cable entries |

Plastic with 1 or 2 cable entries

| Switch type |
| :--- |
| Applications |
| Design |


| Enclosure |
| :--- |
| Features |
| Conformity to standards |


| Plastic |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Without locking of actuator. | Without locking of actuator. <br> Optional accessory: guard retaining device. |

EN/IEC 60947-5-1, EN/ISO 13849-1, EN/IEC 62061, UL 508, CSA C22-2 $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 14$ and JIS C4520
EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 14119

| Product certifications |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dimensions <br> $(w \times h \times d)$ in mm | Switch |
|  | Fixings |



| Degree of protection |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ambient air temperature | For operation |
| Connection | Screw terminals <br> (cable entry via cable gland) |
|  | Pre-cabled |

## Type reference

## Pages

All heavy industrial machines, with quick rundown time (1)
Industrial format with or without locking
Metal with 1 cable entry, without locking
Metal with 1 cable entry, with manual locking/unlocking


Metal
Without locking of actuator.


Manual locking and unlocking of actuator by pushbutton or key operated lock (can be mounted on left or right-hand side of switch head).

EN/IEC 60947-5-1, EN/ISO 13849-1, EN/IEC 62061, UL 508, CSA C22-2 n ${ }^{\circ} 14$ and JIS C4520

EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 14119

UL, CSA

| $40 \times 113.5 \times 44$ | $52 \times 113.5 \times 44$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $30 \times 60$ |  |

Turret head: 8 positions for insertion of actuator.


Selection guide (continued)

## Safety detection solutions Safety switches Preventa XCS

| Switch type |
| :--- |
| Applications |
| Design |



| Conformity to standards | Products |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Machine assemblies |


| Product certifications |
| :--- |
| Dimensions ( $\mathrm{w} \times \mathrm{h} \times \mathrm{d}$ or $\quad$ Switch <br> $\varnothing$ ) in mm |

Head
Contact blocks or outputs

Degree of protection

| Ambient air temperature | For operation |
| :--- | :--- |
| Connection | Terminals |
|  | Pre-cabled |

## Type reference

## Pages



EN/IEC 60947-5-1, EN/ISO 13849-1, EN/IEC 62061, UL 508 and CSA C22-2 n ${ }^{\circ} 14$

EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 12100
UL, CSA, TÜV (pending)
$51 \times 205 \times 43.5$
Centres: $30 \times 153.3$
Turret head: 8 positions for insertion of actuator.
Safety contacts actuated by the actuator. Slow break and positive opening operation.

1 NC + 1 NO break before make
2 NC
$1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make
2 NC + 1 NO break before make
$3 \mathrm{NC}+$ auxiliary contacts controlled by the solenoid,
1 NC + 1 NO break before make
2 NC
$1 \mathrm{NC}+2$ NO break before make
2 NC + 1 NO break before make
3 NC with positive opening operation.
IP 66/IP 67
$-25 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Spring terminals, 3 cable entries.
Tapped entry for ISO M20 cable gland or tapped $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT.
M23 (15 + 1 PE or 18 + 1 PE)

| XCSLE | XCSLF |
| :--- | :--- |
| 52 |  |
| (1) Stopping time of machine greater than time taken for operator to access hazardous zone. |  |

(1) Stopping time of machine greater than time taken for operator to access hazardous zone.

| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Preventa XCS coded magnetic switches for detection without contact } \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Protection of operators by stopping the machine when the gate is opened } \\ \text { All light industrial machines fitted with access gates with imprecise guidance and/or subjected to frequent washing }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Miniature rectangular format }\end{array}$ Compact rectangular format |  |  | Cylindrical format |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | \(\left.\begin{array}{l}Coded magnetic systems with dedicated <br>

transmitter\end{array}\right]\)


# Safety detection solutions <br> Key operated switches 

## Refer to standards

ENISO 12100 and EN/ISO 14119

Removable or movable protective guards for potentially dangerous machine functions must be used in conjunction with locking or interlocking devices.
Application requiring an interlocking device: high inertia (long rundown time) machines.
An interlocking device must be used when the rundown time is greater than the time it takes for a person to reach the danger zone.
This device ensures that the guard remains locked until the potentially dangerous movement has stopped.

## Safety interlock switches

## Control circuit categories

## Safety of personnel

Safety of operation

The safety interlock switches, specifically designed for machine guarding applications, provide an ideal solution for the locking or interlocking of movable guards associated with industrial machinery. They meet the requirements of standards EN/ISO 12100, IEC/ISO 13852, EN/ISO 14119 and EN/IEC 60204-1. They contribute to the protection of operators working on potentially dangerous machines by breaking the start control circuit of the machine when a protective guard is opened or removed, using positive opening operation contacts, thus stopping the dangerous movement of the machine.
The removal/opening of the guard (after the dangerous movement has stopped) can either be:

- at the time the machine is switched-off for low inertia machines (machines where the rundown time is less than the time it takes for the operator to access the hazardous zone), or
- delayed for high inertia machines (machines where the rundown time is greater than the time it takes for the operator to access the hazardous zone).

The safety interlock switch if used in conjunction with a Preventa safety module enables designers to achieve $\mathrm{PL}=e$, category 4 control systems with reference to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 with conforming to EN/IEC 62061. When used on their own or combined with another switch, they can achieve up to category 1, 2 or 3 control circuit.
Safety related parts of control systems should be developed taking into account the results of an appropriate Risk Assessment.

The start command for the machine can only be initiated following correct operation of the safety interlock switch.
On its release, the NC safety contacts are opened by positive action or, for coded magnetic switches, change state (must be monitored using a Preventa safety module).

The safety interlock switches incorporate slow break or snap action contacts with positive opening operation (except for coded magnetic switches where this is not possible). For mechanical safety interlock switches, on closing of the guard the actuator fitted to it enters the head of the switch, operates the multiple interlock device and closes the NC contacts. For coded magnetic switches, the presence of the magnet causes the contacts to change state.

All safety interlock switches are designed to accept a few millimetres of misalignment between the actuator and the switch in order to compensate for mechanical play, vibration, etc.

Both mechanically and magnetically actuated safety interlock switches are designed to be operated by specific actuators so that they cannot be defeated in a simple manner using common tools, rods, metal plates, simple magnets, etc. When loosening the fixing screws for re-orientation of the turret head on safety interlock switches, the head itself remains attached to the switch body and the contact states remain unchanged. All safety interlock switches and safety limit switches are designed to avoid any adjusments in the head setting, removing the key actuator or to access the safety contacts without using the appropriate tool.
There are various methods for obtaining a higher level of tamper proofing, for example:

- using a cage device to prevent the insertion of a spare actuator or magnet, or any other foreign body,
- fixing the actuator or coded magnet to the guard by means that make it very difficult to remove (riveting or welding).


# Safety detection solutions <br> Key operated switches 

Metal key operated switches case

Metal safety interlock switches case, mushroom head pushbutton for escape release on XCSLF

Plastic case guard switches with mechanical actuator

Without locking of actuator


Metal key operated switches case for use on machines with low inertia and operating in normal conditions (no vibration or shock and guard mounted vertically, without risk of rebound on closing), thus eliminating unintentional opening of the guard.

## With locking of actuator and manual unlocking



Metal key operated switches case for use on heavy machines with low inertia and operating in arduous conditions (shock or vibration exist), whereby the guard could open unintentionally.
A key operated lock or a pushbutton enables the positive locking of the guard and its subsequent unlocking.

With interlocking and locking of actuator by solenoid


Metal safety interlock switches case for use on machines with high inertia or with a controlled opening of the protective guard.
The locking of the moving guard can either be on de-energisation or energisation of the solenoid
A key operated lock enables manual unlocking of the guard in the event of an interlocking circuit malfunction, and also provides extra safety for maintenance personnel likely to be working on the machine.
The switches incorporate 2 LEDs: one indicating guard "open/closed" and the other, guard "locked/unlocked".

With interlocking and locking of actuator by solenoid


Safety interlock switches type XCSLF are available with a mushroom head pushbutton mounted on the rear of the switch for unlocking the machine guard whilst being held in the locked position by the solenoid.
This manual unlocking using the mushroom head pushbutton for escape release is useful in the following cases:

- whilst the machine or a group of machines is undergoing maintenance, enabling operation at reduced speed or whilst stopped with the guard(s) closed The safety of maintenance personnel is thus improved in the event of:
- a power failure,
- an interlocking circuit malfunction,
- personnel finding themselves in a dangerous situation.

Unlocking using the escape release mushroom head pushbutton takes priority over any other action. It therefore enables a person to leave the zone if the need arises.
The re-initialisation of this function is performed by turning (with or without key) the escape release mushroom head.

Without locking of actuator
Plastic safety interlock switches case for use on light machines with low inertia For use in arduous conditions (shock or vibration exist, guard not vertical or risk of rebound on closing) where the guard could open unintentionally, a guard retaining device (XCSPA or XCSTA) is available as an accessory.

## With interlocking and locking of actuator by solenoid



Plastic safety interlock switches case for use on machines with high inertia or with a controlled opening of the protective guard.
The locking of the moving guard can either be on de-energisation or energisation of the solenoid.
A special tool enables manual unlocking of the guard in the event of an interlocking circuit malfunction, and also provides extra safety for maintenance personnel likely to be working on the machine.

Safety detection solutions
Lever or spindle operated switches, safety limit switches and coded magnetic systems

Rotary lever and spindle operated switches for hinged guards

With head for rotary movement (lever or spindle)
Plastic case guard switches with straight or elbowed operating lever or spindle operator. Specifically designed for small industrial machines fitted with small sized hinged doors, covers or protective guards.
They protect the operator by immediately stopping the dangerous movement of the machine as soon as the rotary lever or spindle displacement reaches an angle of $5^{\circ}$.

## Safety limit switches

Coded magnetic switches

## Coded magnetic systems

## With head for linear movement (plunger) or rotary movement (lever)



Metal or plastic case limit switches.
For use on machines with low inertia and also on machines with high inertia, when used in conjunction with actuator operated guard switches, for monitoring access doors and/or guards. When used on their own, they are always installed in "positive mode" or combined in pairs, with one switch being in "positive mode" and the other in "negative mode".

## With an associated coded magnet

Plastic case guard switches for use on machines with low inertia
Specifically designed for industrial machines fitted with doors, covers or guards with imprecise guiding They are ideally suited for machines subjected to frequent washing or liquid spray.
They protect the operator by immediately stopping any dangerous movement, as soon as the distance between the switch and its magnet is greater than 8 or 5 mm , depending on the switch model.


With dedicated transmitter


These self-contained SIL 2/category 3, PL=d or SIL 3/ category 4, PL=e systems protect the operator by immediately stopping any dangerous movement, as soon as the distance between the transmitter and the receiver exceeds 10 mm .
Plastic case system for use on machines with low inertia. Specifically designed for industrial machines fitted with one or more doors, covers or guards with imprecise guiding.
They are ideally suited for machines subjected to frequent washing or liquid spray and that are not necessarily equipped with an enclosure or control cabinet.

## Safety detection solutions

Metal case key operated switches

Key actuators

## Turret head

## The key actuators are common to all metal and plastic safety interlock switches case types XCSLF and XCSLE



Their oblong fixing holes enable simple adjustment when mounting on moving guards.
A pivoting actuator (both horizontally and vertically) is available when using safety interlock switches in conjunction with hinged guards or guards with
 imprecise guiding
Straight actuators are supplied with an adaptor shank for simple replacement of an XCSL safety interlock switch by an XCS switch, without the need to drill additional fixing holes for the switch or the key actuator.

All metal safety interlock switches case are fitted with a square turret head which can be rotated through $360^{\circ}$ in $90^{\circ}$ steps

8 directions of actuation are possible for the actuator:

- 4 in the horizontal plane
- 4 from above the switch (4 alternative positions of the actuator slot, depending on the orientation of the head). When loosening the fixing screw for re-orientation of the operating head, the head itself remains attached to the body and the contact states remain unchanged.


Metal safety interlock switches case incorporate a 3-pole contact block with positive opening operation, which is actuated by insertion or withdrawal of the actuator attached to the guard.
$\left.\bar{\sim}\left|\frac{m}{1}\right| \underset{\sim}{m} \right\rvert\, \quad$ The withdrawal of the key actuator opens the NC safety contact(s), even in the event of the contact sticking or welding. The 3-pole contact block enables redundant safety circuits to be established (for example: NC + NC or NC + NO) and also, to provide signalling (for example: PLC, illuminated beacon, etc.).
An orange LED (optional for key operated switches type XCSA, XCSB and XCSC,
standard for safety interlock switches type XCSLF and XCSLE) indicates the position
of the machine guard:
LED illuminated: actuator not inserted in head of switch, NC contact(s)
open, guard open.
LED not illuminated: actuator inserted in head of switch, NC contact(s)
closed, guard closed.

A green LED (incorporated on safety interlock switches type XCSLF and XCSLE) indicates the locking of the machine guard:

LED not illuminated: actuator not inserted in head of switch. The machine cannot be operated.

LED illuminated: actuator inserted in head of switch and actuator locked. The machine is either ready for starting, running or decelerating to a standstill.
Note: LED wiring must be done according to schematics indicated in the instruction sheet or in the catalogue pages.

## Safety detection solutions

Metal case key operated switches

Manual locking/unlocking by pushbutton or key operated lock on XCSB and XCSC

The pushbutton or key operated lock fitted to key operated switches type XCSB and XCSC allows manual locking/unlocking of the machine guard


Their use is not necessary for the normal operation of the guard switch.
For ease of access, the pushbutton or lock may be mounted on the right or the left of the key operated switch head.
For key operated switches type XCSC, when the machine guard is locked (key in position "LOCK"), the resistance to forcible withdrawal of the actuator fitted to the guard is $\mathbf{1 5 0} \mathbf{~ d a N}$. The key is removable from the locking device in the "LOCK" position.

Locking/unlocking by solenoid on XCSLF

Safety interlock switches type XCSLF incorporate a solenoid for locking/ unlocking of the machine guard


With the machine guard closed and locked, the resistance to forcible withdrawal of the actuator fitted to the guard is Fzh $\mathbf{2 3 0 0} \mathbf{N}$ according to the verification principle GS-ET19 (Fzh=Fmax/1.3). In addition to the 3-pole contacts, positively operated by the actuator fitted to the guard, safety interlock switches XCSLF incorporate $\mathbf{N C}+\mathbf{N O}$ or $\mathbf{2 N C}$ or $\mathbf{1 ~ N C ~ + ~} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{N O}$ or $\mathbf{2 N C}+\mathbf{1 N O}$ or 3NC contact blocks mechanically linked to the solenoid.
The NC contact(s) are for use in the safety circuit of the machine and the NO contact for signalling the status of the solenoid.

Safety interlock switches type XCSLF are fitted with a key operated lock allowing the unlocking of the machine guard whilst being held in the lock position by the solenoid (for use by authorised personnel only)

The manual unlocking of the guard using the key

operated lock is useful in the following cases:

- whilst the machine is undergoing maintenance (with the key turned to the "UNLOCK" position and then removed, the level of protection is higher in preventing an accidental machine start. The safety for maintenance personnel is thus improved):
- in the event of a power failure
- in the event of an interlocking circuit malfunction (interlocked condition maintained: positive safety).
The electrical supply providing the unlocking via the solenoid always takes priority over manual unlocking using the key operated lock. The lock fitted to standard safety interlock switches has key withdrawal from the "LOCK" and "UNLOCK" positions.

Example of operation for an XCSLF key operated switch with locking on de－energisation of solenoid

| Machine status | Stopped， de－energised | Stopped， energised | Stopped， ready to start | Running | Stopping sequence | Stopped，energised |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Guard position | Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Closed | Closed |
| Guard status | Free | Free | Free | Locked | Locked | Free |
| Solenoid status | ＂O＂ <br> （de－energised） | ＂ 1 ＂ （energised） | ＂ 1 ＂ （energised） | $\begin{aligned} & \text { "O" } \\ & \text { (de-energised) } \end{aligned}$ | ＂O＂ <br> （de－energised） | ＂ 1 ＂ （energised） |
| 2－pole contact state for XCSLF25•••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2－pole contact state for XCSLF27••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLF35••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLF37••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLF38••• | $\begin{aligned} & =\lfloor\bar{n} \mid \bar{m} L \\ & \approx\|\sim\| c\|c\| \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & F \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|c\|} \bar{N} L \bar{m} L \\ \sim / N / N \end{array}\right. \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|l\|} \mp & \bar{N} \mid & \bar{m} \\ & \sim & \approx \\ \sim & \approx \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{l\|c\|c\|} \mp & \bar{N} \mid & \bar{m} \\ \sim & \approx & - \\ \sim & \approx & ल \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|l\|} \mp & \bar{N} \mid & \bar{m} \\ & \sim & \approx \\ \sim & \approx \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Functions | Machine at rest． | Machine cannot be operated． | Guard closed， actuator can be locked．It will be locked as soon as the start instruction is given． | Start instruction given，the machine is running． | Stop instruction given，the machine stops gradually （deceleration then complete stop of motor）． | Machine has stopped． <br> The guard can be opened． |

## Solenoid contact

states

| 2－pole contact state for <br> XCSLF••25••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2－pole contact state for <br> XCSLF••27•••• |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} \bar{m} L & \bar{\gamma} L \\ \text { ल/ } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLF••35••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for <br> XCSLF••37•••• |  | $\begin{array}{c\|c\|c\|} \mp & \text { in } & 0 \\ \text { O } \\ \text { y } & \text { กิ } & \text { む } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|c\|c\|} \hline & \text { in } & 0 \\ & 0 \\ \text { y } & \text { กิ } & \text { す } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLFe•38••e |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange LED | $\otimes$ | 洨 | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ |
| Green LED | $\bigotimes$ | $\otimes$ | $\bigotimes$ | 沙 | 沙 | $\otimes$ |
| Safety circuit of the machine | Open | Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Open |

## Key actuators

The key actuators are common to all plastic case key operated switches (except for XCSLE, see page 15)


Guard switches XCSPA, XCSTA and XCSLE are fitted with a square turret head which can be rotated through $360^{\circ}$ in $90^{\circ}$ steps. Guard switches XCSMP have a fixed head


8 directions of actuation are possible for the actuator: 4 in the horizontal plane ( 1 for XCSMP), 4 from above the switch (1 for XCSMP),
(4 alternative positions of the actuator slot, depending on the orientation of the head).

When loosening the 2 fixing screws or the 4 fixing screws (XCSLE) for re-orientation of the operating head, the head itself remains attached to the body and the contact states remain unchanged (XCSPA,
XCSTA).

The key operated switches incorporate either a 2-pole contact block (XCSMP, XCSPA and XCSLE) or a 3-pole contact block (XCSMP, XCSPA and XCSTA and XCSLE), with positive opening operation, which is actuated by insertion or withdrawal of the key actuator attached to the guard

XCSLE




or XCSPA

or XCSPA, XCSTA


or XCSMP


In addition, safety interlock switches type XCSLE incorporate 1 NC or 2 NC contacts (with positive opening operation) actuated by the solenoid. The NC contact(s) are for use in the safety circuit of the machine. The withdrawal of the key actuator opens the NC safety contact(s), even in the event of the contact sticking or welding.
The two-pole 2 NC or three-pole $2 \mathbf{N C}+1 \mathbf{N O}$ or 3 NC (XCSTA/ XCSMP, XCSPA and XCSLE only) contact block enables up to $P L=d$, category 3 control circuit to be established conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1, by using both NC safety contacts in redundancy, or up to PL = b, category 1 control circuit by using one NC contact in the safety circuit and the NO other contact for signalling (for example: PLC, illuminated beacon, etc.).

# Safety detection solutions <br> Plastic case key operated switches 

Guard retaining
device

Locking/unlocking by solenoid on XCSLE

Unlocking by special tool for XCSLE

## Resilience

XCSLE / XCSLF

The guard retaining device XCSZ21 can be used with all plastic key operated switches case type XCSPA and XCSTA that are used in conjunction with either the wide (XCSZ12) or pivoting (XCSZ13) actuator


It assists in holding the guard closed by providing an extra retaining force of 5 daN.
It is specially suited for use with light machines operating in arduous conditions (vibration, mechanical shock, guard not vertical, risk of guard rebound on closing, etc.).

It can be used for horizontal actuator actuation directions as well as those from above.

## Safety interlock switches type XCSLE incorporate a solenoid for locking/unlocking of the machine

 guardWith the machine guard closed and locked, the resistance to forcible withdrawal of the actuator fitted to the guard is Fzh $1100 \mathbf{N}$ according to the verification principle GS-ET 19 (Fzh =Fmax/1.3) with F max = 1400N. In addition to the 2-pole or 3-pole contact block, positively operated by the actuator fitted to the guard, the switches incorporate 1 or 2 NC contacts mechanically linked to the solenoid.
The NC contact(s) are for use in the safety circuit of the machine.


Safety interlock switches type XCSLE are supplied with a special tool that enables unlocking of the machine guard whilst being held in the locked position by the solenoid (for use by authorised personnel only)


The manual unlocking of the guard using the tool 1 is useful in the following cases: - whilst the machine is undergoing maintenance (with the tool turned to the "UNLOCK" position and then removed, the level of protection is higher in preventing an accidental machine start. The safety for maintenance personnel is thus improved),

- in the event of a power failure,
- in the event of an interlocking circuit malfunction (interlocked condition maintained: positive safety). The electrical supply providing the unlocking via the solenoid always takes priority over manual unlocking using the special tool.

XCSLE against the partition: $\max =1.2 \mathrm{~J}$
XCSLE without partition: $\max =4.9 \mathrm{~J}$


XCSLF against the partition: $\max =9.6 \mathrm{~J}$
XCSLE without partition: $\max =6.4 \mathrm{~J}$


Example of operation for an XCSLE key operated switch with locking on de－energisation of solenoid

| Machine status | Stopped， de－energised | Stopped， energised | Stopped， ready to start | Running | Stopping sequence | Stopped，energised |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Guard position | Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Closed | Closed |
| Guard status | Free | Free | Free | Locked | Locked | Free |
| Solenoid status | $\begin{aligned} & \text { "O" } \\ & \text { (de-energised) } \end{aligned}$ | $" 1 "$ <br> （energised） | $" 1 "$ <br> （energised） | $\begin{aligned} & \text { "O" } \\ & \text { (de-energised) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { "O" } \\ & \text { (de-energised) } \end{aligned}$ | $\text { " } 1 "$ <br> （energised） |
| 2－pole contact state for <br> XCSLE25••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2－pole contact state for XCSLE27••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLE35••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLE37••• |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|c\|c\|} \bar{N} \mid & \bar{m} & \stackrel{m}{1} \\ & \approx & \stackrel{y}{n} \\ \approx & \ddagger \end{array}$ |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLE38••• |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|c\|} \hline & \bar{N} \mid & \bar{m} \\ & \sim & - \\ \sim & \approx & ल \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline & \bar{N} \mid & \bar{m} \mid \\ \hdashline & \approx & - \\ \sim & \approx & ल \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{l\|c\|c\|} \hline \mp & \bar{N} \mid & \bar{m} \\ & \sim & \approx \\ \sim & \approx & ल \end{array}$ |
| Functions | Machine at rest． | Machine cannot be operated． | Guard closed， actuator can be locked．It will be locked as soon as the start instruction is given． | Start instruction given，the machine is running． | Stop instruction given，the machine stops gradually （deceleration then complete stop of motor）． | Machine has stopped． The guard can be opened． |


| Solenoid contact states |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2－pole contact state for XCSLE••25••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2－pole contact state for XCSLE••27••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLE•••35••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for XCSLE•••37••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3－pole contact state for <br> XCSLEゃe38••• |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange LED | $\otimes$ | 涊年 | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ |
| Green LED | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ | $\otimes$ | 汹总 | 汹交 | $\otimes$ |
| Safety circuit of the machine | Open | Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Open |



2 types of operating lever, 2 spindle lengths


## ■ Levers

Straight or elbowed (flush with rear of switch), making the lever switches suitable for use with all types of hinged guards, whether:

- flush with the machine framework (use a switch with an elbowed flush lever),
- overhanging in relation to the machine framework (use a switch with a straight lever).
3 alternative operating lever positions allow the switches to be used with guards that open to the left, centre or right.
■ Spindle operators
2 spindle lengths: 30 or 80 mm .


## Safety contacts



Safety switches XCSPL and XCSPR incorporate a 2-pole or 3-pole contact block, with positive opening operation. The contact arrangements can be: NC + NO break before make, $2 \mathrm{NC}, 1 \mathrm{NC}+2$ NO break before make or $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO break before make.
Safety switches XCSTL and XCSTR incorporate a 3-pole contact block, with positive opening operation. The contact arrangements can be:
$1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make or $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO break before make. Opening of the NC safety contact(s) occurs when the operating lever or spindle is displaced by an angle equal to or greater than $5^{\circ}$.

These safety switches provide a solution for monitoring hinged protective guards with small opening radius on machines with low inertia (no rundown time).
They are specially suitable for existing machines which need to be brought in-line with the latest standards and directives since they can be used in conjunction with existing covers, including those whose mounting is somewhat imprecise.
Mounting of the safety switch improves the machine operator's level of safety by limiting the opening of the protective guard and reducing the risk of touching any moving parts before they have come to a stop.


3 types of case

- PBT plastic body.
- Compact rectangular, XCSDMC
Standard rectangular, XCSDMP
- Cylindrical $\varnothing 30$, XCSDMR
- Pre-cabled, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{~m}$ or 10 m .
- Connector on flying lead connection:
- M8: DMC
- M12: DMP, DMR


## Contacts

Coded magnetic switches are fitted with 2-pole (XCSDMCIXCSDMRIXCSDMP) or 3-pole (XCSDMP) Reed type contacts and are available with or without a "guard closed" LED indicator.
The NC and NO contacts change state as soon as the magnet is at a distance from the sensor of approximately 8 mm for types XCSDMP and XCSDMR and approximately 5 mm for type XCSDMC

## Connection

When used in safety circuits, the Reed technology contacts must always be used in conjunction with a Preventa safety module.

## 1 type of case <br> - PBT plastic body. <br> - Self-contained range: SIL2/PL =d, category 3 <br> XCSDM3 and SIL3/PL =e, category 4 XCSDM4. <br> - Pre-cabled, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{~m}$ or 10 m . <br> - Flying lead with M12 connector.

## Technology

Coded "Hall effect" detection.

## PNP safety outputs

Integrated self-monitoring using micro-processors. Detection distance from 0 to 10 mm obtained on approach of dedicated transmitter XCSDMT.

## Functions

- Dynamic EDM (External Device Monitoring) only for xCSDM4.
- Fault and short-circuit detection.
- Output diagnostics (non safety related) only for XCSDM4.
- LED indicator.
- Possible chaining of up to a maximum of 32 systems for XCSDM3 only.

These switches provide a solution for monitoring moveable machine guards fitted to machines with quick rundown times.
They are particularly suitable for guards without accurate guidance and for use in difficult environments (dust, liquids, etc.).
Installing self-contained coded magnetic systems provides an optimum solution (no control system required).
They enable:

- monitoring of one or several guards (opening, closing) on small machines,
- savings in space and the elimination of enclosures and/or control cabinets.


## Safety limit switches XCSM

With head for linear movement (plunger) or rotary movement (lever)


- Narrow metal case XCSM.
- With protective plate, preventing both access to the fixing screws or adjustment of the head by non authorised personnel.
- Torx fixing screws.
- A removable cable entry to facilitate wiring.


## Contacts

XCSM3 limit switches are fitted with 3-pole contacts and XCSM4 switches are fitted with 4-pole contacts.
4 versions of complete switches are available incorporating these contacts:

- metal end plunger,
- roller plunger,
- thermoplastic roller lever,
- diameter 19 mm steel roller lever.


## Connection

Pre-cabled switches, either $7 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $9 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.

Safety limit switches XCSD and XCSP
With head for linear movement (plunger) or rotary movement (lever)


## Contacts

XCSP3・ゃゃ॰ and XCSD3 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ limit switches are fitted with 3-pole contacts.
4 versions of complete switches are available incorporating these contacts:

- metal end plunger,
- roller plunger,
- thermoplastic roller lever,
- diameter 19 mm steel roller lever.


## Applications

These switches provide a solution for monitoring covers, guards or grilles on machines with low inertia (quick rundown time), either in conjunction with key operated switches or not. When used on their own, they are always installed in "positive mode" or combined in pairs, with one switch being in "positive mode" and the other in "negative mode", and can, when connected to Preventa safety modules, achieve a PL=e, category 4/SIL 3 system.


Safety detection solutions
Limit switches
Miniature design, metal, type XCSM

XCSM pre-cabled

With head for linear movement (plunger). Fixing by the body

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Page 26
With head for rotary movement (lever). Fixing by the body

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Page 26

## General characteristics

# Safety detection solutions 

## Limit switches

Miniature design, metal, type XCSM

| Environment characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conformity to standards | Products | EN/IEC 60947-5-1, UL 508, CSA C22-2 n 14 |
|  | Machine assemblies | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 14119 |
| Product certifications |  | UL, CSA |
| Maximum safety level (1) |  | PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |
| Reliability data $\mathrm{B}_{10 \mathrm{~d}}$ |  | 50000000 (value given for a service life of 20 years, limited by mechanical or contact wear) |
| Protective treatment |  | Standard version: "TC" |
| Ambient air temperature |  | For operation: $-25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> For storage: $-40 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Vibration resistance |  | XCSM snap action: 5 gn . XCSM slow break: $25 \mathrm{gn}(10 \ldots 500 \mathrm{~Hz})$ conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-6 |
| Shock resistance |  | $25 \mathrm{gn} \mathrm{(18} \mathrm{ms)} \mathrm{conforming} \mathrm{to} \mathrm{EN/IEC} \mathrm{60068-2-27}$ |
| Electric shock protection |  | Class I conforming to IEC 6140 |
| Degree of protection |  | IP 66, IP 67 and IP 68 (1) conforming to EN/IEC 60529; IK 06 conforming to EN 50102 |
| Materials |  | Body: Zamak. Head: Zamak. Protective plate: steel, secured by 5-lobe torque safety screw. |
| Repeat accuracy |  | 0.05 mm on the tripping points, with 1 million operating cycles for head with end plunger |
| Contact block characteristics |  |  |
| Rated operational characteristics |  | ~ AC-15; B300 (Ue = 240 V , le=1.5 A) <br> -. DC-13; R300 ( $\mathrm{Ue}=250 \mathrm{~V}$, le = 0.1 A), conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 Appendix A |
| Rated insulation voltage |  | $\mathrm{Ui}=400 \mathrm{~V}$ degree of pollution 3 conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 $\mathrm{Ui}=300 \mathrm{~V}$ conforming to UL 508, CSA C22-2 $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 14$ |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage |  | U imp $=4 \mathrm{kV}$ conforming to EN/IEC 60947-1, EN/IEC 60664 |
| Positive operation (depending on model) |  | NC contacts with positive opening operation conforming to IEN/IEC 60947-5-1 Appendix K |
| Resistance across terminals |  | $\leq 25 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ conforming to EN/IEC 60255-7 category 3 |
| Short-circuit protection |  | 6 A cartridge fuse type gG (gl) |
| Minimum actuation speed |  | Snap action contact: $0.01 \mathrm{~m} /$ minute, Break before make, slow break contact: $6 \mathrm{~m} /$ minute |

(1) Using an appropriate and correctly connected control system.

Electrical durability

(1) Protection against prolonged immersion: the test conditions are subject to agreement between the manufacturer and the user.

References, characteristics

Safety detection solutions
Safety limit switches
Miniature design, metal, type XCSM
Pre-cabled

| Type of head | Plunger (fixing by the body) | Rotary (fixing by the body) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of operator |  | Metal end plunger | Roller plunger | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thermoplastic roller } \\ & \text { lever } \end{aligned}$ | Steel roller lever |
| References |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO snap action contact | XCSM3910L1 | XCSM3902L1 <br> $\Theta$ |  | XCSM3916L1 |
|  | 3-pole 2 NC + 1 NO break before make, slow break contact |  | XCSM3702L1 <br> $\Theta$ | XCSM3715L1 <br> $\Theta$ <br>  | XCSM3716L1 <br> $\Theta$ |
|  | 4-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ snap action contact | XCSM4110L1 <br> $\Theta$ |  | XCSM4115L1 <br> $\Theta$ | XCSM4116L1 <br> $\Theta$ |
| $\underline{\text { Contact operation }}$ |  | 0.165 | 0.170 | 0.205 | 0.210 |
|  |  | closed open |  | (A) = cam displacement <br> $(P)=$ positive opening point <br> $\Theta N C$ contact with opening positive operation |  |
| Complementary characteristics not shown under general characteristics (page 25) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switch actuation |  | On end | By $30^{\circ} \mathrm{cam}$ |  |  |
| Type of actuation |  |  | $\vec{\square}$ |  |  |
| Maximum actuation speed |  | $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| Mechanical durability |  | 10 million operating cycles |  |  |  |
| Minimum force or torque | Tripping | 8.5 N | 7 N | 0.5 N.m |  |
|  | Positive opening | 42.5 N | 35 N | 0.1 N.m |  |
| Cabling | 3 -pole contacts | PvR pre-cabled, $7 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, length 1 m (1) |  |  |  |
|  | 4 -pole contacts | PvR pre-cabled, $9 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, length 1 m (1) |  |  |  |
|  |  | (1) For a 2 m long cable, replace L1 with L2. For a 5 m long cable, replace L1 with L5. |  |  |  |

Dimensions, connections

Safety detection solutions
Safety limit switches
Miniature design, metal, type XCSM Pre-cabled

Dimensions XCSM••10L1

(1) Protective plate fixed by 5-lobe torque safety screws.

XCSM••15L1

(1) Protective plate fixed by 5-lobe torque safety screws.

## Connections

Wiring up to $\mathrm{PL}=\mathrm{b}$, category 1 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1
Example with 3-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO contact and protection fuse to prevent shunting of the $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{C}$ contacts, either by cable damage or by tampering.

(1) Signalling contact

Example of guard monitoring using 2 switches and 1 safety module (PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1)
Operation in positive and negative (combined) mode


Wiring up to $\mathrm{PL}=\mathrm{d}$, category 3 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1
Example with 3-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO contact with mixed redundancy of the contacts and the associated control relyas. Opening and closing of the guard necessary to activate K1.


H 1 : "guard closed" indicator light


XCSM••16L1


## Presentation

## Safety detection solutions

Limit switches
Compact design, metal, type XCSD
Compact design, plastic, type XCSP


# Safety detection solutions 

## Limit switches

Compact design, metal, type XCSD
Compact design, plastic, type XCSP

Environment characteristics

| Conformity to standards | Products | EN/IEC 60947-5-1, UL 508, CSA C22-2 n 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Machine assemblies | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 14119 |
| Product certifications |  | UL, CSA |
| Maximum safety level (1) |  | PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |
| Reliability data $\mathrm{B}_{10 \mathrm{~d}}$ |  | 50000000 (value given for a service life of 20 years, limited by mechanical or contact wear) |
| Protective treatment | Standard version | "TC" |
| Ambient air temperature | For operation | $-25 . . .+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | For storage | $-40 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Vibration resistance | Conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-6 | $25 \mathrm{gn}(10 \ldots 500 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |
| Shock resistance | Conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-27 | $50 \mathrm{gn} \mathrm{(11} \mathrm{ms)}$ |
| Electric shock protection |  | Class I conforming to IEC 61140 for XCSD |
|  |  | Class II conforming to IEC 61140 for XCSP |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to EN/IEC 60529 | IP 66 and IP 67 |
|  | Conforming to EN 50102 | IK 06 for XCSD IK 04 for XCSP |
| Repeat accuracy |  | 0.1 mm on the tripping points, with 1 million operating cycles for head with end plunger |
| Cable entry | Depending on model | Tapped entry for 13.5 cable gland, tapped ISO M20 1.5 or tapped 1/2" NPT |
| Materials |  | XCSD: Zamak bodies and heads, XCSP: plastic bodies, Zamak heads Plastic protective cover, secured by 5 -lobe torque safety screw |
| Contact block characteristics |  |  |
| Rated operational characteristics |  | ~AC-15; B300 ( $\mathrm{Ue}=240 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=1.5 \mathrm{~A}$ ); lthe $=6 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> =- DC-13; R300 ( $\mathrm{Ue}=250 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ ), conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 Appendix A |
| Rated insulation voltage |  | $\mathrm{Ui}=400 \mathrm{~V}$ degree of pollution 3 conforming to IEN/IEC 60947-1 $\mathrm{Ui}=300 \mathrm{~V}$ conforming to UL 508, CSA C22-2 n ${ }^{\circ} 14$ |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage |  | U imp $=4 \mathrm{kV}$ conforming to EN/IEC 60947-1, ENIIEC 60664 |
| Positive operation (depending on model) |  | NC contacts with positive opening operation conforming to IEN/IEC 60947-5-1 Appendix K |
| Resistance across terminals |  | $\leqslant 25 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ conforming to EN/IEC 60255-7 category 3 |
| Short-circuit protection |  | 6 A cartridge fuse type gG (gl) |
| Connection (screw clamp terminals) |  | Clamping capacity, min: $1 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, max: $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Minimum actuation speed (for head with end plunger) | Snap action | $0.01 \mathrm{~m} /$ minute |
|  | Slow break | $6 \mathrm{~m} /$ minute |

(1) Using an appropriate and correctly connected control system.

Electrical durability
■ Conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 Appendix C

- Utilisation categories AC-15 and DC-13
- Maximum operating rate: 3600 operating cycles/hour

■ Load factor: 0.5


Slow break contacts


References, characteristics, dimensions

## Safety detection solutions

## Limit switches

Compact design, metal, type XCSD
Complete switches with 1 cable entry

| Type of head | \| Plunger |  | Rotary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of operator | Metal end plunger | Steel roller plunger | Thermoplastic roller lever | Steel roller lever |
| References of complete switches with 3-pole 2 NC + 1 NO snap action contact |  |  |  |  |
| With ISO M20 x 1.5 cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSD3910P20 | XCSD3902P20 | XCSD3918P20 | XCSD3919P20 |
| With Pg 13.5 cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSD3910G13 | XCSD3902G13 | XCSD3918G13 | XCSD3919G13 |
| With 1/2" NPT cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSD3910N12 <br> $\Theta$ | XCSD3902N12 | XCSD3918N12 <br> $\Theta$ | XCSD3919N12 |
| Weight (kg) | 0.215 | 0.220 | 0.255 | 0.255 |
| Contact function diagrams |  |  |  |  |
| 3-pole 2 NC + 1 NO snap action |  |  |  |  |
|  <br> Characteristics | open <br> $(P)=$ positive opening point <br> NC contact with positive opening operation |  |  |  |
| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| Switch actuation | On end | By $30^{\circ} \mathrm{cam}$ |  |  |
| Type of actuation |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum actuation speed | $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| Mechanical durability (in millions of operating cycles) | 15 | 10 |  |  |
| Minimum force or torque For tripping <br>  For positive opening | $15 \mathrm{~N}$ | 12 N 0.1 N.m <br> 36 N $0.25 \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{m}$ |  |  |
|  | $45 \mathrm{~N}$ |  |  |  |
| Cable entry | 1 entry tapped M20 $\times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ for ISO cable gland, clamping capacity 7 to 13 mm 1 entry tapped Pg 13.5 for cable gland, clamping capacity 9 to 12 mm 1 entry tapped for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT (USAS B2-1) conduit |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Tapped entry for ISO M20 $\times 1.5$ or Pg 13.5 cable gland or tapped 1/2" NPT. <br> (2) 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4.3 \times 6.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ on 22 mm centres, 2 holes $\varnothing 4.3$ on 20 mm centres. <br> (3) $2 \times \varnothing 3$ holes for support studs, depth 4 mm . | XCSD3•10••• |  | XCSD3•02••• |  |

References, characteristics, dimensions (continued)

## Safety detection solutions

## Limit switches

Compact design, metal, type XCSD
Complete switches with 1 cable entry

| Type of head | Plunger |  | Rotary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of operator | Metal end plunger | Steel roller plunger Thermoplastic roller <br> lever |  | Steel roller lever |
| References of complete switches with 3-pole 2 NC + 1 NO break before make, slow break contact |  |  |  |  |
| With ISO M20 x 1.5 cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSD3710P20 $\Theta$ | XCSD3702P20 | XCSD3718P20 | XCSD3719P20 |
| With Pg 13.5 cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSD3710G13 $\Theta$ | XCSD3702G13 | XCSD3718G13 | XCSD3719G13 |
| With 1/2" NPT cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSD3710N12 <br> $\Theta$ | XCSD3702N12 <br> $\Theta$ | XCSD3718N12 | XCSD3719N12 <br> $\Theta$ |
| Weight (kg) | 0.215 | 0.220 | 0.255 | 0.255 |
| Contact function diagrams |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Contact operation | (A) = cam displacement open <br> $(P)=$ positive opening point <br> NC contact with positive opening operation |  |  |  |
| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| Switch actuation | On end | By $30^{\circ} \mathrm{cam}$ |  |  |
| Type of actuation |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum actuation speed | $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| Mechanical durability (in millions of operating cycles) | 15 | 10 |  |  |
| Minimum force or torque For tripping | 15 N | 12 N | 0.1 N.m |  |
| For positive opening | 45 N | 36 N | 0.25 N.m |  |
| Cable entry | 1 entry tapped M20 $\times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ for ISO cable gland, clamping capacity 7 to 13 mm 1 entry tapped Pg 13.5 for cable gland, clamping capacity 9 to 12 mm 1 entry tapped for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT (USAS B2-1) conduit |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Tapped entry for ISO M20 $\times 1.5$ or Pg 13.5 cable gland or tapped 1/2" NPT. <br> (2) 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4.3 \times 6.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ on 22 mm centres, 2 holes $\varnothing 4.3$ on 20 mm centres. <br> (3) $2 \times \varnothing 3$ holes for support studs, depth 4 mm . | XCSD3•18••๑, | SD319••• |  |  |

References, characteristics, dimensions

## Safety detection solutions

## Limit switches

Compact design, plastic, type XCSP
Complete switches with 1 cable entry

| Type of head | Plunger |  | Rotary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of operator | Metal end plunger | Steel roller plunger | Thermoplastic roller lever | Steel roller lever |
| References of complete switches with 3-pole 2 NC + 1 NO snap action contact |  |  |  |  |
| With ISO M20 x 1.5 cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSP3910P20 $\Theta$ | XCSP3902P20 $\Theta$ | XCSP3918P20 $\Theta$ | XCSP3919P20 |
| With Pg 13.5 cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSP3910G13 | XCSP3902G13 | XCSP3918G13 | XCSP3919G13 |
| With 1/2" NPT cable entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | XCSP3910N12 | XCSP3902N12 | XCSP3918N12 | XCSP3919N12 |
| Weight (kg) | 0.215 | 0.220 | 0.255 | 0.255 |
| Contact function diagrams |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Contact operation | closed open <br> (A) = cam displacement <br> $(P)=$ positive opening point <br> NC contact with positive opening operation |  |  |  |
| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| Switch actuation | On end | By $30^{\circ} \mathrm{cam}$ |  |  |
| Type of actuation |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum actuation speed | $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| Mechanical durability (in millions of operating cycles) | 15 | 10 |  |  |
| $\frac{\text { (in milions of operating cycles) }}{\text { Minimum force or torque }}$ For tripping | $\frac{15 \mathrm{~N}}{45 \mathrm{~N}}$ | 12 N | 0.1 N.m |  |
| For positive opening |  | 36 N | $0.25 \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{m}$ |  |
| Cable entry | 1 entry tapped M20 1.5 mm for ISO cable gland, clamping capacity 7 to 13 mm 1 entry tapped Pg 13.5 for cable gland, clamping capacity 9 to 12 mm 1 entry tapped for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT (USAS B2-1) conduit |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Tapped entry for ISO M20 $\times 1.5$ or Pg 13.5 cable gland or tapped 1/2"NPT. <br> (2) 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4.3 \times 6.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ on 22 mm centres, 2 holes $\varnothing 4.3$ on 20 mm centres. <br> (3) $2 \times \varnothing 3$ holes for support studs, depth 4 mm . |  |  |  |  |

References, characteristics, dimensions (continued)

Safety detection solutions
Limit switches
Compact design, plastic, type XCSP
Complete switches with 1 cable entry


## Presentation

## Safety detection solutions

Lever or spindle operated switches
Plastic, double insulated, turret head, types XCSPL, XCSTL, XCSPR and XCSTR

With rotary operating head, with elbowed lever (flush with rear of switch) or straight lever, for hinged covers and guards


With rotary operating head, with spindle operator, for hinged covers and guards


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With rotary operating head, with elbowed lever (flush with rear of switch) or straight lever, for hinged covers and guards


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With rotary operating head, with spindle operator, for hinged covers and guards


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## Safety detection solutions

## Lever or spindle operated switches <br> Plastic, double insulated, turret head, types XCSPL, XCSTL, XCSPR and XCSTR



References, characteristics

## Safety detection solutions

Lever or spindle operated switches
Plastic, double insulated, turret head (1), types XCSPL, XCSTL, XCSPR and XCSTR 1 or 2 cable entries
Type $\mid$ Elbowed lever (flush with rear of switch) Spindle

References of complete switches $\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) with 1 cable entry tapped ISO M16 x 1.5

| 2-pole <br> $1 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO <br> break before make, slow break |  | XCSPL592 | XCSPL582 | XCSPL572 | XCSPL562 | XCSPL552 | XCSPR552 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2-pole } \\ & 2 \text { NC } \\ & \text { slow break } \end{aligned}$ |  | XCSPL792 | XCSPL782 | XCSPL772 | XCSPL762 | XCSPL752 | XCSPR752 |
| 3-pole <br> $1 \mathrm{NC}+2$ NO <br> break before make, slow break |  | - | - | - | XCSPL862 | - | XCSPR852 |
| 3-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ <br> break before make, slow break |  | - | XCSPL982 | - | XCSPL962 | - | XCSPR952 |
| Weight (kg) |  | 0.095 | 0.095 | 0.095 | 0.095 | 0.095 | 0.105 |



References of complete switches ( $\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) with 2 cable entries tapped ISO M16 x 1.5

| 3-pole $1 \text { NC + } 2 \text { NO }$ <br> break before make, slow break |  | XCSTL592 | XCSTL582 | XCSTL572 | XCSTL562 | XCSTL552 | XCSTR552 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-pole } \\ & 2 \text { NC + } 1 \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ <br> break before make, slow break |  | XCSTL792 | XCSTL782 | XCSTL772 | XCSTL762 | XCSTL752 | XCSTR752 |
| 3-pole <br> 3 NC <br> slow break | $\left.\begin{array}{c\|c\|c\|} \hline & \bar{N} & \bar{\infty} \\ \|c\| c \mid \\ \sim & \sim & ल \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | XCSTL892 | XCSTL882 | XCSTL872 | XCSTL862 | XCSTL852 | XCSTR852 |
| Weight (kg) |  | 0.145 | 0.145 | 0.145 | 0.145 | 0.145 | 0.155 |

References of complete switches with 1 or 2 cable entries tapped $n^{\circ} 11$ (Pg 11)
To order a complete switch with 1 or 2 Pg 11 cable entries, replace the last number in the reference (2) by 1.
Example: XCSTL592 becomes XCSTL591.
References of complete switches with 1 or 2 cable entries for 1/2" NPT conduit
To order a complete type XCSPL $\bullet \bullet$ or XCSPR $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ switch with 1 cable entry for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT conduit, replace the last number in the reference (2) by 3.
Example: XCSPL592 becomes XCSPL593.
For a complete switch type XCSTL or XCSTR with 2 entries for 1/2" NPT conduit, use adaptor DE9RA1012.


[^0]Setting-up, dimensions, schemes

## Safety detection solutions

## Lever or spindle operated switches

Plastic, double insulated, turret head,
types XCSPL, XCSTL, XCSPR and XCSTR
1 or 2 cable entries

| Setting-up |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operator displacement |  |  |  |  |  |
| XCSPL•9•, PL॰7•, PL•6• | XCSPL॰8®, PLe5• | XCSTL•9•, TL•7•, TL•6• | XCSTL•8॰, TL॰5• | XCSPR•5• | XCSTR•5• |
|  |  |  |  | 「® | '回 |
| Functional diagrams |  |  |  |  |  |
| XCSPL59•, PL57•, PL56• | XCSPL58, PL55• | XCSTL56• | XCSTL58॰, TL55• | XCSPR55• | XCSTR55• |
| $\underbrace{5^{5^{\circ}}}_{10^{\circ}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { XCSPL79•, PL77•, } \\ & \text { PL76• } \end{aligned}$ | XCSPL78®, PL75• | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XCSTL79•, TL77•, } \\ & \text { TL76• } \end{aligned}$ | XCSTL78@, TL75• | XCSPR75• | XCSTR75• |
|  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{-270^{+55^{\circ}-5^{\circ}}+2+20^{\circ}}{\square}$ |  |
| Contact operationclosedopen | XCSPL98• | XCSTL87•, TL86• | XCSTL88@, TL85• | XCSPR85• | XCSTR85- |
|  |  |  | $\stackrel{-90^{-5}{ }^{\circ}+5^{\circ}+5^{\circ}+90^{\circ}}{\square}{ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  | XCSPR95• |  |
| XCSPL®®® |  | XCSTL••• |  | ${ }^{-270}{ }^{+5} 5^{\circ}-5^{\circ}+270^{\circ}$ |  |
|  | $\frac{16}{4 \frac{16}{\operatorname{man}_{44}^{4}}}$ | $27.4$ |  |  |  |

## Schemes

Wiring up to PL=b, category 1 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1
Example with cable short-circuit protection fuse

(2) 1 entry tapped
$\varnothing$ : 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4.3 \times 8.3$ on 22 centres 2 holes $\varnothing 4.3$ on 20 centres

## XCSPR•••



[^1]Presentation, characteristics

Safety detection solutions
Key operated switches
Metal, turret head, types XCSA, XCSB and XCSC
Plastic, double insulated, turret head, types XCSMP or XCSPA and XCSTA

Metal, types XCSA, XCSB, XCSC

Key operated switches with or without locking of the actuator


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Plastic, types XCSMP, XCSPA XCSTA

## Key operated switches with or without locking of the actuator



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| Environment characteristics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Key operated switch type |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XCSA, XCSB, XCSC } \\ & \text { (metal) } \end{aligned}$ | XCSMP, XCSPA, XCSTA (plastic) |
| Conformity to standards | Products | EN/IEC 60947-5-1, UL 508, CSA C22-2 $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 14$ |  |
|  | Machine assemblies | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 14119 |  |
| Product certifications |  | UL, CSA | UL, CSA (cULus for XCSMP) |
| Maximum safety level (1) |  | PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |  |
| Reliability data $\mathrm{B}_{10 \mathrm{~d}}$ |  | 5000000 (value given for a service life of 20 years, limited by mechanical or contact wear) |  |
| Protective treatment |  | Standard version: "TC" |  |
| Ambient air temperature | For operation | $-25 . . .+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  | For storage | $-40 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-25 \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ for XCSMP) |  |
| Vibration resistance |  | $5 \mathrm{gn}(10 \ldots 500 \mathrm{~Hz})$ conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-6 (6 gn ( $10 \ldots 55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) for XCSMP) |  |
| Shock resistance |  | $10 \mathrm{gn} \mathrm{(duration} 11 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-27 ( 50 gn (duration 11 ms ) for XCSMP) |  |
| Electric shock protection |  | Class 1 conforming to EN/IEC 60536 | Class 2 conforming to EN/IEC 60536 |
| Degree of protection |  | IP 67 conforming to EN/IEC 60529 and EN/IEC 60947-5-1 (2) |  |
| Cable entry |  | 1 entry tapped ISO M20 $\times 1.5$ (clamping capacity 7 to 13 mm ) or tapped for $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 13$ (Pg 13.5) cable gland conforming to NFC 68-300 (clamping capacity 9 to 12 mm ) or for 1/2" NPT (USAS B2-1) conduit | 1 entry (XCSPA) or 2 entries (XCSTA) tapped for ISO M16 $\times 1.5$ cable gland (clamping capacity 4.5 to 10 mm ) or for $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 11$ (Pg 11) cable gland, or tapped $1 / 2$ " NPT, or for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT (USAS B2-1) conduit using metal adaptor DE9RA1012) for XCSTA (other entry fitted with blanking plug). |
| Connecting cable |  | - | Pre-cabled, either $4 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $6 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (XCSMP) |
| Materials |  | XCSA/B/C <br> Zamak case | XCSMP/PA/TA <br> Polyamide PA66 fibreglass impregnated case |
|  |  | Actuators (all types): steel XC60, surface treated |  |
|  |  | (1) Using an appropriate and correctly connected control system. <br> (2) Live parts of these switches are protected against the penetration of dust and water. However, when installing take all necessary precautions to prevent the penetration of solid bodies, or liquids with a high dust content, into the actuator aperture. Not recommended for use in saline atmospheres. |  |

Safety detection solutions
Key operated switches
Metal, turret head, types XCSA, XCS and XCSC
Plastic, double insulated, turret head,
types XCSMP or XCSPA and XCSTA

Contact block characteristics

| Rated operational characteristics | 2 and 3 contact, slow break | XCSA, XCSB, XCSC, XCSTA, XCSPA: $\sim A C-15, A 300: ~ U e=240 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=3 \mathrm{~A}$ or $\mathrm{Ue}=120 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{le}=6 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> XCSMP: ~AC-15, C300: $\mathrm{Ue}=240 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=0.75 \mathrm{~A}$ or $\mathrm{Ue}=120 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=1.5 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> All models: =- DC-13, Q300: $\mathrm{Ue}=250 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{le}=0.27 \mathrm{~A}$ or $\mathrm{Ue}=125 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{le}=0.55 \mathrm{~A}$ conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 contact, snap action | XCSPA: ~AC-15, A300: $\mathrm{Ue}=240 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=3 \mathrm{~A}$; Ithe $=10 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> .-. DC-13, Q300: $\mathrm{Ue}=250 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=0.27 \mathrm{~A}$ or $\mathrm{Ue}=125 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=0.55 \mathrm{~A}$ conforming to $\mathrm{EN} / \mathrm{IEC}$ 60947-5-1 |
|  | 3 contact, snap action |  =- DC-13, R300: $\mathrm{Ue}=250 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ or $\mathrm{Ue}=125 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=0.55 \mathrm{~A}$ conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 |
| Conventional thermal current in enclosure |  | XCSA, XCSB, XCSC, XCSPA ( 2 \& 3 slow break contact and 2 snap action contact versions) XCSPA ( 3 snap action contact version): Ithe $=6 \mathrm{~A}$ XCSMP: Ithe $=2.5 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Rated insulation voltage | 2 and 3 contact | 3 contact (XCSA, XCSB, XCSC, XCSTA), 2 contact (XCSPA), <br> 2 and 3 contact (XCSMP): <br> $\mathrm{Ui}=500 \mathrm{~V}$ conforming to EN/IEC 60947-1; Ui $=300 \mathrm{~V}$ conforming to UL 508, CSA C22-2 $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 14$ |
|  | 3 contact | XCSPA: <br> $\mathrm{Ui}=400 \mathrm{~V}$ degree of pollution 3 conforming to EN/IEC 60947-1 <br> $\mathrm{Ui}=300 \mathrm{~V}$ conforming to UL 508, CSA C22-2 $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 14$ |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage | 2 and 3 contact | 3 contact (XCSA, XCSB, XCSC, XCSTA), 2 contact (XCSPA), 2 and 3 contact (XCSMP): Uimp $=6 \mathrm{kV}$ conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 |
|  | 3 contact | XCSPA: <br> Uimp $=4 \mathrm{kV}$ conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-4 |
| Positive operation |  | NC contacts with positive opening operation conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1, Section 3 |
| Resistance across terminals |  | $\leqslant 30 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-4 |
| Short-circuit protection | 2 and 3 contact | 3 contact (XCSA, XCSB, XCSC, XCSTA), 2 contact (XCSPA), 2 and 3 contact (XCSMP): 10 A cartridge fuse type gG (gl) |
|  | 3 contact | XCSPA: <br> 6 A cartridge fuse type gG (gl) |
| Connection $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Pre-cabl } \\ & \\ & \begin{array}{l}\text { Screw cla } \\ \text { terminal }\end{array}\end{aligned}$ |  | $4 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $6 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (XCSMP). PVC |
|  | 2 contact, snap action | XCSPA, XCSTA: <br> Clamping capacity, min: $1 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, max: $2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | 2 and 3 contact | 3 contact (XCSA, XCSB, XCSC, XCSTA), 2 contact (XCSPA): <br> Clamping capacity, $\mathrm{min}: 1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, $\max : 2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ with or without cable end |
|  | 3 contact | XCSPA: clamping capacity, min: $1 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, max: $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Electrical durability |  |  |
| Conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 Appendix C. <br> Utilisation categories AC-15 and DC-13. <br> Maximum operating rate: 3600 operating cycles/hour. |  | Only applicable to XCSMP: Conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 Appendix C. <br> Utilisation categories AC-15 and DC-13. <br> Maximum operating rate: 900 operating cycles/hour. |

Load factor: 0.5

For XE2S P•151 on ~ or --., NC and NO contacts simultaneously loaded to the values shown with reverse polarity.

AC supply
$50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \sim$ תm inductive circuit

2 snap action contact version
AC supply
$50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \sim$
m inductive circuit

Power broken in W for
5 million operating cycles.

| Voltage | V | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| mm | W | 10 | 7 | 4 |

3 snap action contact version XCSPA


| Voltage | V | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| mm | W | 13 | 9 | 7 |

3 slow break contact version XCSPA



DC supply ---
Power broken in W for
5 million operating cycles.

References, characteristics

## Safety detection solutions

Key operated switches
Plastic, fixed head, type XCSMP
Pre-cabled, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{~m}$ or 10 m
Type of switch

References of switches without actuator $\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) (1)(3)
2-pole 1 NC + 1 NO
break before make, slow break (2)
break before make, slow break (2)

| 2-pole 2 NC slow break (2) |  | XCSMP79L• |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-pole 2 NC + 1 NO <br> break before make, slow break (2) |  | XCSMP70L• |
| 3-pole 3 NC slow break (2) |  | XCSMP80L• |
| Weight (kg) |  | 0.110 |

Weight (kg)
Complementary characteristics not shown under general characteristics (page 38)

| Actuation speed | Maximum: $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, minimum: $0.05 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Resistance to forcible withdrawal of actuator | 8 N |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical durability | >1 million operating cycles |  |  |  |  |
| Pre-cabled connection | $4 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $6 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum operating rate | For maximum durability: 1200 operating cycles per hour |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum force for extraction of actuator | $\geqslant 8 \mathrm{~N}$ |  |  |  |  |
| References of actuators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Straight actuator | Right-angled actuator | Pivoting actuator For right-hand door | \| For left-hand d |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For guard switches XCSMP | XCSZ81 | XCSZ84 | XCSZ83 | XCSZ85 |  |
| Weight (kg) | 0.015 | 0.025 | 0.085 | 0.085 |  |
| Separate components |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Unit reference |  |  |  | Weight kg |
| Blanking plugs for operating head slot (Sold in lots of 10) | XCSZ29 |  |  |  | 0.005 |

(1) Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch.
(2) Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch.
(3) Basic reference, to be completed: replace the dot by 2 for a 2 m long cable, by 5 for a 5 m long cable or by 10 for a 10 m long cable. Example: XCSMP59L $\bullet$ becomes XCSMP59L10 for a switch with a 10 m long cable.

Safety detection solutions
Key operated switches
Plastic, fixed head, type XCSMP
Pre-cabled, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{~m}$ or 10 m

## Dimensions

XCSMP

## XCSZ81


(1) $\varnothing 7.6$, length 2,5 or 10 m .


XCSZ84


XCSZ83

(1) 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4.2 \times 6$.

XCSZ85

(1) 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4.2 \times 6$.

Safety detection solutions
Key operated switches
Plastic, fixed head, type XCSMP
Pre-cabled, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{~m}$ or 10 m


Functional diagrams


Contact operation

| References: | Characteristics: | Dimensions: <br> page 40 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Schemes Note: These schemes are given as examples only, the designer must refer to the relevant safety standards for guidance.
Wiring up to PL=b, category 1 conforming to EN/SO 13849-1
Example with 3 -pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ contact and protection fuse to prevent shunting of the NC contact, either by cable damage or by tampering.

(1) Signalling contact

Wiring to PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061. Wiring method used in conjunction with Preventa safety module.
(The guard switch should be used in conjunction with a safety limit switch to give electrical/mechanical redundancy)
Method for machines with quick rundown time (low inertia)
Locking or interlocking device based on the principle of redundancy and self-monitoring.
The safety modules ensure these functions.


[^2]
## Safety detection solutions

Key operated switches

## Plastic, turret head (1), types XCSPA and XCSTA 1 or 2 cable entries



References of switches without actuator $(\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) with 1 or 2 cable entries tapped ISO M16 $\times 1.5$

| 2-pole 1 NC + 1 NO (2) break before make, slow break |  | XCSPA592 | $\Theta$ | - |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\text { 2-pole } 1 \text { NC + } 1 \text { NO (2) }$ snap action |  | XCSPA192 | $\Theta$ |  |  |
| 2-pole $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ (2) make before break, slow break |  | XCSPA692 | $\Theta$ | - |  |
| 2-pole 2 NC (2) slow break |  | XCSPA792 | $\Theta$ | - |  |
| 2-pole 2 NC (2) snap action |  | XCSPA292 | $\Theta$ |  |  |
| 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ (2) break before make, slow break |  | XCSPA892 | $\Theta$ | XCSTA592 | $\Theta$ |
| 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ (2) snap action |  | XCSPA392 | $\Theta$ | - |  |
| 3-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO (2) break before make, slow break |  | XCSPA992 | $\Theta$ | XCSTA792 | $\Theta$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-pole } 2 \text { NC + } 1 \text { NO (2) } \\ & \text { snap action } \end{aligned}$ |  | XCSPA492 | $\Theta$ | - |  |
| $\text { 3-pole } 3 \text { NC (2) }$ slow break |  | - |  | XCSTA892 | $\Theta$ |
| Weight (kg) |  | 0.110 |  | 0.160 |  |

References of switches without actuator $(\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) with 1 or 2 cable entries tapped Pg 11 or 1/2" NPT
To order a switch with 1 or 2 cable entries for $n^{\circ} 11(\mathrm{Pg} 11)$ cable gland (clamping capacity 7 to 10 mm ), replace the last number ( 2 ) by 1 in the selected reference. Example: XCSPA592 becomes XCSPA591.
To order a switch with 1 or 2 cable entries for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT conduit (one $n^{\circ} 11$ tapped entry fitted with metal adaptor DE9RA1012), replace the last number (2) by 3 in the selected reference. Example: XCA TA592 becomes XCSTA593
Complementary characteristics not shown under general characteristics (page 38)

| Actuation speed | Maximum: $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, minimum: $0.01 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Resistance to forcible withdrawal of actuator | XCSPA, XCSTA: 10 N ( 50 N using actuators XCSZ12 or XCSZ13 together with guard retaining device XCSZ21) |  |  |  |
| Mechanical durability | XCSPA, XCSTA: > 1 million operating cycles |  |  |  |
| Maximum operating rate | For maximum durability: 600 operating cycles per hour |  |  |  |
| Minimum force for positive opening | $\geqslant 15 \mathrm{~N}$ |  |  |  |
| Cable entry | XCSPA: 1 entry tapped M16 x 1.5 for ISO cable gland. XCSTA: 2 entries tapped M16 $\times 1.5$ for ISO cable gland. |  |  |  |
| Materials | Body and head: polyamide PA66, fibreglass impregnated |  |  |  |
| References of accessories |  |  |  |  |
| \% | Description | For use with | Unit reference | Weight kg |
|  | Blanking plugs for operating head slot (Sold in lots of 10) | XCSPA, XCSTA | XCSZ28 | 0.050 |
|  | Padlocking device to prevent insertion of actuator, for up to 3 padlocks (padlocks not included) | XCSPA, XCSTA | XCSZ91 | 0.053 |
| XCSZ91 XCSZ200 | Actuator centring device (3) (Fixing screws included) | XCSPA, XCSTA | XCSZ200 | 0.022 |

(1) Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$. Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch. $\quad$ (3) Do not use with XCSZ91.
(2) Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch.

Other versions: please consult our Customer Care Centre.

References (continued), dimensions

## Safety detection solutions

Key operated switches
Plastic, turret head, types XCSPA and XCSTA 1 or 2 cable entries

References of actuators and guard retaining device


| References: | Schemes: |
| :--- | :--- |
| page 44 | page 47 |

Safety detection solutions
Key operated switches
Plastic, turret head, types XCSPA and XCSTA 1 or 2 cable entries

$\varnothing$ : 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4.7 \times 10$

$\mathrm{R}=$ minimum radius

| References: | Schemes: <br> page 44 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | page 47 |

## Safety detection solutions

Key operated switches
Plastic, turret head, types XCSPA and XCSTA
1 or 2 cable entries


## Setting-up

Functional diagrams
XCSTA8••


Contact operation

- Closed
$\square$ Open
- Unstable

Schemes Note: These schemes are given as examples only, the designer must refer to the relevant safety standards for guidance. Wiring to PL=b, category 1 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1
Example with 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ contact and protection fuse to prevent shunting of the NC contact, either by cable damage or by tampering.


## Wiring to PL=d, category 3 conforming to

## EN/ISO 13849-1

Example with 2-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ contact with mixed redundancy of the contacts and the associated control relays. To activate K1, it is necessary to remove and re-insert the actuator when the supply is switched on.

(1) Signalling contact.

Wiring to PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061
Wiring method used in conjunction with safety module
(The key operated switch should be used in conjunction with a safety limit switch to give electrical/mechanical redundancy)

## Method for machines with quick rundown time (low inertia)

Locking or interlocking device based on the principle of redundancy and self-monitoring.
The safety modules ensure these functions.


References, characteristics

## Safety detection solutions

Key operated switches
Metal, turret head (1), types XCSA, XCSB and XCSC 1 cable entry

| Type of switch | Without locking of actuator |  |  | With locking of actuator, manual unlocking (2) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LED indication on opening of NC contacts | Without | 1 orange LED $24 / 48 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | 1 orange LED <br> 110/ <br> 240 V~ | Without | 1 orange LED <br> 24/ <br> $48 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | 1 orange LED $110 /$ $240 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | Without | 1 orange LED $24 / 48 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | 1 orange LED <br> 110/ <br> 240 V ~ |
| References of switches without actuator ( $\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) with 1 cable entry tapped ISO M20 x 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 -pole <br> 1 NC + 2 NO break before make, slow break (3) | XCSA502 | XCSA512 | XCSA522 | XCSB502 | XCSB512 | XCSB522 | xcsc502 | xCSC512 | XCSC522 |
|  | XCSA702 | XCSA712 | XCSA722 | XCSB702 | XCSB712 | XCSB722 | xCSC702 | XCSC712 | XCSC722 |
|  | XCSA802 | - | - | XCSB802 | - | - | xCSC802 | - | - |
| Weight (kg) | 0.440 | 0.440 | 0.440 | 0.475 | 0.475 | 0.475 | 0.480 | 0.480 | 0.480 |
| References of switches without actuator ( $\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) with 1 cable entry tapped Pg 13.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

To order a switch with a Pg 13.5 cable entry, replace the last number (2) by 1 in the selected reference.
Example: XCSA502 becomes XCSA501.

## References of switches without actuator ( $\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) with 1 cable entry tapped 1/2" NPT

To order a switch with a $1 / 2$ " NPT cable entry, replace the last number (2) by $\mathbf{3}$ in the selected reference.
Example: XCSA502 becomes XCSA503.
Complementary characteristics not shown under general characteristics (page 38)

| Actuation speed | Maximum: $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, minimum: $0.01 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Resistance to forcible withdrawal <br> of actuator | XCSB and XCSC: 1500 N |
| Mechanical durability | XCSA: $>1$ million operating cycles <br> XCSB and XCSC: 0.6 million operating cycles |
| Maximum operating rate | For maximum durability: 600 operating cycles per hour |
| Minimum force for extraction of actuator | $\geqslant 20 \mathrm{~N}$ |
| Cable entry | XCSA, XCSB, XCSC: 1 cable entry <br> Entry tapped ISO M20 $\times 1.5$, clamping capacity 7 to 13 mm <br> Materials <br> References of actuators |


(1) Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$. Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch.
(2) Unlocking by pushbutton for XCSB $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ and by key operated lock for XCSC $\bullet \bullet \bullet(2$ keys included with switch).
(3) Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch.

Other versions: please consult our Customer Care Centre.

Key operated switches
Metal, turret head, types XCSA, XCSB and XCSC 1 cable entry

| Separate components | Description | For use <br> with | Supply <br> voltage | Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Safety detection solutions

Key operated switches
Metal, turret head, types XCSA, XCSB and XCSC 1 cable entry

$\mathrm{R}=$ minimum radius

| References: | Schemes: |
| :--- | :--- |
| page 48 | page 51 |



Schemes Note: These schemes are given as examples only, the designer must refer to the relevant safety standards for guidance.

Wiring up to PL=b, category 1 conforming to EN/SO 13849-1

Example with 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ contact and protection fuse to prevent shunting of the NC contact, either by cable damage or by tampering.

(1) Signalling contact

Wiring up to PL=d, category 3 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1

Example with 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ contact with mixed redundancy of the contacts and the associated control relays. To activate K1, it is necessary to remove and re-insert the actuator when the supply is switched on.


H1: "actuator not inserted" indicator

Wiring to PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061. Wiring method used in conjunction with Preventa safety module. (The key operated switch should be used in conjunction with a safety limit switch to give electrical/mechanical redundancy).
Method for machines with quick rundown time (low inertia)
Locking device based on the principle of redundancy and self-monitoring.
The safety modules ensure these functions.


[^3]
## Safety detection solutions

## Safety interlock switches

by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF
Plastic, type XCSLE

Safety interlock switches operating by actuator
With emergency release mushroom head pushbutton


## Plastic, type XCSLE

## Safety interlock switches operating by actuator



Pages 58 and 59

| Environment characteristics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Guard switch type |  | XCSLF (metal) | XCSLE (plastic) |
| Conformity to standards | Products | EN/IEC 60947-5-1, EN/ISO 13849-1, EN/IEC 62061, UL 508, CSA C22-2 n 14 |  |
|  | Machine assemblies | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 14119, EN/ISO 12100 |  |
| Product certifications |  | UL (1), CSA, TÜV (pending) |  |
| Maximum safety level (2) |  | PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |  |
| Reliability data $\mathrm{B}_{10 \mathrm{~d}}$ |  | 5500000 (value given for a service life of 20 years, limited by mechanical or contact wear) |  |
| Protective treatment |  | Standard version: "TC" |  |
| Ambient air temperature | For operation | $-25 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  | For storage | $-40 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Vibration resistance |  | $5 \mathrm{gn}(10 \ldots 500 \mathrm{~Hz})$ conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-6 |  |
| Shock resistance |  | 10 gn (duration 11 ms ) conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-27 |  |
| Electric shock protection |  | Class I conforming to EN/IEC 60536 | Class II conforming to EN/IEC 60536 |
| Degree of protection |  | IP 66 and IP 67 (IP 66 for XCSLF $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet 4 \bullet \bullet$ and for XCSLF $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet 6 \bullet \bullet$ ) conforming to EN/IEC 60529 and EN/IEC 60947-5-1 (3) |  |
| Connection |  | 3 cable entries tapped M20 $\times 1.5$ for ISO cable gland. Clamping capacity 7 to 13 mm or entries tapped for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT (USAS B2-1) conduit or 1 M23 connector output, $15+1$ PE or $18+1$ PE 24 V -.- versions. |  |
| Material |  | Zamak case $\quad$ Polyamide case |  |
|  |  | Actuators (all types): steel XC60, sur |  |

(1) The safety function on this device has not been tested by the UL.
(2) Using an appropriate and correctly connected control system.
(3) Live parts of these switches are protected against the penetration of dust and water. However, when installing take all necessary precautions to prevent the penetration of solid bodies, or liquids with a high dust content, into the actuator aperture. Not recommended for use in saline atmospheres.

## Safety detection solutions

## Safety interlock switches

by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF
Plastic, type XCSLE

## Contact block characteristics



## Switching capacity

conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1
Appendix C
Utilization categories AC-15 and DC-13

```
Switching capacity 1:
C300 240 V 0.75 A
R300 250 V 0.1 A
Switching capacity 2 :
C300 120 V 1.5A
R300 125 V 0.22A
```



References, characteristics

## Safety detection solutions

Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head (1)
With 3 cable entries
Metal, type XCSLF

| Type of switch | Locking on de-energization and unlocking on energization of solenoid (2) |
| :--- | :--- |



Orange LED: "guard open" indication
Green LED:"guard closed and locked" indication
$24 \mathrm{~V}=-\mathrm{or} \sim(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ on $\sim)$


References of switches without actuator $(\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation) with 3 cable entries tapped ISO M20 x 1.5

| 2-pole contact <br> 1 NC + 1 NO <br> break before make, slow break (3) |  | XCSLF2525312 | - | - | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-pole contact <br> 2 NC <br> simultaneous, slow break (3) |  | XCSLF2725312 | XCSLF2727312 <br> $\Theta$ | - | - | - |
| 3-pole contact <br> $1 \mathrm{NC}+2$ NO <br> break before make, slow break (3) |  | - | - | XCSLF3535312 | - | - |
| 3-pole contact <br> 2 NC + 1 NO <br> break before make, slow break (3) |  | - | - | - | XCSLF3737312 <br> $\Theta$ | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-pole contact } \\ & \text { 3 NC } \\ & \text { simultaneous, slow break (3) } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | - | - | - | XCSLF3838312 <br> $\Theta$ |
| Weight (kg) |  | 1.100 | 1.100 | 1.100 | 1.100 | 1.100 |

Solenoid and LED characteristics

| Load factor | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rated operational voltage (4) | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $\sim$ or $120 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ |
| Voltage limits | Conforming to <br> EN/IEC $60947-1$ |
| Consumption | $-15 \%,+10 \%$ of the rated operational voltage (including ripple on $-=-)$ |

References of complete switches with solenoid supply voltage of 120 V or 230 V
To order a switch with a solenoid voltage of 110/120 V ~, replace the $6^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 3.
Example: XCSLF3535312 becomes XCSLF3535332.
To order a switch with a solenoid voltage of $220 / 240 \mathrm{~V} \sim$, replace the $6^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 4.
Example: XCSLF3535312 becomes XCSLF3535342.

## References of switches with locking on energization and unlocking on de-energization

To order a guard switch with locking on energization and unlocking on de-energization of the solenoid, replace the $5^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 5 . Example: XCSLF3535312 becomes XCSLF3535512.

## References of complete switches with 3 cable entries tapped for $1 / 2$ " NPT conduit

To order a switch with $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT cable entries, replace the last number in the reference with 3.
Example: XCSLF3535312 becomes XCSLF3535313.

## References of actuators and separate parts

See page 60.
(1) Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$. Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch.
(2) A key operated lock (2 keys included with switch) enables forced opening of the interlocking mechanism, by authorized personnel, allowing withdrawal of the actuator and subsequent opening of the NC safety contacts.
(3) Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch.
(4) Common power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs.

Other versions: consult our Customer Care Centre.

| Presentation: | Characteristics: | Dimensions: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| page 52 | page 53 | page 63 |

## Safety detection solutions

## Safety interlock switches

by actuator, with solenoid, turret head (1)
Connector output
Metal, type XCSLF


## References of switches with locking on energization and unlocking on de-energization

To order a guard switch with locking on energization and unlocking on de-energization of the solenoid, replace the $5^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 5 . Example: XCSLF272731M2 or XCSLF353531M3 becomes XCSLF272751M2 or XCSLF353551M3.

## References of actuators and separate parts

See page 60.
(1) Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$. Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch
(2) A key operated lock (two keys included with switch) enables forced opening of the interlocking mechanism, by authorized personnel, allowing withdrawal of the actuator and subsequent opening of the NC safety contacts.
(3) Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch
(4) Common power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs.

Note: Due to existing cable connections and to ensure your personal safety, safety screws have been used in front of the product to prevent unauthorized access.
Other versions: consult our Customer Care Centre

References, characteristics (continued)

## Safety detection solutions

## Safety interlock switches

by actuator, with solenoid, turret head (1)
With 3 cable entries
Metal, type XCSLF

| Type of switch |  | Locking on de-energization and unlocking on energization of solenoid (2) or in emergency by mushroom head pushbutton (3) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| LED indication |  | Orange LED: "guard open" indication Green LED: "guard closed and locked" indication |  |
| Power supply for the solenoid and | LEDs | $24 \mathrm{~V}=$ or $\sim(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ on $\sim$ ) |  |
| Type of contact on solenoid |  | $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make | $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO break before make |
| References of switches without actuator $\Theta N C$ contact with positive opening operation) with trigger action mushroom head pushbutton, diameter 40 mm , "turn to release" reset, with 3 entries tapped ISO M20 x 1.5 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3-pole contact } \\ & 1 \text { NC + } 2 \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ <br> break before make, slow break (4) |  | XCSLF3535412 <br> $\Theta$ | - |
| 3-pole contact <br> 2 NC + 1 NO <br> break before make, slow break (4) |  | - | XCSLF3737412 |
| Weight (kg) |  | 1.220 | 1.220 |
| Solenoid and LED characteristics |  |  |  |
| Load factor |  | 100 \% |  |
| Rated operational voltage (5) |  | $24 \mathrm{~V}=$ - or $\sim$ or $120 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ |  |
| Voltage limits | Conforming to EN/IEC 60947-1 | -15\%,+10\% of the rated operational voltage (including ripple on ---) |  |
| Consumption |  | $<5.4 \mathrm{~W}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and max. voltage |  |
| References of switches with trigger action mushroom head pushbutton, diameter 40 mm , key no. 455 reset |  |  |  |

To order a switch with trigger action mushroom head pushbutton, key no. 455 release, diameter 40 mm at the rear of the product, replace the $5^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 6
Example: XCSLF3535412 becomes XCSLF3535612.

## References of complete switches with solenoid supply voltage of 120 V or 230 V

To order a switch with a solenoid voltage of $110 / 120 \mathrm{~V} \sim$, replace the $6^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 3.
To order a switch with a solenoid voltage of $220 / 240 \mathrm{~V} \sim$, replace the $6^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 4.

## References of complete switches with 3 cable entries tapped for 1/2" NPT conduit

To order a switch with $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT cable entries, replace the last number in the reference with 3.
Example: XCSLF3737412 becomes XCSLF3737413.

## References of actuators and separate parts

See page 60.
(1) Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$. Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch.
(2) A key operated lock (2 keys included with switch) enables forced opening of the interlocking mechanism, by authorized personnel, allowing withdrawal of the actuator and subsequent opening of the NC safety contacts.
(3) Trigger action, diameter 40 mm , "turn to release" or "key no. 455 " reset type.
(4) Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch.
(5) Common power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs.

Other versions: consult our Customer Care Centre.

| Presentation: | Characteristics: | Dimensions: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| page 52 | page 53 | Schemes: |

# Safety detection solutions 

Safety interlock switches
by actuator，with solenoid，turret head（1）
Connector output
Metal，type XCSLF

| Type of switch | Locking on de－energization and unlocking on energization of solenoid（2）or in emergency by mushroom head pushbutton（3） |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| LED indication | Orange LED：＂guard open＂indic Green LED：＂guard closed and I |  |
| Power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-$ or $\sim(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ on $\sim$ ） |  |
| Type of contact on solenoid | $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make | $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO break before make |
| References of switches without actuator $(\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation） with trigger action mushroom head pushbutton，diameter 40 mm ，＂turn to release＂reset，19－pin M23 connector output（6 contacts） |  |  |
| 3－pole contact <br> 1 NC＋ 2 NO <br> break before make，slow break（4） | XCSLF353541M3 | － |
| 3－pole contact <br> 2 NC＋ 1 NO <br> break before make，slow break（4） | － | XCSLF353541M3 $\Theta$ |
| Weight（kg） | 1.220 | 1.220 |
| Solenoid and LED characteristics |  |  |
| Load factor | 100 \％ |  |
| Rated operational voltage（5） | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-\mathrm{or} \sim$ |  |
| Voltage limits Conforming to <br>  EN／IEC 60947－1 | $-15 \%,+10 \%$ of the rated opera | （including ripple on－－－） |
| Consumption | $<5.4 \mathrm{~W}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and max．voltag |  |
| References of switches with trigger action mushroom head pushbutton，diameter 40 mm ，key no． 455 reset |  |  |

To order a switch with trigger action mushroom head pushbutton，unlocked by key no． 455 ，diameter 40 mm at the rear of the product，replace the $5^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 6
Example：XCSLF353541M3 becomes XCSLF353561M3

## References of actuators and separate parts

## See page 60.

（1）Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$ ．Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch．
（2）A key－operated lock（two keys included with switch）enables forced opening of the interlocking mechanism，by authorized personnel，allowing withdrawal of the actuator and subsequent opening of the NC safety contacts．
（3）Trigger action，diameter 40 mm ，＂turn to release＂or＂key no．455＂reset type．
（4）Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch
（5）Common power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs．
Note：Due to existing cable connections and to ensure your personal safety，safety screws have been used in front of the product to prevent unauthorized access．
Other versions：consult our Customer Care Centre．

References, characteristics

## Safety detection solutions

Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head (1)
With 3 cable entries, double insulated Plastic, type XCSLE

| Type of switch |
| :--- |
| LED indication |
| Power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs |
| Type of contact on solenoid |
|  |

## References of switches without actuator $\Theta$ NC contact with positive opening operation)

 with 3 cable entries tapped ISO M20 x 1.52-pole contact
1 NC + 1 NO
break before make, slow break (3)

| XCSLE2525312 | - | - | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | XCSLE2727312 <br> $\Theta$ | - | - | - |
| - | - | XCSLE3535312 | - | - |
| - | - | - | XCSLE3737312 | - |
| - | - | - | - | XCSLE3838312 |
| 0.530 | 0.530 | 0.530 | 0.530 | 0.530 |

## Solenoid and LED characteristics

| Load factor | $100 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rated operational voltage (4) | $24 \mathrm{~V}-\mathrm{-}$ or $\sim$ or $120 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ |  |
| Voltage limits | Conforming to <br> EN/IEC $60947-1$ | $-15 \%,+10 \%$ of the rated operational voltage (including ripple on -- ) |
| Consumption | $<5.4 \mathrm{~W}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and max. voltage |  |

## References of complete switches with solenoid supply voltage of 120 V or 230 V

To order a switch with a solenoid voltage of $110 / 120 \mathrm{~V} \sim$, replace the $6^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 3 .
Example: XCSLE2525312 becomes XCSLE2525332.
To order a switch with a solenoid voltage of $220 / 240 \vee \sim$, replace the $6^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 4.
Example: XCSLE2525312 becomes XCSLE2525342.

## References of switches with locking on energization and unlocking on de-energization

To order a guard switch with locking on energization and unlocking on de-energization of the solenoid, replace the $5^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 5 Example: XCSLE2525312 becomes XCSLE2525512

## References of complete switches with three cable entries tapped for 1/2" NPT conduit

To order a switch with $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT cable entries, replace the last number in the reference with $\mathbf{3}$.
Example: XCSLE2727312 becomes XCSLE2727313.

## References of actuators and separate parts

See page 60.
(1) Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$. Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch.
(2) A special tool included with the guard switch enables forced opening of the interlocking mechanism, by authorized personnel, allowing withdrawal of the actuator and subsequent opening of the NC safety contacts.
(3) Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch.
(4) Common power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs.

Other versions: consult our Customer Care Centre.

| Presentation: | Characteristics: <br> page 53 | Dimensions: <br> page 63 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Safety detection solutions

## Safety interlock switches

by actuator, with solenoid, turret head (1)
Connector output, double insulated
Plastic, type XCSLE
Type of switch

| LED indication | Orange LED: "guard open" indication Green LED: "guard closed and locked" indication |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-$ or $\sim(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ on $\sim$ ) |  |  |  |  |
| Type of contact on solenoid | 1 NO + 1 NC break before make | 2 NC simultaneous | $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make | $2 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ break before make | 3 NC simultaneous |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc} \wedge & \circ \\ \infty & -\cdots \\ \infty & \circ \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |

References of switches without actuator $\Theta \mathrm{NC}$ contact with positive opening operation),
16-pin (4 contacts) or 19-pin (6 contacts) M23 connector output

| 2-pole contact <br> 1 NC + 1 NO <br> break before make, slow break (3) | XCSLE252531M2 <br> $\Theta$ | - | - | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-pole contact 2 NC <br> simultaneous, slow break (3) | - | XCSLE272731M2 | - | - | - |
| 3-pole contact <br> 1 NC + 2 NO <br> break before make, slow break (3) | - | - | XCSLE353531M3 | - | - |
| 3-pole contact <br> 2 NC + 1 NO <br> break before make, slow break (3) | - | - | - | XCSLE373731M3 | - |
| 3-pole contact 3 NC <br> simultaneous, slow break (3) | - | - | - | - | XCSLE383831M3 |
| Weight (kg) | 0.530 | 0.530 | 0.530 | 0.530 | 0.530 |
| Solenoid and LED characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |
| Load factor | 100 \% |  |  |  |  |
| Rated operational voltage (4) | $24 \mathrm{~V}=$ or $\sim$ |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage limits Conforming to <br>  EN/IEC 60947-1 | -15\%,+10\% of the rated operational voltage (including ripple on ---) |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption | $<5.4 \mathrm{~W}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and max. voltage |  |  |  |  |

## References of switches with locking on energization and unlocking on de-energization

To order a guard switch with locking on energization and unlocking on de-energization of the solenoid, replace the $5^{\text {th }}$ number in the selected reference with 5. Example: XCSLE252531M2 becomes XCSLE252551M2 and XCSLE353531M3 becomes XCSLE353551M3

## References of actuators and separate parts

## See page 60.

(1) Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$. Blanking plug for operating head slot included with switch
(2) A special tool included with the guard switch enables forced opening of the interlocking mechanism, by authorized personnel, allowing withdrawal of the actuator and subsequent opening of the NC safety contacts.
(3) Schematic diagrams shown represent the contact states whilst the actuator is inserted in the head of the switch.
(4) Common power supply for the solenoid and the LEDs.

Note : Due to existing cable connections and to ensure your personal safety, safety screws have been used in front of the product to prevent unauthorized access.
Other versions: consult our Customer Care Centre.

## Safety detection solutions

Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF and plastic, type XCSLE
Accessories

xCSZ01


XCSZ02

xCSZ03

xCSZ90

| Actuator references |  | Unit |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Description | Used for | Unight <br> reference |  |
| Straight actuator | XCSLF, <br> kg |  |  |
|  | XCSLE | XCSZ01 | 0.020 |


| Actuator with wide fixing | XCSLF, | XCSZ02 | 0.020 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | XCSLE |  |  |


| Pivoting actuator | XCSLF, <br> XCSLE | XCSZ03 | 0.095 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |


| Latch for sliding doors | XCSLF, <br> XCSLE | XCSZ05 | 0.600 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |


| Separate parts | Used for | Unit <br> reference | Weight <br> Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Blanking plugs for operating <br> head slot (Sold in lots of 10) | XCSLF, <br> XCSLE | XCSZ30 | 0.050 |
| Keys for interlock "forced <br> opening" device <br> (Sold in lots of 10) | XCSLF | XCSZ25 | 0.100 |
| Padlocking device <br> to prevent insertion of <br> actuator, for up to <br> 3 padlocks (padlocks not <br> included) | XCSLF, | XCSLE | XCSZ90 |
| Tool for forced opening of <br> interlocking device <br> (Sold in lots of 10) | XCSLE | XCSZ100 | 0.055 |
| Cover safety kit consisting of: <br> ■ 4 5-lobe torque screws <br> ■ 1 magnetic screwdriver bit | XCSLF | XCSLE | XCSZ210 |

References (continued), characteristics, dimensions, connections

Safety detection solutions
Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF and plastic, type XCSLE Cabling accessories

| M23 connectors |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of connection | Screw threaded (metal clamping ring) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 (with clamping ring correctly tightened) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient air temperature | $-25 \ldots+110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connection | To solder terminals. Maximum conductor c.s.a.: $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ Cable gland: no. 13 metal (Pg 13.5) Clamping capacity: 9 to 12 mm |  |  |  |  |  |
| LED signalling | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal voltage | $60 \mathrm{~V} \sim, 75 \mathrm{~V}=-$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current | 7.5 A |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | $>10^{12} \Omega$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contact resistance | $\leq 5 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| References |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Type of connector | Number of contacts | Cable connection | Type | Reference | Weight kg |
| Posorsor | Female, M23 | 16 | To solder terminals | Straight | XZCC23FDM160S | 0.080 |
|  |  |  |  | Elbowed | XZCC23FCM160S | 0.150 |
| Wen |  | 19 | To solder terminals | Straight | XZCC23FDM190S | 0.080 |
|  |  |  |  | Elbowed | XZCC23FCM190S | 0.150 |

Dimensions
XZCC23FDM160S and XZCC23FDM190S XZCC23FCM160S and XZCC23FCM190S

(1) No. 13 metal cable gland.

## Connections

XZCC23F•M160S


## XZCC23F•M190S



References (continued), characteristics, dimensions, connections

Safety detection solutions
Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF and plastic, type XCSLE
Cabling accessories

Connector adaptors


## Dimensions

XZCE20M231•M

(1) $M 20 \times 1.5$

## Connections

XZCE20M2316M
XZCE20M2319M


Safety detection solutions
Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF
Plastic, type XCSLE

$\bar{\varnothing}: 2$ elongated holes $\varnothing 6.2 \times 4.2$
(1) 3 tapped entries for cable gland.
(2) Version with M23 connector.

Safety detection solutions
Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF
Plastic, type XCSLE


## Actuation radius



## xCsz02


$\mathrm{R}=$ minimum radius

## Safety detection solutions

Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF
Plastic, type XCSLE

| Operation <br> Functional diagrams <br> XCSLF/LE25••• |
| :--- |

## Connections

Wiring to PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL CL3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061. Wiring method used in conjunction with Preventa safety module (the safety interlock switch should be used in conjunction with a safety limit switch to achieve electrical/mechanical redundancy).
Method for machines with long rundown time (high inertia)


Interlocking device for actuator fitted on guard and zero speed detection.

Safety detection solutions
Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF
Plastic, type XCSLE

Wiring up to PL=b, category 1 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1
Wiring example with protection fuse to prevent shunting of the NC contact, either by cable damage or by tampering.
1 NC +1 NO locking on de-energization
and 1 NC + 1 NO auxiliary contacts
XCSLF/LE25253••


## E1-E2: Solenoid supply

13-14: Safety contact, available for redundancy
13-X2/E2: LED (orange): actuator withdrawn
41-X1/E2: LED (green): actuator inserted and locked
22-41 : Safety pre-wiring obligatory
S1: Manual release button
X: Unlocking signal

Wiring up to PL=d, category 3 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1
Wiring example with redundancy for the guard switch contacts, without monitoring or redundancy in the power circuit.

2 NC + 1 NO locking on de-energization
and 2 NC + 1 NO auxiliary contacts
XCSLFILE37373••


E1-E2: Solenoid supply
21-22 and 31-32: Safety contacts, available for redundancy
13-X2/E2: LED (orange): actuator withdrawn
51-X1/E2: LED (green): actuator inserted and locked
22-41 and 32-51: Safety pre-wiring obligatory
S1: Manual release button
X : Zero speed or unlocking signal

Safety detection solutions
Safety interlock switches
by actuator, with solenoid, turret head
Metal, type XCSLF
Plastic, type XCSLE

Connection by M23 connectors
16-pin M23 connectors

XCSLF/LE2525••



XCSLF/LE2727••


XCSLF/LE3838••


| Présentation: <br> page 52 | Caractéristiques: <br> page 53 | Références: <br> page 54 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Presentation

## Safety detection solutions

Coded magnetic switches
Plastic

## XCSDMC

## XCSDMP

XCSDMR


Page 70
Page 71

Rectangular, standard: $88 \times 25 \times 13$
Pre-cabled connection
Connector on flying lead connection


Page 70


Page 71

Cylindrical, diameter: 30, length: $\mathbf{3 8 . 5}$
Pre-cabled connection
Connector on flying lead connection


Page 71

Environment

| Conformity to standards | Products |  | EN/IEC 60947-5-1, UL 508, CSA C22-2 ${ }^{\circ} 14$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Machine assemblies |  | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN/ISO 14119 |
| Product certifications |  |  | UL, CSA, BG |
| Maximum safety level (1) |  |  | PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 61508 |
| Reliability data $\mathrm{B}_{10 \mathrm{~d}}$ |  |  | 50000000 (value given for a service life of 20 years, limited by mechanical or contact wear) |
| Protective treatment |  |  | Standard version: "TH" |
| Ambient air temperature | For operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+85$ |
|  | For storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85$ |
| Vibration resistance |  |  | $10 \mathrm{gn} \mathrm{(10..}$.150 Hz ) conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-6 |
| Shock resistance |  |  | 30 gn (11 ms) conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-7 |
| Sensitivity to magnetic fields |  | mT | $\geqslant 0.3$ |
| Electric shock protection |  |  | Class II conforming to EN/IEC 60536 |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to IEC 60529 |  | IP 66 and IP 67 for coded magnetic switches with pre-cabled connection IP 67 for coded magnetic switches with connector on flying lead connection |
| Materials |  |  | Thermoplastic case (PBT) PVC cable (ROHS) |

## Contact block characteristics

| Rated operational characteristics |  |  | Ue: $24 \mathrm{~V}=-$, le: 100 mA max. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated insulation voltage (Ui) |  |  | Ui: 100 V -- |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (U imp) |  | kV | 2.5 conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 |
| Resistance across terminals | Contact with LED | $\Omega$ | 57 |
|  | Contact without LED | $\Omega$ | 10 |
| Protection (not using safety module) |  |  | External cartridge fuse: $500 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{gG} \mathrm{(gl)}$ |
| Connection XCSDMC | 2 contact model |  | Pre-cabled, $4 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, length: 2,5 or 10 m depending on model or M8 connector on 0.15 m flying lead |
| XCSDMP | 2 contact model |  | Pre-cabled, $4 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, length: 2,5 or 10 m depending on model or M12 connector on 0.15 m flying lead |
|  | 3 contact model |  | Pre-cabled, $6 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, length: 2,5 or 10 m depending on model or M12 connector on 0.15 m flying lead |
| XCSDMR | 2 contact model |  | Pre-cabled, $4 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, length: 2,5 or 10 m depending on model or M12 connector on 0.15 m flying lead |
| Contact material |  |  | Rhodium |
| Electrical durability |  |  | 1.2 million operating cycles |
| Maximum switching voltage |  | V | $100=$ |
| Switching capacity | Contact with LED | mA | 5... 100 |
|  | Contact without LED | mA | 0.1... 100 |
| Insulation resistance |  | M $\Omega$ | 1000 |
| Maximum breaking capacity | Contact with LED | VA | 3 |
|  | Contact without LED | VA | 10 |
| Maximum switching frequency |  | Hz | 150 |

[^4]
## Safety detection solutions

Coded magnetic switches
Plastic, pre-cabled

Type

| Rectangular | Ctandard | Cylindrical |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Compact | $88 \times 25 \times 13$ | Diameter 30 |
| $51 \times 16 \times 7$ | Length 38.5 |  |



References of switches (1) $\triangle$ must be used in conjunction with safety modules XPS (see page 76)
Contact states shown are with the magnet positioned in front of the switch

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2-pole } 1 \text { NC + } 1 \text { NO } \\ & \text { (staggered) } \end{aligned}$ |  | XCSDMC5902 | XCSDMP5902 | XCSDMR5902 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2-pole } 2 \text { NC (2) } \\ & \text { (staggered) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | XCSDMC7902 | XCSDMP7902 | XCSDMR7902 |
| 3-pole 1 NC + 2 NO ( 1 NO staggered) |  | - | XCSDMP5002 | - |
| 3-pole 2 NC + 1 NO (2) <br> ( 1 NC staggered) |  | - | XCSDMP7002 | - |
| 2-pole 1 NC + 1 NO (staggered) |  | XCSDMC5912 | XCSDMP5912 | XCSDMR5912 |
| 2-pole 2 NC (2) (staggered) |  | XCSDMC7912 | - | XCSDMR7912 |
| 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ <br> ( 1 NO staggered) |  | - | XCSDMP5012 | - |
| 3-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO (2) <br> ( 1 NC staggered) |  | - | XCSDMP7012 | - |
| Weight (kg) |  | 0.101 | 0.180 | 0.146 |

(1) Magnetic switch + coded magnet (XCSZC $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ ).

Switch pre-cabled with 2 m long cable. For other cable lengths, replace the last number of the reference (2) by 5 for a 5 m long cable or by 10 for a 10 m long cable.
Example: rectangular, compact switch with 1 NC +1 NO contacts and 10 m cable becomes XCSDMC59010.
(2) Only to be wired in conjunction with an XPSAF module (see page 77).

Complementary characteristics not shown under general characteristics (page 69)

| Complementary characteristics not Shown under general characteristics (page 69) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Operating zone | Sao: 5 mm <br> Sar: 15 mm | Sao: 8 mm <br> Sar: 20 mm | Sao: 8 mm <br> Sar: 20 mm |
| Approach directions | 3 directions | 3 directions | 1 direction |

## Accessories (page 72)

## Safety detection solutions

## Coded magnetic switches

Plastic, connector on flying lead
Type

References of switches (1) $\triangle$ must be used in conjunction with safety modules XPS (see page 76)
Contact states shown are with the magnet positioned in front of the switch

| 2-pole 1 NC + 1 NO (staggered) |  | XCSDMC590L01M8 | XCSDMP590L01M12 | XCSDMR590L01M12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-pole 2 NC (2) <br> (staggered) |  | XCSDMC790L01M8 | XCSDMP790L01M12 | XCSDMR790L01M12 |
| 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ <br> ( 1 NO staggered) |  | - | XCSDMP500L01M12 | - |
| 3-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1$ NO (2) <br> (1 NC staggered) |  | - | XCSDMP700L01M12 | - |
| 2-pole 1 NC + 1 NO (staggered) |  | XCSDMC591L01M8 | XCSDMP591L01M12 | XCSDMR591L01M12 |
| 2-pole 2 NC (2) (staggered) |  | XCSDMC791L01M8 | XCSDMP791L01M12 | XCSDMR791L01M12 |
| 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ (NO staggered) |  | - | XCSDMP501L01M12 | - |
| 3-pole $2 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ (2) (NC staggered) |  | - | XCSDMP701L01M12 | - |
| Weight (kg) |  | 0.101 | 0.180 | 0.146 |

(1) Magnetic switch + coded magnet (XCSZC••••).
(2) Only to be wired in conjunction with an XPSAF module (see page 77).

Complementary characteristics not shown under general characteristics (page 69)

| Operating zone | Sao: 5 mm <br> Sar: 15 mm | Sao: 8 mm <br> Sar: 20 mm | Sao: 8 mm <br> Sar: 20 mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Approach directions | 3 directions | 3 directions | 1 direction |

## Accessories (page 72)

References， characteristics

## Safety detection solutions

Coded magnetic switches
Accessories

| Accessories |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accessories for coded magnetic switches | XCSDMC•••2 <br> XCSDMC••๗L | XCSDMP•・ゃ2 XCSDMP•・ョL | XCSDMR•••2 XCSDMR•••L |
| Fixing clamp | － |  | XSZB130 |
| Weight（kg） | － |  | 0.080 |
| Additional coded magnet | xCSZC1 | XCSZP1 | XCSZR1 |
| Weight（kg） | 0.009 | 0.050 | 0.018 |
| Non－magnetic shims | XCSZCC（lot of 2） | XCSZCP（lot of 2） | XCSZCR |
| Weight（kg） | 0.008 | 0.012 | 0.002 |

Pre－wired female connectors for connector version switches
Pre－wired connector characteristics

| Pre－wired connector type |  | XZCP0941L®，XZCP1041L• | XZCP29P11L• | XZCP1141L®，XZCP1241L• |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of connection |  | Screw threaded （metal clamping ring） | Screw threaded （metal clamping ring） | Screw threaded （metal clamping ring） |
| Number of contacts |  | 4 | 8 | 4 |
| Degree of protection |  | IP 67 （with clamping ring correctly tightened） |  |  |
| Ambient air temperature | Static | $-35 . . .+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-35 \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-35 . .+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Dynamic | $-5 \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 . .+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Cabling |  | $\varnothing 5.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ cable， wire c．s．a．： $4 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $\varnothing 5.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ cable， wire c．s．a．： $8 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $\varnothing 5.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ cable， wire c．s．a．： $4 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| LED signalling |  | － | － | － |
| Nominal voltage |  | $60 \mathrm{~V} \sim, 75 \mathrm{~V}=-$ | $30 \mathrm{~V} \sim, 36 \mathrm{~V}=-$ | $250 \mathrm{~V} \sim, 300 \mathrm{~V}=-$ |
| Nominal current |  | 4A | 2A | 4A |
| Insulation resistance |  | $>10^{9} \Omega$ | $>10^{9} \Omega$ | $>10^{9} \Omega$ |
| Contact resistance |  | $\leqslant 5 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ | $\leqslant 5 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ | $\leqslant 5 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ |



XZCP1141L• XZCP1241L•

| Dimensions： <br> page 75 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 72 | 軍 $\frac{\text { Telemecanique }}{\text { Sensors }}$ |


| Function diagrams with magnet present (pre-cabled version) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| XCSDMC59•๑ |  |  | XCSDMC79•๑ |  |  | XCSDMP50・セ |  |  | XCSDMP70•๑ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{cc} 0 & 5 \\ \text { \|Saol } \\ \stackrel{F}{\circ} \\ \hline \square \end{array}$ |  | Colour <br> (NC): BN/BU <br> (NO): BK/WH |  |  | Colour (NC): BN/BU (NC): BK/WH | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \text { \|Saol } \\ \text { \| } \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | Colour <br> (NC): BN/BU <br> (NO): BK/WH <br> (NO): GY/PK |  |  | Colour <br> (NC): BN/BU <br> (NC): BK/WH <br> (NO): GY/PK |
| XCSDMR59•@/XCSDMP59•๑ |  |  | XCSDMR79•e/CS DMP79•๑ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1420 mm ISar $\square$ | Colour (NC): BN/BU (NO): BK/WH |  |  | Colour (NC): BN/BU (NC): BK/WH |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Function diagrams with magnet present (connector on flying lead version) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| XCSDMC59•๑ |  |  | XCSDMC79•๑ |  |  | XCSDMP50•๑ |  |  | XCSDMP70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{cc} 0 & 5 \\ \text { \|Saol } \\ \hline \mathrm{F} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | Pin <br> (NC): 1/3 <br> (NO): 4/2 |  |  | Pin <br> (NC): 1/3 <br> (NC): $4 / 2$ |  |  | Pin <br> (NC): 1/3 <br> (NO): 4/2 <br> (NO: 6/7 |  | Pin <br> (NC): 1/3 <br> (NC): $4 / 2$ <br> (NO): 6/7 |
| XCSDMR59•e/XCSDMP59•๑ |  |  | XCSDMR79•®/CS DMP79•๑ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1420 mm ISar <br> 4 | Pin (NC): $1 / 3$ <br> (NO): 4/2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & { }_{\mathrm{F}}^{\|\mathrm{Sao}\|^{8}} \\ & { }_{\mathrm{F}} \end{aligned}$ |  | Pin <br> (NC): 1/3 <br> (NC): $4 / 2$ |  |  |  |  |  |


| Contact closed | Sao: assured operating distance. <br> Sar: assured tripping distance. <br> Conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ Contact open |  |
| Contact unstable |  |
| $\square$ |  |

Safety detection solutions
Coded magnetic switches
Plastic

Coded magnetic switches
XCSDMC
Pre-cabled connection

## Connector on flying lead connection


(1) Counterbored: $\varnothing 6 \times 3.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.

XCSDMP
Pre-cabled connection
Connector on flying lead connection

(1) M12 4 or 6-pin connector.

XCSDMR
Pre-cabled connection

Connector on flying lead connection

(1) M12 4-pin connector

Coded magnet for XCSDMC xcszC1

(1) Counterbored: $\varnothing 6 \times 3.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.

Coded magnet for XCSDMP
XCSZP1


Coded magnet for XCSDMR XCSZR1

(1) $2 \times \varnothing 4.3$, countersunk: $\varnothing 7.5$ at $45^{\circ}$.

## References

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Dimensions (continued), schemes, mounting

Safety detection solutions
Coded magnetic switches
Plastic

(1) 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4 \times 8$

Pre-wired connectors
XZCP0941L•

XZCP1041L


XZCP1141L• XZCP1241L•


XZCP29P11L•


Schemes

M8 pre-wired connector
XZCP0941L•


M12 pre-wired connector
XZCP1141L•, XZCP1241L•


XZCP29P11L



| XCS | a | b | c | d | e |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DMC | 40 | 13 min. | - | $81 \times 55$ | - |
| DMP | 100 | 10 min. | - | $118 \times 55$ | - |
| DMR | 40 | 12 min. | $>10$ | $\varnothing 45$ | 20 |
|  |  | - | $>10$ | $\varnothing 45$ | 13 |
|  |  | - | $<10 \mathrm{~min}$. | $<10$ | - |
|  |  | - | - | 17 |  |


| Non-magnetic shims |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | XCSZCC |
| B | XCSZCP |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | XCSZCR |

Schemes， connections

Safety detection solutions
Coded magnetic switches
Plastic，pre－cabled

XCSDMP5 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ with XPSDMB
Wiring to PL＝e，category 4 conforming to EN／ISO 13849－1 and SIL 3 conforming to EN／IEC 61508．Example with 3－pole 1 NC +2 NO（1 NO staggered）contact．


ESC：External start conditions．
XCSDMC5•・ゃ，XCSDMP5ゃゃゃ，XCSDMR5・ゃゃ with XPSDME
Wiring to PL＝e，category 4 conforming to EN／ISO 13849－1 and SIL 3 conforming to EN／IEC 61508．Example with 2－pole 1 NC＋ 1 NO（staggered）contact．

$\overline{\text { ESC：External start conditions．}}$

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## Coded magnetic switches

Plastic, pre-cabled

Connection of up to 3 magnetic switches, with an LED on one input, with XPSDM• (1)
Wiring up to PL=d, category 3 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL 2 conforming to EN/IEC 61508

Example with 2-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ contact


Example with 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ contact

(1) Input: S11, S12, S13 or S21, S22, S23.

XCSDM•7・ゃゃ with XPSAF
Wiring up to $\mathrm{PL=e}$, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 61508. Example with 2-pole 2 NC contact


[^5]ESC: External start conditions.

Schemes， connections

Safety detection solutions
Coded magnetic switches
Plastic，connector on flying lead

XCSDMP5•eゃ with XPSDMB
Wiring to PL＝e，category 4 conforming to EN／ISO 13849－1 and SIL 3 conforming to EN／IEC 61508．Example with 3－pole 1 NC +2 NO（1 NO staggered）contact．


ESC：External start conditions．
XCSDMC5•・ゃ，XCSDMP5ゃゃゃ，XCSDMR5・ゃゃ with XPSDME
Wiring to PL＝e，category 4 conforming to EN／ISO 13849－1 and SIL 3 conforming to EN／IEC 61508．Example with 2－pole 1 NC＋ 1 NO（staggered）contact．

$\overline{\mathrm{ESC}}$ ：External start conditions．

References
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page 70

## Coded magnetic switches

Plastic, connector on flying lead

Connection of up to 3 magnetic switches, with an LED on one input, with XPSDM• (1)
Wiring to PL=d, category 3 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL 2 conforming to EN/IEC 61508

Example with 2-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ contact


Example with 3-pole $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ contact

(1) Input: S11, S12, S13 or S21, S22, S23.

XCSDM•7・ゃゃ with XPSAF
Wiring to PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 and SIL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 61508. Example with 2-pole 2 NC contact


[^6](2) Without start button monitoring

ESC: External start conditions.

Coded magnetic system
Pre-cabled connection

## Coded magnetic system

M12 connector connection

SIL 2/PL=d, category 3 and SIL 3/PL=e, category 4 XCSDM3791॰0/XCSDM4801•॰


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SIL 2/PL=d, category 3 and SIL 3/PL=e, category 4 XCSDM3791M12/XCSDM4801M12


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## Coded magnetic system type

SIL 2/PL= d, category 3 XCSDM3

## SIL 3/PL=e, category 4 XCSDM4

## Environment

| Conformity to standards |  |  | EN/IEC 60947-5-1; EN/IEC 60947-5-2; EN/IEC 60947-5-3EN/ISO 14119 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product certifications |  |  | C $\in$, UL, CSA, TÜV |  |
| Maximum safety level (1) |  |  | SIL 2 conforming to EN/IEC 61508,PL=d, category 3 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 | SIL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 61508, PL=e, category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 |
| Reliability data |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MTTF}_{\mathrm{d}}=182 \text { years } \\ & \mathrm{PFH}=3.94 \mathrm{E}^{-9} / \mathrm{PFD}=1.15 \mathrm{E}^{-5} \\ & \text { SFF }=92.5 \% / \mathrm{HFT}=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Ambient air temperature | For operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  | For storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Vibration resistance | Conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-6 |  | $10 \mathrm{gn}(10 \ldots 500 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |  |
| Shock resistance | Conforming to EN/IEC 60068-2-7 |  | $30 \mathrm{gn}, 11 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |
| Sensitivity to magnetic fields |  | mT | $\leqslant 0.5$ |  |
| Electric shock protection | Conforming to EN/IEC 61140 |  | Class III |  |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to EN/IEC 60529 |  | Pre-cabled version: IP 66, IP 67 Connector version: IP 67 |  |
|  | Conforming to DIN 40050 |  | Pre-cabled version: IP 69K |  |
| Materials |  |  | Thermoplastic case (PBT); PVC cable |  |
| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| Rated operational characteristics |  |  | Ub: $24 \mathrm{~V}=-\mathrm{+}$ + $10 \%-20 \%$ |  |
| Rated insulation voltage (Ui) |  |  | Ui: $36 \mathrm{~V}=-$ |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (U imp) | Conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-1 | kV | 2.5 |  |
| Integrated output protection |  |  | Overload and short-circuit protection |  |
| Connection | Conforming to <br> EN/IEC 60947-5-2-A3 <br> and EN/IEC 61076 |  | Pre-cabled, $6 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, length: 2,5 or 10 m depending on model or M12 connector (A coding) | Pre-cabled, $8 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, length: 2,5 or 10 m depending on model or M12 connector (A coding) |
| Cable diameter |  | mm | $6.1+/-0.3$ |  |
| Cable resistance |  | $\mathrm{m} \Omega / \mathrm{m}$ | 90 |  |
| Safety outputs OSSD (Output Signal Switching Devices) |  |  | 2 PNP type (NO) solid-state outputs, $1.5 \mathrm{~A}\left(2 \mathrm{~A}\right.$ up to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) 24 V --. (short-circuit protected) |  |
| Alarm output |  |  | - | 1 solid-state output, 0.5A, $24 \mathrm{~V}=-$, PNP |
| Signalling |  |  | LED (green/red/orange) |  |
| Maximum switching frequency |  | Hz | 3 |  |
| Activation delay |  | ms | 100 |  |
| Discordance time |  | s | 2 |  |
| HFT (Hardware Fault Tolerance) |  |  | 1 |  |
|  |  |  | Test interval: 12 months |  |
| Tightening torque |  | Nm | 1.8 max. |  |
| Chaining in series |  |  | 32 maximum with 2 m long cable | - |
| Functions |  |  |  |  |
| Functions |  |  | - LED status signalling | - Auto/Manual start via "Start"input <br> - Monitoring of external switching devices (EDM: External Device Monitoring) <br> - Display of operating modes (LED) - Monitoring of the function (open or closed) as well as the response time of the power components. |

[^7]
## References, characteristics

Safety detection solutions
Coded magnetic systems
Plastic, solid-state PNP type output
Type Magnetic system with dedicated transmitter

| References |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Type of connection | SIL 2/PL=d, category 3 | SIL 3/PL=e, category 4 | Weight kg |
| Coded magnetic system with dedicated transmitter (1) | Pre-cabled $\mathrm{L}=2 \mathrm{~m}$ | XCSDM379102 | XCSDM480102 | 0.320 |
|  | Pre-cabled, $\mathrm{L}=5 \mathrm{~m}$ | XCSDM379105 | XCSDM480105 | 0.480 |
|  | Pre-cabled, $\mathrm{L}=10 \mathrm{~m}$ | XCSDM379110 | XCSDM480110 | 0.745 |

(1) Self-contained system not requiring the use of a safety module or non-magnetic shim.

## Detection characteristics

| Assured operating distance | Sao: 10 mm |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assured tripping distance | Sar: 20 mm |
| Approach directions | 9 |
| Approach speed | $0.01 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \mathrm{min}$. |

## Output status (pre-cabled connection)

Output states shown are with the dedicated transmitter positioned in front of the receiver.
Output closed Output open

Approach directions


## Safety detection solutions

Coded magnetic systems
Plastic, solid-state PNP type output
Type

| References |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description | Type of <br> connection | SIL 2/PL=d, category 3 | SIL 3/PL=e, category 4 |
| Magnetic system with dedicated <br> transmitter (1) | M12 connector | XCSDM3791M12 | Weight |

(1) Self-contained system not requiring the use of a safety module or non-magnetic shim.

Detection characteristics

| Assured operating distance | Sao: 10 mm |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assured tripping distance | Sar: 20 mm |
| Approach directions | 9 |
| Approach speed | $0.01 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \mathrm{min}$. |
| Output Status (M12 connector connection) |  |
| Output states shown are with the dedicated transmitter positioned in front of the receiver |  |

## XCSDM3791M12



Output closedOutput open
Transitional state

XCSDM4801M12

"OFF" = Error

Sao: Assured operating distance
Sar: Assured tripping distance
Conforming to EN/IEC 60947-5-3

References, characteristics (continued)

## Safety detection solutions

Coded magnetic systems
Accessories

| Accessories |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Description | For use with | Reference | Weight kg |
|  | Replacement dedicated transmitter | XCSDM3/4•••02/05/10 XCSDM3/4•••M12 | XCSDMT | 0.100 |
|  | Arc suppressor (pair) | XCSDM3/4•••02/05/10 XCSDM3/4•••M12 | XUSLZ500 | 0.020 |

Pre-wired female connectors for connector version coded magnetic systems
Pre-wired connector characteristics


XZCP29P12L•


## Pre-cabled connection

XCSDM3/4•••02/05/10


M12 connector (A coding) connection
XCSDM3/4•・ゃM12

$\varnothing 4$

## Accessory

Replacement dedicated transmitter

XCSDMT


Pre-wired connectors
XZCP29P12L•


## Connection

M12 pre-wired female connector
XZCP29P12L•


Mounting

## XCSDM3/DM4



## Schemes

Category 3 （this scheme can achieve SIL 2／PL＝d，category 3）

Pre－cabled connection
XCSDM3791•e


SIL 3／PL＝e，category 4
Pre－cabled connection
XCSDM4801••


Chaining coded magnetic systems（2）
XCSDM3791•॰


M12 connector（A coding）connection
XCSDM3791M12


## M12 connector（A coding）connection

XCSDM4801M12


Wiring to SIL 3／PL＝e，category 4 with Preventa module
Example：XCSDM3ゃゃゃゃゃ＋XPSAFL5130

（1）The K1 and K2 coils must be protected with arc suppressors．
（2）Maximum chaining： 32 maximum with 2 m long cable．
（3） 2 A max．
（4）Mechanically linked contacts．

$\frac{24 \mathrm{~V} / 48 \mathrm{~V} \text { version }}{24 \mathrm{~V} / 48 \mathrm{~V}}$
or $110 \mathrm{~V} / 120 \mathrm{~V} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ version

## Module type

## Pages



For Emergency stop and switch monitoring


| Unlimited |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| and $24 \mathrm{~V}--/ 48 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-$ |
| $115 \mathrm{~V} \sim / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ | - |
|  | - |


| XPSAC | XPSAXE | XPSAF |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 91 | 93 |  |



For Emergency stop, switch, sensing mat/edges or solid-state output safety light curtain monitoring


For Emergency stop, switch
or solid-state output safety light curtain monitoring


PLe/Category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1
SILCL 3 conforming
to EN/IEC 62061
(

EN/IEC 60204-1,
EN 1088/ISO 14119,
EN/ISO 13850 ,
EN/IEC 60947-1,
EN/IEC 60947-5-1


For zero speed detection of AC or DC motors which produce a remanent voltage in their windings due to residual magnetism


PL d/Category 3 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1,
SILCL 2 conforming to EN/IEC 62061

EN/IEC 60204-1,
EN/IEC 60947-1,
EN/IEC 60947-5-1


For coded magnetic switch monitoring

For 2 max.


PL e/Category 4 conforming
to EN/ISO 13849-1 SILCL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061

EN/IEC 60204-1,
EN 1088/ISO 14119,
EN/IEC 60947-1,
EN/IEC 60947-5-1,
EN/IEC 60947-5-3
UL, CSA, TÜV

| 3 | 7 | 2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 relay +4 solid-state outputs for signalling to PLC | 2 relay +4 solid-state outputs for signalling to PLC | 2 solid-state outputs for signalling to PLC |  |  |
| 4 LEDs |  |  | 3 LEDs | 15 LEDs |
| $\begin{aligned} & \sim \text { and } 24 \mathrm{~V}=- \\ & 48 \mathrm{~V} \sim \\ & 110 \mathrm{~V} \sim \text { and } 24 \mathrm{~V}= \\ & 120 \mathrm{~V} \sim \text { and } 24 \mathrm{~V}=- \\ & 230 \mathrm{~V} \sim \text { and } 24 \mathrm{~V}=- \end{aligned}$ | ~ and 24 V - <br> $115 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ and $24 \mathrm{~V}=$ <br> $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ and $24 \mathrm{~V}=$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V}=- \\ & 115 \mathrm{~V} \sim \\ & 230 \mathrm{~V} \sim \end{aligned}$ | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-$ |  |
| Unlimited or $2 \mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$ (depending on wiring) | Unlimited | - |  |  |
| $24 \mathrm{~V}=-\mathrm{/}-$ |  | - |  |  |
| $24 \mathrm{~V}=-/ 24 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ | - |  |  |


| XPSAK | XPSAR | XPSVNE | XPSDMB | XPSDME |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 95 | 97 | 99 | 101 |  |

Operating principle, characteristics

## Safety automation solutions <br> Preventa safety modules types XPSAC, XPSAXE <br> For Emergency stop and switch monitoring

Operating principle
Safety modules XPSAC and XPSAXE are used for monitoring Emergency stop circuits conforming to standards EN/ISO 13850 and EN/IEC 60204-1 and also meet the safety requirements for the electrical monitoring of switches in protection devices conforming to standard EN 1088/ISO 14119. They provide protection for both the machine operator and the machine by immediately stopping the dangerous movement on receipt of a stop instruction from the operator, or on detection of a fault in the safety circuit itself.
To aid diagnostics, the modules have LEDs which provide information on the monitoring circuit status.
The XPSAC module has 3 safety outputs and a solid-state output for signalling to the PLC.
The XPSAXE module has 3 safety outputs and a relay output for signalling to the PLC.

| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Module type |  |  | XPSAC, XPSAC•๑७०P | XPSAXE॰८๑๑P, XPSAXE॰๑๑๑C |
| Maximum achievable safety level |  |  | PLe/Category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1, <br> SILCL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 | PLe/Category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1 <br> SILCL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |
| Reliability data | Mean Time To dangerous Failure (MTTF ${ }_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) | Years | 210.4 | 457 |
|  | Diagnostic Coverage (DC) | \% | > 99 | > 99 |
|  | Probability of dangerous Failure per Hour ( $\mathrm{PFH}_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) | 1/h | $3.56 \times 10^{-9}$ | $3 \times 10^{-8}$ |
| Conformity to standards |  |  | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN 1088/ISO 14119, EN/ISO 13850, <br> EN/IEC 60947-1, EN/IEC 60947-5-1 | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN 1088/ISO 14119, EN/ISO 13850, <br> EN/IEC 60947-1, EN/IEC 60947-5-1 |
| Product certifications |  |  | UL, CSA, TÜV | UL, CSA, BG |
| Supply | Voltage | v | $\sim$ and $24-$ - $48 \sim, 115 \sim, 230 \sim$ | $\sim$ and 24 -- |
|  | Voltage limits |  | $\begin{aligned} & -20 \ldots+10 \%(24 \vee \sim) \\ & -20 \ldots+20 \%(24 \vee-=) \\ & -15 \ldots+10 \%(48 \vee \sim) \\ & -15 \ldots+15 \%(115 \mathrm{~V}) \\ & -15 \ldots+10 \%(230 \mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ | -15...+10\% |
|  | Frequency | Hz | 50/60 | 50/60 |
| Consumption |  | W | $<1.2$ (24V =--) | - |
|  |  | VA | $\begin{aligned} & <2.5(24 \vee \sim) \\ & <6(48 \vee \sim) \\ & <7(115 \vee \sim) \\ & <6(230 \vee \sim) \end{aligned}$ | < 4 |
| Start button monitoring |  |  | No | No |
| Control unit voltage (at nominal supply voltage) |  |  | Identical to supply voltage |  |
|  | 24 V version | V | $24 \sim$ (approx. 90 mA ), 24 --- (approx. 40 mA ) | 24 -- |
|  | 48 V version | V | $48 \sim$ (approx. 100 mA ) | - |
|  | 115 V version | V | $115 \sim$ (approx. 60 mA ) | - |
|  | 230 V version | V | $230 \sim$ (approx. 25 mA ) | - |
| Outputs | Voltage reference |  | Volt-free | Volt-free |
|  | Number and type of safety circuits |  | 3 NO (13-14, 23-24, 33-34) | 3 NO (13-14, 23-24, 33-34) |
|  | Number and type of additional circuits |  | 1 solid-state | 1 NC relay (41-42) |
|  | Breaking capacity in AC-15 | VA | C300: inrush 1800, maintained 180 | B300 |
|  | Breaking capacity in DC-13 |  | $24 \mathrm{~V} / 2 \mathrm{AL} / \mathrm{R}=50 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $24 \mathrm{~V} / 1.5 \mathrm{AL} / \mathrm{R}=50 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
|  | Max. thermal current (lthe) | A | 6 | 8 |
|  | Max. total thermal current | A | 10.5 | - |
|  | Output fuse protection, using fuses conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0660 part 200 | A | 4 gG (gl) or 6 fast acting | 6 gG |
|  | Minimum current | mA | 10 | 10 |
|  | Minimum voltage | V | 17 | 17 |
| Electrical durability |  |  | Please refer to our catalogue "Safety functions and solutions using Preventa". |  |
| Response time on input opening |  | ms | < 100 | < 80 |
| Rated insulation voltage (Ui) |  | V | 300 (degree of pollution 2 conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  | kV | 3 (overvoltage category III, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) | 4 (overvoltage category III, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |
| LED display |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Operating temperature |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -10... +55 | -25... 55 |
| Storage temperature |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25... 85 | -25... 75 |
| Degree of protection conforming to IEC/EN 60529 | Terminals |  | IP 20 | IP 20 |
|  | Enclosure |  | IP 40 | IP 40 |

Characteristics (continued), references

Safety automation solutions

## Preventa safety modules types XPSAC,

 XPSAXEFor Emergency stop and switch monitoring


Operating principle, characteristics

Safety automation solutions
Preventa safety modules type XPSAF
For Emergency stop and switch monitoring

Safety modules XPSAF meet the requirements of Performance Level PL e/Category 4 conforming to standard EN/ISO 13849-1.

They are used for:
■ Monitoring Emergency stop circuits conforming to standards EN/ISO 13850 and
EN/IEC 60204-1.
■ Electrical monitoring of switches activated by protection devices conforming to standard EN 1088.
Housed in a compact enclosure, the modules have 3 safety outputs.
Preventa safety modules XPSAF $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ P incorporate removable terminal blocks, thus optimising machine maintenance.
To aid diagnostics, the modules have 3 LEDs on the front face which provide information on the monitoring circuit status.
The Start button monitoring function is configurable depending on the wiring.

| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Module type |  |  |  | XPSAF5130 | XPSAF5130P |
| Maximum achie | ety level |  |  | PLe/Category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1, SILCL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |  |
| Reliability data | Mean Time To dangerous Failure ( MTTF $_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) |  | Years | 243 |  |
|  | Diagnostic Coverage (DC) |  | \% | > 99 |  |
|  | Probability of dangerous Failure per Hour ( $\mathrm{PFH}_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) |  | 1/h | $4.62 \times 10^{-9}$ |  |
| Conformity to standards |  |  |  | EN/IEC 60204-1, <br> EN 1088/ISO 14119, <br> EN/IEC 60947-5-1, <br> EN/IEC 60947-1, <br> EN/ISO 13850 |  |
| Product certifications |  |  |  | UL, CSA, TÜV |  |
| Supply | Voltage |  | V | $\sim$ and $24 .-$ |  |
|  | Voltage limits |  |  | -15... $+10 \%$ |  |
|  | Frequency |  | Hz | 50/60 |  |
| Consumption |  |  | VA | $\leqslant 5$ |  |
| Module inputs fuse protection |  |  |  | Internal, electronic |  |
| Start button monitoring |  |  |  | Yes/No (configurable by terminal connections) |  |
| Control unit voltage and currentMaximum wiring resistance RL |  |  |  | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-/ 30 \mathrm{~mA}$ approx. (at nominal supply voltage) |  |
| Maximum wiring resistance RL |  |  | $\Omega$ | 90 |  |
| Synchronisation time between inputs A and B |  |  |  | Unlimited |  |
| Outputs | Voltage reference |  |  | Volt-free |  |
|  | Number and type of safety circuits |  |  | 3 NO (13-14, 23-24, 33-34) |  |
|  | Breaking capacity in AC-15 |  | VA | C300: inrush 1800, maintained 180 |  |
|  | Breaking capacity in DC-13 |  |  | $24 \mathrm{~V} / 1.5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=50 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |
|  | Max. thermal current (lthe) |  | A | 6 |  |
|  | Max. total thermal current |  | A | 18 |  |
|  | Output fuse protection |  | A | 4 gG or 6 fast acting, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0660 part 200 |  |
|  | Minimum current |  | mA | 10 |  |
|  | Minimum voltage |  | V | 17 |  |
| Electrical durability |  |  |  | Please refer to our catalogue "Safety functions and solutions using Preventa". |  |
| Response time on input opening |  |  | ms | $\leqslant 40$ |  |
| Rated insulation voltage (Ui) |  |  | V | 300 (degree of pollution 2 conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  |  | kV | 4 (overvoltage category III, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |  |
| LED display |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Operating temperature |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -10... 55 |  |
| Storage temperature |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25... +85 |  |
| Degree of protection conforming to IEC/EN 60529 |  | Terminals |  | IP 20 |  |
|  |  | Enclosure |  | IP 40 |  |
| Connections | Type | Terminals |  | Captive screw clamp terminals | Captive screw clamp terminals |
|  |  | Terminal block |  | Integrated in module | Removable from module |
|  | 1-wire connection | Without cable end |  | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Solid or flexible cable: $0.2 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | With cable end |  | Without bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | With cable end |  | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | 2-wire connection | Without cable end |  | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 \ldots 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Solid cable: $0.2 \ldots 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, flexible cable: $0.2 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | With cable end |  | Without bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 . .1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | With cable end |  | Double, with bezel, flexible cable: $0.5 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Double, with bezel, flexible cable: $0.5 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |



Operating principle, characteristics

## Safety automation solutions

## Preventa safety modules type XPSAK <br> For Emergency stop, switch, sensing mat/edges or safety light curtain monitoring

## Operating principle

Safety modules XPSAK meet the requirements of Performance Level PLe/Category 4 conforming to standard EN/ISO 13849-1.
They are used for:
■ Monitoring Emergency stop circuits conforming to standards EN/ISO 13850 and
EN 60204-1
■ Electrical monitoring of switches activated by protection devices, with optional selection of synchronisation time between signals.
■ Monitoring 4 -wire sensing mats or edges.
■ Monitoring type 4 light curtains conforming to EN/IEC 61496-1 which have solid-state safety outputs with test function (light curtains XUSL).
Housed in a compact enclosure, the modules have 3 safety outputs, a relay signalling output and 4 solid-state signalling outputs for signalling to the process PLC.

Preventa safety modules XPSAK・ゃゃ॰P incorporate removable terminal blocks, thus optimising machine maintenance.
To aid diagnostics, the modules have 4 LEDs on the front face which provide information on the monitoring circuit status.
The Start button monitoring function is configurable depending on the wiring.

| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Module type |  |  |  | XPSAK3•1144 | \| XPSAK3•1144P |
| Maximum achievable safety level |  |  |  | PL e/Category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1, SILCL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |  |
| Reliability data | Mean Time To dangerous Failure ( $\mathrm{MTTF}_{\text {d }}$ ) |  | Years | 154.5 |  |
|  | Diagnostic Coverage (DC) |  | \% | > 99 |  |
|  | Probability of dangerous Failure per Hour ( $\mathrm{PFH}_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) |  | 1/h | $7.39 \times 10^{-9}$ |  |
| Conformity to standards |  |  |  | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN 1088/ISO 14119, EN/ISO 13850, EN/IEC 60947-1, EN/IEC 60947-5-1 |  |
| Product certifications |  |  |  | UL, CSA, TÜV |  |
| Supply | Voltage |  | V | $\sim$ and $24-$, $48 \sim$, $110 \sim$ and $24-$--, $120 \sim$ and $24-$ - $230 \sim$ and $24-$-- |  |
|  | Voltage limits |  |  | -15... 10 \% |  |
|  | Frequency |  | Hz | 50/60 |  |
| Consumption | 24 V version |  | VA | $\leqslant 5$ |  |
|  | 110/120/230 V versions |  |  | $\leqslant 6$ |  |
| Module inputs fuse protection |  |  |  | Internal, electronic |  |
| Start button monitoring |  |  |  | Yes/No (configurable by terminal connections) |  |
| Control unit voltage and current between terminals S21-S22, S31-S32 |  |  |  | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-/ 30 \mathrm{~mA}$ approx. (at nominal supply voltage) |  |
| Maximum wiring resistance RL between terminals S21-S22, S31-S32 |  |  | $\Omega$ | 28 |  |
| Synchronisation time between inputs A and B (terminals S21-S22, S31-S32) |  |  | s | Automatic start: 2 or 4 depending on wiring Manual start (start button between S33 and S34): unlimited |  |
| Outputs | Voltage reference |  |  | Volt-free |  |
|  | Number and type of safety circuits |  |  | 3 NO (13-14, 23-24, 33-34) |  |
|  | Number and type of additional circuits |  |  | 1 NC (41-42) + 4 solid-state |  |
|  | Breaking capacity in AC-15 |  | VA | C300: inrush 1800, maintained 180 |  |
|  | Breaking capacity in DC-13 |  |  | $24 \mathrm{~V} / 1.5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=50 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |
|  | Breaking capacity of solid-state outputs |  |  | $24 \mathrm{~V} / 20 \mathrm{~mA}, 48 \mathrm{~V} / 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
|  | Max. thermal current (Ithe) |  | A | 6 |  |
|  | Max. total thermal current |  | A | 18 |  |
|  | Output fuse protection |  | A | 4 gG or 6 fast acting, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0660 part 200 |  |
|  | Minimum current |  | mA | 10 |  |
|  | Minimum voltage |  | V | 17 |  |
| Electrical durability |  |  |  | Please refer to our catalogue "Safety functions and solutions using Preventa". |  |
| Response time on input opening |  |  | ms | $\leq 40$ |  |
| Rated insulation voltage (Ui) |  |  | V | 300 (degree of pollution 2 conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  |  | kV | 4 (overvoltage category III, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |  |
| LED display |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| Operating temperature |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+55$ |  |
| Storage temperature |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25... +85 |  |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to IEC 60529 | Terminals |  | IP 20 |  |
|  |  | Enclosure |  | IP 40 |  |

Characteristics, references

## Safety automation solutions

## Preventa safety modules type XPSAK

For Emergency stop, switch, sensing mat/edges
or safety light curtain monitoring


Operating principle, characteristics

## Safety automation solutions Preventa safety modules type XPSAR For Emergency stop, switch or safety light curtain monitoring

Safety modules XPSAR meet the requirements of Performance Level PL e/ Category 4 conforming to standard EN/ISO 13849-1 and are designed for the following safety applications:
■ Monitoring Emergency stop circuits conforming to EN/ISO 13850 and
EN/IEC 60204-1.

- Electrical monitoring of switches activated by protection devices conforming
to standard EN 1088/ISO 14119.
■ Monitoring type 4 light curtains conforming to EN/IEC 61496-1 that have solid-state safety outputs with test function (light curtains XUSL). In addition to 7 safety outputs, modules XPSAR incorporate 2 relay signalling outputs and 4 solid-state signalling outputs for signalling to the process PLC.

Safety modules XPSAR $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet P$ incorporate removable terminal blocks, thus optimising machine maintenance.
To aid diagnostics, the modules have 4 LEDs on the front face which provide information on the monitoring circuit status.
The Start button monitoring function is configurable depending on the wiring.


Characteristics, references

Safety automation solutions
Preventa safety modules type XPSAR
For Emergency stop, switch or safety light curtain monitoring

| Characteristics (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Module type |  |  | XPSAR3-1144 |  |  | XPSAR3•1144P |  |  |
| Connection | Type | Terminals | Captive screw clamp terminals |  |  | Captive screw clamp terminals |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal block | Integrated in module |  |  | Removable from module |  |  |
|  | 1-wire connection | Without cable end | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  | Solid or flexible cable: $0.2 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |
|  |  | With cable end | Without bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | With cable end | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 . .1 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |
|  | 2-wire connection | Without cable end | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 \ldots 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  | Solid cable: $0.2 \ldots 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, flexible cable: $0.2 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |
|  |  | With cable end | Without bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 . .1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | With cable end | Double, with bezel, flexible cable: $0.5 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| References |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Description | Type of terminal block connection | Number of safety circuits | Additional outputs/ solid-state outputs to PLC | Supply | Reference | Weight |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | V |  | kg |
|  |  | Safety modules for Emergency stop, switch or safety light curtain monitoring | Integrated in module | 7 | $2 / 4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \sim \\ & 24 \sim \end{aligned}$ | XPSAR311144 | 0.300 |



XPSAR3•1144
$\overline{115 \sim} \quad$ XPSAR351144 0.400

| $230 \sim$ | XPSAR371144 | 0.400 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $24=-$ |  |  |


| Removable | 7 | $2 / 4$ | $24 \sim$ | XPSAR311144P | 0.300 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| from module |  |  | $24-{ }^{--}$ |  |  |  |

115~ XPSAR351144P 0.400
230 ~ XPSAR371144P 0.400

Operating principle, characteristics

## Safety automation solutions Preventa safety modules type XPSVNE For zero speed detection

## Operating principle

Preventa safety modules XPSVNE for zero speed detection are used to detect the stop condition of electric motors. Their most common applications include: providing the unlock signal for electrically interlocked sliding or removable machine guards, controlling rotation direction signals for reversing motors and engaging locking brakes after a motor has come to a standstill.

As electric motors run down, a remanent voltage is produced in the windings of the motor due to residual magnetism. This voltage is proportional to the speed of the motor and, therefore, decreases as the motor comes to a standstill.
This remanent voltage is measured in a redundant manner so as to detect the stop condition of the motor. The cabling between the motor windings and the inputs of the XPSVNE module is also monitored to prevent a cabling breakage or fault being seen as a stopped motor.
A transformer should not be used to connect the motor to terminals $\mathrm{Z} 1, \mathrm{Z} 2$ and Z 3 since there is no monitoring of the connection with the motor winding via the resistance monitoring.

Modules XPSVNE are suitable for detecting the stop condition of all types of AC or DC motor driven machines which, when the motor runs down, produce a remanent voltage in the windings due to residual magnetism. These machines can be controlled by electronic devices, such as variable speed drives or DC injection brakes.
The input filters for standard XPSVNE modules are designed for a frequency of up to 60 Hz .
For motors operating at a frequency higher than 60 Hz , which therefore produce a high frequency remanent voltage, special modules XPSVNE $\bullet \bullet \bullet H S$ should be used.

Modules XPSVNE have 2 potentiometers mounted on the front face of the module which allow independent adjustment of the switching threshold for each input circuit. This allows adjustment for different types of motors and application requirements.

To aid diagnostics, modules XPSVNE have 4 LEDs and 2 solid-state outputs to provide information on the status of the zero speed detection circuit.

## Characteristics

| Module type |  |  | XPSVNE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum achievable safety level |  |  | PL d/Category 3 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1, SILCL 2 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |
| Reliability data | Mean Time To dangerous Failure ( $\mathrm{MTTF}_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) | Years | 124.1 |
|  | Diagnostic Coverage (DC) | \% | > 99 |
|  | Probability of dangerous Failure per Hour ( $\mathrm{PFH}_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) | 1/h | $9.26 \times 10^{-9}$ |
| Conformity to standards |  |  | EN/IEC 60204-1, <br> EN/IEC 60947-1, <br> EN/IEC 60947-5-1 |
| Product certifications |  |  | UL, CSA, TÜV |
| Supply | Voltage | V | $\begin{aligned} & 24= \\ & 115 \sim \\ & 230 \sim \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Voltage limits |  | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \ldots+10 \%(24 \vee \sim-)^{2} \\ & -15 \ldots+15 \%(115 \vee \sim) \\ & -15 \ldots+10 \%(230 \vee \sim) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Frequency | Hz | $50 / 60$ (115 V, 230 V ) |
| Consumption |  | W | $\leqslant 3.5$ (24 V ---) |
|  |  | VA | $\leqslant 7.5$ (115 V ~), $\leqslant 7$ ( $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ ) |
| Frequency of motor power supply |  | Hz | $\leqslant 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (XPSVN••42), > 60 Hz (XPSVN••42HS) |
| Inputs | Maximum voltage between terminals $\mathrm{Z1}-\mathrm{Z2}-\mathrm{Z3}$ | V | 500 rms |
|  | Detection threshold | V | 0.01-0.1 (adjustable) |

## Safety automation solutions Preventa safety modules type XPSVNE For zero speed detection

| Characteristics (continued) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Module type |  |  |  | XPSVNE |
| Outputs | Voltage reference |  |  | Volt-free |
|  | Number and type of safety circuits |  |  | 1 NO (13-14), 1 NC (21-22) |
|  | Number and type of additional circuits |  |  | 2 solid-state |
|  | Breaking capacity in AC-15 |  |  | C300 (inrush: $1800 \mathrm{VA} /$ maintained: 180 VA ) |
|  | Breaking capacity in DC-13 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} / 1.5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=50 \mathrm{~ms} \text { (contact 13-14) } \\ & 24 \mathrm{~V} / 1.2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=50 \mathrm{~ms} \text { (contact } 21-22 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Breaking capacity of solid-state outputs |  |  | $24 \mathrm{~V} / 20 \mathrm{~mA}, 48 \mathrm{~V} / 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  | Max. thermal current (lthe) |  | A | 2.5 |
|  | Output fuse protection |  | A | 4 gG , conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0660 part 200 |
|  | Minimum current (volt-free contact) |  | mA | 10 (1) |
|  | Minimum voltage (volt-free contact) |  | V | 17 (1) |
| Electrical durability |  |  |  | Please refer to our catalogue "Safety functions and solutions using Preventa". |
| Rated insulation voltage (Ui) |  |  | V | 300 (degree of pollution 2 conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  |  | kV | 4 (overvoltage category III, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |
| LED display |  |  |  | 4 |
| Operating temperature |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+55$ |
| Storage temperature |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25...+85 |
| Degree of protection Conforming to EN/IEC 60529 |  | Terminals |  | IP 20 |
|  |  | Enclosure |  | IP 40 |
| Connection | Type | Terminals |  | Captive screw clamp |
|  |  | Terminal block |  | Removable from module |
|  | 1-wire connection | Without cable end |  | Solid or flexible cable: $0.2 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | With cable end |  | Without bezel, solid or flexible cable: $0.25 . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  | With bezel, solid or flexible cable: $0.25 . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | 2-wire connection | Without cable end |  | Solid cable: $0.2 \ldots 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, flexible cable: $0.2 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | With cable end |  | Without bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 . .1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.5 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

(1) The module is also capable of switching low power loads ( $17 \mathrm{~V} / 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) provided that the contact has not been used for switching high power loads (possible contamination or wear of the gold layer on the contact tips).

| References |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Description | Number of safety circuits | Solid-state outputs for PLC | Supply | Frequency of motor power supply | Reference | Weight kg |
|  | Safety modules for zero speed detection | 2 | 2 | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-$ | $\leqslant 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | XPSVNE1142P | 0.500 |
|  |  |  |  |  | > 60 Hz | XPSVNE1142HSP | 0.500 |
|  |  |  |  | 115 V | $\leqslant 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | XPSVNE3442P | 0.600 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $>60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | XPSVNE3442HSP | 0.600 |
|  |  |  |  | $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | $\leqslant 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | XPSVNE3742P | 0.600 |
|  |  |  |  |  | > 60 Hz | XPSVNE3742HSP | 0.600 |

Operating principle, characteristics

## Safety automation solutions

## Preventa safety modules types XPSDMB, XPSDME

## For coded magnetic switch monitoring

Operating principle
Safety modules XPSDMB and XPSDME are specifically designed for monitoring coded magnetic safety switches. They incorporate two safety outputs and two solid-state outputs for signalling to the process PLC. Conforming to Performance Level PL e/Category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1, modules XPSDMB can monitor two independent sensors and modules XPSDME can monitor up to six independent sensors.

To monitor a higher number of magnetic switches using these safety modules, the magnetic switches can be connected in series parallel, while meeting the requirements of Performance Level PL d/Category 3 conforming to standard EN/ISO 13849-1.

Safety modules XPSDM $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet P$ incorporate removable terminal blocks, thus optimising machine maintenance.
To aid diagnostics, the modules have LEDs on the front face which provide information on the monitoring circuit status.

| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Module type |  |  |  | XPSDMB1132 | XPSDMB1132P | XPSDME1132 | XPSDME1132P |
| Maximum achievable safety level |  |  | Years | PL e/Category 4 conforming to EN/ISO 13849-1, SILCL 3 conforming to EN/IEC 62061 |  |  |  |
| Reliability data | Mean Time To dangerous Failure ( MTTF $_{\text {d }}$ ) |  |  | 83.1 |  | 82.4 |  |
|  | Diagnostic Coverage (DC) |  | \% | >99 |  | > 99 |  |
|  | Probability of dangerous Failure per Hour ( $\mathrm{PFH}_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) |  | 1/h | $3.92 \times 10^{-9}$ |  | $3.97 \times 10^{-9}$ |  |
| Conformity to standards |  |  |  | EN/IEC 60204-1, EN 1088/ISO 14119, EN/IEC 60947-1, EN/IEC 60947-5-1, EN/IEC 60947-5-3 |  |  |  |
| Product certifications |  |  |  | UL, CSA, TÜV |  |  |  |
| Supply (Ue) conforming to IEC 60038 | Voltage |  | v | 24 --- |  |  |  |
|  | Voltage limits | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-$ |  | -20... +20 \% |  |  |  |
| Consumption |  |  | W | <2.5 |  | <3.5 |  |
| Module inputs fuse protection |  |  |  | Internal, electronic |  |  |  |
| Maximum wiring resistance RL between the module and the coded magnetic switches |  |  | $\Omega$ | 100 |  |  |  |
| Control unit voltage and current |  |  |  | $28 \mathrm{~V} / 8 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |
| Synchronisation time between magnetic switch inputs |  |  | s | < 0.5 |  |  |  |
| Safety outputs | Voltage reference |  |  | Volt-free |  |  |  |
|  | Number and type of safety circuits |  |  | 2 NO |  |  |  |
|  | Number and type of solid-state outputs |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | Breaking capacity in AC-15 |  | VA | C300: inrush 1800, maintained: 180 |  |  |  |
|  | Breaking capacity in DC-13 |  |  | $24 \mathrm{~V} / 1.5 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{R}=50 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Max. thermal current (lthe) |  | A | 6 |  |  |  |
|  | Max. total thermal current |  | A | 12 |  |  |  |
|  | Output fuse protection |  | A | 4 gG or 6 fast acting |  |  |  |
|  | Minimum current |  | mA | 10 |  |  |  |
|  | Minimum voltage |  | V | 17 |  |  |  |
| Electrical durability |  |  |  | Please refer to our catalogue "Safety functions and solutions using Preventa". |  |  |  |
| Response time on input opening |  |  | ms | <20 |  |  |  |
| Rated insulation voltage (Ui) |  |  | V | 300 (degree of pollution 2 conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |  |  |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  |  | kV | 4 (overvoltage category III, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1, DIN VDE 0110 parts 1 \& 2) |  |  |  |
| LED display |  |  |  | 3 |  | 15 |  |
| Ambient air temperature | For operation |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -10... +55 |  |  |  |
|  | For storage |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25... +85 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection conforming to EN/IEC 60529 |  |  |  | Terminals: IP 20, enclosure: IP 40 |  |  |  |
| Connection | Type | Terminals |  | Captive screw clamp terminals |  |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal block |  | Integrated in module | Removable from module | Integrated in module | Removable from module |
|  | 1-wire connection | Without cable end |  | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 . . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Solid or flexible cable: $0.2 \ldots . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 . . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 \ldots . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | With cable end |  | Without bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | With cable end |  | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 \ldots . .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | 2-wire connection | Without cable end |  | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 \ldots 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Solid cable: $0.2 \ldots .1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, flexible cable: 0.2 ... $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Solid or flexible cable: $0.14 \ldots 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | Solid cable: 0.2... $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, flexible cable: $0.2 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | With cable end |  | Without bezel, flexible cable: $0.25 . .1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | With cable end |  | With bezel, flexible cable: $0.5 \ldots 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |

## Safety automation solutions

Preventa safety modules types XPSDMB, XPSDME
For coded magnetic switch monitoring


XPSDMB1132

| References |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Type of terminal block connection | Number of safety circuits | Solid-state outputs for PLC | Supply | Reference | Weight |
|  |  |  |  | V |  | kg |
| Safety module for monitoring 2 coded | Integrated in module | 2 NO | 2 | 24 -- | XPSDMB1132 | 0.250 |

magnetic switches
in module

| Safety module for monitoring 6 coded magnetic switches | Integrated in module | 2 NO | 2 | $24-$ | XPSDME1132 | 0.300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Safety module for | Removable <br> from module | 2 NO | 2 | $24-\cdots$ | XPSDMB1132P | 0.250 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| monitoring 2 coded |  |  |  |  |  |  |

monitoring 2 coded from module
magnetic switches

| Safety module for <br> monitoring 6 coded <br> magnetic switches | Removable <br> from module | 2 NO | 2 | $24--\quad 0.300$ | XPSDME1132P |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| X |  | XCSDMP500L01M12 | 71 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| XCSA502 | 48 | XCSDMP501L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSA512 | 48 | XCSDMP590L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSA522 | 48 | XCSDMP591L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSA702 | 48 | XCSDMP700L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSA712 | 48 | XCSDMP701L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSA722 | 48 | XCSDMP790L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSA802 | 48 | XCSDMP791L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSB502 | 48 | XCSDMP5002 | 70 |
| XCSB512 | 48 | XCSDMP5012 | 70 |
| XCSB522 | 48 | XCSDMP5902 | 70 |
| XCSB702 | 48 | XCSDMP5912 | 70 |
| XCSB712 | 48 | XCSDMP7002 | 70 |
| XCSB722 | 48 | XCSDMP7012 | 70 |
| XCSB802 | 48 | XCSDMP7902 | 70 |
| XCSC502 | 48 | XCSDMR590L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSC512 | 48 | XCSDMR591L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSC522 | 48 | XCSDMR790L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSC702 | 48 | XCSDMR791L01M12 | 71 |
| XCSC712 | 48 | XCSDMR5902 | 70 |
| XCSC722 | 48 | XCSDMR5912 | 70 |
| XCSC802 | 48 | XCSDMR7902 | 70 |
| XCSD3702G13 | 31 | XCSDMR7912 | 70 |
| XCSD3702N12 | 31 | XCSDMT | 84 |
| XCSD3702P20 | 31 | XCSLE252531M2 | 59 |
| XCSD3710G13 | 31 | XCSLE272731M2 | 59 |
| XCSD3710N12 | 31 | XCSLE2525312 | 58 |
| XCSD3710P20 | 31 | XCSLE2727312 | 58 |
| XCSD3718G13 | 31 | XCSLF252531M2 | 55 |
| XCSD3718N12 | 31 | XCSLF272531M2 | 55 |
| XCSD3718P20 | 31 | XCSLF272731M2 | 55 |
| XCSD3719G13 | 31 | XCSLF2525312 | 54 |
| XCSD3719N12 | 31 | XCSLF2725312 | 54 |
| XCSD3719P20 | 31 | XCSLF2727312 | 54 |
| XCSD3902G13 | 30 | XCSM3702L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3902N12 | 30 | XCSM3710L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3902P20 | 30 | XCSM3715L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3910G13 | 30 | XCSM3716L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3910N12 | 30 | XCSM3902L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3910P20 | 30 | XCSM3910L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3918G13 | 30 | XCSM3915L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3918N12 | 30 | XCSM3916L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3918P20 | 30 | XCSM4102L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3919G13 | 30 | XCSM4110L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3919N12 | 30 | XCSM4115L1 | 26 |
| XCSD3919P20 | 30 | XCSM4116L1 | 26 |
| XCSDM3791M12 | 83 | XCSMP59L• | 40 |
| XCSDM3791M12 | 80 | XCSMP70L• | 40 |
| XCSDM4801M12 | 80 | XCSMP79L• | 40 |
|  | 83 | XCSMP80L• | 40 |
| XCSDM379102 | 82 | XCSP3702G13 | 33 |
| XCSDM379105 | 82 | XCSP3702N12 | 33 |
| XCSDM379110 | 82 | XCSP3702P20 | 33 |
| XCSDM480102 | 82 | XCSP3710G13 | 33 |
| XCSDM480105 | 82 | XCSP3710N12 | 33 |
| XCSDM480110 | 82 | XCSP3710P20 | 33 |
| XCSDMC590L01M8 | 71 | XCSP3718G13 | 33 |
| XCSDMC591L01M8 | 71 | XCSP3718N12 | 33 |
| XCSDMC790L01M8 | 71 | XCSP3718P20 | 33 |
| XCSDMC791L01M8 | 71 | XCSP3719G13 | 33 |
| XCSDMC5902 | 70 | XCSP3719N12 | 33 |
| XCSDMC5912 | 70 | XCSP3719P20 | 33 |
| XCSDMC7902 | 70 | XCSP3902G13 | 32 |
| XCSDMC7912 | 70 | XCSP3902N12 | 32 |


| XCSP3902P20 | 32 | XPSAC3421P | 91 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| XCSP3910G13 | 32 | XPSAC3721 | 91 |
| XCSP3910N12 | 32 | XPSAC3721P | 91 |
| XCSP3910P20 | 32 | XPSAC5121 | 91 |
| XCSP3918G13 | 32 | XPSAC5121P | 91 |
| XCSP3918N12 | 32 | XPSAF5130 | 93 |
| XCSP3918P20 | 32 | XPSAF5130P | 93 |
| XCSP3919G13 | 32 | XPSAK311144 | 95 |
| XCSP3919N12 | 32 | XPSAK311144P | 95 |
| XCSP3919P20 | 32 | XPSAK331144P | 95 |
| XCSPA192 | 44 | XPSAK351144 | 95 |
| XCSPA292 | 44 | XPSAK351144P | 95 |
| XCSPA392 | 44 | XPSAK361144 | 95 |
| XCSPA492 | 44 | XPSAK361144P | 95 |
| XCSPA592 | 44 | XPSAK371144 | 95 |
| XCSPA692 | 44 | XPSAK371144P | 95 |
| XCSPA792 | 44 | XPSAR311144 | 97 |
| XCSPA892 | 44 | XPSAR311144P | 97 |
| XCSPA992 | 44 | XPSAR351144 | 97 |
| XCSTA592 | 44 | XPSAR351144P | 97 |
| XCSTA792 | 44 | XPSAR371144 | 97 |
| XCSTA892 | 44 | XPSAR371144P | 97 |
| XCSZ01 | 48 | XPSAXE5120C | 91 |
|  | 60 | XPSAXE5120P | 91 |
| XCSZ02 | 48 | XPSDMB1132 | 101 |
|  | 60 | XPSDMB1132P | 101 |
| XCSZ03 | 48 | XPSDME1132 | 101 |
|  | 60 | XPSDME1132P | 101 |
| XCSZ05 | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | XPSVNE1142HSP | 99 |
| XCSZ11 | 45 | XPSVNE1142P | 99 |
| XCSZ12 | 45 | XPSVNE3442HSP | 99 |
| XCSZ13 | 45 | XPSVNE3442P | 99 |
| XCSZ14 | 45 | XPSVNE3742HSP | 99 |
| XCSZ15 | 45 | XPSVNE3742P | 99 |
| XCSZ21 | 45 | XSZB130 | 72 |
| XCSZ25 | 49 | XUSLZ500 | 84 |
|  | 60 | XZCP29P11L2 | 72 |
| XCSZ27 | 49 | XZCP29P11L5 | 72 |
| XCSZ28 | 44 | XZCP29P11L10 | 72 |
| XCSZ29 | 40 | XZCP29P12L2 | 84 |
| XCSZ30 | 60 | XZCP29P12L5 | 84 |
| XCSZ31 | 49 | XZCP29P12L10 | 84 |
| XCSZ32 | 49 | XZCP0941L2 | 72 |
| XCSZ81 | 40 | XZCP0941L5 | 72 |
| XCSZ83 | 40 | XZCP0941L10 | 72 |
| XCSZ84 | 40 | XZCP1041L2 | 72 |
| XCSZ85 | 40 | XZCP1041L5 | 72 |
| XCSZ90 | 49 | XZCP1041L10 | 72 |
|  | 60 | XZCP1141L2 | 72 |
| XCSZ91 | 44 | XZCP1141L5 | 72 |
| XCSZ100 | 60 | XZCP1141L10 | 72 |
|  | 44 | XZCP1241L2 | 72 |
| XCSZ200 | 44 | XZCP1241L5 | 72 |
| XCSZ210 | 60 | XZCP1241L10 | 72 |



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[^0]:    (1) Head adjustable in $90^{\circ}$ steps throughout $360^{\circ}$. Switches supplied with 2 additional self-locking screws for positive fixing of the head.
    (2) For switches with 80 mm spindle: replace the $2^{\text {nd }}$ number in the reference (5) by 6 . Example: XCSPR561. The weight increases by 0.032 kg . Other versions: please consult our Customer Care Centre.

[^1]:    (1) 1 entry tapped for $n^{\circ} 11$ cable gland
    (2) 1 entry tapped for 1/2" NPT conduit
    $\varnothing$ : 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 4.3 \times 8.3$ on 22 centres
    2 holes $\varnothing 4.3$ on 20 centres
    $\mathrm{L}=30(\mathrm{XCSPR} \bullet 5 \bullet)$ or 80 (XCSPR•6•)

[^2]:    Locking of actuator and operation in positive mode associated with a safety module.

[^3]:    Locking of actuator and operation in positive mode associated with a safety module.

[^4]:    (1) Using an appropriate and correctly connected control system

[^5]:    1) With start button monitoring
    (2) Without start button monitoring.
[^6]:    (1) With start button monitoring.

[^7]:    (1) Using an appropriate and correctly connected control system.

