# () seeed

## Grove - Infrared Temperature Sensor Array(AMG8833)



The Grove - Infrared Temperature Sensor Array (AMG8833) is a high precision infrared array sensor which based on advanced MEMS technology. It can support temperature detection of two-dimensional area:  $8 \times 8$  (64 pixels) and maximum 7 meters detection distance.

We provide both Arduino and Raspberry Pi demo for this sensor. It will be a perfect module to make your own thermal camera.

#### **Features**

- Temperature detection of two-dimensional area: 8 × 8 (64 pixels)
- I2C output (capability of temperature value output)
- High precision
- Long detection distance

## Specification

Item	Value
Operating Voltage	3.3V / 5V
Temperature range of measuring object	0 °C to 80 °C +32 °F to +176 °F
Operating temperature range	0 °C to 80 °C +32 °F to +176 °F
Storage temperature range	–20 °C to 80 °C –4 °F to +176 °F
Temperature accuracy	Typical ±2.5 °C ±4.5 °F
Viewing angle	Typical 60 °
Optical axis gap	Within Typical ±5.6 °
Number of pixel	64 (Vertical 8 × Horizontal 8 Matrix)
External interface	I <sup>2</sup> C
I <sup>2</sup> C Address	0x68(default) \ 0x69(optional)

## **Typical Applications**

- High function home appliances (microwaves and air-conditioners)
- Energy saving at office (air-conditioning/lighting control)
- Digital signage
- Automatic doors/elevators

### Hardware Overview Pin Out



#### **INT** Pin

normally has same voltage as VDD, when interrupting, same as GND (0V)

#### Schemaitc

#### Power



The typical voltage of AMG8833 is 3.3V, so we use the XC6206P33 chip to provide a stable 3.3V. The input of XC6206P33 ranges from 1.8V to 6.0V, so you can use this module with your Arduino both in 3.3V and 5V.

#### **Bi-directional level shifter circuit**



This is a typical Bi-directional level shifter circuit to connect two different voltage section of an I<sup>2</sup>C bus. The I<sup>2</sup>C bus of this sensor use 3.3V, if the I<sup>2</sup>C bus of the Arduino use 5V, this circuit will be needed. In the schematic above, **Q6** and **Q5** are N-Channel MOSFET 2N7002A, which act as a bidirectional switch. In order to better understand this part, you can refer to the AN10441

#### **Platforms Supported**

Arduino	Raspberry Pi	BeagleBone	Wio	LinkIt ONE
	R			1000

#### Caution

The platforms mentioned above as supported is/are an indication of the module's software or theoritical compatibility. We only provide software library or code examples for Arduino platform in most cases. It is not possible to provide software library / demo code for all possible MCU platforms. Hence, users have to write their own software library.

#### **Getting Started**

#### **Play With Arduino**

#### Hardware

#### **Materials required**

Seeeduino V4.2	Base Shield	Infrared Temperature Sensor Array	2.8 TFT Touch Shield V2.0
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#### Note

**1** Please plug the USB cable gently, otherwise you may damage the port. Please use the USB cable with 4 wires inside, the 2 wires cable can't transfer data. If you are not sure about the wire you have, you can click here to buy

**2** Each Grove module comes with a Grove cable when you buy. In case you lose the Grove cable, you can click here to buy.

- Step 1. Connect the Grove Infrared Temperature Sensor Array (AMG8833) to port I<sup>2</sup>C of Grove-Base Shield.
- Step 2. Plug Grove Base Shield into Seeeduino.
- Step 3. Plug 2.8 TFT Touch Shield V2.0 into the Grove Base Shield.
- **Step 4.** Connect Seeeduino to PC via a USB cable.



#### Note

If we don't have Grove Base Shield, We also can directly connect this module to Seeeduino as below.

Seeeduino	Grove Cable	Grove - Infrared Temperature Sensor Array (AMG8833)
GND	Black	GND
5V or 3.3V	Red	VCC
SDA	White	SDA
SCL	Yellow	SCL

#### Software

#### Note

If this is the first time you work with Arduino, we strongly recommend you to see Getting Started with Arduinobefore the start.

- Step 1. Download the Seeed\_AMG8833 Library from Github.
- Step 2. Refer to How to install library to install library for Arduino.

- Step 3. Restart the Arduino IDE. Open the example, you can open it in the following three ways :
  - a. Open it directly in the Arduino IDE via the path: File  $\rightarrow$  Examples  $\rightarrow$  Grove IR Matrix Temperature sensor AMG8833  $\rightarrow$  TFT\_screen\_demo.

New Ctrl+N Open Ctrl+O Open Recent Sketchbook	Robot Control Robot Motor	>	
Examples	Serve		
Close Ctrl+W	SpacebrewYun	>	
Save Ctrl+S	Stepper	>	
Save As Ctrl+Shift+S	Temboo	>	
Page Setup Ctrl+Shift+P Print Ctrl+P	RETIRED	>	
Preferences Ctrl+Comma	EEPROM	>	
Quit Ctrl+O	SoftwareSerial	>	
Quit Cui+Q	SPI	>	
	Grove IR Matrix Temperature sensor AMG8833	3	basic_demo
	Grove Multiple Switch library	3	TFT_screen_demo
	Grove Temper Humidity TH02	2	thermal_cam_interpolat

b. Open it in your computer by click the TFT\_screen\_demo.ino which you can find in the folder XXXXArduino\libraries\Seeed\_AMG8833master\examples\TFT\_screen\_demo, XXXX is the location you installed the Arduino

IDE.

1 🚺 >	This PC $\rightarrow$ Core (C:) $\rightarrow$ Users $\rightarrow$	seeed > Documents > Arduino > libr	raries > Seeed_A	AMG8833-master > ex	amples > TFT_screen_demo
	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
ccess	🔊 TFT_screen_demo.ino	10/11/2018 4:11 PM	INO File	4 KB	

c. Or, you can just click the icon  $\Box$  in upper right corner of the code block to copy the following code into a new sketch in the Arduino IDE.

```
#include <stdint.h>
1#include <TFTv2.h>
#include <SPI.h>
2
#include "Seeed_AMG8833_driver.h"
3
4AMG8833 sensor;
5#define TFT_PIXELS_NUM 30
6void parse_int_status(u8* status)
{
7 u8 val=0;
```

```
for(u32 i=0;i<8;i++)</pre>
8
     {
          if(status[i])
9
          {
              for(u32 j=0;j<8;j++)</pre>
1
0
               {
                   if(status[i]&((1<<j)))</pre>
1
1
                   {
1
                       Serial.print("pixel ");
2
                       Serial.print(8*i+j+1);
1
                       Serial.println("interrupt is generated!!!");
3
                   }
1
              }
4
         }
1
     }
5}
1
6void print status(u8* status)
1 {
7
     for(u32 i=0;i<8;i++)</pre>
1
     {
8
          Serial.print(status[i],HEX);
1
          Serial.print(" ");
9
2
     }
0
     Serial.println(" ");
2}
1
2
2
2
3void setup()
2 {
4
     Serial.begin(115200);
2
     sensor.init();
5
     TFT BL ON;
2
     /*2.8 TFT screen. url:https://www.seeedstudio.com/2.8-TFT-Touch-Shield-
6V2.0-p-1286.html*/
2
     Tft.TFTinit();
7}
2
8
2
9void loop()
3 {
0
     u8 val=0;
3
     float pixels temp[PIXEL NUM] = { 0 };
1
     ul6 color[PIXEL NUM] = { 0 };
3
     /*Read temperature*/
2
     sensor.read_pixel_temperature(pixels_temp);
3
     /*Different temperature correspond to different color.*/
3
     for(u32 i=0;i<PIXEL NUM;i++)</pre>
3
     {
4
          if(pixels temp[i]<29)</pre>
3
          {
5
              color[i]=BLUE;
3
```

```
6
          else if((pixels_temp[i]>=29)&&(pixels_temp[i]<30))</pre>
3
          {
7
               color[i]=GREEN;
3
          }
8
          else if((pixels temp[i]>=30)&&(pixels temp[i]<31))</pre>
3
          {
9
              color[i]=YELLOW;
4
          }
0
          else if((pixels temp[i]>=31)&&(pixels temp[i]<33))</pre>
4
          {
             color[i]=0xfd00;
1
          }
4
2
          else
4
          {
3
               color[i]=RED;
4
          }
4
     }
4
     /*Use a TFT screen to display.*/
5
     for(u32 i=0;i<PIXEL NUM;i++)</pre>
4
     {
6
4Tft.fillScreen(TFT PIXELS NUM*(i%8),TFT PIXELS NUM*(i%8+1),TFT PIXELS NUM*(8
7-i/8), TFT PIXELS NUM*(7-i/8), color[i]);
4
     }
8 }
4
9
5
0
5
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2
5
3
5
4
5
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#### Attention

The library file may be updated. This code may not be applicable to the updated library file, so we recommend that you use the first two methods.

• **Step 4.** Upload the demo. If you do not know how to upload the code, please check How to upload code.

#### Success

If every thing goes well, you will see the TFT screen shows the temperature map.



#### **Play with Raspberry**

#### Note

If this is the first time you play with a raspberry pi, please refer to the Get start with a raspberry Pi.

#### Hardware

**Materials required** 

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Raspberry Pi	Grove Base Hat for	Infrared Temperature	5 inch 800x480 Capacitive
	Raspberry Pi	Sensor Array	TouchScreen

#### Тір

If you do not have a Pi-Screen you can use the PC monitor, or you can use the VNC Viewer to display the result remotely.

- Step 1. Connect the Grove Infrared Temperature Sensor Array (AMG8833) to port I<sup>2</sup>C of Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi.
- Step 2. Plug Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi into Raspberry Pi.
- **Step 3.** Connect the 5 inch 800x480 Capacitive TouchScreen with the Raspberry Pi via the HDMI cable.
- **Step 4.** Connect Raspberry Pi to PC via a micro-USB cable, power the 5 inch 800x480 Capacitive TouchScreen via another micro-USB cable.



#### Software

• **Step 1.** Open the I<sup>2</sup>C interface for your raspberry pi. You can open a terminal and tap the following command.

1sudo raspi-confi	g	
Raspberry Pi 3	Model B Rev 1.2	
Ras 1 Change U 2 Network 3 Boot Opt 4 Localisa <b>5 Interfac</b> 6 Overcloc 7 Advanced 8 Update 9 About ra	pberry Pi Software ser Password Options ions tion Options ing Options k Options spi-config	Configuration Tool (raspi-config) Change password for the current u Configure network settings Configure options for start-up Set up language and regional sett Configure connections to peripher Configure overclocking for your P Configure advanced settings Update this tool to the latest ve Information about this configurat

• Step 2. When you see the picture above, choose Interfacing Options, then choose I2C to enable the I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

P1 Ca	amera	Enable/Disable connection to the
2 SS	SH	Enable/Disable remote command lin
3 VN	NC .	Enable/Disable graphical remote a
4 SP	PI	Enable/Disable automatic loading
5 I2	2C	Enable/Disable automatic loading
6 Se	erial	Enable/Disable shell and kernel m
7 1-	-Wire	Enable/Disable one-wire interface
8 Re	emote GPIO	Enable/Disable remote access to G
		- Parks

• Step 3. When you finish, you can use the following command to check. 1sudo i2cdetect -y 1

pi@	ras	pbe	rry	pi:	~ \$	su	do :	i2co	dete	ect	- y	1			
	Θ	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	a	b	С	d	f
00:					04										
10:															
20:															
30:															
40:															
50:															
60:									68						
70:															

You can see the I<sup>2</sup>C address, which means the raspberry has detected the sensor. If not, please do step1~3 again. Ok, let's move on.

• **Step 4.** Tap the following commands in the terminal to install related dependencies.

```
1sudo apt-get update
2sudo apt-get install -y build-essential python-pip python-dev python-smbus
3git
4sudo apt-get install -y python-scipy python-pygame
sudo pip install colour
```

• **Step 5.** Download the Seeed AMG8833 Python Library.

1git clone https://github.com/Seeed-Studio/Seeed\_AMG8833\_Raspberry\_Python.git

#### • Step 6. Go into the AMG8833 folder, and run the demo. 1pi@raspberrypi:~ \$ cd Seeed\_AMG8833\_Raspberry\_Python/ 2pi@raspberrypi:~/Seeed\_AMG8833\_Raspberry\_Python \$ ls 3driver.py README.md Seeed\_AMG8833.pyc 4driver.pyc Seeed\_AMG8833.py thermal\_cam.py 5pi@raspberrypi:~/Seeed\_AMG8833\_Raspberry\_Python \$ python thermal\_cam.py

#### **Success** If everthing goes well, you will see.

pyga_ndow – B 🗙	pi@raspberryp: ~/Seeed_AMG8833_Raspberry_Python 文件(F) 编辑(E) 标签(T) 帮助(H)
	<pre>pierasporrypi: 5 is Desktop grove.py Pictures Seeed_AM68833_Raspborry_Python Documents MagPi Public Templates Downloads Music python_games Videos pi@raspberrypi:~Seeed_AM68833_Raspborry_Python/ pi@raspberrypi:~/Seeed_AM68833_Raspborry_Python \$ ls driver.py README.md Seeed_AM68833_pyc driver.py README.md Seeed_AM68833_pyc driver.py Seeed_AM68833_py thermal_cam.py pi@raspberrypi:~/Seeed_AM68833_Raspberry_Python \$ sudo nano Seeed_AM68833.py driver.pyc Seeed_AM68833_Raspberry_Python \$ sudo nano Seeed_AM68833.py pi@raspberrypi:~/Seeed_AM68833_Raspberry_Python \$ python thermal_cam.py Traceback (most recent call last): File "thermal_cam.py", line 98, in <module> pixels = sensor.read_temp() File "/home/pi/Seeed_AM68833_Raspberry_Python/Seeed_AM68833.py", line 104, read_temp raw = self.device.readU16(TEMPERATURE_RE6_ADDR_L + (i &lt;&lt; 1)) File "/home/pi/Seeed_AM68833_Raspberry_Python/driver.py", line 155, in rea result = self.bus.read_word_data(selfaddress,register) &amp; 0xFFFF IOError: [Errno 121] Remote I/O error pi@raspberrypi:~/Seeed_AM68833_Raspberry_Python \$ python thermal_cam.py ]</module></pre>

#### Resources

- [Zip] Grove Infrared Temperature Sensor Array (AMG8833) Eagle Files
- [Zip] Seeed AMG8833 Arduino Library
- [Zip] Seeed AMG8833 Python Library
- [PDF] AMG8833 DATASHEET
- [PDF] XC6206 DATASHEET

#### **Project**

This is the introduction Video of this product, simple demos, you can have a try.

#### **Tech Support**

Please do not hesitate to submit the issue into our forum

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