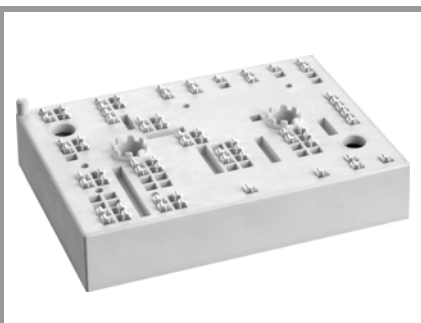


SKiiP 39MLI07E3V1



MiniSKiiP® 3

3-Level NPC Inverter

SKiiP 39MLI07E3V1

Features

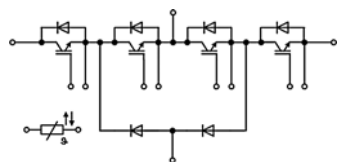
- 650V Trench IGBTs
- Robust and soft diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised: File no. E63532

Typical Applications*

- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Solar inverters

Remarks

- Case temperature limited to $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ max.; $T_C = T_S$ (valid for baseplateless modules)
- Product reliability results valid for $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ (recommended $T_{op} = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$)



MLI

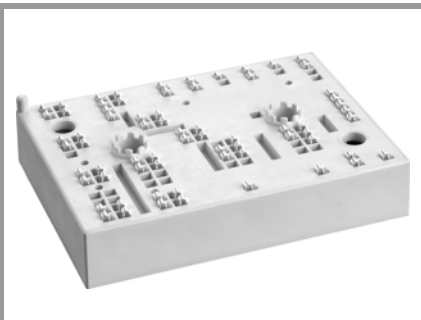
Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Conditions	Values	Unit	
IGBT				
V_{CES}		650	V	
I_C	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	159	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	125	A
I_{Cnom}		200	A	
I_{CRM}	$I_{CRM} = 2 \times I_{Cnom}$	400	A	
V_{GES}		-20 ... 20	V	
t_{psc}	$V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} \leq 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CES} \leq 650\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	6	μs
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Inverse diode				
I_F	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	163	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	125	A
I_{Fnom}		200	A	
I_{FRM}	$I_{FRM} = 2 \times I_{Fnom}$	400	A	
I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10\text{ ms, sin } 180^\circ, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1470	A	
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Clamping diode				
I_F	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	163	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	125	A
I_{Fnom}		200	A	
I_{FRM}	$I_{FRM} = 2 \times I_{Fnom}$	400	A	
I_{FSM}	$10\text{ ms, sin } 180^\circ, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1470	A	
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Module				
$I_{t(RMS)}$	$T_{terminal} = 80^\circ\text{C}, 20\text{ A per spring}$	200	A	
T_{stg}		-40 ... 125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
V_{isol}	AC sinus 50 Hz, $t = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V	

Characteristics

Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
IGBT					
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 200\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chiplevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.45	1.85	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.70	2.10	V
V_{CE0}	chiplevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.9	1	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.85	0.9	V
r_{CE}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chiplevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.8	4.3	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	4.3	6	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_C = 3.2\text{ mA}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
I_{CES}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 650\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.1	0.3	mA
					mA
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$		12.34		nF
C_{oes}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$		0.77		nF
C_{res}			0.37		nF
Q_G	$V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} \dots +15\text{ V}$		1600		nC
R_{Gint}	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2		Ω

SKiIP 39MLI07E3V1



MiniSKiIP® 3

3-Level NPC Inverter

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Features

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- Robust and soft diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised: File no. E63532

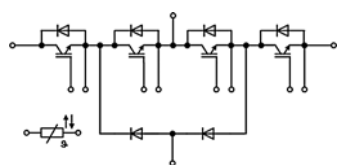
Typical Applications*

- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Solar inverters

Remarks

- Case temperature limited to $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ max.; $T_C = T_S$ (valid for baseplateless modules)
- Product reliability results valid for $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ (recommended $T_{op} = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristics						
Symbol	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
T1 / T4						
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		165		ns
t_r	$I_C = 200\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		69		ns
E_{on}	$V_{GE} = +15/-15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		3.6		mJ
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{G\ on} = 2\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		341		ns
t_f	$R_{G\ off} = 2\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		83		ns
E_{off}	$di/dt_{on} = 3150\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		8.9		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	$di/dt_{off} = 2000\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.5		K/W
	per IGBT					
T2 / T3						
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		152		ns
t_r	$I_C = 200\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		70		ns
E_{on}	$V_{GE} = +15/-15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.8		mJ
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{G\ on} = 2\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		324		ns
t_f	$R_{G\ off} = 2\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		89		ns
E_{off}	$di/dt_{on} = 3120\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		9.5		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	$di/dt_{off} = 2000\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.5		K/W
	per Diode					
Inverse diode						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 200\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.4	1.8	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.4	1.8	V
	chipelevel					
V_{F0}	chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1	1.2	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.9	1	V
r_F	chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.8	2.6	m Ω
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.6	3.9	m Ω
I_{RRM}	$I_F = 200\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		157		A
Q_{rr}	$di/dt_{off} = 2700\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		31		μC
E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = -15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		8.3		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode			0.6		K/W
Clamping diode						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 200\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.4	1.8	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.4	1.8	V
	chipelevel					
V_{F0}	chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1	1.2	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.9	1	V
r_F	chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.8	2.6	m Ω
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.6	3.9	m Ω
I_{RRM}	$I_F = 200\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		171		A
Q_{rr}	$di/dt_{off} = 3100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		16		μC
E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = -15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		4		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode			0.6		K/W
Module						
M_s	to heat sink		2		2.5	Nm
w	weight			82		g
Temperature Sensor						
R_{25}	NTC, $T_r = 25^\circ\text{C}^1)$			5.0 \pm 5%		k Ω



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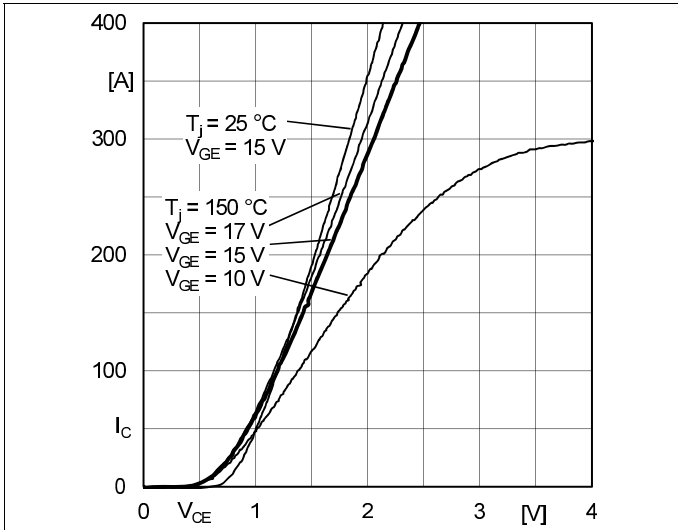


Fig. 1: Typ. output characteristic, inclusive R_{CC+EE}

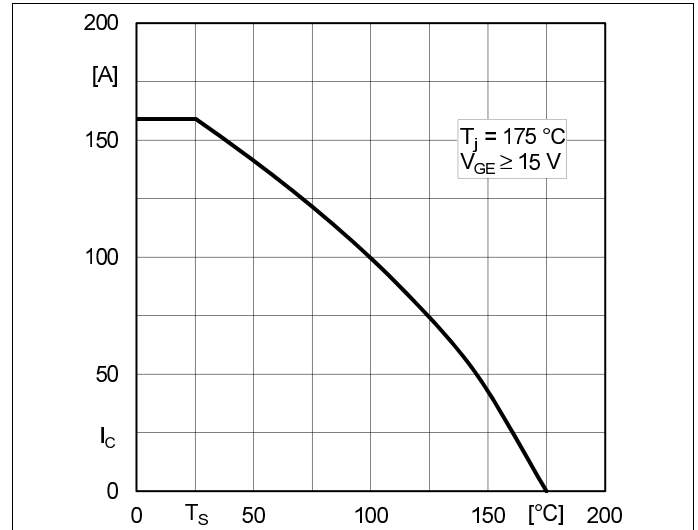


Fig. 2: Rated current vs. temperature $I_c = f(T_s)$

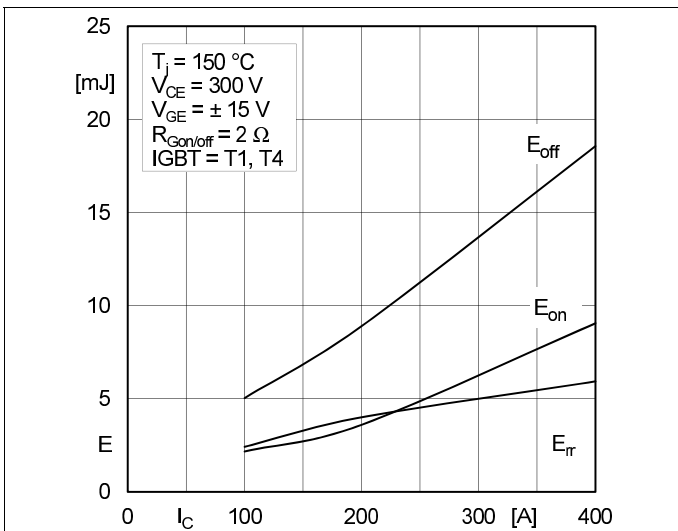


Fig. 3: Typ. turn-on /-off energy = $f(I_c)$

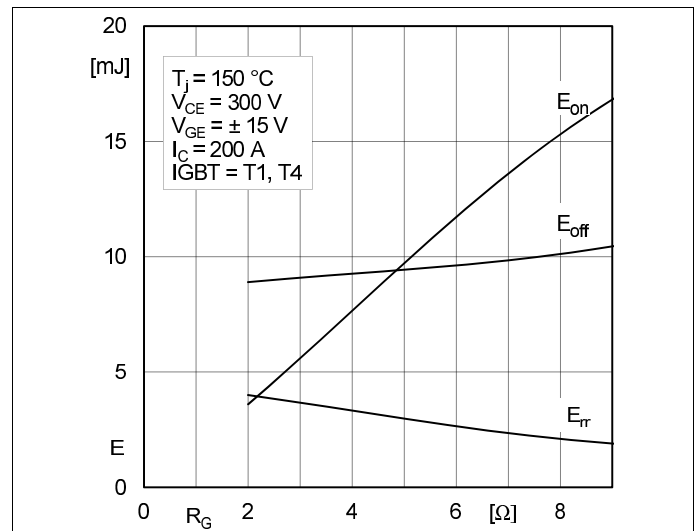


Fig. 4: Typ. turn-on /-off energy = $f(R_G)$

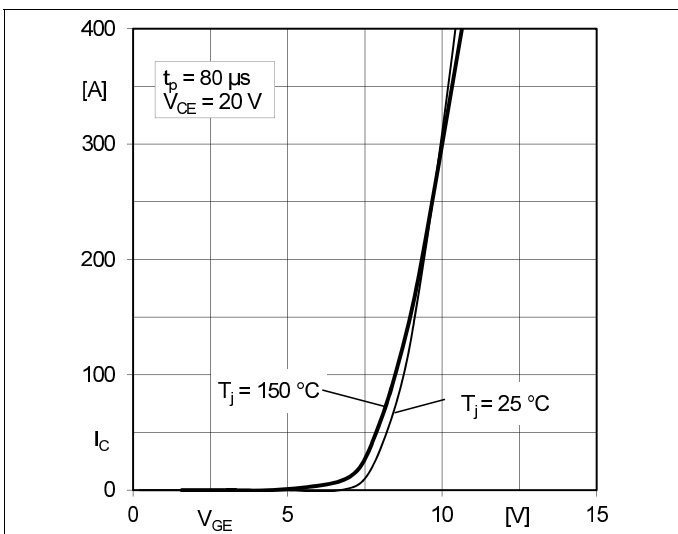


Fig. 5: Typ. transfer characteristic

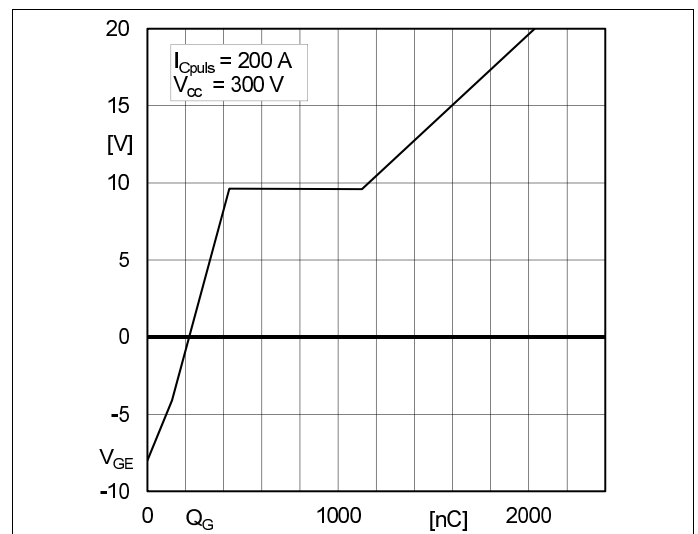
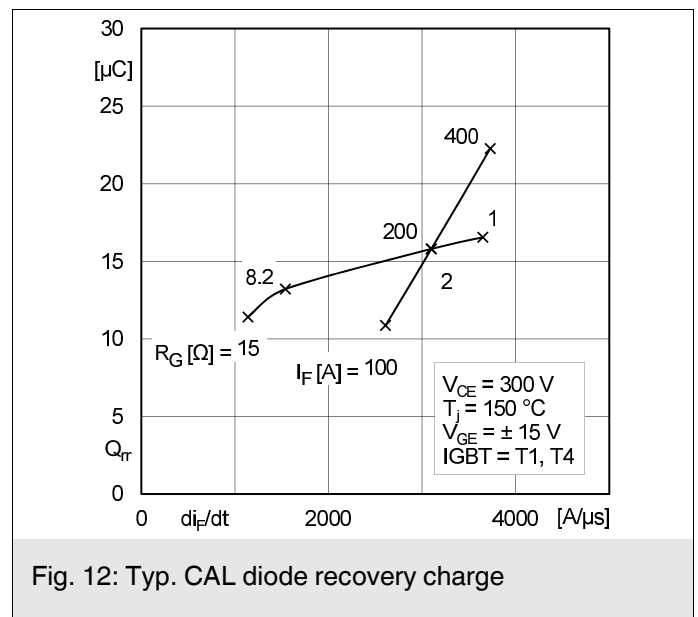
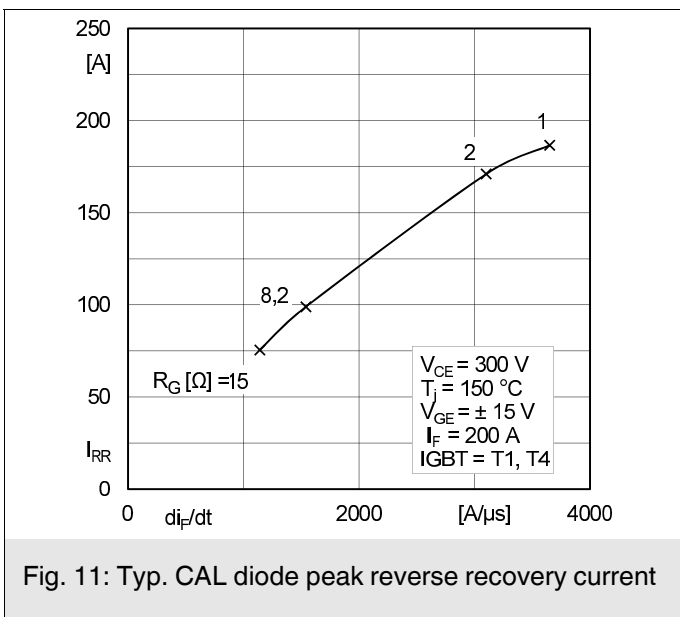
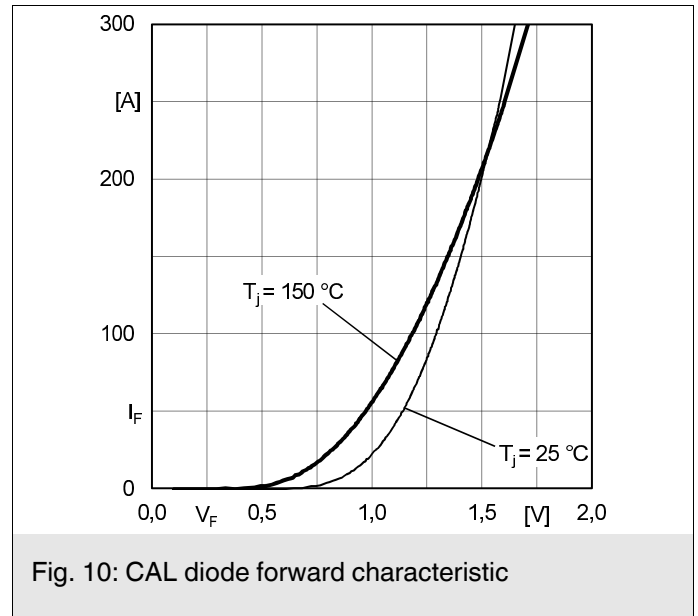
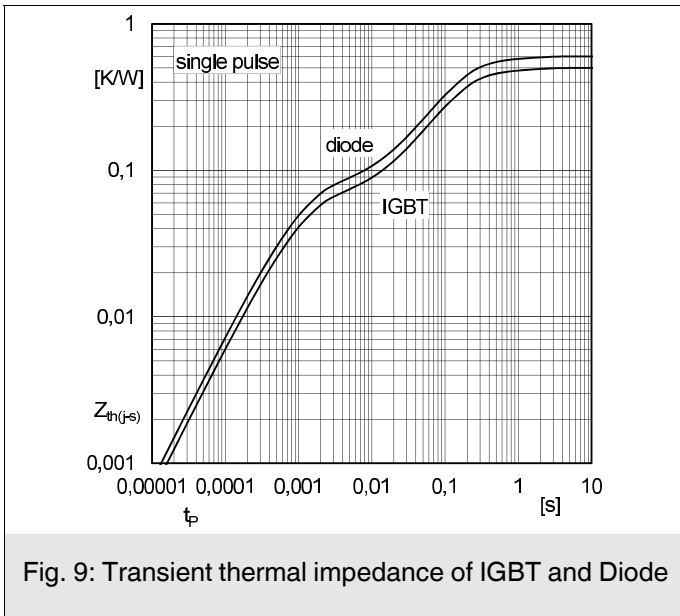
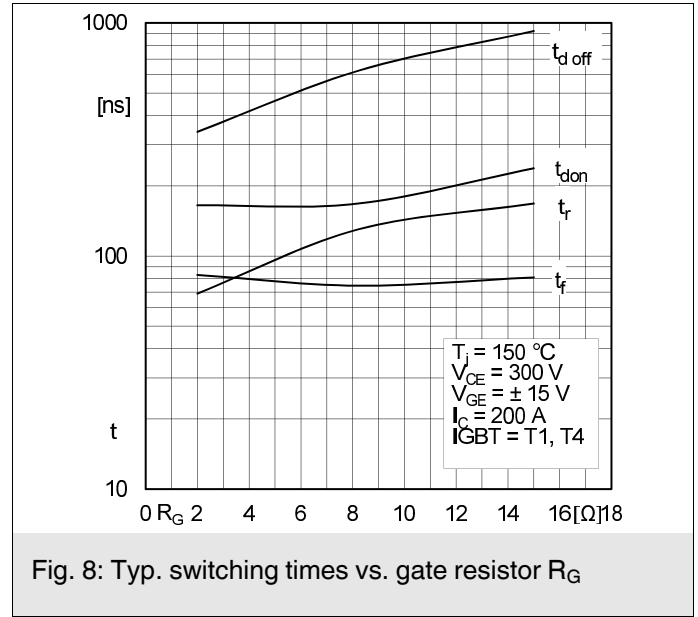
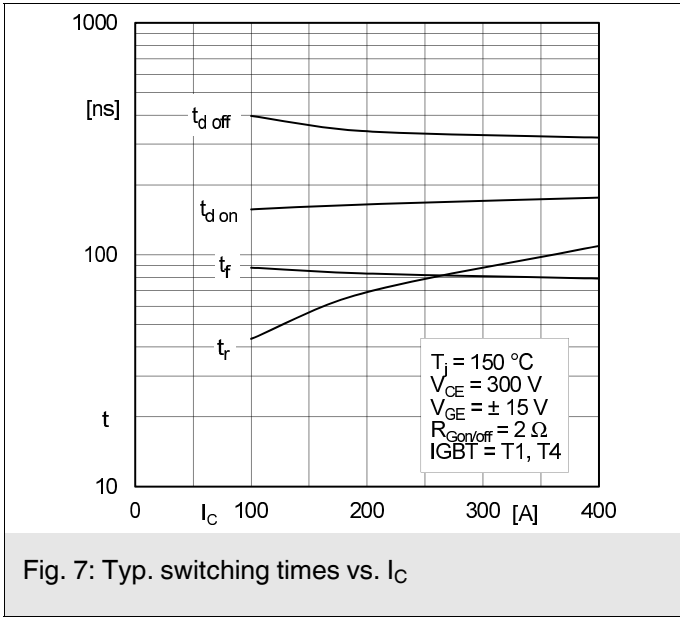
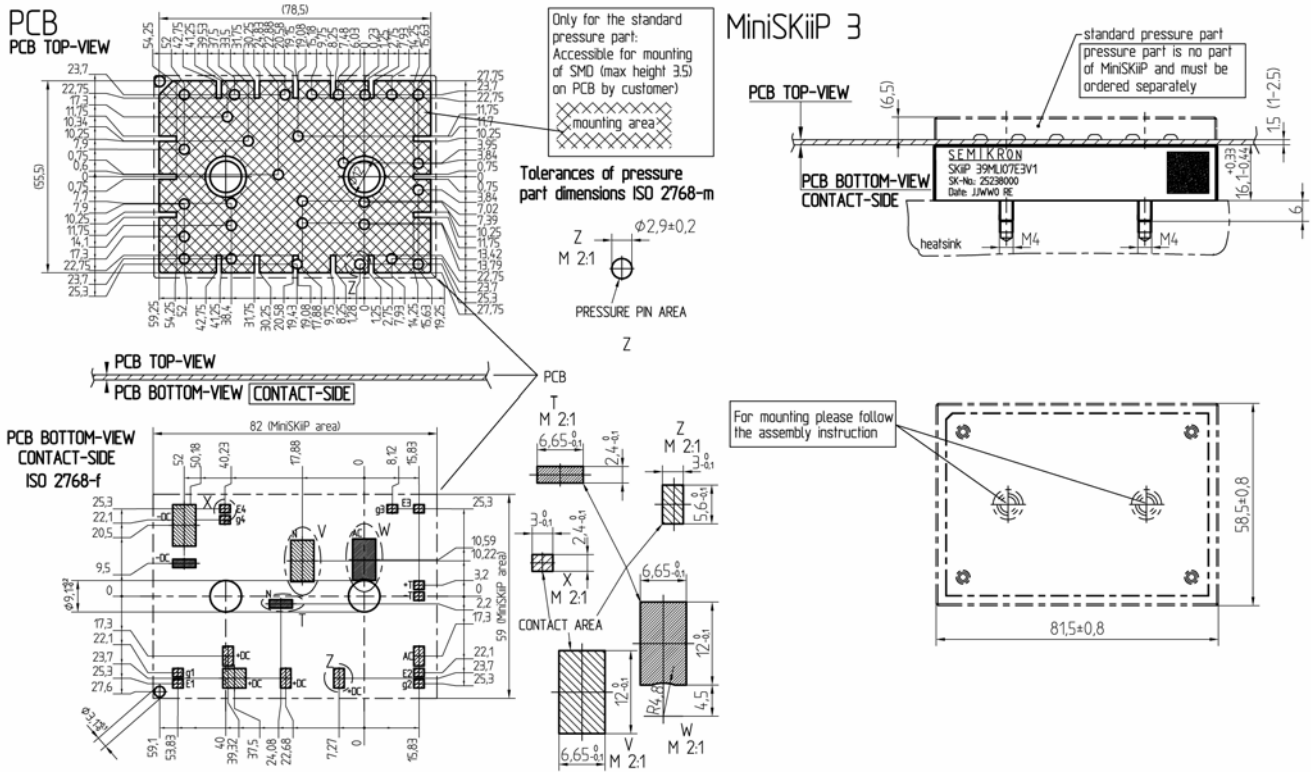
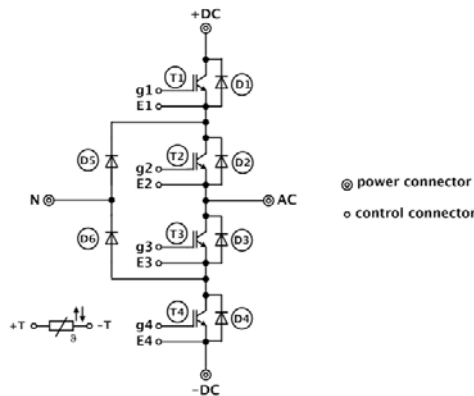


Fig. 6: Typ. gate charge characteristic





pinout, dimensions



pinout

This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX

* The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our staff.

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