

# Very Low Input /Very Low Dropout 3 Amp Regulator With Enable

#### **POWER MANAGEMENT**

#### **Features**

- Input voltage range from 1.8V to 5.5V
- Typical 300mV dropout @ 3A
- Adjustable output from 1.24V
- Over-current and over-temperature protection
- Enable pin
- 10µA shutdown current
- Full industrial temperature range
- TO263-5 package, fully WEEE and RoHS compliant

## **Applications**

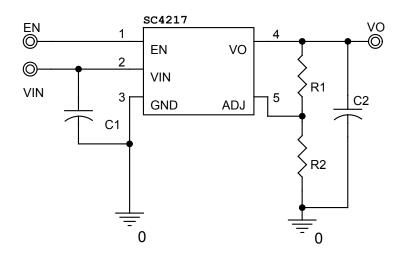
- Telecom/networking equipment
- Motherboards/peripheral cards
- Industrial equipment
- Wireless infrastructure
- Set-top boxes
- Medical equipment

## **Description**

The SC4217 is a 3A, high performance LDO designed for use in applications requiring very low input voltage and very low dropout voltage. It operates with an input voltage as low as 1.8V and a programmable output voltage from 1.24V. The SC4217 features ultra- low dropout, ideal for applications where  $V_{\rm OUT}$  is very close to  $V_{\rm IN}$ . Additionally, the SC4217 has an enable pin to further reduce power dissipation while shut down. The SC4217 provides excellent regulation over line, load and temperature.

The SC4217 is available in a TO263-5 package and is fully WEEE and RoHS compliant.

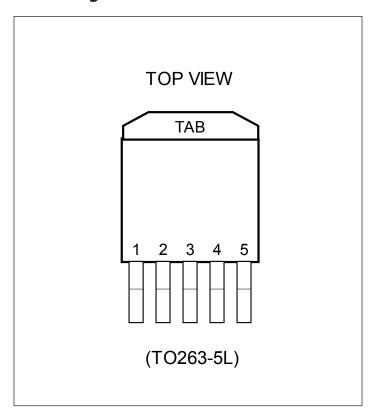
## **Typical Application Circuit**



Nov. 17, 2011



# **Pin Configuration**



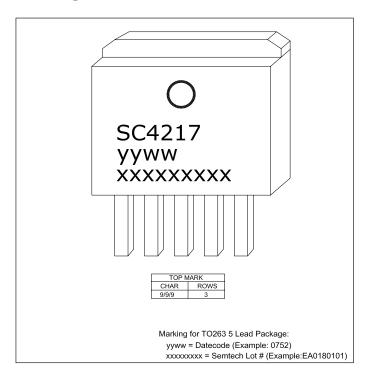
# **Ordering Information**

Device	Package
SC4217MTRT <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	TO263-5
SC4217EVB	Evaluation Board

#### Notes

- 1) Available in tape and reel only. A reel contains 800 devices.
- 2) Device is WEEE and RoHS compliant.

# **Marking Information**





## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

VIN, VO, ADJ to GND	6V
EN0.3V to VIN	1+0.3V
Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10s	300°C
ESD Protection Level	. 2kV

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

VIN Range	1.8V to 5.5V
Maximum Output Current	3A
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	40 to +85°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	40 to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	65 to +150°C

## **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance, junction to case $J\theta^{(1)}_{JC}$	3°C/W
Thermal Resistance, junction to ambient $J\theta_{J_A}$	30°C/W

#### Other Notes:

Tested according to JEDEC standard JESD22-A114-B.

1) Calculated from package in still air, mounted to 3" x 4.5", 4 layer FR4 PCB with thermal vias under the exposed pad per JESD51 standards.

Exceeding the above specifications may result in permanent damage to the device or device malfunction.

Operation outside of the parameters specified in the Electrical Characteristics section is not recommended.

### **Electrical Characteristics -**

- 1) Unless otherwise noted, VEN = VIN. VIN = 1.8V to 5.5V, VIN = VO+0.5V, and IO =  $10\mu A$  to 3A.
- 2) Values in bold apply over the full operating temperature range.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
VIN			<u> </u>	L	ı	ı
Ouit Comment		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V		0.75	1.75	mA
Quiescent Current	I <sub>Q</sub>	$V_{IN} = 5.5V, V_{EN} = 0V$		10	50	μΑ
VO						
Out 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		$V_{IN} = V_{O} + 0.5V$	-2%		+2%	V
Output Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>o</sub>		-3%		+3%	
Line Regulation <sup>(1)</sup>	REG <sub>(LINE)</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> = 10mA		0.2	0.4	%/V
Load Regulation(1)	REG <sub>(LOAD)</sub>	$I_0 = 10$ mA to 3A		0.5	1.0	%
	V <sub>D</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> = 1A		90	300	- mV
Duna t. V - It (1.2)					400	
Dropout Voltage <sup>(1, 2)</sup>		I <sub>o</sub> = 1.5A		200	400	
					500	
Drawa w Valta a a (1.2)	V <sub>D</sub>	$I_0 = 3A, V_{IN} = V_0 + 0.5V$		300	500	mV
Dropout Voltage <sup>(1, 2)</sup>					600	
Minimum Load Current <sup>(3)</sup>	I <sub>o</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_O + 0.5V$		1	10	μΑ
Current Limit	I <sub>CL</sub>		3.3	4.5	6.75	А



# **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
ADJ	ADJ					
Reference Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>		$V_{IN} = 3.3V, V_{ADJ} = V_{OUT}, I_{O} = 10 \text{mA}$	1.227	124	1.252	V
	V <sub>REF</sub>		1.215	1.24	1.265	
Adjust Pin Current <sup>(4)</sup>	I <sub>ADJ</sub>	$V_{ADJ} = V_{REF}$		80	200	nA
Adjust Pin Threshold <sup>(5)</sup>	V <sub>TH(ADJ)</sub>		0.05	0.16	0.40	V
EN						
Enable Pin Current	I <sub>EN</sub>	$V_{EN} = 0V, V_{IN} = 3.3V$		1.5	10	μΑ
Frankla Dia Thankala	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V	1.6			V
Enable Pin Theshold	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V			0.4	
Over Temperature Protection						
High Trip Level	T <sub>HI</sub>			160		96
Hysteresis	T <sub>HYST</sub>			10		°C

#### Notes:

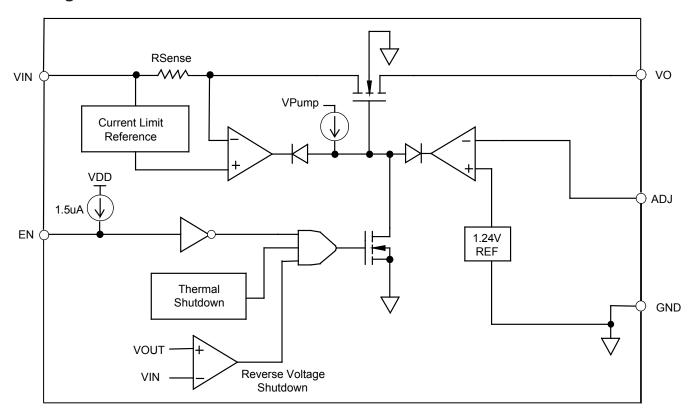
- 1) Low duty cycle pulse testing with Kelvin connections required.
- 2) Defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops to 1.5% below the value measured at a differential of 0.8V.
- 3) Required to maintain regulation. Voltage set resistors R1 and R2 are usually utilized to meet this requirement. Adjustable versions only.
- 4) Guaranteed by design.
- 5) When  $V_{ADJ}$  exceeds this threshold, the "Sense Select" switch disconnects the internal feedback chain from the error amplifier and connects  $V_{ADJ}$  instead.



# **Pin Descriptions**

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	EN	Enable input. Pulling this pin below 0.4V turns off the regulator reducing the quiescent current to a franction of its operating value. The device will be enabled if this pin is left open. Connect to $V_{IN}$ if not being used.
2	VIN	Input voltage. For regulation at full load, the input to this pin must be between ( $V_0+0.5V$ ) and 5.5V. Minimum $V_{IN}=1.8V$ . A large bulk capacitance should be placed closey to this pin to ensure that the input supply does not sag below 1.8V. A minimum of 4.7 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitors should be placed directly at this pin.
3	GND	Reference ground. The GND pin and the exposed die pad must be connected together at the IC pin.
4	VO	The pin is the power output of the device. A minimum of 10µF capactor should be placed directly at this pin.
5	ADJ	Use external feedback resistors to program the output voltage. See application circuit on page 1. $V_0 = [(R_2 + R_1)^* 1.24V]/R_2$ . The ADJ pin cannot be tied directly either to VO pin or to GND pin.
Т	THERMAL PAD	Thermal pad should be connected to PCB ground plane for thermal and electrical purposes.

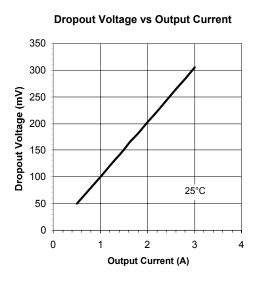
# **Block Diagram**



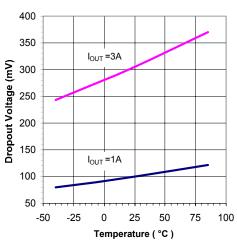


# **Typical Characteristics**

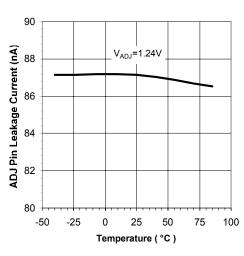
1) Unless otherwise noted, typical values are taken under the conditions:  $T_{AMBJENT} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}, V_{O} = 2.5\text{V}, I_{O} = 2\text{A}, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}(Ceramic) + 10 \mu\text{F}(Tantalum)$ 



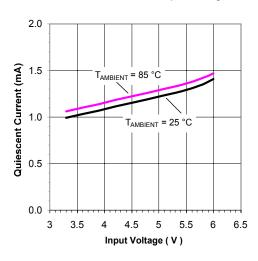
## **Dropout Voltage vs Temperature**



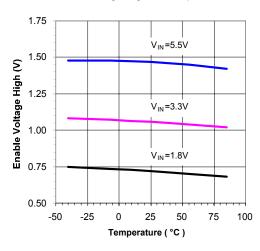
#### **ADJ Pin Leakage Current vs Temperature**



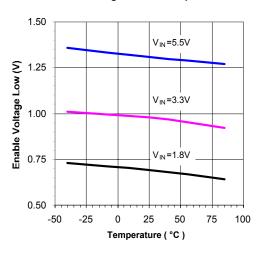
Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage



#### **Enable Voltage High vs Temperature**



#### **Enable Voltage Low vs Temperature**

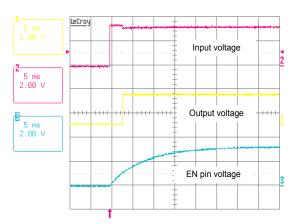




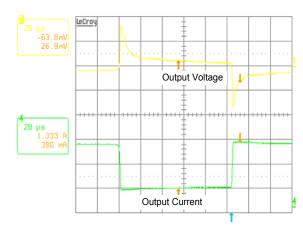
# **Typical Characteristics**

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#### Soft start performance



#### Load transient test





## **Applications Information**

#### Introduction

The SC4217 is intended for applications where high current capability and very low dropout voltage are required. It provides a very simple, low cost solution that uses very little PCB real estate. Additional features include an enable pin to allow for a very low power consumption standby mode, and a fully adjustable output.

#### **Component Selection**

#### **Input Capacitor**

A minimum of  $4.7\mu F$  ceramic or tantalum capacitor is recommended to be placed directly next to the Vin pin. This allows for the device being some distance from any bulk capacitance on the rail. Additionally, bulk capacitance of about  $\geq 10\mu F$  may be added closely to the input supply pin of the SC4217 to ensure that Vin does not sag, improving load transient response.

#### **Output Capacitor**

A minimum bulk capacitance of  $\geq 10 \mu F$ , along with a 0.1 $\mu F$  ceramic decoupling capacitor is recommended. Increasing the bulk capacitance will improve the overall transient response. The use of multiple lower value ceramic capacitors in parallel to achieve the desired bulk capacitance will not cause stability issues. Although designed for use with ceramic output capacitors, the SC4217 is extremely tolerant of output capacitor ESR values and thus will also work comfortably with tantalum output capacitors.

#### **Noise immunity**

In very electrically noisy environments, it is recommended that  $0.1\mu F$  ceramic capacitors be placed from IN to GND and OUT to GND as close to the device pins as possible.

#### **External Voltage Selection Resistors**

The use of 1% resistors, and designing for a current flow  $\ge 10\mu A$  is recommended to ensure a well regulated output (thus  $R2 \le 50k\Omega$ ).

#### **Enable**

Pulling this pin below 0.4V turns the regulator off, reducing the quiescent current to a fraction of its operating value.

#### **Thermal Considerations**

The power dissipation in the SC4217 is approximately equal to the product of the output current and the input to output voltage differential:

$$P_D \approx (VIN - VOUT) \times I_0$$

The absolute worst-case dissipation is given by:

$$P_{\text{D}} \approx (VIN_{\text{(MAX)}} - VOUT_{\text{(MIN)}}) \times I_{\text{O(MAX)}} + V_{\text{IN(MAX)}} \times I_{\text{Q(MAX)}}$$

For a typical scenario,  $V_{IN} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.8V$  and  $I_{O} = 1.5A$ , therefore:

$$V_{IN(MAX)} = 3.465V, V_{OUT(MIN)} = 2.744V \text{ and } I_{O(MAX)} = 1.75\text{mA},$$

Thus 
$$P_{D(MAX)} = 1.09W$$
.

Using this figure, and assuming  $T_{A(MAX)} = 70$ °C, we can calculate the maximum thermal impedance allowable to maintain  $T_1 \le 150$ °C:

$$R_{TH(J-A)(MAX)} = \frac{\left(T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A(MAX)}\right)}{P_{D(MAX)}} = \frac{\left(150 - 70\right)}{1.09} = 73.4^{\circ}C/W$$

This should be achievable for the TO263-5 package using pcb copper area to aid in conducting the heat away, such as one square inch of copper connected to the exposed die pad of the device. Internal ground/power planes and air flow will also assist in removing heat. For higher ambient temperatures it may be necessary to use additional copper area.



# **Typical Application Circuits**

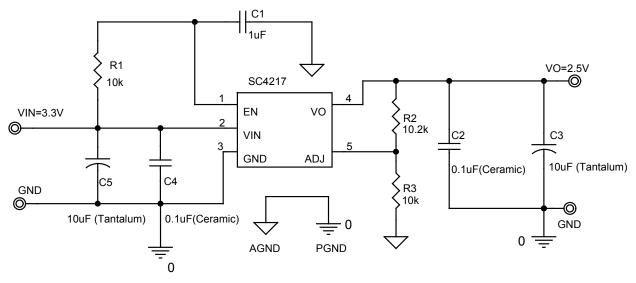
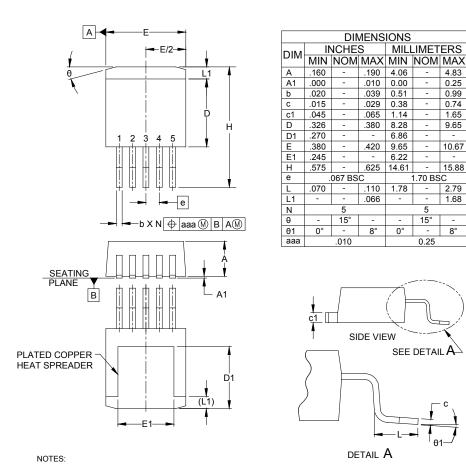


Figure 1: Application circuit with 3.3V input and 2.5V output



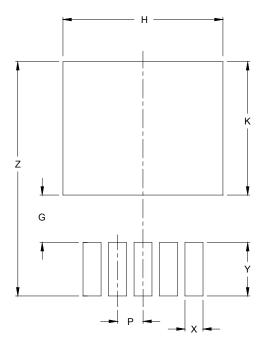
# **Outline Drawing — TO263-5**



- 1. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES (ANGLES IN DEGREES).
- 2. DIMENSIONS "D" AND "E" DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.



## Land Pattern — TO263-5



	DIMENSIONS				
DIM	INCHES	MILLIMETERS			
G	.125	3.17			
Н	.420	10.67			
K	.350	8.89			
Р	.067	1.70			
Х	.042	1.07			
Υ	.140	3.56			
Z	.615	15.62			

#### NOTES:

THIS LAND PATTERN IS FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY
CONSULT YOUR MANUFACTURING GROUP TO ENSURE YOUR
COMPANY'S MANUFACTURING GUIDELINES ARE MET.

## **Contact Information**

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