GP1UE26XK0VF/GP1UE27XK0VF Series
GP1UE28XK0VF/GP1UE28YK0VF Series

Low Voltage Operation, Compact IR Detecting Unit for Remote Control
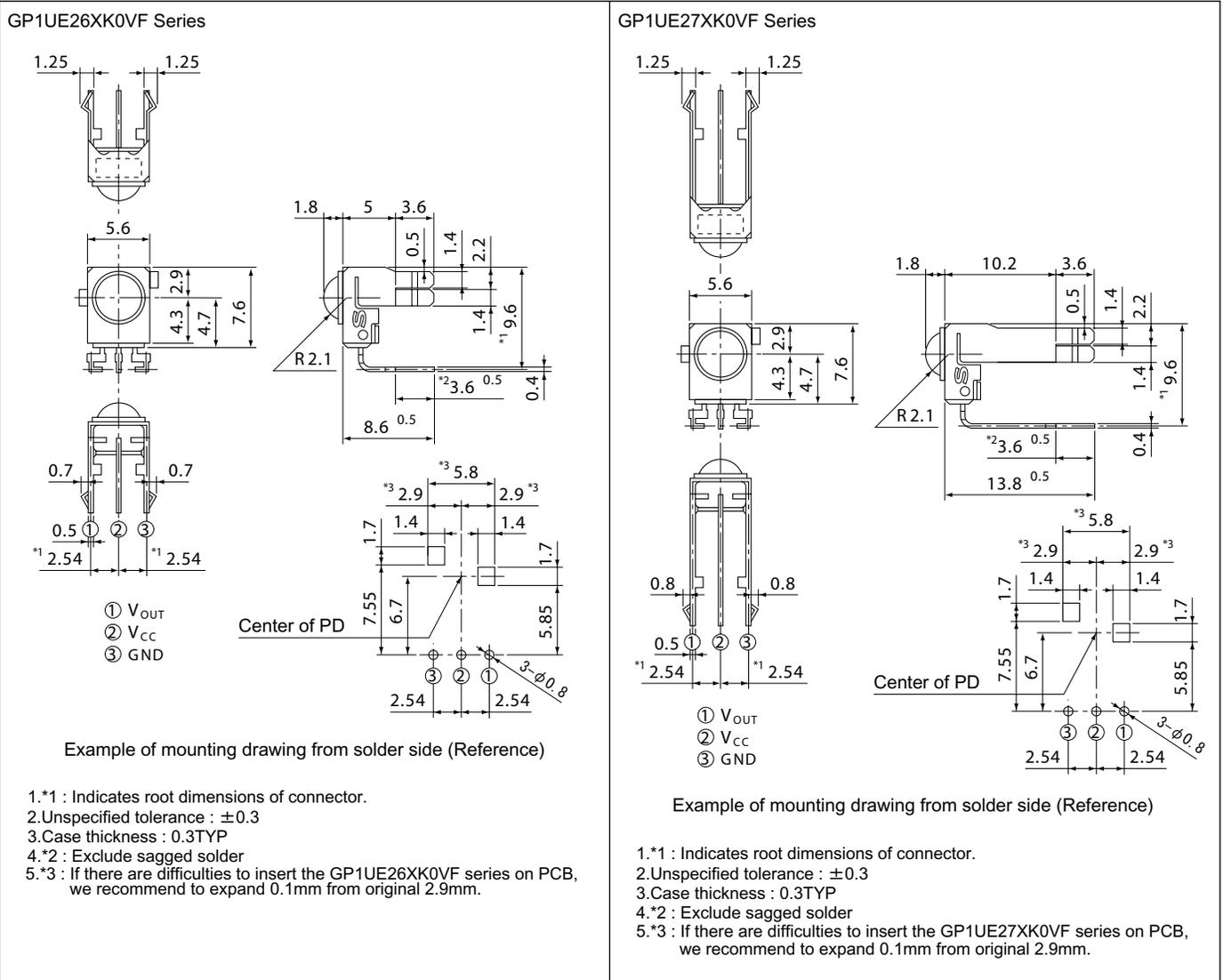
■ Features

1. Low operating voltage:2.7 to 5.5V
2. Low dissipation current:MAX. 0.4mA(at Vcc=3V)
3. Compact (case volume).
4. Various B.P.F. (Band-Pass Filter) frequency to meet different user needs.
5. Lead-free and RoHS directive compliant.

■ Applications

1. AV equipments
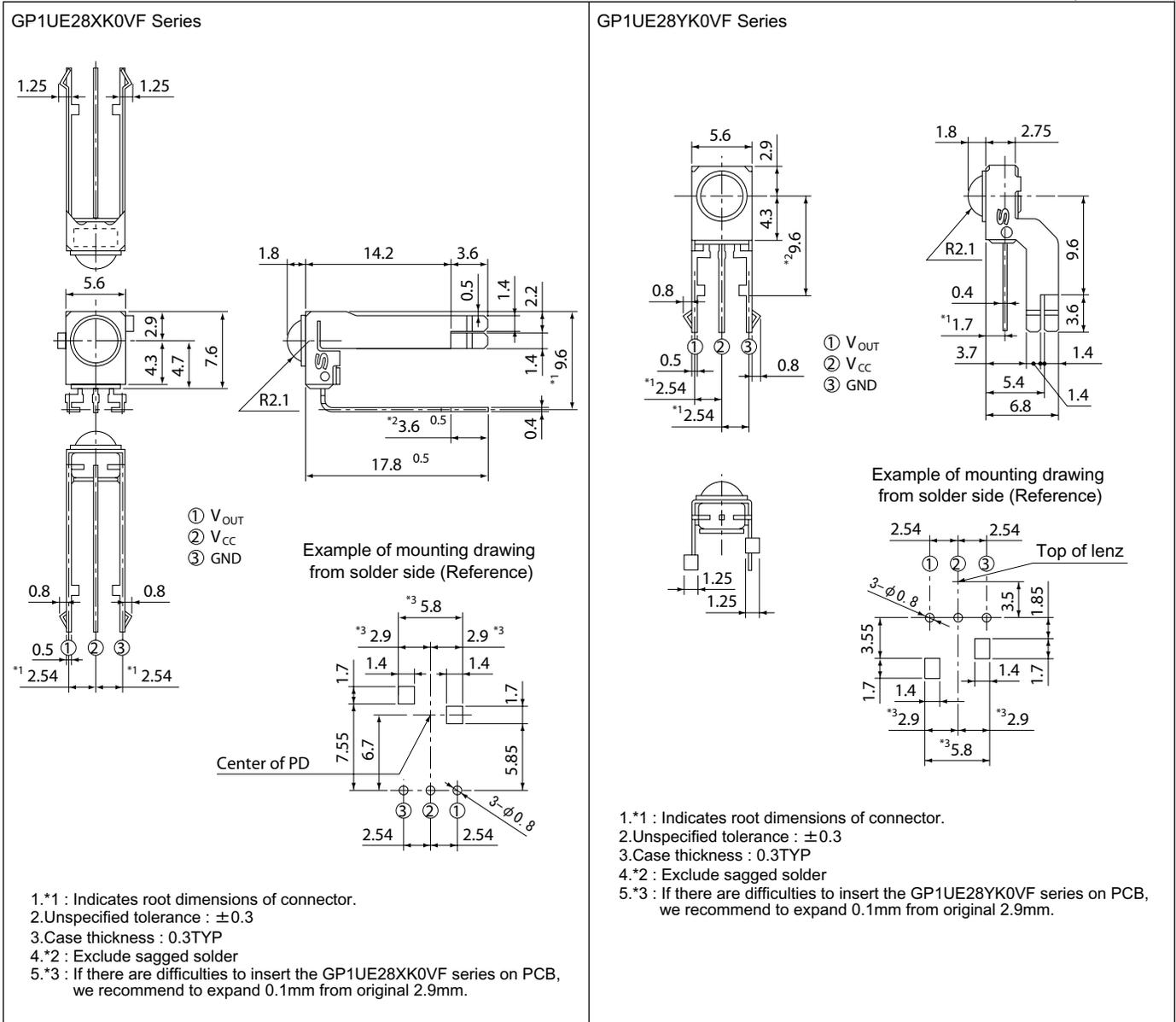2. Home appliances

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)

GP1UE26XK0VF Series

① V_{OUT}
② V_{CC}
③ GND

Center of PD

Example of mounting drawing from solder side (Reference)

1.*1 : Indicates root dimensions of connector.
2.Unspecified tolerance : ±0.3
3.Case thickness : 0.3TYP
4.*2 : Exclude sagged solder
5.*3 : If there are difficulties to insert the GP1UE26XK0VF series on PCB, we recommend to expand 0.1mm from original 2.9mm.

GP1UE27XK0VF Series

① V_{OUT}
② V_{CC}
③ GND

Center of PD

Example of mounting drawing from solder side (Reference)

1.*1 : Indicates root dimensions of connector.
2.Unspecified tolerance : ±0.3
3.Case thickness : 0.3TYP
4.*2 : Exclude sagged solder
5.*3 : If there are difficulties to insert the GP1UE27XK0VF series on PCB, we recommend to expand 0.1mm from original 2.9mm.

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■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)

GP1UE28XK0VF Series

GP1UE28YK0VF Series

① V_{OUT}
② V_{CC}
③ GND

Example of mounting drawing from solder side (Reference)

Center of PD

1.*1 : Indicates root dimensions of connector.
2.Unspecified tolerance : ±0.3
3.Case thickness : 0.3TYP
4.*2 : Exclude sagged solder
5.*3 : If there are difficulties to insert the GP1UE28XK0VF series on PCB, we recommend to expand 0.1mm from original 2.9mm.

① V_{OUT}
② V_{CC}
③ GND

Example of mounting drawing from solder side (Reference)

Top of lenz

1.*1 : Indicates root dimensions of connector.
2.Unspecified tolerance : ±0.3
3.Case thickness : 0.3TYP
4.*2 : Exclude sagged solder
5.*3 : If there are difficulties to insert the GP1UE28YK0VF series on PCB, we recommend to expand 0.1mm from original 2.9mm.

■ Model Line-up

Diversified models with a different B.P.F. frequency are also available.

B.P.F. center frequency	Model No.				Unit
40	GP1UE26XK0VF	GP1UE27XK0VF	GP1UE28XK0VF	GP1UE28YK0VF	
36	GP1UE260XKVF	GP1UE270XKVF	GP1UE280XKVF	GP1UE280YKVF	
38	GP1UE261XKVF	GP1UE271XKVF	GP1UE281XKVF	GP1UE281YKVF	kHz
36.7	GP1UE262XKVF	GP1UE272XKVF	GP1UE282XKVF	GP1UE282YKVF	
32.75	GP1UE263XKVF	GP1UE273XKVF	GP1UE283XKVF	GP1UE283YKVF	

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■ Internal Block Diagram
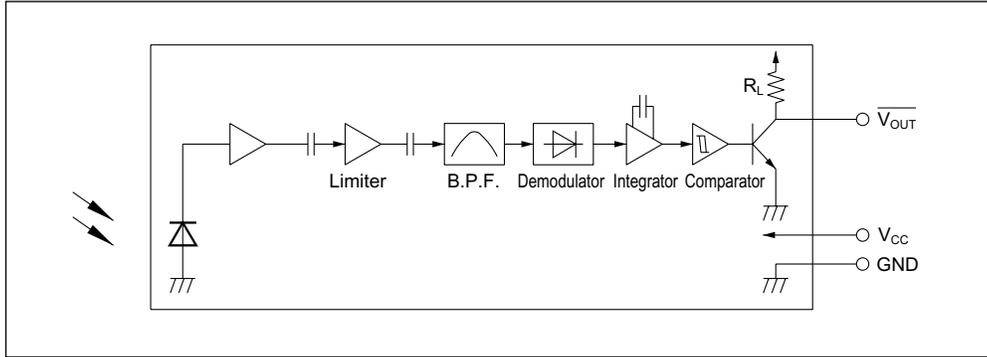
■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	0 to +6.0	V
[*1] Operating temperature	T_{opr}	−10 to +70	℃
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	−20 to +70	℃
[*2] Soldering temperature	T_{sol}	265	℃

*1 No dew condensation is allowed
*2 For 6s (At mounting on PCB with thickness of 1.6mm)

■ Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Operating conditions	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	2.7 to 5.5	V

■Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta=25℃, Vcc=3V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Dissipation current	I_{CC}	No input light	–	0.27	0.4	mA
High level output voltage	V_{OH}	[*3]	V_{CC}-0.5	–	–	V
Low level output voltage	V_{OL}	[*3] I_{OL}=1.6mA	–	–	0.45	V
High level pulse width	T_1	[*3]	600	–	1200	μs
Low level pulse width	T_2	[*3]	400	–	1000	μs
B.P.F. center frequency	f_0	–	–	[*4]	–	kHz
Output pull-up resistance	R_L	–	70	100	130	kΩ

*3 The burst wave as shown in the following figure shall be transmitted by the transmitter shown in Fig. 1
    The carrier frequency of the transmitter, however, shall be same as *4, and measurement shall be from just after starting the transmission until 50 pulse
*4 The B.P.F. center frequency f_0 varies with model, as shown in ■Model Line-up

Burst wave

600μs   1000μs
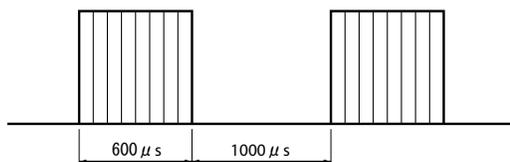
f_0=(*4)
Duty 50%

■ Performance

Using the transmitter shown in Fig. 1, the output signal of the light detecting unit is good enough to meet the following items in the standard optical system in Fig. 2.

1. Linear reception distance characteristics

   When L=0.2 to 10.0m, ^{*5}Ev$<$10 lx and ϕ=0° in Fig.2, the output signal shall meet the electrical characteristics in the attached list.

2. Sensitivity angle reception distance characteristics

   When L=0.2 to 7.5m, ^{*5}Ev$<$10 lx and $\phi\leqq$30° in Fig.2, the output signal shall meet the electrical characteristics in the attached list.

3. Anti outer peripheral light reception distance characteristics

   When L=0.2 to 5.0m, ^{*6}Ev$\leqq$300 lx and ϕ=0° in Fig.2, the output signal shall meet the electrical characteristics in the attached list.

   *5 It refers to detector face illuminance

   *6 Outer peripheral light source: CIE standard light source A shall be used and placed at 45° from perpendicular axis at the detector face center

Fig.1 Transmitter
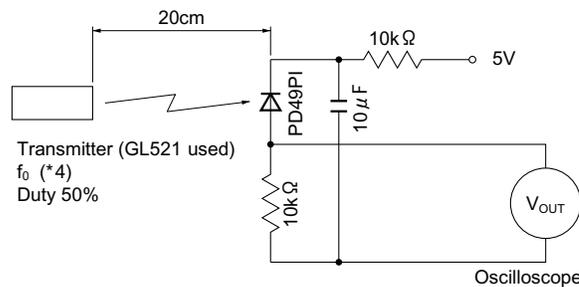
In the above figure, the transmitter should be set so that the output $V_{OUT\ (P-P)}$ can be 40mV.

However, the PD49PI to be used here should be of the short-circuit current I_{SC}=2.6μA at Ev =100 lx.

(E_V is an illuminance by CIE standard light source A (tungsten lamp).)

Fig.2 Standard Optical System
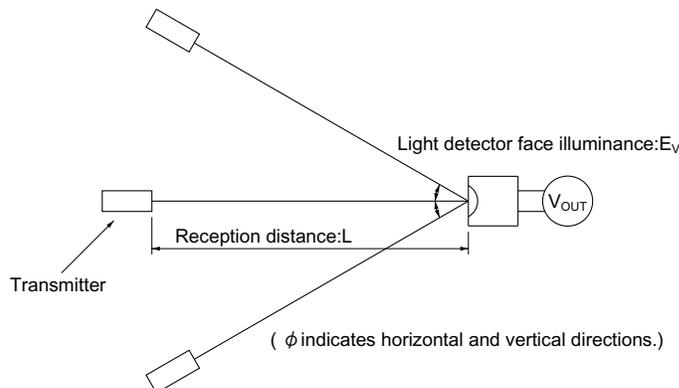
■ Precautions for Operation

1. When this infrared remote control detecting unit shall be adopted for wireless remote control, please use the following signal format .
   (NEC code,RC-6code etc.)

   ・Total duty ratio D_t (Emitting time $\sum_{N=1}^{n} t_N$ / Transmitting time for 1 block T) : 40% or less.

   ・ON signal time and OFF signal time

Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	2.7 to 3.0V	3.0 to 5.5V
ON signal time per 1bit	t_{ON}	200 μ s or more	
OFF signal time per 1bit	t_{OFF}	400 μ s or more	300 μ s or more

$$D_t = (\sum_{N=1}^{n} t_N / T) \times 100 \quad (\%)$$
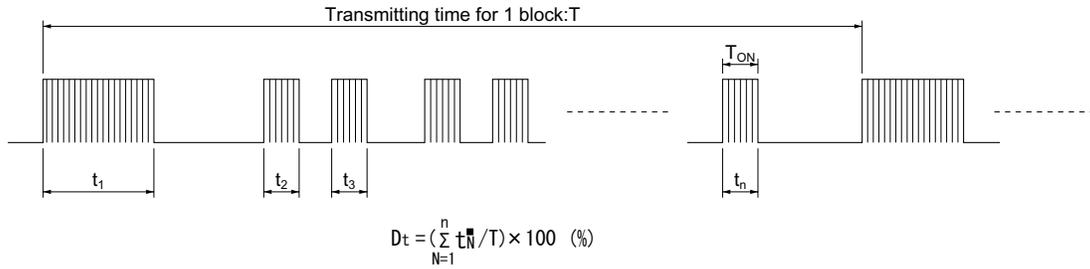
   In case the signal format of total duty and/or ON/OFF signal time dosen`t meet the conditions noted above, there is a case that reception distance much reduces or output dose not appear.

2. Use the light emitting unit (remote control transmitter), in consideration of performance, characteristics, operating conditions of light emitting device and the characteristics of the light detecting unit.

3. Pay attention to a malfunction of the light detecting unit when the surface is stained with dust and refuse.

   Care must be taken not to touch the light detector surface.

   If it should be dirty, wipe off such dust and refuse with soft cloth so as to prevent scratch. In case some solvents are required, use methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol only.

   Also, protect the light detecting unit against flux and others, since their deposition on the unit inside causes reduction of the function, fading of markings such as the part number.

4. The shield case should be grounded on PCB pattern.

   (The area across the shield case and the GND terminal is internally non-conductive.)

5. Do not apply unnecessary force to the terminal and the case.

6. Do not push the light detector surface (photodiode) from outside.

7. To avoid the electrostatic breakdown of IC, handle the unit under the condition of grounding with human body, soldering iron, etc.

8. Do not use hole and groove set in the case of the light detecting unit for other purposes, since they are required to maintain the specified performance.

9. External Circuit Examples (Mount the outer parts as near the unit as possible).
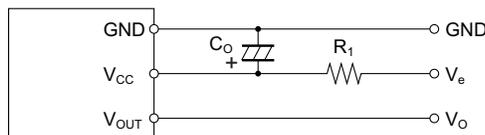
(Circuit parameters)
R_1=47 Ω ±5%
C_1=47 μ F

In setting R_1 and C_1, use suitable values after considering under the real condition

The circuit constant is a example. It is difference from mounting equipment. Please select it by your mounting equipment.

This device has a transistor as protection element between V_{CC} and GND to improve anti-static electricity proof.

Please be carefully not to apply exceeding the absolute maximum ratings of applying voltage and continuous high voltage spike noise because there is cases that transistor will be short by secondary breakdown generally. In order to do difficultly, Please add CR filter(47 Ω (1/10W), 10 μ F or more)such as external circuit example above near V_{CC}.

10. There is a possibility that noise on output may be caused by environmental condition (Disturbing light noise, Electromagnetic noise, Power supply line noise, etc.) even if there is no input transmission signal.

11. Please shall confirm operation or your actual machine. Because the output pulse width of this product is fluctuated by environmental conditions such as signal format, temperature, distance from transmitter, and so on.

12. In case that this product is kept in high humidity condition, it may be hard to solder, please be careful enough about storage method.

    Depend on the flux you select, there are different solderabilities, so please select a suitable flux and use it.

13. This product dose`t correspond to soldering by reflow.

14. Please use this device away from the dew drop.

    Be aware that the dew drop rusts shield case and others, may affect the electric characteristics.

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